# The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning Aug. 14, 1879.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.


## Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
*Hon. William T. Hamilton.*

FOR COMPTROLLER,
*Hon. Thomas J. Keating.*

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
*Hon. C. J. M. Gwinn.*

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,
*Hon. Spencer C. Jones.*

## COUNTY TICKET.

FOR THE STATE SENATE,
*William T. Hepbron.*

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES:
*William H. Ford,*
*Thomas A. Hulme.*

FOR CLERK OF CIRUIT COURT:
*Dr. Samuel Beck.*

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS:
*Joel C. Slaughter.*

FOR STATES ATTORNEY:
*Harrison W. Vickers.*

FOR SHERIFF:
*Eugene Gooding.*

ORPHAN'S COURT:
*Robert Nicholson,*
*Thomas J. Shallcross,*
*R. B. Willson.*

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
*1st Dist—Charles P. Loper.*
*2d " —Tilghman Shafer,*
*3d " —Wm. V. Lucas,*
*4th " —Thomas P. Dixon*
*5th " —T. Romie Strong.*

COUNTY SURVEYOR:
*H. H. Gresham.*

THE convention which met in Baltimore on Thursday of last week, was one of the most harmonious political gatherings of which we have read any account in a long time. There was not a jar nor a ruffle from beginning to end. The ticket put in nomination is one to which the Democratic voters of Maryland can give their heartiest support. Hon. Wm. T. Hamilton has long been a favorite with the people of Maryland, and his nomination will do much towards bringing out the full strength of the party. Chas. J. M. Gwinn is said to have been one of the most faithful Attorney Generals Maryland has ever had, and is well deserving to be kept in office. Hon. Thomas J. Keating has made a faithful and conscientious comptroller, and is a product that Queen Anne's county may well be proud of. Mr. Jones is said to be a self-made man, and to be in every way qualified for the position for which he is brought forward. The ticket as a whole is one that the people can well afford to be satisfied with and to commend by giving it their hearty support.

The platform adopted last Thursday which will be found in an account of the proceedings of the convention published elsewhere, is a sound basis for a sound party. That document when read, will better explain itself, than any commentary upon it can explain it.

THE REPUBLICANS of Kent held a County Convention, in this place, on Thursday, the 7th inst., and put forth the following ticket:

For the State Senate—Robert S. Griffith.

House of Delegates—J. Frank Wilson and C. A. Leary.

Clerk—Dr. W. M. A. S. Maxwell.

Register of Wills—Thos. DeC. Ruth.

Sheriff—John A. Miller.

Orphans' Court—Thomas A. Jacobs, John B. Parrott and James Young.

County Commissioners—E. Price, F. H. Harper, Isaac Parsons, Jno. Hadaway, Jos. Downey.

County Surveyor—C. C. Brown.

The vote, as we learn, for the principal offices, stood for Clerk 11 for Capt. Wm. D. Burchinal and 12 for Dr. Maxwell; for Register of Wills, 7 for Wm. H. Hamilton and 17 for T. DeC. Ruth; for Sheriff, there was a tie on the first ballot between H. M. Thomas and John A. Miller, and the latter got two majority on the second ballot. Col. Hanson was *not* endorsed by the convention, but his name has since been added, *by a committee.*

It is said that the above ticket does not, by any means, meet the hearty approval of the party at large. A prominent Republican, Capt. Wm. H. Hamilton, has already announced himself as an independent candidate for Register of Wills, and we learn that many others positively refuse to support any other than a straight Republican ticket.

THE INDEPENDENTS, numbering some eighteen, all the candidates included, held a County Convention (!) in Chestertown, last Tuesday. The meeting was held for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of adopting the ticket made by the Radical pie-bald Convention last Thursday. The proceedings, as we are informed, were not at all harmonious, and, after a morning and afternoon session, and a conference in the interval, by committee, with a committee of Republicans, they adjourned, without having arrived at any definite conclusion, to meet again next Tuesday.

SITTING BULL has returned to Canadian soil, and says he intends to remain under the Canadian government. Sitting Bull is a very unreliable sort of an individual, and it is necessary to keep a sharp look-out in the direction of his encampment, as he is liable to cross over the line some fine day looking up American scalps.

### THE MARYLAND DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

We condense from an extended report in the Baltimore *Sun* of Friday, the following report of the State Democratic Convention held in Baltimore on Thursday last:

The democratic gubernatorial convention of Maryland met at 11 o'clock in Masonic Temple. Seats in the front part of the hall were reserved for delegates, and the rest of the floor, as also the galleries, were well filled with spectators. The convention presented a very fine appearance, and there was about the members an air of quiet dignity which comported well with the important business which had brought them together. The whole proceedings were throughout marked by the utmost harmony, and even in the case of the contested delegation from Anne Arundel county the report of the committee on credentials, with their decision on the subject, was cheerfully received and acquiesced by all present. The speeches of the various nominees were listened to attentively, and it is doubtful if there was ever any political convention held in Baltimore the members of which seemed more to be in sympathy with each other, or more impressed with the responsibility which they owed to their constituents.

