The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Feb. 5, 1880.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

INDIAN Commissioner Hayt has been suddenly dismissed from his position by Secretary Schurz. The reason given for the removal, is that Hayt had withheld from the department, information that the department should have had.

CENSUS Supervisors, have been appointed in the New England States and in most of the Western States. The Democratic representatives in Congress will contend for the right to appoint one-half the supervisors, but it is hardly probable that the right will be conceded.

THE House committee of Congress, on public buildings, reported favorably last Friday, a bill providing for an appropriation of $550,000, for the purchase of Monument square site for the Baltimore post office. The site being a settled matter and the appropriation also being reduced to pretty much of a certainty, there is little doubt but that Baltimore will in due course of time have a new post office.

SENATOR GORMAN in a speech last week, before the Maryland Senate, defended his management of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal. He showed by facts and figures that the canal has been more prosperous under his presidency than under its former management. Mr. Gorman wound up his address by a request that an investigation be made, and the matter was accordingly referred to a joint committee for investigation.

AFFAIRS in Maine have settled down to a state of quietness. The fusionist wing of the Legislature has adjourned, and the troops who were guarding the state house have gone home. Some of the fusionists have returned to their homes, and others have gone over and taken their seats in the Republican organization of the Legislature. There will perhaps be little more heard of the Maine trouble, and the people will decide at the next election whom they considered in the right and whom in the wrong.

IRELAND is suffering from a wide-spread, destructive famine. Not for twenty-five years has there before been such destitute misery as there is at this time. Utter starvation is at the door of thousands. They are suffering for bread and the bare necessaries of life. Thousands of dollars have been sent on from this country to their help. Parnell, the great Irishman, is now here pleading for aid for his suffering countrymen. We live in a land blessed with plenty, and from our abundance we should not hesitate to lend help to those who are in such abject need.

PENNSYLVANIA has long been a notoriously Don Cameron State.—Generally speaking, as Don Cameron goes, so goes Pennsylvania. But it looks as though in the coming Republican presidential candidate contest, the State of Pennsylvania and the Hon. Don Cameron, will be antagonistic. Don Cameron is for Grant, and is doing his level best to have the Pennsylvania delegation go to the nominating convention, pledged as a body to vote for Grant. The Don is meeting with numerous obstacles, however, and as matters now stand it looks as though the State of Pennsylvania will leave both the Hon. Don. and Grant in the cold and vote for Blaine.

IT seems to be somewhat the fashion just now to be enthusiastic over people who barely escape hanging. The Rev. Mr. Hayden who was recently tried in New Haven for the murder of a woman, escaped punishment by the disagreement of the jury. The circumstantial evidence was so strong as to produce in the minds of most people a conviction of his guilt. When it was found that he would not be convicted, however, it is said that crowds of people shed tears of joy.

Covert D. Bennett and Mrs. Jennie R. Smith, charged with the murder of Mrs. Smith's husband, in a trial held some time ago, were both convicted of murder in the first degree. Their counsel managed to secure a new trial, however, which terminated a few days ago in their acquittal. When the verdict of acquittal was brought in, the same enthusiastic demonstrations of joy prevailed as were shown at the conclusion of the Hayden trial.

SOME fellow up North, (likely in the wooden nutmeg State) is said to intend starting a paper shirt enterprise, to be conducted somewhat on the periodic newspaper plan.

Those who change their linen every day, can forward to headquarters their subscription for a daily shirt; and each day's mail that brings the daily paper, will also bring the daily shirt. Or, if a subscriber prefers to change only twice or even once a week, he has only to send in a subscription for the semi-weekly or weekly edition. Or if there be any in this free American country, who considers it as one of the rights of a free-born American citizen to wear a shirt, without change, for one whole month, we suppose the enterprising publisher can furnish him with even a monthly under garment. There is no telling where this thing is going to end. Probably some other enterprising fellow will improve on this shirt publication enterprise by combining it with the newspaper business, and then all who desire can subscribe for a periodical that shall be a newspaper on one side, and a snowy under garment on the other.

The Maryland Legislature.

INCREASING MAGISTRATES POWERS

On Tuesday of last week Mr. Owen, of Montgomery, obtained leave to introduce a bill in the House giving magistrates in the counties and in the city of Baltimore jurisdiction over cases of petit larceny and assault and battery, so that they may sentence the prisoner at once to the House of Correction instead of waiting for the process of a trial in court.

COUNTY SCHOOL LEGISLATION.

