The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Oct. 6, 1881.

S. E. SULLIVAN. C. G. WOODALL.

SULLIVAN & WOODALL,
Editors and Proprietors.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:

THOMAS J. KEATING,

OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES:

Samuel Cacy,
Thomas A. Hulme.

FOR SHERIFF:

Robert W. Calder.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

1st Dist—Charles P. Loper,
2d " —Tilghman Shafer,
3d " —Richard C. Smyth,
4th " —V. Hendrickson,
5th " —T. Romie Strong.

A FAVOR THAT MAY BE RETURNED.

How uncertain is politics! What wonderful, almost unimaginable changes are continually taking place.

December the 21st, 1871, General Grant, then President of the United States, out of friendship for Senator Conkling, appointed Chester A. Arthur, Collector of the Custom House of New York city. Up to that time Mr. Arthur had not held any position of any importance, and was scarcely known outside of New York city. In March, 1877, the Hayes administration began, with John Sherman as Secretary of State. In July, 1878, Mr. Arthur was requested to resign the collectorship, and Secretary Sherman afterward, in an open letter gave the reasons for asking the resignation. He showed that the receipts from customs had gradually diminished from 1872 to 1877 from $148,381,446 to $91,056,968; that the employees were bribe-takers and guilty of gross irregularities, and that "persons were borne on the pay-rolls as laborers as a reward for political services who performed no service except to sign their names to the rolls and receive their pay. * * * These evils were known to Collector Arthur, yet he made no attempt during his term of office to remedy them." He stated also that although Arthur's compensation amounted to over $15,000 he did not attend to the duties of his office; that, in short, his office was a sinecure and that the public interest demanded his removal.

Nothing could say in plainer terms than Sherman's letter, that Arthur was not capable, or else not honest enough to run a custom house.

That was barely three years ago. Then Sherman was high and mighty, and Arthur was comparatively humble. And now, presto! What a wonderful change! Now Arthur is high and mighty and John Sherman is comparatively humble. And it is insinuated that Arthur has got John Sherman on the hip.

It will be remembered that during the brief administration of the late President, an unearthing of frauds had not only been commenced in the post office department, but also in the treasury department. Secretary Windom had uncovered enough, to show that by going deeper, a dreadful state of rottenness might be found. It is claimed that out of consideration for Sherman, the investigation was nipped.

Now there is at the head, a man who not only does not love John Sherman, but who, it may be supposed, would like to have the satisfaction of paying in a three-fold manner, the compliment of three years ago. Neither Arthur nor Conkling owe any favors to Sherman. No consideration for Sherman's reputation will prevent a thorough searching into the past history of the treasury department. It may be, that though Arthur did not run the New York custom house on strict enough business principles to suit Mr. Sherman, he may yet run the presidency on business principles that are entirely too strict to accord with the latter's notions. Time works changes.

EX-STATE SENATOR, JAMES T. EARLE, of Queen Anne's county, in a speech made at a second ticket meeting held in Centreville on Tuesday of last week, made, according to the Centreville *Record*, the astounding statement, that out of 2,000 Democratic voters of Queen Anne's county, 700 could be bought! This is more than one voter in every three!

It is possible that Mr. Earle was so carried away with his desire to do good to the second ticket movement, that in making the statement, he did violence either to his conscience or to his good common sense. Those who live outside the county, but who have some slight knowledge of the people of Queen Anne's, will be slow to believe that when they cross the Queen Anne's border, every third man they come in contact with, if he be a Democrat, is also a vote seller.

IT SEEMS that the Star route investigations are to go on, and what's of more importance, the treasury investigation is also to go on. It is not likely that anything can be turned up that will smirch either Mr. Arthur or Mr. Conkling, hence there may be several other investigations, that before long, will go on.

AMONG THE WAYS AND MEANS spoken of by which the new administration may provide for Conkling, without any offense to good taste, and without hurting the proud Senator's feelings, is to appoint Lapham, one of the new Senators from New York, to a cabinet position, with the understanding that Gov. Cornell fill the vacant Senatorship by the appointment of Roscoe Conkling. This might not be exactly the sort of vindication that Conkling first started out to hunt for, but it would at least have the virtue of giving him back what, in his strong desire to be vindicated, he threw away.

