The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Apr. 7, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

GENL. GRANT and family are on their way to Mexico. It is to be hoped that Grant has not commenced to work up another boom for 1884.

IS Garfield President, or is Conkling? This is not a fully decided question. It is a question that must be decided before long, and as matters now look, Conkling will come out ahead. Perhaps Garfield's administration may resemble that of his predecessor, in that the imperial Roscoe may deprive him of a party.

GARFIELD is already in trouble. His appointments are giving offense to several diverse interests in his party. The resignations of Attorney General McVeagh, and Post Master General James have been hinted at. Conkling has been aroused, and proposes war on the president. The denouement will determine exactly how much backbone Mr. Garfield possesses.

DIRE disasters are promised for this year by other authorities than Mother Shipton.

It is said that Proctor, the great English astronomer, predicts that during this year, a great comet shall fall into the sun, intensifying the heat of that body, so that all life shall cease from off the earth. Another astronomer predicts from the conjunction of the planets, wholesale disease and death for the next six years: but those who live through these calamitous times will enjoy more vigorous health, and the average period of human life will be doubled.

No sane person need spend any sleepless nights over either of these predictions.

A PENINSULA ship canal is again being talked of. But that is no sign of a mare's nest. It has been talked of for the last twenty years, and if Mother Shipton and Professor Proctor shall fail in bringing the world to a speedy end, this same ship canal will probably be talked of for twenty years to come.

Leave Baltimore alone for talking about things. For a long, long time she has been talking voluminously about a little fourteen mile railroad, which should run from Middletown to Elkton, and which should give Baltimore a closer connection with the Peninsula.

She claims to need grain elevators of 10,000,000 bushels capacity, whereas she has elevators not beyond a capacity for 5,000,000 bushels. She talks every year about putting up more elevators.

The main support of a peninsula ship canal must of course come from Baltimore. Such a canal would help immensely the commercial prosperity of Baltimore. If Baltimore capitalists would make up their minds to put the canal through, it would not need much talk to make the matter go. Ten millions of dollars would produce more solid results than ten million volumes of fine-print talk.

LITTLE BILLY MAHONE has again had his sensitive feelings hurt, and has again let off some of his impassioned, but ungrammatical English in the United States Senate.

On Friday of last week, Senator Voorhees of Indiana sent to the speaker's desk to be read, a clipping from the Philadelphia *Telegraph*, a Republican paper, which described Mahone as a renegade Democrat, a repudiationist and as having entered into a bargain with the Republican Senators with regard to the organization of the Senate. Objection was made to the reading of the paper, and in order to have it read, Senator Voorhees said he would adopt it and make it his speech.

At this little Billy (he weighs ninety pounds) jumped up in his seat, and with the air of a man weighing at least four tons, wanted to know if the Senator from Illinois, as he called him, really meant that for his speech.

The Virginia Senator's manner was very positive and threatening, and had so much the appearance of an attempt to scare Voorhees, that that Senator replied by endorsing fully the language of the clipping. Upon this avowal Mahone so far lost his head, as to indulge in most ridiculously ungrammatical English.

It is astonishing that Mahone should lash himself into such a seeming fury over the charges of being a "renegade Democrat" a "repudiationist" and "of having bargained with the Republican side of the Senate," when all of these charges are so plainly true.

As to his being a renegade Democrat, he was elected to the Senate by a Democratic legislature, and is found voting with the Republicans in the Senate.

As to his being a repudiationist, to be sure he calls himself a "readjuster," but either term means one who is in favor of not paying in full the State debt, and to make a distinction between the terms is but a weak quibble.

The third charge that he has bargained with the Republican side of the Senate is borne out very strongly by the fact that the most important office in the gift of the Senate—Sargeant at arms—has been tendered to one of Mahone's henchmen, by name of Riddleberger.

In the face of all these facts, it is monstrously absurd for the little Virginia Senator to go into a spasm of indignation. Doubtlesshe does so on the same principle that the small dog, conscious that he is a small dog, yet barks very lond in an endeavor to create an impression that he is bigger than he looks to be.