Several bills have been introduced in the present Legislature, providing plans for the appointment of county school boards. Under the present system the judges of the circuit court have the appointing power. Some of the judges have considered this duty extra judicial, and have refused to appoint. Mr. Peter introduced a bill providing that the county boards be appointed by the State Board of Education. Mr. Steiner a bill providing that they be elected by popular vote. On Wednesday Mr. Hepbron introduced a bill requiring boards of county school commissioners to be appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate. It is understood that Mr. Hepbron is satisfied with the law as it now stands, as he opposed any change at the last session, but he prefers this mode of selection to either that of Mr. Peter or Mr. Steiner.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

will also be up again for discussion during this session. Mr. Vandiver, in the House, on Tuesday of last week, offered the following order, which was adopted:

"That the Committee on Education be instructed to prepare and report a bill to abolish the State Normal School."

MEMORIALS PRESENTED.

On Thursday the following memorials were presented:—by Mr. Hepbron of the county commissioners of Kent and other citizens of that county, for an act regulating the delivery of freight at the public wharf at Buck Neck. By Mr. Brattan, of 161 citizens of Princess Anne district, Somerset county, for a resubmission of the local option question to the voters of that district. By Mr. Fisher, of Johnson Bros. & Co., of Baltimore city, for an alteration of the law of limited partnership, by placing bankers on an equality with other business men. By Mr. Steiner, of citizens of Emmittsburg, for authority to the burgess and commissioners of that village to close a certain ally. By Mr. Wellley, of Oakland Lodge, No. 114, Independent Order of Good Templars, for the passage of a local option law for Garrett county.

IMPORTANT OYSTER LEGISLATION.

On Thursday night the Special House Committee on Oysters met and decided to take the power of appointing officers of the oyster fleet out of the hands of the State Board of Fisheries—the governor, comptroller, treasurer, clerk of the Court of Appeals and commissioners of the land office—and place the power with the governor alone. Propositions to impose the fines on the boat and captain together, instead of on the captain alone; to shorten the time during which oysters can be caught and to abolish the oyster steamer were received and laid over.

MORE MEMORIALS.

On Friday, memorials were presented to the Senate by Mr. Hepbron, to protect young fish in the Chesapeake and tributaries. By Mr. Gorman, of citizens of Harford, for a State grain elevator in Baltimore. By Mr. Steiner, to protect bridges in Frederick county.

In the House petitions were presented as follows:—By Mr. Sullivan, numerously-signed memorials from Baltimore county, against annexation of "the belt" to the city; from citizens of Harford, to amend the charter of the Columbia and Port Deposit Railway Company to conform to its obligation to the State; from Randolph Jones and others, for $25,000 to build a monument to Union soldiers in Baltimore; from Jacob G. Morris and others, to protect game and whild fowl in Talbot county, and to use sink-boxes.

SENATOR GORMAN AND THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.

In the Senate on last Friday, Mr. Arthur P. Gorman, as president of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, made a personal statement, defending the management of the canal during his administration, and asking an investigation, which was ordered. He showed that the canal in the last eight years had paid more to the bondholders than altogether previously; that the average charge per ton for coal from 1865 to 1872 was 44 cents, while the average in his admistration had been 36 cents, and deducting expenses for wharf property it would be 31 cents. The bondholders had been paid over $900,000. He also stated that the reason for the suit now pending in the United States Circuit Court for Maryland was a suit by Virginia, now in the Supreme Court of that State, against Johnson & Poe, to recover over $160,000 which had been paid to them as counsel, the attorney-general claiming that they have not complied with their contract, made in 1867, by which they were required to place the canal and its revenues into the hands of a receiver for the benefit of creditors. It will be thus seen, in this view of the case, that business, and not politics, is primarily at the bottom of the litigation. In making his statement Mr. Gorman was very cold and deliberate, weighing nearly every word before uttering it, so that when he said what he did utter, it left the impression that there was probably much back of it still unsaid.

LEGISLATION FOR FEBRUARY.

February promises to be a very active month. In addition to many important bills already pending, some matters of general interest will be introduced. Chief among these will be the temperance and Sunday law modification question. The subjects of Baltimore city extension, tobacco and other inspections, cattle scales, oyster laws, &c., though already introduced, have not as yet been brought forward for discussion.

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE SYSTEM.

Last Tuesday evening the committee of inspections were to hear arguments for and against the present tobacco warehouse system, from merchants and planters. A large delegation of merchants were expected from Baltimore. It is stated by those who advocate a change from the present system that the total indebtedness of the tobacco fund to the State at the close of the fiscal year of 1879 was $103,340 91. The effort to secure a change will be the strongest ever made, and is backed by the wishes of the present State Executive as well as the late Governor.

Letter from Lynch's.

THE GULF STREAM—THE ICE CROP—HERRINGS—NEW CHURCH ORGANIZATION—"STILL POND'S" NAME NOT TO BE CHANGED.

Two months of winter have passed and no cold weather yet. The Gulf Stream being about sixty miles closer to our coast is supposed to be the cause of the change in our climate. This seems to be a very plausible theory. The warm water of the Gulf Stream has a very ameliorating influence over climate.

