The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning, Oct. 19, 1882.

C. G. WOODALL
Editor and Proprietor.

DEMCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS:

HON. GEORGE W. COVINGTON

OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

FOR CHIEF JUDGE

of the 2d Judicial District of Maryland.

JOHN M. ROBINSON,

OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,

JOSEPH A. WICKES,

OF KENT COUNTY,

and

FREDERICK STUMP,

OF CECIL COUNTY.

The Judicial Ticket.

We did not have time in our issue of last week, after the adjournment of the Judicial Convention, to comment upon the action of the Convention. The judicial ticket is undoubtedly, the wisest that could have been made—this considering that popular sympathy in the four lower counties was overwhelmingly for the old bench. One of Mr. Constable's points made against the proposed nomination of Judge Stump,—*i. e.* that though his nomination might be "morally right, it would be politically wrong,"—might have been applied more correctly to Mr. Cruikshank. His nomination would have been in a greater degree, "morally right and politically wrong." We say that his nomination would have been morally right, because we believe he would have brought to the bench a high degree of ability, and other qualities that go to make a good judge. It would have been politically wrong, because Mr. Cruikshank is unknown in the lower counties, and would therefore have been liable to defeat outside his own county by a strong independent candidate, while his nomination would perhaps have not been more generally satisfacotry in Cecil, than is that of Judge Stump. We believe that Judge Stump's nomination is both morally and politically right. No denial is made to his legal learning or to his judicial qualifications in any respect, even by those who sought his defeat in his own county.

As to the matter of precedent, in ignoring the expressed will of his own county, an interesting communication published elsewhere in this issue, gives the details of an exactly similar action taken by a judicial convention representing all the counties of this district, which met in Easton more than thirty years ago.

Taken as a whole, there has not been, perhaps, in the State of Maryland in the last fifteen years, a bench that has administered justice more conscientiously and more wisely, or that has enjoyed the respect and the confidence of the people to a greater degree than has the incumbent bench of this district. As was said by one of the speakers in the recent nominating convention, "they have for fifteen years been weighed in the balance of public opinion, and have not been found wanting." Individually and as a body they represent broad legal learning, unimpeachable integrity, and great personal dignity. Each has perhaps his personal enemies but each and all possess the general confidence of the people, and next November the old judicial bench of this district will most probably show a popular strength not bounded by party lines.

The Two Georges.

The Republican convention, which met at Centreville on the 17th inst., declined to nominate a candidate for Chief Judge, but did nominate two candidates for associate judges, namely:

GEORGE M. RUSSUM, of Caroline.

GEORGE A. BLAKE, of Cecil.

Mr. Russum's nomination can be nothing but a huge joke.

First, he is understood to be a Democrat.

Second, he is known to be irrevocably committed to all three the present judges.

The convention must have omitted the little formality of consulting him, and we cannot doubt his letter of declination will follow the announcement of his nomination, with all the promptness and emphasis demanded by the circumstances.

Mr. Blake's nomination is a mystery. We have made inquiry and are credibly informed that there is a Mr. George A. Blake at the Cecil bar, but, at this writing, we can learn absolutely nothing else of him, and we suspend comment until we are informed what manner of man Mr. Blake may be.

The Labor Question.

Of making machines there seems to be no end. Especially in farming pursuits there is a machine for almost every purpose. Three-fourths the farm work that was done fifty years ago by hand is now done by machinery. And yet, the greatest trouble that farmers have to contend with is the not being able to secure sufficient labor to properly cultivate their farms.

There was a time, in England, when machinery began to be extensively introduced into the manufacture of goods that had before been produced by hand, that the working masses rose up in rebellion and threatened to tear down and burn out factories that were introducing labor-saving machinery. They said that the introduction of machinery, to do work which they had done, was turning them out without the means of earning their bread. Their argument seemed true, but results disproved it. It took men to work the machines, and the machines, by cheapening production, increased consumption so greatly that there was an increased demand for labor.

