The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, July 28, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,

Editors and Proprietors.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:

THOMAS J. KEATING,

OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

THE PRESIDENT.

Last Saturday there was a change for the worse in President Garfield's condition, that created general apprehension throughout the country. The fear became wide spread that after all he would not recover. A delicate surgical operation was performed, and the President's condition again began to improve. At our latest information—8 A. M. Wednesday morning—his condition is again considered favorable to recovery. The sudden relapse of Saturday, however, makes it understood that his case is, and will continue for a long time full of uncertainty.

A RESPECTABLE LIVING.

What shall I do to make a respectable living? This is a question that meets nineteen out of every twenty young men, somewhere between the ages of fifteen and twenty.

A *respectable* living. The word *respectable* is a great stumbling block and a great curse. False pride has given the word a distorted and false meaning. Modern society, and it may be society in all ages, has set up a standard of sham respectability. To this ideal of sham, too many young men seek to conform. When they ask themselves,—"What shall I do to make a respectable living?" They answer it by saying, I can't be a blacksmith, I can't follow a trade, I can't work on the farm, I can't hire out by the day, because none of these things are respectable. They are swayed from making an honest and honorable living, by the power of false pride and by an ideal of sham respectability.

They do not recognize the great fact, that in the sight of God and of right thinking men, all callings that are honest are respectable. A true respectability is in the man and not in his calling.

Though born in a fence corner and trained in poverty, a man may by a power that is in him rise to be king among men. But he never makes a leap from a beggar to a king. He works up. In his obscurity, sham respectability will turn up its nose at him; when he has risen it will toady to him.

Herein should be a spur to every young man who is inquiring how to make a respectable living. Let him understand that however humble his calling, if he follows it honestly, energetically and unflinchingly, all true men will honor and respect him, and the fools though they may sneer in the beginning, will do him reverence when he has worked up.

INFERNAL MACHINES have been shipped to England, by some parties from America. It has not been discovered who the shippers may be.

"BILLY THE KID," the most famous bandit of the West, has been killed. We publish on the out side of this issue, a sketch of his short but bloody career.

A NEW COMET is reported by the astronomers. It will be at its brightest about the 20th of August. It appears in nearly the same position from which the late comet disappeared.

BALTIMORE is talking earnestly about another celebration this fall. The susqui-centennial brought such a crowd, and made Baltimore for the time so much like a large city, that she wants to do it over again.

THE LATEST RUMOR concerning Conkling comes from Washington. It says that he is going to head a great newspaper that is to be started. This is doubtless a mere rumor. Conkling is not the sort of man for a great newspaper head.

THIS is a beautiful time to Go West. The great railway lines are at war, and rates are low down. A ticket can be purchased from New York to Chicago for $8.50. When railroads disagree, the traveling public have something like a fair show.

LAPHAM HAS BEEN ELECTED associate with Miller, as United States Senator from New York. The long fight has finally ended, and Conkling has been defeated. Neither one of the men who have been elected are considered anything more than ordinary. Taken together they are said to form the weakest pair that have ever represented the great State of New York.

NATHAN CLIFFORD, the oldest of the Judges of the Supreme Court, died last Monday morning. He was appointed to the supreme bench by President Pearce, Jan. 12, 1857. He has filled the position with sturdy honesty and with unswerving fidelity to right and justice. He was a life-long Democrat of the school of Jefferson and Jackson. He was born in Maine in 1803. As a judge he had the respect and esteem of all parties and of all classes.

THE PRESIDENT.

A CHANGE FOR THE WORSE.

THE PRESIDENT suffered a serious relapse on Saturday. At 8 o'clock in the morning he was seized with a chill, followed by fever, and towards noon there was a second chill. The first lasted an hour and was very severe. At one time the pulse ran up to 130. Early in the afternoon the consulting physicians, Dr. Agnew, of Philadelphia, and Dr. Hamilton, of New York, were telegraphed to, and a special train, which made the run from New York inside of five hours, landed the surgeons at the Executive Mansion shortly after 8 o'clock. They did not see the President during the evening, however, as he was resting quietly and it was thought best not to disturb him. The alarming symptoms of the day had decreased considerably. The doctors concluded that the patient's wound, which had for several days been discharging freely, became obstructed at or near the inner end of the drainage tube while the process of suppuration in the deeper parts of the wound continued. A partial or complete pus cavity was thus formed and the discharge from the mouth of the wound nearly ceased. The natural result of this state of things was a chill, followed by higher fever, the patient's pulse rising to a maximum of about 130 and his temperature to 104. As rigor, followed by increased fever, is a symptom of pyæmia, or the formation of an abscess and of other unfavorable complications, it caused at first a good deal of anxiety. An examination showed no indications of blood poisoning, and the physicians were forced to the belief that there was an obstruction which prevented a free discharge of pus. In the afternoon the obstruction gave way, at least partially, the flow became freer, and when the wound was dressed in the evening there was a free discharge and the patient, resting much easier, went to sleep.