The failure of the ice crop is a sad calamity to those who have indifferent water on their places. Good spring water is healthier, but all are not blessed with it.

The first herring that we have heard of this season were caught in Lloyd's creek by Jos T. Crouch.

At a meeting of the citizens of Lynch's and vicinity last Thursday evening, the new church organization was completed. Addresses were made by the Rev. Mr Little and Messrs. Crossley and Willis. The necessary committees were appointed and are now in working condition. The most remarkable feature about this new church enterprise, is that none of the founders are members of church, and then, among them are persons of various denominations, some of whom have not been within a place of worship for over fifteen years. There must be some other hand guiding this work besides that of man. Kind providence works in mysterious ways. Nearly the entire community are in sympathy with this work. The intention of the building committee is to have the tabernacle completed by the first of May.

W. H. Dudley has a singing school which meets every Friday evening. It is well attended and under Mr. Dudley's instruction the musical talent of the neighborhood is being well developed. We will soon have a class that will hardly be surpassed in the county.

We have been informed that the commotion in Still Pond village was quieted by the citizens meeting last Friday evening and deciding not to "incorporate" nor change the name. Happy thought. Still Pond is to remain the same. My mind wanders back to the past; but few of the old familiar faces can be seen there now, but in the churchyard below the village, stones bear their names. Change not—it is a sacred name. Those who are dead and gone loved the name, and many of us now living love it too. TECUMSEH.

Jottings by the Wayside.

THE MILD WINTER—A STREAK OF IRON ORE—A NEW ENTERPRISE IN KENT—GRANGERS, PEACHES, AND HERRINGS.

Messrs. Editors:—We'll stop our "Trix" now, as people seem to think we are somebody else; only pausing long enough by the wayside to ask "what's in a name?" "A Rose" they say "would smell as sweet, by any other name;" but a fellow's little piece don't seem to read so well, unless you know the verity of the *tricks* who wrote it. We have therefore enjoyed the "Hotch-Potch" of our neighborhood, as "The people; ah! the people" are trying to solve the problem as to whether it is the right man who wrote the wrong piece; or the wrong man who wrote the right piece. And thus "it is a *leette* mixed."

The beautiful weather we have had this Winter has surprised everybody;—even the sage shakes his head and says "Why is this thus?" And then goes on looking as solemn as an owl, so celebrated for the wisdom that he never had. He'll say "we'll have no Winter unless we have it soon." And "Think's I to Myself" what a big Spring we'll have and,

"E'en Spring would be but gloomy weather;
If we had nothing else but Spring."

But how can we account for this exceptional weather in Winter! If weather comes in cycles then it is right. As 100 years ago it was very cold, and now by the law of compensation it should be very warm to balance. It may be that the "Gulf stream" is getting closer to us, as was suggested in the "News," or, it may be that we have so opened up our Peninsula by cutting down our forests, that we give freer scope to the balmy influences of the mighty bay of Pocahontas and John Smith; and the still more balmy waters of the ocean, (and here's where your Gulf-stream theory will step in.) And it may be that this absence of trees makes it so much dryer in Winter than formerly, as the tall trees, (and masses of them particularly,) drew water from the clouds, not by suction, but by attraction; and then the dense shades on either side of the road, would keep every thing soaked, and dripping, and squashy, all through the long, dreary, dark and wet Winter; and thus it was cold. Or, it may be that we take care of our stock particularly "neat." So that old Winter, with his bluster and his roar calms down when the finds "O it's no use a blowing" 'cause he can't come it over our "Black Cattle" any more, as he used to do before the Grange had taught us that invaluable lesson, that "It is cheaper to buy Yankee boots at present prices, than to have 'em made of Murrain hides from our Alderneys in the Spring. Or it may be, that politics ran so high and waxed so warm, that all the county got up to fever heat, and, as the fever has so lately abated, we actually don't know whether it is Winter or Spring or only Indian Summer. For we've paid so much attention to the Clerk of the county, that we've had no time to give attention to the clerk of the weather. Or it may be (Oh! humiliating confession,) that we don't know. But

"Never mind the weather
So the wind dont blow."

For

"The smoke is in the kitchen,
And the moon is in my eye;
But everything is lovely,
'Cause the goose hangs high."

Rumor says that Dr. B. F. Houston has struck iron (not oil) on his farm, near St. Paul's Church, and that from investigations thus far made, it promises to pay, and we hope it may, as our old friend is deserving of some such good luck. They say he has already laid off a mine and broken ground near the "Devil's woodyard," finding rich ore near the surface. This vein runs all the way from the Rectory Hill down through Mrs. Ricaud's, Rees' Corner, Walter Skirven's and David Smith's two farms, extending unto Mrs. Gamble's. If the railroad shall be finished this far, it may pay to work this ore, as at a short haul it will pay.