THERE is quite a calm in State politics. Everybody who takes an interest in politics is doubtless waiting for the bomb, which the Baltimore *American* has been for the last two months assuring the general public that Gov. Hamilton is about to explode. The Easton *Star* says with regards the bomb:

"The Governor Hamilton bomb is the Baltimore *American's* latest announcement, and it has been working on it so long, and like Edison and his electric lamp, has made so much fuss over it, and spilt so much printer's ink about it, that people would be inclined to believe there was something in it, had not the *American's* bombs proved such wretched failures. It is to be hoped Gov. Hamilton will telegraph the *American* his permission to explode the thing, and let the world have the benefit of the boomerang. Gov Hamilton has stood unhurt against all the bombs the *American* has exploded in the last thirty years, as has also the Democratic party, and no doubt they can stand the coming bomb; the Democratic party can, whether Gov. Hamilton can or not.

Peninsula News.

Beniah T. Watson, of Dover, it is said, will be offered the consulship to Callao, Peru.

One Dorchester county man who owns an interest in half a dozen oyster boats, has cleared over $5,000 this season.

Mr. Martin, an Englishman, has purchased a lot in Elkton, and will erect thereon the finest house in town.

Oliver P. Clemson has purchased the Hess farm, in Cecil county, adjoining Elk Mills, and containing 112 acres, for $4,750.

Georgetown, Sussex county, Del., has planted a healthy young whipping post, calculated to meet the demands of the coming spring court.

Daniel Bratton has sold his farm, 122 acres, near Elkton, to John M. Thackery, inspector in the Baltimore custom house for $7,000.

A boy seven years old, grandson of Jonathan Kenthley, of Elk Neck, Cecil county, fell from a batteau into Percy creek Friday last and was drowned.

The Cambridge papers announce that work on the bank building will shortly begin and that when completed it will be a handsome structure.

The Middletown *Transcript* is soon to build a three-story brick building for its own use, to put in new presses and otherwise to enlarge its facilities.

Robert Clifton, a prominent citizen of Felton, was thrown from his horse on Tuesday of last week and so severely injured that his recovery is despaired of.

The "Possum hollow," and the "Andersontown" debating societies of Caroline county, meet each other periodically in a setto debate, in which, questions having great bearing upon the destinies of the human race are settled.

The small pox has broken out in Baltimore hundred, Sussex county, and has spread to a great number of families. There are said to be over forty cases already in the hundred, and great excitement prevails. Business has been almost entirely suspended at Selbyville and Roxana. The contagion is thought to have been brought from Philadelphia in a buffalo robe.

MAHONE MAKES THREATS.

WASHINGTON, April 1.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Voorhees sent to the Clerk's desk and had read an extract from the *Evening Telegraph*, of Philadelphia, a Republican paper which alluded to Mahone as a "renegade Democrat," and charging that his acting with the Republicans was in consequence of a disgraceful bargain.

Mr. Hoar objected to its being read and Voorhees stated that he would indorse it and make it his speech.

Mr. Hoar then raised a point of order against the reading of the article, which was overruled by the President pro tem. (Ingalls).

Subsequently Mr. Voorhees, at Mr. Hoar's private suggestion, disclaimed any indorsement of any expressions in the article which might be construed in the way of making a personal quarrel with either of the gentlemen alluded to in it (Mr. Mahone and the Vice President). At this point of the proceedings, when the discussion had lost all of its life and fire, when the audience in the galleries had become less numerous, and when all were looking forward to an immediate adjournment, the most exciting scene of the day took place.

Mr. Mahone, of Virginia, rising unexpectedly, said: I rise to ascertain whether I correctly understood the Senator from Illinois (meaning Indiana and Voorhees) as saying that the article which he had read from a Philadelphia paper was his speech. In that article I am referred to as a "renegade Democrat," further on as a "Repudiationist," and further on as having entered into a bargain with the Republican Senators in regard to the organization of the Senate. If I have recited correctly what is stated in that article I ask the Senator whether that is his speech (a pause) and I pause for a reply.

