# The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning Aug. 28, 1879.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.


## Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
*William T. Hamilton.*

FOR COMPTROLLER,
*Thomas J. Keating.*

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
*C. J. M. Gwinn.*

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,
*Spencer C. Jones.*

## COUNTY TICKET.

FOR THE STATE SENATE,
*William T. Hepbron.*

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES:
*William H. Ford,*
*Thomas A. Hulme.*

FOR CLERK OF CIRUIT COURT:
*Dr. Samuel Beck.*

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS:
*Joel C. Slaughter.*

FOR STATES ATTORNEY:
*Harrison W. Vickers.*

FOR SHERIFF:
*Eugene Gooding.*

ORPHAN'S COURT.
*Robert Nicholson,*
*Thomas J. Shallcross,*
*R. B. Willson.*

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
*1st Dist—Charles P. Loper.*
*2d " —Tilghman Shafer,*
*3d " —Wm. V. Lucas,*
*4th " —Thomas P. Dixon*
*5th " —T. Romie Strong.*

COUNTY SURVEYOR:
*H. H. Gresham.*

THE shooting of I. S. Kalloch, the Kearneyite candidate for Mayor of San Francisco, by Charles DeYoung, editor of the *Chronicle* was, to say the least, a cowardly piece of business No matter how much of a fraud Kalloch may be, nor how dirty and besmirched may be his character, it does not justify a newspaper in hunting up the buried details of his past history, and then shooting him when he retaliates in like manner. It does not justify the matter even though the *Chronicle* may have told the truth, and Kalloch may have told lies. It tends rather to create the suspicion that Kalloch told the truth, because it is the truth that always cents the most keenly. There is one thing, however, that this shooting may possibly accomplish, and that is to give additional strength to the Kearney movement, to elect Kalloch Mayor, and to bring the Kearneyites into power. Then, according to Dennis Kearney, the Chinese must go, and De Young must hang. The election comes off on the third of September next.

THE Baltimore city Republican Executive Committee, determined at a meeting held Thursday last to nominate a straight out Republican ticket. During the session of the committee, such expressions as "no more side shows," "no more coalitions," &c., were frequent.

STILL the fever holds away in Memphis, and not till the frost brings its life giving influence, may it be hoped that the fever will cease.

There is much reason to be thankful that the fever has not spread to other cities of the South as was one time feared.

THE truth of the matter as to whether Senator Conkling was or was not unduly intimate with Mrs. Sprague, will probably never be fully brought out, unless in an action for divorce: but to draw the matter as mildly as possible, it is safe to say that the lofty Roscoe is in a decidedly bad muddle. In case he has not tossed overboard all of his presidential aspirations, there is an uncertainty about his morals, that might be brought out rather unpleasantly in the stump speeches of his opponents. Conkling's chances for the Republican nomination however, were but slight before he went to Canonchet. Now his prospects in that direction are about as bright as those of the German Professor.

THE police authorities of Baltimore city are continuing their efforts towards enforcing the Sunday laws. On Sunday last the "Arrow Smith" was preparing to make an excursion to Tivoli, when the engineer and other employees were arrested for violation of the Sabbath. The *Gazette* got off its Monday issue after twelve o'clock Sunday night and comes out in an editorial insisting that the Sunday law shall be enforced upon newspapers.

The American people are preeminently a Sabbath observing people, but in these modern days the French and German custom of making the Sabbath a day of pleasure is growing. It is perhaps as near impossible to compel a strict observance of the Sabbath, by law, as it is to compel people to be pius by legal means. But the line should be drawn somewhere. If the law cannot prevent people individually from disrespecting the Sabbath, it should yet compel corporations and business concerns to refrain from treating it as other days in the week, and using it for money getting purposes.

THE full ticket, (part of which we gave last week) nominated by the Queen Anne's Democratic convention, Tuesday last, is as follows:

State Senator—Wm. T. P. Turpin.

House of Delegates—James R. Sudler, William Henry Legg.

Sheriff—W. J. Gillespie.

State's Attorney—Edwin H. Brown.

Orphans' Court—Dr. W. Fineley, S. T. Earle, Dr. W. H. DeCourcey.

County Commissioners—W. Kent Sparks, R. B. Carmichael, Jr., John L. Spry.

Surveyor—Benj. S. Elliott.

**This is considered the strongest ticket that has been placed before the Queen Anne's people for a long time.**

TALBOT COUNTY POLITICS.—The Democrats, on Tuesday of last week, nominated the following ticket: For Clerk of Circuit Court—J. Frank Turner; for Register of Wills—Edward H. Roe; for State's Attorney—J. F. Bateman; for Delegates to the Legislature—James M. Lowe, J. Marion Wootters; for Sheriff—William Reddie; for Judges of the Orphans' Court—O. Hammond, M. T. Goldsborough, Charles H. Rose; for County Commissioners—John C. Adams, James H. Willis, Francis A. Wrightson; for Surveyor—Jas. M. Leonard.