This same result seems to have followed the extensive introduction of machinery into farming, which has taken place in the last twenty years. Certainly, farm labor is now more difficult to obtain, and is better paid, than it was twenty, or even ten, years ago. Every well-conducted farm now has machines and machines, but it takes men to work the machines, and the effect of the introduction of machinery, instead of decreasing the demand for labor, seems rather to have increased the demand. This may be accounted for, in that machinery has caused an increase in farm production, and an increased nicety in the management of farms. We think it will not be a misstatement to say, that many farms in Kent county, that produced, twenty years ago, not more than an average of 600 bushels of wheat, now produce an average of 2,000 or 2,500. Though machinery is principally instrumental in stimulating this increase in production, the increase requires extra force of labor to handle it.

Every year, there is an increasing cry among farmers concerning the scarcity of labor. The colored element seems to be gradually finding its way to the cities. In parts of Delaware and on some parts of the Eastern shore of Maryland, Jewish, German, Sweedish, Polish and emigrants of other nationalities have been tried,—but in most cases, these have either grown dissatisfied with their work and surroundings, or else have failed to give their employers satisfaction. For good reliable labor there is annually an increasing demand with annually a decreasing supply. Evidently the time is not far distant, when farmers will be compelled to find a new source from which to draw labor, or else will be compelled for lack of it to conduct farming operations upon a more limited scale.

Ohio has done the commendable thing by giving a Democratic victory of 25,000 majority and Pennsylvania and New York will probably follow her example.

We Tip Our Hat.

From the Cecil Democrat, edited by G. W. Cruikshank.

While it is impossible to endorse the action of the Chestertown Convention from a party standpoint or to commend it as a party measure, it must be conceded that the success of Judge Stump was a notable triumph of personal influences, and may be doubly gratifying to his personal friends, by reason of its very irregularity. The Convention was regularly elected by party processes, as a party Convention, and was composed of representative members of the party from the different counties of eminent respectability. They were met at the threshhold of their deliberations by the seemingly fatal obstacle of Judge Stump's own county having declared against him, and being represented by a delegation not only pledged to another, but hostile to his candidacy. They knew that the contest in Cecil had been prolonged and bitter beyond precedent, and realized the danger to party success of disregarding the edict of the party as plainly and unequivocally expressed. They were cognizant of the hostility that would naturally be engendered by a disregard of that expression, and evidently did not underrate it. Yet, such was the hold that "the old Bench" seemed to have on their regard and affections that, without haste, without passion, without bitterness, they resolved to hazard all in obedience to the demand from the counties they represented. Candor compels us to admire their devotion, and to tip our hat to its fortunate beneficiary. May he live long to deserve and enjoy it.

Maryland Congressional Nominations.

The recent nomination in the 6th district, by the Democrats, of Hon. Montgomery Blair, completes the nominations of both parties, which now stand as follows:—

Democrats.	Republicans.
1. G. W. Covington.	James C. Mullikin.
2. J. Fred. C. Talbott.	Thaddeus C. Blair.
3. Fetter[illegible]. Hoblitzell.	Theo. F. Lang.
4. J. V. L. Findlay.	H'n'y Stockbridge
5. Andrew G. Chapman.	Hart B. Holton.
6. Montgomery Blair.	Louis E. McComas

So far the greenbackers have put but one candidate in the field, Mr. J. Frank Mitchel, of Baltimore county, who is the nominee in the second congressional district.

How It Stands.

So far, Maine, Ohio, Oregon, Vermont, and West Virginia have elected Representatives to the next Congress. Allowing the republicans eight members from Ohio, the States named have elected fifteen democrats and seventeen republicans. In the present Congress those States are represented by eight democrats, twenty-two republicans and two greenbackers. Thus far, therefore, the democrats have gained seven members and the republicans have lost five, while the greenbackers have ceased to be a known quantity. Looking to the future republican journals anticipate the loss of a Congressman in Wisconsin, in Minnesota, in Massachusetts and in New Jersey. The two Congressmen gained by the dominant party in the present House by unseating South Carolina democrats will, it is thought, be lost in consequence of redistricting. The auguries for New York and Pennsylvania are by no means favorable to the republicans. In the event of the next presidential election being thrown into the House of Representatives, Ohio would give her vote for the democratic candidate.