PRESIDENTS VANDERBILT and Garrett, from a war of rates, have got to a war of words. The Baltimore and Ohio has from 140 to 300 miles advantage in distance over the New York Central to all important western points. In a agreeing upon rates, the B. & O. president claims that the shorter distance should allow his road proportionally lower rates. This understanding, Vanderbilt has recently violated, hence the trouble. While the war lasts, it will be an uncomly good time to take Horace Greely's advice and "go West, young man."

THE GRAND JURY of the criminal court of the District of Columbia have had Guiteau's case before them this week. The case will probably come up for trial in November. It is not known yet who will be the assassin's counsel. If he secure a shrewd criminal lawyer, like Benjamin F. Butler for instance, the case will doubtless be a long and tedious one.

WHAT will become of Ohio now? No President! No grip on the public offices! Almost no hope for her favorite son, John Sherman! The only hope for Ohio is to turn Democratic.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS held their convention at Cambridge yesterday, for the purpose of nominating a State ticket. At the time of going to press we have not heard the result.

WHO WILL CONSTITUTE the new President's Cabinet, and what will become of the Cabinet of the late President, are now matters of surmise.

Peninsula News.

The Accomac county sweet potato crop is valued at $1,000,000.

The turnip crop of Sussex county promises to be immense.

An organization is being formed in Wilmington to erect a monument to Garfield in that city.

A water famine is threatened in the lower part of the Peninsula. Many wells have gone entirely dry, and the rest give little water.

Negotiations are now going on by the Maryland Steamboat Company with a Wilmington firm for a splendid new steamer to be run to Denton next year, in place of the Highland Light.

During the Fair one of the tent shows on the ground failed to pay rent promptly and the Treasurer went down to have it closed up. The proprietor pleaded his inability to pay and offered his boa constrictor as security.—*Middletown Transcript.*

An important change, at least the statement is well founded, is to be made in fares on the P., W. & B. Railroad, going into effect October 1st. The fare between Wilmington and Philadelphia is to be fixed at 80 cents, and a uniform rate of three cents per mile is to be established over the whole road.—*Every Evening.*

The Baltimore *American* says: "The syndicate having in charge the construction of the Maryland and Delaware ship canal state that they will at once go to work in making excavations for the water way. They say that they expect to have workmen employed by the day, and with the aid of an electric light, also by night, so as to complete it in fifteen months."

The Republicans of Cecil county have nominated the following ticket: For State Senate, Dr. R. H. Tuft: House of Delegates, Jethro T. McCullough, Spencer Frazier and H. H. Kimble; County Commissioners, George F. Harlan, William Johnson, and Alfred Kirk; Sheriff, Samuel Hambleton; County Surveyor, John F. Mashall.

Robert Carmean, a young man aged seventeen, living with John Poole, fourth election district of Caroline county, dangerously wounded himself with a gun on Saturday of last week. He was handling a gun which he supposed was not loaded and dropping the breech heavily on the door step, caused a discharge, the load passing through and carrying away the point of the chin, tearing out two teeth, lacerating the upper lip and tore off the right side of the nose, making an ugly and painful wound.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Wilmington Conference Academy on Thursday, Senator Saulsbury was elected president of the board, and Dr. Samuel Creadick was elected a trustee.

A Choptank steamboat engineer recently labored for three hours, and swore the river ahead for miles as blue as Jersey lightning, in a vain attempt to distance a boat that was, unbeknown to him, attached to his own boat by a long rope.

Several youngsters of our town commenced extensive operations in the poultry business this week.—With their sling-shots they crippled all the stray chickens they could find and carried them to a cave where they had a stove and other cooking utensils "fixed up in style." They were preparing for a general feast when their rendezvous was discovered by the gentleman whose chickens had disappeared and they were compelled to postpone the grand supper until a more auspicious occasion.—*Sussex County Index.*

THE American system of transporting trunks between residences and railroad trains has been introduced into Berlin.

CELEBRATION AT YORKTOWN—OFFICIAL PROGRAMME OF CEREMONIES.

