The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning Dec. 4, 1879.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

THE forty-sixth Congress began its session last Monday.

PROF. LINCK, who gained considerable notoriety in connection with the Conkling-Sprague affair, has again brought himself before the public by sueing Mrs. Sprague for two hundred and forty dollars, the amount of salary due him as tutor to Mrs. Sprague's son.

THE President's message, which was sent to Congress on Monday, was published on Sunday in one New York and two Chicago dailies, and on Monday morning before Congress had assembled, it was published by the leading dailies throughout the country. The manuscript of the message was stolen and copies sold to the papers that published it on Sunday.

THE *Morning Herald* of Baltimore has proven so much of a success, that the owners now also publish an evening paper under the title of *The Evening Herald*. The *Herald*, though in its youth, is full of enterprise and push. It seems to have taken firm root and to give promise of a healthy, vigorous future. The *Herald* is the cheapest paper published in Baltimore. It is retailed at a penny per copy, and its subscription rate is only three dollars per annum.

WILLIAM H. VANDERBILT has disposed of $15,000,000 worth of New York Central R. R. Stock to J. Gould and a syndicate of New York bankers. Vanderbilt owned $52,000,000 out of the total $80,000,000 of stock of the New York Central road. He holds $10,000,000 more of stock at the option of the Syndicate, which, when disposed of, will reduce his interest in the road to $27,000,000. The reason that Mr. Vanderbilt assigns for desiring to dispose of so much stock, is that he may be relieved of the responsibility of exercising entire control of the road. Since the sale, Central stock has risen.

IT is claimed that Edison has finally perfected the electric light, and that on Christmas Eve his success will be demonstrated by lighting up Menlo Park, the town in which he has conducted his experiments. Edison gave to the public his other great inventions in such rapid succession, that when it was reported that he had commenced experiments for the purpose of utilizing electricity as a light giving agency, people looked upon Edison as such a prodigy that they expected that in the course of two weeks or a month the electric light would be as much a success as are the Telephone and the Phonograph. Gas stocks took a tremendous tumble. But two weeks, a month and six months passed, and Edison was still working away at his electric light. People grew impatient, lost faith, and gas stocks went up again. Scientific men said it was impossible to divide the electric current, so that instead of giving one powerful concentrated light it should give a great number of lesser lights. Thomas Edison may or may not demonstrate on Christmas eve that he has been successful in utilizing electricity as a lighting agency, but even in event of failure, he is to be honored rather than to be sneered at. The world owes him as an inventor a great deal already, and if he fails in this undertaking, he should be honored for his untiring and continued efforts to give the world the benefits of another great discovery. We believe, however, that sooner or later Edison will be successful in his efforts. We know little of the difficulties involved, which scientific men have pronounced impossibilities, but we have a great faith in the genius of Thomas Edison. Edison says that the gas companies may reduce to one half their rates and then reduce to one half again and yet he will be able to furnish a cheaper and better light. Let us hope that in less than twenty-four months, Chestertown may be lighted by electricity.

THE President's Message was sent to Congress on Monday. The topics which he discusses are the finances, and the financial condition of the country, polygamy, the elections, civil service reform, our relations with foreign countries, the Mexican border raids, the condition of Alaska, the army and navy and other branches of the government. The amount of the national debt which matures in less than two years and which now bears interest at the rates of 5 and 6 per cent. he thinks can be refunded by issuing bonds bearing 4 per cent. interest, which would be a saving of $10,000,000 per annum to the treasury. He advises the strict enforcement of the laws prohibiting polygamy in the territory of Utah, and recommends that more comprehensive and more searching methods for preventing as well as punishing this crime be provided. He devotes a very considerable portion of his message to a discussion of the civil service.

He seems not yet to have abandoned his purpose of civil service reform. He insists that appointments to official position should be made alone on the grounds of fitness, and for the purpose of ascertaining the fitness of applicants, a civil service examining board should be maintained. Our relations with the various nations are reviewed, and the issues pending between the United States and other countries mentioned. He expresses gratification that he is able to announce a decrease of the border depredations between the United States and Mexico, through the energetic action of the military commanders of each nation located on either side of the Rio Grande. He gives a review of the reports of the various cabinet officers and recommends appropriations for various purposes; among others, one for the completion of the national monument to General Washington.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS:

The New York *Sun* says of the message:

"It is destitute of any great or important suggestion on any subject whatever, and mainly tattles about getting more money for one thing or another, under one pretext or another, out of the country."