Mr. Voorhees, who had in the meantime moved to the Republican side of the chamber and taken a chair at a very short distance from Mahone, replied in a courteous but resolute tone. He said: I sent to the clerk's desk an article from a leading Republican newspaper, edited by allies of the Senator from Virginia. Soon afterwards the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) came to me in those kindly relations which we have ever borne to each other and asked me to soften that article by disclaiming it as my speech, I did so, in response to that suggestion. If the Senator from Virginia expects anything further than that from me he is mistaken. He will have to deal with the Republican editor of that paper, and when he settles with him, if he has anything further to settle with me he will find me here, and will not only find me here, but will find me willing to respond. I do not mean that in any offensive sense whatever, but in a sense of absolute justice.

Mr. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania, said that the paper in question was a Republican paper with Democratic tendencies, and it was not a leading Republican paper. Hoar tried to smooth the matter over, but Mahone, declining to take advantage of Mr. Hoar's suggestion, said: Mr. President, this is a very simple question. I stated the case to this Senate, and stated it I think, clearly. I stated that the Senator from Illinois (meaning Indiana) had read to this house an article from a newspaper in which different references to myself were made, the Senater having stated that that was a part of his speech. Now, what I have arisen for (notwithstanding what the Senator has said to my friend from Massachusetts) is to ask the Senator from Indiana whether or not these personal references to myself were of his own accord, and that (speaking imperatively) is the question that I ask the Senator now.—The Senator has said that he did not want to be dictated to, and that, in the course of this debate, the privilege will be exercised of having newspaper articles read at the desk. I make no objection to that—none whatever—and it is not of that that I complain. But when the Senator says that that article is his speech he stands in the attitude of the man who wrote it. The Senator takes the liberty of referring me to the newspaper man for settlement. I shall select my own course in this matter.

Mr. Voorhees (defiantly). Select me whenever you please.

Mr. Mahone (resolutely.) I select you now.

Mr. Voorhees (contemptuously). Well, select me now.

Mr. Mahone (persisting in his point). I have called upon you in this house to say whether or not—

Before he had time to finish the sentence Mr. Voorhees, anticipating it and throwing off the self-restraint which he had observed up to this point, said (passionately): Then I indorse every single word which was said in that article.

Mr. Mahone (breaking in). Then I say that the references which you make to me are such that no honorable or brave man would make, and I denounce you as such here.

[The reporter gives the sentence as it was uttered.]

Mr. Voorhees. That is a bare question of here and hereafter.

Mr. Mahone. The "hereafter" will come as soon as you want it to.

Mr. Voorhees. I will know exactly how to meet it. I indorse every word said in that article. I indorse the term "renegade Democrat." I indorse everything else in it that may be construed to reflect on the course of the Senator from Virginia, and without his taking time to put words upon me he can seek his redress. There is no use in making any mistake about this matter at all. I heard the Senator from Virginia stand here and shout out "that thing had to stop!" Suppose it don't? Suppose it don't? I know it won't with me by your dictation. That is cheap, very cheap, alluding to Mr. Mahone's expression.

Mr. Mahone. It is very cheap, Mr. President, to deal in such bravado as the gentleman from Illinois (meaning Indiana) does.

Mr. Voorhees, who was walking over to his own chair when Mr. Mahone's last remark was made, turned round and said: The gentleman alludes to me as the Senator from Illinois. I suppose he will take no exception, therefore, if I allude to him as the Senator from Vermont.

Mr. Mahone (continuing and completing his sentence). But when the gentleman says that he indorses the sentiment of that newspaper article, I undertake to characterize it here as such that no brave or honorable man would make in this chamber. [The reporter gives this sentence also as delivered.] Now let him take that with him and wear it.

Some Democratic Senators here suggested to Mr. Voorhees to say no more; but, not heeding the advice, Mr. Voorhees retorted (in a somewhat oracular manner, the question about taking and wearing a thing depends a good deal upon "here" and "hereafter."

This ended the controversy in the Senate chamber, and then, on motion of Mr. Dawes, the Senate, at 7.15, adjourned till Monday.

