The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Apr. 21, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

GOV. HAMILTON'S LETTER.

COMMENTS FROM THE DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN PRESS OF MARYLAND.

Both the Democratic and Republican press of Maryland indulge in extended editorial comment on the recent letter of Gov. Hamilton upon Maryland affairs. The annexed extracts will serve to show the estimate placed upon the Governor's manifesto.—*Baltimore Sun.*

Salisbury Advertiser: "Governor Hamilton has performed a duty that will be a lasting benefit to the people of the State. The expenditure of thousands of dollars for no public benefit, the feeding of a useless army of legislative officials are among the matters the Governor calls attention to, and we may consider that he has sounded the death-knell of those most glaring. The people are informed. If they fail to hold their representatives to account, and are willing now to allow the present bad system to continue, they will err willfully. The tone of the letter is to be warmly commended."

Elkton Democrat: "Our worthy Governor appears to have discovered a dangerous disease in the body politic, but he fails to suggest an adequate remedy. System is the disease, but what is to be done about it? Elect a Legislature upon a new system, or upon no system, or upon a mixed system? And if mixed, how will he select his ingredients? Will he take a little Whyte wine, a little Gorman mint, a little Bannon Green Isle whisky, a very little Hardcastle & Co. nutmeg and a few cups of Baltimore water well filtered, all well mixed in the Chesapeake and Ohio canal and see how it will work next winter in Annapolis? Maryland is a fine old State, but she is not Sir Thomas More's Uptopia yet; what she may be when our Governor smites that Philistine system he has discovered by tumbling it down upon his own head we will not venture to foretell. That we need reform in Maryland, as elsewhere the world over is a sad fact."

Pocomoke Record and Gazette: "The people do not want two Democratic parties in this State, and, while they recognize Gov. Hamilton's worth, and acknowledge him as an honored and trusted member of the party, they will not follow him if he shall marshal his forces to make war upon the regular organization."

Marlboro' Gazette: "We do not look upon the Governor's letter in any respect in the light of a bombshell, but simply as a plain statement of facts; a simple admonition to the party to be more careful in the future to carry out all promises made to the people if we would wish to hold the reins of the State government."

Frostburg Mining Journal: "Perhaps it is needless to intimate that Gov. Hamilton's course, however honest, however much it may by contrast emblazon his own integrity, will not be regarded as serviceable to the end designed. Ethically a man may be better than his party; politically never. In morals a party may be faithless to its principles and live, but it will not long survive active infidelity to the methods whence it derives life and strength. And no beneficiary of party prestige can live politically who ties his benefactors to the stake and calls upon the multitude to apply the torch."

"Westminster Advocate: "Gov. Hamilton should endeavor to bring himself to the knowledge that he is not the entire State government. The Legislature is a co-ordinate branch, and has its views of public duty as well as himself. Instead of placing himself above the Legislature, and thrusting his opinions upon the public, courtesy and the public good would seem to dictate an exchange of views and a concert of action. Gov. Hamilton probably means to subserve public interests, but he is too tenacious of his opinions, and not sufficiently considerate of those of others. His letter was entirely uncalled for, out of place, and not in keeping with the dignity of his position."

Ellicott City Times: "It will require something more than vague charges of extravagance against impersonal 'systems' to induce either the State or the party to change its leaders for others on the intimation of being carried to some impossible promised land where the season is always summer."

Hagerstown Mail: "The temperate and forcible presentation of the facts now laid bare, and which no doubt will be followed up with details to enforce them, must carry conviction to the mind of every man in the State who has not a direct interest in the enjoyment of State patronage or office, and will be received by the masses with gratitude."

Port Tobacco Times: "The letter is rather more temperate in its tone than was expected, and in the outset especially disclaims making any personal issues."

Belair Ægis: "The party is strong enough to stand a little criticism from one of its own members, and will consider what the Governor says, and act upon it without allowing itself to be rent in twain and destroyed in a useless struggle between contending factions."

St. Mary's Beacon: "Whatever the intention of the letter, the effect will be to embarrass the Democratic party in the struggle for control in the next Legislature and to embolden the Republicans to claim, with strong show of reason, that *they* are the fellows who ought to be employed to restore things. Governor Hamilton has made a mistake in arraigning his party in the manner he has."

