The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Jan. 13, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

Since our last issue, we have received a copy of the annual report of Comptroller Keating of the State treasury department, for the year ending Sept. the 30th, 1880. The report sets forth thoroughly and clearly the condition of the finances of the State of Maryland.

The Comptroller states that the treasury is now in a better condition than it has been in before since his incumbency. He says that while each of his previous reports has set forth the embarrassments under which the treasury department had labored, he is happy to say in his report for 1880, that the treasury enters upon a new year with an ample balance, and without any extraordinary demands upon its resources. The balance of $515,026.36 in the treasury on September 30th, 1880, is larger by $113,035.23 than it was on September 30th, 1878; although the receipts for the past year were from ordinary sources of revenue alone, and to the receipts from like sources in 1878 were added $262,500.00 from the sale of Treasury Relief Bonds. The balance on September 30th, 1879, was only $43,182.63 greater than that on the same day last year; although the receipts in the year 1879 from the sale of Treasury Relief Bonds were $268,750.00, in addition to the usual sources of revenue, and the expenses of the Legislature of 1880 caused the balance for the year to be less by $175,000.00 than it would have been without the session of that body.

Since 1872 the treasury has not had any special sinking fund, but during the past year the sum of $69,028.62 has been set aside as a sinking fund, for the discharge of the principal of the treasury relief loan, amounting to $500,000. Of the amount set aside for the sinking fund, about $45,000 has already been invested, the balance awaits investment. The receipts from the ordinary sources of revenue in the year 1880, were $2,007,686 77; the receipts from the same sources in the year 1879, ascertained by deducting from the total receipts $2,126,326.37, the Relief Loan receipts $268,750.00, were $1,857,576.37; increased receipts from ordinary sources were $150,110.40. This improvement in revenue is due principally to increased receipts from, Registers of Wills, collateral inheritance and commission tax, $67,180.87; Railroads, gross receipt tax, 35,037.89; Tax Collectors, State tax, 30,514.70; Insurance Companies, Licenses and Premiums, 4,461.97; Excess of Officers fees; 4,034.49; Clerks of Courts—Licenses, 2,972.88. The Maryland Penitentiary paid, $13,001.68; for the year 1879 it paid, $6,356.36; increase, $6,645.50; old claim of State vs. Baltimore city, paid, $10,652.05.

The Comptroller says that it is a source of congratulation to the treasury that the bounty laws, by which the large sum of $8,522,538.05 has been drawn from its resources, and because of which the State owes a debt of $3,326,750.66 maturing in 1883, have been repealed.—The repealing Act, passed by the last Legislature, went into effect on the first day of April last. The advocacy of their repeal, in his reports to Gov. Carroll and to the last Legislature, gave the alarm to the bounty agents; and their renewed alacrity, up to the last day of grace, confirms the apprehension expressed by him to the Legislature, that "unless the bounty laws are repealed the payment of bounties will never cease." The payments on this account last year were $69,575.00. No claim was paid without the closest scrutiny of the proofs presented, and except when there was no other alternative than to comply with the laws.

The receipt from the tobacco ware-houses above all expenses are shown to be $1,034.23.

The old debts of the tobacco ware-houses are nearly all paid, and the hope is entertained that in future they will not only be self-sustaining, but prove a source of considerable revenue.

The reports covers altogether some ninety pages. Full tables and statements are given, showing the various sources from which State revenues have sprung, and the numerous channels through which disbursements have been made.

The people of Maryland have good reason to be satisfied with the management of their State finances, and good reason to feel satisfied with the financial condition of the State.

Whilst the State has a funded debt of over $11,000,000, this debt is off-set by interest paying securities of over $3,500,000, and of non-interest producing securities of over $25,000,000. Many of these latter promise in time to become paying securities.

The annual State tax of 18¾ cents on the 100 is much lower than the State tax rate in most of the States. In only four States of the Union is the State tax rate lower than it is in Maryland, viz. Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Wisconsin. In most of the States the State tax rate is as high as 30 and 40 cents on the one hundred dollars, and in numbers of the States it reaches 50 and 60 cents, and in one State—Nevada—it is 90 cents on the one hundred dollars; which is almost equivalent to the taxes levied in the counties of Maryland for both State and county purposes.