SWIFT RETRIBUTION.—A Macon (Ga.) dispatch states that in the town of Sparta, sixty miles from Macon, Gus Barnes, a negro, about twenty years old, last Thursday attacked a young lady—Miss Johnson—who was walking along a road near the suburbs. He threw her down and beat her unmercifully, and in the struggle tore her clothes terribly, but the lady, being of robust frame, frantically and successfully resisted his efforts. Just as her powers and strength were well-nigh exhausted, some gentlemen who were passing by came to her rescue and saved her. A party was at once organized, and Barnes was pursued. A short time afterwards the party returned without Barnes, but on the following day his body was brought into Sparta in a wagon. It was riddled with bullets and the head nearly severed from the body. Much excitement was caused by the friends and family of the dead man following the remains with noisy cries of grief. The body was found upon the exact spot where the outrage was attempted. He is supposed to have been captured, brought back and executed by his capturing party. He was a bad character, and his father once represented the county in the Legislature.

LORD BEACONSFIELD has been, since he was 47 years of age, subject to attacks of gout, like Lord Derby, his late leader, and calls the occasional visits of the enemy his "renovators." It is only when the gout has been, as now, for some time suppressed, and attacks some interior organ, that danger ensues. In 1852, when for the first time as Chancellor of the Excheque he made his great speech in defence of his budget, he had to be supported into the House by Lord Henry Lennox on a muffled foot, and sustained throughout on copious draughts of port wine. Lord Granville, who sits opposite to him in the House of Lords, leading the Ministerial party is obliged constantly to speak sitting from a similar cause.

JAY GOULD ON ORANGES AND ALLIGATORS.

From an interview in the World.

"For 300 miles south from Jacksonville, along the St. John's River, and still further north and east the country is dotted over with orange groves of from twenty to twenty-five acres in extent. It takes about five years for an orange grove to mature so as to produce fruit for the market, but nevertheless new groves are constantly planted, and are looked to as a source of revenue. When an orange grove begins to bear fruit it apparently never wears out. I heard of one tree which bears annually from six to eight thousand oranges, but that is above the average."

"What is the cost of an orange grove?"

"As I said," replied Mr. Gould, "they vary in extent from twenty to twenty-five acres, and are worth from $50,000 to $100,000. But they yield a handsome percentage. For instance, Mr. Hart, who lives just above me here, owns a grove of about twenty-five acres, and he informs me that it yields him a net income of from $15,000 to $20,000 a year."

"Is this interest growing?"

"Decidedly so, and I think that within the next five years Florida ought to be able to supply the entire demand of the United States for oranges. I believe that the sweet orange is not a native of Florida, but has to be grafted upon the tree which bears the sour orange. On one tree you sometimes see oranges, lemons and limes growing together. Of course the several fruits have been grafted; but it is interesting and peculiar to a Northerner to see these fruits growing in a happy family on one tree. It suggests a horticultural paradise."

"Is orange growing the chief industry of Florida?"

"By no means. Not to speak of cotton and live oak and the like, you must not forget the alligator," said Mr. Gould, smiling and evidently thinking of his alleged "alligator farm."

"But is the alligator a sufficiently valuable animal to make his cultivation remunerative?"

"No; his hide is the valuable portion of him, and even that is worth comparatively little, though I believe they make it into boots in England."

"But does Florida cultivate these reptiles?"

"That is not necessary. The alligator cultivates himself and produces quickly and numerously. The whole swamp and river country is filled with them."

"And are they dangerous?"

"Well," said Mr. Gould, "it is as well not to get in the way of their tails. I think they strike their victims chiefly with their tails. Nevertheless, the eleven-inch jaws of some of them are not attractive. My son killed one which resembled a whale on four legs. Our party killed over thirty of them. Whether I killed any or not myself is a difficult question for me to answer. I saw some live ones just before I fired, and some dead ones just afterward; but as several rifles went off at the same time, I cannot assume that it was my gun that killed an alligator.—But alligator shooting was not what interested me in the South; the blossoms, our wedding blossoms of the North, you know, were on the trees, and yet the ripe, golden fruit was there too."