The Republicans have made the following nominations for Talbot county: House of Delegates—James H. McNeal, and Charles H. Mansfield; for Clerk—J. Clayland Mullikin; for Register of Wills—Charles R. Mullikin; for Judges of the Orphans' Court—I. Davis Clark, John C. Bartlett, Samuel Stewart; for Commissioners—William Mason, Wm. S. Grace and Henry B Leaverton; for State's Attorney—Charles E. Shanahan; for Surveyor—James Mitchell; for Sheriff—N. C. Fitzjarrell, who has since declined.

SOMERSET REPUBLICAN TICKET.—The Somerset county republican convention which met Aug. 19 nominated the following ticket: Register of Wills, Col. Hufby; Senator, James T. Daniel; House of Delegates, James J. Sterling, Wm. Coulburn of I., and Joseph Reading; County Commissioners, George Long, John H. Mariner and Samuel Street; Judges of the Orphans' Court, B. Foxwell, Isaac S. Lankford and H. P. White; Sheriff, Robert H. Dryden; State's Attorney, H. Fillmore Lankford; Surveyor, W. R. Atkinson.

## Peninsula News.

There were fifty tramps in Dover jail on Saturday last.

Wilmington just now is having a bad attack of sheriffs' ail.

Several Dover lawyers are about to emigrate to "pastures new."

Capt. Smith, a well-known farmer of Cecil county, died on Thursday, of cancer.

Two stalks of corn growing in the garden at Mr. C. W. Maxwell's store bear six and nine ears respectively.

The mosquitoes killed several head of cattle on the marsh at Lewes recently. Harbeson Hickman lost eight head.

Since the visit of the Fifth Regiment to Ocean City, the young men of Salisbury are agitating the subject of organizing a military company.

The 'Greenfield and Lusby Farm,' in the first district of Cecil county, 288 acres, has been sold to Mrs. F. R. Pascault, of Talbot county, for $58 per acre.

B. M. Keene has sold his farm in Talbot county, containing 400 acres, to L. J. Spicer, of Golden Hill, and Thos. J. Dail, of Baltimore, for the sum of $5,000.

The Cambridge News denies the statement which first appeared in the Salisbury Advertiser that a boy had been killed in Dorchester county by mosquitoes.

The examiners of schools for Queen Anne's county was engaged on Thursday and Friday in examination of applicants for teachers certificates. There were twenty-five applicants, all being new except one.

We have heard of a family of six persons in this town that ate forty-two large peach dumplings at one meal recently. A half-gallon of milk and cream and several pounds of sugar, perhaps, were consumed in giving taste to the dumplings.—*Cecil Democrat.*

## NEWS IN GENERAL.

Exeter Hall, London, so long associated with May anniversaries, gatherings of dissenters and philanthropists, is to be converted into a theatre.

A street car at New Albany, Ind., was stopped by highwaymen, and the conductor and one passenger were robbed of their money and watches.

George Hoag gave a decision, as umpire of a Chicago game of base ball, that displeased one side's captain, who struck him a fatal blow with a bat.

Mrs. Kempt, of Bridgton, Mich., named her boy Christ, not meaning to be sacrilegious. He grew up to be a bad man, and is now in prison for stealing.

A bashful South Bend girl refused to jump from the window of a burning building in her night dress, went back to her room to put on clothes, and was burned to death.

Eben Waterbury, aged 72, fell in love with a young woman at Ellsworth, Ill., and gained her consent to marry; but his stern son interposed, and the old man committed suicide.

Lawyer Dembtiz of St. Louis is invariably polite. A long and terrific roll of thunder stopped him in an address to a jury, and on resuming he said: "Gentlemen, pray excuse this interruption."

Nilsson writes to the London *Figaro* that American friends have urged her to appear again in this country, and that she intends to do so, but is engaged elsewhere for all of the present season. She holds this city, she says, "in grateful remembrance."

Lizzie Rompf, of Louisville, married Joseph Drago when she was only 15 years old, and within three months obtained a divorce. At 16 she was united to him again by a second ceremony, and this time six months elapsed before a separation. She is now nearly 17, and Drago is wooing her anew.

Miss Perkins, of Ebondale, Iowa, used her artistic skill in drawing caricatures of gawky Mr. Filer, who had offended her at a ball. These pictures were displayed in the window of a store, to the great irritation of Mr. Filer. He was perplexed as to a means of retaliation, but finally decided to whip Miss Perkins' brother, and did it so thoroughly that the sufferer was for a week confined to a bed.