To the Editors of the Transcript:—At a late meeting of the teachers of the public schools in Kent County I was much interested in a discussion upon the extent to which the memory should be cultivated, and the interest has been revived by reading an admirable article from *Blackwood's Magazine* upon this subject. In the discussion referred to, the question presented was, whether excessive cultivation of the memory tended to dwarf the other faculties of the mind; and I found myself clearly in the minority in attempting to sustain the affirmative of the question; but I also find that I was in substantial accord with the views of the writer in *Blackwood;* whose force and precision commend him to a careful reading. He pours a flood of light upon the true merits of the question, when he says "a good memory, as a rule, represents much more than itself. It indicates a mind capable of a keener, more fixed, more single attention, than ordinary men can bestow on anything beyond their immediate personal interests; a mind open to receive—a judgement ready to weigh, what is worth retaining—a capacity for quick selection and concentration of thought." Of course there are abnormal memories entirely apart from general intellectual vigor; but omitting these from consideration, I am convinced that strength and accuracy of memory indicate sound judgment and power of concentration. For minds of a high order, gifted with the true power of analysis, it may be that the memory cannot be over cultivated, for they will instinctively reject what is unworthy of preservation and appropriate that which is of genuine value; but it is not so with all.

The same writer says "while a strong and vast memory is an object of vague longing with us all, as a fact, people often wish for it who have already as much as is good for them, as much as they can make use of; that is, they have it in proportion to their other gifts. Their grasp of thought, of the deep and abstract, could never have been a powerful one; their interests in large subjects, never keen, or sustained, and a disproportionate memory is a property unmanageable in weak and indiscreet hands. It imprisons the mind within its own range and lends itself to display.—People so gifted, in sober truth, require an excess of modesty, sympathy and discretion to keep the gift from being obtrusive and troublesome. * * * * Society would not be the better for a large accession of memories of the class of Mrs. Tibbs in the "Citizen of the world." Our readers will recall the scene at Vauxhall, where the city widow on her good behavior and unwilling to forfeit all pretensions to politeness, has to sit and listen to that lady's song of portentous length, of which she would not spare her party a single verse. Mrs. Tibbs therefore kept on singing, and we continued to listen, till at last, when the song was just concluded, the waiter came to inform us, that the water works (which the widow had gone to see) were over!"

A good memory must be supported by good taste and sound judgment, and must be accompanied by something of the genuine conversational faculty, if it is to be a source of pleasure to others as well as to its possessor. Tenacious memories in persons of small capacity, are almost sure to be surrendered to hobbies; and most of us can recall some exasperating acquaintance; whose inexorable memory makes us realize that there are many things it is good to forget.

The limits of this communication will not permit anything approaching a discussion of the question: but the more it is considered the plainer it appears to be that the degree of cultivation which should be given to the memory should depend upon the breadth of mind; and corresponding gifts of the person under consideration. SPECTATOR.

Peninsula News.

Delaware's legislature is in full blast.

The Salisbury High School is without a principal.

The venerable Judge Carmichael, of Queen Anne's county recently celebrated his seventy-third birth day.

The oyster packing houses of Crisfield pay out as much as $100,000 for labor, during a packing season.

The county commissioners of Talbot county have received a plan for the new jail, drawn by Mr. Davis, of Baltimore.

The report of Delaware's State treasurer, Robert J. Reynolds, shows that Delaware's assets exceed her indebtedness $153,049.00.

Many boats loaded with oysters are in the ice between Vienna and Seaford. The oyster houses at the latter place are closed.

Rufus Massey, aged 73, and Mrs. Becky Matthews, aged 74, of Somerset county, were married on the 15th of December, and are now enjoying their honeymoon.

A little son of Mr. Edwin H. Brown, of Centreville, while playing in the cold one day last week, was partly paralyzed, and fears are entertained for his recovery.

The daughter of Margaret Phillips, of Georgetown, placed a hot brick in her mother's bed one cold night recently. Her intentions were good, but the brick set fire to the bed, burning it and $30 in money hidden between the sheets.

The local editor of the Middletown *Transcript* claims to have made a narrow escape last week. If he had been on the train that was wrecked at Lamokin he might have been killed. He was not on, however, and he thus escaped injury.

Gov. Hamilton in response to appeals made in behalf of William Milbourne, colored—who was to have been hanged at Princess Anne next Friday for the murder of another colored man—has commuted his sentence to imprisonment for life.

In Sussex county last week hundreds of birds were found dead in the fields. Whole coveys of partridges were trapped or shot while huddled together, and rabbits became so tame that even amateur gunners had no difficulty in killing them in large numbers.

Every year on Christmas day, Dr. C. H. Richards, of Georgetown, distributes among the inmates of the Sussex county Almshouse, apples, oranges, cakes, candy, tobacco and pipes. He went again this year to the delight of the indigent, and his own pleasure.

Speaking of the appointment of Professor E. D. Porter, of Delaware College, to a professorship in the University of Minnesota, the Minneapolis *Tribune* says that the Board of Regents "believe they have secured the services of a strong, able, experienced, practical man of science, who will give character and dignity not only to his own department, but to the university as a whole."

