The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Thursday Morning, Nov. 2, 1882.

C. G. WOODALL
Editor and Proprietor.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS:
HON. GEORGE W. COVINGTON
OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

FOR CHIEF JUDGE
of the 2d Judicial District of Maryland,
JOHN M. ROBINSON,
OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
JOSEPH A. WICKES,
OF KENT COUNTY,
and
FREDERICK STUMP,
OF CECIL COUNTY.

The Judge Question.

Mr. George M. Rassum has sent in his acceptance of the nomination by the recent Republican convention for associate judge in this district. Some who knew Mr. Russum said that he had unmistakably pledged himself to the support of the old bench, and that he would not accept the nomination tendered him. Those who made this prediction did not know Mr. Russum so well as they thought they did. They did not rightly calculate the great hunger for some manner of office that has filled the Caroline lawyer's soul for these now many years. How Mr. Russum may take with Caroline Republicans, we cannot say. It may be that they can vote for him as serenely as though he had been one of them from his youth up; but Republicans outside of Caroline will be likely to think that Mr. Russum has not exactly the right smell about him.

Even if the Republican nominees were both sound Republicans, the ticket would yet not present any merits that would tend to enkindle enthusiasm in the Republican ranks. As contrasted with the old bench, it would be a very inferior ticket. Of Mr. Blake we know little save that he is a young man, and of comparative small experience as a lawyer. Mr. Russum has made himself widely enough known, but certainly it would be a bold man who would consider that Mr. Russum is as well fitted by legal acquirements and other prerequisites as any one of the old judges.

The question is before the people, and next Tuesday will decide it, and we believe it will be decided by a large majority in favor of the full old bench.

The Coming Election.

The election of next Tuesday is of national importance, as it will decide the cast of the House of Representatives for the next two years. It may also effect a change in the party features of the United States Senate. The coming election is of national interest, also, as it will be an indicator of the current of public opinion, and will exercise a great influence in the presidential election of 1884.

In the two States containing a greater population than any other two in the Union, New York and Pennsylvania, it is confidently predicted that the Democrats will win. In New York, Judge Folger, the Republican candidate for Governor, has openly acknowledged that he was nominated by fraud. He is the candidate of the Conkling-Arthur wing of the party, and has been openly repudiated by prominent organizations representing the Half-breeds.

In Pennsylvania, there is a split in the Republican party, there being two Republican candidates for Governor in the field. The Independent wing of the party is considered very strong, and it is believed will be strong enough to let in a Democratic governor.

In Maryland, the contest will not be bitter, except in Baltimore city, where an independent judiciary ticket has been placed in the field, in opposition to the old bench nominated at the Democratic primaries.

A Speech That Wasn't Made.

Hon. George M. Russum was billed for a Democratic speech at Harrington on Thursday of last week; but being apprised of his nomination by the Republican Convention for the associate judgeship, two days previous, he of course had to decline.—*Greensborough Free Press.*

We can conceive that the Hon. George M. Russum's letter of declension ran somewhat as follows:

Gentlemen of Democratic Committee on Campaign:

It is with changed feelings that I am compelled to cancel my engagement to make a Democratic speech at Harrington. At the time I accepted the invitation, I was a Democrat. But since that time my eyes have been opened. I now see that the course of the Democratic party has been attended with wickedness and folly. I see clearly that unless good Republicans are put in office, the country is going to ruin. In fact, gentlemen, I am now a Republican, and if I make any speeches in Delaware, it must be in connection with the Hon. Richard Harrington, from the deck of the good ship, "Constitution." I have the honor to announce to you, gentlemen, that since my letter, making the appointment to deliver a Democratic speech at Harrington, I have received the Republican nomination to the associate judgeship of the second judicial circuit of Maryland: and I assure you, gentlemen, that for the past two weeks, my soul's best energies have been given to the support of Republican principles.

