The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, May 19, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

THE New York world's fair for 1883 has about fallen through, and now Boston comes to the front with a proposition for holding an international fair in 1885.

THE Baltimore *American* explains how two such wire-pullers as Bannon and Henkle are running the Hamilton campaign in this manner:

Governor Hamilton is an innocent agriculturist, and Messrs. Bannon and Henkle have taken advantage of his childlike innocence, and have brought themselves out as the front dogs in the fight.

BILLY MAHONE is not as much of a consequential dog now as he used to be. Since the Garfield-Conkling difficulty, he has lapsed into a state of nothingness, which is doubtless very depressing to Billy's ambitious soul. The Democrats treat him with a silent contempt, by taking no manner of account of him, and he is not treated much better by Republicans.

THE appointment of Stanley Matthews to the supreme bench, was confirmed last week in the United States Senate by a majority of one vote. A struggle for and against the confirmation of Matthews commenced during the Hayes' administration and continued till last Thursday, the date of confirmation. The appointment was opposed by the best men of both parties in the Senate. It is pleasant to know that both of Maryland's Senators voted against his confirmation.

The chief ground of objection to Matthews as a supreme court judge, is that he is believed to be a willing tool of the immense railroad corporations. Jay Gould's lobbyists worked hard all the way through to get him in.

The active support by Jay Gould, of any man for so responsible a position as judge of the Supreme court, should be a sign to all men that such a man is not fit for such a place. When Jay Gould spends his money to elect a judge, it is a sign that he knows his man, and knows that in an emergency his man will be useful to him.

CONKLING has resigned. A greater sensation could hardly have been created if Garfield had resigned. Conkling has not only sent in his own resignation as Senator from the State of New York, but he has taken along with him the other New York Senator, Platt. Platt is little more than Conkling's echo, and is hardly to be considered in the matter. It is Conkling alone who has done the resigning. What it all means, even his intimate friends are not able to tell. A dozen theories have been advanced to account for Conkling's unprecedented action. The general opinion among his fellow Senators seems to be, that Conkling's resignation is nothing more than a piece of clap-trap acting. He well knows that he controls a majority in the New York legislature, which is now in session, and that he will be returned. He will doubtless consider this a vindication of his course in fighting the Administration against the confirmation of Robertson as collector of the port of New York.

This is mere child's play. Conkling well knows that he is appealing to a certainty. If he dares to allow his resignation to stand over, till New York elects a new legislature, it will have more the appearance of submitting his course, in good earnest, to the approval or disapproval of his State.

Conkling's fight for the New York collectorship was a life and death struggle. His defeat means a bad deal for him. It means that in the immense patronage of that one office, he has lost his chief means of power in his State. It means that this office, with all of its immense patronage, in the hands of a political enemy, will be used against him, and that three years hence he may be compelled to retire to the shades of private life.

His resignation is perhaps a card that he has played in desperation, knowing that if it wins nothing it yet cannot lose much.

ALL over Europe the tendency of the times is towards Democratic government. There is not a European monarch that does not sit upon a shaky throne. From all appearances, the present Czar of Russia will sooner or later meet the fate of his father. When Bismarck dies, monarchial government in Prussia will have lost its prop. Disraeli is dead, and when Queen Victoria dies, there is no telling what changes may follow in England. In all the monarchies of Europe, the masses are beginning to think, and the divine right of kings is being questioned.

But here in America, the birthplace of Democracy, the tendency of the times is toward centralization and the concentration of power in the hands of a few. Already the immense wealth controlled by a few men, is growing to be a fearful menace to our form of government. There is one man alone who is credited with bribing State legislatures to do his will, with influencing national elections, and with placing in the Supreme court, a man known to be his servant. This man is Jay Gould. Jay Gould is but in the prime of his career. The immense increase of his wealth and the immense increase of his power in the last few years have astonished the world. He is as ambitious and as unscrupulous as Napoleon Bonaparte. He is seemingly good for twenty years more of life. Suppose he lives twenty years longer and continues to pile up his wealth, and to increase his power by buying men who are his tools into positions where they shape our government. What could he not accomplish in such a length of time if he keeps on as he has begun? Might he not control the whole Supreme bench? Might he not even fill the Presidential chair with his own man?

