The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, July 22, 1880.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WINFIELD S. HANCOCK
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH
OF INDIANA.

ELECTORS:
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
I. NEVITT STEELE,
J. THOMAS C. HOPKINS.

DISTRICTS:
First District—LEVIN L. WATERS.
Second " —PATRICK WALKER.
Third " —JOHN R. McNULTY.
Fourth " —WILLIAM H. WELSH.
Fifth " —R. W. W. BOWIE.
Sixth " —WILLIAM R. PRICE.

DR. TANNER is to break his fast on a water melon.

THE Baltimore dry dock, which is one of only eight in the United States, has received its first vessel and works with perfect satisfaction.

CLEOPATRA'S Needle has arrived safely in New York. A site has been selected for it, and in less than ten days the ancient shaft will have taken its stand in the new world.

A BRISK emigration from Europe still continues to this country. Every European steamer comes crowded with emigrants. Most of these emigrants are from the agricultural peasantry of Europe and they make good steady farm workers.

BALTIMORE'S 5th Maryland Regiment has been creating a sensation at Cape May. Flags of welcome were hung out from numerous cottage windows, and Congress Hall gave them a reception ball on last Monday night. Their tents are pitched near the Sea Breeze house.

CHASTINE COX, the negro who murdered, on the morning of June the 11th, 1879, Mrs. Jane Hull of New York city, was hanged last Friday the 16th of July, more than a year after the committal of the crime. Cox, from the time of his arrest up to the time of his execution, made no denial of having committed the murder, though he said he did it accidentally. He slept well on last Thursday night, ate a hearty breakfast on Friday morning and was cool and collected up to the time of his hanging. He professed to be prepared to die, and expressed the hope of meeting his friends in heaven. At twenty-five minutes after nine o'clock last Friday morning the drop fell, and sixteen minutes after, he was taken down dead.

WE notice that a large number of our Democratic exchanges have at the head of their editorial columns, what purport to be likenesses of the Democratic nominees. May the fates forbid that we should ever be called upon to vote for such Democratic specimens as these pictures represent. Hancock—the handsomest man in the United States—looks, as brought out by these cuts, like a puffy faced, blear eyed proprietor of a lager beer saloon. It would be a pretty neat thing on the part of a Republican newspaper, if it could print that cut and make people believe it to be a correct image of General Hancock; but why a Democratic journal should desire to impose such a carricature upon the people, we cannot imagine. The Maine Yankee who originated those cuts, ought to be killed for so blackguarding our handsome candidate. The fellow could not have done much worse if he had been employed by the Garfield party to get the cuts up.

DR. TANNER, who has been engaged in the undertaking of fasting forty days, has past his twentieth day, and is probably fasting yet, unless he has starved to death since the writing of this. He commenced his fast as an ordinarily plump man, but has become much emaciated. Whether he will hold out to the end or not is a question; and if he should succeed in fasting forty days, his system will not, in the opinion of many physicians, ever recuperate its lost vitality. His stomach will be so much astonished when he does again take food, that it will probably not know what to do with it. The Doctor has been continually and keenly watched thus far during his fast, and the watchers testify that there is no humbugry about his abstinence. It is difficult for common sense people to see what useful result is to be accomplished by the fast, either scientific or otherwise. The Doctor, however, professes to be fasting for the good of science and the satisfaction of his own mind. His mind may take an immense amount of satisfaction in this starvation process, but his stomach would doubtless take much more satisfaction in a square meal.

John W. Hall, Jr., son of Governor Hall, and a merchant of Frederica, went in the cellar of his store, Saturday night, to draw vinegar.—He carried a candle which ignited gas that had generated from a leaky gasoline barrel, and a terrific explosion occurred. The floor was torn up, the walls bulged out and the report was heard several miles. Mr. Hall was badly burned about the face and hands.

"NOTES BY THE WAY."

THE CORN CROP—A GOOD YIELD OF WHEAT—MINISTERIAL—EXCURSIONISTS—FINE FISHING—CATTLE KILLED BY LIGHTNING—THE NEW M. P. CHURCH—EARLY PEACHES, ETC.

The rain of Thursday has revived parched vegetation. Fruit, corn and grass are rejoicing. The prospect for a large crop of corn is more promising than it has been for years.

Wheat is yielding well, beyond the expectation of most growers. Farmers are threshing as fast as the weather will permit. There is a great deal of wheat unstacked which will be damaged if the weather keeps damp.

Hale's Early peaches will be shipped in large quantities this week. They are very fine this season and rotting scarcely any.

Rev. F. T. Little preached his first sermon in the grove near here, on July 11th. His text was James, 1st chapter and 27th verse—"Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world."

Rev. Dr. J. H. Caldwell was very sick at Mrs. Wilson's (near Still Pond) yesterday. He would have preached in the morning, but was not able to be out of bed all day.

Fifteen hundred excursionists, from Western Maryland, landed at Barnard's wharf on Saturday.