I cannot now understand how I could have been so blinded as to engage to make a Democratic speech. I cannot fully describe to you, gentlemen, how I abhor and loathe myself for having entered into such a compact. Oh, how I love the grand old Republican party,—how I love its principles, how I love the stand it takes in nominating only the best man for the office. Gentlemen, the Republican party has had the wisdom to do, what the Democratic party, in its stupidity, never has done,—the Republican party has nominated me to a high office. Two weeks ago, gentlemen, I experienced a happy conversion, and, if nothing should happen, I propose to stay converted until after the election.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, Yours, with changed principles,
GEORGE M. RUSSUM.

MR. BLAKE happened to be in Centreville when he was nominated at that place, and he is now understood to be making a personal canvass of Caroline and Talbot. Will Mr. Blake give us a precedent for this action on the part of a candidate for the bench?

GEORGE M. RUSSUM, Esq., Republican candidate for judge, &c., &c., changed his politics so suddenly that he could not keep a Democratic engagement to deliver a speech at Harrington, Del. Mr. Russum, however, may yet be able to work his speech off. Boss Richard wants help, and now that Mr. Russum is a Republican, doubtless by a few discriminate changes he can make the speech give the Delaware Republicans as much of a lift as it would in the first place have given the Delaware Democrats.

GO TO THE POLLS next Tuesday and vote. Don't forget it. Don't neglect it. One vote seems a very small consideration, but one vote may make a majority. We do not anticipate that it will do so this time in this county. But, nevertheless, every vote should be cast. Come out next Tuesday and urge your friends to come out.

HON. GEORGE W. COVINGTON for Congress, Hons. John M. Robinson, Joseph A. Wickes, and Frederick Stump for judges. Can there be any reasonable objection urged against the ticket? They have all been tried. The people know them and know that they are deserving to be honored by a re-election.

BEATEN AND AWARE OF IT.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEEMEN OPENLY GIVING UP NEW YORK.

From N. Y. Sun.

The few Republicans who visited their State Committee's headquarters yesterday spoke very despondently of their party's chances of success in either the city or the State. All conceded the defeat of their State ticket, and some put Cleveland's majority as high as 50,000. A member of the State Committee said:

"John F. Smyth and Gen. Sharpe, who are managing the canvass, have not had much hope of success since the second week of the campaign. In the third week reports came from the Stalwart leaders in the country counties that a better feeling was manifesting itself, and that a reaction would set in which would bring the disaffected Republicans into line before the election. The managers, encouraged by these reports, began their hard work. Documents and newspapers were shipped to the country by the ton, and speakers were sent into the disaffected districts. But letters soon came which said that, although the speakers were popular Half-Breeds, the people would not turn out to hear them, and that the documents had done more harm than good. Then great difficulty has been experienced in raising money. Many of the clerks in the Federal offices have paid no attention to the requests for contributions, and business men who have heretofore given liberally have declined to help us this year. Some of these men seem to take no interest in the contest, and others apparently think it hopeless. Convinced by these circumstances that there was to be no reaction in the country, the managers gave up the fight two weeks ago. Since then they have been trying to save Congressmen to the party."

The managers of the committee declare that Gov. Cornell and his friends are doing what they can against the ticket; and that Mr. Warner Miller, the wood pulp Senator, and other Half-Breeds who are speaking for Judge Folger, really wish to have him defeated, and are secretly working to bring about that result.

The members of the committee are sorely disappointed by the County Convention's refusal to endorse Mr. Simon Sterne's whole ticket. "We approve Mr. Sterne's project after careful consideration," one of them said yesterday, "believing that it would give at least 10,000 additional votes to our State ticket, and increase the chances of one or two of our candidates for Congress. We could not elect Folger even with these extra votes, but we would make a better showing, and might capture one or two county offices. But the nomination of John J. O'Brien for County Clerk has spoiled our plans. It encourages his friends to trade votes for him. I believe that O'Brien himself is an honest organization man, but he is a candidate for the most lucrative office in the county, and if he gets it into his head that there is a chance for his election he must have more principle than the average politician if he does not yield to the temptation to deal for himself. Then, again, the young fellows who control the machine which nominated him will do all in their power to give him a large vote. They believe that the State Committee is trying to sit down on him, and they are determined to show that their judgement in nominating him was correct."