There was great excitement throughout Washington on account of the unfavorable news of the day, and at night there was an anxious gathering at the White House.—Doctors Agnew and Hamilton were in consultation with the attending physicians until late in the evening. The President rested pretty well up to midnight. A little later he had another slight chill, which passed away in a few minutes. Sunday morning the physicians held an examination and decided to make an incision in the President's body, near the original wound, with the purpose of reaching the pus cavity. This was done, there was a flow of pus, and the President expressed himself as feeling much relieved. He partook of nourishment, and in the afternoon the physicians thought he was better than at any time during the past thirty-six hours.

Sunday evening the President's condition continued favorable. The physicians took a hopeful view of the situation. Early Monday morning the President was resting quietly.

Peninsula News.

Delaware's State teachers' institute will be held this year at Odessa.

A mare in Caroline county last week gave birth to twin colts, one a horse, the other a mule.

Middletown, Del., ice cream manufacturers, used nearly 1000 gallons of cream during *June*.

A Salisbury Advertiser calls mosquitoes—"The vile disturbers of tired nature's sweet restorer."

A creamery is to be started near Dover, and Milford hopes for the early establishment of a cheese factory.

A spark from the engine of a steam thresher in Cecil county last week, started a fire that burned the thresher and fifty bushels of wheat.

A cat has for years caught bats from one of the chimneys of the railroad hotel, Elkton. She still makes an honorable living in the same line of business.

The following are the directors chosen for Denton National Bank: Col. R. C. Carter, John F. Dawson, Henry Wilson, Wm. G. Horsey, J. W. Clark, B. G. Stevens, R. J. Jump, Edward Saulsbury, P. W. Downes, J. P. J. Hubbard and John Bailey. P. W. Downes was elected president.

A number of Milford fruit evaporators have gone to Kentucky, Tennessee, and the Carolinas to locate evaporators. They have received guarantees from residents of those States that they can secure from 5,000 to 10,000 bushels of peaches for each machine at thirty-five cents per bushel.

Here's a wheat crop, that for smallness of yield, probably beats all other wheat crops on record: The Easton Star says—"Hughey McGinn, on Chapel road, Talbot county, sowed 12 bushels of wheat using on the land one ton of fertilizer, costing $38. His yield was exactly one bushel, which he beat out with a flail." The fertilizer man will probably not ask a recommendation from McGinn, for the brand of phosphate used in procuring this crop.

The annual meeting of the Peninsular Press Association, for 1881, will be held at Ocean City, Md., on Monday and Tuesday, August 15th and 16th. A business meeting will be held at 10 o'clock on Monday, and the election of officers will take place on Tuesday. It is proposed to have an entertainment on the evenings of Monday and Tuesday, in the way of original essays or sketches, addresses, poems and select readings. It is proposed to make the meeting this year the most successful that has yet been held.

On Tuesday, in preparing to thresh the wheat crop of Peter Loose, on the "Gerker farm," near Kenton, a spark from the engine caught in a stack of wheat, ending in the destruction of all his wheat on the yard, about 700 bushels. The barn also caught and was saved only by great exertion. He had about 500 bushels in the field which of course escaped. The accident occurred from the location of the portable engine, very near the wheat stack, which was also near the barn. —*Smyrna Times.*

The official car of the Pennsylvania Railaoad Company passed over the Wicomico and Pocomoke Railroad on Wednesday and Thursday to Ocean City and return, containing several of the officials of that company, and it is rumored that that road and others will soon fall into the hands of that mammoth corporation. It may be all for the best, as increased means often bring increased facilities.—*Salisbury Advertiser.*

The bonded debt of Dorchester county, Md., is now $45,000, due in 1886. Mr. Meekins, the treasurer, destroyed $2,100 of the debt last week. The county sinking fund has $8,822, and the actual debt of the county is therefore $36,378. In addition to $5,100 of bonds taken up by the present treasurer, a floating debt of more than $30,000 has been paid off, and the commissioners are now prepared to take up more bonds whenever any are offered for sale.