Perch are biting every day, and a great many sportsmen are expected at Betterton and Barnard's this week.

John Stokes had two valuable cattle killed by lightning last week.

Turner Bros. have a supply of peach-box material on hand.

There is some talk of a camp meeting being held here during August. The woods is a very suitable one.

The Church is nearing completion and will be ready for dedication in a few weeks.

Mr. Perkins is having a handsome dwelling erected—it will be finished in a few weeks.

J. R. Beck could not supply the demand for late cabbage plants.

Tomatoes are rotting as fast as they ripen in some gardens.

The slug worm has made its appearance again on pear trees.

The old-time potato bug is destroying vegetables.

The Methodist Protestant congregation at Kennedyville have kindly tendered the Presbyterians the use of their church, while the latter are having their church painted. There is a strong brotherly feeling existing between the two congregations, which is a happy thing.

The Alexander, Amsden, Beatrice and Early Rivers peaches have paid well this season where they were properly handled. Fifty cents per basket is a good price for peaches—some growers realized one dollar for the above named. Hale's Early sold during last week, in Philadelphia, at from seventy-five cents to a dollar and a-half per basket. We could not ask for better prices: still, people say there is no money in peaches. There is just as much now as there ever has been. The demand for fruit is increasing all the time, and those who grow choice fruit of any kind will be remunerated. Indifferent fruit, like damaged grain, will not pay.

TECUMSEH.

Lynch's, July 19, 1880.

Peninsula News.

Dogs in Delaware towns have to pay taxes or die.

This promises to be the banner year for the Camden camp. There will be 125 tents.

The Conference Academy at Dover, Del., enrolled 129 students during last year, four of whom were from this county.

The Delaware conference of the M. E. Church meets in Dover, Del., to-day. It is composed of 59 members. Bishop Foss will preside.

A sad accident occurred at Milford on Sunday. A woman laid her infant on the back porch while she went over to a neighbor. A pig in a sty near at hand broke out and ate off both of the baby's feet.

A dressmaker of Dover was robbed last week of a dozen fine dresses.—The dresses were the property of customers, and consisted mostly of fine silks. It is thought that a clue to the perpetrators of the theft has been obtained.

Camp Meetings on the Peninsula will be held this season as follows: Asbury, (Md.) July 11th; Chester Heights, July 17th; Camden (Del.) July 26th; Oakland, July 23d; Woodlawn, Aug. 10th; Brandywine Summit, Aug. 16th; Wye, Aug. 4th.

The Greensboro *Free Press* says the Greensboro brass band is not dead but sleeping. And the Middletown *Transcript* man says: "It will be ready for business before the end of the excursion season, and we hope to meet it. We have an aching desire to listen just once more to the tender soul-stirring strains of this, our favorite band."

One of the excursionists from Greensboro to Oxford, name not given, wasted a box of matches trying to light the gas without turning it on. A friend turned it on for him and the light was forth-coming. He had better success in getting it out, but the escaping gas would have done damage had it not been turned off by a friend.—*Free Press.*

On Tuesday last a youthful couple drove into Denton in a wagon, and, obtaining a license, went in search of a parson, bent on getting married. They found this not so easy as they expected, as the girl was not more than 16, and the youth only a year her senior. It was in vain that their parents were willing—not one of the ministers applied to would unite them. Greatly chagrined at this result of their expedition, they returned the license and received the money back, the most of which they expended in ginger-cakes.—They entered their vehicle, and while masticating their cakes drove off, venting their anger by pelting the poor horse they drove.

Greece will acquire a considerable addition to her population by the readjustment of the boundary line between herself and Turkey, but not so large a one as she expected. According to the Greek line she would have had an accession in all of 614,365 inhabitants, while now she will have an accession of 499,865 inhabitants. As regards the extent of territory, according to the Greek proposal there would have been an accession of 24,337 square kilometres while, according to the line accepted, there is an accession of 22,075 kilometres.

"BECAME SOUND AND WELL."
HATCHER'S STATION, Ga.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.:
Dear Sir—My wife, who had been ill for over two years, and had tried many other medicines, became sound and well by using your Favorite Prescription. My niece was also cured by its use, after several physicians had failed to do her any good.
Yours, truly, THOMAS J. METHVIN.

"BEST OF ALL."
BALTIMORE, Md, March 5th, 1879.

Dr. R. V. PIERCE:
Dear Sir—My family have used your Favorite Prescription and it has done all that is claimed for it. It is the best of all preparations for women complaints. I recommend it to all families. G. S. WATERMAN, Druggist.

