The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning Oct. 16, 1879.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
William T. Hamilton.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
Thomas J. Keating.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
C. J. M. Gwinn.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,
Spencer C. Jones.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR THE STATE SENATE,
William T. Hepbron.

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES:
William H. Ford,
Thomas A. Hulme.

FOR CLERK OF CIRUIT COURT:
Dr. Samuel Beck.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS:
Joel C. Slaughter.

FOR STATES ATTORNEY:
Harrison W. Vickers.

FOR SHERIFF:
Eugene Gooding.

ORPHAN'S COURT.
Robert Nicholson,
Thomas J. Shallcross,
R. B. Willson.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
1st Dist—Charles P. Loper.
2d " —Tilghman Shafer,
3d " —Wm. V. Lucas,
4th " —Thomas P. Dixon
5th " —T. Romie Strong.

COUNTY SURVEYOR:
H. H. Gresham.

AND yet another walk is started in New York city. Will they never give us a rest?

GOV HENDRICKS designates Vice President Wheeler as "that fellow in Washington, who is drawing my salary."

THE Baltimore *Gazette* urges Howard Meeks, Esq., our Kent county candidate for Governor, to get on the stump and tell what he knows about soft money.

THE New York papers are making it hot for John Kelley. This time next month John will doubtless be sorry that he ever ran for the Governor of the State of New York.

We have heard, before going to press, that the Republicans have elected their Governor in Ohio by a considerable majority, but that the Democrats claim the legislature.

"The *Transcript* with its usual mendacity reiterated the charge that Col. Hanson solicited the nomination at the hands of Mr. William Perkins and his friends. If the *Transcript* will make the charge its own, we promise to prove the editors of that paper to be wanton liars."

This bit of *chaste* and *gentlemanly* English appeared in the last issue of the "Kent Independent," and can have come from no other source than from Col. Hanson. Since the Colonel has taken occasion in such choice English, to bully us, and blackguard us into making a statement of the facts in our possession, we will do so. In the first place, we know, and every body knows, who took any account of the matter, that when the combination ticket first made its appearance, COL. HANSON'S NAME WAS NOT ON IT. Now one of two things is certain, that either Col. Hanson was of so little importance, that the nominating convention utterly forgot him, or else they considered that his name on their ticket would do more harm than good. The Colonel is welcome to either construction. In any case, he was left off the ticket. Now the question arises, *how did Colonel Hanson's name get on the ticket?* He says he did not solicit the nomination. Did the nominating committee, after having once left his name off, meet again without solicitation and put his name on? We trow not. The matter bears plainly and unmistakably upon its face, the fact, that Col. Hanson's name must have been put on the ticket at his personal solicitation. But lest this should not be satisfactory to the Colonel, we will give more direct evidence that he did solicit of "Mr. William Perkins and his friends," his nomination. Mr. William A. Miller, the nominee for sheriff on the "Republican and People's Reform ticket" is a gentleman whose veracity is not doubted. Soon after the ticket was nominated, and before Colonel Hanson's name had been placed upon it, Mr. Miller in conversation with some gentlemen in Chestertown, stated that Col. Hanson had on the day before called at his house at about 10 o'clock at night, and stated to him that he—Col. Hanson—had just been around to see William Perkins, and that Mr. Perkins had agreed that his—Col. Hanson's—name, be placed upon the ticket. All of the gentlemen to whom this statement was made, have some recollection of the matter, but one gentleman remembers it clearly and distinctly, and if necessary is willing to vouch for the statement over his signature. But Mr. Miller, we are sure, will recollect the matter and will not deny it.

Again, soon after the ticket was made, and Col. Hanson's name, having not yet appeared upon it, a gentleman asked William Perkins, why Colonel Hanson's name was not put upon the ticket? William at first laughed and replied, that he "guessed they forgot him." "Oh no, Bill," said the gentleman, "you never forgot him." "Well," replied William, "we understood that the Colonel had said that he didn't want the colored people to vote for him, but the Colonel has since called on me and given assurance that it is a mistake, that he does want the colored people's votes, and we have concluded to put him on the ticket." The gentleman to whom this statement was made, is willing to vouch for it, over his signature if necessary. William Perkins stands high in his church, however, and we presume he will not deny the statement. A back issue of the "organ" says that "the nomination of Col. Hanson was the result of peculiar circumstances." Humph! Yes, we should say *of very peculiar circumstances.* We think however, there will be no doubt, even in the mind of Col. Hanson, that Col. Hanson did call on Wm. Perkins, and solicit that his name be put upon the mixed ticket. It is a matter of indifference to us, how Col. Hanson's name got on the ticket. The thing that looks particularly small, however, is that Col. Hanson should solicit the nomination of William Perkins, and then be ashamed to own it. That he should solicit the votes and the support of the colored people, and then in a printed article, seem to consider it a disgrace that he received his nomination at the hands of a colored man. Perhaps, after all, the Colonel had rather not have the colored people's votes.