## THE CALIFORNIA SHOOTING THE ATTACK UPON I. S. KALLOCK.

Nearly a month ago the workingmen of San Francisco nominated the Rev. Isaac S. Kalloch for Mayor. Kalloch is a man of good presence, energetic, and makes an eloquent speech. He entered the canvas in good earnest. The People's party placed David Farquharson in the field. The Republican candidate is Mr. Flint, a well-known citizen. The contest has assumed a bitterness unparalleled even in San Francisco. The *Chronicle*, edited by Mr. Charles F. De Young, supports Mr. Farquharson.

It has been exceedingly bitter against Kalloch, has hunted up his past record while in Boston, New York and other places where he was accused of having committed adultery, and has published full details concerning him. It even raked up old reports of a damaging nature against the father of Kalloch, and did every thing in its power to show up the character of the Workingmen's candidate in its worst light. On Friday night of last week Kalloch defended himself against these charges, and retaliated by making accusations against the character of the De Youngs, and against their mother and sister, among other things refering to them as "the bastard progeny of a prostitute."

The *Chronicle* reporters informed their chief of Mr. Kalloch's action. He reached his office at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning. After arming himself, he hailed a close carriage, and was driving to the Metropolitan Temple. Mr. Kalloch had an office in that building. As though anticipating trouble, groups of workingmen were lounging about the building. As Mr. De Young was driven to the entrance of the building he saw Mr. Kalloch stepping into a carriage with Mr. Carl Brown, the private secretary of Mr. Denis Kearney. Calling an American District Telegraph boy, he pointed out Mr. Kalloch, saying, "Tell Mr. Kalloch that a gentleman wishes to speak with him." The boy delivered the message. The clergyman got out of Mr. Brown's carriage and approached Mr. De Young's coupe. He reached the door, and was about to look in to see who it was that wished to speak with him. In an instant Mr. De Young levelled a revolver and shot him in the left breast. Mr. Kalloch recognized his assailant. He staggered as though about to fall. Recovering himself, he started to run down the street, and De Young fired a second shot from the open window of the coupe. The bullet struck Mr. Kalloch in the thigh. Mr. De Young then ordered the driver to drive back to the *Chronicle* office.

The reports of the pistols, however, attracted the attention of the workingmen. They surged about the carriage and threw the horse upon his haunches. They made an attempt to seize the occupant of the carriage but he confronted them with a cocked revolver, and held them at bay. A police officer appeared, but before he could make an arrest the coupe was overturned. De Young leaped to the pavement, brandishing his revolver. The officer seized him. The workingmen made a rush, and trampled both officer and prisoner under foot. De Young was severely handled. The officer was covered with blood in endeavoring to save him. The driver endeavored to aid the officer, and was also knocked down and trampled under foot. Amid cries of "Hang him! kill him!" De Young and his escort fought their way to Fifth and Market streets, where two additional police officers came to the rescue. After another struggle the prisoner was dragged into Baldwin's Hotel, and the doors were closed. De Young was hustled to a carriage through a side entrance, and driven on a dead run to the police station, in the new City Hall, followed by scores of infuriated persons. He was placed in a secure cell.

In ten minutes thousands surrounded the station. The police had all they could do to beat them back. Ropes were stretched across the streets, and every precaution taken for protection. The crowd seemed determined to lynch the prisoner. The Chief of Police consulted with Gen. McComb of the militia. Gov. Irwin was absent from Sacramento, and could not be reached by a telegram. In this dilemma Gen. McComb assumed the responsibility of calling out the militia. As the crowd became more threatening, he telegraphed to the Secretary of War asking for 50,000 cartridges for the use of the militia. Secretary McCrary sent a despatch authorizing the commander of the arsenal at Benicia to issue the cartridges to the State authorities.

The workingmen were terribly excited, and could not be quieted till the arrival of Dennis Kearney, who had been telegraphed for. Kearney advised quiet and order, and the crowd followed his advise and dispersed. Since Saturday all has been quiet and orderly. It is likely Kalloch will recover. Should he die, it is probable there will be another outbreak and that an attempt will be made to hang De Young.

The mother of Charles De Young is now 70 years of age and his love for her has been evidenced in the care he has taken that none of the slanders upon the memory of her long-dead husband should come to her notice. These slanders were first published in a paper called the *Sun*, long since extinct, and, while the *Chronicle* was engaged in denouncing them, a special edition of one copy was nightly printed for the use of the old lady, made up so as to exclude all notice of the troubles. But for the shooting of Kalloch the mother would probably never have kuown that that she had been mentioned disrespectfully.