Port Tobacco Independent: "Gov. Hamilton doubtless always means right, but invariably does wrong. His faculty for blundering, both as to men and measures, is remarkable, and we doubt whether any man in his position was ever so successful in doing the wrong thing at the wrong time, in the wrong way and with the wrong men. We would be silly indeed if we did not express our thankfulness that Governor Hamilton has not been able to control the party, in this State, for it is our firm belief his leadership could only have resulted in handing the State over to the Republican party."

Centreville Observer: "Many things have already been done, and more will follow, but they must be done within the party, the proper place to inaugurate reforms. This course the Governor seems to desire, and we hope, now that the campaign will soon open, that the Governor and all the other members of the party will seek for harmony, and that factional wrangling will cease. The people will not take interest in factions, but they will dethrone any man or number of men who undertake to build up a faction, ostensibly for the public good, but in fact for selfish purposes. Let the members of the party join hands for the common good, and stand together like men who aim to accomplish a common object. In no other way can the party be successful, or accomplish any real good."

Prince Georgian: "Upon the whole the candor and fairness of the letter must be admired, and, so far from injuring our prospects, it must, as we have said, materially help the party."

Frederick Citizen: "Gov. Hamilton has entered upon a dangerous experiment, and one which, if successful, must result in the total destruction of the Democratic organization in this State. We can well understand that this may be a consideration of small moment to his excellency, whose sagacity has doubtless discovered that with his present official term ends his political career; but to the unselfish battler in the ranks of the party, who loves it for the great good it has done and cherishes it as the only hope of a free people, it is a consummation pregnant with dire disaster."

Cecil Whig, rep.: "We regard the present attitude of the Governor toward other leaders of his party as meaning nothing more than a factional fight for party control, in which the people have no direct interest, except in the exposures of the frauds practiced upon them by the now dominant party in the State. It matters little really to the taxpayers who filch them, whether it be the Hamilton or Gorman wing of the Democratic party."

Oakland Republican, rep.: "We do not expect any very serious bombardment of the ring by the Governor. He has wasted too much time and ammunition in useless talk of what he intends to do, and his wrath and indignation seems to be escaping in this way. The Governor is, in our opinion, as prone to 'boss' rule as are those whom he attacks, and is angry because he is not *the* boss."

Easton Gazette, rep.: "Gov. Hamilton has disappointed the people. It was supposed they had in him a strong-minded man, a man who would force corrupt politicians to stand in awe, but such appears not to be the case. His flourish of trumpets has dwindled down to a penny whistle, and his enemies in his own party are laughing at his weakness."

Baltimore County Union, rep.: "It tells only what every one knew, viz: That there has been fraud and corruption in the Democratic party and in its management for years past—and is now—requiring correction. The Governor either never did intend to make any great explosion or revelation, or, when finding himself in a hazardous place, got frightened, let down easily and 'caved in.'"

Westminster Sentinel, rep.: "In view of the sacred and solemn promises made in 1879 to the dear people by the Democratic leaders to economise in the management of public affairs, this expose by their honest Governor must be a bitter pill. We suppose, however, Manager Gorman will be prepared to furnish the necessary amount of jam to cover up the noisome dose. Men who love honesty and good government should now make a stand, and let such leaders know that they have been tried, tried frequently, and found wanting, for the Democratic party has never in the history of the country exhibited the power to rid itself of criminal excrescences. It has always required the actual cautery of defeat to remove such maliguant growth."

Leonardtown Republican: "We shall watch with much interest the developments, hoping that out of all these complications there may grow some substantial changes highly beneficial to the State, and that the domination of those who have so long managed affairs exactly to suit themselves may be broken. One thing is at least reasonably certain, that whatever may be the result, the political and financial condition of Maryland can in no sense be rendered worse than it has been heretofore."

Peninsula News.

The Atlanta Hotel, at Berlin, Md., has been purchased for $4,100 by John Adair.

The public schools of Caroline are to be closed at the end of the spring term—Friday, April the 22d.

H. C. Dodson of St. Michaels, has a contract to supply 500,000 bricks to persons in Norfolk. Norfolk builders say the bricks made at St. Michaels are much superior to those manufactured near Norfolk.

Wm. E. Greenly, a farmer living near Whiteleyburg, Del., and the head of a family, eloped with Mrs. Cooper, a neighbor's wife, and on meeting his son recently told him with a smile of contentment, that he and Mrs. Cooper were living on Chincoteague Island, and wouldn't the son come down next summer and visit them.