The New York *Herald* says:

"The message is a plain and unambitious document, which conveys in a clear, straightforward manner the views of the President on the present state of the country. It has a higher merit than force of diction and intellectual astuteness—the great merit of steady and honest adherence to sound principles without vacillation or trimming, or any of the shiftiness which bends to a false expediency. We have some abler men in public life than President Hayes, but none who excels him in that rectitude of understanding which proceeds rather from the moral than the intellectual side of human nature, and which is the chief safeguard against ingenious and plausible error."

New York *Tribune:*

"The message is dignified in tone and entirely free from partisanship, but its recital in facts and its recommendations cannot fail to strengthen public confidence in the party by which the President was chosen. The comments and recommendations of the message will in the main be approved by the country as eminently judicious and patriotic."

New York *Times:*

"That part of the President's message which relates to the currency fulfills the highest expectations of his friends. It is clear, positive, and in its essentials conclusive. Mr. Sherman's references to the same subject, while equally positive on two points, lack the conclusiveness which is necessary to the complete efficacy of his suggestions."

The New York *World* publishes the message without comment, but says: "When Congress meets today it may be worth while for some members in one house or the other to enliven the usual dullness of a first day by moving that an inquiry be made into the way in which a message addressed to Congress has got itself delivered to all the country beside before Congress receives it."

Philadelphia *Times:*

"The message is commonplace, even to stupidity, and fully one-third of it is made up of the insincere and borrowed platitudes on civil service reform. There is not to be found in it a single original suggestion or a paragraph that displays the qualities of the statesman."

The Baltimore *Sun* says:

"The message is clearly and plainly written, and reviews all the national affairs in an exhaustive way. The country will probably be surprised to find that the subject of civil service reform, which it was generally supposed had been abandoned, still occupies such a large space in the President's thoughts. His remarks and his recommendations in regard to the treatment of the currency will be generally welcomed and applauded as resting upon the soundest financial principles, and the tone of the message is throughout conciliatory and conservative."

The Baltimore *Gazette* says:

"It is a very commonplace and uninteresting document. But for the high official character, so-called, of its author it would scarcely be worth the space which it occupies."

The Baltimore *American* says:

"Altogether the message is a very able and satisfactory public document."

THE HANGING OF MEDFORD WATERS.

To-morrow is the day upon which Medford Waters is to be hung. Sheriff Bolden has determined for the reasons given in his appended card, to make the execution public:

The following particulars were clipped from the *Cecil Democrat:*

MEDFORD WATERS—TO THE PUBLIC

There has been much discussion in regard to whether the execution of Medford Waters should take place in the jail yard or at the alms house.

After hearing the opinion of very many of our citizens in all parts of the county, I have come to the conclusion to make the following statement, believing it better to let the people know exactly what will be done, so that those who wish to witness the execution will know exactly what time to come, and where to go, and prevent a crowd assembling in our town on that morning:

He will be taken from the jail at 10 o'clock A. M., and taken directly to the alms house property. I will execute him in public for the following reasons: The warrant for his execution, which has been published, implies that he shall be executed outside of the jail. That settles that point. Many ladies of our town including my wife, and all who live near the jail, have earnestly requested that I shall take him away from the town to execute him. I find, after riding all over the county, that at least four out of every five persons are in favor of a public execution, thereby setting an example which will prevent, in a great measure, the crime of murder, which has become so common an occurrence in our county of late.

There are now in our jail five persons of unsound mind, and to put up a scaffold and execute a man where they would be compelled to see or hear it done, might do them much injury. Waters would be compelled, in a measure, to witness the building of the scaffold, and could not help hearing the noise incident thereto. I consulted him to-day, and he requested me not to build the scaffold in the jail yard, but put it where he would not see it until he was taken there.

No more visitors, except Waters' spiritual advisers, will be admitted to the jail from this date until the 6th of December. There will positively be no one admitted to the jail on the 5th.

I hereby forewarn all persons that, if there is any misbehavior in Elkton on the day of execution, either before or after it takes place, I will cause to be arrested all so offending and put them in jail, no matter who they may be.

I will have a guard sufficient to keep order on that day, and I am determined that no one shall have cause to say that I did not perform my duty.

I earnestly request that all who come to witness the execution, in view of the painful duty I have to perform, will show their respect for me and the citizens of our town by their good conduct.