Suppose his own man should be such an one as Grant, who should be ambitious enough, and unscrupulous enough to hold on to the government for more than two terms. Suppose he should choose to do away with elections and to hold on to it for a lifetime. Suppose he should choose, as other ambitious rulers have chosen, to create and maintain a standing army, and to usurp legislative and judicial powers.—Then where would be our Democratic government? All of these things may come to pass. A hundred millions of dollars in the hands of one ambitious man, is a fearful power.

Peninsula News.

Easton people are indignant because cows are allowed to browse at will in the main streets.

There were thirty-two deaths in Wilmington last week, eight of which were from small pox.

The genial editor of the Greensborough *Free Press* has been "starring" in an amateur dramatic troupe.

A Milford brickmaker planted beans, and when they came up bean end first, indignantly pulled them up and replanted them.

The Dorchester fair grounds have been sold to a Baltimore gentleman for a farm, so that the fairs of Dorchester are over.

A hungry cow near Milford, ran her tongue through a knot-hole, to steal hay from a horse's manger. The horse bit her tongue off.

The total value of real and personal property in Duck Creek hundred, in which Smyrna is situated, is valued at nearly $2,500,000.

The county commissioners of Talbot county have determined to build the new jail on a $12,000 basis.—The plan desired would have cost $17,000

James McMuller, of Berlin, Worcester county, a student of St. John's College, Annapolis, was drowned last week while bathing in the Severn.

Dover is excited over a colored infant found in a well. A physician testified that it was either killed and thrown in, or thrown in and killed.

There are two aspirants for the Denton post office. The present incumbent wants to keep it, and Mr. J. H. Emerson, of the *Union*, would like to have it.

S. R. Choate has received the appointment of post master of Newark. He was an applicant for the same office twenty-four years ago, and didn't get it.

A Centreville man brought suit for damages to the extent of $20,000 at the recent session of court in Queen Anne's county, and compromised the matter by accepting $450.

The Delaware State fair, held at Dover last year, took in from all sources $9,629.64. All of this was paid out in premiums and other expenses, except the small sum of $28.

Bohemia bridge, Cecil county, has heretofore been a toll bridge, but the people who have to pay toll for going over it, are clamoring to have it free. Measures are being taken to make it a free bridge.

Mr. Hearn, of Seaford, Del., returned from Wilmington recently, believing that he had contracted small pox. He refused to go into his own house, for fear of spreading the disease. He is quartered in a fodder stack.

The Cecil *Democrat* says the bobolinks, rice or reed birds have arrived, and are making the marshes and meadows vocal with their peculiar music, which resembles the constant dropping of water on the bottom of a tin pan.

A man by name of Collins living near Laurel, Del., was some time ago attacked with small pox. His wife left him, and he died, it is supposed of neglect. The woman was afterward attacked with the same disease, and died last week.

The loiterers around a church door in St. Michael's were amused at the following inquiry and retort between two of the growing-up generation: Youth of eleven—"Miss, can I see home this evening?" Miss of fourteen—"No, sir; we haven't any cradle in the house."

Engineers began to survey for the extension of the Worcester and Somerset railroad to Cherrystone last week. A pivot bridge will be placed over the Pocomoke river at Pocomoke City, and the work of the extension is to be pushed with vigor.

A young lady, recently on a visit to a family living near the Cambridge ship yards, on retiring at night left a pair of buttoned gaiters on the floor. The next morning she found that the rats had eaten away all the uppers of the shoes, leaving only the soles. The breakfast bell rang in vain for her, and she had no appetite until the gentlemen left.

A sensational report was sent from Crisfield last week, to several daily papers, to the effect that a Mrs. Patty Ward, who is about to die, had confessed to the murder of a man eighteen years ago, for which murder two colored men were hung. The Salisbury *Advertiser* sent a reporter to Crisfield to make inquiry as to the truthfulness of the report. The *Advertiser* states that no such confession had been made by Mrs. Ward.

The Wilmington (Del.) *News* calls attention to the many inducements offered by the peninsula to immigrants, and expresses a hope that the officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will seek to turn the steps of some of the thrifty foreigners now arriving in great numbers upon our shores to the vacant lands of Delaware and Eastern Maryland. The *News's* suggestion is a good one, and now that the Pennsylvania Company has secured connections with the Peninsula, it is certainly to its interest that that section should be developed to the fullest extent. The coming in of a thrifty class of foreigners would certainly greatly aid in this desired development.—*Balto. Sun.*

BLAINE MAKING THE MISCHIEF.