THE PLATFORM.

The following report was presented by the chairman on resolutions, and adopted as the platform of the party:

"1. Our acknowledgements are due to the Governor and other executive officers of this State for the firmness, ability and discretion with which they have discharged the duties of their respective offices.

"2. It will be the duty of the next General Assembly to lighten the burden of taxation in this State by abolishing all offices not necessary for the public service; by reducing all salaries and fees subject to its control to the limit of the compensation of persons engaged in similar employment in private life; by compelling the practice of economy in every detail of State, county and municipal expenditures, and by enforcing the observance of the constitutional rule that every person in the State, or person holding property therein, ought to contribute his proportion of public taxes for the support of the government, according to his actual worth in real or personal property.

"3 Public offices were not created for the benefit of individuals nor for the purpose of rewarding political services, but were intended solely for the public advantage. The perversion of their use to any other purpose is injurious to good morals and to good government.

"4. The General Assembly ought, at its next session, to make such further reforms in our civil and criminal codes as are needed for the more speedy and economical administration of justice, so that every man in this State may be enabled to obtain quick and sufficient remedy for any injury done him in his person or property, and that all offenses against the laws may be promptly and speedily prosecuted and punished, and public order be rightly maintained.

"5. The maintenance of free institutions in this State and the essential interests of its people require that all elections should be free and pure. The General Assembly ought at its next session to provide further security for fairness in such elections by providing for a correct and accurate registration of the names of all persons entitled to vote in this State, to be made by competent officers at certain fixed successive periods of time, and by directing the first of said new registrations to be made at the earliest practicable period.

"6. The obligations and credit of the United States and of the State of Maryland ought to be sacredly maintained. Neither the Federal nor the State debt ought to be increased, but provision ought to be made, as soon as practicable for funding the debt of each at a lower rate of interest and for the gradual payment of such debts. While they continue to exist every proper means of legislation should be adopted which may be necessary to give effect to these public obligations and to confirm confidence in their complete security.

"7. When the democratic conservative party regained power in the Congress of the United States it enforced an economical administration of public affairs, and made the resumption of specie payments a possible event. It will be its duty to maintain the advantage thus gained by firmly establishing the credit of the country upon the basis of coin exchangeable in all the markets of the world.

"8. The democratic conservative party of the country was deprived by fraud of all the fruits of victory in the presidential contest of 1876. The reprobation of history will fall upon those who committed this crime against a whole people. It is the duty of that people, acting in their respective States, to protect themselves and their posterity against the recurrence of the offense, by enacting laws which will afford no future opportunity for such fraudulent practices.

"9. The democratic conservative party of this State, faithful to the supremacy of the constitution of the United States, rests its construction of that instrument upon the express words of the tenth amendment, adopted in 1791. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution nor prohibited by it to the State are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

"10. The republican party in its conduct of national affairs has voilated this fundamental article. It has provided by law for Federal interference in State elections. It has assumed the right to confer upon Federal courts, supervisors, marshals and special deputy marshals the unconstitutional power of enforcing State laws. It has deliberately sanctioned the unconstitutional use of the troops of the United States at the polls in the several States.—These are measures of centralization which show a determined purpose to change the organic character of the government bequeathed to us by our fathers, and such measures ought to be resisted by every means within our power.

"11. We return our hearty thanks to the members of the democratic conservative party in Congress for their endeavors to secure impartial trials by jury in the federal courts by the abolition of test-oaths, and for the manly steadfastness with which they have resisted republican encroachments upon the limitations imposed by the constitution of the United States.

"12. The democratic conservative party of Maryland, having no other purpose to fulfill except to secure the good government of this State and to aid in the reform of the administration of federal affairs, expects all citizens of this State who share its opinions to unite cordially in the attainment of these great objects. We therefore ask for the candidates of that party an undivided support of all its members. And we commend them to the approval of all other good citizens of the State."

The report was adopted, and Mr. L. Victor Baughman moved that the convention proceed to the nomination for Governor. The motion was carried.