The Folger Campaign.

From a letter to Phila. Times.

NEW YORK, October 13.

If President Arthur is not altogether indifferent to the success or defeat of the Republican party he must feel a great weight upon his shoulders at the present time. The result of his policy of interference has made the defeat of the Republican ticket in this State full as certain as the defeat of Cameronism in Pennsylvania. Not since the organization of the Republican party has it began in this State a campaign with such gloomy forebodings of defeat as this year. The President, however, seems utterly careless of the result. He is having a good time fishing and wine-drinking and refuses even to answer letters sent him by John F. Smyth, chairman of the Republican State committee. The attitude of the President is not altogether pleasing to his followers. They charge that he is responsible for the present state of affairs; that he forced the nomination of Folger, and, therefore, that it is his business to come to the front at once. President Arthur, however, is very sluggish in his movements and he may be expected in time to attempt to force the election of Folger in the same way that he did the nomination.

THE MEN WHO RUN CAMPAIGNS.

If a glance is taken at the men the administration has placed in charge of the canvass it will not be a cause for wonder that honest and respectable Republicans, at least, are lukewarm. John F. Smyth, who says that he does not believe in "Sunday school methods in politics," is head of the State committee. While Insurance Superintendent of the State (an office he got as the result of a bargain made by Roscoe Conkling, which he failed to keep), Smith was impeached twice by Governor Robinson, who appointed him, and barely escaped conviction if a Republican Senate, and then only as the result of a bargain with Senator Pomeroy, which agreement Smyth afterwards made no effort to keep. Smyth was rejected by the last Republican State Senate when he was renominated. George H. Sharpe is Smyth's chief assistant. Sharpe is the man whom Conkling, Smyth, Dennison, French and other Stalwarts accused of lying last year when he said that he did not advise Mr. Conkling to seek re-election as United States Senator. Next to Sharpe on the committee comes Ex-Police Commissioner De Witt C. Wheeler. He was three times tried on charges presented by two Mayors of this city. The last time, when charged by Mayor Cooper with misappropriating nearly $20,000 of police funds, he escaped on a technicality. Wheeler is also famous as a straw bondsman in the Star route cases, being on many of Dorsey's bonds. The next important man in the committee room is Stephen B. French, whose use of a forged telegram at Saratoga has made for him an unenviable name in the State. French is a Police Commissioner and was indicted by the grand jury over a year ago for neglect of duty and various other things. This indictment has not yet been tried.

A PART of the town of Lenox, in western Massachusetts, has of late years been infected by malaria, and the residents find the origin of the poison in the Smith Paper Company's dam, which causes the alternate overflow and exposure of a stretch of lowland. The District Attorney of Berkshire county has begun a suit to compel the removal of the dam. As the company is wealthy, and would be greatly damaged by the loss of its water power, a stubborn contest is certain. An indictment has been found, and the trial will be remarkable for the quantity—probably the inconsistency as well introduced.

A PHILADELPHIA jury was called upon to decide, in a customs case, whether a jew's-harp is a toy or a musical instrument. The question put to the expert witness was, "Is a jew's-harp capable of producing a succession of harmonious sounds?" One witness played to the jury "The heart bowed down," and "The Skids are out to-day" and the reporter says that the jury seemed restless and depressed. Their verdict was that the jew's-harp is a musical instrument.

NEAR Charlotte, N. C., a young son of Joe Faulkner was left in charge of the engine at his father's mill. While showing some playmates what he knew about the machinery he was caught in a belt and litterally torn to pieces. The story, somehow, makes us think of Don Cameron.—*Boston Post.*