W. T. BOULDEN,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Nov. 28th, 1879.

Waters' mother visited him for the last time on Wednesday and spent some time in conversation with him in his cell in the presence of the Sheriff. She is a mulatto while the son is quite dark, but there is a striking resemblance in their features. Neither seemed affected or to realize the fact that death would soon separate them. On taking her leave the mother urged the son to pray, to look to the Lord and put his trust in Him.—Medford earnestly requested his mother to write to him, which she promised to do.

Peninsula News.

Bishop Andrew will preside at the coming Methodist Conference at Dover.

New Castle county, Del., has ten divorce cases to settle at the coming term of court.

A packing house that will hold one hundred tons of canned fruit is being built in Milford.

The nine Eastern Shore counties gave Hamilton exactly 5,000 majority. The only majority against him was 46 in Somerset.

Among the retiring officers in Dorchester county is Colonel Francis J. Henry, who has been Clerk of the Circuit Court for twenty-eight years.

Col. Hughlett, the efficient fish commissioner for the Eastern Shore, has recently distributed about 500 carp in ponds in Caroline and the ajoining counties.

Archibald Satterfield, who lived near Bridgeville, Del., stuck a nail in his foot some time ago, and died the other day from blood poisoning caused by the bit of iron.

It is fashionable in Elkton for young men to promise to marry and then skip the town. Two gay deceivers have got themselves out of trouble in that way recently.

The lecture, entitled "Problem of Life," delivered at Dover last Thursday night week, by Theodore Tilton, was, says the *Delawarean*, well rendered, and highly appreciated by the audience.

The trial of Jesse L. Woodcock, who was indicted in Talbot county for arson, in setting fire to his jewelry store has been moved to Caroline county, it will probably take place during the April term. Major Wm. E. Stewart will defend him and J. W. Bryant, Esq., will represent the State.

When Milford, Del., girls start out on a church begging expedition, they don't stop for trifles. Two of Milford's finest lasses asked a merchant for a contribution. He offered to give 3 lbs. of sugar and ¼ lb. of tea, providing the girls would let him squeeze each one and kiss them. They immediately closed the contract, and the merchant did up the job for them and weighed out the sugar and tea.

Colonel William Fiske Townsend, editor of the Sussex *Journal*, formerly the official paper in the county, died at Lincoln, Nebrasks, on Monday. Col. Townsend removed to Georgetown, from Easton, Md., just after the war and founded the *Journal*. A few years ago he was made Clerk of the Peace of the county and his removal from that office last winter caused a sensation in the State.

The firm of Richardson & Robbins sometime ago advertised for poultry. Last Tuesday morning, from the corner of Loockerman street near Reed street, was filled with carriages, wagons and carts, loaded with poultry of all kinds.—They paid out, we understand, four thousand dollars, and were compelled to turn away several loads on account of having more than they could well use at one time. On Monday they expended eleven hundred dollars for the same. This establishment not only benefits the farmer by buying up his poultry, but gives employment to about two hundred hands, men, women and children.—*Delawarean.*

NEWS IN GENERAL.

Germany is now overrun with beggars.

Campanini is a veritable harmonious blacksmith—he once shod horses in Parma.

The Leadville Chronicle says that most of those most prominent in business there are Jews.

Nearly all the leading Liberals except Gladstone have been visiting Lord Derby at Knowsley.

A terra-cotta cylinder of Cyrus has reached England. It describes his genealogy and entrance into Babylon.

The historic *via sacra* at Rome is in process of repavement. The original pavement was of polygon blocks of basaltic marble.

"Oh, do let me go and tell mamma," was what the Princess Royal of England said when she heard that she had a new little sister.

Belgians are still protesting against the eternal ringing of convent bells. In some cases the municipal authorities have taken up the question and gone to law against the convents with success.

Mrs. W. Bright Morris, a granddaughter of Leigh Hunt, died on the 30th ult. at Highgate, at the early age of 25 years. Mrs. Morris was a writer of promise, and had contributed stories to the magazines.

A radical English paper lately offered a prize of two guineas for the best possible English Liberal Cabinet. There were 700 competitors; 350 gave the Premiership to Mr. Gladstone, 250 to Lord Hartington, and 94 to Lord Granville.

To saw and split wood, carry water, coal, and wood, plough, harrow and thresh, and in cities sweep the streets, are, says the Tagwacht, among the avocations of a German woman.

Two of the last, if not positively the last, contemporaries of Burns in Dumfries died almost simultaneously last week—Mrs. McKie, at the age of 92, and Mr. William Gordon, at the age of 97. Both until recently remembered and spoke of the poet's funeral.