After the adoption of the platform, Hon. John Ritchie in a pithy address, nominated Hon. Wm. T. Hamilton for Governor of Maryland.—Hon. James U. Dennis of Somerset county seconded the nomination, and Hon. Wm. T. Hamilton was nominated by acclamation amidst loud applause. Mr. L. Victor Baughman then nominated Chas. J. M. Gwinn for Attorney General, the nomination was seconded by J. B. Seth of Talbot, and Mr. Gwinn was nominated by acclamation. Mr. E. B. Prettyman of Montgomery county, in behalf of his section of the country, placed in nomination for comptroller of the treasury a son of the Eastern Shore, a section of the State which had produced many great men. The office is second to none in importance, and the qualities of the incumbent must be of the highest grade, as the question of finance lies to-day at the root of all public matters. The gentleman he referred to had always shown himself to be possessed of these requirements, and he therefore nominated Thos. J. Keating, of Queen Anne's county.

Dr. W. H. Gale, of Somerset co., moved that the nomination be by acclamation, which was done, and Mr. Keating was declared the nominee.

For the clerk of the court of appeals, two candidates were put in nomination, Spencer C. Jones, of Montgomery county, and J. S. Franklin, of Annapolis. The result of the balloting showed 94 for Jones 16 for Franklin. On motion the nomination of Mr. Spencer C. Jones was made unanimous. After the nominations were closed, the delegations from the counties and from Baltimore city were called upon to make their appointment of the members of the State Central Committee for 1879–80. The following are the members of the State Central Committee for Kent county: Marion deK. Smith, Chestertown, David Jones, Rock Hall, and John F. Beeks, Still Pond. A committee of five was appointed who should notify the nominees of the result of the convention, and request their presence in the Hall. When the committee returned with the nominees, there was loud cheering. Hon. Wm. T. Hamilton was introduced amidst continued applause, and delivered an able and eloquent speech. He was followed by Mr. Gwinn, Mr. Keating and Mr. Jones who made short and pertinent speeches, thanking the convention for the honor conferred upon them.

After a vote of thanks to the officers the convention adjourned *sine die.*

## Peninsula News.

Elkton is about to abate the pig pen nuisance.

The Groome Guards have in contemplation an excursion to Tolchester Beach.

Salisbery had apples and peaches roasted on the trees at the fire at that place a few days ago.

Milford boasts of a man who challenges any one to put more bottoms on fruit cans in a given time than he can.

An envious colored woman, of Milford, recently ruined the new silk dress of another female by throwing on it a quantity of sulphuric acid.

It is rumored that a distinguished member of the Elkton bar (name not given) is about to abandon his profession and take up the study of theology.

James Barber, a well-known farmer of Elk Neck, was recently committed to Elkton jail on a charge of assaulting with intent to kill his wife and son.

The pamphlet laws of the last Delaware Legislature, long and so earnestly looked for, are at last out and in the hands of the prothonotaries of the several counties.

The Salisbury *Times* says: A report from Ocean City has it that a Russian nobleman, now sojourning there, has given Dr. Pitts a draft for $30,000 for the erection of a new hotel.

A shark weighing four hundred pounds was landed on the shores of the Bratton farm in Elk Neck, Cecil county, one day last week by some of the employees on the place, who were hauling a seine.

Crab canning, Oxford's new industry, gives employment to one hundred and seventy persons, and requires a weekly outlay of $425.—From twelve to fifteen thousand crabs are used up daily, or a little over a half a million a month.

A Wicomico farmer commenced the year with 30 sheep. He has sold lambs and sheep from his flock for the sum of $102; has sold wool for $43 18—making $145 18—and has 30 sheep and lambs left. The cost of keeping has not exceeded $25.

The lightning on Monday last run down the chimney of the house of Thomas Case, near Felton, Del., and completely demolished the mantlepiece, and cutting a hole in the ceiling. Mr. Case and his family were in another room in the house, but did not feel any ill effects from the lightning.

DROWNED AT OCEAN CITY,—George Mason, 12 years old, son of Professor Mason, from Washington, was drowned in the Synapuxent, at Ocean City, while bathing, about 4 o'clock Tuesday. Several unsuccessful attempts have been made to recover the body. The father of the unfortunate boy is very much distressed.

## NEWS IN GENERAL.

Cardinal Manning has lately lost his favorite nephew, Monsignor Manning.

The treasurer of a Boston lodge of Knights of Honor has embezzled its charity fund.

An ounce of peach kernals contains a grain of prussic acid, which is a fatal quantity. Ammonia is the best antidote.

A Russian physician, struck by the commonness of near sight among literary men, proposes to print books with white ink on black paper as a remedy.

The Count de Sampigny shot his wife, at Brussels, because she had deserted him and gone to live with her coachman. She begged, before dying, that her husband might not be punished.

The Kursasl Club's baccarat table at Ostend, Belgium, has been seized; and the club's President, who is a burgomaster and member of the Chamber of Representatives, is to be prosecuted for maintaining a gambling house.