EXCITED OVER THE CROPS.

A FLURRY AMONG GRAIN SPECULATORS.

From Saturday's Philadelphia Times.

The arena of the Commercial Exchange, that every-day battle-ground of the "longs" and "shorts," has presented turbulent scenes for the past three days on account of the excited condition of the wheat market. The losses as yet have been small and there is a hopeful feeling that something may happen at any time to relieve those who if pressed to the wall might be wrecked on the shore of short contracts, where so many have gone down before. The situation cannot be better epitomized than in the expression of an officer of the Exchange, who said yesterday, "the game is on the crops." To any one familiar with the prevailing tendency in grain speculation which makes each dealer a sort of croupier, this would be a startling declaration.

There can be no question about the accuracy of this description of the market. Upon the condition and extent of the spring crop of wheat in the West and the yield of the crops in Europe will depend whether the players in this game shall be winners or losers. A great many contracts have been made by grain men to deliver wheat during the next two months. Had they to deliver the goods immediately, or, in other words, settle up—for in the most cases there is no absolute delivery—they would have to pay much more for the wheat than they agree to sell at. This and the additional fact of other contracts being made for delivery at the same time at a higher price is encouraging enough to those who have such obligations, but they have been handicapped within a day or two by the additional weight of an upward tendency in prices. The day before yesterday prices went up two cents a bushel, the highest increase in one day. Several interested parties then threw themselves into the breach and the market went back to its original condition. It is everywhere admitted, however, that the market in Philadelphia is very much disturbed and so mercurial as to be affected by the slightest turn in any direction. A large dealer yesterday, when asked by a business acquaintance if he wanted back a grain receipt for a small amount he had loaned, said: "Well, no, I am not that poor yet; but I don't know where I may be next week."

SHORT CROPS REPORTED.

Official statements from the Agricultural Department, letters and telegrams from the most responsible sources in the West and other advices unite in fixing the winter crop of wheat short. The crop of last winter's wheat in the West is generally put down at 75,000,000 bushels less than the year before On this account partially, and also in part because of unfavorable rumors about the spring crop not yet harvested, the price has advanced.—John Shannon, representing the large exporting firm of James Knox & Co., said yesterday: "I have no doubt it is true that the spring crops are more or less damaged. I do not consider, however, that there will be much more of a "squeeze" in Philadelphia. The 'longs' have been aggressive, but most of the 'shorts' who are holding out for strong houses who can well afford to abide their time." Other dealers say that the hope of large crops in Russia and England grows stronger every day, and cannot help having a counterbalancing effect upon the high prices based on the short crops at home.

THE YIELD ABROAD.

Although the yield in Germany is not accounted large the French harvests are understood to be good.—Consequently a lessened European demand in grain is looked for, and the almost inevitable decrease in grain exports will have a very important influence upon the balance of trade. No matter how comparatively short the home crops may be prices cannot go very high if the crops are very abundant in Europe. The difference in the price for future deliveries between this year and last may be seen at a glance:

Wheat, No. 2 red.	1880	1881.
Cash	108⅜	127¼
July	111¼	127⅝
August	108¼	126½
September	108¼	127½
October	109	129

Such is the situation of affairs in wheat, about which all the shadows in the grain market are gathered. Upon the cast of the die in the next few days the fortunes of a great many individuals and not a few firms will depend.

CHICAGO, July 22.—There was great excitement on "Change" yesterday, caused by the unusual state of the market, nearly everything being cornered. There seemed to be an organized movement in all grains, and the pork and lard cash and near options selling at abnormally higher figures than futures.

T. M. Baxter & Co., operators in grain and provisions in Chicago and in grain and stocks in New York, have failed. Mr. Baxter was at one time president of the Open Board of Trade, in whose rooms anybody may trade and where deals are generally made on a small scale. He assisted in the organization of that board, but was principally concerned in the regular board. It is not believed that his liabilities are heavy or that he lost very extensively. His deals are principally on New York account. Francis J. Kennett whose name is very familiar through his recent connection with the controversy over the missing receipts for grain in the Keokuk elevator, also failed to-day, probably for a small amount. The grain markets, particularly the wheat market, have been so strong that the weak 'shorts' have been shaken out very rapidly. Margins were called vigorously yesterday and to-day, and as but little leeway has been allowed the scalpers and middlemen there have been very few failures.

FALLEN!