Malaria, Chills and fever, and Billious attack positively cured with Emory's Standard Cure Pills—an infallible remedy; never fails to cure the most obstinate, long-standing cases where Quinine and all other remedies had failed. They are prepared expressly for malarious sections, in double boxes two kinds of Pills, containing a strong cathartic and chill breaker, sugar coated; containing no Quinine or Mercury, causing no griping or purging; they are mild and efficient, certain in their action and harmless in all cases; they effectually clean the system, and give new life and tone to the body. As a household remedy they are unequaled. For Liver Complaint their equal is not known; one box will have a wonderful effect on the worst case. They are used and prescribed by Physicians, and sold by Druggists everywhere, or sent by mail, 25 or 50 cent boxes. Emory's Little Cathartic Pills, best ever made, only 15 Cents. Standard Cure Co., 114 Nassau Street, New York. For sale by C. F. Stam.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most urgent organ, enabling it to throw off torpor of inaction, stimulating the healthy action, free the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in good condition, effecting its regular daily work.
Malaria. If you are suffering from chills, fever and ague, the kidneys are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipation, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure. In the Spring to cleanse the system every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

BEAUTIFUL—Parlor, and Library Lamps at SPARKS'.

MILL NOTICE.

Radcliffe Mill, Chestertown, will shut down for repairs on Saturday, the 28th inst., and will be open again in about a week or ten days thereafter, of which due notice will be given.

SPICER & BACON.

Oct. 19, 1882—2t. (N)

Caution to Tresspassers.

All parties with dog or gun or otherwise are forwarned from crossing or entering upon our premises without permission, under penalty of the law.

JULIAN HURT
T. J. SHALLCROSS
JAMES W. HURT,
W. O. SHALLCROSS.

Oct. 19, 1882—3t.

TO RENT.

The north half of the dwelling house on the College grounds, formerly occupied by Prof. Zimmerman. Not wishing to occupy it myself the year, I will rent it to an acceptable party until Sept. 1st, 1883. Terms reasonable. Enquire of

DOCTOR BARDEEN,

Oct. 19, 1882—3t.* Voshell House.

Peach Trees a Specialty.

and a general assortment of Nursery Stock for sale. The proprietor has taken special pains with his Nursery and those wishing to plant are invited to call and see for themselves. Canning varieties preominate, and the trees are healthy, vigorous and of good growth.

N. BARNARD,

Stanley P.O., Kent county, Md.

Oct. 19, 1882—4t

NOTICE.

The Orphans Court for Kent county will hold an extra session on Thursday, the 19th inst.

J. C. SLAUGHTER,

Oct. 12—1t. Register.

Engine for Sale.

By virtue of a power in mortgage from Jos. C. Turner to C. Aultman & Co., will be offered at Public Sale, on *Saturday, Oct. 21st, 1882*, at the market house, in Chestetown, one 6-6 horse Canton Monitor Engine nearly new, on easy terms.

C. H. BAKER,

Oct. 12, 1882—3t. Att'y.

CAUTION.

No trespassing permitted either by unning or crossing for a "short cut" on my farms near Smithville, tenanted by Geo. H. Anderson and Fred. Woodmender, or on Camelswethmore near Lynch's, tenanted by Ed. Biddle.

WM. R. GALE

Oct. 12, 1882—3t

NOTICE.

The Jersey Blue will lay off after Saturay, the 7th instant, for a few days to clean up and paint.

JOSEPH W. THOMPSON,

Oct. 5—3t. MANAGER.

FOR SALE.

Until sold, my farm called "Deep Landing," lying on Chesapeake bay, at the mouth of Swan Creek and Chester River, contains 70 acres of red loam of fine quality. No ague chills nor bilious. Will be sold cheap for sucliand with its advantages, resources, &c., peliar to itself. Good title. I solicit examinaon. Apply to

C. WILKINSON, Rock Hall,

Oct5, 1882. Kent Co., Md.

CARD.

J. L. Downes, of Chestertown is now with the New York One-Price Clothing House, 182 and 184 West Baltimore street, where he will be pleased to see his friends and acquaintances of this county.

Oct. 5, 1882—3t.

ORGANS.

Any person wishing to buan Organ or Piano, I think it would be to their interest to call and see me before buying. I am persuaded that I can make it to their interest to do so. At least it will not cost you a thing to talk with me about an instrument.

Yours respect.,

J. T. TWILLEY.

Sept. 28—3m.