Letter to New York Sun.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Conkling having virtually given up the fight, Robertson will be confirmed by a vote that will not represent the strength of either side. It is well known that for some time Republican Senators sympathizing with Conkling have one by one given him to understand that they regard his course as hopeless. He has been informed in the most friendly way of their unwillingness to go with him to the desperate extreme.—Could a majority against Robertson be discovered, they would help swell it; they will not, however, join a forlorn hope in an assault on the Administration. It is equally true that Mr. Conkling has received appeals from friends in New York not to push his desperate enterprise to the extent of an irreconcilable rupture of his party. All this time the Administration has been recruiting from the ranks of the Democrats, whereby only, it is to be observed, it is able to succeed—a fact Mr. Conkling omits no occasion to make conspicuous.

"Now that this thing is as good as over," said I to a politician capable as any I know, "whose work has all this been—I mean the Robertson business?"

"Blaine's," was his prompt reply. "Left to himself, Garfield would have backed out of it long ago. It has kept Blaine busy holding Garfield up to the scratch. In nothing has he manifested such moral weakness as in this. He has been systematically held to the work, and it took all of Blaine's skill to do it. And, let me say, Blaine himself has been just a little worried about it. He perceives that even now a majority of the Republican Senators are against the Administration on this issue, and that nothing but the consequences of an open rupture have prevented one. It is no victory at all for either Garfield or Blaine. The contest has only been postponed, or rather transferred to another field. It is no funeral of Conkling's. In one sense it is a victory. He has strengthened himself with his fellow Republican Senators. The Administration, on the other hand, has received good warning never to attempt a repetition of the folly, if it expects to be sustained. Not one of them pretends to justify the course of the Administration in precipitating this quarrel. John Sherman, for instance, does not disguise the fact that he regards the Robertson nomination as an inconceivable blunder, followed by others at every step; so that Conkling comes out of the contest in one sense even stronger than though he had defeated Robertson. Of the two, I think Conkling feels best—that is, if Garfield can appreciate things."

"How long will these things continue at the White House?" I suggested to the same gentleman.

"Till Blaine gets through using the Administration for rewards and punishments," was the reply. "It may as well as not be understood that Blaine set out, first of all, to kill off Garfield. He has made greater progress than he had reason to expect. In fact, Garfield kills very easily. There is little self-preservation in him. In the hard realities of his high office he is a child, especially when dealing with national politics, which he is called on to do at every step. Blaine's purposes rise from natural causes. Disappointed ambition as an impelling motive will cause men like Blaine to do many things they would not otherwise do."

"Chandler's appointment—was that Blaine's, too?" I asked.

"Pure and simple, Blaine's," he said. "To me it looks as though he meant to precipitate a row and explode Garfield's Cabinet. He may succeed, whichever way it goes with Chandler. To-day his rejection appears more than probable, which ought to lead to the demand for MacVeagh's resignation, of course. If he is confirmed, MacVeagh stands pledged to resign. If Blaine didn't mean to have a dead sure thing then appearances are deceitful."

The friends of Chandler profess to believe that his chances have improved in consequence of the Robertson situation. Precisely wherein I am not able to perceive. Great efforts are being made for his confirmation, and some strange combinations proposed. Precisely what is at the bottom of this freak by Blaine is not so clear. It is said Chandler himself is not very anxious. Either the New Hampshire Senatorship or something else good from the Administration is within his grasp. It is suspected that Blaine is prosecuting some job or other by placing Chandler in the Department of Justice; perhaps in the Cabinet ultimately. "Blaine's crookedness," said an old associate in Congress, "is something curious to trace. It's natural to him; and few men have better capacity for covering their tracks. It is not a high order of ability, I grant, but he possesses to an unequalled extent the mastery over events to bring fish to his nets—all but in reaching the White House."

"As to that," I said, "has he outlived it?"

"No; but the country has," was the reply. "While Blaine has had, and perhaps still has, a great following, he never had a strong hold on the hearts of the people. No small part of the following was from interested motives. Blaine is not scrupulous as a public man. He has culminated, but he may not know it. Few men do. The Presidential craze sticks to the last. Probably Garfield will have a dreadful experience in this respect. It has come on him since the Chicago Convention, and few men in the land have so poor prospect as he has with all his advantages. The President's office affords advantages only as the man knows how to use them. Garfield's first act was in self-destruction, because chiefly, he has not been truthful. Blaine has helped him on the road to ruin, for you know Blaine don't have the perfect virtue of entire truthfulness. I don't know what proportion of the lying done at the White House is his; but there has been a wonderful amount of it. It is what everybody is talking about. Maybe they think it diplomacy. Blaine probably does. With Garfield it's philosophy, perhaps. Nevertheless, it's downright lying, as whole car loads of witnesses can attest."