Roscoe Conkling has fallen Not from office; for he voluntarily relinquished office some time ago. But until yesterday he had before him at least a possibility of re-election. Now he is fallen from position, from rank, from the leadership of his party. To-day he is a mere private citizen, with no encouraging prospects for the future. He may stretch forth his hands in vain, and for many years fail to clutch power again. By a miracle, as it were, by an insane act of an assassin, it is true that Mr. Conkling stood, a few days ago, very near to the power behind the throne which is said to be greater than the throne itself; but lightning is as likely to strike in any particular place as such a thing is to happen again. Mr. Conkling has reached the full meridian of life, and his recent mistakes and foibles cannot be overlooked in that generous spirit which pardons much to the indiscretion of youth. He stands facing a dark, if not rayless, future. No rainbow of promise spans his sky; nor, in the order of nature, and in the ordinary course of human affairs, can he reasonably expect to behold any new morn on his midday risen.

With those who rejoice over the fall of Roscoe Conkling for personal reasons, or in any spirit of exultation, or petty triumph, we have no feeling in common. Far from it. We remember him as a true patriot during the war. We recall with pride the bright performances and more brilliant promise of his earlier and better days. We held too much in common with him then, and battled by his side too long, to contemplate his overthrow even now without some degree of painful emotion. But while, personally, we might pause to drop a tear into his political grave, for the sake of the country we rejoice over his downfall.

I. Because in him falls the foremost enemy of the freedom of the press in America.

II. Because in him falls one of the inventors and the chief promoter of the unconstitutional Electoral Commission, which defrauded the people of the United States out of their own choice for President for four years, inaugurating the unelected Hayes in place of the elected Tilden.

III. Finally, and above all else, because in Roscoe Conkling falls the leader of the Third Term party, who would overthrow the free Constitution of the United States and erect an empire on its ruins.

Down, down forever, with all such men!

The firmness and devotion evinced toward Mr. Conkling by his circle of partisan friends could only have been inspired by superior qualities in him. Bravely for weeks did they hold out against the glitter of gold and the seductions of place. He possessed parts which fitted him for a higher destiny. And in the class of public men into which, historically, Mr. Conkling has chosen to place himself, he will rank second only to Aaron Burr.—*N. Y. Sun.*

COMET "C."

IT WILL SOON BE VISIBLE TO THE NAKED EYE AND BE VERY BRIGHT.

Rochester, July 24.—Professor Swift, of the Warner Observatory, is busily engaged on the new comet, which he terms "Comet C." It was discovered by Professor Schaeberle, of Ann Arbor, and was identified as a comet by Professor Swift on the 16th. "It presents a fine appearance in the telescope," says the Professor. "Observations made this morning show it to be in right ascension about six hours and declination north about forty-two degrees, or in the constellation Auriga, near beta anrigae. The apparent motion is very slow, and is a little east of north. The tail is about three-quarters of a degree long, and increases in width toward the end, and resembles much in appearance the tail of comet B, now near the North Star, except that when at its brightest it is fainter and straight. Were it not for the interference of the moonlight I am confident that a longer tail would be seen, quite clearly defined. It is rapidly increasing in brightness and will so increase until it makes a perihelion passage, which will occur on about the 18th of August. It will be nearest the earth about August 20. Professor Chandler, of the Cambridge Observatory, has computed the orbit and published the ephemeris in Science Observer, extending to September 4. According to the best calculations, the comet will be twenty-five times brighter on August 20 than at the date of discovery, which would indicate that it will be one of the most conspicuous comets of the century. The elements of its orbit are wholly unlike those of any comet hitherto observed, so that it is neither Olber's nor Pon's of 1012, nor the comet of 1807. One of the singular things about it is that it follows Comet B, or the comet recently visible, so closely—its position when discovered being almost identical with comet B—but it is moving much slower than Comet B was when first seen in that location. Of course, it is impossible yet to predict with certainty, but it would seem as if it would eclipse the glories of that comet. It is now visible with an opera glass, and in a few days it will be visible to the naked eye, at first as a hazy spot in the early morning sky, growing clearer each day. The nucleus is not yet as bright as was Comet B's, but it will probably increase in density and brilliancy as it approches the sun. I have received letters from astronomers questioning if I saw a tail on the morning of the 16th. I certainly did see one, and had not the half-moon interfered others might have seen it equally well.

"A week has elapsed since the discovery of this comet, and no other person has filed a claim for the Warner comet prize of $200, and it will undoubtedly be awarded to Professor J. M. Schaeberle, assistant at the Michigan University Observatory."