A new enterprise was started at Leary's Saw Mill, opposite Grey's Inn wharf, viz: The shucking of oysters, and shipping them West in tin cans, and in wooden kegs, and buckets, and it pays. They send culled and picked single oysters in barrels, 1000 to the bbl. Mr. J. Downey is at the head of it, we hear, and besides paying him, it gives employment to a number of men, and is therefore deserving of our commendation as an experiment, and is, we hope, but the pioneer to many larger undertakings of the same sort in the neighborhood of Rock Hall. Our people buy oysters, and fine ones, there at 60 cts. per gallon, dry measure. Why should not the luscious bivalves be culled and packed right here, where they can be had always fresh and cheap, and in quantities to suit, instead of away off in Baltimore? Thus may be saved cost of transportation, ground-rents, and expensive buildings, and cheaper labor may be obtained, upon all the extra cost of city packing a profit must be cleared by the Boss, or he goes up, and the enterprise goes down. And then, home packing-houses give profitable employment to our tongsmen at dull times, who can bed the oysters right at the door where they will grow and thrive and fatten against a time when they are wanted, so that even when navigation closes, the oysters are just as plenty until it opens again, and the oystermen, thrown out of the water by the freeze, can go into opening for bucketing. Besides all this, wood can be had in plenty, and cheap, right here to burn the shells into lime. And a good demand, for much of it, would come from this and contiguous counties, and thus a new industry might be opened up in Kent county, and be of immense advantage to all her people.

Fairlee Grange has had its supper, and now is working nicely and with good attendance. We overheard a casual remark the other night from a *still water* thinker, that there were three kinds of Grangers, viz: "Those who wanted office and got it; those who wanted office, and did not get it; and those who neither wanted office, nor got it." And that it is this latter kind that stick to the Grange at all times.

Prophecies regarding the peach crop, are now in order. What's the matter with our *peaching Solomon's*. Let's hear from them soon, or else the *booming-of-the-boom* will come from little Delaware, who can't beat us raising peaches, if she does in rearing Presidents.

We hear that herring were caught off Fairlee shore some two weeks ago. And shad are said to be coming up the bay now, and it is thought will be caught in a few days. If all this is not too *fishy* then indeed has the winter of 1879-80 "Gone where the wood-bine twineth." HEM.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

A Tennessee hunter fired at a bird, and winged two passengers in a distant railroad train.

Mr. Ernest Longfellow, son of the poet, is exhibiting in Boston a large allegorical painting called "The Choice of Youth."

Two opera companies have cancelled their engagements in Ottawa, Ont., on account of the prevalence of small-pox, and it is reported that objection is made to holding the coming session of Parliament there for the same reason.

The Empress of Russia, who has been spending the winter at Cannes, near Nice, for the benefit of her health, is about to start for St. Petersburg. Her physicians, believing her recovery to be hopeless, no longer oppose her desire to return home.

On Thanksgiving Day the thirty girls employed by a clothing firm in Boston presented the two members of the firm with a handsome album which cost $22. The presentation ceremonies occupied about half an hour, which was deducted from their pay.

Turkey, lately scourged by war, is the prey of famine. If in any American city fifteen persons should be found, in one day, dead of starvation, a thrill of horror would run through the nation; but as the city where this has occurred is Adrianople, few notice it.

The richest youthful heiress of the day in England is Miss Maynard, granddaughter of Viscount Maynard. She has £20,000 a year in land, and large accumulations of money. Miss Maynard made her debut at a magnificent ball at her seat in Essex last month.

The Duke of Edinburgh has resigned from the Royal Academy of Music. He suggested some changes in the organization of that body, but the professional element in the Committee objected, fancying that a preponderating influence would be given to amateurs.

A stage load of passengers were startled when a desperado bandished a knife and swore he would kill the driver; and they laughed when the driver savagely drew an old, black pipe, and the scared desperado plunged into a pond to escape the bullet.

An Indian maiden has been driven out by her tribe, in Oregon, because she married a Chinaman. A San Francisco Chinaman has lost the respect of his countrymen by marrying a negro woman. A Virginia mob whipped a negro for marrying a white woman.

A Chicago man was told, when he registered at a Council Bluffs hotel, that his wife was already there. He said there must be a mistake, as he had left her at home a few days before, and she had not said anything about a journey; but the clerk insisted that he knew her, and that she was in the house. The fact was that she had eloped.

The Divorce Committee in France has pronounced in favor of divorce for five years' desertion, divorce by mutual consent when the wife is turned forty-five and has been married above twenty years, and also for giving tribunals the option of appending divorce to a condemnation for fraud, indecency, or other offences against morality.