Lightning is eccentric in Georgia. The Forsyth Advertiser says that a large tree was felled to the ground, and "a young man, riding by on a mule, received such a heavy shock as to jar the beast from under him.

The French army exists only on paper; that is to say, the number of men actually under the flag has been reduced to the lowest possible figure, and companies which in time of war were 250 strong only mustered fifteen files at a recent review.

The Krupp foundry at Essen, that arsenal of nations, is busy on a Danish order for a number of 55-centimetre guns for coast gunboats, and a Swedish order for a battery of field guns. Some cannon have lately been sent to Bolivia, and a mountain gun as a gift to the new Khedive.

A British army captain and two lieutenants have been fined $60 each for breaking into the bed-room of two other officers and sprinkling pepper on the carpets in order to make them sneeze funnily when they returned. The complainant was the landlady, whose furniture had been damaged.

The Kremlin at Moscow was set on fire in broad daylight on July 19, a wooden staircase having been saturated with petroleum. Red flags were displayed on the church towers the tocsin was sounded, and the whole population hurried to the place, but the palace was only saved by great exertions.

After a year of delay, a German court martial has sentenced Admiral Batsch to imprisonment in a fortress for six months, and Lieut. Capt. Klauser for one month. They were the responsible officers of the war steamer Koeing Wilhelm, which sunk the Grosser Kurfurst, and thereby drowned 300 sailors.

A suicidal passenger leaped from a British Channel steamer, and the mate instantly plunged after him. The crew laboriously cut away the canvas covering of the lifeboat only to find the craft half full of water, and when partly lowered she broke in two, dropping out the occupants, one of whom was drowned. The passenger had in the mean time succeeded in his suicide.

A man climbed a tree to a height of seventy feet at Offham, England, and drew a crowd of spectators, among whom was his wife and daughter, by singing hymns. Then he took a rope from his pocket and said, "Good by; I have made a nice noose, and now I am going to tie the knot. Marwood says that a drop of six feet is necessary, but I am only going to give myself three. I have tied the knot and I am going to jump." Then he hanged himself.

The daughter of the Treasurer of Greenfield County, Ohio, stole $800 of public money, and her father was likely to soon discover the crime.—Seeing two strangers in the village, she threw the account books on the floor in the office, tore up some papers, scratched her face and screamed. To those who responded to the alarm she said that two men had overpowered her and taken the money. The strangers were arrested, and she pretended to identify them as the robbers; but her story did not bear close scrutiny, and at last she confessed.

The Sisters of Sarah, a negro religious society at Amherst, Va., engaged the Rev. Mr. Hall to preach the funeral sermon of a deceased member, and the relatives of the dead chose the Rev. Mr. Pratt for the same service. The two clergymen met angrily in the church, and each insisted upon preaching. A compromise, on the basis of having two sermons, fell through, because the question of precedence could not be settled. A fierce fight ensued between the factions, and the relatives finally drove the Sisters of Sarah out of the church.

Here is an incident of railroad travel in Hungary. A mail train came to a sudden stop in a tract of open country. The passengers thrust their heads out at the windows to see what had happened. A pig had leaped from a van and was skurrying away. The train employees joined in a pursuit, and the fugitive was hotly chased for twenty minutes. Then all returned to the waiting train except the official who had charge of the baggage vouchers, and the delay was prolonged, but in vain, for him to come back. At the end of the journey the passengers could not get their trunks until next day, when the voucher man arrived.

AMERICAN PRODUCTS ABROAD.—The cry is no longer that the people of the United States are ruined by "the pauper labor of Europe."—On the contrary the danger now seems to be that the pauper labor of Europe will be starved by cheap production in the United States. In Ireland it is said that American competition "from the cradle to the grave" is fluttering the markets in all directions. Irish products no longer hold their own on Irish soil. American beef competes all over Great Britain with the fat cattle raised by the graziers of Meath and the other grass districts of green Erin. The Irish tillage farmer is beaten on his own ground just as the grass farmer is beaten. American oysters in prime condition are sold in Dublin at one shilling a dozen or eight shillings a hundred, while "natives" cannot be had for less than two shillings a dozen. American preserved meats, game, fish, &c., crowd the market and drive indigenous articles of the same sort out by being sold cheaper. American slate wares have entered into an active competition with the products of the Welsh and Irish slate quarries. American cradles for Irish babies and American coffins for Irish corpses drive Irish cabinet-makers to despair. There is an American coffin company in Dublin, which threatens to quite monopolize the market. The same competition as this from which Great Britain and Ireland are suffering has invaded Germany also, where the shops are reported to be filled with wares of all sorts manufactured in this county. The French and Swiss watch-making interest is almost on its last legs in consequence of the active competition forced upon it in every market in the world by our factory-made watches, and so, wherever the curious eye searches, it will find American inventions and productions entering or preparing to enter into competition with the peculiar productions of each country on its own soil.—*Balt. Sun.*


Babies are too highly prized to permit them to suffer with Colic, Flatulence, etc., when Dr. *Bull's Baby* Syrup will at once relieve them.—Price 25 cents.