THE taxes in Queen Anne's county have been for a number of years much higher than they have been in Kent. In 1877 the taxes were over 1.22 cts. on the $100, in 1878 they were over 1.30 cts. on the $100. In 1879 they are over 1.05 cts. on the $100, showing a considerably larger percentage levied every year than there has been levied in Kent for those years. The *Centreville Observer* in reply to a criticism from the *Centreville Citizen* gives the following, which we should consider a very sensible suming up of the case as to Kent county, as well as to Queen Anne's:

In 1865 we had not more than two-thirds of the roads we now have. We had indifferent schools and school houses then. Our county buildings were old and delapidated, and were repaired or rebuilt, by Democrats. Somebody lost a horse o ra human life every year or so on account of high branches in those days. That has been obviated now by new and handsome bridges across nearly all the important streams in the county. We have also a railroad debt of $60,000 which the people by vote fastened upon themselves, and which they are now paying off honestly, dollar for dollar with interest. Wye River, Corsica Creek, Island Creek, Kent Narrows, and Chester River, have all been bridged, and the court house has had a handsome iron fence placed around it, which is an ornament to the county property, and the pride of all her citizens. These are a few of the causes which have combined to increase taxes, and which the *Citizen* failed, from inadvertance, no doubt, to lay before its readers. The county to-day under Democratic control is more prosperous than when controlled by the bayonet party; improvements have been made such as the bayonet gentlemen would not permit, and the people in all parts of the county are glad they have been made and are willing to pay for them. We have now creditable county buildings; we have a railroad running through a large portion of the county; we have new roads and new bridges in almost every quarter they are needed, and in short the county is way ahead of what it was when its legitimate managers took charge of it. Where is the man who would go back to those times? Where is the man who is not glad the improvements have taken place? Counties, like men, cannot stand still. They must go ahead or behind. If ahead, they must pay for it; if behind, they soon become the butt and ridicule of all the other counties. We trust our neighbor will make no effort by the use of his well known ability to check the county in its road to prosperity, but that he will rather give it a helping hand, such as he is able to do, and let us go ahead until we cope with the very best counties in the State. We have been behind long enough. Now let us catch up, and if it costs something let us pay it like men, and we shall be all the happier for it.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Editors:—We endeavored to show in your last issue, that a man whose property is valued at ten thousand dollars, is not inordinately taxed when he pays $100 into the public treasury. We showed that the numerous considerations for which he pays the $100 are real and bonifide. But we know, that notwithstanding this fact, people are disposed to growl over taxes, and people whose property is valued at $10,000, and whose income is from $1500 to $2000 often find it really burthensome to pay $100 out of this sum. Why? We think we can tell. IT IS BECAUSE PEOPLE WILLINGLY AND WITHOUT A MURMER PAY INORDINATE TAXES IN OTHER DIRECTIONS. In the first place we will take a man in easy circumstances, whose property is valued at $10,000, and who by investing his money, together with his time and talents in business, possesses an annual income of $2000. Of this $2000, he spends $100 in taxes levied upon him by the county and State, the other $1900 he spends otherwise. This age is sometimes called a fast age, and the American people are especially called a fast people. The meaning of which as we take it, is that people of this generation as a general thing, spend all they can get, and the American people especially, live up to, or a little beyond their income. We will draw it a little differently, and we will say that this generation is fond of the good things of life, has a decided liking for ease, luxury and pleasure, in short, values money only for what money will bring. Now, having digressed a little, we will go back to our man with the $10,000 capital and the $1900 income, after he has paid his county and State taxes. If such a man have a family, he in accordance with the times, keeps his family supplied with comforts and luxuries, he is a good liver, and keeps a good table; if he has sons, their clothes are made by a merchant tailor, if he has daughters, they wear fashionable bonnets and patronize the dress makers. In the summer season, he and his family spend a week or so at Cape May or at some other fashionable watering place. For all of these things, *he pays taxes and heavy taxes.* We give this as the picture of a man who lives up to his income, and who finds his $100 county and State tax burthensome. If the same man is frugal, lives plainly and denies himself the luxuries and pleasures of life, he accumulates money and grows rich. We do not mean to say for a moment, that men do wrong in spending their hundreds for luxuries and pleasures, but we do mean to say that they have no right to spend hundreds of dollars in taxes for those things that are not positive matters of necessity, and then to growl because they have to pay a single hundred dollars for all the rights, privileges and benefits furnished them by the county and State for that consideration. The $100 that a man pays for county and State taxes, he pays for benefits that he could not possibly do without. These mixed ticket people, who go around prating of taxes and taxation, are fully aware that they are talking the most hypocritical bosh. They go to a man whose property is valued at $2500, and who pays $25 taxes, and they say "My dear sir, our taxes are AWFUL!" They never say any thing to that man concerning the fifty dollars he pays for tobacco and cigars. They never mention the one hundred dollars he spends in going to horse races, in taking little pleasure trips and in having a good time generally. Oh no, the twenty-five dollars he spends for the support of the public schools, in sustaining courts of justice, in preserving law and order, in taking care of the paupers, in maintaining the public highways, in carrying out public improvements, this twenty-five dollars is an AWFUL burthen, while the one hundred and fifty dollars which is spent in tobacco and cigars, horse races, pleasure trips, &c., &c., &c., is a trival taxation. Verily the ways of those who want office, are peculiar.