TORPEDO WARFARE.—The new departure in harbor and coast defenses, by which torpedoes and light-draft gunboats, armed with heavy guns, are to be relied upon for the general defense of our ports, is simply a return, with a due regard to modern improvements, to the plans laid down by Thomas Jefferson during his administration, and for which he was severely ridiculed by the federalists all the time he was in office. The fact that the British admiralty has determined to adopt this system is proved by the orders now out for the construction of thirteen gunboats, each carrying a single gun, and by the very elaborate experiments with torpedoes which preceded this decision. In the same way the Chinese government, in anticipation of a war with Japan, has ordered of Sir William Armstrong, at Newcastle, the construction of eight light-draft gunboats of the greatest possible speed each of which is to carry a single gun of great power, and to be provided with all the apparatus necessary for planting and exploding torpedoes of the latest invention. The theory of torpedo warfare in connection with harbor defenses is an old one. It was first applied at the siege at Antwerp, in 1585, and was fully developed by Robert Fulton, from whom Mr. Jefferson probably got his ideas. The great problem of coast defense is to devise an obstruction of the channel such as will admit the passage of friendly vessels while barring the way to the enemy. Defensive torpedoes planted and operated from the forts on the coast supply this means. If by their aid the enemy can be detained one hundred hours under the fire of the forts, when without it he could pass them in a few minutes, the number of the guns in the forts, practically impregnable to ships, is multiplied at least a hundred times. In view of these facts the closest possible study has recently been given to the subject of torpedo warfare, and in the course of these investigations it has been discovered that missiles of this sort are quite as available for offensive purposes as for defensive. Torpedo vessels, in consequence, seem to be the warships of the future, and what will be the final outcome of this persistent application of science to systems of destruction is what no man can conceive.—*Balt. Sun.*

A VERY full interview was accorded the other day to a reporter of the New York *Times* by Mr. S. J. Tilden in regard to the dark insinuations of Mr. Cyrus Field. The outgivings of Mr. Field were so mysterious, vague and awful and the replies of Mr. Tilden are so clear intelligent and convincing that it is not difficult to make out the rights and wrongs of the case. It is a hard job to answer dark insinuations.—When a man says "I heard something awful about So-and-so which I will tell at the proper time," it is usually a fraud. He is afraid to unfold his story because there is nothing in it. Mr. Field's accusations against Mr. Tilden were veiled in obscure language. He said that Tilden did not dare to look him in the face and that the matters in controversy might become the basis of a lawsuit, but he did not venture on any specific charge. He appears to have calculated that the enemies of Mr. Tilden or the New York press would take up any charge that he might dimly suggest and hold Mr. Tilden up to odium and execration. Sammy has quietly sat down on him, as he occasionally sits down on his personal detractors, and Mr. Field appears to the public as a gentleman who has soured because Sammy sold out his shares in a booming market while Cyrus held on for a rise which did not come.—The case of Mr. Field is a very common one. The anguish which a man feels who holds a great deal of stock is never soothed by the complacent smile of another who has unloaded at the top of the market. But one would have thought that Cyrus was too much of a man of the world to *show* that sort of temper.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

Monsignor Turinaz announces the publication of a pamphlet in France, in which he intends to prove that Freemasonry is destructive of religion, morality, social order, liberty, equality, fraternity, and true progress; that it is the enemy of the country, and at once an insult to human dignity and simple good sense. He intends to refute all objections, and to demonstrate the truth of his assertions on the authority of the encyclical letter of Leo XIII. He means also to furnish a triumphant proof of the divinity of the Roman Catholic church now at war with these "infernal sects."

A Russian Socialist, condemned to the mines of Siberia, desired to commit suicide, but the cell in which he was confined, at Odessa, contained nothing that could be used in any ordinary way against his life. So he tore off the top of his lamp, lighted the petroleum oil in it, and sat over it in such a way as slowly to burn to death. "Such was the man's determination," says a correspondent of the London Times, "that neither during the the act nor at the hospital whither he was removed only to linger and die did he utter a word or give any sign indicative of suffering, and no one appears to be able to account for the strange deed."

The experiment has been made of sowing oats and wheat together with a view to obtain a winter covering for the wheat. The seed, in the proportion of one part of oats to two parts of wheat, was sown in the fall, and the oats sparng up quickly and were killed by the early frost, the stalks and leaves lying on the ground all winter, keeping the snow from blowing away and preventing the sun from thawing the frozen ground. In the spring the dead oats made a good top dressing for the growing wheat. The crop of wheat in the following season was reported to be excellent, while wheat on the adjoining land planted in the usual manner was of no value.


### POCKET BOOK LOST.
### $50 Reward.

LOST, last Saturday night, the 16th inst., between Buck Neck and Porter's Grove, a small well-worn pocket-book, of light leather, fastened with a leather strap, and containing Three Hundred and Ninety-six Dollars. One was a hundred dollar note, two were fifties, and the remainder twenties, tens, and smaller. It also contained an account from Greenwood & Woodall, commission merchants of Baltimore, and a bill of Andrew O'Meary's. The above reward will be paid on the return, to the subscriber, of the book and contents.

T. H. McINTYRE.

Aug. 21, 1879. STILL POND.