Milford papers declare that the peach trees and berry bushes are killed above the snow-line. Last year's growth of wood in the peach trees is said to be dead. Papers in other parts of the Peninsula intimate that the four fingers and a thumb of destiny are pointing to a summer barren of fruit. At the same time there is not lacking a school of pomologists who contend that the peach crop will be all the better for the appearance of zero.

ENLARGING THE STANDING ARMY.

The Republicans are impatient to get possession of Congress, in order to carry out a programme of policy which will add tens of millions to the annual expenditures, though it must lead to even more corruption than was witnessed during the era of Grantism.

One of their first moves will be to increase the regular standing army, in the face of the fact that there is no menace of war from any quarter, and that the Indian problem, according to the official reports, is substantially solved. During the debate on the Army Appropriation bill, Gen. Hawley spoke as follows:

"I therefore move to amend the last paragraph by striking out "25,000," and inserting in lieu thereof "26,000," as the number of enlisted men in the army. I would be in favor of the additional force of 5,000 men."

This declaration shows the spirit of the party, and it will take form and substance whenever the Republicans have the power.

The army is top-heavy. We have officers enough on the active list for an army five or six times the size of ours. Then the people are taxed to support a retired list of about four hundred officers, who do nothing but draw their pay.

All these officers, all their friends, and all their social alliances, resulting from the permanent system of military bureaus at the capital, are constantly engaged in exerting influence to enlarge the army, so that the superfluous officers may have at least the semblance of employment. Their efforts fit in with the Republican policy, and if the combinations now proposed succeed, the army will be greatly increased in the next Congress.—*N. Y. Sun Washington Correspondence.*

The plans for Baltimore's new postoffice, indicate that it is to be a magnificent structure. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, makes the following mention of the new postoffice in his letter to last Saturday's paper:

"Mr. F. P. Stevens was at the treasury and the capitol to-day with reference to the new Baltimore post-office. He saw several members of the committee on appropriations and received the same assurances as to the appropriation for the Baltimore postoffice as we mentioned in this correspondence last night. The sundry civil bill, which will contain the appropriation, will not be taken up for consideration before the last of this month, and it is not expected that it will be reported to the House before February, as it is the last of the regular series of appropriation bills. The plans and drawings for the new postoffice building have been about completed by the supervising architect of the treasury. It is proposed that the new building shall front 240 feet on Monument Square, and 150 feet on Fayette and Lexington streets, to be three stories high, with a massive tower on the Monument Square front 200 feet in height. The estimated entire cost of the building is about $2,000,000. The drawings indicate a most convenient and beautiful building, which will rival if not surpass the new City Hall in grandeur."

Louise Lorne is in disgrace with her mother, the Queen. In a fit of unendurable homesickness the amiable princess packed up her wardrobe and things and set out for home. But the flesh and blood of loyalty is subject to certain restraints, the contemplation of which may reconcile the common herd to unlineal status. She should have, it seems, made application in form before setting out, and because she neglected the formality she was snubbed by her royal mother and refused permission to share the royal autumnal pleasures at Balmoral. If it be contemplated, as the London press hints, to recall the Marquis of Lorne at the end of his third year, to bury him in the House of Lords, there will be an ominous disintegration of that thick veneer of Canadian enthusiasm that welcomed a real princess in the viceregal halls at Ottawa. The appointment of Lorne and his princess was calculated solely to stiffen the sinews of backwood loyalty in a colony subject to the incessant attrition of democratic doctrines from over the border. We may yet see Sir John A. Macdonald in Congress or the Cabinet. There could be no opposition to the admission of Canada to the Union on the part of the politicians, as not a man of the existing generation is eligible to the Presidency.—*Philadelphia Times.*

"MADE NEW AGAIN."

ST. CATHARINE, Ont.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.:

I have used your Favorite Prescription, Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets, for the last three months and find myself—(what shall I say)—"*made new again*," are the only words that express it. I was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk across the floor without fainting, could keep nothing in the shape of food on my stomach. Myself and friends had given up all hope, my immediate death seemed certain. I can never be too thankful to those who recommended your medicines, for I now live (to the surprise of everybody) and am able to do my own work. I desire to make this statement in order that those suffering may not despair until they have given your remedies a trial.

Yours, respectfully,

MRS. WM. D. RYCKMAN.