Oct. 13, 1879. LOOKER ON.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Editors:—When a Democratic voter asks a candidate of the Truck and Dickers, (one of tha formerly Democratic sort) whether or not he is going to support the Democratic State ticket, he invariably replies, "of course I am." But these same men do not dare to tell the straightout Republicans that they are going to vote to defeat the State Republican ticket. They are playing two games. On the one hand they are fishing for Democratic votes, by holding out that they are good and pure and true Democrats; that they haven't left the party, and that they never expect to leave the party; that they are going to vote for the State Democratic ticket, &c., &c., &c. When it comes to the Republican or the colored voter, however, they play an entirely different tune upon their harps. Then, they espouse the whole ticket, as they have done through their organ. They profess to have seen the error of their ways, and have consequently developed into the most consistent sort of Republicans. It is a very difficult matter for a man to act two parts without being found out. Already both Republicans and Democrats are comprehending that the Truck and Dickers are playing a double game. We understand that an intelligent colored man has said that he intends to ask the Democratic Truck and Dickers, if they are going to support the Republican State ticket, and if they say no, he is not only not going to support them, but will use his influence against them. It is an extremely difficult matter to ride in two ox carts at one and the same time, as our bolting Democratic friends will probably find to their sorrow. When a set of men get up a big hullaballoo about reform and purification and all that sort of thing, they may for a time succeed in convincing people that they can do two things at the same time:—that they can be at once, good Republicans and good Democrats. But when the hullaballoo has died, and people begin to reflect and reason upon the matter, they realize that men professing to be both Republicans and Democrats are nothing: that a ticket made up partly of Republicans and partly of Democrats, is a mongrel sort of an affair, that makes sick the stomachs both of Democrats and of Republicans. Every day the little prestige that this mixed ticket at first had, is dwindling to a smaller compass. HERAT.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Editors:—The candidates on the "Republican, Peoples Reform, Perambulation, &c., &c., ticket," are making desperate reaches after sympathy from temperance men. They are trying to drag the local option question from its moorings, and to make it the basis of a claim upon the people who supported it. But the people who voted for local option, voted for it as an issue outside of party politics. It did not render a man the less a Democrat or the less a Republican that he voted for local option. He merely expressed his conviction upon the matter by his vote, and his party bearings remained the same as they were before. There are hundreds of Democrats who voted for local option, who would laugh in derision at a man who should ask them to support this independent ticket. There were a few men, however, who took a leading part in the local option question with political designs. They went around the county making speeches, and all the time back of their temperance speeches, was the sinister purpose of dividing the Democratic party and creating a new party, upon whose shoulders they should ride into office. When the large majority was given to local option, these men deceived themselves. They supposed if they came before the people asking for office, people would recognize them as great moral reformers and rush to their support. They deceived themselves sadly. While they stood before the people as supporters of the local option question, people believed in the honesty of their purpose, and respected them as workers in a good work. When, however, they showed their cloven foot, when they showed that underlying their temperance professions was a hungering and thirsting after office, and that they were only using the local option question as a rider to trot them into office, then people had for them an utter contempt, as people always have for double dealers. These Independent ticket men in electioneering with temperance men, say of the regular Democratic ticket, "it is a whiskey ticket" and our's is "a temperance ticket." They still endeavor to convince temperance men, that the temperance question is still a matter at issue. They endeavor to create the belief that if the regular Democratic ticket is elected, efforts will be made to do away with the local option law. It is such fudge as this, that this mixed ticket is endeavoring to use as electioneering capital. They catch at this temperance claim as a drowning man catches at a straw, and it is about as substantial a support to them, as is a straw to a drowning man. We believe there are not throughout the length and breadth of this county, one dozen temperance Democrats, who are taken in by their twaddle. They the head and front of the temperance movement indeed!! It reminds one of the story of the fly, that rode behind a carriage along a dusty road, and remarked to himself, "What a big dust I am kicking up."