The State commissioners for the Yorktown Centennial celebration have been requested to meet at Yorktown on October 17, one day in advance of the commencement of the official ceremonies. The official ceremonies and proceedings are to be under the exclusive control and direction of the Yorktown congressional commission. It is understood that an impression has in some way gone abroad that the Yorktown Centennial Association has some jurisdiction over the official ceremonies, but this is entirely incorrect. Whatever part that very worthy and creditable organization may take during the four days' celebration will be simply in its capacity as a private association. The following is the official programme which has been determined upon for the ceremonies of the four days:

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18.

The President and his cabinet, the congressional commission, the governors of the States and the guests of the nation will be received by the Governor of Virginia and his staff in Lafayette Hall at 11 A. M.

The chairman of the joint commission of Congress, Hon. John W. Johnson, United States Senator from Virginia, will call the assembly to order at 12 o'clock noon, at the monument site.

Prayer by Rev. Robt. Nelson, grandson of Governor Nelson of Virginia, who commanded the Virginia militia during the seige of Yorktown.

The Star Spangled Banner by three hundred voices, under the leadership of Prof. Charles L. Siegel, of Richmond, Va. The accompaniment by the Marine Band.

Address of welcome by His Excellency F. W. M. Holliday, Governor of Virginia.

The Marsellaise Hymn by the chorus of voices, under the leadership of Prof. Siegel, the accompaniment by the Marine Band.

Introductory address by the chairman of the commission, Hon. John W. Johnston, of Va.

"Hail Columbia," by the chorus of voices led by Prof. Siegel; the accompaniment by the Marine Band.

Laying the corner-stone of the monument by the grand master of Masons in Virginia, assisted by the grand masters of the thirteen original States.

Grand fantasia. "International Congress," Sioussa, by the Marine Band, conducted by Prof. J. Philip Sioussa.

At 7 P. M. there will be a pyrotechnic display from a boat moored in York river.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19.

The assembly will be called to order by Hon. John W. Johnston.

Overture, "Le Caid," Ambroise Thomas, by the Marine Band, conducted by Prof. Sioussa. Prayer by Bishop Harris, of the M. E. Church of New York. Hymn, words by Charles Poindexter, music by J. E. Schmelzer, rendered by the chorus of three hundred voices under Prof. C. L. Siegel, accompanied by the Marine Band under Prof. Sioussa.

Address by the President of the United States.

Centennial Ode, words by Paul H. Hayne, of South Carolina, music by Prof. T. Mosenthal, of New York: rendered by the chorus of three hundred voices under Prof. C. L. Siegel, accompanied by the Marine Band.

Oration by Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, of Massachusetts.

The Star Spangled Banner by the chorus under Prof. Siegel, accompanied by the Marine Band.

Centennial Poem by James Barron Hope, of Virginia.

Overture by Dodsworth's Thirteenth Regiment Band of the National Guard of the State of New York.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies a reception will be held by the President of the United States and his cabinet, the congressional commission and the guests of the nation, in Lafayette Hall.

At 7 P. M. there will be a pyrotechnic display from boats moored in York river.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20.

Grand military parade and review by the President of the United States of the troops and other organizations present, under command of Major-General Winfield S. Hancock, United States army, the arrangements for which will be made by him and announced later.

FIDAY, OCTOBER 21.

Grand naval review by the President of the United States and exercises of the fleet under command of Rear Admiral Wyman, U. S. N., the arrangements for which will be made by him and announced later.

JONES OF NEVADA.—The central figure at the present moment is undoubtedly that of Senator Jones. He has been the trusted friend and firm ally of Gen. Arthur, and the part which he has played since the death of the late President has been a most conspicuous one. His house at Whashington has been the headquarters of the new Administration, and he has probably been consulted upon every step which has been taken. Senator Jones is a man of ability and patriotism. He desires to serve his country as best he may, and it remains to be seen whether his services will not be recognized by some influential post. Indeed, it has been more than whispered that Mr. Jones will be Secretary of the interior in the new Cabinet, and that in resigning his Senatorship he will make room for his old friend Mackey, who, it is said, is desirous of entering public life. Those who believe so add that, while it is true that the Legislature of Nevada, is Democratic, the great personal influence of Mr. Mackey and the benefits which he has showered upon his State would be sufficient to have him elected. It is also said that it is not without the realm of possibilities that Mr. Lapham will resign and that Gov. Cornell will appoint Mr. Conkling to succeed him. Conkling, it is said, does not want a place in the Cabinet, and such an arrangement would bring about the good feeling which the Half Breeds have clamored for so loudly. A foreign mission would then await Mr. Lapham, who would be only too glad to see his quondam friend back in the place which he filled so long and so honorably.