# Fertilizers.

FALL 1879

## T. W. Eliason, Jr.

*Holloway's Excelsior;*
" *Ammo. Super Phosphate;*
*J. Horner Jr. & Co's. Concentrated Super Phosphate;*
*Horner's Ammoniated Super Phos.*
*J. Ober & Sons Acid Phosphate;*
*Wm. Whitelock & Co's. Vegetator;*
*J. Horner, Jr. & Co's. Dissolved Bones,* The highest grade on the Market;
*T. W. Eliason, Jr's. No. 1 Ammo Super Phosphate;*
*T. W. Eliason, Jr's. No. 3 Ammo. Super Phosphate;*
*Peruvian Guano;*
*Sulphate of Ammonia;*
*Nitrate of Soda;*
*Sulphate of Potash;*
*Plaster, at low rates.*

☞ Special advertisements in subsequent issue of paper.

In calling the attention of our customers and farmers generally to the above Fertilizers, I take pleasure in being able to say that all of the above Fertilizers, save my own No. 3, are goods of first-class reputation, and fully equal if not superior to other goods on the market, of their respective kinds.

My own No. 3 Ammo. Super Phosphate is not an experiment, but was put last fall into the hands of a few first-class observing farmers, and gave the most flattering results.

Call and see me before buying your Fertilizers. I may save you money.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

August 7, 1879.


A dull, heavy pain in the sides, sleepiness, want of energy, no continuity of thought or labor, these all indicate disease of the Liver, and should be removed by the use of Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, which will surely accomplish the object sought.

## MARRIAGES.

MASON—AYARS.—At Pine Orchard, Tenn., 20th July, 1879, by Rev. R. O. Taylor, WM. T. MASON, formerly of Germantown, Pa., to Miss IDA D. AYARS, formerly of this county.

MIDDLETON—BELT.—August 11th, 1879, at the bride's residence, by Rev. B. F. Benson, Rev. C. B. MIDDLETON, of the Maryland Annual Conference Methodist Protestant Church, to Miss GEORGEANNA BELT, of Hampden, Baltimore county, Md.

## DEATHS.

BAYNARD.—In Queen Anne's county, on the 11th of August, FLORENCE MAY, daughter of James W. and Maggie V. Baynard, aged 4 months and 4 days.

HARRIS.—August 8th, 1879, at Still Pond, ISABELLA MAY, only daughter of James S. and Margaret Harris—aged 1 year, 6 months and 4 days.

*New Advertisements.*


## Washington College

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

FOUNDED 1782.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN

*Wednesday, September 24.*

Instruction in a full College Course; special studies for those who do not desire a full course. There is also a Preparatory Class.

Board per week $4; room-rent $5, fuel $4 to $6 for the session. Tuition: English $40; English, Classics and Mathematics or Modern Languages $50; for all branches $60.

For circulars address

WM. J. RIVERS, *Principal.*

Aug. 28, 1879.

☞ Kent News, Cecil Democrat, Centreville Record, Easton Star, Denton Journal, Worcester Shield, Dorchester News, True Marylander, and Eastern Shoreman copy 3 times and send bill and paper to E. F. PERKINS, Esq., Treasurer.

## NOTICE
## To Parents, Guardians and Others.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

NOTICE having been received by the Orphans Court that Kent county is entitled to a

*BENEFICIARY,*

(by virtue of a vacancy created by the expiration of the terp of Mr. J. H. Gilpin, a student) under the act of Assembly of Maryland, 1856 chapter 219, who will be admitted to all the instructions given in the College, free of charge, for tuition, board, books and stationery.

It is required that the applicant be at least fifteen years of age; that he shall be able to read, spell and write well: and shall have completed English Grammar, the History of Maryland and of the United States, Geography and Arithmetic, so as to devote himself to the Collegiate course proper.

In compliance with the act above mentioned, the Orphans' Court for Kent county hereby gives notice to Parents, Guardians and others who are disposed to avail themselves of this notice, that they will proceed to elect or designate a student to be sent to said College, on

*TUESDAY, Sept. 9th, 1879.*

All applications must be filed with the Register of Wills on or before the day named.

WILLIAM STEVENS,
Aug. 28, 1879—2t. Register of Wills.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

Building Materials
IN EVERY VARIETY
DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, HARDWARE, W. GLASS.
W. PINE & WALNUT MANTELS.
GEORGE O. STEVENS,
No. 49 Light Street,
BALTIMORE.

Send for Prices.

# ORCHILLA Guano,

Rich in Phosphates, Alkaline Salts and Potash.

John B. Russell,
IMPORTER,
54 *Buchanan's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.*

ANALYSIS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Phosphoric Acid | 20 to 23 per cent. |
| Bone Phosphate of Lime | 45 to 50 per cent. |
| Alkaline Salts | 5 to 6 per cent. |

CHURCH HILL, August 6, 1879.