### Baltimore Grain Market.

*From the Sun of Tuesday.*

*Wheat.*—The market for southern Wheat was fairly active. All the offerings were taken the sales ranging from 1 07a$1 10 for good to choice long-berry; 1 04a$1 06 for Fultz, and 90 cents a$1 for inferior to common red. No. 1 Maryland red sold at $1 08½.

*Corn.*—A small lot of southern white corn sold at 55 cents.

*Oats.*—Oats are dull and heavy; sales of 300 bushels new southern at 35 cts.

*Rye* is quiet, with small supply; sales 300 bushels inferior to good southern at 57a59 cts. per bushel.

## DEATHS.

FLETCHER.—On the 29th of July, of scarlet fever, JOHN FRANKLIN, youngest son of Susan and William J. Fletcher—in the 6th year of his age.

DICKINSON.—In Broad Neck, July 12th, of whooping cough, LUELMA, youngest daughter of Annie E. Dickinson—aged 4 years and 8 months.


*New Advertisements.*

MONEY. $700 to Loan.
Apply to THE EDITOR.
August 14, 1879—3t.

CHEAP STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS, Cap and Note Papers, Fancy Paper and Envelopes—at
Sparks'.

COAL.
THIS is our price for coal this month, delivered at the purchaser's house: 2240 lbs. to the ton—

| | |
|---|---|
| White Ash Egg | $4.20 |
| " " Stove | 4 45 |
| " " Nut | 4.20 |
| By measurement at the wharf: | |
| White Ash Egg | $3.75 |
| " " Stove | 4.00 |
| " " Nut | 3.75 |

J. T. TWILLEY.
Aug. 14, 1879—tf. [N]

"Where Can I find the Best Cigars and Tobacco in Town?"
"Why at SPARKS', to be sure, opposite the Court House."

IF You want Pure, Fresh *CONFECTIONERY*, you can always find it at
SPARKS'.


## Constable's Sale.

BY Virtue of a Venditioni Exponas, issued by J. Evan Thomas, Esq., a Justice of the Peace, against the lands and tenements of Alexander Wheeler, at the suit of Lewis Zinker, I will expose to Public Sale, on

*Tuesday, September 9th,* 1879,
at 1 o'clock P. M.,

**All that lot of Land**

lying near Betterton, in Kent county, occupied by Alexander Wheeler, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Wheeler and Ebenezer Crew, containing

**Two Acres, more or less.**

Sale to take place before the Court House door in Chestertown.

GEORGE W. JACOBY, Constable.
aug. 14, 1879. [$4.00]


SODA, Cream and Mushroom Crackers, always fresh—at SPARKS'.

Time is Money,
SO buy yourself a good CLOCK, cheap, and warranted for one year—at
Sparks'.

For Rent.
A pretty Frame HOUSE, nearly new, with a large porch in front, and containing six good sized bed-rooms and a cellar; within a quarter of a mile of Lambson's station, and 1½ miles from Galena, on the road from Chesterville to Galena. Possession given at once. House dry and in good order. Terms extremely easy. For further information address, with recommendations, REV. FATHER BRADFORD,
Aug. 7—3t. Chestertown, Md.

Do Not Strain Your Eyes any Longer,
When for 25 cents you can buy a pair of Glasses—at SPARKS'.

TOILET SOAPS, Combs and Brushes; Silver Thimbles—at SPARKS'.

GRAND TOURNAMENT
During the Delaware State Fair, at
FAIRVIEW PARK,
Dover, Delaware,
Sept. 24th, 1879.
Premiums $200. No Entry Fee.
Open to all Gentlemen riders. Grand Tourney Ball—music by Hassler. For full particulars address RICHARD HARRINGTON,
Aug. 7—3w. Sec'y. Dover, Del.

If I Wanted a Nice LAMP, or anything fine in the Glassware Line, I would go to SPARKS'.