SECRETARY BLAINE AT HOME.

From the London World.

The London World has added to its series of "Celebrities at Home" a sketch of Mr. Blaine, from which, though it contains nothing very new, the following may be quoted: "Mr. Secretary Blaine's house is incontestably the most popular in Washington. On Wednesday afternoon—the days in Washington when, during the sessions of Congress, the wives of Cabinet ministers and those of foreign ambassadors receive—there is no house in the American capital so crowded. Whatever the weather, however thin the attendance in other drawing rooms, there is always a throng at Mr. Blaine's. Nor is this due to the importance of his present position as Secretary of State. It was the same when he was in Congress, whether as member or speaker of the House; it was the same when he was in the Senate; it would be the same if Mr. Blaine were not in politics. People go there because they like Mr. Blaine and all his family, which consists of his intellectual and lady-like wife; a kinswoman of brilliant reputation in American letters, who uses the *nom de plume* of 'Gail Hamilton,' and six fine and promising children. In the examination of the drawing rooms at Mr. Blaine's we find, among other valuable possessions, one very interesting picture—a large canvas by Sir Peter Lely, representing Charles II. and his Court. It is signed with the date 1658. It was painted by Sir Peter for Lord Baltimore, and was bought by Mr. Blaine for a sum comparative unimportance at the sale of the Calvert estate, Riverdale, Md., a few years ago. There is not an art gallery in Europe, public or private, which would not be enriched by this large historical picture, full of portraits, and executed in Lely's most delicate and yet most animated style. Near at hand, on a pedestal, stands a fine life-size bust of Mr. Blaine, as good a likeness of the statesman as could perhaps be obtained in this form of a man, the charm of whose features lies principally in their mobility and ever changing play. Portraits of men of letters abound here. Dickens, Thackery, Disraeli, Washington Irving, Hawthorne and many others gaze down from the walls, principally in the last of the suit of drawing rooms—the one in which the Premier sits of a morning before going to the Department of State, examining such letters as imperatively demand his attention at home. Routine correspondence is carried on by secretaries in a vast room at the top of the house, and is an enormous and never-ceasing task.

ENGLISH SYMPATHY WITH THE PRESIDENT.—The Standard, in an editorial article, says: "In England every incident of President Garfield's illness is watched with keen but mournful interest. Had he been a British statesman, it would not have been hardly possible for the English people to have manifested a truer sentiment of sympathy than that which they have extended to his family and his country. In no part of the United States will the news that Mr. Garfield is out of danger be more joyfully received than in England. In no part of the Union will tidings of his death—should that melancholy event occur—excite deeper or more genuine feeling of sorrow than they would produce throughout her Majesty's English-speaking dominions.

AUGUST FLOWER.

The immense sale and great popularity of Green's August Flower in all towns and villages in the civilized world has caused many imitators to adopt *similar* names, expecting to reap a harvest for themselves at the expense of the afflicted. This Medicine was introduced in 1868, and for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, with their effects, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Stomach, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, vertigo, etc., etc., *it never has failed to our knowledge.* Three doses will relieve any case of Dyspepsia. Two million bottles sold last year. Price 75 cents. Samples 10 cents.

DIED.

BURCHINAL.—At Radcliffe Hall, near Chestertown, the 25th inst, of paralysis, JOHN C. BURCHINAL, aged 37 years.

DIEHL.—At his residence, "Plum Point," on Chesapeake bay, (between Worton and Churn creeks), on Sunday morning, the 17th inst., GEORGE S. DIEHL, in the 63d year of his age.

BRYAN.—Near Kennedyville, on the 17th inst., HARRY, infant son of Richard M. and Anna R. Bryan, aged 7 weeks.

NOBLETT.—Near Rock Hall, July 2, 1881, CHARLES E., son of Isaac and Annie Noblett, aged 15 years, 5 months and 2 days.

COAL. LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

We expect to sell COAL as low (or a little lower) than any other dealer, always giving 2240 lbs. to the ton. We weigh all our coal.

J. T. TWILLEY.

July 28—tf. [N]

IRVING INSTITUTE.—A pleasant home boarding school. Students prepared for business, teaching, advanced classes in College, or for the study of a profession. The course of instruction embraces the common and High English branches, Mathematics, Sciences, Latin, Greek, French, German, Music, &c. The location is healthful, pleasant and convenient of access. Terms: Board, Tuition, Washing Lodging per year of forty weeks, $160. Send for Catalogue. D. DENLINGER, Principal.