MR. A. A. WILLSON—*Dear Sir:*—In reply to your inquiry of my experience of Orchilla Guano, say I used three tons, at the rate of 400 lbs. per acre, alongside of two other first-class fertilizers, at the same rate per acre, and found when I cut my wheat the heads on the straw were larger in every way and the grain more fully developed than the other fertilizers. I have seen it in use on other lands where the result has been very satisfactory. On stiff white oak rough lands I believe it to be superior to any fertilizer in use, and recommend it to persons using fertilizers.

Respectfully,

CHAS. WEATHERBY.

CHURCH HILL, MD., July 1st, 1879.

MR. ALBERT A. WILLSON, *Centreville, Md.*—Dear Sir:—I used one-half ton of your Orchilla Guano last fall on wheat, at the rate of 300 lbs. per acre, on light land, and the result was equal to that of other fertilizers that cost me 35 and 40 per cent. more than the Orchilla. I believe it to be an honest and good fertilizer.

Very respectfully,

WM. J. SENNETT.

Price $25 Per Ton, Cash,
OR
$28.00 ON TWELVE MONTHS TIME.
WITHOUT INTEREST.

ALBERT A. WILLSON
AGENT,
ARLINGTON HOTEL,
Centreville, Md.

August 28, 1879—2m.


## Constable's Sale.

BY Virtue of a writ of Veditioni Exponas, issued by J. Evan Thomas, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, to me directed, I will expose to sale at Public Auction, in front of the Court House door in Chestertown, on

*Tuesday, the 23d day of September,*

at 2 o'clock P. M., for cash, all the right, title, claim and interest of Wm. H. H. Lusby, in and to all that tract or part of a tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Quaker Neck, on the public road, adjoining the lands of Richard Hynson, Esq., known as the "Wilson Tract," and containing

30 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, seized and taken in execution at the suit of J. H. Porter.

CALVIN E. ALLEN,
Aug. 28, 1879. [$3 75] CONSTABLE.


CHEAP STATIONERY,

BLANK BOOKS, Cap and Note Papers, Fancy Paper and Envelopes—at

Sparks'.

## Proposals for Privileges

PROPOSALS will be received until

Monday, September 1,

For Exclusive Privileges, as follows, at The

KENT COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR:

1st.—The Eating, Ice-Cream and Confectionery Department.

2d.—Tobacco, Cigar, Soda and Mineral Water Stands.

3d.—Music.

4th.—Horse Pound.

☞ All proposals must be in writing, and addressed to the undersigned. No other will receive attention.

☞ Those desiring privileges not above named, must also apply by letter.

WM. H. STEWART, Sec'y.,

Aug. 21, 1879. Chestertown, Md.

MONEY. $700 to Loan.

Apply to THE EDITOR.

August 14, 1879—3t.

KENT COUNTY

# Agricultral Fair.

—:o:—

THE KENT COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

will hold its

Ninth

ANNUAL EXHIBITION

On its Grounds

WORTON STATION,

NEAR CHESTERTOWN,

On September 16th, 17th and 18th.

## Liberal Premiums

ARE OFFERED, AND

Lists Open to All!

SPECIAL ATTENTION

IS CALLED TO PREMIUMS OFFERED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF

Domestic
AND
Household Manufacture.

In this department the attention of the Ladies is called to the premium offered by Mr. I. Albertson, proprietor of the "Mansion House," Baltimore, for the "Best Light Bread made by amateur."

## *Trials of Speed:*

**First day—Tuesday.**

*First Trial* - - - - *Premium* $100.00

For horses that never beat 3.30; three in five; $60.00 to first, $30.00 to second, $10.00 to third.

*Second Trial* - - - *Premium* $300.00

For horses that never beat 2.40; best three in five; $180.00 to first, $80.00 to second, and $30.00 to third.

**Second day—Wednesday.**

*First Trial* - - - - - *Premium* $50.00

For four year olds; two in three; $30.00 to first, $15.00 to second, $5.00 to third.

*Second Trial* - - - - *Premium* $150.00

For horses that never beat three minutes; three in five; $90.00 to first, $45.00 for second, $15.00 to third.

*Third Trial* - - - - *Premium* $400.00

For horses that never beat 2.34; best three in five; $240.00 to first, $120.00 to second, and $40 00 to third.

**Third day—Thursday.**

*First Trial* - - - - *Premium* $200.00

For horses that never beat 2.50; best three in five; $120.00 to first, sixty dollars to second, twenty dollars to third.

*Second Trial* - - - - *Premium* $50.00

For all horses owned on the Peninsula without record; go to road wagons; owners or amateurs to drive; $30.00 to first, $15.00 to second, and five dollars to third.

Five or more horses to enter; three to start. A horse distancing the field will only be entitled to First Premium. Should two or more horses be left in the same race, they are to contend for Second Premium.