If Mr. Springer's proposition for making the new apportionment of representatives in Congress on the present basis of 293 members should be adopted, its first effect would probably be to diminish the chances of the Territories now seeking admission as States. For, in dividing the total population of 1880, exclusive of the Territories and of the District of Columbia, by 293, the ratio for a member of Congress would be 168,498. The population of Utah is 143,907, so that this fact might be brought up as a reason for not admitting her, independently of the question of polygamy. Dakota, also, has but 134,502, and new Mexico but 118,430. Still, such an apportionment would only diminish chances: it would not bar them out. It has never in practice been held necessary that a Territory should have population equal to the ratio for a member of Congress; Nevada to-day does not have half of that population. Still, the higher that ratio the stronger might be the argument againts admitting Territories that did not come up to it.

It would be well if theatre goers generally possessed the cool head of Gen. Canrobert. A play was once being acted in a temporary theatre, constructed of wood, in the camp at Chalons. The house was crammed to suffocation, when a cry of fire made itself heard. Instantly every one rose and a stampede more dangerous than fire, would have commenced, when Canrobert, who was in one of the boxes with his wife, cried out in a ringing voice, "Let every one stay in his place." The soldiers immediately became motionless, and the Marshal resumed: "Let every one go out quietly in order, the younger soldiers first, then the older, after them the non-commissioned officers, then the officers, the highest go last." In a few minutes, though it was no false alarm of fire, the theatre was empty without a single man's toe being trodden on. The Marshal and wife went last.

Queen Victoria has conferred on Mr. Gier, an Irishman and a surgeon in the British army, the first Albert medal ever accorded to a medical man. It was given for an act of singular heroism. Lieut. Graham, an officer in the same regiment was attacked with diphtheria so fiercely that the tube through which breathing was affected was choked up, and his throat was cut to allow air to pass, but the deadly membrane grew so fast over the wound that suffocation was imminent, and to prevent it Dr. Gier for three days sucked out the poison with his tongue to keep the passage clear.—His efforts were ineffectual. It will be remembered that Princess Alice caught this fearful complaint, of which she died, from kissing one of her sick children.

Near Paris a peasant girl was deserted by her lover, who had promised to marry her. Some time afterward he called and found her washing clothing in the garden, near a well. They had been chatting a while, when suddenly the girl, as if by accident, dropped a cloth in the well, and exhibited great grief over the loss of it. Her companion volunteered to lean over in the well and fish the garment out; but while he was engaged the girl caught him by the legs and threw him in. In reply to his cries, she told him if he would promise to marry her she would pull him out. He promised, but no sooner was he out than he brought a suit against her for trying to murder him. Then at last he withdrew it and married her.

Some important archaeological results have been obtained during the recent survey of the Sahara by Col. Flatters, in connection with the proposed Trans Saharan Railway. M. Rabourdin, who accompanied Col. Flatters, discovered numerous beds of cut flints; over a distance of 800 kilometres from Wargla he met with not less than eighteen old manufactories of such flints, proving that in prehistoric times, when these stone implements were used, the desert was habitable, especially in its northern and southern parts. M. Rabourdin has formed a high opinion of the negroes he met with in the Saraha, considering them much superior to the lazy and degraded Arabs. He speaks hopefully of the proposed railway.

A couple arrived at San Francisco on their bridal tour, and took a room at a hotel. The bridegroom then informed the bride that he was out of money, and did not know how to get any. He said that the best thing for them to do was to commit suicide. She agreed, and suggested the use of laudanum, of which she had a bottle. They divided the drug into two equal parts, and swallowed it. The man died, but the dose proved insufficient to kill the woman, and she has recovered.

Simon Short-Lightning and a number of other Dakota Indians, some of whom have equally terrific names, have united in a petition to the American Board of Missions for a church at Devil's Lake. In urging their cause they say: "The mercy of God has reached unto us, and by Him we have been taught how we can live; therefore we desire that the Word of God should grow in this country, and for that we pray to God. Therefore we, though we are few, wish that a church should be made for us."

One of the growing industries of Australia is the cooking and canning of rabbits. The Colas Preserving Company near Melbourne had on an average 7,000 of these agile rodents brought in every night at the beginning of the past season, and the supply increasing, orders were given to limit the daily quantity to 2,700 pair. During the season, which lasted for 25 weeks, 675,000 rabbits were canned by this establishment alone.

Michael Solis, a citizen of Bogota, in the republic of San Salvador, is reputed to be 160 years old; he therefore beats the record of old Parr by eight years. Mr. Solis is extremely methodical in his life, and attributes his age to sobriety. He only eats nourishing food during a single half hour daily. On the 1st and 15th of every month he fasts, and only drinks water.

The preparatory department of Lincoln University has sent altogether 400 young colored men to the South as ministers or teachers, and 133 students have been graduated in the collegiate department.