MORE BANK FORGERIES—TWO OTHER SWINDLES COME TO LIGHT—A RAID ON BALTIMORE BANKS, &c.—It would seem that Friday last was a little "Black Friday" for the banks of Baltimore, for on that day and Saturday not only was the Merchants' National Bank swindled by adroit forgers to the tune of $7,500 on three forged checks in the name of J. Harmanus Fisher, as heretofore reported, but the Third National Bank, South street, was victimized in an exactly similar way by probably the same two "well-dressed, respectable-looking" and accomplished rogues, in the aggregate sum of $2,690 50, on two checks forged in the name of Middendorf, Oliver & Co., brokers, to whom they had sold a $100 United States bond, as in the Fisher case. The Third National Bank forgery was only made known yesterday morning, after publication of the swindle of the Merchants' Bank, though the forgery was discovered at four o'clock the same evening.

One of the forged checks cashed by the Third National was drawn in favor of Henry Murdock for $1,296 50, and the other in favor of George W. Kimball for $1,294. Mr. N. B. Medairy, teller of the Third National, says that the Murdock check was presented at 2 P. M. Friday by a man apparently 45 years of age, who seemed to be a prompt business man, but as he was not known payment was refused until he could be identified. The man replied, "All right, I will have the check indorsed," and he went away, returning in three minutes' time with the name of Middendorf, Oliver & Co. on the back just as good as on the face. It being customary to cash checks so indorsed, without further question Mr. Medairy paid the money. He says the man was absent only long enough to go around the corner on Second street to Middendorf, Oliver & Co's.

The second check was presented by the man calling himself George W. Kimball at 3 P. M., just before closing time, and already indorsed with the name of the firm purporting to be the drawer. As the teller had paid Kimball a check drawn by Middendorf, Oliver & Co. in June for a small sum, he was recognized as Kimball and paid accordingly without question. Kimball, the teller says, is apparently a man fifty years of age, and very fine looking.

On comparing the forged checks with a genuine check of Middendorf, Oliver & Co. the forgery seems very well calculated to deceive even experts. The genuine check used for comparison, drawn only yesterday, is numbered in red 6677, lithographed by A. Hoen & Co., with government stamp of buff in diamond vignette in the centre and perforated in the left hand lower corner by Middendorf, Oliver & Company's die-block stamp. The bogus checks are exact fac-similes, private stamp, government stamp, lithographer's imprint, and all so perfect that the lithographer could scarcely discover any difference, except that the printing of the false may be a trifle paler than the genuine. The bogus checks were also numbered in red figures of similar size and make as those in the genuine 6671, showing that even in this minute particular the rogues were no bunglers. In signatures that of the genuine check seems to be more angular than in the forgeries for the name of Middendorf, but the Oliver & Co. is a perfect imitation. Mr. A. M. Carter, cashier of the bank, knew nothing of the transaction until it was all over, but he says the forgery was so well executed as to be likely to deceive any one.

The firm of Middendorf, Oliver & Co. had given their check to parties answering the description of the men in June for $54, and this check came home yesterday by way of New York banks. It has evidently first been used to make engraved plates from in New York, and from these plates the checks used in Friday's swindle were made. On Friday Middendorf, Oliver & Co. purchased from a thick-set, short man, with whiskers, three United States bonds of the four per cent. issue.—The first was for $50, and a check for $54 was given in payment. The second was for $100, and a $50 check and $58 cash was paid. The third for $100 was paid for in full by a check for $108. These three checks were not presented, but two were used for their numbers.

DISCOVERY OF AN ANCIENT NORSEMAN'S SHIP.

A thousand years ago the Norse pirates and sea kings were accustomed to fit out expeditions to plunder ships on the high seas and ravage the countries of Europe. Sometimes they conquered parts of the territory they invaded, and, establishing a colony thereon, subjected the native inhabitants to their rule; at others, they returned to their homes among the fiords of Norway laden with the spoils of war. It has been for many ages a tradition among the inhabitants around Christiana fiord, in Norway, that a large tumulus, or mound, about a mile inland, was the resting-place of a mighty sea king, who had been buried there long centuries ago in his war ship, with his costly treasures and his arms, surrounded, as the custom was in those remote days, with his horses and his hounds.—Until recently the superstition of the peasantry had prevented the mound from being disturbed. In January of the present year the sons of the peasant on whose ground the tumulus is situated began the work of excavation, but before proceeding far, notified the Antiquarian Society at Christiana of what they were doing, and an expert and learned antiquary was sent to the neighboring village of Gogstad to conduct the farther investigation. By the end of May the mound was laid bare and exposed the whole body of an old Viking vessel, 74 feet long between stem and stern, 16 feet broad amidships, drawing five feet of water, and with twenty ribs. The Copenhagen correspondent of the London Times, who tells the story, goes on to say:

"In the stem of the ship, first disclosed to the eye, several interesting objects were found. A piece of timber proved to be the stock of the anchor; it was perforated to hold the iron, but of this no more was found than a few remnants. In the bottom the remains of two or three small oaken boats of a very elegant shape were placed over a multitude of oars, some of them for the boats, others, 20 feet long, for the large craft itself. The form of these oars is highly interesting, and very nearly like that still in use in English rowing-matches, ending in a small, finely-cut blade, some of them with ornamental carvings. The bottom deals, as well preserved as if they were of yesterday, are ornamented with circular lines. Several pieces of wood had the appearance of having belonged to sledges, and some beams and deals are supposed to have formed compartments dividing the banks of the rowers on each side from a passage or corridor in the middle. In a heap of oaken chips and splinters was found an elegant-shaped hatchet, about two inches long, of the shape peculiar to the younger iron age. Some loose beams ended in roughly-carved dragons' heads, painted in the same colors as the bows and sides of the vessel—to wit, yellow and black. The colors had evidently not been dissolved in water, as they still exist; but, as olive oil or other kinds of vegetable oil were unknown at the time, it is supposed that the colors had been prepared with some sort of fat, perhaps with blubber."