In a sterile tract of country between Dar-es-Salaam and Nyswasswa the elephants attached to the Belgian elephant expedition marched uninterruptedly without food for forty-two hours and without water for thirty-five hours, each animal carrying at the time burdens weighing 12 cwt.

Denis Kearney threatened to break up a meeting in San Francisco if he had to wade knee deep in blood to do it; but when arrested by a very small policeman for disorderly conduct he submitted with lamb-like meekness, and would not permit his followers to raise a finger in his behalf.

According to the Providence Journal Boston now has its own Worth in the person of Mr. Parcher, formerly a clerk in a dry goods house.—During a visit to Paris he became acquainted with the great man milliner, who suggested that he would do wisely to start a similar trade in Boston.

Mr. Geo. H. Boughton writes to the Art Interchange to say that while he is a native of England, he was a mere baby when his family removed to America; that he has spent some twenty-five years in the United States, and that he always speaks of himself as an American artist born in England.

The San Francisco Courier says that 60,000 acres in that State are under grapes. A great deal of California wine is mixed with French vin ordinaire and sold as French wine in New York. It is said to be perfectly wholesome, palatable, and cheap, being sold at second-class French restaurants at 15 cents the pint.

It is now proposed in Paris to substitute for the despatch of letters miniature railroads, with trains run by electricity, in place of pneumatic tubes. Satisfactory experiments have been made. The pneumatic plan has long been in use by the London Post Office, but does not seem to have found favor in this country.

A chemist at Detroit has been examining the water of that city, and finds in it "various species of diatoms, such as the Nitzschia curvula, Cymatopleura solea, Cymatopleura elliptica, Stauroneis punctata, Pleurosigma spencerii, and and Rhizosolenia Eriensis." The inhabitants may exclaim with Hood, "Lave in it, drink of it then if you can."

The fifth volume of the Parliamentary Discourses of M. Thiers brings him down to the year 1841. The last two volumes contains the speeches from 1837 to 1841. At this rate it will be seen that Thiers's speeches, brought to the date of his death, will form a library in themselves, which only a resolute reader will ever wade through.

A special school of diplomacy is to be established at the Vatican.—Its object will be to make known to ecclesiasical students the history of Pontifical diplomacy from the original documents preserved in the archives of the Vatican, and it will thus be intimately connected with the Vatican library, which is under the charge of Cardinal Hergenrother.

The last fine old English mansion burnt down is Marden Park, in Surrey, a place of historic interest alluded to by Evelyn in his memoirs. It was built by an eminent Lord Mayor, Sir R. Clayton, in 1680, and was a very fine specimen of the period. It belongs to Sir Wm. Clayton, but is let. A year or two ago it was occupied by Mr. Puleston, M. P., Mr. Jay Cooke's partner.

The Great Council of Berne has requested the Government to prepare a scheme for the execution of public works, with a view to provide employment for the destitute of the canton during the coming winter. Of a dozen glass and iron-melting works that a few years ago were in active operation in the Bernese Jura, all but two are entirely closed, and these two are said to be working at a loss, finding it impossible to compete with foreign manufacturers.

The London Daily News correspondent at St. Petersburg sends some details as to the proposed railway from Orenburg to Tashkend.—The purely strategical line will be 1,650 miles in length, and will cost according to the Russian journal, £11,500 a mile, making a total expenditure of nearly £20,000,000. That it can pay interest on its cost within any reasonable period is impossible; but this is to be remedied by the guarantee of 5 per cent. interest by a Russian railroad bank. Altogether, the scheme is not likely to tempt European capitalists.

A private letter from Natal says that Mr. Vyn, the Dutch trader who remained at Ulundi during the war, is engaged in writing, for publication in England, his story of the war, including an account of all that occurred during his detention with Cetywayo. He intends to write the body of the work in Dutch, and the conversation of the king in Zulu. Some portion of Mr. Vyn's narrative has been published in a London journal, but it is said to form only a small part of what he has actually written. The entire story will, it is believed shed much light upon the proceedings of Cetywayo, Mr. John Dunn, and other notabilities.

The Germans are much disappointed that the natives of Alsace do not make more use of the University of Strasburg. Very few of the students belong to the province at all, and of those who do, the majority are sons of Germans who have settled in the country since its annexation. Native Alsatians still prefer, as a rule, to have their sons educated in France. It is remarked that the Strasburg students are more sedate in manner and work harder than those of any other German university. For this reason it is frequented by young men who have "verbummelt" for several years elsewhere, and who, at the close of their university career, wish to make up for lost time.