Thus far the Administration has made appointments very sparingly. Many of the best offices are still to be given out; that is, if changes are to be made, as probably they will be. In the departments there have been comparatively few removals. In regard to this there is something like a mystery. It has gained currency that at the end of the fiscal year, July 1, extensive removals will be made; but probably there is not authority for this. Secretary Lincoln is perhaps more enterprising in this respect than either of the others. Lately Secretary Hunt has shown a disposition to shake up the dry bones of the navy by changes in the interest of reform in the bureaus. Much talk, but no developments as yet. The breaking up of the arsenal here as a military post by Secretary Lincoln has caused grief in Washington society. It was a parade ground for fashionable people in uniform—a pet of Mrs. Hayes in one sense and of Gen. Sherman in another. It is understood that Secretary Lincoln is determined that certain officers whose soldiering since they came from the Academy, years ago, has been in Washington society, shall go to their regiments. Secretary after Secretary has failed of this, so strong is the social influence of the Army Ring. Secretary Lincoln goes forward in whatever he undertakes with such quiet will that those who have seen other Secretaries fail are encouraged to believe he will succeed.

Senators are preparing to scatter. The whole number remaining is considerably reduced by pairing off. The 20th of the month will probably see the session ended, unless some new complications should arise.

IN Maryland, this fall, a comptroller of the Treasury is to be chosen, also half of the Senate and all of the House of Delegates. Senators holding over are Wells, of Anne Arundel; Cooper and Bians of Baltimore city; Bond, of Calvert; Vanderford, of Carroll; Steiner, of Frederick; Hepbron, of Kent; Turpin, of Queen Anne's; Brattan, of Somerset; Farron, of Wicomico; and Williams, of Baltimore county—eleven Democrats and two Republicans. Counties to elect Senators are Allegany, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Garrett, Harford, Howard, Montgomery Prince Georges, St. Mary's, Talbot, Worcester, and second district of Baltimore city. County officers are to be chosen in every county.

IDA KELLY, of Itasca, Minn., sent a note to her lover, Sol Greismer, with whom she had quarrelled, asking him to come on a certain night and elope with her. Sol was elated by the idea of marrying her, partly because he wished to triumph over her parents, who had opposed the match. He was under her window with a ladder at midnight. She came down, dressed as though for a journey, and kissed him. They sat down, at a little distance from the house, and discussed the question which direction to take. Ida was in Sol's lap, with one arm thrown about his neck, when, with the disengaged hand, she cut his throat with a razor. Having murdered him, as she supposed, she ran back to her bed; but the wound was not mortal. It is conjectured that she intended his death to be attributed to suicide, as she was careful to regain the letter which had lured him.

A CANNON TO SHOOT TEN MILES.—The making of the patterns for the Lyman Haskell accelerating or multicharge gun, at the Scott foundry of the Reading Iron Works, was begun this morning. The gun will be twenty-five feet long and have a bore six inches in diameter. Along the bore four pockets will be located in each of which a charge of powder will be placed, with the view of accelerating the speed of the ball after it leaves the chamber of the gun and during its progress through the bore. Experts who have seen the drawings and have given the subject of the manufacture of heavy ordinance a study have expressed the opinion that the gun will throw a ball a distance of ten or twelve miles, whereas five miles is a good range for the best cannon. The charge of powder will be 130 pounds and the weight of shot 150 pounds. It is calculated that a shot from the gun will penetrate through two feet of solid wrought iron.—*Reading Eagle.*

APROPOS of the Royal Austrian marriage, it is related that when the Queen of the Belgians, mother of the bride, crossed the frontier at her marriage she wore a bonnet trimmed with artificial grapes. Being tired with her reception she took the bonnet off and laid it on one side, when an officer of the escort, anxious for a souvenir of the day, surreptitiously picked off a grape. A comrade followed suit, the example spread, and soon all the trimming was ripped off, next the strings disappeared, and lastly all the straw itself, bit by bit. When the Queen looked for her bonnet it had vanished, and she resumed her journey with a very dubious opinion of her daughter's future subjects.