ACQUITTAL OF MRS. SMITH AND COVERT BENNETT.—The trial of Mrs. Jennie R. Smith and Covert D. Bennett at Jersey City, N. J., charged with the murder of the husband of the former, terminated Saturday afternoon in the acquittal of the accused. The jury was out but a few minutes, and it is said were unanimous for acquittal on the first ballot. The verdict aroused the enthusiasm of the spectators, who expressed their feeling in rousing cheers, clapping of hands and stamping of feet. Judge Knapp made abortive attempts to restore order, but the sound of the vigorous wrappings of his gravel was drowned by the uproarious noise and confusion. Mrs. Smith, notwithstanding her anticipation of the verdict, fell back in her chair unconscious. Bennett stood dazed for a minute, and recovered only when ex-Judge Hoffman, his counsel, whose eyes swelled with tears of joy, warmly grasped and shook his hand. Mrs. Smith soon recovered and received the congratulations of her counsel.

It will be recollected that the accused were convicted some time ago of murder in the first degree, but counsel succeeded in securing a new trial after a hard struggle. Much sympathy was elicted in the case of Mrs. Smith, and Miss Emma Abbott, the operatic singer, was among those most active in securing the funds necessary to carry the case up to the Supreme Court. On the second trial counsel for the accused declined to introduce any testimony, taking the ground that the State had failed to make out a case, and the New York World thinks the acquittal was the result of the bold tactics of the defense. It is odd, however, that one jury should have convicted on the same evidence on which a second jury has acquitted.

ROMANCE OF A RING.—Late Saturday night eight gentlemen and ladies drove up in coaches to Sleghorner's private restaurant, in Lafayette Place, New York, and made a very jolly party over a first-class banquet until long after midnight. Of the four gentlemen one was recognized as agent of one of the great steam ship lines, and another as a leading business and society man. The ladies were richly dressed, and two were apparently of the upper ten. At 2 A. M., Sunday the whole party entered the Mercer street police station highly excited. One of the ladies, who proudly announced herself as Miss Aline Stowell, a wealthy bankeress, of San Francisco, charged that one of the gentlemen had robbed her of a $300 diamond ring, which she said was in her satchel by her side when they were at the table eating. The gentleman gave his name as O. Livingston, and denied the charge. The lady, being questioned, admitted that she had told her partner at the table, who was a perfect stranger to her, of the contents of the satchel. She then refused to press the complaint, and left the station-house with the rest of the party. She informed the sergeant that at the Hoffman House she had $50,000 deposited in the safe, and did not care for the money value of the ring.

SOME managers of a ball in Jersey City have inaugurated a fighting room in connection with such entertainments. This is a new thing, but it is altogether necessary. Ordinarily, people go to balls to enjoy themselves in the exhilarating dance, but recently from Texas all the way northward a good many balls have offered the additional enjoyment of a free fight, which is usually thrown in free of charge. The fact, however, that some people who like balls don't particularly care to fight has made some special arrangements very essential, and the Jersey City folks seem to have found the neatest way through the difficulty in providing a fighting room. When any of the guests at the ball felt as though they had rather fight than dance they are furnished with tickets of admission to the fighting room, and the dancers and fighters can enjoy themselves at the same moment without interference with each other's rights.

THE WHEAT PRODUCT IN BRAZIL.—On the 3d of January, 1880, there existed in Rio de Janeiro a stock of 86,476 barrels of flour—say 1,566 barrels Trieste, 27,900 barrels Richmond, 16,000 barrels Baltimore, 1,000 barrels domestic, and *thirty-nine thousand barrels River Plate*. It was only a few years ago that the River Plate countries imported large quantities of flour to supply the deficiency of their own crops. From the United States they took in 1870, 26,051 barrels; in 1871, 54,372 barrels; in 1872, 2,249 barrels; in 1873 7,833 barrels; in 1874, 16,555 barrels; in 1875, 94,611 barrels; in '76, 715 barrels. Since 1876 they have imported little, if any, flour or grain, their own production being more than sufficient to supply their own wants. Their harvesting months are December and January. It is announced that the crops this season are unusually large, and that the shipments to foreign ports will exceed those of last year. It is evident that the people of the River Plate are giving attention to agricultural pursuits, from the fact that during the past three years they have imported from this country about 40,000 plows, 2,200 corn shellers and 1,200 mowing and reaping machines,

VIRGINIA'S Readjuster ringleader appears to be drifting into the arms of the Republicans. A Richmond dispatch says: The Manchester Courier this evening publishes a long article upon William Mahone, United States Senator-elect, which states that General Mahone, during a recent conversation in the presence of several members of the Legislature, announced that in preference to a Bourbon Democrat he would support Blaine or Conkling for President, and that he would not oppose Sherman, Mahone's paper, the Richmond Whig, of this date, ridicules the idea, however.