GRAIN OF THE ATLANTIC PORTS.—The New York Tribune, in its business article for Thanksgiving Day, furnished some interesting comparisons in regard to the grain trade of the year from January 1 to November 25, as compared with the same period of 1878. The total receipts of grain at the four ports for this year up to the date named have been 237,023,860 bushels, against 206,437,317 bushels for the same time last year. The increase amounts to 30,586,543 bushels, *of which New York gained only 5,585,555 bushels, while Baltimore gained* 17,591,707 *bushels*, Philadelphia 5,371,783 bushels, and Boston 2,047,548 bushels. Thus, while New York only received a little over 18 *per cent.* of the increment, Baltimore was advantaged to the extent of 57 *per cent.*—*Baltimore Sun.*

New Advertisements.

NOW OPENING
AT
Sparks'
OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

One of the Largest and most attractive stocks of
CHRISTMAS GOODS
ever seen in Chestertown.

SILVER PLATED WARE.—Casters, Butter Dishes, Pickle Stands, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Napkin Rings, Mugs, Goblets, Syrup Cups, Tea and Table Spoons—all *Triple Plate.*

BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE.—Toilet Sets, Vases, Mantle Ornaments, of various kinds.

BEAUTIFUL CLOCKS!
HANDSOME LAMPS!!

FINE GLASSWARE.—Goblets, Tumblers, Mugs, Glass Bowls, Covered Dishes, Celery Glasses, Butter Dishes, &c.

Toys, Toys, Toys.
FANCY PAPER IN BOXES.

A full stock of choice Confectionery, Nuts, Fruits, Chow-chow, Pickles, Canned Goods, Mustards, Sauces, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—Having a large stock of Cigars, we will sell them by the box at greatly reduced prices.

Be sure and call before buying your goods. We intend to sell everything very low.

Remember the place!

SPARKS',
Dec. 4, 1879. Opp. Court House.

BIBB'S
"New Baltimore,"
THE ONLY GENUINE
FIRE-PLACE HEATER.

UNEXCELLED.

Manufactured by B. C. BIBB & SON, Inventors and Patentees, Baltimore, Md.

Special features and recommendations of Bibb's New Baltimore Fire-Place Heater:

1st. Manufactured in Baltimore, where invented and perfected.

2d. *All the inside parts can be inserted without removing heater from fire-place.*

3d. The room in which it is placed will always be comfortable, as it sets well out of the fire-place, and has *entire front radiation*, thus giving more heat in lower room than any other.

4th. It has the celebrated *Solid Side Centre Grate*, by which the clinker can be removed *without disturbing the fire*, besides this peculiar style of grate lasts longer than any other.

5th. It is arranged to *drop ashes* into cellar when so desired.

6th. *It makes no dust* when shaking grate, thus saving furniture and carpets.

7th. It is the *latest and newest style*, and the only Heater that meets the wants of the public in *all particulars.*

Before you buy a Cook Stove, come and see the "New Regulator," a cook stove with revolving top, thus saving the lifting of pots and kettles when you wish to change their position on the stove.

Other styles of First-Class Cook Stoves and Ranges, constantly on hand.

Those in want of a first-class Parlor or Dining room stove, should not buy until they have seen the HEXIGON, a new stove, of new style, with all the improvements of grate and draught.

LARD CANS for sale cheap.

J. W. HINES.
Dec. 4, 1879.

HEALTH · STRENGTH · HAPPINESS
IRON BITTERS

IRON BITTERS, A Great Tonic.
IRON BITTERS, A Sure Appetizer.
IRON BITTERS, A Complete Strengthener.
IRON BITTERS, A Valuable Medicine.
IRON BITTERS, Not Sold as a Beverage.
IRON BITTERS, For Delicate Females.

Highly recommended to the public for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient TONIC; especially in *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc.* It enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. To the aged, ladies, and children requiring recuperation, this valuable remedy can not be too highly recommended. *It acts like a charm* on the digestive organs. A teaspoonful before meals will remove all dyspeptic symptoms.

TRY IT.

Sold by all Druggists.
THE BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
BALTIMORE, Md.