A NEGRO went home from a Georgia camp meeting in a state of ecstasy, declared that he was going to heaven by the way of a tall tree that grew in the dooryard, climbed to a height of seventy feet, and then undertook to fly the rest of the journey. The fall killed him

THE VIRGINIA OUTLOOK.

RICHMOND, October 1.

Virginia is on the skirmish line of the biggist political battle that has been fought within her borders since the days of the Know Nothing question. The readjusters depend entirely on the colored vote to pull them through. Their white voting strength will not foot up 20,000 under the most liberal calculation, and to elect Colonel Cameron it will require the solid individual Republican vote added to the Readjuster vote of last fall as polled for Hancock and English. At this writing such a thing does not seem possible, but out of the question entirely, for the reason that upon the State debt question and a general coalition with the Readjusters the Republican party is divided. The ignorance, and to a great extent all the trading politicians are with Mr. Mahone, because of the specious appeals made to the ignorant and superstitious blacks and the promises and bargains with "the traders;" but the best element, the integrity and the ability of leadership, is unalterably opposed, and they hold the balance of power, and the great bulk of the truly reliable leaders and followers of the real Republican party are against and will not submit to the "unholy alliance," as one of their speakers termed it in the Lynchburg Convention, and the opposition on the part of these leaders will prevent a union with the Readjusters, hence there is now little show for Colonel Cameron's election. My observations lead me to make the statement that the more cultivated and higher moral class of colored people will not take part in the coalition and repudiation movement. A few Sundays ago, in Danville, an educated colored minister delivered a sermon on the debt question, in which he took occasion to say that "a moral wrong could not be made politically right." He told his hearers to steer clear of the movement; that their withheld rights would come to them in due season through the honest channels of a public opinion that was quickening its lifeblood to their favor day by day; that if at this day and this late hour they should enter into this abominable scheme to rob the creditors of Virginia they would lose caste and favor with that large and influential public that had so manfully and steadfastly stood by the policy of Mr. Lincoln and his followers in doing justice to the colored citizen, and, besides, said he, "to do so will render our race liable to the frowns of angry God, who has taught us the royal law, 'Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods.'"

Money is the power that is more potent than the throne in this campaign. It is so plentifully distributed that well-to-do mechanics, laborers and workingmen have left their employment and enlisted for the campaign. Of course there is a standing army of patriots who never do a stroke of work only during the campaign. There is one peculiar class of political strikers employed to work especially upon the colored man and brother. That is that class who are known to be superstitious and whose prejudices are easily roused. A colored Readjuster orator at Charles City some time since, in appealing to the audiance before him said that forty millions of the debt that they were asked to pay was for hanging John Brown and two millions were to pay the patrols for returning runaway slaves to their masters in the days of slavery. These words were sufficient to fill the kind of an audiance he had with enough enthusiasm to vote a dozen Reajuster tickets at one time. Your readers would be surprised to know how many thousands of white and colored men in this State do not ever vote unless their poll tax is prepaid by some candidate or the party that solicts their vote. I am informed by reliable authority that the number of persons coming under this head will go up in the thousands. Since the capitation tax law went into effect the Democratic party (and this was before there were any schisms in it) taught the negro, as well as every one they could, to make the Republican candidates pay their taxes or not vote. There are counties in this State where nothing but the awful dollar is used to carry an election and I venture the assertion that there are more persons paid to attend to the business of polities in Virginia, according to the population of voters, in than any other State in the Union.

The next General Assembly, the one to be chosen this fall, will have to elect a United States Senator, vice Judge Johnston, whose term expires March, 1882. It is conceded that as between the regular Democrats and Readjusters the Legislature will be close, and the balance of power will lay in the votes of about thirteen straight-out Republicans who will be chosen and who will be independent of either Democratic faction. In order to have such a balance of power the leaders and the main body of those known as "Straight-outs" are exerting their every effort.