TEMPERANCE DEMOCRAT.

DO THE BOLTERS OR DISORGANIZERS in Kent, Caroline and Dorchester intend to vote for the Republican State ticket, or only for the county ticket? How about it, Col. Hanson of Kent and Mr. Geary of Caroline? Are you gentlemen Republicans? If so, please tell the people what you intend to do and then they will understand you. If you are Democrats having grievances then we pity you, but if you are Republicans endeavoring to throw sand in peoples eyes by claiming to be one thing whilst in reality another then we should like to see the skin pulled off of you and your deformity exposed. If you have gone over to the Republicans only say so and we will at once extend our sympathies to our afflicted Republican friends, who will doubtless wish in a few years that there was some other party or place for you to go to. The Democrats do not care a straw what party you join, only that they do not want you to pretend to belong to one and at the same time using your best efforts to destroy it and build up another. Come out, honestly and squarely and face the music, and let the world know where you are and what you mean.—*Centreville Observer.*

THE WEATHER.—C. C. Blake, of Decatur, Ill., has gained some celebrity for accuracy as a weather calculator. His horoscope for next month, and from thence to March, 1880, is as follows:

October, 1879—Will be quite warm and showery.

November, 1879—I hardly know what to say about this month; my calculations makes it a sort of a "chopped sea"—a conglomerate mixture of all kinds of weather, but not very cold.

December, 1879—Will be like November, "only more so." It will be warm, wet and disagreeable—cold snaps will be short and sharp.

January, 1880—Will be rather warm, wet and muddy part of the time. There will be some cold weather, but no steady cold weather.

February, 1880—Will be much like January—a considerable amount of rain and snow and a moderate amount of cold weather.

March, 1880—Will be changable; rather wet, especially in the middle of the month, and only moderately cold.

The winter of 1879-80 will be warm and wet with a few cold snaps of limited duration; but it will be colder than the winter of 1877-78. It will be a changeable, peculiar and rather disagreeable winter.

Prudent people always have Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills convenient. They often take the place of a doctor and cost only 25 cts. For sale everywhere.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of the Bar of Kent county, held on the evening of the 9th inst., EBEN F. PERKINS, Esq., was called to the chair and MARION DEK. SMITH was appointed Secretary.

James Alfred Pearce, Esq., offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, and Richard Hynson, Esq., was requested to present the same to the Circuit Court for Kent county at its next sitting.

Resolved, That the Bar of Kent county have heard with sincere regret of the death of the late Honorable GEORGE VICKERS, so long the senior member of this Bar, and so long and favorably known to the people of the State as a private citizen and as a public man.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Vickers many losses are united—the State has lost a faithful and efficient servant; the profession of law an earnest and untiring practitioner, who had devoted fifty years of his life to the study of its philosophy; his clients a faithful adviser and zealous advocate; the circle of friendship a valued member, and the poor and distressed an unfailing sympathizer and helper.

Resolved, That the members of this Bar in respect to his memory will attend the funeral services in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be presented to the Circuit Court for Kent county at its next sitting, with the request that they be entered upon the minutes as a permanent record of the regard and esteem in which the deceased was held by the Bench and Bar; that they be published in the *Kent News* and *Chestertown Transcript;* and that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased with the assurance of our sincere condolence.

EBEN F. PERKINS, Chairman.
MARION DEK. SMITH, Secretary. 1t.

MARRIAGES.

WRIGHT—HAYES.—In Dover, Del., on Tuesday evening, October 7, 1879, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. S. A. Hoblitzell, Dr. EDWIN W. WRIGHT, of Lancaster county, Pa., to ELLA, second daughter of Jacob S. Hayes, Esq., of Dover.

KING—THOMAS.—October 2, 1879, by Rev. J. B. Jones, Rev. T. A. King, of Georgetown, D. C., and Miss IRENE THOMAS, of Baltimore.

DEATHS.

FIDDIS.—In Chestertown, September 28, 1879, SUSIE ELIZABETH, infant daughter of Levi, Jr., and Provie A. Siddis.

NEALL.—Near Union Church, September 26, WALTER R., son of Daniel B. and Rachel A. Neall, aged 1 year, 1 month and 27 days.

REYNOLDS.—October 5th, NELLIE E., youngest daughter of Peter and Annie M. Reynolds—aged 2 years, 2 months and 21 days.