Isaac J. Faulkner, residing near Bethlehem, in the lower part of Caroline county, went to a neighbor's and his two children were left alone. The children were engaged at play when the dress of Emma caught fire and was soon in flames. When found she was several yards from the house, prostrate on the ground, burned to a crisp. She lived several hours after the accident, suffering terrible agony.

It is the wonder of all visitors to Denton that there are no enterprises such as are found elsewhere to afford employment to and keep from loafing around the stors the crowds that infest such places. Go when you will and there may be found in utter idleness from three to six persons in each of the stores and places of business in this town; a pleasant day and swarms of darkies can be seen on the green engaged in no better employment than playing marbles. These lazy fellows should be put to work. Not only at this season of the year, but all the time they are a set of do-nothings. For the first time in the recollection of the writer, there is not a single white loafer in the town.—*Denton Journal.*

CONKLING'S DEADLOCK.

The deadlock in the Senate has been kept up for six weeks by the faction of which Roscoe Conkling is the head and Don Cameron is the tail. They are personally responsible for the bargain with Mahone, and for the position in which it has placed the Republican party before the country. The Administration, and many of the Republican Senators, have all along been opposed to continuing this contest for patronage, while the serious business for which the Senate was specially convened has been thrust aside.

This anomalous condition of things has been brought about by a few dictatorial managers, and by the craven submission of the President, and of Senators who, with the least moral courage, could have ended it ten days ago at the Republican caucus which was bulldozed by Mr. Conkling and his followers.—But for their demands, Riddleberger would have been withdrawn, and that withdrawal would have broken up the combination by which Gorham was to be made Secretary of the Senate. More than this, it would have terminated the deadlock, and have defeated Mr. Conkling on his own chosen ground.

It is easy to see, therefore, why the Conkling faction has made so desperate a stand for the consummation of the bargain with Mohone. Beaten at that point, the whole line of the Stalwarts must have been uncovered, and they could easily have been flanked at either end of it. Mr. Conkling has been fighting thus far to gain time, in order, if possible, to strengthen his hand against the Administration, and, in the last extremity, to declare war. Hence, he has sought by every art to stir up bad blood in the Senate, to excite personal and partisan pride and to invoke sectional prejudices, with a view of solidifying the Republican side and of preventing any compromise, or even temporary concession, which would change the respective relations of the parties to this struggle.

So long as he can hold his party on this line, he prevents executive sessions and postpones the issue on Judge Robertson, which involves his defeat. If the constitutional majority once consents to consider the pending treaties and nominations, the deadlock will be ended, for the present attitude of parties cannot be resumed.

That step would be regarded as a signal for dispersion, after which a quorum could hardly be maintained. It is in the power of the Administration to upset Mr. Conkling's game whenever the President can muster decision enough to give the order. Instead of condemning the deadlock, Garfield has shifted and dodged and left his position in doubt from his habit of agreeing with the last inquirer. He sends flowers to Mahone, and yet desires the defeat of Gorham, who organized the coalition, because Gorham is Conkling's next friend and the editor of his Washington organ.

The deadlock represents distinctly and exclusively Conkling's policy in his hostility to the Administration. Blaine has never concealed his opposition to it, and all his colleagues, except James, who has no opinions outside the postal service, sympathize with him.

Dawes, Hoar, Hawley, and others who have defended the trade with Mahone have been so many pawns moved by Conkling to the front on the chess board to hide his real game. He has kept in the background and remained silent while they ranted against the Bourbons and stiffened the backbone of the Republican column, which for several weeks past has been on the point of breaking ranks.

Conkling's objective point all through this struggle has been to commit the Republicans in such a manner that they could not recede with honor from the caucus nominations. When he should get their hands tied and their obstinacy raised, he would have leisure to form his plans considerately, to negotiate for terms of accommodation, and to bargain for votes.

Now that the scheme is unmasked, it remains to be seen whether the Administration and Senators who have hitherto submitted to this ruinous course will strip their backs for Mr. Conkling's lash.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A LOOK AHEAD.—"Were I compelled to select from this administration the man most likely to succeed Garfield I would take the youngest of them all—I mean Secretary Lincoln." This was said by one old in the service and independent in his position among leading Republicans. "The name is a preliminary battle won, and the man, so far as I can hear, suits the name. He promises at his age a great deal more than his father did. He is ambitious only to do his work well. I consider he has the best introduction to the country of any man of his time—perhaps of any time—and though it may sound strange in your ears, I tell you there are to-day more Presidential possibilities in the modest, hard-working and thoroughly intelligent Secretary of War than in any other man in the nation. This sounds strangely only because it is new. But it will bear thinking of. Lincoln's selection by Garfield was purely a sentimental idea.—Other men have made similar mistakes. Don't think too highly of this, gentlemen.—*Washington Correspondent N. Y. Sun.*