Chester River Steamboat Company.
On and after Monday, Aug. 4th, the steamer
B. S. FORD
Will make daily excusions to Baltimore, (Sundays excepted.)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaving Chestertown | 7 o'clock, | A. M. |
| " Rolph's | 7½ | " |
| " Booker's | 7¾ | " |
| " Quaker Neck | 7¾ | " |
| " Queenstown | 8 | " |
| " Kent Island | 9¼ | " |

Returning—Leave Baltimore at 2½ o'clock, P. M, for the above named Landings.
EXCURSION TICKETS, (good for one day) $1.50.
GEO. WARFIELD,
Aug. 7, 1879. President.

CHOW-CHOW, Pickles, Extracts, &c., &c., a little lower than you can buy elsewhere—at SPARKS'.

BE sure and go to SPARKS'—he has what you want. Opposite Court House.

BLANK BOOKS,
DAY BOOKS, Ledgers, Journals, Pass Books, Memorandums and Composition Books, exceedingly low—at C. F. STAM'S.

I Buy my FLAVORING EXTRACTS, Gelatine, Chocolate, Cocoa and Corn Starch from C. F. STAM, because he sells them cheaper than any one else. July 31, 1879.

GUM SHOES, for Ladies, Misses and Gents. Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! at J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.


## REGISTRATION NOTICE.

### To the VOTERS of KENT COUNTY

THE UNDERSIGNED, REGISTERS OF VOTERS for Kent County, hereby give notice, that for the purpose of discharging the duties devolving upon them as such under the Act of the General Assembly passed January Session 1876, chapter 249, they will sit for the CORRECTION of the lists of REGISTERED VOTERS, on

**Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,**

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th days of September, from 9 o'clock A. M., to 6 P. M., *AT THE FOLLOWING NAMED PLACES:*

FOR THE FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT:
AT GALENA.

FOR THE SECOND ELECTION DIST:
AT KENNEDYVILLE.

FOR THE THIRT ELECTION DIST:
AT A. L. VANNORT'S STORE, AT HANESVILLE.

FOR THE FOURTH ELECTION DIST:
AT E. T. WILLIS' JEWELRY STORE IN CHESTERTOWN.

FOR THE FIFTH ELECTION DIST:
AT B. B. ADKINSON'S STORE AT EDESVILLE.

The attention of those interested is called to the following provisions of the Act of 1876:

The fifth section provides that the officers of Registration shall, before striking from said list of qualified voters and from said books of registration the name of any registered person, diligently inquire and accurately ascertain that said registered person does not possess, or before the election next ensuing will not possess, the requisite qualifications to entitle him to be registered as a qualified voter in such precinct or election district, or that such person is disqualified under the provisions of the second and third Sections of the first Article of the Constitution; and if it shall appear that said registered person does not possess or will not possess said qualifications, and that he is so disqualified, then said officer shall strike the name of such person from said list of qualified voters and said books of registration, but if it shall appear otherwise then such officer shall not strike the name of such person from said list of qualified voters; and before registering as a qualified voter any person who has applied to said Officers of Registration to be registered as a qualified voter, said officer shall diligently inquire and accurately ascertain that such person possesses or will possess before the election next ensuing the requisite qualifications to entitle him to be registered as a qualified voter, and that he is not disqualified under the provisions of the second and third sections of the first Article of the Constitution; and if it shall appear that said person so applying possesses or will possess before said day of election said qualifications, and is not so disqualified, then said officers of registration shall register the name of such person as a qualified voter; but they shall not register the name of any person who does not or will not possess said qualifications or is so disqualified; and when any person applying, as aforesaid, for registration, shall have been previously registered within this State, the officer of registration to whom such application is made, before registering such person shall demand and receive from him a certificate of his previous legal registration, and such certificate of previous registration shall be cancelled by the officer who shall register such person anew.

The thirteenth section provides that no person shall be entitled to be or remain registered in any precinct or election district, unless he shall have been a resident of the State for one year, and of the city of Baltimore, or the county in which registration is claimed, for six months next preceding the next election, at which such registration would be evidence of the right of the person so registered to vote; and in case any county or city shall be so divided as to form portions of different electoral districts for the elections of representatives in Congress, delegates or other officers, then to entitle a person to be or remain registered in any particular section or part of such county or city, he must have been a resident of that part or section of the electoral district in which he claims to be or is registered for six months next preceding the next election, at which such registration would be evidence of the right of the person so registered to vote; and the residence necessary to entitle any person to be or remain so registered, shall be an actual bona fide residence within the precinct or district within which such person many claim to reside and to be registered, and such actual bona fide residence shall be established upon the oath or affirmation of competent evidence to the satisfaction of the register to whom the application is made, and to the satisfaction of the judge or judges to whom any appeal is made under the provisions of this Act; and the neglect or refusal of any person deeming himself aggrieved by the refusal of any officer of registration to register his name, or by the striking off of his name from the list of qualified voters, to appeal by petition from such action, as provided for in this act, shall be deemed and taken to be conclusive evidence that the said person was rightfully refused registration, or that the name of such person was rightfully stricken from the list of qualified voters of such precinct or election district.