Manchester, Carroll county, Md.

July 28—1m.

GLORIOUS! GLORIOUS!

REV. ABRAM J. RYAN, the *Poet Priest*, will Lecture in the Catholic Church, on

Thursday, Aug. 4th, at 8 o'clock P. M.

SUBJECT:

What is the Most Beautiful Feature in the Christian Religion?

ADMISSION - - - 50 Cents.

For the occasion pew holders give up all right to their seats, so there will be no reserved seats. Polite ushers will meet you at the door and conduct you to your place.

Do not fail to come, it is the first and only chance you will have to hear him lecture in Chestertown. [April 28—2t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

GEORGE S. DIEHL,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same; with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 30th day of January, 1882; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 26th day of July, 1881.

RICHARD S. DIEHL,
ADAM DIEHL,
Administrators.

July 28, 1881—4t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters Testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

THOMAS P. DIXON,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 30th day of January, 1882; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 26th day of July, 1881.

JAMES T. DIXON,
Administrator.

July 28, 1881—4t

HORSE RAKES.—We have three Horse Rakes which we will sell at cost. They are new and perfect in every particular.

THOS. L. HINES & CO.

Picnic and Supper!

THERE will be an Afternoon and Evening Picnic in the

BEAUTIFUL LAWN

of

Mr. JOHN BRICE, of Lankford,

TUESDAY, AUG. 9th,

beginning at 2 o'clock P. M.

Ice Cream and Refreshments

on the ground.

A large platform will be erected for dancing. Music will be furnished by Prof. Wright's Band from Baltimore. Persons coming from a distance may have their horses attended to.

A SUPPER

of Fish, Oysters, Crabs, &c., will be served at a convenient hour.

Admission, including Supper, 50 cts.

Children under 12 years of age half price.

COMMITTEE OF ORDER:

JOHN BRICE,	JAMES T. DIXON,
R. B. WILLSON,	WALTER STRONG,
JAS. L. BECK,	L. K. STAM,
T. ROMIE STRONG,	JOSIAH MASSEY.

The public is cordially invited. Care will be taken to make this picnic such an occasion of pleasure as is seldom to be met with in Kent county. Should the weather prove unfavorble on the 9th, the picnic will be held on the 11th.

By order of the Committee.

July 28, 1881—2t.

Trustee's Sale

OF

Desirable Dwelling and Store Room,

IN SASSAFRAS,

KENT COUNTY, MD.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court wherein Henry C. Kennard and James A. Pearce, Executors of Dr. Thomas C. Kennard, deceased, are complainants and James M. Davis and Hannah Melvin are defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, on

SATURDAY,

The 20th day of August,

1881, at 12 M., at the Voshell House Porch in Chestertown, the

House & Lot

situated in the village of Sassafras, Kent county, Md., formerly occupied by Thomas R. Davis, deceased, and conveyed by James M. Davis to Hannah Melvin.

The Lot contains 63 square Perches

of land, more or less, and is located on the main street of the village, adjoining the lands of the heirs of Joshua Deputy and others. It is improved by a

FRAME DWELLING,

with front building 16x38, and back building 12x14, containing a hall and eight rooms, beside shed kitchen. One room is used as

A STORE ROOM,

and the location is excellent for this purpose, the Post Office having been kept there for many years, and up to the death of T. P. Davis.

THE TERMS OF SALE as prescribed by the Decree, are as follows:—One half the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or in 30 days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee; and the residue in one year from the day of sale, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with surety to be approved by the Trustee.

Possession given January 1st, 1882. Deed at the cost of the purchaser.

JAMES A. PEARCE, *Trustee.*

N. B.—The creditors of James M. Davis are hereby notified to file their claims, duly proved, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, within four months from the day of sale.

JAMES A. PEARCE, TRUSTEE.

July 29, 1881—tds.

HO FOR

Tolchester Beach.

Grand Basket and Picnic Excursion

TO TOLCHESTER BEACH

On the splendid saloon STEAMER CHESTER,

On Friday, July 29th,

Leaving Georgetown at 8 o'clock A.M., and stopping at Fredericktown, Rasin', Shallcross', Cassidy's, Betterton and Bernard's; leaving Tolchester Beach at 6 o'clock P. M., giving the excursionists ample time to reach their homes.

This excursion is given for the benefit of all the Sunday School children of Galena, Georgetown, Sassafras, Chesterville, Locust Grove, Kennedyville and Still Pond, who are cordially invited to join us.