Grand Trip at Reduced Rates
VIA KENT CO., SMYRNA & DEL BAY R.R.
TO THE
BI-CENTENNIAL
Celebration of the Landing of Wm Penn at Philadelphia!
October 24 to 27, inclusive.

TIME TABLE AND PRICE OF TICKETS:

Leave Chestertown	8.00 A. M.	fare	R. T. $3.00
" Worton	8.15	"	2.90
" Lynch's	8.20	"	2.80
" Still Pond	8.25	"	2.70
" Kennedyville	8.40	"	2.60
" Blacks	8.55	"	2.50
" Lambson's	9.10	"	2.40
" Massey's	9.25	"	2.30
Leave Delaney's	9.40	"	2.20
" Bingham's	9.45	"	2.10
Arr. Clayton	10.00		
Leave Clayton	10.32		
Arr. Wilmington	12.00 M.		
" Philad'a (New Depot,)	1.4 p. m.		

Tickets good to return on or before Oct. 27. 2t.

FRED. GEKER, Lessee.

WHITE and Grey Blanket, Red Comforts at lowest prices. J. I. SIMPERS.

CHEAP Carpets and Oil Cloths—at J. I. SIMPERS'.

THOSE in want of Boots or Shoes should not fail to inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. J. H. SIMPERS.

HATS and Caps, new styles—at J. H. SIMPERS'.

LAMPS.—Every person is want of a Lamp, from 25 cts. to $10, can be suited at SPARKS', opp. Court House.

Sheriff's ELECTION NOTICE

To the Judges of Election and Voters of Kent County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Judges of Election and the Voters of Kent county, that an ELECTION WILL BE HELD on

TUESDAY

The 7th day of November, 1882,

at the usual places of voting in the several Election Districts of said County, that is—

For District No. 1, at Massey's;
" " No. 2, at Kennedyville;
" " No. 3, at Smithville;
" " No. 4, at the Court House in Chestertown;
" " No. 5, at Edesville.

And the election so to be held is for the purpose of choosing the following officers, viz:

One person to represent the First Congressional District of Maryland in the Forty-Eighth Congress of the United States.

Three persons to be Judges of the Second Judicial Circuit of the State of Maryland.

The polls will be opened at 8 o'clock A. M. and closed at 6 o'clock P. M.

The returning Judges are required and directed to make their return on the second day, (Thursday), following the election to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and also to the Governor of Maryland.

ROBERT W. CALDER,

Oct. 19, 1882—te. SHERIFF.

NOTICE

FORBIDDING THE SALE OR GIVING AWAY OF LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY.

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24, 1875, is published:

CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in the several counties in the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or other place where liquors are sold, *or for any person or persons* directly or indirectly to sell, barter, give, or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale or beer, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before any Judge or any of the Circuit Courts of this State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense, one-half of the fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

R. W. CALDER,

Oct. 19, 1882—te. Sheriff.

Concealed Weapons ON ELECTION DAY.

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session of 1874, and approved April 6, 1874, is also published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent the carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk-knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons, by any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties, on the day of election in the said counties.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties to carry on the days of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, billy, or bludgeon, and any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, before any Justice of the Peace, in either of said counties shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by such justice of the peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, that the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officer collecting same to the School Commissioners of the county where such offence shall have been committed, for school purposes.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That any constable of either said counties, or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of such offence, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof before the Circuit Court for such county, shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars, and shall forthwith be discharged from office

Oct. 19, 1882—te.

Chester River Steamboat Company.

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO FARMERS AND SHIPPERS.

With every facility we are now prepared to receive GRAIN on consignment, or the highest CASH PRICE paid for the same by

J. R. CLEMENTS, AGENT,

July 6, 1882—tf. Chestertown Granary

CAKES—A greater variety of cakes and crackers than can be found outside of a bakery—at SPARKS'.

Fall and Winter.

LARGE SUPPLY.

New & Seasonable Goods

J. H. SIMPERS',

CHESTERTOWN.