VENDUE.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court for Kent county, the undersigned, as administrator of Jno. S. Hurlock, dec'd., will sell at the late residence of his intestate, near Chesterville, on

WEDNESDAY,
The 10th day of December,
1879, his PERSONAL PROPERTY, consisting in part, of

8 HEAD OF HORSES,
1 Pair of Mules,
2 two-year-old COLTS,
EIGHT READ OF MILCH COWS,
4 Yearlings,
A PEN OF FATTENING HOGS,
LOT OF FINE SHOATS,
40 head of Sheep,
25 or 30 Tons of Clover and Timothy Mixed Hay;
LOT OF BLADE FODDER;

1 Double Carriage, 1 Buggy Wagon, 1 Wagon, 1 Ox Cart, 1 Dearborn, 1 Peach Wagon, 1 Pelton Horse Power, 1 Wheat Drill, 1 Wood's Reaper, 1 Buckeye Reaper and Mower combined, nearly new; 1 Horse Rake, lot of Cultivators, Plows, &c., and a large collection of Carriage and Wagon Harness and Plow Gears. A quantity of

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

an enumeration of which is not deemed necessary.

☞ The sale will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M., by reading the Terms of Sale, which will be liberal.

J. J. HURLOCK,
Administrator of J. S. Hurlock.
Nov. 20, 1879—tds.

BLANK BOOKS.

DAY BOOKS, Ledgers, Journals, Pass Books, Memorandums and Composition Books, exceedingly low—at C. F. STAM'S.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE. The Board of County Commissioners will meet at their office on TUESDAY, THE 16TH INST., to appoint CONSTABLES in the several Election Districts of Kent county. By order of Board.

T. W. RUSSELL,
Dec. 4, 1879—2t. Clerk.

Christmas Goods.

WE are now receiving a fine lot of Holiday Goods, consisting, in part, of

RAISINS, FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON, PRUNES, NUTS of all kinds,

CANNED GOODS.

Brandy Peaches, Pine Apples, Peaches, Pears, Lima Beans, Tomatoes, &c.

Mince Meat and Apple Butter, by the pound or bucket.

An assortment of French and common Candies, Crackers and Cakes.

Toys and Dolls.

Toys, a great variety. Chinaware; Tin and Wooden Wagons and Carts.

PARLOR CROQUET, Stereoscopes and Views, Games of all kinds, Checkers, Dominoes, &c., and all the new things of the Holidays, now ready and for sale by

V. BURGESS,
Dec. 4, 1879—tf. Opp. the Bank.

FORD'S
New 99c. Store,
33 W. Baltimore st.

THE GREAT BAZAAR FOR
Holiday Goods.

THOUSANDS OF USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL ARTICLES, AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

Baltimore, Dec. 4, 1879—4t.

NOTICE.

Attractive, Beautiful and Cheap!

Triple Plated
Silverware
of the
FINEST MANUFACTURE,
at
STAMS' DRUG STORE!

Card Receivers,
Cake Baskets,
Casters,
FRUIT and FLOWER STANDS,
JELLY BOWLS,
NAPKIN RINGS,
SPOONS, KNIVES,
FORKS, BUTTER DISHES

And many other useful articles, all of which are executed in the most beautiful and artistic designs.

The above goods have been purchased direct from the largest manufactory in this country. They are sold at their prices and the quality guaranteed.

COLIN F. STAM,
Dec. 4, 1879. Druggist.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY ORDER of the Orphans' Court of Kent County, the undersigned, administrator of John Dwyer, deceased, will sell at his late residence, near Worton Station, on

FRIDAY,
DECEMBER 12th, 1879,
commencing at 10 o'clock,

all the personal property of said deceased, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture;

the usual Tools and Implements required for the use of a large farm. Among them may be named

OX CARTS, WAGONS, WHEAT DRILL, REAPER, MOWER, FAN, CORN SHELLER; a DEARBORN, BUGGY, &c.

STOCK.

TWO YOKE OF OXEN,
1 YOUNG DURHAM BULL,
SEVEN COWS,
(some of them fresh)
8 HEAD of YOUNG STEERS, HEIFERS, &c.
8 Head Horses;
6 SHOATS;

and a lot of
SLAUGHTERED HOGS.

TERMS.—All sums of ten dollars and under, cash; all sums over ten dollars a credit of nine months, for approved endorsed notes, bearing interest from day of sale.

The property not to be removed until the terms are complied with.

W. N. E. WICKES,
Nov. 20, 1879—tds. Administrator.

Mill Property
AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED, under and by virtue of the power contained in the Mortgage to him from Henry A. Anthony and Sarah E. Anthony, of October 25th, 1876, and recorded among the Land Records for Kent county, State of Maryland, in Liber D. C. B., No. 2, folios 373, &c., will sell at Public Sale, at the Hotel in Galena.