Fare for the round trip One Dollar: all children under ten years of age FREE, and over ten years only 25 cents will be charged.

The managers will spare no pains to make this the most pleasant excursion of the season.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

W. A. Hyland	W. T. Hepbron,
G. W. Jacoby,	Capt. W. Archibald,
T. H. Horsey,	Wm. Busick,
T. J. Shallcross,	D. U. Dewees,
T. Shafer,	Capt. J. F. Wilson,
Joseph Dulaney,	W. G. Phelps,
James M. Ernest,	Jas. F. M. Woodall,
W. H. Dushane, jr.	Samuel Todd,
T. A. Meredith,	H. C. Layman,
Edward Peacock,	J. P. Ireland,
F. H. Taylor,	[July 21—2w

Notice to Teachers.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION for Certificates to Teach in the Public Schools of Kent county, and of those whose Certificates have expired by limitation, will be held at the school room in Chestertown, on

Tuesday, August 2,

commencing at 9 o'clock A. M.

Candidates will bring pens and ink.

Those, who take the Examination, must be present at the hour for beginning.

By order of the School Board.

E. F. PERKINS, EXAMINER.

July 14, 1881. [N]

PROPOSALS

Will be received until July 29th, for building

An M. E. Church at Locust Grove

Plans and specifications can be seen at the store of G. M. Beasten. The building to be commenced on the 10th of August and finished in three months. By order of

July 14 [N] THE TRUSTEES.

Dr. T. H. Cooper & Bro.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

Office between C. F. Stam's Drug Store and L. K. Stam's Furniture store,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

ALL CALLS attended to promptly.

March 10, 1881—3m*

DR. C. P. GILPIN

DENTIST,

HAVING LOCATED in CHESTERTOWN,

offers his

Professional Services

TO THE PUBLIC.

Sept. 18, 1879.—6m

CORSETS.

DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSET—Indestructible Hip. For sale by

T. W. ELIASON, Ja.

Notice to Farmers.

SEE FULL PARTICULARS!

HUBBARD'S

STANDARD BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE!

A Leading Fertilizer for all crops. Manufactured of

PURE DISSOLVED BONES, NITROGEN, POTASH, AND PERUVIAN GUANO,

Rendering it one of the most concentrated and valuable manures ever sold on the market.

WE ARE THE FIRST MANUFACTURERS OF SUPER-PHOSPHATE ON THE EASTERN SHORE OF MARYLAND, thereby being an old and established firm. We greatly thank our many friends and patrons for their past valued favors, and we hope by strict care and attention to business to merit a continuance of same. IT IS NOT SURPRISING that our goods have been so noted, as well for their superior condition for drilling, as for general excellence; as every ton is made in the self same way by the best machinery in use, to the **inspection of which all Farmers and the public generally are most cordially invited.**

We have for sale at our works of our own Manufacture, PURE BONE MEAL, Pure GROUND RAW BONES,

Pure Dissolved Animal BONE, Also, Dissolved South Carolina PHOSPHATE. KAINIT AND FERTILIZING SUPPLIES.

Highest Price Paid for ANIMAL BONES Delivered at our Factory.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,

WILLIAM HOUSTON, General Salesman. CHESTERTOWN, MD. July 27, 1881.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Kent county, in Equity, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Maryland, on

TUESDAY.

The 16th day of August,

1881, at 2 o'clock P. M.,

All That Farm

situate about two miles from Chestertown, on the public road leading into Quaker Neck, known as the late residence of Thomas Baker, late of Kent county, deceased, containing

193½ Acres of Land,

more or less, of which about 150 acres are arable and the balance in

WOOD AND TIMBER,

principally White Oak and Chestnut.

The arable land is divided into Five Fields,

One Peach Orchard,

One Apple Orchard,

One Pear Orchard,

and one Grass Lot, all under good Fencing.

The improvements are a large two-story

Brick and Frame Dwelling,

a large BARN, and other necessary Out-buildings.

The land is well improved and productive. It is in a good neighborhood and very conveniently located, with a school house adjoining.

THE TERMS OF SALE,

as prescribed by the Decree, are—One fourth cash on the day of sale, or in 60 days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee, and the balance in two equal installments of one and two years, with interest on whole sum unpaid from the day of sale.

CHAS. H. BAKER,

July 21, 1881—4t TRUSTEE.

U. A. C. GARRETT, Auct.

Clothing.