No man connected with the Federal Government is allowed to oppose General Mahone and coalition and repudiation. Union soldiers, who served their country during the war and who have been working with the party since the beginning of reconstruction, have been discharged from government places as soon as they opposed the scheme of this little rebel brigadier and Democratic Readjusters put in their places.—*Philadelphia Times.*

NEXT MONDAY the Baltimore Oriole commences, and holds through Tuesday and Wednesday. The programme of the celebration will be as follows:

October 10th.—Parade of Police and Fire Departments, Militia and Line Societies, and Formal Opening, with appropriate Ceremonies at Monument Square, of the New Gunpowder Water Works.

October 11th.—Public Reception at the City Hall to the French Commissioners to the Yorktown Centennial, and at night the Mystic Pageant of the Oriole.

October 12th.—Grand Banquet and Ball in honor of the French Commissioners.

A PAIR of steers sank in the muck of a Connecticut swamp, and a yoke of oxen were set to pull them out by a chain around their horns. One was drawn to a firm footing, but the horns of the other were pulled from his head. The agent of an anti-cruelty society is prosecuting the man who made the attempt to save the steers, on the ground that the humane action would have been to shoot them,

PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S CABINET.

SOME RUMORS, MORE OR LESS PROBABLE.

Washidgton, October 1.—The prevailing impression here is that there will ensue before the adjournment of the extra session of the Senate an entire change of Cabinet officials. It is said that President Arthur has so arranged with the outgoing Cabinet that they will retire in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and so as to avoid public clamor. The latest gossip bearing on the President's plans in that connection is to this effect: Secretary Blaine will be tendered a foreign mission, which he will not accept. Secretary Hunt will be tendered a territorial judgeship, which he may probably accept, as otherwise he would be without a position. It is proposed to appoint Secretary Kirkwood governor of Arizona Territory, in place of Fremont. Secretary Windom will be returned to the Senate. If Postmaster General James will not accept the presidency of the Lincoln Bank in New York, the administration will urge his acceptance of the position of assistant United States Treasurer at New York. Attorney General Mac Veagh will not be tendered any position, as he desires to retain his private law practice. The most embarrassing problem is to dispose of Secretary Lincoln. It is quite certain that he will not be invited to retain his portfolio, as that would create an invidious distinction not at all complimentary to his retiring associates. It comes through a personal friend of Senator Logan that, upon consultation with the latter, President Arthur has decided to tender the attorney generalship to Senator David Davis, whose senatorial term expires March 3, 1883. The resignation of Judge Davis will create a vacancy, and in the event of his acceptance of the attorney generalship it is proposed to elect Secretary Lincoln to the Senate in his place. It is not known whether Senator David Davis will enter into this arrangement, but in view of the improbability of his re-election, it is thought he will regard the proposition favorably, since his tastes and habits are eminently judicial.

GEN. GRANT'S PRESENTS—*Their Removal to New York.*—Probably no man in America has received so many valuabe presents as Gen. Grant, and the care and preservation of these unique and costly articles have often given him considerable inconvenience and trouble. His friend George W. Childs has been the custodian of a good many of these presents, and some of the public testimonials are on exhibition in Memorial Hall, Fairmount Park, Philadelphia. It is supposed that these will be deposited in the patent office Washington. Independent of these Gen. Grant has 68 cases filled with presents, most of which have been in the custody of Mr. Childs. In a vault of one of the safe deposit companies on Chesnut street, Philadelphia, is stored a box containing six of the General's swords, including the one he wore at Appomattox. In their home at Sixty-second street and Fith avenue, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Grant will have some of the most beautiful pieces of furniture to be found in the new world. While in Mexico a buffet was presented to the General which is made entirely of Mexican onyx. The magnificent service of silver presented by Mexico during his first presidential term will be brought from the bank vault in which it has been hidden away for many years and put to use in the new home, and the china set which Admiral Alden procured for him in China will take a conspicuous place among the tableware. All the boxes of valuable goods which were in the care of Mr. Childs have been shipped to New York and will be displayed or used in the fine mansion which is now being fitted up as the permanent residence of Mr. and Mrs. Grant.