THE Dean of Chester, speaking lately at the annual meeting of the Chester Diocesan Deaconesses' Institution, said the new translation 1 Timothy, iii., 11, would show that in the ancient Church the word "deaconess" did not mean merely the wives of deacons, but a separate organization of women deacons.—Had this passage been so read heretofore the English people would not have so long allowed that ancient institution of the Church to remain in abeyance.

THE Czar Alexander, in imitation, as it were, of Alexander the Great of Macedon, wants to bestow his own name on the cities conquered by the Russians in Asia. Tashkend is to be baptised as Alexandrovsk.

THE CZAR'S ASSASSINS.

FIVE OF THE NIHILISTS EXECUTED.

But little more than a month ago the Czar was assassinated. Last Friday the Nihilists implicated in the crime were executed. Only one of them escaped, Hessy Helfmann, and she is only reprieved for a short time. Among those hanged was a woman of noble birth, Sophie Pieoffsky, a leading spirit among the Nihilists. She gloried in her work and asked no mercy because of her sex. Dispatches from St. Petersburg give but brief accounts of the executions. There was an immense concourse of spectators, and it is telegraphed that there were no outbreaks among the people. Russakoff and Michacloff submitted appeals for mercy to the Czar, but he replied that the sentence of the court must be carried out, and Russakoff, Michacloff, Kibaltschitisch, Jeliaboff and Sophie Pieoffsky were hanged at 10 o'clock.

The most important name among the executed Nihilists is that of Sophie Pieoffsky. She was a daughter of a State Councilor and a grand-daughter of a former Minister of the Interior in the time of the Czar Nicholas. She and Hartman contrived the plot to blow up the Imperial train, near Moscow, in 1879, and she it was who gave the signal to throw the bombs which took the life of the Czar. When the Moscow mines were being tunneled she stood guard and pulled the underground bell which gave warning when danger threatened. She slept with a hundred pounds of dynamite under her bed, and, to show what little value she placed upon her own life, she had agreed to blow up the dynamite in case the house was raided by the officers of the Czar. She was known to be deeply implicated in the death of the Czar and was believed to be in St. Petersburg for some days before her arrest. Every hotel and lodging house was searched by the police agents, in company with a female who was able to identify her. She was at last recognized riding in a sledge and arrested on the spot. When taken to the Prefecture she at first refused to make any deposition, but being confronted with the disclosures made by Jeliaboff she fully acknowledged her participation in the criminal proceedings.—Her sentence was submitted to the Czar for confirmation, because, as alleged, of her noble birth. The authorities were unwilling to assume the responsibility of hanging her. They feared to excite the odium of the titled and most influential classes by putting her to death. The woman, however, disdained mercy, and to the last declared herself an extreme Nihilists. Andray Invanovitch Jeliaboff was a peasant's son, but was educated at the Odessa University. He became a Nihilist, and was implicated in the plot to blow up the train. Nicholas Ivanovitch Russakoff was but twenty years old and had studied at the St. Petersburg School of Mines. He was one of the Nihilists sent out with bombs on the fatal day. Kibaltschitisch was the son of a priest and a manufacturer of bombs, and he and Michacloff were leading members of the Terrorist party. Hessy Helfmann, who escapes for a short time because she is about to become a mother, is the woman found in the house, on the arrival of the police, where Navrotsky shot and killed himself, March 13. She is an educated girl of Hebrew descent. It is supposed that it was she and her companion Navrotsky who, in 1879, laid the mine for the Czar on the Odessa Railroad.

There was great curiosity in St. Petersburg to see these executions, and many thousands of people passed the night at the place of execution in order to get a good view. The prisoners were conveyed from the fortress in two carts, with their backs toward the horse and their hands tied to boards on their breasts bearing the word "regicide" in large letters. They were escorted by Cossacks and infantry, with drums and fifes. Detachments of all the regiments stationed in St. Petersburg surrounded the scaffold. All the prisoners received the ministrations of the priests and kissed the cross and each other. They were very firm, except Russakoff, who fainted at the last moment. Michaeloff's rope broke twice. The executioner was a reprieved convict. After hanging twenty minutes the bodies were cut down and taken to a cemetery outside of the city.