The Difference—Take Your Choice.

The official figures prove that it costs the country about twenty-five millions a year more when a Republican House of Representatives makes the appropriations than when a Democratic House reports the supplies.

When the Democrats got control of the House in the Forty-fourth Congress, thirty million dollars were saved the first year, and ten millions would have been added to the saving but for the violent opposition of the Republican Senate.

These reductions were continued until more than a hundred million dollars had been saved, without a jar to the machinery of government or a just complaint of insufficient money for the discharge of the public business.

Last winter the Republicans regained control of the House. How they used the opportunity is well known to the voters who are about to pass judgement on their faithless Representatives. Ohio has set the example.

Secor Robeson was the chosen leader of the majority. He dictated the policy of the session. It closed with a budget seventy-eight millions in excess of last year's appropriations, according to the lowest estimate.

Thus, in 1882, the old issue of 1874 is revived. Who can doubt the result of next week's elections of Congressmen?

But don't forget that the worst possible way to establish an honest and economical majority is to send dishonest and spendthrift Democrats back to Congress.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Beecher Writes a Letter.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—Beecher, who was invited by the *Traveler* to express his views of the criticisms of his recent withdrawal made by various ministers of New England, says:

MY DEAR SIR: I thank you for the letter and papers. I have read the somewhat large expressions of these many and excellent men in regard to my orthodoxy, consistency, influence, and general merit, without wishing for a moment to reply, as you kindly request me. When a dead man is lying on the dissecting table under the hands of experts, it would be unbecoming in him to rise up suddenly and discuss with his surgeons the propriety of their methods and the truth of results.

It is not often that one can see himself as others see him, and, especially as Boston sees him, and, more than all, as Boston clergymen see him. I am reduced to pulp, but, thank Heaven, not to ashes. When you suggest a reply to these, I am sure you can have no conception of the subdued and enlightened state of my mind. I am bent on improvement. Laying aside all my old notions of my beliefs and of my standing, I am carefully putting together the real man that I am now taught that I am. When I get my new personal identity together and in a working shape, I intend to study theology somewhere, though in my present confusion I cannot see whether I shall study at Andover or Boston. New Haven is nearer, but Dr. Smyth has been settled there, and I fear laxity of doctrine in his neighborhood. Princeton is not far to the south of me, but Dr. McCosh is a Christian evolutionist, and it would be folly, after what I have suffered, to come under the malarial influence of that philosophy. On the whole, I incline to study at Park street. But wherever I may go I am determined before I die to find a theology which will pass muster at Bangor, at Andover, at Cambridge, at New Haven, at Princeton, at Alleghany, at Oberlin, at Chicago, and at Park street—then I shall willingly die. Yours,
HENRY WARD BEECHER.
BROOKLYN, OCT. 26.

Gossip from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—It is generally believed that President of the Senate David Davis is to be married, and that Miss Burr will be Mrs. David Davis in the course of the winter. She is a very attractive woman. This will put Mrs. Keifer's nose out of joint, as at present she considers that she takes rank of all the ladies of Washington; but Mrs. Keifer is a good motherly soul, who could abdicate without a pang, and not without grace either.

General and Mrs. McClellan, with their young daughter, will spend the winter in Washington, and will entertain—that is, they have joined the army of house hunters and want to find a house large enough for receptions. They are now at Wormley's Hotel.

Among the other winter residents of Washington is Col. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, who has built a fine house on Farragut square—the square ornamented with the most ridiculous statue in Washington, which is saying a great deal. If Admiral Farragut's galvanized corpse could be brought to view that statue, it would smile, if it did not actually laugh.

The President, on his return from New York, will go to Havre de Grace, on the Susquehanna, for some duck shooting, with Mr. T. B. Ferguson, lately of South Carolina, now of Washington. As Havre de Grace came within two votes of being the capital of the country, it has some sentimental claims to the consideration of the President apart from the charms of Mr. Ferguson's shooting box.