THE tendency of a section of English churchmen to abstinent if not ascetic vows is curiously illustrated by the formation of the order of Companions of the Golden Age. Each companion must rise by 7 o'clock every morning, must use prayers and intercessions for the order, and must agree to dress soberly, and to live a temperate, pure, and humane life. A member, after due trial, can pass on from one degree to another of approved goodness, and at each stage be distinguished by a different color. Then, after praying and dressing soberly for six months, he can take the further vow of abstinence from the flesh of birds and beasts, and wear a crimson ribbon. Six months later he swears off on fish, too, if he chooses, and dons the blue; and eighteen months from the start, if he is sufficently spiritualized, he may take a vow against alaoholic beverages and tobacco. This entitles him to wear the white emblem of purity.

THE question of transferring the Russian capital from St. Petrsburg to Moscow is being agitated in the Russian newspapers. The warmest advocates of the project are the Panslavists, who look upon St. Petersburg as the typical representative of the "traitorous reforms" of Peter the Great, and upon Moscow as the true centre of Russian patriotism. On the other side it is urged that the history of Russia as a great European power dates from the foundation of St. Petersburg, and that the patriotism of Moscow is merely of a local or provincial kind. St. Petersburg is not only the seat of the imperial court, but of Russia's social and literary world.

The erection of the new American hotel in London has commenced. It will occupy nearly an acre on the northern side of Holborn, abutting on Warwick court and Holborn. It is to contain 400 rooms, and will be called the "First Avenue Hotel," because it is intended to construct an avenue through the block of the hotel building. Among the houses which will have to be removed to clear the way will be the Duke's sheater and a tenement to which considerable interest attaches as the domicile of Haydn, in which he wrote the greatest part of "The Creation. The Society of Arts will provide a mural tablet to mark the spot.

AT the meeting of the Methodist Conference in London, James Calvert of Fiji said that the greatest blot of the Fijians was their cannibalism. One of the natives stated that he had feasted on 872 different persons, and six or seven of the missionaries were eaten when they first commenced their labors in Fiji.

WHEN the Southern Pacific Railroad is completed, with its connections, to New Orleans—an event that is expected to occur by next summer—immigrants will be conveyed by this route from Liverpool to San Francisco for $40 to $50. This is looked forward to as being the solution of the problem presented by California's distance from the centers of civilization, and by the consequent high rates of freight and passenger transportation that have heretofore been checking her business progress and her rapid settlement.

OVER $20,000,000 is now lying in the United States Treasury waiting for the holders of past due and called bonds to ask for it. Of this amount about $10,000,000 is for matured bonds, on which interest ceased at various dates from before Jan. 1, 1837, to July 1, 1881. The other $10,000,000 is for called bonds on which interest will cease Oct. 21, but which, with interest to Oct. 21, will be paid now on presentation.

BOSTON'S PROPOSED WORLD'S FAIR.—The committee of twenty-eight to consider the question of a world's fair in Boston met Friday and discussed the situation quite freely, but finally adjourned to meet in two weeks for the purpose of preparing a consolidated report for publication. The Boston Post takes the ground that the public is ripe for the enterprise, and that an adverse report would be very disappointing and also a trifle mortifying.

THE Marquis of Lorne is reported as having determined to return to England at the close of the coming session of the Canadian Parliament and there be called to the House of Lords. Lords Roseberry and Elgin are spoken of as likely to succeed him in the Governor Generalship of Canada.

THE theological faculty of Yale College has decided to use the revised version of the New Testament, voting it "better than any other English version, because it follows more exactly the Greek text as originally written, and is a more clear and correct translation."

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for your Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as sour stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Water-brash, Fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, swimming of the head, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist..... and get a Sample Bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

MARRIAGES.

TRENCHARD—SHAWN.—At the residence of the bride's parents, September 29th, by Rev. J. A. Weigand, HARRY C. TRENCHARD, Esq., of New Jersey, to Miss EMMA O. SHAWN, of Queen Anne's county, Md.

DIED.

McFEELY.—In Chestertown, Sunday, Oct. 2d, 1881, Mrs. JULIA M., wife of Wm. J. McFeely, aged 35 years.

RINGGOLD.—In Baltimore, on Wednesday night, Sept. 18th, JOHN EDWARD RINGGOLD, aged about 30 years, late of Chestertown.

DENNING.—In Chestertown, on Friday, Sept. 30, Mrs. ANN DENNING, aged 85 years. She was the widow of the late Daniel Denning.

LEE.—Near Chestertown, Sept. 17, after a short illness, SUSANNA W. LEE, in her 33d year, wife of Samuel G. Lee and daughter of Samuel and Sarah Shuster.