A man has been captured in St. Petersburg having in his possession unlawful prints. He declines to answer any questions. He has been made to stand upon a chair at the prefecture of police, and all house porters and the general public have been invited to pass through the apartments to see if any of them could identify him. Up to a late hour on Thursday nobody had recognized him.

In connection with this subject of the Nihilists the following despatch from Madrid is of interest: "A large petard was exploded at the door of the Church of Santa Maria yesterday while the edifice was full of worshippers. The door was damaged, but nobody was hurt."

MORE MAHONES.—It is said there are more Mahones to come forward from the South—men who will bargain support for office.

Very likely; we presume there are plenty such.

There are always hucksterers by nature in all parts of the world.

The South has always been spoken of as chivalrous and generous. But the Southerners in fact fully equal the New Englanders in avarice and meanness. Of course there are many very free-hearted, liberal men in the South, as there are in the North.

But these hucksterers are everywhere—North, South, East, and West.

It is now thought that the "bloody chasm" between the North and South may be bridged over by these hucksterers.

Well, really! It would be the greatest feat ever performed by hucksterers yet!—*N. Y. Sun.*

THE new Czar, whose integrity is highly spoken of, is said to have resolved to reduce the enormous expenditure hitherto incurred in the huge Winter Palace and its belongings. A St. Petersburg paper states that the expenditure of the Ministry of the Imperial Household will be reduced from eleven to three million roubles, a difference of $4,000,000, being more than the entire amount of the English Civil List.

LORD BEACONSFIELD died Tuesday morning.

HAVING taken a good look at the newer Senators, Mary Clemmer reports to the Independent that Eugence Hale has a patrician air but talks through his nose; that Frye is boyish looking, with a retreating chin under the nose of a fighter; that Platt of Connecticut is pallid but intellectual; that Joe Hawley has a pugnacious look and is not always affable in his manners; that Miller of California has a worldly but not unpleasant face, a heavy gold watch chain, an air of success, and far reaching eyes; that Philetus Sawyer of Wisconsin has a big body, big head, red face, and snowy hair; that Angus Cameron, his colleague, is a tall, thin fellow, with deep, dark flashing eyes; that Platt of New York is "the conventional gentleman;" and that Conger of Michigan, though shrill and ascetic in his public capacity, is a very good fellow in private life.

DR. J. B. STEWART is suing, at Shelbyville, Ind., for a divorce from his wife, on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. Having a large practice, he is frequently called out at night. His wife, being jealous, refused to believe that all his absences from home were professional, and demanded that he should stay in of nights. He said that his patients would not stand neglect. Then she adopted the plan of taking poison whenever he had a night call, thus compelling him to remain and doctor her. She swallowed a deadly drug in this way several times, and her life was saved with difficulty. The husband claims that such conduct is a just cause for divorce.

THE following is from an advertisement published at Bristol, Conn.: "Lost, strayed, or stolen from his bereaved household, one red headed man, five feet and eight inches tall, full set of false teeth on upper jaw, and one real one on lower jaw.—Please cause said man to be arrested and returned to his bereaved wife."

IN South Africa the peace has had a very bad effect on the allied natives of the British, who understand that the Queen's forces have run from the Boers.

DIED.

WALKER.—In Worton, on April 16, of diphtheria, SARAH ELIZABETH, daughter of S. W. and Mary A. Walker, aged 4 years, 11 months and 26 days.

REICHE.—On the 31st of March, of paralysis, at Lippstadt, Prussia, Mrs. CAROLINE REICHE, aged 81 years, mother of Mr. E. C. Reiche, of Chestertown.

Examiners' Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, by virtue of a Commission issued by the Hon. County Commissioners, hereby give notice, that on

Saturday, the 21st day of May next,

at 10 o'clock A. M., they will meet at

THE LOWER END OF SKINNER'S NECK,

to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires that

A PUBLIC LANDING

should be established at said point.

THOMAS C. MASLIN,
SAMUEL H. CRAWFORD,
LAWRENCE A. THOMAS,
April 21, 1881 EXAMINERS.

CALL AND EXAMINE

C. M. LUCAS'S

LOT OF KEY AND STEM-WINDING

WALTHAM WATCHES,

Just received from New York.

For correct time and beauty of finish these Watches have no superiors, and have in every case given perfect satisfaction.