THE elopement of an Omaha schoolmistress with a pupil about a third of her own age, recently mentioned in this column, has resulted in what the pair claim is a perfectly happy marriage, though the boy's parents are trying to bring about a separation. In a Pittsburgh case the disparity in ages was of the reverse kind, the man being sixty and the girl sixteen. After being joined by a clergyman they took lodgings at a hotel, where a son of the bridegroom and separated them compelling the old man to go home. A Utica couple had a married man for its male half, and in the pocket of the girl, when her parents overtook her, was his written promise to marry her as soon as he obtained a divorce from his wife. A Detroit man eloped with and married two girls, believing that their knowledge and consent would make his polygamy harmless in the eye of the law; but he has been made aware of his mistake by arrest as a bigamist. A girl whose mother kept a boarding house at St. Thomas, Ontario, did not desire to elope without her wardrobe. So she induced her sweetheart to engage board at the house and bring in two empty trunks, in which her clothes were surreptitiously packed. When all was ready the boarder moved out with his baggage, taking the girl along.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A FASHIONABLE dressmaker tells the Cincinnati Enquirer that the chief trouble with women's forms is their irregularity. "The number whose two sides do not correspond is wonderful. Sometimes one shoulder is higher than the other, sometimes one hip is bigger, and sometimes the whole figure is awry. Women's dress, in this era of clinging garments, reveals every imperfection, unless art comes to nature's help." Pads are often sufficient to produce symmetry, according to this expert, but stooping is something that the dressmaker's art cannot remedy. "It is a common defect in American girls," she says. "Round backs are distressingly numerous, and what can we do for them?—Nothing at all. I feel sometimes like putting them asoak, and then strapping them flat on a board, papoose fashion, in the hope of straightening them. Parents ought to look sharp after their little girls in this particular, and put braces on them if necessary."

THE Music Committee of the West Troy Methodist Episcopal Church decided to buy a piano. The pastor, the Rev. Dr. Krohn, said that he was acquainted with a piano dealer in Albany, and could make a good bargain. The instrument was soon delivered, and the preacher presenting a receipted bill for $300, drew that amount from the church treasury. It has been discovered that he really paid only $200, and put the other $100 profit into his pocket. The trustrees have exposed the trick, and will sue him for the $100.

A PIT 135 feet deep has been discovered in the Mammoth Cave. Its mouth is reached by crawling on hands and knees through a long passage.

THE California newspapers are calling for Eastern capitol to build mills and otherwise develop industries on the Pacific coast. This seems singular, in view of the great number of reputed millionaires of that section. Nob Hill, San Francisco, is occupied by private residences costing from $1,000,000 to $4,000,000 each. The theory of the Boston Herald, that the wealth of the owners has been immensely exaggerated, is sound. Because Flood, Mackey, and others of the bonanza firm were in possession of an annual income of $5,000,000 or so, their capitalized wealth was estimated at $60,000,000 to $75,000,000. As a matter of fact, their income was the capital itself. The comstock mines are exhausted, and the stock, which at one time sold at more than $100 per share, is worth $1. Such railroad kings as Stanford and Crocker own a vast amount of railroad property, it is true, but it is heavily mortgaged, and might depreciate greatly in value under competition.

THE Vaterland, an ultramontane journal of Bavaria, celebrated the tenth anniversary of the proclamation of the consolidated German empire by appearing with a heavy border and column rules of black, the typograghical garb of mourning.

A COMPANY of English capitalists with considerable means are negotiating for the purchase of ground in the fashionable west end quarter of Berlin for the erection of new dwelling houses.

DIED.

VANDIFORD.—In Baltimore, on the 4th of April, after a lingering illness, ABRAM J. VANDIFORD, aged 34 years, formerly a resident of Chestertown.

Entertainment! Entertainment!!

"COME one, come all!" to Kennedyville,

WEDNESDAY Evening, April 13.

The programme will consist of vocal and instrumental music, comic drammas and humorous speeches of the most laughable character. We will assure all who come a good time and plenty of fun.

Proceeds will be devoted to the improvement of the streets of Kennedyville.

Admission 25 cts., Reserved seats 35 cts.

WILL YOU TRY!

WE are willing and anxious to have those, who are not convinced by never seeing the Ohio Chilled Plow work, to take one and try it in competition with any *chilled plow* in the market. You will try the Ohio for good work and lightness of draft.

KENNARD & CO.,
April 7, 1881. Chestertown.

FERTILIZERS

FOR THE

SPRING OF 1881.

Dissolved Animal Bones,
" South Carolina,
Kainit Plaster,
Sulphate of Soda,
Peruvian Guano,

For sale by
T. W. ELIASON, Jr.
April 7, 1881.

Black Residuum.