Before purchasing it will be to your interest to examine our Stock which is as well assorted now as at any time during the season, while the prices are much lower. Our system—One Price to all, goods cheerfully exchanged or money returned if not suited—must assure you of fair dealing and merit your confidence and patronage.

B. R. HILLMAN & Co.

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS,

166 W. Baltimore St.

July 14, 1881. Baltimore, Md.

NOTICE

To Parents, Guardians and Others.

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the Orphans' Court for Kent county will, on

Tuesday, August 9, 1881,

proceed to designate or elect one pupil from Kent county, to be sent to the Baltimore Female College, under the law passed by the Legislature of Maryland, and who will be "admitted to all the instructions given in the College, and to the privileges of the Normal Class, with all necessary books, without any charge whatever," except for board.

Parents and others disposed to avail themselves of this notice, are requested to make written application, stating name and age of the young lady applying.

Written testimonials of moral character and intellectual capacity will be required

The court will also expect some guarantee that the pupil will remain at the Institution sufficiently long to complete the usual course of study.

All applications to be filed with the Register of Wills on or before the day named.

JOEL C. SLAUGHTER,

Register of Wills for Kent Co.

July 21, 1881—3t.

AT PRIVATE SALE,

A convenient and comfortable Dwelling House, on S. E. side of Main street, in Chestertown, second door from Water street, with good dry cellar; containing 4 rooms on 1st floor; rooms (all private) and passage on second floor, and two attic rooms. A desirable location. For particulars apply at the house to HESTER A. RUSSELL, or

Sept. 16—tf. T. W. RUSSELL.

25,000 Bushels of Shells

To be burned, the Lime from which will be sold cheap, if delivered within the next sixty days.

This lot will close out the stock of one of the firms for which I am agent. As the next will not be so cheap, now is the time to buy.

Delivered anywhere on the Chester or Sassafras rivers.

Aug 5—3m WM. PERKINS, Agent.

Cigars and Tobacco,

For prices and quality can't be beat.

CHINA TEA SETS, at 4, 6 and $8—the cheapest ever offered in town. SPARKS.

STATE OF MARYLAND,

Executive Department.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by the Constitution of Maryland, article 14, section 1, providing for amendments to the Constitution, it is made the duty of the Governor to order the publication of any bill proposing amendments as therein directed.

And whereas the following act of the General Assembly, passed at the January session, 1880, chapter 417, proposes an amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

CHAPTER 417.

AN ACT to amend section five of article four of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, Three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the constitution of this State, and it adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and instead of section five of article four of said constitution.

SEC. 5. After the election for judges as hereinbefore provided, there shall be held in this State, in every fifteenth year thereafter, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November of such year, an election for judges as herein provided: and in case of death, resignation, removal or disqualification, by reason of age or otherwise, of any judge, the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to fill said office, who shall hold the same until the next general election for members of the General Assembly, when a successor shall be elected, whose term of office shall be the same as hereinbefore provided; and upon the expiration of the term of fifteen years for which any judge may be elected to fill a vacancy, an election for his successor shall take place at the next general election for members of the General Assembly to occur upon or after the expiration of the said term; and the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to hold said office from the expiration of such term of fifteen years until the election and qualification of his successor.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the constitution shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the constitution of this State; and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said fourteenth article of the constitution.

Approved April 10, 1880.

Now, therefore, I, WILLIAM T. HAMILTON, Governor of the State of Maryland, do hereby order that the said act of Assembly proposing an amendment to the Constitution as aforesaid be published in two newspapers to be designated in each county, where so many may be published, and where not more than one, in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the city of Baltimore, one of which shall be in the German language, once a week for at least three months preceding the general election to be held on the 8th day of November next.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at the city of Annapolis, this 7th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

WILLIAM T. HAMILTON.

By the Governor:

JAS. T. BRISCOE, Sec'y. of State.

July 21, 1881—3m.

E. T. Comegys,

DEALER IN

GRAIN,

LOCUST GROVE,

MARYLAND.

NEW WHEAT

WANTED,

For which I will pay

THE

highest market price

I will also advance Cash to responsible Farmers, who may need it to assist them in Cutting and Threshing their Grain.

E. T. COMEGYS,

June 23 Office at Locust Grove.

GERMAN POTASH SALTS (KAINIT).

WE have more Kainit than we need. Our own importation. We will sell for only five days more this extra lot at wonderfully low figures either in Chestertown or Baltimore. Price *in bags* delivered in Chestertown $10.50 cash, to buyers of not less