Also, a new assortment of

SOLID GOLD RINGS,

Ear Rings, Sleeve Buttons, &c.,

OF LATEST STYLE.

April 21, 1881.

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO

One Price Clothiers,

216 and 218 W. BALTIMORE St.

Respectfully announce to the citizens in this vicinity that their stock of

Spring and Summer

Clothing

is complete in every particular. We have 5 floors *Stocked* with

CLOTHING,

SUITABLE FOR ALL.

Our Prices are as low as any house in the United States.

WE HAVE BUT ONE PRICE.

every garment

Marked in Plain Figures.

Bear in mind, we have the largest stock to select from in the city.

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO.,

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS,

216 & 218 W. BALTIMORE, St.,

April 21, 1881—3m. Baltimore.

ROUND and SQUARE BREAD BOXES, TOILE TSETS,

Table and Floor Mats,

Granite Iron Ware,

Glass Oil Cans, a large assortment of Waiters Red Cedar Buckets, Wash Boards, Cedar Tubs; and a large assortment of *WOOD-WARE*—a,

March 10, 1881 J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

A Large Line of Ladies' Misses, Children's and Infants *SHOES*, and of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Fine and Heavy Shoes. For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

WM. LEA & SONS and C. A. Gambrill & Co's. Best Grades of Flour. For sale by T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

GENUINE Imported dLucca Cream Sald Oil, the finest bran manufactured—for sale by C. F. STAM.

FARMERS' HARDWARE—for sale by THOS. L. HINES & CO.

WE are still ahead in good cheap *CLOCKS* SPARKS.

To the Democratic Voters of Kent Co.

AT the earnest solicitation of many friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the House of Delegates at the coming nomination. Thankful for your hearty support and kind co-operation, trusting that I have not been a faithless steward of the people, I hope that I can confidently ask the people for a renomination, pledging myself to a faithful performance of the duties of a Representative, to do the will of the people, and work for the interest of the commonwealth. I also tender the pledge to support the successful nominees.

Respectfully, WM. H. FORD.
April 14, 1881.

Black Residuum.

IN BULK by the Car Load (Ten Tons,) or in BAGS, in FINE ORDER.

This goods has been extensively and successfully used by the Farmers of Kent having low clay lands. All who have used it on heavy clay lands say—

"It is a sure preventive of frenching," there is a difference of opinion as to its relative value, one saying, "It doubled my crop," another, "I raised three times as much corn by its use as I could have done without it." "Another, "I have never found anything to apply on corn that began to pay me as Black Residuum did." Another, "I would not think of planting corn on my land without using it." Another, "No substitute that I have tried does as well."

The stock on the market this spring is slim: please let me have your order early if you wish the goods.

For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
April 7, 1881.

1881 1881

T. W. WICKES,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

DEALER IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

We have in stock and are constantly receiving Fresh Drugs, which we secure from only reliable and first class wholesale dealers

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT cannot be surpassed in this county for reliability or promptness.

We also keep on hand the most reliable Patent Preparations.

In connection with our Drug business we propose this year to push our trade in Stationery, Books and Fancy Articles. Our large sales the past season encourage us in giving special attention in this direction.

We shall continue to give personal attention to every department of our business, and leave no effort untried to give perfect satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage

T. W. WICKES,
February 3, 1881 DRUGGIST.

The Maryland Biscuit Worker.

A USEFUL INVENTION.

WE claim for this machine that if the dough is properly prepared and good flour used, it will make better biscuit than by the old process. Less lard is required and less time consumed than by beating. It is easily worked, simple in construction and will not get out of order. A fair trial will convince any one that this machine will do all we claim for it. Call and see it. Take one home and try it and you will like it.

H. A. SPARKS,
Agent for Kent county,
Apr 14—3t. Opp Court House.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters of Administration C. T. A. on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

ROBERT J. LUSBY,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same; with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 18th day of October, 1881; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit or said estate. Given under our hands this 12th day of April, 1881.

CATHARINE A. LUSBY,
CHARLES L. PELRSON,
April 14, 1881—4t. *Administrators.*

WILL YOU TRY!

WE are willing and anxious to have those, who are not convinced by never seeing the Ohio Chilled Plow work, to take one and try it in competition with any *chilled plow* in the market. You will try the Ohio for good work and lightness of draft.

KENNARD & CO.,
April 7, 1881. Chestertown.

SOMETHING NEW.