Dress Goods, Cassimers, Kerseys, White, Grey and Red Flannels, Canton Flannels, Muslins, Prints, Tickings, Ginghams, Table Linens, &c.

Shawls, Skirts, Nubias, Gents' Knit Underwear, Woolen Over-Skirts, ladies and children's Merino Vests, Knit Jackets, Hosiery, Gloves Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c.

Gent's and Boy's Heavy Winter Boots, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes in great variety, all at prices that cannot fail to please. We make a specialty of this line of goods and invite the attention of buyers to same.

Gent's and Boys' Fall and Winter Hats and Caps of newest styles, at lowest prices.

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Laundry Soaps, Coal Oil, &c.

Carpets and Oil Cloth.

Queensware and Glassware.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

J. H. SIMPERS,

FALL ARRANGEMENT

—OF THE—

The Enterprise

TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

On and after Monday, October 16th, the new steamer

"Enterprise"

Will make tri-weekly trips between Crumpton and Baltimore, running as follows:

Leave Crumpton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 4 o'clock P. M., touching at Spry's Deep Landing, and Round Top. Leave Chestertown at 8 o'clock P. M., Newnam's at 9 o'clock P.M. Returning will leave Piers 12 and 13, Light st. Wharf, Baltimore, every Tuesday and Thursday at 11 o'clock P. M., and Saturday at 4 o'clock P. M.

Comfortable sleeping accommodations for passengers.

Freight received at wharf at Baltimore on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

All freights carried at reasonable rates and handled with care and dispatch.

Steamer J. W. Whitney,

will make weekly trips to South East and Morgan's creeks.

Schooner W. S. Copes

and other sail vessels will accommodate the public at any point on Chester river or bay.

R. J. FOARD, Prest.

Oct. 12, 1882.

Kent Co., Smyrna & Del. Bay R. R.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Connecting with Delaware Rail Road at Clayton

On and after Monday, October 16th, 1882, until further notice trains will ran as follows:

GOING NORTH.	Passenger No. 1 Daily.	Mixed No. 2 Thursdays & Sat'ys only.
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.
Chestertown	8 00	2.00
Worton	8.15	2.20
Lynch's	8 20	2.25
Still Pond	8.25	2.35
Kennedyville	8.40	2.50
Blacks	8.55	3.05
Lambson	9.10	3.15
Masseys	9.25	3.20
*Delanys	9.40	3.45
*Bingham	9.45	4.00
arr Clayton	10.00	4.15
leave "	10.32	4.30
" Middletown	11.07	5.06
" Wilmington	12.05 p m	6.05
arr Philadelphia	1 14	7.10
Baltimore	3.35	9.05p m
New York	5.25	

GOING SOUTH.	Passenger No. 2 Daily.	Passenger No. 4 Thursdays & Sat'y only.
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.
New York	5 25	12 55
Baltimore	7 00	4 05
Philadelphia	8 00	5 20
Wilmington	9 10	6 25
Middletown	10 14	7 30
arr Clayton	10 42	7 57
leave "	11 45	8 00
" *Binghams	12 00p.m.	8 10
*Delanys	12 10	8 20
Masseys	12 25	8 35
Lambson	12 40	8 50
Blacks	12 50	9 00
Kennedyville	1 00	9 10
Still Pond	1 15	9 25
Lynchs	1 20	9 30
Worton	1 25	9 35
arr Chestertown	1 45	9 50

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.

Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.

The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.

Passengers on morning train to and from Baltimore change cars at Wilmington or Delaware Junction.

Freight carried at low rates to all points and must be at Stations 30 minutes before starting time, in order to insure dispatch.

Trains run on Philadelphia time, which is 5 minutes faster than Baltimore time.

Excursion Tickets issued at reduced rates.

FRED. GERKER,

Oct. 12, 1882. Lessee.

D. B. STEWART,

WITH

T. H. KEPNER,

General Commission Merchants,

and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds

Of Country Produce,

No. 2 Bowley's Wharf,

Baltimore, Md.

Special attention given to the sale of fresh and evaporated Fruits and Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Calves, &c., &c.

Consignments solicited and promptly attended. Reference—Our Patrons and Citizen's National Bank. [Oct. 12, 1882.