Of the remains of the old sea king nothing was found but a few bones, fragments of the bones of his horses and hounds, and some metal ornaments. The treasures buried with him had disappeared, under the temptation they presented, it is supposed, to some of his surviving warriors. But the discovery of this relic of a bygone age has created a good deal of excitement in the antiquarian world, and has corrected some theories in respect to the ships of the Vikings.

DANGERS OF THE SURF.—A sad accident occurred at Atlantic City on Monday. About 11 o'clock A. M., Mrs. Nesmith, the wife of Lieut. Nesmith, U. S. A., accompanied by Miss Bessie Fanshawe, the 12-year-old child of John R. Fanshawe, of Germantown, together with another little girl named Helen Deakon, went in to bathe above the light-house. The locality chosen for the bath is a very dangerous one, as it is between the breakwater and the light-house. There is a strong eddy sweeping around this break-water at all times and the current flows rapidly along the beach for fifty yards, when it then rushes out to sea. The party, it is thought, endeavored to wade down the beach, intending to reach the upper end of the bar. There is a cove between the mainland and the bar which has already caused several drowning cases this season in wading out, and it is thought Mrs. Nesmith was suddenly precipitated down the shallow embankment, a few steps distant from which the water is fifteen feet deep. Unable to swim, she for an instant clutched her young companions when she found herself in deep water. Soon they were swept from her and lost beneath the waves. The lifeboat in service further down the beach came to the rescue on being signaled by persons on the beach. All three were out of sight, however, by the time the boat came up. The crew finally succeeded in recovering the body of Mrs. Nesmith, which will be taken to Philadelphia to-morrow by her husband.

REMINISCENCES.—Two well-known up-county citizens on the way to Elkton, last Tuesday, talked over their boyhood days and the changes since then. Forty years ago they brought their fathers to the county town to attend Court as jurors.—Wagons were few in those days and the favorite mode of travel was on foot or horse-back. Buggies had not been introduced and the first man to bring one into the neighborhood was regarded as wrong in his mind and in need of a guardian.—He had purchased it in Philadelphia at a cost of $80. Styles have changed so that such a vehicle would not now be considered fit to go to mill in. Lovers usually took the fair maidens home from parties, not in the handsomely finished buggy or phæton, but in true country fashion—on foot or horseback. The young man who was fortunate enough to possess a horse was a great beau and always sure of the prettiest girl. One of the gentlemen mentioned, who furnished us these points, remarked that courting in "ye ancient times" was not half as troublesome as it now seems to be. To his mind it is a days' labor nowadays to get ready for an evening party and the arrangement of dress and care of team are most unnecessary.—*Cecil Democrat.*

THE SUN CHOLERA MEDICINE.—More than twenty years ago, when it was found that prevention of cholera was easier than cure, a prescription drawn up by eminent doctors was published in The Sun, and it took the name of The Sun cholera medicine.

Our contemporary never lent its name to a better article. We have seen it in constant use for nearly two score years, and found it to be the best remedy for looseness of the bowels ever yet devised.

No one who has this by him, and takes it in time, will ever have the cholera.

We commend it to all our friends. Even when no cholera is anticipated. It is an excellent remedy for ordinary summer complaints, colic, diarrhœa, dysentery, &c.

Take equal parts of tincture of Cayenne pepper, tincture of opium, tincture of rhubarb, essence of peppermint, and spirits of camphor.—Mix well. Dose, 15 to 30 drops in a little cold water, according to age and violence of symptoms, repeated every fifteen or twenty minutes until relief is obtained.—*Journal of Commerce.*

The ballot in London, according to what the Daily News says, is sadly in need of reform. The population of that great metropolis exceeds 3,500,000, which, according to our estimates, would give about 630,000 voters. Yet, on July 2, the ward of Billingsgate elected an alderman of London, (who not only will have important judicial powers at once, but will eventually, by virtue of his office, become Lord Mayor of London,) by a majority of 168 in a total poll of 358 votes. Just think of 358 men electing the mayor of a city of 3,500,000 inhabitants—one elector, in other words, in a thousand people. As the Daily News remarks: "This method of giving a few hundred people in a corner of London the power of nominating a lord mayor is characteristic of the existing method of London administration. The Lord Mayor exercises hospitality in the name of the capital of these kingdoms, and he is supposed to represent popular self-government. In reality he represents only a few hundreds of the neighbors who live round his place of business, and his appointment by them in the name of the people of London is a parody or a burlesque of popular elections."