PARNELL will not be so warmly welcomed in Canada. The Montreal Gazette of yesterday, commenting editorially on his visit, says that the Mayor will be guilty of little less that an outrage against the sentiment of a large and influential section of the people of this city if, in his official character, he participates in any way in a demonstration to Parnell.

THE LADIES FAVORITE.

Among the many thousands of ladies who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and pronounced it their favorite remedy, because so efficient in the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women, are many who are well and favorably known in the world of letters, as well as artists, musicians, and a whole host of names from the brilliant ranks of wealth and fashion. It is pre-eminently the ladies' Favorite Prescription, its use, while being far more safe and efficient, exempting them from those painful, caustic operations, and the wearing of those mechanical contrivances made like Peter Pindar's razor—seller's razor's—to *sell* rather than to cure.

KILLMORE, Ind., March 20th, 1878.

DR. R. V. PIERCE:

Dear Sir—Your Favorite Prescription has restored me to perfect health.

Yours truly, GRACE CHOATE.

422 Eutaw Street, Baltimore, Md., June 10th, 1878.

Dear Sir—My wife was a hopeless invalid for nearly 20 years. Your Favorite Prescription has cured her. Thankfully yours,

R. T. McCAY.

MARRIAGES.

BLACKWAY—CARTER.—On the 21st inst. at the M. E. Parsonage in Galena, by the Rev. J. E. Bryan, Mr. JOSIAH BLACKWAY to Miss LAURA V. CARTER, both of this county.

HUSFELT—JONES.—On the 21st inst. at the M. E. Parsonage in Galena, by the Rev J. E. Bryan, Mr. JOHN HUSFELT to Miss HESTER A. JONES, both of Sassafras Neck, Cecil county.

SPARKS—CROSSLEY.—On the 27th, by Rev. Mr Van Burkalow, WM. B. SPARKS to Miss LUCY CROSSLEY, both of Queen Anne's.

BROWN—THOMPSON.—At the M. P. Church, Centreville, on the 28th inst., by Rev. D. L. Greenfield, Rev. JAS. MORRISON BROWN of the M. P. church, and Miss ANNA M. THOMPSON, daughter of James W. Thompson, Esq., of Centreville.

BRYAN—PRICE.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 29th, by Rev. Mr. Brewington, WM. VALENTINE BRYAN and Miss FANNIE E. PRICE, daughter of William J. Price, of Queen Anne's county.

CLARK—REED.—On the 29th, by Rev. I. G. Fosnocht, William Clark and Miss Sallie B. S. Reed, daughter of the late Jesse Reed, of Queen Anne's county.

DEATHS.

VINCENT.—On the 27th inst. near Morgan's Creek, of cancer, DANIEL VINCENT, in his eightieth year.

ODELL.—In Queen Anne's county, just over the bridge from Chestertown, on Thursday, the 29th of Jan., GEO. ODELL, in the 55th year of his age.

BRYAN.—On the 19th of January, Holton Bryan, aged 14 years, 8 months, 15 days.

New Advertisements.

SUPPER AT LOCUST GROVE.

THE LADIES of SHREWSBURY CHURCH will have a SUPPER at Locust Grove on this (Thursday) evening and to-morrow evening, the 5th and 6th of February. Doors open at 6 o'clock. [Feb. 5, 1880.

Special Notice.

January the 31st, 1880.

I HEREBY notify and forewarn all persons from trusting Annie G. Cosden on my account I will not pay any debts made or contracted by her, as she has left my bed and board without any just cause.

Feb. 5. 1880—3t.* C. C. COSDEN.

VALENTINES. SPARKS has a large assortment of all kinds. Be sure to call and see them. Jan. 29.

Clover Seed.

200 BUSHELS PRIME CLOVER SEED, For sale at low prices, at the GRANARY, Chestertown.

Jan. 29—3t JOS. W. THOMPSON.

Removal.

MRS. KATE GILL has removed to the store-room recently occupied by Mr. E. T. Willis, where she has a complete assortment of MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS, adapted to the season. Also, a lot of first-class GAITERS, SHOES, &c., which she is selling at low prices. Give her a call. [Jan. 15, 1880

TO THE LADIES

MRS. E. N. MELVIN,

Adjoining Louis K. Stam's.

HAS now in store a BEAUTIFUL LINE OF GOODS specially for the Ladies. She invites the attention of all in want of

Fine Linen Handkerchiefs, Collars AND CUFFS,

to her newest and prettiest styles and low prices.

Childrens' Dresses and Underclothing

Ready-made and made to order.

HAMBURG EDGINGS A SPECIALTY.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS, the best in use, constantly on hand.

Pictures, Picture Frames, Oil Chromos, Mottoes,

in great variety and very beautiful.

Also, ZEPHYRS and CARD BOARD, and numerous other articles that you may see by calling.