NOW OPENING

THE LARGEST STOCK

of LAMPS,

Lanterns and Lamp Fixtures ever brought to Chestertown

SPARKS,

opposite Court House.

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF Furniture! always on hand and at reasonable rates. Goods delivered free of charge to your homes and put up if desired. LOUIS K. STAM.

TO WHEELWRIGHTS who are needing goods we offer a fine stock.

THOS. L. HINES & CO.

TIN Cups, Tin Plates, Tea and Table Spoons, Knives and Forks, Wire Dish Covers, Fly Traps, Ice Cream Freezers, Horse and Cattle Pokes, for sale by

JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN!

I have a lot of LAMPS and a few CHINA TEA SETS which will be sold at about cost, to make room for New Goods. LOUIS K. STAM.

JOHN N. DODD,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

—AND—

Furnishing UNDERTAKER,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

CASKETS, Burial Cases, Coffins, Fine Cloth Work, Shrouds, Burial Robes, Merino and Satin Linings, &c., of all descriptions and kinds, and all the requisites of first-class Funeral Furnishings constantly on hand, or furnished at the very *lowest prices.*

METALIC COFFINS and CASKETS,

furnished upon short notice when desired. A full line of SHROUDS and BURIAL ROBES.

Patent Improved

COLD AIR ICE CASKETS for the preservation of the dead; also Embalming Fluids. I have recently introduced a remarkably cheap BLACK CLOTH CASKET, which in appearance is almost equal to the finest. Remember I do not confine myself exclusively to fine and high-priced work, but have an endless variety at *medium and low prices.*

I have THREE HEARSES, two large ones and one small white one for children and young persons; and with my handsome new Glass Hearse and fine pair of Black Horses, can furnish as fine a Funeral Turnout as can be seen in our large cities. I am constantly adding new features and improvements to my business, in order to keep up with the times; and as there are such changes in style and kind constantly going on, and, as is generally the custom, some friend is called into the embarrassing position of ordering what he supposes may be wanted, it would be much more satisfactory to all concerned to name the *price* of the article wanted.

ALWAYS REMEMBER that I *guarantee* to furnish *anything* in my line, of the same kind and quality, at *lower prices* than any other establishment of the kind. Ever grateful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended me, I respectfully beg a continuance of the same.

Residence second door above my store.

Respectfully,

Aug10—tf. JOHN N. DODD.

YOUR ATTENTION!

Spices! Spices!

CLOVES, ALLSPICE,
NUTMEGS, MACE,
CINNAMON,
MUSTARD SEED,
CELERY SEED,
HORSE RADISH ROOT,
TUMERIC,
Red and Black PEPPER,
Lucca Cream SALAD OIL,
SEALING WAX,
JAR RUBBERS,

and everything necessary for the

PICKLING and PRESERVING SEASON.

Largest stock in Chestertown for you to select from may be found at

STAM'S DRUG STORE.

Prices very low.

COLIN F. STAM.

Aug. 31, 1882. DRUGGIST.

Chester River Steamboat Company

1882.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Friday, Sept. 22d, 1882

The Steamer B. S. FORD

will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave Baltimore at 10 o'clock A. M. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for the above named landings.

On and after same date the

Steamer GEO. LAW

will leave Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 o'clock A. M. for Crumpton and all intermediate ladings.

Returning, will leave Crumpton at 7 o'clock A. M., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Baltimore and intermediate points.

Freight received daily, and carried at low rates.

GEO. WARFIELD

Sept. 28, 1882. President.

GO

To CHAPMAN & LAMBERT'S

and get a pod

IRON FRAME CULTIVATOR

for putting your ground in order for wheat. They keep on hand also a large lot of Cultivator Teeth for fall cultivatin

Sept. 21, 1882—tf.

GO

TO CHAPMAN & LAMBERT'S

AND GET

CAST STEEL CORN HOES

to cut off your corn. They cut low stubble. Every one guaranteed, and sold at a low figure

Sept. 21, 1882—tf.