NEWS IN GENERAL.

In southern Europe olive oil is now largely adulterated with the oil of cotton seed.

Italy imported, during the first six months of this year, 250,000 tons of cereals of all kinds.

The father of Mrs. Tom Thumb died lately, at Middleboro, Mass.—He was of medium stature.

Philadelphia boys are fined $10 for tying a tin pan to a dog's tail, and the fun is not regarded as worth the cost.

The New Haven police quickly quelled a street fight by throwing water on the combatents with a fire engine.

This year's yield of tea in India is estimated at 70,000,000 pounds, nearly double that of 1878. Ten years ago it was under 14,000,000 pounds.

San Francisco is not yet done with women pedestrian matches.—Race after race, with much the same party of contestants, draws crowds.

It is claimed that a new Swedish gun (adopted by the Russian navy) is even more deadly than the Gatling. It can be carried up into the maintop if necessary.

Upon the same floor, in a palace at Florence, the offices of the Supreme Court and the Royal Lottery have recently been located. Access to the lottery is easiest.

In an article on pompous business people, the Leeds (England) Express says that thousands of dealers in the world become bandrupt every year through incivility.

A mine near Ancona, Italy, was last month exploded with so powerful a charge of powder that a small yacht two miles off was lifted out of the sea and capsized by the concussion.

Of all European sovereigns King Humbart is the most addicted to spectacular shows. He never fails to attend horseraces, regattas, carnivals, military parades, and grand theatrical performances.

A Boston pastor proposed, according to the Congregationalist, to preach in his own church all summer, but abandoned his purpose on learning that the sexton's family would be the only one in town.

Crowds of excursionists go up nightly by the railway to see Vesuvius illuminated by electric light. The traffic at night is greater than in the day time, and there are not enough cars to meet the demand.

A Methodist missionary, sent from Chicago to Virginia City, reports as follows: "I made a canvass of the town, and find everybody crazy for gold, but I was unable to find a Christian, though the saloons were numerous."

The so-called Bad Lands of Minnesota turn out to be very good land, and settlers are raising first-rate crops this season. A branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad is penetrating the region, which is being rapidly settled.

A sailor was tied to a stake and burned to death at Victora, British Columbia. The tying was done to keep him a prisoner, as he was drunk and disorderly. The burning was from an accidental fire in the shed under which he was left.

Jose Maria Salazar saw a young girl in an Arizona mining camp, fell madly in love with her, and within three hours asked her to marry him. She declined, and he killed her on the spot. Retribution was as speedy as his courtship had been, for he was at once hanged on the spot.

The English Parliamentary oath is no older than the days of Queen Elizabeth, and was instituted as a safeguard against Roman Catholic conspirators. The act by which the oath was made obligatory is entitled "An Acte for the Assurance of the Queen's Majesties Royal power over all States and subjects within her dominions."

A recent report from the German Consul General at Moscow gives some information concerning the manufacturing industries of Russia. There are about 15,000 factories in the empire, producing goods to the value of 500,000,000 roubles ($325,000,000) a year. At Moscow the wholesale trade is almost entirely in the hands of Germans—that is, either Russian subjects of German origin, or subjects of the German empire. Among the manufacturers, on the other hand, the Russian element predominates. Imported goods which formerly came chiefly from France, are now almost entirely of German production; year by year the French imports are diminishing while the German imports are increasing.

The claimants to English estates will be interested to learn that in the parish of Kelsale, in Suffolk, there is a property known as the "Kelsale House Estate," consisting of mansion, two farm houses, and 440 acres of land. On this estate there is no known owner, agent or occupier. No person is upon it, and no labor of any kind has been expended upon it for the last eight months. The houses are uninhabited, and the land a waste. The taxes are unpaid, and the tithe rent charge is not collected. There are 100 acres of pasture land, but so full of mole hills that the grass is worth little except for feeding purposes. The arable land is a picture to behold; it presents a scene perhaps never before witnessed, but often imagined, when thinking of Goldsmith's "Deserted Village." Thousands of wild flowers now in full beauty give an idea of fairyland.

Australian land sales bear no sort of proportion whatever to the public land sales by the United States government, and the difficulty of getting cheap government land in the British colonies will explain in part the sluggishness of immigration into those countries. Thus in South Australia last year the government land sales were only 428,114 acres, but these sales realized £585,537, or, in other words, the average price of land to the settler was about $6 50 per acre, which will buy over five acres in this country. During the past eight years land has been sold in this colony to the value of $25,000,000, but evidently a thriftless system of long credit prevails in regard to these sales, for all but about $3,000,000 of the purchase money remains still due. South Australia has a population not exceeding 260,000, and yet owes a bonded debt of $47,833,000.