THE meanest church in the country has been found out. It is in the State of Vermont. It is composed of well-to-do farmers who, seeing that their pastor gave an unusually large contribution to foreign missions, instead of taking the generous hint and doubling their own contributions, jumped backward to the conclusion that they were paying him too much salary and made haste to cut it down. The church is now vacant, and the young men graduating from the theological seminaries should not delay their applications.

Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, who is now staying at the home of her brother-in-law, N. W. Edwards, at Springfield, Ill., is in a very delicate state of health, being confined to her bed nearly all the time.

THE man who has the influence with the Senate of the United States is Mr. Jay Gould. In this respect he is a bigger man than the President, who doesn't seem to have any influence.

A FANCY preacher in one of the churches of Providence a Sunday or two ago defined the soul as "the non-atomic centre of psychic force," and throughout his discourse, when alluding to the soul, used the phrase. The improvement is suggested on the old reading: "What is a man advantaged if he gain the whole world and lose his own non-atomic centre of psychic forces."

AT the depot in West Corwall, N. Y., recently, people were stupefied at seeing a young woman attempt the difficult feat of entering the car through the window. She had never before seen a railroad train, having lived in the inland country, and said she thought that was the regular method of ingress. She is about twenty years of age.

THE oldest postmaster in the Union is Edward Stabler of Sandy Spring, Montgomery county, Md. He has held that office fifty-one years; and has been under eighteen Postmaster-Generals. He is 87 years old, and still lives in the house in which he was born.

AUGUST FLOWER.

The immense sale and great popularity of Green's August Flower in all towns and villages in the civilized world has caused many imitators to adopt *similar* names, expecting to reap a harvest for themselves at the expense of the afflicted. This Medicine was introduced in 1868, and for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, with their effects, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Stomach, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, vertigo, etc., etc., *it never has failed to our knowledge.* Three doses will relieve any case of Dyspepsia. Two million bottles sold last year. Price 75 cents. Samples 10 cents.

MARRIAGES.

COPPAGE—SUDLER.—At Sudlersville, on Tuesday morning, May 10th, by Rev. H. A. Gaver, JOSEPH E. COPPAGE, of Church Hill, to Miss SALLIE SUDLER, daughter of Dr. W. J. Sudler, of Sudlersville.

DIED.

JOHNSON.—On Wednesday morning, the 18th instant, Mrs. MARY LAVINIA JOHNSON, wife of Mr. C. W. C. Johnson, in the 73d year of her age. The funeral will take place to-morrow (Friday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence on High street, Chestertown. Interment at Shrewsbury church, near Kennedyville.

DUGAN.—In Chestertown, on Thursday afternoon last, at the residence of her son, Albert I. Dugan, Mrs. ANNIE M. DUGAN, relict of Wm. W. Dugan, in her 53d year.

Strawberry Festival.

THE LADIES OF SHREWSBURY PARISH

will hold a Festival on the evenings of

June 7th, 8th & 9th, at Locust Grove,

with the usual refreshments of the season.

May 19, 1881—3t

WANTED.

A LIVE and RESPONSIBLE MAN to act as our

Agent

to solicit consignments of

FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

EDICK & HOWARD,

4t. No. 317 North Front St. Philadelphia.

TRUSTEES' SALE
—OF—
A Valuable Farm.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, in Equity, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, at 12 o'clock, M., on

TUESDAY,

The 14th day of June 1881,

that portion of the Real Estate of the late William T. Baker, usually called

"THE FOREST FARM."

This Farm is eligibly located in a healthy and thrifty neighborhood, being convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c., and only four miles from Chestertown. The soil in its natural fertility will bear a favorable comparison with the most desirable in the county for the culture of cereals and fruits. It

Contains 310 Acres,

more or less, nearly all arable, and is divided into four fields and

A Peach Orchard of 45 Acres.

The improvements are a FRAME DWELLING and the usual Out-Buildings, all in a fair state of repair, and excellent water convenient to the Dwelling.

THE PEACH ORCHARD
Is 6 years old.

The trees are thrifty, and the Fruit of the most saleable varieties.