ON SATURDAY,
The 6th of December, 1879,

at 11 o'clock A. M., the property mentioned and described in said mortgage, the same being all

That Mill
AND MILL SEAT,

and premises, waters and water-courses, situated in the First Election District of Kent county aforesaid, adjoining the lands of John M. Armstrong and others, and

Contains 56 Acres,

more or less, including the Pond and streams. The water supply is fair, and the Mill has had a good run of work.

The improvements are a GRIST MILL, DWELLING, AND OUT-BUILDINGS.

TERMS OF SALE: cash on the day of sale, or at the time of its final ratification, according to the seller's option.

WM. A. MILLER,
R. HYNSON, Atty. Mortgagee.
Nov. 13, 1879—tds.

WHEN YOU BUY
YOUR FALL OR WINTER
GROCERIES
Get them from the long-established house of
Thomas L. Reese,
(In operation since 1835.)
207 and 209 W. Pratt St., Balto., Md., where the best goods obtainable can be had at the *lowest possible prices.*
Nov. 27, 1879—8t.

THE BEAUTY is by far the best 2 for 5cts. Cigar in town. Found only at SPARKS'.

Auditor's Notice.

WILLIAM VANNORT,
vs.
JOHN E. RINGGOLD.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR KENT COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate mentioned in the foregoing cause, to produce their claims, properly authenticated according to law, before me, within sixty days from the date of this notice.

E. F. PERKINS,
Nov. 20, 1879—4t. Auditor.

NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE A
GRAND Opening
OF
Silver Plated Ware
AT
C. F. STAM'S
DRUG STORE
ON NOVEMBER 20th.

The public are cordially invited.

C. F. STAM,
Nov. 13, 1879. Druggist.

DO not fail to try our "Key West" 5 cent Cigar—at SPARKS',

Kent Co., Smyrna & Del. Bay R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Connecting with Delaware Rail Road at Clayton.

LEAVE GOING NORTH.	A. M. Passenger No. 1. Daily.	P. M. Mixed. No. 3. Thur'dy.
Chestertown	8 15	3 00
Worton	8 30	3 15
Lynch's	8 40	3 25
Still Pond	8 45	3 30
Kennedyville	9 00	3 45
Blacks	9 10	4 00
Lambson	9 20	4 10
Masseys	9 35	4 25
*Delanys	9 50	4 40
*Bingham	10 00	4 50
arr Clayton	10 15	5 00
leave "	10 22	5 58
" Middletown	11 56	6 05
" Wilmington	12 13 p m	7 20
arr Philadelphia	1 15	8 55

GOING SOUTH.	Passenger No. 2. Daily ex. Th'y	Mixed No. 4.	Pass'gr No. 5. Th'sdy
LEAVE	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
New York	8 15	4 20	1 00
Baltimore	10 00	6 15	3 00
Philadelphia	11 45	8 00	5 15
Wilmington	1 05 p m	9 15	6 35
Middletown	2 10	10 21	7 45
arr Clayton	2 34	10 51	8 13
leave "	2 40	11 00	8 20
arr *Binghams	2 55	11 15	8 35
*Delanys	3 05	11 25	8 45
Masseys	3 20	11 40	9 00
Lambson	3 35	11 55	9 15
Blacks	3 45	15 05 p m	9 25
Kennedyville	3 55	12 15	9 35
Still Pond	4 05	12 24	9 46
Lynchs	4 13	12 34	9 53
Worton	4 20	12 44	10 00
arr Chestertown	4 25	1 00	10 15

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.

Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.

The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.

Passengers on morning train to and from Baltimore change cars at Wilmington or Delaware Junction.

☞ Trains run on Philadelphia time, which is 5 minutes faster than Baltimore time.

Round-trip tickets to Baltimore from all points on Kent Road $5 good for 4 days.

FRED. GERKER,
Nov. 13, 1879. Lessee.

FIRST GRAND
Walking Match
OF THE SEASON,
At TOWN HALL,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.,
Commencing Christmas Eve at 2 o'clock, December 24th, 1879, continuing 36 hours.

Three Grand Prizes---$200, 100, 50
12 *Contestants*, 150 *Miles.*

Parties wishing to enter will send in their applications on or before Dec. 20, 1879.

This Walking Match will be in every particular, first-class. The strictest order will be maintained. Admission 50 cents. Refreshments sold on the inside of Hall.

Address,
J. W. BORDLEY,
GEO. W. HYNSON,
Managers, Chestertown, P. O. Kent Co., Md.
Oct. 30, 1879.