All goods bought low and sold at small profits. Come and see.

MRS. E. N. MELVIN,

Jan. 29, 1880. Opposite the Bank.

Trustee's Sale.

IN VIRTUE of a Decree in Chancery, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale at the Voshell House in Chestertown, on

THURSDAY,

The 4th day of March 1880,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., all

That Farm or Tract of Land

situated in Kent county, Md., of which Ann Tims, late of said county, died seized, containing

250 ACRES,

more or less, of which about 200 acres are in cultivation, and the the residue in

WOOD & TIMBER.

Principally Oak and Chestnut.

This farm is situated about 4 miles from Chestown, and about the same distance from the steamboat landing at Buck Neck, and within one mile from the Rail Road Station at Worton. The land is of good quality, well improved and very productive, producing annually about 1200 bushels of wheat, and from one to two thousand bushels of corn.

The improvements consist of a TWO-STORY and ATTIC BRICK DWELLING HOUSE with Frame Kitchen, a good BARN and all other necessary Farm Buildings:

A PEACH ORCHARD,

Containing over 1000 Trees,

now about 4 years old;

A Small Apple Orchard

and other Fruit Trees.

THE TERMS OF SALE prescribed by the Decree are, that one third of the purchase money shall be paid in cash on the day of sale, the residue in two equal installments at six and twelve months thereafter, with interest from day of sale, and security approved by the Trustee.

HENRY W. ARCHER, Trustee,

Jan. 29, 1880—ts. BEL AIR, Md.

U. A. C. GARRETT, Auct.

☞ The *Kent News* and *Delaware Gazette* will please copy once a week till day of sale.

ORDER NISI.

WILLIAM A. MILLER,
VERSUS
HENRY A. ANTHONY AND SARAH E. ANTHONY.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR KENT COUNTY. IN EQUITY. JANUARY 20, 1880.

ORDERED, that the sale of the Real Estate of Henry A. Anthony and Sarah E. Anthony, made and reported by William A. Miller, mortgagee, under and by virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Henry A. Anthony and wife to said William A. Miller, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the twenty-seventh day of March next—provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the twenty-eighth day of February next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $1,000.00.

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True copy—Test:

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

January 22, 1880—4t.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

IN VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county as a Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale at the Voshell House in Chestertown, on

THURSDAY,

The 4th day of March,

in the year 1880, at 2½ o'clock, P. M., all that

Farm or Tract of Land,

situated in Kent county, Md., of which Sarah A. Morris, late of said county, died seized, and now in possession of E. S. Morris, containing

250 ACRES,

more or less, of which about 200 acres are in cultivation and the rest in wood.

This farm is situated within a short distance from Morris station on the Townsend Branch of the Kent County Rail Road, and adjoins the lands of Cornelius J. Scott, Joseph W. Peacock and others.

The improvements consist of a GOOD DWELLING HOUSE, and ALL NECESSARY OUT BUILDINGS.

A Large Peach Orchard

AND OTHER FRUIT TREES.

The land is of good quality, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation.

☞ THE TERMS OF SALE prescribed by the Decree are, that one third of the purchase money shall be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in two equal payments, at six and twelve months thereafter, with interest from the day of sale, and security approved by the Trustee.

H. W. ARCHER, JR., Trustee,

Jan. 29, 1880—ts. BEL AIR, Md.

U. A. C. GARRETT, Auct.

☞ The *Kent News* and *Delaware Gazette* will please copy once a week till day of sale.

1880.

ESTABLISHED 1868.

J. B. Sappington,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots & Shoes,

and dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

and

FANCY and MEDIUM GRADES FAMILY, EXTRA and SUPER FINE FLOUR.

Please remember we have twelve years experience in the flour trade, and guarantee to give satisfaction to all.

Call and learn our Prices and Terms—wholesale and retail.

Respectfully,

J. B. SAPPINGTON.

Jan. 1, 1880.

If you want CHOICE PERFUMES,

Nice Colognes, Hair Oils, Hair Dyes, Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, and Dentrifices, go to the Corner Drug Store, kept by

C. F. STAM,

Where you will get the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices. July 31, 1879.

Now For the NEW YEAR!!

READ, READ, READ.

L. K. STAM Has just opened the Grandest Display of FURNITURE ever offered in Chestertown

CHILDREN'S GOODS! GENTLEMEN'S GOODS! LADIES' GOODS! indeed, everything in the Furniture Line.

Big lot of LAMPS and CHINAWARE.

Many beautiful articles, especially purchased for Christmas Presents, which were bought at very low figures, and MUST BE SOLD! COMPLETE OUTFITS OF FURNITURE. AT CITY PRICES! Don't fail to call and examine my Stock, even though you do not buy. We love to show our Goods, and especially the GREAT CHRISTMAS BARGAINS we are now offering.