THE TERMS OF SALE

Prescribed by the Decree are as follows: One-fourth cash on the day of sale, or final ratification thereof, at Trustees' option: residue or balance in three equal annual installments from the day of sale. The whole purchase money to be secured by bond of purchaser with sureties approved by the Trustees, bearing interest from the day of sale: all interest to be paid with each installment of principal.

CHAS. H. BAKER,
RICHARD HYNSON,
May 19, 1881—tds [N.] TRUSTEES.

Chester River Steamboat Company

SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



On and after Monday, May 23d, 1881, the steamer **B. S. FORD** will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., for Baltimore, stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the above named Landings.

On and after same date the steamer GEO. LAW will leave Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock A. M., for Crumpton and all intermediate Landings.

Returning, leave Crumpton at 6 o'clock A. M. for Baltimore, making same Landings.

GEO. WARFIELD,
May 19, 1881 President.

Strawberry Festival and Supper.

A FESTIVAL will be held at Rees' Corner on

Thursday Afternoon, May 26th.

An abundant Supper will be provided. Price 30 cents. Ice Cream, Strawberries and Refreshments will be served at reasonable rates. Music and speaking.

Proceeds to be devoted to building grange hall at Fairlee.

By order Committee.

May 5, 1881—4t.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

THE Sabbath School of the Methodist Protestant Church at Kennedyville proposes to hold its Annual Strawberry Festival, on

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 9th, 10th and 11th days of June,

for replenishing their Library, &c.

Come one, come all! May 5—5t

Trustees' Sale

OF THE

Valuable and Eligibly Located

REAL ESTATE

OF MR. D. C. BLACKISTON.

THE UNDERSIGNED, in virtue of the power vested in them under the Deed of Trust from David C. Blackiston and wife, dated the 18th of February, 1881, and recorded among the Land Records for Kent County, State of Maryland, in Liber S. B., No. 1, folios, 570, &c., will sell all the lands and premises mentioned in said Deed. The sale will be made at MASSEY'S, on

THURSDAY,

The 16th day of June 1881,

and will be commenced at 12 o'clock, M.

This Estate viewed in reference to its natural fertility, its adaptation to all cereals and fruits, and the beauty and convenience of its location, may be justly esteemed amongst the most desirable in the county. It lies directly on the Public Road from Massey's to Sassafras, within a few minutes' ride of the former, which is a station at the junction of the Kent and Queen Anne's Railroads, and not over two and-a-half miles from the latter, and within five miles of Wilmer's Point, a Public Landing on Sassafras River. Is convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c. The whole Estate contains

About 500 Acres,

Of which 75 acres is detached WOODLAND; the residue is mostly arable, and divided into

Three Farms,

DESIGNATED AS FOLLOWS:

Davis's Industry, Willow Hill

AND

The Blackiston Home Farm.

Davis's Industry contains 152 acres,

and is divided into two nearly equal parts by the Public Road from Massey's to Wilmer's Point, and joins Willow Hill on the North side of said road; and is improved by a



FRAME DWELLING
and Out-buildings.

WILLOW HILL,

with the addition of The Jones Lot.

Contains between 80 and 100 acres,

and is bounded in part by the public roads to Wilmer's Point and Sassafras. It is without improvements, except two small Tenements.

There is a fine growth of young and thrifty

CHESTNUT TIMBER

on Davis's Industry and Willow Hill.

THE HOME FARM

Contains 180 acres,

and is improved by a substantial and commodious

Stone Dwelling,



of two stories, containing Fifteen Rooms, two Pantries, and a good cellar; and the adjacent grounds are covered with many rare and beautiful Shade or Ornamental Trees, making it one of the most desirable rural residences in the county.

THERE IS ALSO

A Peach Orchard

OF SEVERAL THOUSAND TREES,

IN BEARING,

the fruit of which was selected from the most saleable varieties.

The Woodland, of 75 Acres,

Lies near Morris' Station, on the Queen Anne's Railroad, and some portions of it is of very fine quality; and is improved by several small tenements with patches of cleared land attached.

THE FOLLOWING TERMS OF SALE

are desired, but may be modified to suit the convenience of those who may wish to purchase: $5,000 cash on the day of sale, or on its final ratification, at Trustees' option; residue in equal installments of six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months from the day of sale; the whole purchase money to be secured by bonds or notes, with sureties or endorsers approved by the Trustees, bearing interest from the day of sale: all interest to be paid with each installment of principal.

RICHARD HYNSON,
JAMES A. PEARCE,
MICHAEL BANNON,
TRUSTEES.