WE have added to our stock a full line of FELLYS, PLOW HANDLES, DEARBORN AND CARRIAGE POLES, SHAFTS, which are complete and ready for use.

Feb 17 THOS. L. HINES & CO.

SWISS EMBROIDERY, IRISH TRIMMING, TORCHON LACE, VALENCIENNE LACE, DeAlencon Lace, Bretonne Lace, Hamburg Edgings and Insertings. For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

BLACK CASHMERES, Black Silks, Black Satins. Black Alpaca worth 50 cents, price 25 cents. For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

NOT wishing to carry a stock of *LAMPS* through the summer, we are selling them very cheap. Call at SPARKS,

March 24, 1881 opposite Court House.

WHITE TABLE LINEN DAMASK; Unbl'd. " " "
Turkey " " "
Napkins, Towels. For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

IF you want a first-class Flour enquire for Clifton at J. A. PERKINS.

THE BEST RAT TRAP—for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

KEEBLER'S Pound, Fruit, and Sponge Cake—at SPARKS'S.

Centennial and Victor Cook Stoves.

The best Cooking Stoves in the market—at

Oct 21 THOS. L. HINES & CO'S,

B. F. FLEMING,

Dealer in Grain.

SCHUYLKILL LIME, quick and slaked; delivered by cars or vessel. Frequently pays for itself in the first crop. I refer to a few who have used my Lime: Richard Hynson, Esq., J. A. Pearce, Esq., Joseph Fowler, Round Top; Isaac Parsons, George R. Reed, Major B. T. Biggs, Robert Nicholson, H. W. Vickers, Major T. B. Hynson, John T. Mier, Jas. Beck of Geo., Bartus P. Hatcherson, Samuel Hurlock, Rev. E. B. Newnam, Rev. S. W. Thomas, Thomas Gale, David Hurlock, William Hurlock.

BITUMINOUS and ANTHRACITE COAL.
OAK and PINE WOOD, sawed and split if desired. Apr 14, 1881—y

NO BETTER FERTILIZERS

CAN BE USED THAN

BAUGH'S

DOUBLE EAGLE PHOSPHATE.

BAUGH'S

Economical Fertilizer for POTATOES.

HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY TESTED.

For Circulars and Prices address

BAUGH & SONS,
20 South Del. Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
103 South St., Baltimore.

YOU CAN DEPEND

ON THE ACTION OF

WARRANTED PURE

Dissolved Raw Bone

BUY IT!

of the Manufacturers, who warrant absolute purity and standard.

Lowest Prices.

BAUGH & SONS,
20 S. Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
103 South St., Baltimore.
Factory established over twenty five years.
April 14, 1881—2m.

LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT,

SYMMETRY OF PROPORTION,

STHENGTH AND BEAUTY

ARE ALL COMBINED IN THE

OHIO CHILLED PLOW.

Farmers, in the past year this plow has proven *ALL* we claimed for it. It is the *lightest* draft Plow, without a doubt, and the strongest. Take one home and try it in competition with any chilled or good plow made. We also sell the greatly celebrated

PERRY SPRING TOOTH HARROW.

This we claim, and are willing to prove, is the best Harrow made. Those that have tried them are delighted. We respectfully refer you to Robert Comly, Locust Grove; G. H. Leaverton, Lankford; Joseph Massey, Chestertown; George S. Biddle, Chestertown.

Kennard & Co., Chestertown,

SUPERIOR

SPRING PHOSPHATES

—FOR—

CORN and VEGETABLES,

MANUFACTURED BY

KENNARD & CO.

STERLING $25. P. P. GUANO $18. REDUCTION FOR CASH.

—:O:—

We are now prepared to furnish our Sterling and P. P. Brands of Phosphates for Spring use. Feeling confident that the past has fully demonstrated their value we do not deem it necessary to enlarge herein upon their merits, but can only say that having purchased our material of first hands, we can and do invite comparison of prices with any other goods on the market.

We have on hand a large lot of Kainit, which we imported direct and which, with any other chemicals we are prepared to furnish at reasonable prices.