L. K. Stam, adjoining C. F. Stam's Drug Store. Dec. 18, 1879.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

AS I INTEND TO QUIT BUSINESS, I will sell my entire stock of Goods

At Cost,

consisting of

Canned Goods, Nuts, Raisins, Candies, Spices, Extracts, Pickles; Lamp Shades and Chimneys; Toys, Dolls, Combs and Brushes, Jewelry of all kinds.

IN PAPER WE HAVE

Legal Cap, Bill Cap, Letter, Note, and Box Papers.

ANY ONE WANTING CHEAP GOODS, had better come soon.

V. BURGESS,

Jan. 15, 1880—tf. Opp. the Bank.

Special Notice!

SOMETHING LONG NEEDED SUPPLIED AT LAST!

WM PERKINS has fitted up his Lady's Parlor, for the Winter; and ladies from the country, or elsewhere, will find a warm room, when they come to town with their husbands or friends, and do not wish to wait in the stores, or to call on friends, while their gentlemen companions are attending to business matters, in which they can sit, and read, and pass away their time; free of charge.

Lunches Served at All Hours.

He also has an upper room, properly fitted up, in which dinner and supper can be privately furnished at all times, at short notice, and moderate prices.

P. S.—All meals served in the upper saloon will be at an extra charge.

Dec. 18, 1879.

BUY YOUR

Gelatine, Chocolate, Cocoa and Corn Starch from C. F. STAM, because he sells them cheaper than any one else. July 31, 1879.

Woolen Goods.

Goods for Men.

Goods for Boys.

KERSEYS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.

WE HAVE IN STOCK, Lines of the above Goods in great variety—many of them ust put on sale, and of Mallalieu's Manufacture.

Buyers of discernment will confess the figure to be reasonably close.

Goods generally, to meet the calls of the season, all the time in store, and at prices to challenge competition.

WICKES & BROTHER.

Chestertown, October 30, 1879.

New Year's Goods

A FINE ASSORTMENT, At Very Low Prices.

Call and make your selections, at

T. W. WICKES'

Dec. 18. DRUG STORE

1845 1880

WICKES & BROTHER,

GENERAL STORE,

High street above Cross street,

CHESTERTOWN, Md.

WICKES & BROTHER have now in stock a general and well assorted line of

Dry Goods and General Merchandise

to meet the wants of the season, and which is being constantly replenished with cash purchases made with care. They will at all times be offered to reliable and prompt paying buyers at most satisfactory prices.

Chestertown, January 1st, 1880.

BLANKETS,

COLORED AND WHITE,

From a low priced article to goods of high grade, Now on sale by

WICKES & BROTHER.

January 1st.

NOTICE.

C. F. STAM has just received a large stock of the

NEW METHODIST HYMNALS,

very nicely bound, and which he is selling very cheap, from 50 cts. to $3.00—an examination of stock and prices is solicited. Call at the corner Drug Store. [Jan. 8, 1880.

DR. C. P. GILPIN,

DENTIST,

HAVING LOCATED in CHESTERTOWN,

offers his

Professional Services

TO THE PUBLIC.

Sept. 18, 1879—6m.

FARMERS, look to your interests! Buy the Advanced Chilled Plow—the cheapest and best in use.

JOHN BELL, Agent,

Feb. 13, 1879. Opposite the Bank

A Big Bonanza!

New Year Presents.

Rich, Rare, Beautiful and Cheap!

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY IN TOWN MAY BE SEEN AT

Stams' Drug Store.

SILVER PLATED WARE

of exquisite carving, and guaranteed guality.

BOHEMIA WARE,
TOILET SETS,
VASES,
CARD RECEIVERS,
BOQUET HOLDERS, and
JEWELL BOXES.

BOOKS!

For the OLD and YOUNG.

Books of Poetry, Fiction, Ramance and Song.

Children's Books.

Chatterbox, Little Folks, Wide-Awake and hosts of others. Albums, Writing Desks, Gold Pens and Pencils.

BIBLES,

FAMILY BIBLES,

Prayer Books,
Hymn Books,
Sacred Songs,
and Gospel Hymns.

Choicest Perfumes

And COLOGNES

OF BOTH CONTINENTS.

Stationery

in Fancy Boxes of the Most Beautiful designs.

Combs,
Brushes,
Mirror & Tooth Brushes,
and Clothes Brushes.

An Examination of our Stock will convince you that we have not over estimated our goods.

C. F. STAM,

Dec. 18, 1879. Druggist.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

LUMBER, LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATHS,
PICKETS, SIDING,
Weatherboarding, Barn Boards,
Virginia Pine Boards, Cypress Fencing,

4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Dressed White Pine,
Crown Moulding, Band Moulding,
SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

all at prices that will satisfy after a close examination of the compet