GO

To Chapman & Lanbert's

and get your DRILL put in cider. All extras furnished at low prices. Sad in early. Have your drill in order to insure good crop of wheat. CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

Sept. 21, 1882—tf.

A Long Felt Want at las Supplied

AT FAIRLEE!

(T. B. Bordley's old stand,)

Where Goods can be bought at city Prices.

We have a large assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Calicoes 4 5 cts.

Good Bleached and Unbleached Muslin at 5 & 6c

A large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

In Suits, Pants and Vests.

Groceries,

FLOUR by the Barrel and Pound.

Good Tobacco and Cigars.

NOTIONS, WOODENWARE and CHINAWARE.

Glass Fruit Jars.

HATS, Patent Medicines, and a full line of all goods generally kept in a country store.

A trial is solicited, and you will be convinced that our prices are lower than the lowest.

H. BAER, FAIRLEE,

(Bordley's old stand) opp. Salem Church.

Sept. 14, 1882.

WIRE SCREEN for windows and doors of all sizes. Call and purchase, so that you may not be annoyed with flies for ten years to come. Sold by THOS. L. HINES & CO.

The Best Time

To buy Autumn and Winter Clothing at Oak Hall is at the first of the season, when the stock is full and before cold weather creates a rush of buyers. The woolen market is so short of good materials that the low prices with which we open will be the lowest of the season. One million dollars' worth of clothing and materials await your command. You are equally welcome for a $5 boys' suit or the most liberal custom order.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

Oak Hall, Sixth and Market Sts.,

Philadelphia.

T. W. ELIASON, JR'S.

STANDARD AND RELIABLE

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS.

No. 1 Ammo. Super Phosphate

Of Lime and Potash.

Chester Compound.

DISSOLVED BONE PHOSPHATE & ALKALINE SALTS.

The above brands of Fertilizers have been upon the market for four years, with a steadily increasing popularity. They are made of the highest grade materials, prepared in the best manner, and all in fine drilling condition. Their best friends to-day are those who have steadily used them since their introduction.

Their price as well as their reputation commend them to the attention of buyers.

No. 1 Ammo. Super Phosphate of Lime,

$33 and Interest on Crop Time.

Dissolved Bone Phosphate and Alkaline Salts

$24 and Interest on Crop,

SUBJECT TO A DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Aug. 3, 1882.

1850. 1882.

LISTER'S FERTILIZERS.

NO LONGER AN EXPERIMENT.

Standard Maintained 30 years

Lister Bro's. Standard Phosphate.

AMMONIATED DISSOLVED BONE.

Pure Ground Fresh Bone.

The fact that the preparations of Lister Brothers' have stood the test of 30 years trial, should be sufficient guarantee that Farmers will realize a good result from their use.

IN GOOD CONDITION FOR DRILLING.

Will be delivered at any of the landings or wharves on the river or bay. Early orders solicited.

In my absence orders left at the store of Wickes & Brother will receive prompt attention.

W. N. E. WICKES.

Aug. 10, 1882—10t.

Masseys' Standard.

MONARCH.

C. W. KENNARD & CO. Manufacturers of Fertilizers and Dealers in all kinds of Fertilizing material.

Having removed our factory from Massey's to Chestertown, we are now prepared to furnish the above favorite Brands of High-Grade Super Phosphate for the coming season. These goods have been subjected to numerous critical tests, and in every instance have been Triumphant, and they stand to-day equa if not superior to any fertilizer made. This is no idle boast, it can be proved, They are dry, in perfect drilling condition and are put up in sacks of 167 lbs. each. Having all improved machinery and with unsurpassed facilities for handling and shipping either by water or rail, purchasers can rely upon receiving their goods promptly. We have retained a Warehouse at Massey's under the charge of Capt. L. M. Bean, and will keep constantly in store a full supply of our goods.

We have a High-Grade of Soluble Bone Phosphate and a full line of Fertilizing Chemicals of undoubted purity and all at exceedingly low prices.

A cordial invitation is extended to visit our factory and any information will be cheerfully furnished.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.

Aug. 10, 1882—10t.

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