Entrance money of horses proven ineligible will be forfeited to the Association.

Heats may be trotted alternately.

The above Trials of Speed to be governed by the Rules of the National Association.

Entrance to close September 13th.

Entrance Fee ten per cent. of Premium; one-half payable at the time of entree, the other before starting.

All entries must be sealed, marked Entry, and addressed to the Secretary of the Executive Committee:

WILLIAM H. STEWART,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Persons who are requested to serve on Committees will greatly oblige by notifying the Secretary of their acceptance.

☞ Special trains on the Kent County Rail Road will be run during the continuance of the Fair.

☞ For Premium Lists or further information, address

WM. H. STEWART,
*Secretary Executive Committee,*
Aug. 21—tf CHESTERTOWN, MD.

## GRAND TOURNAMENT

During the Delaware State Fair, at

FAIRVIEW PARK,

Dover, Delaware,

Sept. 24th, 1879.

Premiums $200. No Entry Fee.

Open to all Gentlemen riders. Grand Tourney Ball—music by Hassler. For full particulars address RICHARD HARRINGTON,

Aug. 7—3w. Sec'y. Dover, Del.

If I Wanted a Nice LAMP, or anything fine in the Glassware why, I would go to SPARKS'.

## For Rent.

A pretty Frame HOUSE, nearly new, with a large porch in front, and containing six good sized bed-rooms and a cellar; within a quarter of a mile of Lambson's station, and 1½ miles from Galena, on the road from Chesterville to Galena. Possession given at once. House dry and in good order. Terms extremely easy. For further information address, with recommendations, REV. FATHER BRADFORD,

Aug. 7—3t. Chestertown, Md.

Do Not Strain Your Eyes any Longer, When for 25 cents you can buy a pair of Glasses—at SPARKS'.

"Where Can I find the Best Cigars and Tobacco in Town?"
"Why at SPARKS', to be sure, opposite the Court House."

SODA, Cream and Mushroom Crackers, always fresh—at SPARKS'.

## *Wilmington Conference Academy.*

ABLE FACULTY,

FINE BUILDINGS,

LOCATION DELIGHTFUL.

Whole cost of Board, Washing, Furnished Room, Fuel, Lights and Tuition $200 per year o 40 weeks. Fall Term begins September 1st. For Catalogues, address

R. H. SKINNER, A. M., DOVER, Del.

## No. 1 AMMONIATED

# Super Phosphate of Lime

AND POTASH,

Manufactured for T. W. Eliason, Jr.,

*Containing DRIED BLOOD OR ANIMAL MATTER, DISSOLVED ANIMAL ACID PHOSPHATE and SALTS of POTASH and SODA.*

Prepared under the supervision of one of the best Fertilizer manufacturers in the State and GUARNTEED *not to contain a single pound of adulterating material to the ton, containing no Sand or Earth* to cheapen it, but on the contrary every article used in its manufacture is a *fertilizer* of itself.

## I Claim for the above Goods:

1st. That it is well made, being manufactured by the latest improved machinery and methords; it is thoroughly mixed and all the ingredients are well incorporated with each other.

2nd. That it contains a much larger per centage of Bone Phosphate than any other compound on the market at the same price.

3rd. That a much larger proportion of this Bone Phosphate is available for the use of the growing crop.

4th. That it contains a larger percentage of Ammonia.

5th. That it is a much more valuable goods for the price asked for it than any heretofore sold in this county.

☞ *The above Goods was largely used last Fall* in this County by many of our best Farmers, giving excellent results,—in many instances giving a larger yield of wheat than the most expensive goods—in one case as high as FORTY-TWO BUSHELS TO THE ACRE.

## $33 Per Ton, and interest on crop term.

*Give it a fair trial and I believe you will be satisfied.*

Aug. 21, 1879. T. W. ELIASON, JR.

## *THE POPPLEIN*

# Silicated Phosphate Co.

MANUFACTURERS

Of the only complete Mineral Fertilizer.

*No Refuse Organic Matter.*

Contains every mineral ingredient removed from the soil by cropping. Does not burn the plant. Feeds and does not exhaust the land. Contains one-third more bulk than any other Fertilizer. Is fine, light, dry and drills beautifully, no clogging and no time lost in cleaning the drill. It is entirely free from odor and can be handled without offence.

## FOR WHEAT.

This Fertilizer will grow more Wheat to the acre, under same circumstances, than any other. The grain will be larger, plumper, heavier and will bring more money in the market or at the mill. The roots will be longer, stronger and more numerous, thus affording protection against winter killing. The straw will be stiffer and stronger and will not lodge under ordinary storms or on bottom lands as with other fertilizers.

