The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Sept. 22, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:

THOMAS J. KEATING,
OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES:

Samuel Cacy,
Thomas A. Hulme.

FOR SHERIFF:

Robert W. Calder.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

1st Dist—Charles P. Loper,
2d " —Tilghman Shafer,
3d " —Richard C. Smyth,
4th " —V. Hendrickson,
5th " —T. Romie Strong.

THE PRESIDENT IS DEAD!

The suspense is over. President Garfield is dead!

Since the morning of the second day of last July, when the news first flashed over the country that the President had been shot down by a cowardly villain, the whole people have watched his illness with the greatest anxiety. Never, perhaps, since the world began, has any ruler of a people possessed more unanimously and more sincerely the sympathy of the people. As every hopeful symptom that manifested itself after he was first stricken, was flashed over the wires, a corresponding thrill of hope animated the breasts of millions who watched for tidings. When the telegraph told that his symptoms were less hopeful, grief filled the breasts of the people throughout the land. So the President's life was watched for the seventy odd days of his illness with alternating hope and fear. Now that he is dead, the people will not be divided in their grief. With a heart-felt earnestness, the people universally will mourn the loss of the head of the Nation.

But the long illness has gradually prepared the Nation for the change. There will be none of the wild excitement there would have been, if the President had died instantly on being shot. The spirit of resentment toward, and suspicion of the Vice-President has had time to calm. He may now assume the management of affairs quietly. There was a time when it might have been dangerous for him.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR is now President of the United States. What sort of a President he will make remains to be seen.

Now that the president is gone, there will be no indelicacy and no hesitation in completing the fund proposed to be raised for Mrs. Garfield and his family.

GUITEAU has been reported all along as in deadly fear that some harm would be done his miserable carcass. When he finds that his cowardly act has resulted fatally, and that protection will not be vouchsafed him by Messrs. Arthur and Conkling as he anticipated it would be, his teeth will doubtless begin to chatter in contemplation of what awaits him.

THE PRESIDENT DEAD.

HE PASSES FROM SLEEP TO DEATH

Long Branch, Sept. 19.—The President died at 10:35 to-night. At the evening bulletin his condition was thought a trifle more comfortable. There was a feeling of congratulation on all sides that he escaped another rigor, which had been anxiously feared since the chill of the morning. Dr. Boynton during the early evening talked hopefully, and the people about the hotels prepared to retire at the usual hour, having almost no fear of any serious change before morning. At 10 o'clock Secretary Brown's cottage was dark and deserted. A few of the more vigilant newspaper men sat talking on the Elberon piazza. Dr. Boynton was among them. At 10:20 a colored messenger called Dr. Boynton out in the dark and whispered to him excitedly. The Doctor turned back to the group of reporters. "The President is sinking rapidly!" he said, and disappeared in the gloom across the lawn toward the President's cottage.

Mr. MacVeagh made the following statement: "I sent my despatch to Mr. Lowell at 10 P. M. Shortly before that Dr. Bliss had seen the President and found his pulse at 106 beats per minute, and all the conditions were then promising a quiet night. The Doctor asked the President if he was feeling uncomfortable in any way. The President answered, "Not at all," and shortly afterward fell asleep, and Dr. Bliss returned to his room across the hall from that occupied by the President. Gen. Swaim and Col. Rockwell remained with the President. About 10:15 the President awakened and remarked to Gen. Swaim that he was suffering great pain, and placed his hand over his heart. Dr. Bliss was summoned, and when he entered the room he found the President substantially without pulse, and the action of the heart was almost indistinguishable. He said at once that the President was dying, and directed that Mrs. Garfield be called, also the doctors. The President remained in a dying condition until 10:35, when he was announced dead. He died of some trouble of the heart, supposed to be neuralgia, but that, of course, is uncertain. I notified Gen. Arthur, and sent a despatch to Messrs. Blaine and Lincoln, who are en route from Boston to New York."

The President's words when he felt the death pang attack him were: "I am suffering great pain. I fear that the end is near."

THE DAY OF HIS DEATH.