ALLCUT.—In Chestertown, Sept. 26, after a short illness, MARLON K. ALLCUT, in the 59th year of his age.

FOR RENT,

For the next year, 1882, six Dwelling Houses in Chestertown.

Apply to C. H. BAKER, Att'y.

Oct. 6, 1881—tf

REMOVED.

The undersigned has taken Hall's stables, where he intends running the *Livery and Exchange Trade* in all of its branches. Thankful for past patronage he hopes by strict attention to business to receive a share in future.

GEO. B. McWHORTER.

Oct. 6, 1881.

State of Maryland,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 1st, 1881.

In pursuance of the requirements of Section 6, of Article 69, of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended at January Session, 1876, Chapter 206, I herewith publish the following list of accounting officers in Kent county, who are in arrears to the State of Maryland, and liable to publication under said law, together with the amount due by each as of this day.

THOMAS J. KEATING,
Comptroller of the Treasury.

Name.	Year	Principal	Interest
R. F. Moffitt, late collector	1879	122 28	10 98
do. do. do.	1880	89 17	2 68

Oct. 6, 1881—te.

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO

LEADING

One Price Clothiers,

216 & 218 W. Baltimore street,

BALTIMORE.

HAVE the pleasure to announce to the people of this vicinity the opening of their

Fall and Winter

STOCK OF

CLOTHING

FOR

Men's, Youths', Boys and Children's

WEAR.

Special and exclusive shapes prepared for this season's business. Every garment in the establishment of their OWN MANUFACTURE, hence they sell their own productions only.

They have 5 floors devoted to their business, every floor 115 feet deep, stocked to their utmost capacity with every grade of clothing, and sell them at the lowest possible figures.

☞ Money refunded if goods do not prove satisfactory.

Likes, Berwanger & Co.,

216 *and* 218 *West Baltimore street,*

BALTIMORE.

Oct. 6, 1881—3m.

The Best Clothing

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY.

Wanamaker & Brown,

OAK HALL,

S. E. Cor. Sixth & Market streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

The Largest Clothing House

IN AMERICA.

A STANDING INVITATION

TO VISIT

C. N. OEHM & SON,

Where you will always find

POLITE ATTENTION,

LARGEST STOCK

PERFECT FIT,

ONE PRICE,

Lowest Figures,

LARGEST

FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,

230 W. Pratt St.,

THROUGH TO

55 HANOVER St.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING

A SPECIALTY.

Fashionable Suiting

MADE UP

IN ORDER DEPARTMENT.

FARMERS,

—USE—

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT'S

IRON FRAME

CULTIVATOR

For putting Corn ground in order for wheat. We believe it to be the best Cultivator in use to-day, and we are selling them at reduced prices.

And don't you forget that we make the

BEST CULTIVATOR TEETH

for preparing Corn ground for wheat.

We are making large shipments of Cultivators and Cultivator Teeth every day. We can give the following parties as reference and we desire you all to see them in person in regard to them:

REFERENCES:

A. Hurlock, Thos. A. Jacobs,
William Morris, S. A. Roseberry,
T. C. Parsons, Thos. Rasin, Jr.,
Wm. Stevens, Samuel F. Cooper,
Thos. A. Hulme, Wm. H. Coleman,
Capt. Ed. Woodall, A. J. Hynson,
R. H. Corbaley, J. T. Dixon.

Sept. 2d, 1881.

Strayed or Stolen.

ON THURSDAY NIGAT, AUGUST 4th, from the subscriber, ONE LIGHT BAY MARE, a little lame in her right fore foot, with a white spot on one shoulder, carries her tail to one side. $[illegible] reward will be paid for her recovery.

JAS. A. CHA[illegible]

Sept. 22, 1881—3t. I. B. Q. A. Co., Md.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

The "Crown" Freezer, as sold by Thos. L. Hines & Co., is the best in the market. They are cheap, and every one warranted.

THOS. L. HINES & CO.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES, Horse Muzzles, &c., for sale by THOS. L. HINES & CO.

A VERY large lot of Barbed Fence Wire on hand, and cheaper than ever.

THOS. L. HINES & CO.

Kent Co., Smyrna & Del. Bay R. R.