## FOR GRASS

It has no equal. The good effects of the application will be evident for years. Plants grown with this fertilizer will resist any ordinary drought, remaining green and vigorous when others are parched. Grass lands, on which this article alone has been used, will be free from weeds. A liberal application of this fertilizer will increase the productive capacity of the land, as it contains no stimulants, but is entirely solid plant food. The ingredients are available Phosphoric Acid, Silicic Acid, Potash, Soda and Magnesia, which are in the form best adapted to the needs of the plant and far superior in condition to any other fertilizer.

After the fertilizer is removed, the bags can be used to hold anything, without damage. Packed in good strong bags of 200 lbs. each.

It has been used the past season by some of our most intelligent farmers, and in a number of cases tests were made with other leading fertilizers, where the wheat was cut and threshed separately, and the result was decidedly in favor of the POPPLEINS in each case.

S. H. Blackiston,
Agent, Clerk's Office, Chestertown, Md.

# Successful Wheat Growing!

## The Popplein Silicated Phosphate.

If asked to define successful wheat growing I should describe it as that which regularly puts money into the pocket of the grower. To accomplish this continuously, good crops must be produced. It will not do to have an extra yield occasionally and a half crop or less at other times. The loss for the poor year eats up the profits for the good ones. No question connected with successful culture is of more interest than that of the Fertilizers to be applied. With scarcely an exception, wherever I have heard of our Phosphate being applied alongside of other Phosphate, the result is in favor of ours.

I will refer you to gentlemen that made tests last fall in Kent county, Md.:

TEST MADE BY MR. WM. H. STEWART, near Chestertown, for the benefit of the Worton Agricultural Club. He used his own make, Turner's Excelsior, Horner, and Popplien Silicated Phosphate. Excepting the "home make," the Popplien phosphate produced very much the largest yield.

MR. GEORGE S. DEIHL made a trial between the Popplein and other Phopphates and the result of the trial was decidedly in favor of the Popplein.

DEL PENNEL, ESQ., used Popplein along side of 250 lbs. ground Animal Bone and 150 lbs. Sun Guano, making 400 lbs. per acre, and the Popplein produced 1½ bushels per acre more than the Animal Bone and Guano mixed. I refer to Ed. Biddle and Mr. Pennel, on the property lately purchased by Mr. Pennel of Mr. T. W. Hynson. The public say that the crop produced by his fertilizer this year, there, is far the best production that they ever saw on the Hynson property.

MR. H. CLAY LUSBY made a trial alongside of his home-made fertilizer which cost him thirty-three dollars per ton and other fertilizers, and the result was favorable to the Popplein.

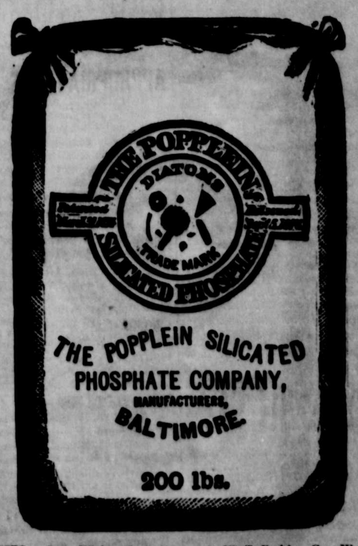
JAS. A. PEARCE, ESQ., Chestertown, in his trial says, it produced a larger yield than any other and he is so much pleased that he intends to use only the Popplein and Emory's Bone & Potash.

MR. THOMAS. BAKER, NEAR CHESTERTOWN, in his test with other phosphate, says, the Popplein produced three bushels per acre more than the others, stood up better, and drilled better.

JOHN SCOTTON, near Masseys X Roads, in his trial, says it produced more wheat per acre, stood up better, weighed 63½ lbs. per bushel, and of brighter color.

MR. SAMUEL ROSEBERY near Kennedyville, produced 27½ bushels per acre. He is very much pleased with the results of the Popplein—says it drills well, and if the fly had not cut part of the field, thinks he would have gotten 33 to 35 bushels per acre.

MR. WASHINGTON PRICE, near Kennedyville, in his trial, says, shortly after seeding began to see the superiority of the Popplein Silicated Phosphate develop itself until it far surpased all the other kinds he used.




REFERENCES:—J. A. Wickes, J. A. Pearce, G. W. T. Perkins, Geo. Vickers, P. B. Wilmer, H. W. Carvill, Wm. Ford, Wm Stewart, Abe. Hurlock, W. Kin Hudson, Thos. Baker, J. M. J. Byron, Josh. Copper, F. H. Dill, Jos. Trew, C. W. Spry, Del Pennel, Ed. Biddle, Jno. Greenwood of Wm.

It will be in good order for drilling and of the same high grade as heretofore.

THOMAS W. WICKES,
AGENT, CHESTERTOWN, KENT CO. MD.

All orders left at my Drug Store will be promptly attended to.

August 21, 1879. T. W. W.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