IN BULK by the Car Load (Ten Tons,) or in BAGS, in FINE ORDER.

This goods has been so extensively and successfully used by the Farmers of Kent having low clay lands, while all who have used it on heavy clay lands say—

"It is a sure preventative of frenching."—There is a difference of opinion as to its relative value, one saying, "It doubled my crop," another, "I raised three times as much corn by its useas I could have done without it." "Another, "I have never found anything to apply on corn that began to pay me as Black Residuum did." Another, "I would not think of planting corn on my land without using it." Another, "No substitute that I have tried does as well."

The stock on the market this spring is slim: please let me have your order early if you wish the goods.

For sale by
T. W. ELIASON, JR.
April 7, 1881.

AN IMPORTANT FACT.—Practical farmers know that lightness of draft in plows saves much flesh and weariness to their horses. It is therefore greatly to their interests to buy the lightest and strongest plow in the market, the Ohio Chilled Plow, as sold by KENNARD & CO.

Examiners' Notice.

BY VIRTUE OF A COMMISSION issued by the Hon. Board of County Commissioners for Kent county, and directed by them, the undersigned hereby give notice; that on

THURSDAY,
The 28th day of April next,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

they will meet at LOCUST GROVE, to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires that the Public Road leading from Chestertown to Galena, at and near Locust Grove, shall be widened.

T. J. SHALLCROSS,
T. J. PENNINGTON,
WM. W. STEPHENS,
March 31, 1881—4t EXAMINERS.

Collector's Sale for Taxes.

BY virtue of authority conferred on me as Collector, by the Act of Assembly of 1874, chapter 483 and of the Acts of Assembly in force, I have levied upon and taken for taxes for 1879, amounting to

County Tax on 700	5.50
State Tax on "	1.32
	6.82

due from William Barrett, or on property assessed to him and in his name, the HOUSE AND LOT in Chestertown, on Cannon street, near the Methodist Protestant Church, and now occupied by Caroline Ward: and I hereby give notice that on

Friday, the 29th day of April, 1881,

at 11 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court House door, in Chestertown,

I will expose the said Lot of Land and House thereon, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said taxes due and owing, together with the interest thereon, and the cost of advertising and making said sale.

JOHN R. GRAY,
March 17, 1881. Collector for 1879.

Cigars and Tobacco,

For prices and quality can't be beat.

CHINA TEA SETS, at 4, 6 and $8—the cheapest ever offered in town. SPARKS.'

HOME Super Phosphate OF LIME,

RICH IN

SOLUBLE BONE PHOSPHATE

AND

SALTS OF POTASH,

containing also a

Small percentage of Ammonia.

Manufactured Expressly

For CORN,

BY

T. W. Eliason, Jr.

Price $25 per ton, and interest on ten months time.

Discount for CASH.

In offering the above Fertilizer to my customers and the farmers generally, this, the second season of its manufacture, it affords me pleasure to be able to say to them that it did well last season, in some cases much better than fertilizers costing from eight to twelve dollars per ton more.

Last spring it was unammoniated. This season its value will be increased by the addition of materials that will give it a small percentage of ammonia, thus making it a complete manure.

Whilst doing this I have been careful to avoid any combination that will burn the corn.

This article is prepared mainly for high and undrained lands.

When land frenches I know of no article that can compete in price or value with Black Residuum advertised elsewhere.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
April 7 1881.

SPRING 1881!

JUST OPENED AT THE

LADIES' SHOE STORE,

OF

MRS. KATE GILL

A Fine Spring Stock of

LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

SHOES!

Our stock has been selected with much care and from the very best city manufacturers, and is strictly FIRST-CLASS in every department. Prices very low.

We call special attention to our

Children's School Shoes,
Ladies' Fine Gaiters,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Button, in every variety.

We guarantee all our goods to be as represented. Call early while our stock is full. At the old stand, nearly opposite Voshell House.

MRS. KATE GILL,
March 24, 1881. The Ladies' Shoe Store.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

DEALER IN

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATHS, PICKETS.

Building Lumber of all Kinds.

DO NOT BUY AWAY FROM HOME until you are satisfied that you can do better than at home.

Bring me a bill of the Lumber you may need, and I think I can save you money. Try it!