SMOKE "Key West" 5 cent cigar—for sale at SPARKS'.

OUR new "Kew West" is now the best 5ct. Cigar to be found. SPARKS.

C. F. Stam,
DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,

COMPOUNDS Physicians' Prescriptions with accuracy and despatch, from the purest Foreign and Domestic Drugs, and according to the improved methods of Pharmacy. Night bell promptly answered.

July 31, 1879. C. F. STAM.

Wickes & Brother

CALL ATTENTION TO CASES OF
Men's Heavy WINTER BOOTS, and Women's Heavy Winter Balmorals, and SHOES for BOYS and GIRLS,

All bought from first hands, and many of them made of first class material for our special sales.

People who appreciate a good shoe, may find it to their advantage to look at them.

October 30, 1879.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

LUMBER, LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATHS,
PICKETS, SIDING,
Weatherboarding, Barn Boards,
Virginia Pine Boards, Cypress Fencing,
4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Dressed White Pine,
Crown Moulding, Band Moulding,
SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

all at prices that will satisfy after a close examination of the competing markets. Parties who are about to build are solicited to call and learn my prices before buying elsewhere.

Oct. 23. T. W. ELIASON, JR.

B. F. FLEMING,

DEALER IN
GRAIN, LIME, COAL, WOOD.
—AND—
Farming Implements.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Wheat, Corn and Oats.

Wanted,
50,000 BUSHELS OF PRIME AMBER WHEAT,
EXPRESSLY FOR
Wm. Lea & Son's Brandywine Mills, Wilmington, Delaware.

LIME.
Schuylkill Lime a Specialty.

It will be to your interest to ascertain my prices and easy terms, before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed, and competition defied.

COAL.

Lehigh and Schuylkill Coal sold in car ONLY, which runs from five to ten (10) tons each, and by purchasing in this way you avoid dust, dirt, &c. 2240 lbs. to the ton guaranteed.

WOOD.

Oak Wood, delivered at your door, for four dollars per cord.

B. F. FLEMING.
March 27, 1879—y

Chester River Steamboat Company

FALL ARRANGEMENT.
On and after the 17th inst. the steamer
B. S. FORD
Will leave Chestertown for Baltimore, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday* at 8 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning will leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock, A. M., making *all* the above stops.

On and after the 17th inst. the steamer
GEO. LAW
Will leave Baltimore for Crumpton, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Kent Island, Queenstown, Grey's Inn, Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's and Chestertown.

Returning, leave Crumpton, 7 A. M., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, making all the above stops.

GEO. WARFIELD,
Sept. 18, 1879. President

WHOLESALE. RETAIL.
FRANK D. WATKINS & CO.
Successors to JOHN L. SEARS & CO.
MANUFACTURERS
AND
DEALERS IN
Building Material,
DOORS,
WINDOW SASHES,
BLINDS,
MOULDINGS, ETC.
First-Class Work.
LOWEST PRICES AT
51 W. PRATT STREET,
Cor. PATTERSON STREET. BALTIMORE.

WOOD! WOOD!!
Hickory, Oak and Pine.

THE subscriber has purchased 200 cords of the very best seasoned Oak that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $4.50 per cord; sawed and split at low rates.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

KINDLING WOOD for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS,
Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertown.
Sept. 4, 1879.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE undersigned is still Agent for the Singer Sewing Machine; and is also prepared to fill orders for any other kind of Sewing Machine that his customers may want.

Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for sale.

Sewing Machines Cleaned and Repaired at his place in Chestertown.

Call and see me, at
J. W. Hines' Agricultural Hardware store.
W. MELVIN.
March 27, 1879.

Mrs. KATE GILL
INTENDING TO CLOSE THE
SHOE BUSINESS,
will dispose of her
Shoe Stock
at a *very small profit, or at cost*, from now to the close of the year. Persons wishing to get their
FALL AND WINTER SHOES
would do well to call before going elsewhere as she is sure she can please. Her stock embraces some of the finest shoes in market, and she also has other qualities suitable for Winter. Good heavy Calf Skin Shoes for boys; complete stock of infants and childrens shoes.
Call and Examine.
Sept. 25, 1879.

LAMPS! LAMPS!! LAMPS!!!
BEAUTIFUL STYLES.
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

JUST received one of the finest assortments of Lamps in the county, from 25 cts to $4.50. A good lamp with Argand Burner and White Shade, for only 75 cents—at
SPARK'S,
Opposite Court House.

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