The law further provides, that whilst discharging the duties imposed by the several sections of this act, said officers of registration shall have and exercise the powers of a Justice of the Peace for the preservation of order around the place of registration, and may compel the presence of witnesses for the purpose of obtaining any information necessary to an intelligent discharge of the duties of their office; they shall have power to issue summonses, attachments and commitments, to any constable or sheriff, who shall serve such process as if issued by a Judge of a Court or a Justice of the Peace.

☞ *Voters desiring to be transferred* from one district to another, or from one county to another, can only be transferred on certificate from the officer of registration where last registered.

JAMES P. MASON,
Register of Voters for First Dist.
L. A. PENNINGTON,
Register of Voters for Second Dist.
THOS. H. KENNARD,
Register of Voters for Third Dist.
EDW. T. WILLIS,
Register of Voters for Fourth Dist.
SAM'L G. FISHER,
Register of Voters for Fifth Dist.
Aug. 14, 1879—td.


Fertilizers.
FALL 1879
T. W. Eliason, Jr.

*Holloway's Excelsior;*
" *Ammo. Super Phosphate;*
*J. Horner Jr. & Co's. Concentrated Super Phosphate;*
*Horner's Ammoniated Super Phos.*
*J. Ober & Sons Acid Phosphate;*
*Wm. Whitelock & Co's. Vegetator;*
*J. Horner, Jr. & Co's. Dissolved Bones,* The highest grade on the Market;
*T. W. Eliason, Jr's. No. 1 Ammo Super Phosphate;*
*T. W. Eliason, Jr's. No. 3 Ammo. Super Phosphate;*
*Peruvian Guano;*
*Sulphate of Ammonia;*
*Nitrate of Soda;*
*Sulphate of Potash;*
*Plaster, at low rates.*

☞ Special advertisements in subsequent issue of paper.

In calling the attention of our customers and farmers generally to the above Fertilizers, I take pleasure in being able to say that all of the above Fertilizers, save my own No. 3, are goods of first-class reputation, and fully equal if not superior to other goods on the market, of their respective kinds.

My own No. 3 Ammo. Super Phosphate is not an experiment, but was put last fall into the hands of a few first-class observing farmers, and gave the most flattering results.

Call and see me before buying your Fertilizers. I may save you money.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
August 7, 1879.

DELAWARE
State Fair
Is Open to the World.
Exhibits especially invited from all sections of this Peninsula.
This will be the Largest and Finest Exposition
O f Agricultural and Mechanical Products
and displays of
LIVE STOCK,
ever held on the Peninsula.
A Grand Ladies' Department, and DIVISION of CEREALS.
NEW BUILDINGS and ample space.
NO ENTRY FEE.
PREMIUMS $8,000.
Now is the time
TO PREPARE YOUR EXHIBITS.
Fair to be held
Last Week of September.
☞ Entries may be made after September 1st by letter. For Catalogues, particulars, &c., apply to
RICHARD HARRINGTON, SECRETARY,
August 7—5t. Dover, Del.

Tin Fruit Cans,
OUR MAKE.
Quart Tin Fruit Cans
OUR MAKE.
Only 50 cents a dozen.
CAN SEALING WAX, only 5 cts, a pound.
Porcelain Preserving Kettles,
38 cents to one dollar.
APPLE PARERS, &c.
August 7. J. K. ALDRIDGE.


## Examiners' Notice.

THE subscribers, appointed by the Honorable Board of County Commissioners for Kent County, Examiners to view the locality for the purpose of examining and determining whether the public convenience requies that

**A PUBLIC ROAD**

From Rock Hall Cross Roads to Rock Hall Creek shall be opened and a Landing condemned at the terminus of said road, on said Creek;

Hereby give notice that they will meet, on

*Saturday, September 7th,* 1879,

at 10 o'clock A. M., at the first named place, to execute the object of their commission.

RICHARD W. JONES,
BENJ. R. DURDING,
THOMAS ASHLEY,
aug. 7—tdm [N] Examiners.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY Virtue of one writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, at the suit of George Vickers, administrator of John K. Willis, against the goods, chattles, lands and tenements of John Munson, and to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim of the said John Munson of, in and to the

**Dwelling House**

and the land thereto attached and belonging, situated on the back road leading from Chestertown to Washington College, adjoining the property of William Vannort, and being the same property purchased by the late John K. Willis from S. L. Rawleigh, George Brown and Amanda rown: and I hereby give notice, that on

*Tuesday, the 2d day of September,*

1879, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House door in Chestertown, I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, for CASH, the above described property, to pay and satisfy the said writ, debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

CHAS. H. DAVIS,
August 7, 1879—tds. SHERIFF.