PRICE.—Friday, October 3, 1879, near Crumpton, KATIE PRICE, daughter of John P. and Emily Hartley—aged 19 years.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

WE ADVISE ALL PERSONS in need of

FURNITURE,

BOOTS & SHOES OF ANY DESCRIPTION

Powder & Shot, Segars & Tobacco,

GROCERIES of all Kinds,

Or anything else, to call at

SHAW'S,

ON COURT STREET,

as he is selling Goods at extremely low figures.
October 16, 1879.

Miss Redue

REOPENED HER SCHOOL on Wednesday, October 8th.

TERMS—$10 per quarter for advanced pupils; $6 for second class; and $5 for small children. For the Winter quarter there will be an extra charge of fifty cents per each pupil. Music lessons on the Piano or Organ $10 per quarter.
October 9, 1879—3t.

A CARD.

MISS R. W. WATKINS respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she is prepared to give Music Lessons on the PIANO or ORGAN, and flatters herself that she will be able to give satisfaction to those who may favor her with their patronage. Pupils instructed at her residence, or, if desired, at their homes. Terms moderate.

She refers, by permission, to Mrs. Chas. Lake.
October 9, 1879—tf.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ESTATE OF T. N. TAYMAN.

On application, ordered that G. W. Jacoby, Administrator of T. N. Tayman, late of Kent county, deceased, give notice, by advertisement, that a Final Dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made in this Court, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of November, 1879.

Test: WM. STEVENS, Register of Wills.

NOTICE.—The creditors of T. N. Tayman are notified and requested to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, on or before Tuesday, the 11th day of November, 1879, or they will be excluded from the final dividend in the personal estate.

G. W. JACOBY, Administrator.
Oct. 9, 1879—4t.

LAMPS! LAMPS!! LAMPS!!!

BEAUTIFUL STYLES.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

JUST received one of the finest assortments of Lamps in the county, from 25 cts to $4.50. A good lamp with Argand Burner and White Shade, for only 75 cents—at

SPARK'S,
Opposite Court House.

CHOW-CHOW, Pickles, Extracts, &c., &c., a little lower than you can buy elsewhere—at SPARKS'.

State of Maryland,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Comptroller's Office,
ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 1st, 1879.

IN PURSUANCE of the requirements of section 6, of Article 69, of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended at January Session, 1876, Chapter 206, and which reads as follows:

"That the Comptroller shall furnish each officer of the State, whose accounts are in arrears, at least sixty days prior to a general election, a full statement of his accounts, and in default of his accounting for such deficiencies within thirty days, then it shall be the duty of the Comptroller to have published weekly, for one month, in one or more newspapers, in the county or city in which said defaulters have held, or may be holding office, and in no other newspapers, the names and titles of said officers, with the amount of said deficiences, and the cost of advertisement of the account of each such defaulter may be recovered in the name of the State, against the official bond of such defaulter. But no defaulter, whose accounts have remained unsettled for over five years, shall be advertised."

I herewith publish the following list of accounting officers in Kent County, who are in arrears to the State of Maryland, and liable to publication under said law, together with the amount due by each as of this day.

THOMAS J. KEATING,
Comptroller of the Treasury.

NAME.	year	Principal.	Interest.
Richard H. Corbaley, Late Collector	1877	897.94	11.61
Richard H. Corbaley, Late Collector	1878	1188.53	30.57
H. E. Cooper, Coll'r.	1878	69.78	
Philip Medders, Late Sheriff	1876		
	1877	27.00	2.06
D. C. Blackiston, Clerk. No report since first Monday in March, 1879. Amount of licenses unaccounted for to September 1, 1879, $5,448.00 Protested Checks $089.56		6537.56	

October 9, 1879—1m.

STOVES!

Stoves! Stoves!

We invite the public generally to call at our store and examine our

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

COOK STOVES,

and RANGES,

PARLOR, HALL, OFFICE, SCHOOL HOUSE, STORE, and FIRE-PLACE

HEATERS,

and we guarantee to sell AS LOW and we think LOWER than any house on this Shore. We keep first-class Stoves and purchase direct from the manufacturers, and think we can please in quality and price. Give us a call and be convinced.

A Large Stock of Coal Hods,

Shovels, Pokers, Zinc, Mica, Kitchen Sets, Stove Pipe, Elbows, &c., at J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

FARMERS purchase your Fodder Yars at J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

Roofing, Spouting,

Repairing, and a large assortment Stove Repairs on hand. Stove Brick, Wash Boilers, Steamers, &c., for sale at

Oct. 9, 1879. J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

DO NOT FORGET

OUR NEW 5 CENT CIGAR,

equal to any 5 cent cigar in the United States of America—at SPARKS'.