About 8 o'clock Monday morning the President had another chill, which recently have become very frequent. After the rigor had passed the President fell asleep, and although his pulse was still beating about 120 yet his temperature had not decreased more than a tenth of a degree or so below the normal point. He awoke in about twenty minutes and said to Dr. Bliss, "Doctor, I feel very comfortable, but I also feel dreadfully weak. I wish you would give me the hand glass and let me look at myself.

Gen. Swaim said: "Oh, no. Don't do that, General. See if you cannot get some sleep."

"I want to see myself," the President replied.

Mrs. Garfield then gave him the hand glass. He held it in a position which enabled him to see his face. Mrs. Garfield, Dr. Bliss, Dr. Agnew, Gen. Swaim, and Dr. Boynton stood around the bed, saying not a word, but looking at the President. He studied the reflection of his own features. At length he wearily let the glass fall upon the counterpane, and, with a sigh, said to Mrs. Garfield: "Crete, I do not see how it is that a man who looks as well as I do should be so dreadfully weak."

In a moment or two he asked for his daughter Mollie. They told him that she would come to see him later in the day. He said, however, that he wanted to see her at once. Thereupon Don Rockwell went to the beach, where Miss Mollie was sitting with Miss Rockwell, and told her that her father wanted to see her. When the child went into the room she kissed her father and told him that she was glad to see that he was looking so much better. He said, "You think that I do look better, Mollie?" She said, "I do, papa," and then she took a chair and sat near the foot of the bed. A moment or two after Dr. Boynton noticed that she was swaying in the chair. He stepped up to her, but before he could reach her she had fallen over in a dead faint. In falling, her face struck against the bed post, and when they raised her from the floor she was not only unconscious, but also bleeding from the contusion she had received. They carried her out where she could get the fresh breeze from the ocean, and after restoratives were applied she speedily recovered. The room was close, the windows were closed, and Miss Mollie has not been very well, and all these causes, combined with anxiety, induced the fainting fit. The President, they thought, had not noticed what had happened to his petted child, for he seemed to have sunk into the stupor which has characterized his condition much of the time. But when Dr. Boynton came back into the room he was astonished to hear the President say: "Poor little Mollie! She fell over like a log. What was the matter?" They assured the President that the fainting fit was caused by the closeness of the room, and that she was quite restored.

Mrs. Garfield sat for a part of the day at the window. Her face was pale and pinched, but it was full of strength and resignation. She had been told of the doctor's fears, and she was prepared for the worst.

Peninsula News.

The creamery talk is being kept up in various sections of the Peninsula.

Rail shooting is the engaging sport on all parts of the Peninsula where the birds abound.

An Elkton woman sued a showman for cheating her out of 10 cents and recovered the money.

Ocean City is said to have had a successful season this year. More than 10,000 guests are reported to have registered altogether at the hotels.

Emma Boyd, a little girl who lived with her parents near New Leeds, Cecil county, Md., poured coal oil in a stove from a full can. There was smoldering fire in the stove, which caught to the oil, exploded the can, set the child's clothes afire, and burned her to death.

The Democratic Convention of Caroline county nominated the following ticket: Senator, Wm. Massey; House of Delegates, Edward Saulsbury and Edward C. Carter; county commissioners, Wm. J. Clark, Clement Noble and James A. Parrott; sheriff, Thomas E. Bullock; surveyor, samuel H. Melson.

OYSTERS AND OYSTER FARMING.