March 24, 1881 T. W. ELIASON, JR.

STAM'S

Drug Store

LANDRETH'S Garden Seed!

Fresh and Genuine.

Purchased directly from the Seed Farms of Messrs. Landreth & Sons.

PEAS, BEANS, SUGAR CORN, CABBAGE,

LETTUCE, RADISH, MELON, BEET,

CUCUMBER, OSAGE ORANGE,

and numerous other varieties.

Seed Growers can depend upon the reliability of these Seed. Our large experience in the Seed Trade enables us to buy at close figures and sell at the same.

We respectfully beg you to call and examine our stock.

COLIN F. STAM,
March 17, 1881. DRUGGIST.

CORSETS.

DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSET—Indestructible Hip. For sale by T. W. ELIASON, JR.

WE are still ahead in good cheap *CLOCKS* SPARKS.

WHITE GOODS.

NANSOOKS, Plaids, Lace Stripes, Figured Lace Stripes, India Lawns, Madras Linens, Piques, Marseilles, Basket Goods.

For sale by T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

NOTICE.

Application to widen road.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they intend, thirty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Hon. Board of County Commissioners, to add 30 feet to the width of the Public Road, known as

CRUMPTON LANE,

the division line between the First and Second Election Districts.

J. W. JARMAN,
JOHN G. MIERS,
RD. F. MOFFETT,
March 24, 1881—4t And others.

BLACK CASHMERES, Black Silks, Black Satins. Black Alpaca worth 50 cents, price 25 cents. For sale by T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

NOT wishing to carry a stock of *LAMPS* through the summer, we are selling them very cheap. Call at SPARKS,
March 24, 1881 opposite Court House.

WHITE TABLE LINEN DAMASK; Unbl'd. " " "
Turkey " " "
Napkins, Towels. For sale by T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

IF you want a first-class Flour enquire for Clifton at J. A. PERKINS,

SUPERIOR SPRING PHOSPHATES

—FOR—

CORN and VEGEGABLES,

MANUFACTURED BY

KENNARD & CO.

—:O:—

We are now prepared to furnish our Sterling and P. P. Brands of Phosphates for Spring use. Feeling confident that the past has fully demonstrated their value we do not deem it necessary to enlarge herein upon their merits, but can only say that having purchased our material of first hands, we can and do invite comparison of prices with any other goods on the market.

We have on hand a large lot of Kainit, which we imported direct and which, with any other chemicals we are prepared to furnish at reasonable prices.

The following parties can furnish any information relative to our goods:

W. O. SHALLCROSS,	WM. FORD,	W. W. STEPHENS,
ISAAC PARSONS,	I. C. TAYLOR,	R. HYNSON,
Rev. S. S. HEPBRON,	WM. VANNORT,	R. G. MICHALDSON,
G. H. LEAVERTON,	G. R. BECK,	W. B. PLUMMER,
DAN JEWELL,	G. T. WILLIAMS,	T. J. VICKERS,
B. F. CREW,	J. J. MASLIN,	B. F. BECK, Sr.,
Dr. S. BECK,	B. L. LEGG,	FRED. BARKMAN,
T. R. STRONG,	JAMES H. EDES,	T. R. HYNSON,
R. W. CALDER,	G. STARTT,	HIDE BROWN,
FRANK LAMB,	JOHN A. GROVES,	COMEGYS BROWN,

and many in all sections of the county.

Those in upper part of county can call on our Mr. Rivers at Galena, who has located there, and to whom we have transferred our machinery business. [April 7—8t.

SRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

We beg leave to ask your kind inspection of Our New Stock, completely assorted in all Departments. In no previous season have we shown such a Variety of Styles and Fabrics, which we offer at Lowest Prices, based upon our well known principles---"One Price" to all: garments cheerfully Exchanged or Money Refunded if goods do not suit.

B. R. Hillman & Co.

166 W. BALTIMORE Street, Baltimore, Maryland

March 31, 1881.

Lightness of Draft,

SYMMETRY of PROPORTION,

Strength and Beauty,

Are All Combined in the

OHIO CHILLED PLOW.

Farmers, in the past year this plow has proven *ALL* we claimed for it. It is the *lightest* draft Plow, without a doubt, and the strongest. Take one home and try it in competition with any chilled or good plow made.