N. B.—The whole estate will be surveyed by C. J. Scott, Esq., and plots exhibited at the sale. It will be offered in divisions and as a whole, and will be sold in the way found to be most advantageous.

RICHARD HYNSON,
JAMES A. PEARCE,
MICHAEL BANNON,
May 19, 1881—tds. [N] TRUSTEES.

☞ The Delaware Gazette, Wilmington, and Public Ledger, Philadelphia, please copy.

HYLAND & CO'S

CELEBRATED

Iron Frame

CULTIVATORS!

THESE celebrated CULTIVATORS, made by HYLAND & CO., are surpassed by no other manufactured in this country. Our CULTIVATOR TEETH are a new style FAR SUPERIOR TO AND OTHER TOOTH that has ever been introduced in this county. They can be used with either wood or iron frames. They are made of the very best *Polished Saw Steel,* and are sold for less money than any other make of tooth. The plates are reversable and the shanks stationary.

They can be had at our shop in Galena or Chestertown.

Persons wanting

NEW REAPERS,

or needing old Reapers and Mowers repaired will please bring them in early, as we sell low. For testimonials we refer to the following named gentlemen:

B. F. Sappington,	Henry W. Carvill,
V. Hendrickson,	A. Hurlock,
Wm. Ford,	G. W. T. Perkins,
J. Ambruster,	E. F. C. Perkins,
G. H. Watts,	J. P. Hendrickson,
Samuel Cacy,	R. H. Corbaley,
R. C. Johnson,	Jos. W. Peacock,
Andrew Woodall,	Henry J. Gray.

and many others in Kent, and

Wm. Knight, D. Veazey, of Cecil county. Wm. Ward,

☞ We are also selling the justly celebrated WALTER A. WOOD'S TWINE BINDER. Farmers will please give us an early call.

W. A. HYLAND & CO.

May 19, 1881—6w.

For Rent,



The well known Hotel in Chestertown known as the VOSHELL HOUSE, with ample stables and grounds. Also, several very desirable business offices in the basement of the Hotel. Will be rented as a whole or separately. Possession of Hotel June 10, 1881.

CHAS. T. WESTCOTT, Atty.,
May 12—tf Chestertown, Md.

THE

Capitol of American Clothing

Oak Hall,

S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

THE

1861------20th SPRING------1881

Twenty years of lessons in how to make and sell the best clothing. We have begun the twenty-first. All that we have found out about it, we have put into practice in making up the 2½ acres of clothing that you will look at for our trade; it is the very largest retail clothing stock in the country; worth every cent we ask for it; and we guarantee every article.

More and Better Materials in
More and Better Clothing in
Lower and Fairer Prices in **Oak Hall**

Than in any other retail clothing house anywhere within reach of American money.

The secret of our great business is only this: Doing our level best to make up the right kind of clothing, and having made it right, then counting the cost, and

SELLING AT THE RIGHT PRICES.

This we have been doing for twenty years; and have clothed over hundred of thousands,—old and young.

This Spring We Overtop every Past Spring.

This spring has been so backward that we have had ample getting-ready time, and the extraordinary stock of clothing that every man and boy may choose from is without equal in America. The stock is something wonderful.

SOUND AS HONEST WORK CAN MAKE IT.

The best sewing on the best cloths, the best trimmings, the best styles, and the best money's worth that can be put into clothing anywhere. It is a great thing to say, that not another house in the land can do so much in clothing you so well. The cloths come direct to us; we buy them largely; we make up the clothing in our own well-ordered ways,—knowing all the things that belong to making clothing well,—and they will go direct from us,—the makers,—to you,—the wearers,—not a profit between. That's why OAK HALL has the lowest prices, as well as the best clothing.

During the past ninety days we have, in making up this new spring stock, so improved the patterns, our ways of making, and minor details that this spring's exhibition of ready-made clothing might be fairly called

Ready Custom-Made Clothing.

Being far in advance of any hitherto offered for immediate wear. This applies alike to Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Our Custom Clothing Department improves every year. We make to order from the finest fabrics, and believe we do the best work that can be done.

Orders by mail are filled with the same promptness and care that would be given to serving you in person.

Extending the compliments of the house, and a cordial invitation to everybody to come and see, and make trial of the 1881 Spring clothing.

Wanamaker & Brown,

Oak Hall, S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Sts., Philadelphia.