THE recent experience of a London lady of rank, who wished to sell some jewels, goes to prove that shams are not newer than other things under the sun. Regarding what were supposed to be splendid rubies the jeweller said: "They are certainly very showy, madam, but unfortunately only clever imitations in glass!" The lady, much chagrined, then called attention to the heavy setting, to which the jeweller replied, after the usual tests, "The setting is only gilt!" Another article produced for appraisement was a superb bracelet, the gift of a Continental sovereign to the wife of a distinguished diplomatist. The skillful manufacture and specific gravity of this splendid object had been extolled for generations in the family of the possessor, and so highly was it prized that it was invariably sent to the bankers whenever the family went out of town. The jeweller scrutinized it carefully, and pronounced it to be extremely heavy; "but," he added, "if you will allow me, madam, to raise this very thin plate, I shall be able to show you that the bracelet is filled up with—lead!" Yet it is quite possible that the original purchasers of these articles believed them to be genuine, and paid for them as such. A few years ago an English gentleman took a bracelet to a leading provincial English jeweller to have the clasp mended. The jeweller looked at the stone carefully, and then said: "You are aware that this is not genuine?" "Not genuine!" exclaimed the gentleman. "You must be mistaken. This was given to my wife on her marriage by my uncle, the last man in the world to give sham jewelry." But the jeweller, an eminent man in his line, persisting, the donor was informed. He wrote back that it had cost $500, and ordered that it be at once sent to him; and, taking it to Messrs. ——, a firm of the first eminence, indignantly stated his case. It was sham. They offered a check at once, or a new bracelet, and seemed terribly chagrined. The explanation was that, do what they would, they were at times the victims of their workmen, who substituted admirably made bogus gems for real ones. Probably scores of persons have jewelry thought to be real which in truth is not so.

HIS SUNDAY PANTS.—Early Saturday morning as a South Howard street pawnbroker was taking down the shutters of his shop windows and preparing for the day's business of money lending, an old colored man came up to him in a hurried and excited manner, and thursting one of the tell-tale pieces of pasteboard into his hand, said: "Boss, lem me look at dem pair ob pants my ole woman put up here for a quarter las' night." The broker took a pair of exaggerated plaid pantaloons from a shelf, and the old man grabbed them, thrust his hand in one of the pockets and pulled out nine one-dollar notes. "Golly, boss," delightedly exclaimed the old fellow as he pocketed the money, "just to think of de old woman getting on a bender and pawning my Sunday breeches wid de money for a whole month's rent in de pocket, all for a quarter. Jimminy, dat was a narrow escape."—*Balt. American.*

Malaria, Chills and fever, and Billious attack positively cured with Emory's Standard Cure Pills—an infallible remedy; never fails to cure the most obstinate, long-standing cases where Quinine and all other remedies had failed. They are prepared expressly for malarious sections, in double boxes two kinds of Pills, containing a strong cathartic and chill breaker, sugar coated; containing no Quinine or Mercury, causing no griping or purging; they are mild and efficient, certain in their action and harmless in all cases; they effectually clean the system and give new life and tone to the body. As a household remedy they are unequaled. For Liver Complaint their equal is not known; one box will have a wonderful effect on the worst case. They are used and prescribed by Physicians, and sold by Druggists everywhere, or sent by mail, 25 or 50 cent boxes. Emory's Little Cathartic Pills, best ever made, only 15 Cents. Standard Cure Co., 114 Nassau Street, New York. For sale by C. F. Stam.

DIED.

BAKER.—Near Pomona, Oct. 22, SALLIE T., daughter of Jas. H. and Mary T. Baker, aged 1 month and 27 days.

SNAPP.—Near Worton Station, Oct. 22, ROLA V., wife of Eugene D. Snapp, aged 27 years and 13 days.

Church Notice.

Service at Shrewsbury Church, Sunday, Nov. 5th, 10.30 A. M., at I. U. Church, same day, at 3.30 P. M.
J. MARTIN, Pastor.

FESTIVAL.

For benefit of Locust Grove M. E. Church, the ladies will hold a Festival and Supper on the evenings of November 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th insts., at Locust Grove. Public invited.