We also Sell the Greatly Celebrated

PERRY SPRING TOOTH HARROW.

This we claim, and are willing to prove, is the Best Harrow made. Those that have tried them are delighted. We respectfully refer you to

ROBT. COMLY, Locust Grove,
G. R. LEAVERTON, Lankford,
JOSEPH MASSEY, Chestertown,
GEO. S. BIDDLE, "

KENNARD & CO., Chestertown,

Kent County Commissioners' ANUAL NOTICE.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of Kent County, will meet at their office in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,
The 1st day of March, 1881

at 11 o'clock A. M., and will continue to meet at the same place and hour

EVERY TUESDAY,

Until the 17th day of May next,

for the purpose of noting transfers and correcting assessments.

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since their last sitting for said purpose are particularly requested to attend at an early day to have the assessments corrected and adjusted.

After Tuesday, the 24th of May next, NO ALTERATIONS OR CORRECTIONS in the Assessments will be made for the present year.

COLLECTORS

OF STATE AND COUNTY TAXES for each Election District,—and a

KEEPER OF THE STANDARDS OF WEIGHTS and MEASURES

will be appointed on

Tuesday, the 12th day of April next.

ALL PERSONS HAVING ACCOUNTS against the County are requested to present the same on or before

TUESDAY,
The 7th day of June next,

otherwise they will be excluded from the Levy of this year. All accounts properly chargeable to the county are requested to be made out in a clear manner and itemized, and rendered under oath.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PENSIONS must be made in writing, stating the condition and circumstances of the applicant, and vouched for by three or more freeholders having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

N. B.—ALL PERSONS NEGLECTING to have their assessments corrected are hereby notified that no allowance for taxes paid in error in consequence of such neglect will be made.

THOMAS P. DIXON,
C. P. LOPER,
TILGHMAN SHAFER,
RICHARD C. SMYTH,
T. ROMIE STRONG.

Attest:
T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk.
March 3, 1881.

LADIES' BALBRIGAN HOSE;
" " ENGLISH Iron Frame Hose;
Misses Fancy Colored Hose. For sale by
March 24 T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

THE finest assortment of Glassware in town is at SPARKS',

1881.

E. W. F. Simpers

(Opposite Stam's Drug Store,)

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE,

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

Would call special attention to stock of

GROCERIES

as follows:

MOLASSES, SYRUP, SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, RICE, BUCKWHEAT, FLOUR, HOMINY, CHEESE, PRUNES, PICKLES, CHOW-CHOW, OAT MEAL, CANNED GOODS, COMPRESSED CORNED BEEF.

Our motto—GOOD GOODS, LOW PRICES.

E. W. F. SIMPERS,
Chestertown, Md.

Market price paid for country produce.
Jan. 13, 1881—y. E. W. F. S.

Special Notice!

SOMETHING LONG NEEDED SUPPLIED AT LAST!

WM PERKINS has fitted up his Lady's Parlor, for the Winter; and ladies from the country, or elsewhere, will find a warm room, when they come to town with their husbands or friends, and do not wish to wait in the stores, or to call on friends, while their gentlemen companions are attending to business matters, in which they can sit, and read, and pass away their time; free of charge.

Lunches Served at All Hours.

He also has an upper room, properly fitted up, in which dinner and supper can be privately furnished at all times, at short notice, and moderate prices.

P. S.—All meals served in the upper saloon will be at an extra charge.

Dec. 18, 1879.

Dr. T. H. Cooper & Bro.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

Office at the Voshell House,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

ALL CALLS attended to promptly.
March 10, 1881—3m*

THE BEST RAT TRAP—for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Do not use adulterated Baking Powder

When you can get HORSFORDS BREAD PREPARATION, perfectly pure, from C. F. STAM. It is manufactured by the distinguished Chemist Prof. E. N. Horsford, and regarded the best Bread Powder in use. July 31

GO TO THOS. L. HINES & CO'S. and examine his Fire-place Heaters and Cook oves. Sept. 16.

GENTS. ENGLISH Super Stout Half Hose;
" " " Fine " "
" FINE LAUNDRIED SHIRTS.
For sale by T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

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