The following parties can furnish any information relative to our goods:

W. O. SHALLCROSS,	WM. FORD,	W. W. STEPHENS,
ISAAC PARSONS,	I. C. TAYLOR,	R. HYNSON,
Rev. S. S. HEPBRON,	WM. VANNORT,	R. G. NICHOLSON,
G. H. LEAVERTON,	G. R. BECK,	W. B. PLUMMER,
DAN JEWELL,	G. T. WILLIAMS,	T. J. VICKERS,
B. F. CREW,	J. J. MASLIN,	B. F. BECK, Sr.,
Dr. S. BECK,	B. L. LEGG,	FRED. BARKMAN,
T. R. STRONG,	JAMES H. EDES,	T. R. HYNSON,
R. W. CALDER,	G. STARTT,	HYDE BROWN,
FRANK LAMB,	JOHN A. GROVES,	COMEGYS BROWN,

and many in all sections of the county.

Those in upper part of county can call on our Mr. Rivers at Galena, who has located there and to whom we have transferred our machinery business. [April 7—8t.

HOME

Super Phosphate

OF LIME,

RICH IN

SOLUBLE BONE PHOSPHATE

AND

SALTS OF POTASH,

containing also a

Small percentage of Ammonia.

Manufactured Expressly

For CORN,

BY

T. W. Eliason, Jr.

Price $25 per ton, and interest on ten months time.

Discount for CASH.

In offering the above Fertilizer to my customers and the farmers generally, this, the second season of its manufacture, it affords me pleasure to be able to say to them that it did well last season, in some cases much better than fertilizers costing from eight to twelve dollars per ton more.

Last spring it was unammoniated. This season its value will be increased by the addition of materials that will give it a small percentage of ammonia, thus making it a complete manure.

Whilst doing this I have been careful to avoid any combination that will burn the corn.

This article is prepared mainly for high and drained lands.

When land frenches I know of no article that can compete in price or value with Black Residuum advertised elsewhere.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
April 7 1881.

SPRING 1881!

JUST OPENED AT THE

LADIES' SHOE STORE,

OF

MRS. KATE GILL

A Fine Spring Stock of

LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

SHOES!

Our stock has been selected with much care and from the very best city manufacturers, and is strictly FIRST-CLASS in every department. Prices very low.

We call special attention to our

Children's School Shoes,

Ladies' Fine Gaiters,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Button, in every variety.

We guarantee all our goods to be as represented. Call early while our stock is full. At the old stand, nearly opposite Voshell House.

MRS. KATE GILL,
March 24, 1881. The Ladies' Shoe Store.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

DEALER IN

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATHS, PICKETS.

Building Lumber of all Kinds.

DO NOT BUY AWAY FROM HOME until you are satisfied that you can do better than at home.

Bring me a bill of the Lumber you may need, and I think I can save you money. Try it!

March 24, 1881 T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Cigars and Tobacco,

For prices and quality can't be beat.

CHINA TEA SETS, at 4, 6 and $8—the cheapest ever offered in town. SPARKS.

STAM'S

Drug Store

LANDRETH'S

Garden Seed!

Fresh and Genuine.

Purchased directly from the Seed Farms of Messrs. Landreth & Sons.

PEAS, BEANS, SUGAR CORN, CABBAGE, LETTUCE, RADISH, MELON, BEET, CUCUMBER, OSAGE ORANGE, and numerous other varieties.

Seed Growers can depend upon the reliability of these Seed. Our large experience in the Seed Trade enables us to buy at close figures and sell at the same.

We respectfully beg you to call and examine our stock.

COLIN F. STAM,
March 17, 1881. DRUGGIST.

FERTILIZERS

FOR THE

SPRING OF 1881.

Dissolved Animal Bones,
" South Carolina,
Kainit Plaster,
Sulphate of Soda,
Peruvian Guano,

For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.
April 7, 1881.

Examiners' Notice.

BY VIRTUE OF A COMMISSION issued by the Hon. Board of County Commissioners for Kent county, and directed by them, the undersigned hereby give notice; that on

THURSDAY,

The 28th day of April next,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

they will meet at LOCUST GROVE, to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires that the Public Road leading from Chestertown to Galena, at and near Locust Grove, shall be widened.

T. J. SHALLCROSS,
T. J. PENNINGTON,
WM. W. STEPHENS,
March 31, 1881—4t EXAMINERS.

AN IMPORTANT FACT.—Practical farmers know that lightness of draft in plows saves much flesh and weariness to their horses. It is therefore greatly to their interests to buy the lightest and strongest plow in the market, the Ohio Chilled Plow, as sold by KENNARD & CO.

GO TO THOS. L. HINES & CO'S. and examine his Fire-place Heaters and Cook oves. Sept. 16.

©Maryland State Archives msa_sc3326_scm8205-0304