It is stated that during the present century about one hundred Christianized Jews have entered the ministry of the Church of England and the Protestant Episcopal Church of this country. Four of these have been made bishops, the last of whom is Bishop Schereschewsky, of China.

Eastport, Me., exported 65,000 cases of sardines last year, worth $650,000, against 25,000 in 1879.—Seven new factories were erected, making thirteen now in operation.

According to the Oil City Derrick, Sara Bernhardt hung up her stocking on Christmas Eve and the only thing Santa Claus could put in it was a lightning rod.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT,

Passed by Kent County Agricultural Association, upon the announcement of the death of Lewin Usilton, *January 11th, 1881:*

Whereas an All Wise Providence has removed from our midst, by death, an esteemed and influential member of this Association, therefore be it resolved

1st. That this Association sincerely sympathizes with the family of the deceased in their great bereavement.

2d. That in this event, this Association and the community sustain a serious loss.

3d. That it becomes us to emulate and imitate his many manly virtues.

4th. That these resolutions be spread in full upon the record of this meeting; and a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased: also, copies be sent to the *Kent News* and the *Chestertown Transcript* for publication.

HENRY T. MASSEY, Sec.

A shipwrecked sailor waiting for a sail is like a business man sitting at home and nursing a Cough or Cold. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be cured. Only 25 cents a bottle.

MARRIAGES.

LEGG—HERSCH.—Jan. 4, 1881, at the Rock Hall M. E. church, by Rev. E. H. Miller, B. C. Legg to Miss Sarah L. Hersch, both of this county.

DEATHS.

CRANER.—Near Battershell Hill, January 9th, 1881, Samuel C. Craner, age 31 years, 3 months and 9 days.

BROWN.—At the residence of her son, Samuel W. Brown, in Quaker Neck, Mrs. Annie E. Brown, consort of the late James G. Brown, in her 65th year.

KERR.—On December 24th, Edward Kerr, in his 54th year.

New Advertisements.

If you want a first-class Flour, enquire for Clifton at J. A. PERKINS.

Call and see our good Cigars, 2 for 5. J. A. PERKINS.

W. H. LAMBERT & CO.

We hereby notify our friends and the public generally, that we have opened a

NEW STORE

at the room recently occupied by Mr. S. Merritt, alongside of Mr. J. K. Aldridge's hardware Store.

We hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

W. H. LAMBERT & CO.

Atmors Mince Meat for 10 cts per lb. at J. A. PERKINS.

1881.

E. W. F. Simpers,

(Opposite Stam's Drug Store,)

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE,

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Would call special attention to stock of

GROCERIES

as follows: MOLASSES, SYRUP, SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, RICE, BUCKWHEAT, FLOUR, HOMINY, CHEESE, PRUNES, PICKLES, CHOW-CHOW, OAT MEAL, CANNED GOODS, COMPRESSED CORNED BEEF.

Our motto—GOOD GOODS, LOW PRICES.

E. W. F. SIMPERS,

Chestertown, Md.

Market price paid for country produce.

Jan. 13, 1881—y. E. W. F. S.

GROCERIES AT CITY PRICES.

We have on hand a First Class Stock of

Groceries and Provisions.

Sugars, Teas, Coffies, Flour, Lard, Hams, Sugar Cured Shoulders, Breast Meat, Side Bacon, Sausage, Mince Meat.

Tobacco of all grades. Cigars, Snuffs, Pipes, Pickles, Buckwheat, Beans, Hominy, Canned Tomatoes, Canned Corn, Canned Peas, Canned String Beans, Canned Crabs, Salt Mackerel, Corned Shad, Smoked and Salt Herring, Molasses, Syrups, Pure Cider Vinegar, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Dates, Citron, Candies, Apples, Onions. Sweet and Irish Potatoes.

We aim to keep a *first class* stock of

Vegetables.

Give us a call.

J. A. PERKINS,

Opposite the M. E. Church.

P. S.—Country Produce wanted for trade or cash. Jan. 13, 1881—y.

The best New York Buckwheat Flour for 4 cts. per lb. at 85 cts. per bag. J. A. PERKINS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby gived that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

LEWIN USILTON,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 14th day of July, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 11th day of January, 1881.

HARRIETT M. USILTON,
JOSEPH R. USILTON,

Jan. 13, 1881—4t. *Administrators.*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters Testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

THOMAS BAKER,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 24th day of July, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day of December, 1881.

CHAS. H. BAKER,

Jan. 13, 1881—4t. *Administrator.*

Toys: DOLLS, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, and FIRE-WORKS.

HUDGINS' BAKERY.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.