Mrs. KATE GILL

INTENDING TO CLOSE THE

SHOE BUSINESS,

will dispose of her

Shoe Stock

at a *very small profit, or at cost,* from now to the close of the year. Persons wishing to get their

FALL AND WINTER SHOES

would do well to call before going elsewhere as she is sure she can please. Her stock embraces some of the finest shoes in market, and she also has other qualities suitable for Winter. Good heavy Calf Skin Shoes for boys; complete stock of infants and childrens shoes.

Call and Examine.

Sept. 25, 1879.

SEE! SEE!

J. M. Horning & Co.

ARE NOW PREPARED TO TAKE

PICTURES

OF ALL KINDS

In Chestertown,

at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases; Family Groups a Specialty. Children under four years of age will not be taken after 2 o'clock P. M. Our facilities for taking Views unsurpassed.

STEROPTICAN

and all other views put up in the Best Styles at

THE LOWEST PRICES.

STEROPTIC and other views of "Interiors" of Buildings, Parlors, &c., taken in the

BEST STYLE.

Sept. 25, 1879—2m.

Straughn' Hotel,

CENTREVILLE.

The above Hotel is pleasantly and centrally located on the main street in Centreville, Md. The rooms are comfortable, well furnished and kept scrupulously clean.

THE TABLE will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords, and well served.

The STABLING is large and in good order, and a first-class hostler is always in attendance.

The proprietor gives the house his entire personal supervision, and leaves nothing undone necessary to please those who favor him with their patronage. Terms very moderate.

JAMES H. STRAUGHN.
May 22, 1879

First Premium!

The Celebrated Willoughby Grain & Guano Drill

was awarded the First Premium over Six Competitors at the Kent County Fair this season.

This old reliable Grain and Phosphate Drill has gained the laurels again. All the sample Drills sold on the ground.

Farmers wishing to purchase this Drill had better order at once.

JOHN BELL, Agt.,
Sept. 25. Opp. the Bank.

Time is Money,

SO buy yourself a good CLOCK, cheap, and warranted for one year—at

Sparks'.

B. F. FLEMING,

DEALER IN

GRAIN, LIME, COAL, WOOD.

—AND—

Farming Implements.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR

Wheat, Corn and Oats.

Wanted,

50,000 BUSHELS OF PRIME AMBER WHEAT, EXPRESSLY FOR

Wm. Lea & Son's Brandywine Mills, Wilmington, Delaware.

LIME.

Schuylkill Lime a Specialty.

It will be to your interest to ascertain my prices and easy terms, before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed, and competition defied.

COAL.

Lehigh and Schuylkill Coal sold in car lots ONLY, which runs from five to ten (10) tons each, and by purchasing in this way you avoid dust, dirt, &c. 2240 lbs. to the ton guaranteed.

WOOD.

Oak Wood, delivered at your door, for four dollars per cord.

B. F. FLEMING.
March 27, 1879—y

WHOLESALE. RETAIL.

FRANK D. WATKINS & CO.

Successors to JOHN L. SEARS & CO.

MANUFACTURERS

AND

DEALERS IN

Building Material,

DOORS,

WINDOW SASHES,

BLINDS,

MOULDINGS, ETC.

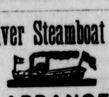
First-Class Work.

LOWEST PRICES AT

51 W. PRATT STREET,

Cor. PATTERTON STREET. BALTIMORE.

Chester River Steamboat Company.



FALL ARRANGEMENT.

On and after the 17th inst. the steamer

B. S. FORD

Will leave Chestertown for Baltimore, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday* at 8 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning will leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock, A. M., making *all* the above stops.

On and after the 17th inst. the steamer

GEO. LAW

Will leave Baltimore for Crumpton, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Kent Island, Queenstown, Grey's Inn, Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's and Chestertown.

Returning, leave Crumpton, 7 A. M., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, making all the above stops.

GEO. WARFIELD, President

Sept. 18, 1879.

STOVES,

PLOW CASTINGS, Etc.

The subscriber having purchased the Foundry Patterns, Stock, &c., of the late Armstrong & Co., combining same with their well known long established business, are prepared to furnish at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, for lower prices than ever, a superior stock of

Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges,

ALSO THEIR POPULAR

Fire-Place Heaters,

which have never as yet been equalled.

Thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to the wants of the public to merit a continuance of the same.

B. C. BIBB & SON,
39 and 41 Light Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Foundry, Port Deposit, Md.

T. W. Eliason, Jr.

INVITES ATTENTION

TO A LARGE STOCK OF

New and Seasonable GOODS,

selected with care and offered at Low Prices.
May 19, 1879.