BETTER DAYS FOR WORKINGMEN.—The New York Tribune reports that there are now comparatively few idle men to be found in that city. Many 'longshoremen, ship-carpenters, blacksmiths, sailors and other artisans, who through the winter were dependent upon their meagre savings or charity for a living, are now employed about the busy wharves and shipping, and no one who really wishes work need to remain idle. The Tribune is informed that not since the beginning of the late hard times has there been such a demand for skilled and unskilled labor, whilst at the same time within the last year wages have considerably advanced. This improved condition of affairs exists to a greater or less extent throughout the country.

It is the only medicine I would give to my Baby, a mother said, speaking of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. At all drug stores, 25 cents.

MARRIAGES.

CAIN—DURHAM.—Near Kennedyville, July 8, by Rev. J. A. Weigand, Miss RACHEL CAIN to WILLIAM T. DURHAM, both of this county.

DEATHS.

HYNSON.—In Baltimore, on Sunday morning, July 18th, J. FANNY HYNSON, wife of Medford Hynson, and daughter of the late John Rigby, of Queen Anne's county.

TEMPLE.—At Galena, on the 8th instant, of typhoid fever, GEO. C TEMPLE, aged 36 years.

HARTLEY.—June 24th, JULIA HARTLEY, aged 5 months, daughter of John E. and Fannie D. Bramble.

New Advertisements.

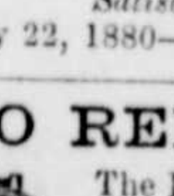
For Sale, A Carriage Factory.

THE LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE SOUTH OF WILMINGTON.

Nearly new and centrally located in the thriving town of SALISBURY, Md. Receives a large trade from adjoining counties. Will sell on very reasonable terms. Reason for selling and particulars given. Call upon or address

L. H. NOCK,
Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md.
July 22, 1880—4t P. Office box 134.

TO RENT FOR 1881.



The Dwelling House, which is now occupied by Mr. Sam'l E. Sullivan, on the corner of Market Space and Spring Avenue. Apply to
July 15, 1880—3t. T. W. ELIASON.

Covered Glass Bowls,

Setts, Individual Butter Plates, Butter Dishes, Bread Plates, Goblets, Mugs, and everything you need in the Glassware line, you can find at
Jy 15 SPARKS'S, opp. court house.

PICNIC!

THE CONGREGATION ATTACHED TO ST. DENNIS' CHURCH WILL GIVE THEIR ANNUAL PICNIC, ON

THURSDAY, JULY 22d,

In McCauley's Woods,
NEAR LAMBSON'S.

A COTILLION BAND WILL BE PRESENT.

TICKETS admitting one person to the grounds and supper............50 cts.
Admission to the Platform............25 cts.
July 15, 1880.

A Refreshing Drink.

Sparks's Ice-cold Lemonade, at 5 cts per glass.

Teachers' Examination.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION for Certificates to teach in the Public Schools of Kent County, will be held at the school room in Chestertown, on

Wednesday, August 4th,

commencing at 9 o'clock A. M.

Applicants for the Normal School will be examined at the same time.

Those taking the examination must come prepared with PEN and INK, and must be present at the commencement of the examination.

EBEN F. PERKINS,
Sec. School Board.
July 15, 1880—3t. [N]

KEEBLER'S Pound, Fruit, and Sponge Cake—at SPARKS'S.

COAL! COAL!!

COAL IS ADVANCING IN PRICE, and the indications are that it will not be lower, so that it would be well for all consumers to consider the propriety of laying in their next winter's supply at once, or at least give their orders so that I may secure it before the price further advances. During the present month (July), I will deliver it at your house from the boat—all sizes—at $5.25 per ton of 2240 pounds, or by tub measure at $5.10.

WOOD! WOOD!

I have a nice lot of PINE WOOD—price $3.50 per cord. Sawed and split, ready for use, $5.00 per cord.

J. T. TWILLEY,
July 15, 1880—3t. CHESTERTOWN.

MONEY.

TO LOAN, a small sum of money.
Apply to E. F. PERKINS,
July 8, 1880—3t. Attorney.

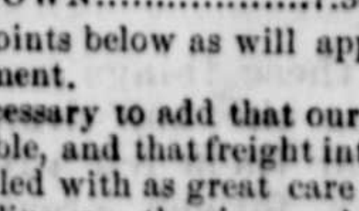
For Rent

FOR the year 1881, TWO STORE ROOMS in the Masonic Hall Building; one occupied by Joseph H. Thompson, and the other by T. R. Hubbard.
Apply to G. W. T. PERKINS,
Agent for Masonic Hall Company.
July 8, 1880.

TO FARMERS, FRUIT GROWERS, And TRAVELING PUBLIC.

The undersigned, having purchased the

Steamer Massachusetts,



Will run her between Crumpton and Baltimore daily, during the Peach Season, beginning the route Monday, July 19.