CAUTION NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing on my premises with dog or gun, under penalty of the law.
B. B. ADKINSON,
Oct. 26, 1882—3t. Edesville, Md.

Caution to Tresspassers.

All persons are here by forewarned from trespassing on the farm occupied by me, situated near Chestertown, and on the farm occupied by James Stewart, with dog or gun, under penalty of the law.
WM. FORD.
Oct. 26, 1882—3t.

Caution to Tresspassers.

All parties with dog or gun or otherwise, are forwarned from crossing or entering upon our premises, without permission, under penalty of the law.
JULIAN HURTT,
T. J. SHALLCROSS,
JAMES W. HURTT,
W. O. SHALLCROSS.
Oct. 19, 1882—3t.

Peach Trees a Specialty, and a general assortment of Nursery Stock for sale. The proprietor has taken special pains with his Nursery, and those wishing to plant are invited to call and see for themselves. Canning varieties predominate, and the trees are healthy, vigorous, and of good growth.
N. BARNARD,
Stanley P. O., Kent county, Md.
Oct. 19, 1882—4t.

CAUTION. No trespassing permitted either by gunning or crossing for a "short cut" on my farms near Smithville, tenanted by Geo. H. Anderson and Fred. Woodmender, or on Camelsworthmore, near Lynch's, tenanted by Ed. Biddle.
WM. R. GALE.
Oct. 12, 1882—3t.

FOR SALE Until sold, my farm called "Deep Landing," lying on Chesapeake bay, at the mouth of Swan Creek and Chester River, contains 170 acres of red loam of fine quality. No ague, chills nor bilious. Will be sold cheap for such land with its advantages, resources, &c., peculiar to itself. Good title. I solicit examination. Apply to
C. WILKINSON, Rock Hall,
Oct. 5, 1882. Kent Co., Md.

Excelsior, Excelsior

STOVES! STOVES!

Received direct from the manufacturers a large assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Ranges, Heating and Fire Place Stoves.

Call and examine the popular Excelsior Cook Stove; gives perfect satisfaction. Niagara, Champion Complete, Carroll Cook, Quaker City, Splendid Range, Magic, Washington, Ruby and Jewel Ranges. We warrant all the above Cook Stoves and Ranges.

The NEW MAGIC LIGHT, a beautiful parlor stove; Solar Light, Our Jewel, very cheap and handsome.

Novelty Base Burner, New Silver Moon very durable and a splendid heater; Novelty Double Heater, Golden Light and Silver Moon Double Heaters, Vulcan Egg Crystal, Token, Baltimore Air Tight and Woodland.

Spear's Fire Place Heaters, Golden Sun and the New Golden Sun—hundreds now in use and giving satisfaction to all.
Nov. 2, 1882. JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

KENT COUNTY

STATEMENT
OF
Receipts and Disbursements
FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES,
FOR THE
Year ending September 30th, 1882.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept. 30th, 1881	$332.89
State School Tax	9662.59
State Free School Fund	2570.15
County School Tax	14572.29
Oyster Licenses, from white tongers	344.85
State appropriation to col'd schools	4184.26
Oyster Licenses, from col'd Tongers	28.50
	$31695.53

DISBURSEMENTS.

Teachers' salaries	$20894.40
Fuel	909.82
Incidental expenses	175.41
Rent	50.00
Books for indigent pupils	14.71
Building school houses	935.00
Repairing " "	447.68
Furniture, Blackboards and Stoves	293.67
Sec., Treas. and Examiner	1200.00
Per diem of School Commissioners	262.80
Account books	2.70
Printing and advertising	77.62
Postage	30.16
Registers and Reports	46.66
Record fees	1.25
Vaccination Record Books	31.15
Institute, State and Coms. Assos	73.60
Expenses of committee	3.25
Colored Teachers Salaries	3345.43
Colored Schools Building	125.00
" " Fuel	394.83
" " Incidentals	.25
Balance cash on hand	2289.14
	$31695.53

On the 30th of September, 1882, the several collectors of County Taxes were indebted as follows, exclusive of interest:

Rd. F. Moffett for 1880	$ 454.73
D. U. Dewees " 1881	750.00
J. F. Whittington for 1881	1174.21
*B. B. Adkinson " 1881	100.00
John N. Dood " 1881	400.00
	$2878.94
Moses Lambson, for an old schoolhouse	40.00
	$2918.94

*Since paid.