The United States is the greatest oyster-producing and consuming country in the world, and our own Chesapsake is a natural preserve superior to any other. How long it will last, in view of the reckless dredging practiced at proper and improper seasons by vessels intent only on gaining a cargo in the quickest time, is a question. Already experts have told us of oyster-beds exhausted, and of others showing signs of lessening production. If ever our oysters cease to afford us, by natural increase, a supply adequate to the demand upon them, Professor Brooks has shown from his researches how they may be artificially propagated. We can also resort, on a large scale, to the methods for cultivating the oyster adopted in England, and especially in France, where they are carried to perfection. Hearing of the exhaustion of a great proportion of the natural oyster-beds of those countries, we are apt to underestimate the extent to which the artificial propagation of the oyster is carried on there. But when we reflect that sixty or seventy million dollars' worth of oysters are raised annually in the Thames and other English rivers, and at Archachon and similar estuaries in France, we must confess that this sum represents a by no means contemptible industry. In oyster farming a suitable place is selected, combining salt and fresh water, if possible, as at Archachon. The oysters, one year old, are bought wherever they can be obtained. Some, of late, have been imported from the United States. Newly-made beds have to be watched for five years. After that they are either a known success or a failure. The young oyster feeds and fattens until four years old; but, singular to state, will not spawn in his artificial home. No efforts have induced him to do so. The only fertilization comes from imported spat, and that, in Great Britain at least, has within the last two or three years been unsatisfactory. If, as Prof. Brooks, of the Johns Hopkins University, believes, the time is coming when the oyster may be propagated as the shad and trout are now, we may help these oysters farmers. As it is, they are casting about for a remedy; even, as we have said, sending to the United States for "spatting oysters." There are thirty-four thousand breeding establishments (oyster farms) in France, where more care is bestowed in rearing the oyster than in any other country. The embryo oysters at Archachon are made to attach themselves to tiles. These, at the proper time, are lifted, and the young again transplanted. Six months later they are again transplanted, when they are sorted according to size and allowed to remain undisturbed for two years. The persecuted bivalve is taken up and deposited nearer the sea, in salt or saltish water, where he fattens and thrives amazingly. If he is intended for an ordinary market he is let alone until wanted. If, however, he is to be of the finest flavor and quality, he is next taken to Marennes, on the banks of the river Seudre, which discharges its waters into the Atlantic, and where a green plant abounds that imparts the color so indispensable to a Paris *gourmet*. Our transplanted beds are very simply managed, and if the propagation of the oyster shall, in the course of time, have to be conducted on a grand scale, American ingenuity and experience, aided by the suggestions of scientific men, will doubtless find methods for their easy propagation from spat, as our fish commissioners are now doing by the artificial impregnation of the ova of the trout, the salmon, the shad and the bass.

For several reasons it will probably never be necessary for persons living on Chesapeake bay or its tributaries to take the trouble in raising oysters that the English and French oystermen bestow on the production of the choice delicacy. The bivalve in these waters is at home and increases with astonishing fecundity. The flats on the Virginia side of the Potomac river for many miles above its mouth are, with a few interruptions, a solid oyster bed. These beds supply thousands of bushels monthly for a greater portion of the year to vessels that come for seedling oysters to carry to different points in the United States. Numbers of the vessels go up the Atlantic coast, some of them as far north as Maine. Others carry the seed oyster to inlets and creeks and rivers south of the Potomac, where there is a constant demand for seed oysters and a regular trade in them. Outside of the wide rivers and bay it will be difficult for the dredgers to break up the oyster product, for the reason that the fine, large, choice oysters of commerce grow, with few exceptions, where a schooner with dredges attached cannot work. These dredging schooners require extended space to work in, and depend almost entirely, if not entirely, on the native beds of oysters, where, on account of the oysters being massed compactly together, they are unable to grow to any considerable size. The action of these dredges on a native bed is beneficial if not carried to excess, for when the dredge is dragged over the mouths of the oysters, breaking them in, the oysters die, leaving a white looking row of dead shells the exact width of the dredge, and the oysters along its margin are given a chance for expansion, and soon outstrip in growth the others in the bed. Every creek and inlet in the neighborhood of these vast beds is found more or less supplied with oysters by the young of the bed oysters floating into them and attaching themselves to any stationary objects in their waters. Young oysters when first born float on the surface of the water and wriggle about as eels.—Among the finest oysters found in a natural state are those scattered singly at the bottom of the mouth of a creek or inlet where the tide runs in and out with great rapidity. A favorite object to which young oysters attach themselves is the waterlogged bark of cord-wood. In handling the wood much of the bark gets overboard and eventually sinks to the bottom. The rapidity with which oysters grow under favorable circumstances is strikingly shown in this way, remarkably fine oysters having been found in the mouths of creeks on bark to which they had attached themselves, the wood of which was known to have been shipped comparatively a short time before. Oysters in sluggish streams grow slowly, and the bottom on which they are laid has also much to do with their growth. One of the greatest cares of a planter of oysters in these waters is to give space enough between the plants. The planting of oysters in this country is already a great and increasing industry, and numbers are engaged in it while pursuing the avocations of the farm. All the fine oysters of the restaurant and private family are plants; the dredged oysters are used by the canning factories and for common purposes.—*Balto. Sun.*

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for your Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as sour stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Water-brash, Fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, swimming of the head, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist..... and get a Sample Bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

DIED.