Battle Creek, Michigan,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE ONLY GENUINE

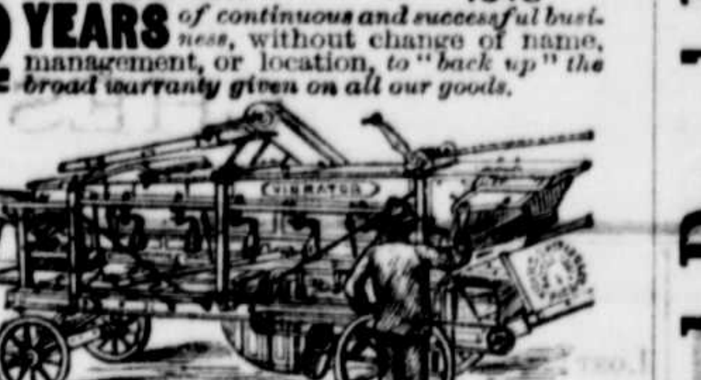
VIBRATOR

THRESHERS,

Traction and Plain Engines and Horse-Powers.

Most Complete Thresher Factory in the World. Established 1848

32 YEARS *of continuous and successful business, without change of name, management, or location, to "back up" the broad warranty given on all our goods.*



STEAM-POWER SEPARATORS and Complete Steam Outfits *of matchless qualities.* Finest Traction Engines and Plain Engines ever seen in the American market.

A multitude of special features and improvements for 1881, together with *superior qualities in construction and materials not dreamed of by other makers.* Four sizes of Separators, from 6 to 12 horse capacity, *for steam or horse power.* Two styles of "Mounted" Horse-Powers.

7,500,000 Feet of Selected Lumber (*from three to six years air-dried*) constantly on hand, from which is built the incomparable wood-work of our machinery.

TRACTION ENGINES

Strongest, most durable, and efficient ever made. 8, 10, 13 Horse Power.



Farmers and Threshermen are invited to investigate this *matchless Threshing Machinery.* Circulars sent free. Address

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.
Battle Creek, Michigan.

INAUGURATION.

January 1st, 1881.

A

Bargain Sale

—OF—

CLOTHING

NOTE SOME OF THE REDUCTIONS:

For Men

$12.00	OVERCOATS REDUCED TO		$10.00
14.00	"	"	11.00
15.00	"	"	12.00
20.00	"	"	16.00
25.00	"	"	18.00
25.00	"	"	20.00
19.00	SUITS REDUCED TO		16.00
	ODDS AND ENDS OF SUITS TO		$10.00

For Youths

$10.00	OVERCOATS REDUCED TO		$ 8.00
11.50	"	"	10.00
8.00	ULSTERS	"	5.00

For Boys

$ 5.00	OVERCOATS REDUCED TO		$ 4.00
6.50	"	"	5.00
8.50	"	"	6.50
12.00	"	"	10.00
10.00	"	"	8.00
7.00	ULSTERS	"	6.00
8.50	"	"	7.00
9.00	"	"	8.00
11.00	"	"	9.00
12.00	"	"	10.00

For Children

$ 4.00	SUITS REDUCED TO		$ 3.50
5.00	"	"	4.00
7.00	"	"	6.00
6.50	"	"	5.00
7.00	"	"	6.00
3.50	ULSTERS	"	2.75
4.00	OVERCOATS	"	3.50
5.00	"	"	4.00
6.00	"	"	5.00
7.50	"	"	6.00
	ODDS AND ENDS OF 7.00, 8.00 and $9.00 OVERCOATS REDUCED TO		$5.00.

If at the above prices you are not thoroughly satisfied with your purchases, you are privileged to return the goods for exchange or the money.

B. R. HILLMAN & Co.

One Price Clothiers,

166 *W. Baltimore Street,*

Jan 6, 1881. Baltimore, Md.

1881 JANUARY 1881

NEW YEAR.

New Goods!

Heavy Woolens for Winter Weather.

Wickes & Brother

Invite attention to their present well assorted stock of

Seasonable Dry Goods and Other Merchandise

to meet the calls of the season, and particularly to full lines of WHITE AND COLORED BLANKETS, FLANNELS, KERSEYS, CASSIMERES, and Ladies' and Men's UNDERWEAR, SHAWLS, &c.

Their Stock is mostly First Class, and is being sold very close to people who are disposed to get full value for their money, and who know that the best is often the cheapest.

Chestertown, January 1, 1881.

WICKES & BROTHER

Have now on hand a splendid stock of

INDIA RUBBER GOODS,

Policemen's Coats, Boots, &c., and Gunning Caps. December 9

Heavy Winter Overcoats, Ulsterets,

—AND OTHER—

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Now being received, and offered at attractive prices, by

WICKES & BROTHER.