OFFICE OF THE SCHOOL BOARD, October 17th, 1882.

We hereby certify that we have examined the aforegoing report of EBEN F. PARKINS, Treasurer of the Board of County School Commissioners of Kent county; and the books and papers, with the vouchers upon which it is based, and find it correct.

R. W. JONES, Pres.,
CORNELIUS J. SCOTT,
JAMES A. PEARCE,
Oct 19 1882—3t. COMMISSIONERS.

Chester River Steamboat Company

1882.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Friday, Sept. 22d, 1883.

The Steamer B. S. FORD

will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave Baltimore at 10 o'clock A. M. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for the above named landings.

On and after same date the

Steamer GEO. LAW

will leave Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 o'clock A. M. for Crumpton and all intermediate landings.

Returning, will leave Crumpton at 7 o'clock A. M., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Baltimore and intermediate points.

Freight received daily, and carried at low rates.

On and after Monday, October 23, 1882.

THE STEAMER CORSICA

Will leave Chestertown every Monday and Thursday at 1 o'clock P. M. Stopping at Rolph's, Booker's and Quaker Neck, thence to Corsica Creek.

Will leave Centreville Wharf at 5 o'clock P. M. for Baltimore, stopping at Corsica Wharf and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday night at 12 o'clock for all the above named landings.

GEO. WARFIELD
Sept. 28, 1882. President.

Fall and Winter.

LARGE SUPPLY.

New & Seasonable Goods
—AT—

J. H. SIMPERS',

CHESTERTOWN.

Dress Goods, Cassimers, Kerseys, White, Grey and Red Flannels, Canton Flannels, Muslins, Prints, Tickings, Ginghams, Table Linens, &c.

Shawls, Skirts, Nubias, Gents' Knit Underwear, Woolen Over-Skirts, ladies and children's Merino Vests, Knit Jackets, Hosiery, Gloves Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c.

Gent's and Boy's Heavy Winter Boots, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes in great variety, all at prices that cannot fail to please. We make a specialty of this line of goods and invite the attention of buyers to same.

Gent's and Boys' Fall and Winter Hats and Caps of newest styles, at lowest prices.

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Laundry Soaps, Coal Oil, &c.

Carpets and Oil Cloth.

Queensware and Glasswear.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.
J. H. SIMPERS,

SPRING GOODS.

FRESHST OCK JUST OPENED.

A Full Line of

Dry Goods,

HATS, GROCERIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

HORSE COLARS, PLOW BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices. Will also exchange goods for all kinds of Stock, such as horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c.

THOMAS J. MANN,
April 27, 1882. opp. the Bank.

SPICES— Perfectly Pure.
At M. A. TOULSON'S
Aug. 24, 1882. DRUG STORE.

WHITE and Grey Blankets, Red Comforts at lowest prices. J. H. SIMPERS,

Sheriff's ELECTION NOTICE

To the Judges of Election and Voters of Kent County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Judges of Election and the Voters of Kent county, that an ELECTION WILL BE HELD on

TUESDAY

The 7th day of November, 1882,

at the usual places of voting in the several Election Districts of said County, that is—

For District No. 1, at Massey's;
" " No. 2, at Kennedyville;
" " No. 3, at Smithville;
" " No. 4, at the Court House in Chestertown;
" " No. 5, at Edesville.

And the election so to be held is for the purpose of choosing the following officers, viz:

One person to represent the First Congressional District of Maryland in the Forty-Eighth Congress of the United States.

Three persons to be Judges of the Second Judicial Circuit of the State of Maryland.

The polls will be opened at 8 o'clock A. M. and closed at 6 o'clock P. M.