McMULLEN.—Near Kennedyville, at the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. Archibald, Mrs. ANN MCMULLEN, in her 84th year.

BROWN.—In Baltimore, September 12, 1881, at 1 A.M., CLARA M., consort of Dr. F. E. Brown.

CLOUGH.—At Denver, Colorado, on Sunday evening, September 11th, NOAH H. CLOUGH, eldest son of John and Sarah E. Clough; aged 32 years.

Strayed or Stolen.

ON THURSDAY NIGAT, AUGUST 4th, from the subscriber, ONE LIGHT BAY MARE, a little lame in her right fore foot, with a white spot on one shoulder, carries her tail to one side. $20 reward will be paid for her recovery.

JAS. A. CHAMBERS,
Sept. 22, 1881—3t. I. B. Q. A. Co., Md.

Lost Sheep.



LOST—On Thursday night, Sept. 1st, NINE SHEEP, marked with a red stripe down the back and the letter L in red on the hip. Any information of their whereabouts will be thankfully received.

W. S. WALKER.
Sept. 15, 1381—3t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S
Postponed Sale
OF VALUABLE
Personal Property.

THE undersigned, administrator of Thomas P. Dixon, deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court for Kent county, will sell at Public Auction, at his late residence, near Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,
The 27th day of September,

the following property:

EIGHT GOOD WORK HORSES,



Six Milch Cows,
GOOD MILKERS;



ONE YEARLING HEIFER AND ONE CALF,
7 HEAD OF HOGS,
AND 4 FINE SHOATS,



1 York Carriage, 1 Family Carriage, 2 Carriage Poles, 1 Buggy, 1 Wood's Reaper; 1 Champion Drill, 10 tubes, as good as new; Corn Sheller, Fan; 1 Wagon and Harness, Ox Cart and Dray, Horse Cart, Wheat Rake; Forks, Shovels, Grain Measures, &c., &c. Also, a lot of

Household Goods.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of 12 months on sums of $5 and over, on note with approved security, payable at Kent National Bank. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

☞ The undersigned desires to correct the impression which prevailed that he would bid in the property. Free competition is invited, and the property will be sold, rain or shine, to the highest bidder.

J. T. DIXON,
J. H. GREENWOOD, Auct. Administrator.
Sept. 22, 1881—tds. [N]

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES

THE Republican voters of Kent county are hereby notified to meet in their respective Election Districts, as follows:

1st District,.....at Massey's
2d " .....at Kennedyville
3d " .....at Smithsville
4th " .....at Chestertown
5th " .....at Edesville

Saturday, Sept. 27th, 1881,

Between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing *five* Delegates from each district, to meet in county convention, on *Tuesday, September* 27, 1881, at the Court House in Chestertown, at 11 o'clock A. M., to select *three* Delegates to represent Kent county in the State convention which will meet in Cambridge, *Wednesday, Oct.* 5, to nominate a candidate for Comptroller of the State of Maryland. The said County Convention will also elect a *new State Central Committee* for Kent county, to serve for two years.

CHAS. T. WESTCOTT,
J. FRANK WILSON,
WM. PERKINS,
Sept. 22. State Central Com. for Kent co.

THE REGISTRATION.

September Sitting, 1881.

Second District.

Newly Registered.

White.

A
Anderson, Lewis T Anderson, Jas E
B
Bramble, Wm A
C
Cacy, Harry C
D
Dewees, George O
H
Hudson, E E
J
Jones, Hyland T Jester, Myers S
K
Kennedy, Wm Kelley, J Horton
M
Matthews, Isaac W Martin, John D
N
Newnam, Elijah
P
Pearson, Chas L Rearson, W R
R
Roeder, Geo W Roeder, Thos L
S
Spry, C H B Simms, Isaac W
T
Taylor, W F
W
Wilmer, Philip G Warren, Jas H

Colored.