The Largest Clothing House in America.

Tolchester Beach.

ON AND AFTER MAY 18, 1881, steamers

Nellie White and Pilot Boy

Will leave Tolchester at 10:15 A. M. and 5:30 P. M., Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

After May 24th daily, except Sunday, will leave Baltimore, Pier 9½, at 8:15 A. M. & 2:30 P. M.

The *NELLIE WHITE* for beauty is second to no other.

Excursion Tickets, good until used, 75 cts.
" " good only on day issued, 50c
Fare each way 40 cents.

This is the shortest and cheapest line to Baltimore, giving the people of Kent county nearly three hours, and return the same day.

WM. C. ELIASON,
May 12, 1881—tf MANAGER.

JOHN C. SUTTON,

Agent for

THE

OSBORNE

self-binding

HARVESTER.

Same Machine Uses Either

TWINE OR WIRE.

Six Years of Unexampled Success.

Binds Tighter—Ties a Firmer Knot—Less Complicated—Less Liable to get Out of Order than

ANY OTHER BINDER.

IT SAVES all your Grain.
Cuts LODGED as well as standing Grain.
Saves Hiring and Feeding Poor Binders.
It needs no Compressor; therefore does away with that much machinery.
No extra "tomfoolery" machinery.
Cuts a Wider Swath—6, 7 or 8 feet.—Take your choice,

AND REMEMBER

There are MORE OSBORNE BINDERS at work on the Peninsula than all others combined.

Have worked longer and GIVEN BETTER SATISFACTION.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT,
IN CHESTERTOWN,
HAVE A FULL LINE OF EXTRAS.

JOHN C. SUTTON
Has at Locust Grove Station
Extras and Machines, and
HIMROD,

THE OLDEST BINDER MAN ON THE EASTERN SHORE, TO HELP YOU THROUGH THE HARVEST.

May 1, 1881—tf.

OARS AND OARLOCKS—for sale by T. L. HINES & CO.

Look for the Best!

YOU'LL FIND THEM

By Calling On

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

We Claim to Make as Good

CULTIVATOR TEETH

AS CAN BE MADE.

We have been doing it a long time, so the people say, and it is they we are trying to please.

BUY OUR

IRON-FRAME CULTIVATORS.

They beat anything in that line of implements. We invented it ourselves, and believe it to be the best. As an evidence of it other parties are trying their very best to imitate it, and leave the old ruts.

☞ The following well known farmers have used them, and we do not hesitate to refer to them and many others:

T. A. JACOBS,	ABRAHAM HURLOCK,
CAPT. E. B. WOODALL,	WM. H. STEWART,
GEORGE W. DAVIS,	THOMAS J. VICKERS,
S. J. ROSEBERRY,	THOMAS J. TUCKER,
S. A. MERRITT,	W. F. MASSEY.

Now, the question is from whom will you buy, the inventor or imitator?

Prices have been reduced. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT,
May 12, 1881. Chestertown.

Spring— Announcement —OF— Louis K. Stam.

Please Read Carefully.

In painting your buildings it is always to your advantage to select the Best and Purest of materials.

I have house and carriage Paint and Varnishes, all kinds, of the best quality that can be obtained, viz:—John W. Masury & Sons, and John Lucas & Co's. It is guaranteed neither to CRACK, PEEL nor BLISTER, and to last in any weather. It has stood the test here for eight years.

My Spring designs of WALL PAPER are most beautiful and have been selected with great care from the largest Houses of New York and Philadelphia.

Garnet, Cherry, Dark Brown, Light Brown Drab, Pearl, and many other colors of Window Shadings. Shades made to order to fit your window.

Protect your Barns and other Buildings by using Washes. I have all the different earth Paints for such work and will give directions to mix the wash.

Paint Brushes, White Wash Brushes, Kalsomine, &c. Full Stock. VERY LOW PRICES.

Full assortment of FURNITURE. Goods delivered to your houses free of charge, and satisfaction guaranteed. Don't fail to call when you visit town. You will be received politely.

Just below C. F. Stam's Drug Store, and adjoining Mrs. Ellen Melvin's.

Louis K. Stam,
April 28, 1881. Chestertown.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS. The "Crown" Freezer, as sold by Thos. L. Hines & Co., is the best in the market. They are cheap, and every one warranted.

THOS. L. HINES & CO.

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