"Hallo Tom! where did you go that Fine Cigar, it has the genuine Havanna odor?"
"Why, at STAM'S DRUG STORE. I have been smoking them a long time. I cannot get a cigar any where in Chestertown equal to it, and they are only 5 cents. I think Stam calls them Oleander or Orlando." July 31

NEW DRUG
AND
Chemical Store
AT
Bordley's Corner.
M. A. TOULSON
HAS just fitted up the store-room formerly occupied by Mr. John Bordley, and has opened a
First-Class Drug & Apothecary Store.
Being a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and having had an experience of nine years in the business, he confidently assures those who patronize him that all prescriptions will be most carefully manipulated and correctly compounded. He has taken great care in the selection of his drugs and medicines to get none but the purest and best.
Prescriptions a Specialty.
A full line of the most popul r Patent Medicines.
*The Attention of the Ladies*
is called to a complete line of
TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES,
embracing
LILY WHITE, HUNT'S POWDER, LUIN'S POWDER, &c., &c.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, and no pains will spared to give satisfaction in every respect.
M. A. TOULSON.
Chestertown, July 3, 1879—y.

Go to C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE
FOR your pure Spices; Ginger, Green and Ground; Cinnamon, Cloves, Allspice, Nutmegs, Mustard Seed, Celery Seed, Turmeric, and every thing necessary for the Pickling and Preserving season—and you will get the purest articles at the lowest price. July 31.

DO YOU KNOW
You can buy fine Stationery very cheap
*AT STAM'S DRUG STORE?*
Writing Paper at 6 cents per quire, Envelopes at 5 cents per package, and beautiful Boxes o Paper from 10 cents up! July 31

MONEY TO LOAN.
Apply to
C. H. BAKER, Att'y.,
July 24, 1879. Chestertown, Md.

Louis K. Stam,
DEALER IN
Furniture,
WALL PAPER,
Oil and Paper Window Curtains
AND FIXTURES.
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
Putty, Varnishes,
KALSOMINE, &c. &c.
*Cottage Furniture, Extension Tables, Lounges, Mattrasses, Sideboards, Kitchen Safes, Cradles, Cribs, Chairs, &c. &c.,*
Which have been purchased direct from the manufacturers. For sale *as cheap as they can be bought in the city.*
WINDOW CURTAINS
MADE TO ORDER,
Very cheap, and in the best manner.
GLASS
OF ALL SIZES, CUT TO FIT ANY SASH.
NEW JERSEY
ENAMEL PAINT,
AND
JOHNSON'S DRY SIZED KALCOMINE.
J. W. MASURY & SON'S
Coach, Car and Cottage Colors.
*John Lucas & Co's & Jas. Bradford's*
LIQUID PAINT,
By the Pint or Gallon. Agent for Cowgill's Walnut Stain, Furniture Varnish and Leather Oil
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK AND PRICES.
Remember the place—
L. K. Stam,
Nearly opposite the Bank and adjoining C. F. Stam's Store.
Chestertown, June 26, 1879—y

THOMPSON,
The Butcher,
At his old stand, High street, opposite the Voshell House, keeps always on hand, a good lot of Fresh Meats, such as Beef, Veal, Lamb, &c., which he is still selling at the low price of 10 cts. per pound. He slaughters only first-class stock and his meat is carefully handled. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
Chestertown, July 24, 1879—tf.

C. F. Stam,
DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,
COMPOUNDS Physicians' Prescriptions with accuracy and despatch, from the purest Foreign and Domestic Drugs, and according to the improved methods of Pharmacy. Night ell promptly answered.
July 31, 1879. C. F. STAM.

EMORY'S
Bone and Potash.
HAVING given the above Fertilizer a fair test with several high grades during the last two seasons, and believing it to be the best in results, I have concluded to offer it to my fellow-farmers for their Wheat seeding this Fall.
Price, delivered at landings, $35 per ton, cash; $32 with interest, on approved notes at 11 months, dating from October 1.
W. S. WALKER.
July 24, 1879—3m.

If you want CHOICE PERFUMES,
Nice Colognes, Hair Oils, Hair Dyes, Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, and Dentrifices, go to the Corner Drug Store, kept by
C. F. STAM,
Where you will get the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices. July 31, 1879.


## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JOHN S. HURLOCK,
late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 24th day of January, 1880; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 22nd day of July, 1879.

J. J. HURLOCK,
July 24, 1879—4t. *Administrator.*

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