J
Johnson, Joshua
L
Lively, Josiah
R
Robinson, Dred
S
Shepard, Wm Steward, Jos J
T
Taylor, James E Turner, Perry H
W
Wilmer, Jas H Wilson, Jas H

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct list of the newly registered voters of the Second Election District of Kent county, as registered by me on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

L. A. PENNINGTON,
Officer of Registration.

Deaths, Transfers and Removals.

White.

B
Byron, J M J Byron, John, sr
C
Comstalk, Jacob H Crossley, N H
Colby, Levi
D
Day, Joseph Day, Wm C
Dill, Edward W Dill, Hyson
Davis, James M Dixon, Geo H
Dixon, Robert
J
Jewell, James E Jones, Henry
L
Lusby, R J Laferty, James
Loud, Robert H
M
Miller, Jeremiah
P
Price, Wm B
R
Rambo, James
S
Stavely, T Hepbron
T
Thompson, John
W
Wilson, Isaac H

Colored.

B
Butler, Jefferson
K
Knocks, John
W
Wright, Nelson

I hereby certify that the above is a correct list of the Deaths, Transfers and Removals in the Second Election District of Kent county, at the sitting on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

L. A. PENNINGTON,
Officer of Registration.

Third District.

Newly Registered.

White.

C
Crew, Daniel C Cooper, Wm V
J
Jones, A O
M
Miller, Jeremiah, Mathiot, A G
Miller, Michael O Mathers, Jas H
P
Pote, James M Pote, James V
R
Raisin, Perry B Rouse, Frank R

Colored.

T
Thompson, Geo J

I hereby certify that the above is a correct list of the newly registered voters of the Third Election District of Kent county, as registered by me on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

THOS. H KENNARD,
Officer of Registration.

Deaths, Transfers and Removals,

White.

B
Beck, Wm Burton, Olanda
Beck, Samuel Brown, John T
Braceland, Patrick
C
Cooper, John H Clayton, Wm
Cooper, Jos G Clayton, Isaac V
Cooper, Wm H
D
Deihl, Geo S Dill, Eli
F
Fairfax, Frank
H
Hayes, Robert E Harwood, Thos B
Henry, Jos A Hemsly, Phil W
Hessey, Jno H jr Holden, Jos W
K
Kelley, J Horton Kennard, Jos A
Kelley, John T
L
Lucas, Wm V
M
Meekins, Jas H Mann, George R
Middleton, Jas H
O
Owens, Jas W Overend, Wm
Omeara, Andrew
P
Pennington, Dan'l Pearson, Sam'l F
Plummer, Edw J
R
Rash, John B Robinson, Wm H
Roe, Sanford Roeder, Thomas
S
Skirven, John T Spry, George A
Strouse, Geo F Sappington, W A
Startt, Lewin Scott, Luther S
Startt, Benjamin H
U
Usilton, Lewin
W
Wroth, Edw Walker, Fulber
Woodside, Frank Wheat, Sam'l B
Walraven, Jacob A

Colored.

B
Biddle, George W
C
Clemant, Reuben Cotton Edw S
D
Douglass, James
G
Goulding, Samuel
H
Henry, Lewis Hinson, Chas T
J
Jones, Andrew Jones, James
Jones, Charles H
M
Miller, Aaron, sr Meredith, Isaiah
S
Seney, Arthur Smothers, John
T
Tayler, James E Turner, Wm A
W
Wright, Jeremiah

I hereby certify that the above is a correct list of the Deaths, Transfers and Removals in the Thrid Election District of Kent county, at the sitting on the 5th 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

THOS. H. KENNARD,
Officer of Registration.

Covered Glass Bowls,

Setts, Individual Butter Plates, Butter Dishes Bread Plates, Goblets, Mugs, and everything you need in the Glassware line, you can find at
Jy 15 SPARKS'S, opp. court house

Fifth District.

Newly Registered.

WHITE.

B
Beck, Billy
C
Clothier, Thos L Clarke, Wm J
Conlyn, Wm J
E
Elbern, Samuel W
G
Gale, Wm W Greenwood, H N
H
Higgins, John H
K
Kelly, James T
P
Price, Thomas
S
Stavely, T Hepbron Scott, Frank V

COLORED.