The returning Judges are required and directed to make their return on the second day, (Thursday), following the election to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and also to the Governor of Maryland.

ROBERT W. CALDER,
Oct. 19, 1882—te. SHERIFF.

NOTICE

FORBIDDING THE SALE OR GIVING AWAY OF LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY.

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24, 1875, is published:

CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in the several counties in the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or other place where liquors are sold, *or for any person or persons* directly or indirectly to sell, barter, give, or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale or beer, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before any Judge or any of the Circuit Courts of this State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense, one-half of the fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

R. W. CALDER,
Oct. 19, 1882—te. Sheriff.

Concealed Weapons ON ELECTION DAY.

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session of 1874, and approved April 6, 1874, is also published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent the carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk-knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons, by any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties, on the day of election in the said counties.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties to carry on the days of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, billy, or bludgeon, and any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, before any Justice of the Peace, in either of said counties shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by such justice of the peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, that the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officer collecting same to the School Commissioners of the county where such offence shall have been committed, for school purposes.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That any constable of either said counties, or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of such offence, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof before the Circuit Court for such county, shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars, and shall forthwith be discharged from office
Oct. 19, 1882—te.

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF **Furniture!** always on hand and at reasonable rates. Goods delivered free of charge to your homes and put up if desired. LOUIS K. STAM.

TO WHEELWRIGHTS who are needing goods we offer a fine stock.
THOS. L. HINES & CO

TIN Cups, Tin Plates, Tea and Table Spoons, Knives and Forks, Wire Dish Covers, Fly Traps, Ice Cream Freezers, Horse and Cattle Pokes, for sale by
JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN! I have a lot of LAMPS and a few CHINA TEA SETS which will be sold at about cost, to make room for New Goods. LOUIS K. STAM.

LOUIS K. STAM,

DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

CARPETS, PICTURES & PICTURE FRAMES, WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER, LAMPS and LAMP GOODS, PAINTS, VARNISH, WINDOW GLASS, &c., &c.

MY STOCK OF FURNITURE

is Large and Complete, and is offered at very reasonable rates, and DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE to your door.

Having made arrangements with one of the largest New York houses to supply me with Samples, and with aid of the La Forge Design Multiplier, I am prepared to offer you

CARPETS

at exceedingly Low Rates. You will do well to call and examine.

JUST RECEIVING A HANDSOME LINE OF PICTURES.

Picture Frames Made to Order.

LARGE STOCK OF LAMPS AND LAMP GOODS.

I OFFER ONE LAMP

Which will give the light of *SIXTY CANDLES.* Call and see it.

WINDOW SHADES, many beautiful designs of Dado and Plain, made to order to fit your window.

Large Stock of latest patterns of WALL PAPER, to please the most fastidious.

WINDOW GLASS of all sizes, cut to fit any sash.

Remember, Goods delivered to your houses free of charge.

Always anxious and willing at all times to show you goods, even if you do not buy. [Nov, 2, 1882.

The Best Time

To buy Autumn and Winter Clothing at Oak Hall is at the first of the season, when the stock is full and before cold weather creates a rush of buyers. The woolen market is so short of good materials that the low prices with which we open will be the lowest of the season. One million dollars' worth of clothing and materials await your command. You are equally welcome for a $5 boys' suit or the most liberal custom order.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

Oak Hall, Sixth and Market Sts.,
Philadelphia.

C. F. STAM,

Druggist & Chemist.

PREPARES MEDICINES

from the choicest

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRUGS

Physicians' Prescriptions

always a specialty, being prepared in the neatest and most scientific manner, with the assurance of perfect accuracy, at reasonable prices. The preparations of the celebrated Dr. Quibb are always used in dispensing our medicines.

NOTICE!

Persons desiring medical advice must consult a Physician, as we will not assume the responsibility of prescribing for the sick, which is foreign to our profession.

Respectfully,
COLIN F. STAM
May 26, 1881. DRUGGIST

A Long Felt Want at last Supplied AT FAIRLEE!