Leave CRUMPTON............3.00 P. M.
" SPRY'S LANDING............3.30 "
" BUCKINGHAM "............4.30 "
" ROUND TOP............6.00 "
" CHESTERTOWN............7.30 "

And from other points below as will appear in a future advertisement.

It is unnecessary to add that our prices will be as reasonable, and that freight intrusted to us will be handled with as great care as by any responsible line on the river. A good wharf, 110 feet long, with shed over the entire length, has been secured in Baltimore, where fruit will show to the best advantage, and the demand for fruit from this wharf will not be excelled by any other in the city. A reasonable share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

HINES, TAYLOR & CO.
JAS. F. TAYLOR,
July 15, 1880—4t. Captain.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JOHN JERVIS,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 21st day of January, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 13th day of July, 1880.

SARAH JERVIS,
July 15, 1880—4t *Administratrix.*

ARE YOU DRY? Call and get a glass of ice-cold Lemonade—at SPARKS'S,
July 15 opposite the court house.

Trustee's Sale OF VALUABLE Town Property

IN CHESTERTOWN, MD.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent County, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court in which Augusta M. Wickes and Frances C. Wickes are complainants and Mary E. Wickes is defendant, the undersigned, Trustee, will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder, at the Voshell House Porch, in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,

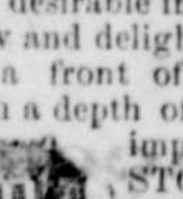
The 3d day of August,

1880, at 11 o'clock A. M., all

THAT HOUSE AND LOT

situated in Chestertown, on the corner of Fish and Front streets, and now occupied by Mrs. Mary A. Wilmer.

This situation is one of the most beautiful and desirable in town, commanding a fine river view and delightful summer breezes. The Lot has a front of about 90 feet on Front street with a depth of 130 feet on Fish street, and is improved by a comfortable TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING containing six good rooms beside kitchen, all in good repair. There is a Pump, with good water, in the yard, and a Stable and Carriage House in the rear of the premises. The Garden is one of the best in the town.



THE TERMS OF SALE

Are as follows: One third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale or in thirty days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee; and the residue in two equal instalments in one and two years from the day of sale, with interest from January 1st, 1881, when the purchaser will be entitled to possession: the credit payments to be secured by bond with security to be approved by the Trustee. The rents for the year 1880 to be reserved from the sale. Deed at cost of the purchaser.

JAMES A. PEARCE.
JOHN H. GREENWOOD, Auct. TRUSTEE.
July 8, 1880—tds [N]

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by C. W. C. Johnson, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Henry Graves and William Graves, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Henry Frisby, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim of the said Henry Frisby in and to the following property, to wit:

One House and Lot,

said lot containing about

TEN ACRES OF LAND,

situated in the Fourth Election District of Kent county, and adjoining the lands of William Graves's heirs, and others; it being the same lot or parcel of land which was conveyed to the said Henry Frisby by Richard B. Carmichael and wife, by deed of June 27th, 1854. And I hereby give notice, that on

Tuesday, the 10th of August,

1880, at the Court House door, in Chestertown, at eleven o'clock A. M., I will sell the said property to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay the said writ, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

EUGENE GOODING,
July 15, 1880—tds. SHERIFF.

Glass Fruit Cans,

Quart and half-gallon—at SPARKS'S

Peach Growers AND SHIPPERS Of Kent County.

IT HAVING BEEN REPORTED, and some being under the opinion that Fruit shipped to Baltimore would bring more on one wharf than another, allow me to publish below the opinion and experience of the oldest and principal commission men of Baltimore, handed to me by one of the largest houses in the city, by whom it was drawn up, and signers requested, without any knowledge or assistance of mine whatever:

The Experience of Commission Merchants.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

We the undersigned, Baltimore Commission Merchants, do hereby certify that Fruit, if good and in order, will bring as much money on one wharf as on another, lying between Pratt street and Hughes' Key, inclusive.

Packers, Shippers, and Dealers generally, have no preference as to wharves and their locations.

THOS. H. EVANS & CO.,
BARTUS TREW,
D. N. ROBINSON,
W. H. RUTTER,
JESSE WILSON & SON,
L. J. COX & CO.,
JOHN A. STEPHENS & SON,
KENLY & TILGHMAN,

Having some little experience in the Peach Freighting Business, I would suggest to shippers three thoughts:

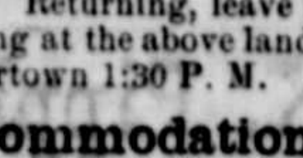
1st. You pay for the collection of many empty boxes that you nor the Commission Merchant never see, and you have no rebate whatever but to call on your commission man, and he sends you to the captain, and the captain has no redress whatever but to say, "if the boxes were on the wharf they were surely brought over." Now, to abate this custom and loss, demand that the man who freights your fruit receipt to your commission merchant for each and every box, (for I am sure there is not a merchant, to my knowledge, who would not be glad to do it) and you will find money saved and business done more satisfactorily.