January 1, 1881.

Gentlemen's Every-day Boots,

Mens' Heavy Boots

For Farm Wear, and Boy's Boots, all of them of the very best makes ever put on this market, warranted to give complete satisfaction to people who understand the importance of keeping the feet thoroughly protected in winter weather, and now on sale with

WICKES & BROTHER.

Chestertown, January 1, 1881.

C. F. STAM,

Druggist

—AND—

DEALER IN

FANCY ARTICLES,

Has a Fine Assortment of

Imported Majolica Ware,

Bric a Brac

AND FANCY PERFUMERY.

HIS SELECTION OF

Triple Plated Silver Ware

ON WHITE METAL,

From the celebrated Meridan Britannia Company, is very fine.

You will do well to call and examine his stock.

☞ Prices are very moderate. ☜

November 18, 1880.

500 Pairs Mens' and Boys' Heavy Boots

VERY LOW!

MUST BE SOLD.

THE NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

T. D. PIERCE, Opposite the Bank.

Chestertown, Md.

Dec. 9, 1880—y.

NOTICE

—OF—

Application for Confirmation of Sale.

HENRY GRAVES AND WILLIAM GRAVES

VERSUS

HENRY FRISBY.

Judgment before C. W. C. Johnson, Esq., Magistrate, for $28.00 debt, with interest from the 26th day of July, 1878, until paid, and costs.

The subscriber having purchased the real estate of the above named defendant at a sale thereof in virtue of an Execution issued upon the foregoing Judgment and made on the 18th day of December, 1880, by John N. Dodd, late Constable, hereby gives notice that he intends to apply to the Judges of the Circuit Court for Kent county, at the next session to be held in Chestertown, on the third Monday of January 1881 next, for a confirmation of said sale, when and where the said defendant or his creditors, or any other person or persons claiming any interest in the matter, will have an opportunity of stating their objections, if any they have, why the sale should not be confirmed, and for that purpose are hereby warned to appear.

The property purchased by the subscriber consists of one House and Lot of Land which contains about Ten Acres, situated in the Fourth Election District of Kent county, and adjoining the lands of William Graves' heirs and others: it being the same lot or parcel of land which was conveyed to the said Henry Frisby by Richard B. Carmichael and wife, by deed of June the 27th, 1854, and recorded among the Land Records for Kent County aforesaid, in Liber J. F. G., No. 2, page 369, as on reference will more fully appear; and was struck off for the sum of $125.00.

WILLIAM GRAVES.

December 23, 1880—4w

Christmas Goods.

The LARGEST and Most Varied Assortment of CHRISTMAS GOODS IN TOWN can be found at

SPARKS',

Opposite Court House.

Consisting in part of

Fine Plated Ware,

Bohemia Glass-ware, Vases, Toilet Setts, Jewelry Cases, Work Boxes, Writing Desks Work Stands, Dressing Cases, &c.

A Splendid Line of LAMPS,

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Fine Glass Ware.

Goblets, Setts, Celery Glasses, Covered Bowls, Pickel Dishes, Bread Plates, Cake Stands, and anything you may need in that line.

TOYS! TOYS!

To suit all ages. Wagons, Sleds, Tin Toys in abundance, and the largest stock of DOLLS ever seen in Chestertown, and the Cheapest.

CONFECTIONERY

of all kinds. Nuts, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, Cocoa-nuts, Chow-Chow, Pickles, Sauces French Mustard, Conserved Fruits, Malaga Grapes, and everything at lowest prices.

Cigars and Tobacco,

A fine line, try them.

CLOCKS. CLOCKS.

We still sell good Clocks at small profit.

☞ Come one and all, and look at our stock before buying. It will pay you.

SPARKS,

Dec. 16, 1880. opposite Court House.

Stop! Stop! Stop!

HAVE YOU EXAMINED

the

LARGE STOCK

of

L. K. STAM'?

If Not You Had Better Do It.

HE SELLS HIS GOODS AS CHEAP AS THEY CAN BE BOUGHT IN THE CITY,

AND WILL DELIVER THEM

TO YOUR HOUSES FREE OF CHARGE.

NOTICE A FEW ARTICLES.

Bed Room Suits. Chairs.
Extension Tables. Lounges.
Beadsteads. Mattresses.
Sideboards. Kitchen Safes.
Wardrobes. Bureaus.

The Celebrated

HEYWOOD RATTAN CHAIR.

China Tea Setts. Mustache Cups.

Looking Glasses.