(T. B. Bordley's old stand,)

Where Goods can be bought at city Prices.

We have a large assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Calicoes at 5 cts.

Good Bleached and Unbleached Muslin at 5 & 6c

A large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

In Suits, Pants and Vests.

Groceries,

FLOUR by the Barrel and Pound.

Good Tobacco and Cigars.

NOTIONS, WOODDENWARE and CHINAWARE.

Glass Fruit Jars.

HATS, Patent Medicines, and a full line of all goods generally kept in a country store.

A trial is solicited, and you will be convinced that our prices are lower than the lowest.

H. BAER, FAIRLEE,
(Bordley's old stand) opp. Salem Church
Sept. 14, 1882.

NOW OPENING
THE LARGEST STOCK
OF LAMPS,

Lanterns and Lamp Fictures ever brought to Chestertown

SPARKS,
opposite Court House.

$66 A week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co. Portland, Maine. [March 23.

WIRE SCREEN for windows and doors of all sizes. Call and purchase, so that you may not be annoyed with flies for ten years to come. Sold by THOS. L. HINES & CO.

HATS and Caps, new styles—at J. H. SIMPERS'.

CHEAP Carpets and Oil Cloths—at J. H. SIMPERS'.

Kent Co., Smyrna & Del. Bay R. R.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Connecting with Delaware Rail Road at Clayton

On and after Monday, October 16th, 1882, until further notice trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.	Passenger No. 1. Daily.	Mixed No. 3. Thursdays & Sat'ys. only.
LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.
Chestertown	8 00	2.00
Worton	8.15	2.20
Lynch's	8 20	2.25
Still Pond	8.25	2.35
Kennedyville	8.40	2.50
Blacks	8.55	3.05
Lambson	9.10	3.15
Masseys	9.25	3.30
*Delanys	9.40	3.45
*Bingham	9.45	4.00
arr Clayton	10.00	4.15
leave "	10.32	4.30
" Middletown	11.07	5.06
" Wilmington	12.05 p m	6.05
arr Philadelphia	1 14	7.10
Baltimore	3.35	9.05p m
New York	5.25	

GOING SOUTH.	Passenger No, 2. Daily.	Passenger No. 4 Thursdays & Sat'y only.
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.
New York	5 25	12 55
Baltimore	7 00	4 05
Philadelphia	8 00	5 20
Wilmington	9 10	6 25
Middletown	10 14	7 30
arr Clayton	10 42	7 57
leave "	11 45	8 00
" *Binghams	12 00p.m.	8 10
*Delanys	12 10	8 20
Masseys	12 25	8 35
Lambson	12 40	8 50
Blacks	12 50	9 00
Kennedyville	1 00	9 10
Still Pond	1 15	9 25
Lynchs	1 20	9 30
Worton	1 25	9 35
arr Chestertown	1 45	9 50

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.

Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.

The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.

Passengers on morning train to and from Baltimore change cars at Wilmington or Delaware Junction.

Freight carried at low rates to all points and must be at Stations 30 minutes before starting time, in order to insure dispatch.

Trains run on Philadelphia time, which is 5 minutes faster than Baltimore time.

Excursion Tickets issued at reduced rates.

FRED. GERKER,
Oct. 12, 1882. Lessee.

A LIST OF
MISELLANEOUE ARTICLES
FOR SALE AT
STAM'S DRUG STORE.

Hair Brushes, Combs, Tooth Brushes, Hand Mirrors, Perfumery, Colognes, Extracts, Soaps Clothes-Brushes, Gold Pens, Pencils, Boxes of Fancy Paper, Fine Stationery.

BOOKS.—Seaside Libraries, Franklin quare Libraries, Book Bags, Pens, Inks, Copying Pencils, Prayer Books, Hymn Books and Bibles. Iso, the Revised Edition of the New Testament, which will be in stock in a few days.

The above are all fine goods, selected with the greatest care, and are now offered for sale at the lowest possible prices, by
COLIN F. STAM,
May 26, 1881. Druggist.

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