Connecting with Delaware Rail Road at Clayton.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT

On and after Monday, January 10th, 1881, until further notice trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH. LEAVE	Passenger No. 1. Daily. A. M.	Mixed No. 3. Thursdays only. P. M.
Chestertown	8 00	2.00
Worton	8.15	2.20
Lynch's	8 25	2.30
Still Pond	8.30	2.40
Kennedyville	8.45	3.00
Blacks	9.00	3.15
Lambson	9.15	3.30
Masseys	9.30	3.45
*Delanys	9.45	4.00
*Bingham	9.55	4.10
arr Clayton	10.05	4.30
leave "	10.36	5.04
" Middletown	11.10	5.30
" Wilmington	12.07 p m	7 04
arr Philadelphia	1 16	8.25
Baltimore	3.28	9.20
New York	4.45	3.45 a m

GOING SOUTH. LEAVE	Passenger No, 2. Daily except Thursdays. A.M.	Mixed and Pass'gr No.4 and No. 5 Thursdays only. A. M.	P.M.
New York	8 15	4 20	1 00
Baltimore	9 45	7 00	3 00
Philadelphia	11 45	8 10	5 15
Wilmington	1 05 p.m.	9 25	6 30
Middletown	2 06	10 02	7 35
arr Clayton	2 30	11 02	8 02
leave "	2 40	11 10	8 10
" *Binghams	2 55	11 25	8 25
*Delanys	3 00	11 40	8 35
Masseys	3 15	11 55	8 56
Lambson	3 30	12 10 p. m.	9 05
Blacks	3 40	12 20	9 15
Kennedyville	3 50	12 35	9 25
Still Pond	4 00	12 45	9 30
Lynchs	4 05	12 50	9 40
Worton	4 10	1 00	9 45
arr Chestertown	4 30	1 15	10 00

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.

Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.

The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.

Passengers on morning train to and from Baltimore change cars at Wilmington or Delaware Junction.

Freight carried at low rates to all points and must be at Stations 30 minutes before starting time, in order to insure dispatch.

☞ Trains run on Philadelphia time, which is 5 minutes faster than Baltimore time.

Excursion Tickets issued at reduced rates from all Stations for Wilmington or Philadelphia, good for two days, and to Baltimore, good for four days.

FRED. GERKER,
Sept. 23, 1880. Lessee.

EXTENSIVE STOCK

—OF—

Dry Goods.

FALL OF 1881.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS

Nos. 199, 201 and 203,

BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE,

Have now on hand, and are constantly adding to their very Extensive Stock of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. Articles in every department of a regular DRY GOODS BUSINESS, adapted to the wants of purchasers generally.

Their stock of the most

FASHIONABLE FOREIGN GOODS,

has been selected in person from the best sources in Europe, thereby saving to retail purchasers from us, the profits usually made by importers.

Our assortment of

DOMESTIC FABRICS

and STAPLE GOODS generally, have been purchased to great advantage, after an experience of over 50 years in the trade, during which time we have built up a large business by Fair Dealing and giving at all times and *to all purchasers*, full value for the price paid.

The prices in plain figures marked on all our goods, from which there is no deviation.

Sept. 29, 1881—3m.

Tolchester beach

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER

Friday, September 16th, 1881,

Steamer PILOT BOY

will leave Tolchester Beach

TUESDAYS & FRIDAYS

At 9.30 A. M. and 5 P. M., will leave Baltimore same days at 7.30 A. M. and 3 P. M.

☞ This will give 3 and a half hours for business and return the same day.

FREIGHT AT LOW RATES

and received in Baltimore Daily.

FARE EACH WAY 40 CENTS.

Excursion Tickets, good until used.....75 cts.
" " good on day issued..50 cts.

N. B.—Horses fed and well cared for at Tolchester. LEM PIERCE, Hostler.

WM. C. ELIASON,
Sept. 15, 1881—tf. Manager.

C. F. STAM,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST

COMPOUNDS Physicians' Prescriptions with accuracy and despatch, from the purest Foreign and Domestic Drugs, and according to the improved methods of Pharmacy. Night bell promptly answered.

July 31, 1879. C. F. STAM.

Ladies' Shoe Store.

A NEW stock of SHOES for Spring and Summer wear, just received at

MRS. KATE GILL'S.

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