B
Brown, James H
H
Henry, George T Henry, Lewis, jr.
J
Johnson, Essex
R
Russell, John F
T
Thompson, Wm H
W
Ward, Lewis H

I hereby certify that the above is a correct list of the newly registered voters of the Fifth Election District of Kent county, as registered by me on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

S. G. FISHER,
Officer of Registration.

Deaths, Transfers and Removals.

WHITE—Removals.

F
Francis, Wm P French, James A
J
Jones, George R
K
Kelly, Amos B
R
Roberts, Adam
V
Vannort, Wm J

DEATHS—White.

B
Bennett, Wm R
C
Camp, H B Craner, Samuel
D
Dobson, Isaac T
J
Joiner, James D
K
Kerr, Edward
U
Urie, James

COLORED.

B
Brown, James T Bowser, Robt, jr
G
Gaines, Samuel
P
Pearce, Richard
R
Ringgold, Thomas

TRANSFERRED—White.

B
Bailey, George
L
Lowe, Edwin
P
Pearce, John W
S
Simms, Isaac W

COLORED.

S
Smith, John H

I hereby certify that the above is a correct list of the Deaths, Transfers and Removals in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, at the sitting on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of September, 1881.

S. G. FISHER,
Officer of Registration.

COMPETITION OPEN TO ALL.

THE SECOND ANNUAL FAIR
OF THE
Cecil County Agricultural Association
WILL BE HELD AT
ELKTON, Md.,
October 4, 5, 6 & 7, 1881.
$7,500 PREMIUMS.

Largest Premiums for Live Stock offered by any County Fair, $2,600.

$4,000 *of Premiums to Trials of Speed and Amusements.*

Oration on the Second Day.
Tournament on the Third Day.

VELOCIPEDE, BICYCLE, MULE AND OX RACES.

☞ Some of the Fastest Horses in America will compete for the 2:27, 2:24 and 2:19 races.

$1,000 *Premium for the* 2:18 *race.*

Fair Grounds are at the ELKTON STATION on the P., W. & B. Railroad. Cheap Excursion rates from points on said road, and Half-Freights for exhibits.

Entry Books for Exhibits open September 26. Entries in Trial of Speed close September 19.

☞ Catalogues and Programmes furnished on application to

JOHN PARTRIDGE, Secretary,
Sept. 15—3t. ELKTON, MD.

For Sale.

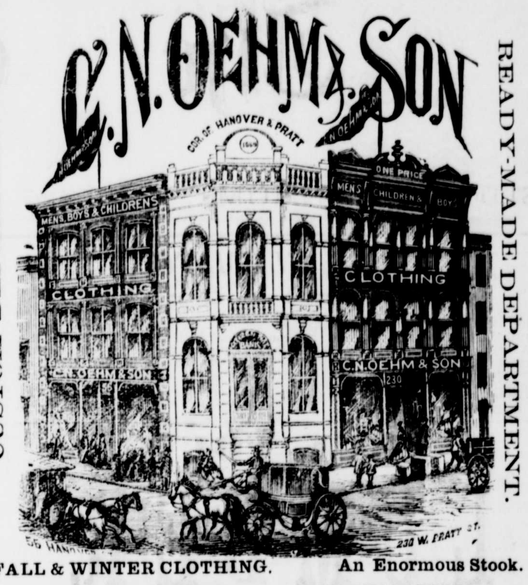
2 DESIRABLE AND VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE—one on the water and one near the railroad. Apply to

C. H. BAKER, *Att'y.*,
Sept. 8, 1881—3t. CHESTERTOWN, Md.

A STANDING INVITATION TO VISIT

C. N. OEHM & SON

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT. READY-MADE DEPARTMENT.



FALL & WINTER CLOTHING. An Enormous Stock.
VERY LOWEST PRICES. *FITS GUARANTEED.*
LARGEST ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS.
C. N. OEHM & SON,
230 W. PRATT STREET, THROUGH TO 55 HANOVER STREET
Boys' and Children's Clothing a Specialty.

The Best Clothing
FOR THE
LEAST MONEY.
Wanamaker & Brown,
OAK HALL,
S. E. Cor. Sixth & Market streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
The Largest Clothing House
IN AMERICA.

Fourth Annual
EXPOSITION
OF THE
DELAWARE
State
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,
Fairview Park, Dover, Del.,
From September 26 to October 1, 1881.