Dress Linens,

BROCADE LAWNS,

Pongee Silks,

CASHMERE ALPACAS

of latest Spring and Summer Styles, for sale by

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

TRY

OUR

Best Roasted Coffee.

We select the green coffee and have it roasted.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

Choice Teas,

FROM FIFTY CENTS TO $1 00 PER POUND.

A Handsome Chromo

Given with each half-pound package.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

May 22, 1879

WOOD! WOOD!!

Hickory, Oak and Pine.

THE subscriber has purchased 200 cords of the very best seasoned Oak that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $4.50 per cord; sawed and split at low rates.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

KINDLING Wood for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS,
Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertown.
Sept. 4, 1879.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE undersigned is still Agent for the Singer Sewing Machine; and is also prepared to fill orders for any other kind o Sewing Machine that his customers may want.

Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for sale.

Sewing Machines Cleaned and Repaired at his place in Chestertown.

Call and see me, at

J. W. Hines' Agricultural Hardware store.

W. MELVIN.

March 27, 1879.

"Where Can I find the Best Cigars and Tobacco in Town?"

"Why at SPARKS', to be sure, opposite the Court House."

LUMBER.

Thomas Matthews & Son,

Corner of Canton Avenue and Albemarle Street,

OPPOSITE THE PHILADELPHIA DEPOT, AND No. 18 NORTH HIGH ST., BALTIMORE.

White Pine and Yellow Pine Lumber for Building,

DRESSED LUMBER AND FLOORING,

SHINGLES, LATHS, PALES, etc.,

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

THE POPPLEIN

Silicated Phosphate Co.

MANUFACTURERS

Of the only complete Mineral Fertilizer.

No Refuse Organic Matter.

Contains every mineral ingredient removed from the soil by cropping. Does not burn the plant. Feeds and does not exhaust the land. Contains one-third more bulk than any other Fertilizer. Is fine, light, dry and drills beautifully, no clogging and no time lost in cleaning the drill. It is entirely free from odor and can be handled without offence.

FOR WHEAT.

This Fertilizer will grow more Wheat to the acre, under same circumstances, than any other. The grain will be larger, plumper, heavier and will bring more money in the market or at the mill. The roots will be longer, stronger and more numerous, thus affording protection against winter killing. The straw will be stiffer and stronger and will not lodge under ordinary storms or on bottom lands as with other fertilizers.

FOR GRASS

It has no equal. The good effects of the application will be evident for years. Plants grown with this fertilizer will resist any ordinary drought, remaining green and vigorous when others are parched. Grass lands, on which this article alone has been used, will be free from weeds. A liberal application of this fertilizer will increase the productive capacity of the land, as it contains no stimulants, but is entirely solid plant food. The ingredients are available Phosphoric Acid, Silicic Acid, Potash, Soda and Magnesia, which are in the form best adapted to the needs of the plant and far superior in condition to any other fertilizer.

After the fertilizer is removed, the bags can be used to hold anything, without damage. Packed in good strong bags of 200 lbs. each.

It has been used the past season by some of our most intelligent farmers, and in a number of cases tests were made with other leading fertilizers, where the wheat was cut and threshed separately, and the result was decidedly in favor of the POPPLEIN in each case.

S. H. Blackiston,
Agent, Clerk's Office, Chestertown, Md.

Successful Wheat Growing.

The Popplein Silicated Phosphate.

If asked to define successful wheat growing I should describe it as that which regularly puts money into the pocket of the grower. To accomplish this continuously, good crops must be produced. It will not do to have an extra yield occasionally and a half crop or less at other times. The loss for the poor year eats up the profits for the good ones. No question connected with successful culture is of more interest than that of the Fertilizers to be applied. With scarcely an exception, wherever I have heard of our Phosphate being applied alongside of other Phosphate, the result is in favor of ours.

I will refer you to gentlemen that made tests last fall in Kent county, Md.:

TEST MADE BY MR. WM. H. STEWART, near Chestertown, for the benefit of the Worton Agricultural Club. He used his own make, Turner's Excelsior, Horner, and Popplien Silicated Phosphate. Excepting the "home make," the Popplien phosphate produced very much the largest yield.

MR. GEORGE S. DEIHL made a trial between the Popplein and other Phosphates and the result of the trial was decidedly in favor of the Popplein.

DEL PENNEL, ESQ., used Popplein along side of 250 lbs. ground Animal Bone and 150 lbs. Sun Guano, making 400 lbs. per acre, and the Popplein produced 1½ bushels per acre more than the Animal Bone and Guano mixed. I refer to Ed. Biddle and Mr. Pennel, on the property lately purchased by Mr. Pennel of Mr. T. W. Hynson. The public say that the crop produced by his fertilizer this year, there, is far the best production that they ever saw on the Hynson property.