2d. Each shipper should go to the city once a week and there see in what condition the market demands for the fruit, for you could gain more knowledge in ten minutes, yourself, than any one could explain to you in twice that length of time.

3d. You seldom get the sales of your peaches until the day after. You know not whether they were dumped into the bay, sold, or given away; and at many times you could put certain fruit on the market (when in demand) that not hearing from the market and not knowing its demand, is allowed to waste in your orchards. To remedy this, give your captain an order on your commission man for the price your fruit brings daily; compel him to place the price opposite your name on his manifest, and report to you at your landing, each morning, on his return; and should you do this you will have the handling of your fruit to give better satisfaction, and justify shipper, freighter and merchant. Very respectfully,

JOS. W. THOMPSON.
July 8, 1880—1m.

THOMPSON'S PEACH and PASSENGER LINE



To Baltimore

On and after July 20th, 1880, the steamer L. G. CANNON, Capt. Jos. W. Thompson, will leave *Daily, for Baltimore*, from Buckingham Landing, at 3:30 P. M.; Snitcher's Wharf 5 P. M., Chestertown 6 P. M.; Quaker Neck 7:30 P. M.; Emory's wharf 8:30 P. M., arriving in Baltimore at 1 A. M. Returning, leave Baltimore at 8 A. M., stopping at the above landings, and arriving at Chestertown 1:30 P. M.

Ample Accommodations and staterooms for passengers.

SPECIALTY—Careful handling of FRUIT and care for Empty Boxes, receipting to Commission Merchant for same.

Merchants can leave Chestertown at 6:30 in the evening, and return next day at 1:30, thereby losing only half a day.

FREIGHT 8 cts. per box: 6 cts. per basket. No charge for returning empties.

FARE 75 cts. ROUND TRIP $1.25. Staterooms extra. Meals 40 cents.

Back Freights handled carefully.

THE BOAT will be in splendid order, and Fruit guaranteed to arrive in time, and sales reported daily if an order be given on commission merchant for price. We work for the interests of the shippers.

JOS. W. THOMPSON,
July 8, 1880—2m. MANAGER.

WE keep as large and fine a stock of Cigars as any house in town. SPARKS.

Great Fall IN PRICES OF Clothing!

We find at this late day in the Season that we

HAVE TOO MUCH STOCK

IN CERTAIN LINES OF GOODS

To Make

BUSINESS LIVELY,

and at same time give our Customers

Bargains,

that will help them to remember us. We this day

MARK DOWN

the prices from 10 to 30 per cent.

Note Some of the Changes:

Children's Suits.

ages 4 to 10 years,

$3.25	NOW	$2.50.
$4.00	NOW	$3.00.

Boy's Suits,

ages 10 to 16 years,

$6.50	NOW	$5.00
$7.50	NOW	$6.00

Youth's Suits,

$11.50	NOW	$10.00
$10.00	NOW	$9.00

Youth's Suits as low as $5.00.

Men's Suits,

$11.00	NOW	$10.00
$12.50	NOW	$11.00
$14.00	NOW	12.00

Men's Suits as low as $5.00.

Throughout our Stock the Prices Always LOW are now Lower than Ever!

Elegant assortment of White and Linen Vests; and Thin Goods for Summer.

Polite attention always shown. Goods cheerfully Exchanged or Money Returned if Goods do not Suit.

B. R. Hillman & Co.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS.
166 W. BALTIMORE ST.,
July 1, 1880. Baltimore, Md.

A Big Bonanza!

New Year Presents.

Rich, Rare, Beautiful and Cheap!

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY IN TOWN MAY BE SEEN AT

Stams' Drug Store.

Silver Plated Ware

of exquisite carving, and guaranteed quality.

BOHEMIA WARE,
TOILET SETS,
VASES,
CARD RECEIVERS,
BOQUET HOLDERS, and
JEWELL BOXES.

BOOKS!

For the OLD and YOUNG.

Books of Poetry, Fiction, Ramance and Song.

Children's Books.

Chatterbox, Little Folks, Wide-Awake and hosts of others. Albums, Writing Desks, Gold Pens and Pencils.

BIBLES,
FAMILY BIBLES,

Prayer Books,
Hymn Books,
Sacred Songs,
and Gospel Hymns.

Choicest Perfumes
And COLOGNES
OF BOTH CONTINENTS.

Stationery

in Fancy Boxes of the Most Beautiful designs.

Combs,
Brushes,
Mirror & Tooth Brushes,
and Clothes Brushes.

An Examination of our Stock will convince you that we have not over estimated our goods.

C. F. STAM,
Dec. 18, 1879. Druggist.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JAMES P. DeCORSE,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 20th day of December, 1880; otherwise they may be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 10th day of June, 1880.

EMMA PRICE FRANCE,
CHAS. H. BAKER,
June 17, 1880—4t. *Administrators.*

Sparks has started a LEMONADE FOUNTAIN,

where you can always get a glass of ice-cold Lemonade. July 15

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