GRAND DISPLAY OF LIVE STOCK, Cereals, Fruit, Flowers, Fine Arts, Farm and Dairy Products, Agricultural Implements, Machinery and Manufactured Goods.

TRIALS OF SPEED,
By some of the Fastest Horses in the World, on September 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th.

Two Grand Musical Concerts Daily.

Ample space for all Exhibits. Premiums $10,000. No ENTRY FEE.

Entries may be made by letter at any time before September 26.

Half-rate Fares on Railroads. All trains stop at Fairview Park.

For Catalogues, particulars, &c., Address,

D. P. Barnard, Jr.,
Secretary, Dover, Del.
August 25, 1881—te.

Tolchester beach

FALL ARRANGEMENT.
ON AND AFTER
Friday, September 16th, 1881,
Steamer PILOT BOY
will leave Tolchester Beach
TUESDAYS & FRIDAYS
At 9.30 A. M. and 5 P. M., will leave Baltimore same days at 7.30 A. M. and 3 P. M.
☞ This will give 3 and a half hours for business and return the same day.
FREIGHT AT LOW RATES
and received in Baltimore Daily.

FARE EACH WAY 40 CENTS.

Excursion Tickets, good until used.....75 cts.
" " good on day issued..50 cts.
N. B.—Horses fed and well cared for at Tolchester. LEM PIERCE, Hostler.
WM. C. ELIASON,
Sept. 15, 1881—tf. Manager.

EMORY'S
Bone and Potash.

HAVING had favorable accounts of the action of this Fertilizer from those who used it last Fall, I have determined to offer it again to the farmers. Price $35 on 11 months, with interest: $33 cash, delivered free at landings. W. S. WALKER.

Mr. Thomas C. Maslin, Grey's Inn, and Mr. G. W. C. Shuster, Buck Neck, will receive orders. August 18, 1881—2m

FARMERS' HARDWARE—for sale by THOS. L. HINES & CO

THE PENINSULAR FAIR!
EIGHTH GRAND
Agricultural and Horticultural
EXHIBITION
OF THE
Peninsular A. & P. Association,
TO BE HELD AT
Middletown, Del.,
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 20th, 21st and 22d.

PREMIUMS, $7,000.

Exhibits solicited from all parts of the Peninsula, or elsewhere.
NO ENTRY FEE FOR EXHIBITS.
THREE TRIALS OF SPEED EACH DAY, UNDER THE RULES OF THE NATIONAL TROTTING ASSOCIATION.

Premiums for Speed Trials, $1,950.

Ample Space for all Exhibits. A platform has been constructed within a few steps of the Entrance gates, at which all passenger trains will stop during the Fair.

EXCURSION TRAINS will be run
And tickets sold at HALF-RATES.

Special and very low rates of Freight will be given exhibitors on application to Agents of the Delaware railroad and its branches.

☞ Ample accommodations for all kinds of stock. Hay and straw free for stock on exhibition.

Entry Books for exhibits open after September 12th. Write to the Secretary for a premium list.

Entries in Trials of Speed close September 8th, at 11 o'clock, P. M. Entries in Trials of Speed, ten per cent. of purse.

For further information, address
W. SCOTT WAY, Secretary,
Sept. 8—tF Middletown, Del.

1881 1881

T. W. WICKES,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.,
DEALER IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

We have in stock and are constantly receiving Fresh Drugs, which we secure from only reliable and first class wholesale dealers

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT cannot be surpassed in this county for reliability or promptness.

We also keep on hand the most reliable Patent Preparations.

In connection with our Drug business we propose this year to push our trade in Stationery, Books and Fancy Articles. Our large sales the past season encourage us in giving special attention in this direction.

We shall continue to give personal attention to every department of our business, and leave no effort untried to give perfect satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage

T. W. WICKES,
February 3, 1881 DRUGGIST.

Ladies' Shoe Store.

A large stock of SHOES for Spring and Summer wear, just received at MRS. KATE GILL'S.

A VERY large lot of Barbed Fence Wire on hand, and cheaper than ever.
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ICE CREAM FREEZERS.
The "Crown" Freezer, as sold by Thos. L. Hines & Co., is the best in the market. They are cheap, and every one warranted.
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