Beautiful Window Shades.

Library and other LAMPS,

and many other articles too numerous to mention

Do not fail to call and examine his Stock even if you do not buy—you will be politely received.

Remember the place—just below C. F. Stam's drug store, and adjoining Mrs. Melvins'.

Dec. 9, 1880.

Flexible Weather Strips

Keep out cold wind, snow, rain and dust; save fuel and secure comfort for windows and doors. For sale by

Dec 16 J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Sleigh Bells, A large assortment; Ladies', Gents and Boys' SKATES; Christmas Tree Holders, &c., at

Dec 16 J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

A CHRISTMAS GREETING

Again the Festal Season Approaches.

Again

C. F. STAM

Announces to the public that he has now ready a

Magnificent Assortment

of

Christmas Goods,

such as you will rarely find in a country town.

Silver Plated Ware

Cake Baskets, Card Receivers, Flower Stands, Casters, Berry Dishes, Cups, Waiters, Knives, Forks and Spoons, of the best quality and most artistic designs.

Bohemia and Majolica Ware.

Vases, Toilet Setts, Pictures, Plates, Tea Setts, and Pickle Dishes, elaborately adorned in antique designs.

Books! Books!

Works of Standard Literature, Poetry and Song, in attractive and substantial bindings.

Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books, Children's Toy Books, Albums, Alphabet and Building Blocks.

Perfumery.

The Choicest Foreign and Domestic Perfumery and Colognes in cut glass and pressed bottles.

Special Notice.

Our Stock of HOLIDAY GOODS

Being so Large and Varied

We can only enumerate a few articles. We beg you to come in and examine for yourself. We pledge you a cordial welcome, a comfortable store and low priced goods.

Respectfully,

COLIN. F STAM,
Druggist.

Notice large sign Christmas Goods on corner.

Dec. 16, 1880. C. F. T.

NEW EDITION.



WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED.

1928 Pages. 3000 Engravings.

Vocabulary contains over 118,000 Words.

Four Pages Colored Plates.

Containing a SUPPLEMENT of over 4600 NEW WORDS and Meanings, including such as have come into use during the past fifteen years—many of which have never before found a place in any English dictionary.

ALSO CONTAINING A NEW

Biographical Dictionary of over 9700 Names

of Noted Persons, ancient and modern, including names of many now living, and giving Pronunciation, Nationality, Profession and Date of each.

GET THE LATEST.

New Edition contains a Supplement of over 4600 new words and meanings.

Each new word in Supplement has been selected and defined with great care.

With Biographical Dictionary, now added, of over 9700 names of Noted Persons.

GET THE BEST

Edition of the best Dictionary of the English Language ever published.

Definitions have always been conceded to be better than in any other Dictionary.

Illustrations, 3000, about three times as many as in any other Dictionary.

The Dictionary recommended by State Sup'ts of 36 States, and 50 College Presidents.

In the Public Schools of the U. S. about 32,000 copies have been placed.

Only English Dictionary containing a Biographical Dictionary,—this gives the name with Pronunciation, Nation, Profession and Date of over 9700 persons.

Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.

ALSO

WEBSTER'S NATIONAL PICTORIAL DICTIONARY.

1040 Pages Octavo. 600 Engravings.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

CHARLES HAWKINS,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of July, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 4th day of January, 1881.

GEORGE BOLTON,

Jan. 6, 1881—4t. *Administrator.*

Christmas Goods!

FINE ASSORTMENT!

LATEST NOVELTIES!

☞ Save Money by Buying of

T. W. WICKES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters Testamentary C. T. A. on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JAMES POWDERLY,

late of Kent county, Md. deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of June, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1880.

B. F. H. CAULK,

Dec. 16, 1880—4t. *Executor.*

CHRISTMAS GOODS!

Fine Assortment!

Latest Novelties!

☞ Save money by buying of

T. W. WICKES.

Bones! Bones!—Highest cash price paid for raw bones, at KENNARD & CO'S.

A FULL stock of Confectionery, Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Cigars and Tobacco, constantly on hand—at SPARKS'.

For Rent,

For the year 1881, the Office under the Masonic Hall building, now occupied by William M. Slay, Esq. Apply to

Dec 16—3t GEO. W. T. PERKINS.

For Rent

For the year 1881, the STORE ROOM in the Masonic Hall Building, now occupied by Joseph H. Thompson.

Apply to GEO. W. T. PERKINS.

Dec 16, 1880—3t

Kris Kringle.

THE ELEVATED RAILROAD,

AT HUDGINS' BAKERY.

Come, buy your Goods for the Holidays, and "We Will all Take a Ride. Dec 2

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