MR. H. CLAY LUSBY made a trial alongside of his home-made fertilizer which cost him thirty-three dollars per ton and other fertilizers, and the result was favorable to the Popplein.

JAS. A. PEARCE, ESQ., Chestertown, in his trial says, it produced a larger yield than any other and he is so much pleased that he intends to use only the Popplein and Emory's Bone & Potash.

MR. THOMAS. BAKER, NEAR CHESTERTOWN, in his test with other phosphate, says, the Popplein produced three bushels per acre more than the others, stood up better, and drilled better.

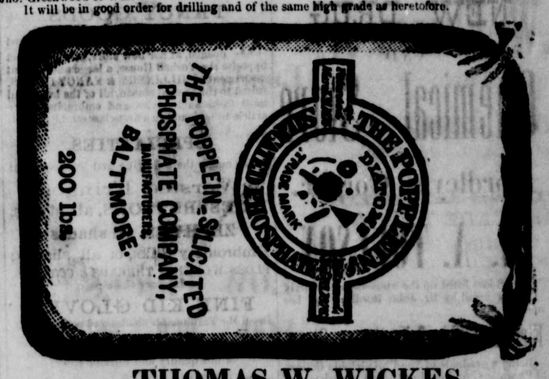
JOHN SCOTTON, near Masseys X Roads, in his trial, says it produced more wheat per acre, stood up better, weighed 63½ lbs. per bushel, and of brighter color.

MR. SAMUEL ROSEBERY near Kennedyville, produced 27½ bushels per acre. He is very much pleased with the results of the Popplein—says it drills well, and if the fly had not cut part of the field, thinks he would have gotten 33 to 35 bushels per acre.

MR. WASHINGTON PRICE, near Kennedyville, in his trial, says, shortly after seeding began to see the superiority of the Popplein Silicated Phosphate develop itself until it far surpassed all the other kinds he used.

REFERENCES:—J. A. Wickes, J. A. Pearce, G. W. T. Perkins, Geo. Vickers, P. B. Wilmer, H. W. Carvill, Wm. Ford, Wm Stewart, Abe. Hurlock, W. Kin Hudson, Thos. Baker, J. M. J. Byron, Josh. Copper, F. H. Dill, Jos. Trew, C. W. Spry, Del Pennel, Ed. Biddle, Jno. Greenwood of Wm.

It will be in good order for drilling and of the same high grade as heretofore.



THOMAS W. WICKES,
AGENT, CHESTERTOWN, KENT CO. MD.

All orders left at my Drug Store will be promptly attended to.
August 21, 1879. T. W. W

LONDON

Horse and Cattle,

FOOD

IS GUARNTEED

To renew Youth,
To prevent Disease
To produce Flesh,
To prevent and cure Colic,
To prevent Heaves and Broken Wind,
To cure Coughs and Colds,
To cure Epizootic and Influenza,
To cure Glanders,
To kill Botts and Worms,
To loosen the Hide,
To lay the Hair,
To clean the Blood,

If used according to Directions.

Put up in Boxes and for sale by

C. F. STAM, Chestertown, Agent.

COPY OF ORIGINAL TESTIMONIALS.

Baltimore, Jan. 31, 1879.

Mr. J. S. KNAPP—*Sir:*—I have made a thorough test of the London Food and recommend it to the public as a good Improvement Food for horses. I will use it in preference to any condition powders I know of.

[They have 300 head of horses.]

Respectfully, E. PRICE,
Supt. of Citizens Line, Street R. R.

Carrollton, Feb. 11, 1879.

JOHN S. KNAPP—*Sir:*—Having used the London Horse and Cattle Food on both my horses and cows, I cheerfully recommend it to the public as a good condition for the horse and a profitable condiment for cattle, as it will cause cows to give more milk and make at least 20 per cent more butter than any condition powders I ever used. Hoping this will induce my friends to try it, after which I am convinced they will bear the same testimony as to its merits as I do.

Yours Respectfully,
March 6, 1879. JACOB V. HOFF.

DO YOU KNOW

You can buy fine Stationery very cheap

AT STAM'S DRUG STORE?

Writing Paper at 6 cents per quire, Envelopes at 5 cents per package, and beautiful Boxes of Paper from 10 cents up! July 31

LIBB'S COMPRESSED COOKED CORNED BEEF, 20c. per lb.—at BELL'S.

GUM SHOES, for Ladies, Misses and Gents. Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! at J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.

GALENA

Tin Stove and

HARDWARE STORE.

THE undersigned hereby announces to the citizens of Kent and adjoining counties that he constantly keeps on hand, at his old-established stand in Galena,

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK