Chestertown Transcript

THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1883.

Subscription $1.50 per year; 75 cents for six months, in advance.

Advertising Rates.

Transient advertising will be charged at the rate of *one dollar* per square for first three insertions, and twenty-five cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A space equal to eight lines of brevier, constitutes a square. Figure-work will be charged fifty cents per square additional for first three insertions.

Simple notices of marriages and deaths, inserted free. Obituary notices will be charged at the rate of five cents per line.

JOB WORK.

Handbills, large and small, flyers, dodgers letterheads, billheads, envelopes, cards, tags, programmes, and other kinds of job work will be done neatly and reasonably.

Correspondence upon matters of local interest desired. Anonymous communications will not be inserted.

It is desirable that communications be in by Saturday night if possible, and in any case not later than Monday night or Tuesday morning

—The *Transcript* sends out a number of sample copies with this issue.

—The contractors, we understand, have gone to work again on Radcliffe's bridge.

—The new orphans' court organized last Tuesday. Judges Stevens and Hyland were present, Judge Walker was absent.

—Winter is holding off, and the prophets are beginning to feel safe in saying, "we are going to have a mild winter."

—The Voshell house next year passes under the management of Mr. J. Goldsborough, now of the Arlington hotel. Centreville.

—Messrs. George and Barrand Hanson, sons of the late Col. George A. Hanson, expect to leave Maryland on next Monday, with their elder brother, for Dallas, Texas.

—Mr. S. Cacy, as trustee, sells to-day at Millington two small lots of land located in the first district.

James A. Pearce, Esq., as trustee, offers for sale some of the most desirable business property in Chestertown.

—Mr. R. J. Foard has resigned the presidency of the Enterprise Transportation Company. This move on the part of Mr. Foard was necessitated from impaired health. His resignation will probably not be accepted until the annual meeting of directors in January.

—On and after Monday, the 17th inst., the Kent County Railroad will change its schedule. Trains will leave Chestertown daily at eight o'clock A. M., and on Mondays and Thursdays, additional trains will leave at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Returning, trains will arrive at Chesttrtown at 4:40 P. M.

—Christmas is almost here. There are signs of the coming festivities everywhere in Chestertown. The small boy is begining to grow uneasy lest his bank account should not foot up sufficiently large to cover his holiday expenditures, and the small girl is beginning to dream of Christmas stockings every night.

—Don't forget the festivals. Worton Presbyterian Church festival closes this evening.

The yound folks of the M. P. Church, Chestertown, hold three evenings, beginning this evening. The Catholic Church advertises a fair and festival beginning next Monday and continuing through the week.

—A number of Chestertown boys got themselves into trouble last week by taking without leave some pigeons, which were of uncommon breeds. The boys were young, and it is to be hoped that they did not understand fully how dishonest their act was, and that they have learned a valuable lesson.

—Mr. B. B. Adkinson, of Edesville, on Wednesday of last week sent his check book, containing $120 and some checks, to Chestertown, by Mr. Rollinson, the mail carrier, for deposit in bank. Mr. R. lost the book and contents, and it was found by Rev. E. C. Macnichol on the road between Pomona and Lankford. Luckily for Mr. Adkinson it fell into honest hands.

—The market for corn shows a tendency to improve, rather than otherwise. We quote as follows,—Southern Corn is in full supply, and the market is quiet and steady; white sold at 55 cents for steamer and 59 cents for No. 1, and yellow at 55½ cents for steamer and 61 cents for grade; ungraded lots brought 50@58 cents for white and 48@60 cents for yellow, as to condition and location. January delivery is quoted at 64@65 cents, February 65@66 cents. These of course are speculative prices. Southern wheat is in good demand, and the market is steady but quiet, with a fair offering. Sales of very common to fair at 90 cents@$1 05, and good to prime at 1 10@$1 14 for Fultz and 1 12@1 14 for long-berry. No. 1 Maryland red sold at $1 13.

—A correspondent of the Centreville *Observer*, evidently a teacher, criticises the Queen Anne's teacher's associations and points to the Kent county associations as being more rationally conducted.

He says,—

"The Kent County Teachers' Associations are, generally, good and full of vitality. Why? Because they have well selected subjects, and plenty time given for meditation. At their recent meeting these were some of their subjects, "Which deserves the more attention in the teaching of language—synthesis or analysis?" "To what extent should we use the text-book in recitation?" At their next meeting these questions will be debated: "How may we teach the natural sciences in a general way?" "What are some of the difficulties in the way of successful teaching?"

No teacher with correct ideas but will readily admit that these questions are appropriate to school work. When have we had as good before our associations?"

Orphans' Court, Tuesday, Dec., 11, 1883.—Present Judges, Nicholson, Shallcross and Willson.

Richard Hynson, administrator of Edward M. Wilkins, deceased, returned his account of sales, which was received and ordered to be recorded.

Richard Hynson, administrator of Edw. M. Wilkins, deceased, returned his first and final administration account and dividend, which was examined, passed as stated and ordered to be recorded.

Richard Hynson, administrator of Edw. M. Wilkins, deceased, and acting guardian to Sue Carter, Fannie, Jennie, Grace and Edw. M. Wilkins, returned his guardian account, which was examined, passed as stated and ordered to be recorded.

Wm. L. Sappington, administrator of John H. Sappington, deceased, returned his first administration account, which was examined, passed as stated and ordered to be recorded.

George W. Jacoby, administrator of Mary M. Tayman, deceased, returned his administration account, which was examined, passed as stated and ordered to be recorded.

W. J. and Samuel Vannort and John H. Simpers, executors of William Vannort, deceased, filed their release from Catharine D. Vannort, which was received and ordered to be recorded.

Mary E. R. Moffett, executrix of John T. Moffett, deceased, filed list of debts due said deceased, which was received and ordered to be recorded.

Mary E. R. Moffett, executrix of John T. Moffett, deceased, returned her first and final administration account, which was examined, passed as stated and ordered to be recorded.

The old court adjourned, *sine die*.

TUESDAY, Dec., 11, 1883.—Wm. Stevens and Wm. A. Hyland, two of the members of the new court, after qualifying as such, convened the court, and transacted the following business:

On application, letters of administration on the personal estate of George L. Maslin, deceased, were granted and committed unto Thomas C. Maslin, who filed his bond in the sum of $2,000, which was approved and ordered to be recorded, and H. H Gresham and Earl R. Strong were appointed to appraise the estate.

John W. Corey, administrator c.t.a. of Eliza J. Demby, returned the inventory and appraisement of the personal estate, which was received and ordered to be recorded.

KENT COUNTY SCHOOLS.

SOME INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT THE SCHOOLS AND THE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The following sketch of the schools and school system of Kent county was furnished by the school examiner, upon special request, and in answer to a number of written questions. It should be of interest to people throughout the county:

C. C. Woodall, Esq., Editor of the Transcript—I will endeavor to reply to the series of questions asked in reference to the schools and the school system of Kent county, or rather the schools of the county and the school system of the State; for the system is uniform for all the counties. The number of school districts in the county for white children is forty-two, represented by fifty-six teachers, principals and assistants. The colored schools number eighteen, and are taught by nineteen teachers; making the total number of teachers seventy-five and the whole number of school districts sixty. This is an increase since 1874 of two white and thirteen colored school districts, and of nine white and fourteen colored teachers. The school districts have about reached the minimum area recommended by the State Board of Education. Of the teachers seventeen are males and thirty-nine females, and the proportion of females is steadily increasing. In the colored schools, the male teachers are represented by seven and the females by twelve. The whole number of pupils on the rolls last school year was 2445 white and 1135 colored. Of the white pupils only sixty-two were over sixteen years of age, and of the colored one hundred and sixteen. The number of pupils over sixteen years o'd attending the schools has constantly diminished in the past ten years, and I should put the average age at which pupils leave the schools at not more than fourteen. An ordinarily intelligent child who commences school at six, the school age, and attends regularly, with the proper instruction should be able to complete the primary course prescribed by the State Board of Education by his fourteenth year, and have an elementary education sufficient for all the ordinary avocations of life. The primary course of study is as follows:

PRIMARY GRADES.

First Grade—First Year.—1. The Alphabet; spelling and reading Primer, or one-half of 1st Reader.—2. Printing capitals and small letters.—3. Counting objects as far as 20.—4. Writing figures as far as 20.—5. Adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing by 2, orally, as far as 20.

Second.—1. Reading and spelling to the end 1st Reader.—2. Printing words and sentences from 1st Reader.—3. Counting as far as 100.—4. Writing and reading figures as far as 1,000.—5. Adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing by 3, 4 and 5, as far as 1,000.—6. Writing on slates in current hand.

Third.—1. Reading and spelling to the end of the 2d Reader.—2. Copying on slates the lessons of the Reader.—3. Spelling, one-half of Primary spelling Book.—4. Writing and reading figures as far as millions.—5. Adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing by 6, 7, 8 and 9.—6. Writing in Copy-book No. 1.—7. Oral lessons in Geography, including the maps of Maryland and the United States.

Fourth.—1. Reading and spelling to the end of 3d Reader.—2. Spelling—Primary Spelling Book completed.—3. Copying of lessons in 3d Reader.—4. Elementary Arithmetic, through Long Division and U. S. money.—5. Writing—Copy-book No. 2.—6. Geography—Oral Lessons—maps of North and South America.—7. Grammar—Oral Lessons—distinguishing the parts of speech, and the different kinds of simple sentences.

Fifth.—1. Reading and spelling to the end of 4th Reader.—2. Writing Lessons in 4th Reader from Dictation.—3. Spelling—Advanced Spelling Book—one-half.—4. Elementary Arithmetic completed.—5. Writing—Copy-books Nos. 3 and 4.—6. Grammar—Oral Lessons—Parsing and Analysis of easy sentences.—7. Geography, one-half of Intermediate Geography.

Sixth.—1. Reading and spelling to end of 5th Reader, alternate with History of the U. S.—2. Spelling—Advanced Spelling Book completed.—3. Practical Arithmetic completed.—4. Writing—Copy-books Nos. 5 and 6.—5. Grammar—Elementary Grammar completed.—6. Geography—"Intermediate" completed.—7. Easy Lessons in Composition.

By the rules and regulations of the State Board, which, under the Act of Assembly, have the force of law, any school may have a high school department; this in our county embraces the studies of a two-years course in the seventh grade, embracing Physical Geography, History of Maryland, Elementary Algebra, Book-keeping, Rhetoric and Composition, Literature, Natural Philosophy, Geometry, Physiology and Natural History. During the past school year 102 pupils were taking the high school studies. Fourteen of the teachers of the county last year were the graduates of the high school departments. Eight of the schools of the county have one or more assistant teachers, and two, one at Millington and one at Galena, have an academic department and an academic fund. One at Rock Hall offers nearly the same advantage to such pupils as may be sufficiently advanced. The preparatory department of Washington College affords similar advantages to students from the central part of the county—not, however, free tuition. Methods of instruction look more to mental development than to the mere acquisition of information, and to fit the pupils for the practical affairs of life. Spelling is taught in the only way it ever is used after leaving school, by writing. Reading is not confined to the text-books, but the pupils have supplemental reading, such as school papers, story books, &c. Much attention is paid to letter writing. Language lessons presede technical grammar, and oral instruction in geography is continued until the fifth year of the pupil in school. The pencil and the pen largely supplement the oral recitation. You inquire about pastimes and punishments. Minor punishments are as various as the individual teachers. Corporal punishment for missed lessons has been abolished by the State Board, and is rarely resorted to for any purpose. The one absorbing recreation is base-ball, or some modification of it, and on some school grounds the girls are fleetest and most skillful players. Some of the questions you ask in reference to the colored schools have been the subject of curious interest to me, and an experience of nearly ten years in visiting these schools has not definitely fixed my opinion on some points. I do not believe the Caucasian-American child of to-day is the same as the child of 1700. He has advanced; I mean the child is born with inherited tendencies according to the progress and improvement of his age. Without touching the question of equality of races, the American-Ethiopian child, whether from a slight admixture, from climate, from food, from association, or most probably from all these, has undoubtedly advanced, and there is considerable promise of his ability gradually to take at least a primary education. He shows a special aptitude for penmanship, and with the same skillful instruction is not behind the average child. The schools are under the special charge of colored trustees, as the white schools are under the white trustees. Some of the teachers have passed examinations that would have entitled them to second-grade certificates under the law. The greater number fall considerably below this requirement. These schools are supported by the State appropriation and the nominal sum paid by colored taxpayers and the apportionment under the last census has considerably reduced the amount for our county.

The general aim of the school system is to afford a fair elementary education for all children of school age, and this can be accomplished if the children will attend the school. The great drawback is the total absence, and the irregular attendance. Numbers, even in the towns and villages, do not attend one day in the year, and the majority do not attend over one-half the time. No pupil can make satisfactory progress who attends school but half the time. I think it would produce good results if teachers would send to parents at the end of every term the days' attendance of the pupils. I have known many instances of utter ignorance on the part of parents of the number of days they have kept and permitted children to remain at home. Teachers' institutes and associations are a valuable feature of our school system. Their aim and object are to better prepare the teachers for their daily work. And they do this. The time lost to the schools is largely repaid in more efficient work; and it elevates and strengthens the teacher in every way. I am able to furnish a summary of the work of the State for the past school year. This comparison is not perfectly just, as in some counties the schools were only kept open two and three terms when the average enrollment and attendance is greater than during the fall and summer terms. The average enrollment and attendance in Kent was most materially effected the last school year by the small-pox, and other contagious diseases.

THE CHESTERTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL.

As supplementary to the sketch of the examiner given above, the practical working of some particular school would doubtless prove interesting as well as illustrative to the general public. With this consideration in view a representative of the *Transcript* visited the Chestertown public school last Friday.

The Chestertown school is quite a large one, and is of course the largest public school in the county. Mr. W. G. Fallowfield is the principal, and including him there are six teachers in the school, the five others being in order Misses A. E. Leaverton, E. A. Downes, Lottie Spencer, Selina Moffett and Delia Crossley. There are at present enrolled about two hundred and fifty pupils. The school is divided in all into seven grades, and these seven are subdivided according to the aptness and progressiveness of the pupils, until there are virtually in the working system of the school twelve grades.

The divisions of the fifth, sixth and seventh grades sit in the principal's room, which is a hall having about two hundred seating capacity. The room is comfortably warmed by two large heaters. The desks are all of the modern school pattern, and the walls are hung with a few tasteful pictures. There is an organ in the main room, and exercises are opened every morning with instrumental and vocal music. Each teacher has a separate recitation room, making six rooms in the building beside a commodious cloak room.

There are three grades that remain outside the Principal's room, vis: The 4th, under charge of Miss Spencer, the 3d, under charge of Miss Moffett, and the 1st and 2d under Miss Crossley. These grades are entirely under the charge of the teacher in whose rooms they are placed

The *Transcript* reporter was much interested in visiting all the grades of the school from the highest to the lowest. In the Principal's room were mostly, bright boys and girls of from twelve to fifteen years of age. The hundred and fifty pupils gathered there, gave every appearance of being engaged in earnest, honest work, in which they were interested. Several of the recitations listened to in both the Principal's room and Miss Leaverton's room, demonstrated that the higher grade pupils are not doing a course of machine work, but are doing their work understandingly, and are assimilating as well as absorbing knowledge. The fifth grade under Miss Downes, the 4th under Miss Spencer, and the 3d under Miss Moffett, were all found to be enthusiastic and wide-awake. Though recitations were not always perfect, indeed in some instances rather faulty, there was that redeeming feature, which is always the sign of a well conducted school,—enthusiastic interest.

Miss Crossley has charge of the 1st and 2d grades, which are composed for the most part of six and seven year olds. There are about sixty-five in Miss Crossley's room, and these, as may be well imagined, comprise the most fidgetty and twisty element of the whole school. We think there should really be alloted these youthful seekers after knowledge, more play-time than is provided for under the present schedule.

The subject of play-time brings to mind a matter that specially impressed itself upon the *Transcript* reporter on his recent visit, and that is that the Chestertown school has no playground. This is a serious defect attending any school. Young limbs and young natures need plenty of active, energetic motion, especially after being shut up at close study in a school room. The Chestertown school is fronted by a street about fifty feet in width, and this is rendered still more inconvenient as a play-ground by a big ditch on one side. The back of the building opens on a very small yard. At recess time, the reporter noticed that the girls sat around in groups in the school room, probably for the simple reason that they had no suitable place to go out for air and exercise. The boys, however, went out and used the front street in a game of black-man's base, in spite of the ill-adaptation of the ground to that game. If a half dozen average boys, however, only had the space of a six by ten room, they would be sure to work off their buoyant spirits in some manner of game.

The building, too, is very illy located from health considerations. It borders upon a low marshy tract, and is almost surrounded by low places. Though it has been pieced up and enlarged, it is not up to the standard of school buildings of other prosperous towns on the peninsula. If the school board could sell the present building, It would be a wise thing to build a better and a better located structure. The present building could be easily utilized for factory purposes, and, we should think would be a very desirable property to one of the prosperous carriage factories located in that part of the town.

Church Notes.

[*Reported for the Transcript.*]

On last Wednesday the Chapel of the Holy Cross at Millington, was consecrated to the service of Almighty God. Rev. Mr. Beaver, of Talbot county, preached the sermon. Bishop Lay and six clergymen were present. At night Bishop Lay preached. The chapel is a neat frame structure, very comfortable and convenient.

On Thursday, at Massey's, the new brick church lately completed, was consecrated to the service of God by the name of St. Clement's Church, Rev. Mr. Dashiell, of St. Michael's preaching the sermon. Bishop Lay and ten clergymen were present. The church is a handsome Gothic edifice and does great credit to the builder and building committee, who have brought it to completion.

The sessions of the Northern Convocation in Emanuel Church, Chestertown, will be continued through Friday night.

NOTES BY THE WAY.

To the farmer who has leisure the winter months afford time for mental culture. A few hours devoted each day, to scientific or literary study, will prove more profitable than spinning yarns or playing poker. Farmers are imposed upon more than any other class, and it is because they won't inform themselves.

The large amount of salt in kainit renders it an unsafe application for peach trees. A little of it will do good, but too much will do harm. The safest and best application we can use is muriate potash and dissolved animal bone. One part of the former to two parts of the latter.

The Gregg (black), and Queen-of-the-market (red), raspberries are the largest and firmest we have ever seen, and no doubt will be the leading market berries in a few years

L. C. Justice had about three hundred dollars worth of clover hay destroyed by fire several weeks ago. Supposed to have been the work of incendiary.

Geo. W. Crossley has been appointed postmaster at Lynch's, vice W. H. Dudley resigned.

Robert Crew has erected a large dwelling and store house at Stanley.

Revival services closed at Still Pond M. E. Church last Monday evening, after three weeks of profitable meetings.

Measles are epidemic in Still Pond neck, and a number of deaths have occurred around Stanley.

Mr. Brown, who had eighty-five Texan horses and mules at Thomas Rasin's, sold out last week to a gentleman in Leipsic, Del. Thomas Rasin will spend the winter with Mr. Brown in Texas, and they expect to return here in the spring with another drove of horses and mules. Mr. Brown controls a ranch containing seventy thousand acres of land, and breeds horses and mules by the thousand.

Still Pond, Dec. 10th, 1883.

Peninsula Items.

Alonzo Ming, formerly a merchant of Chestertown, is now keeping store at Cayot's Corner, Cecil county. About two weeks ago his store was broken open by a burglar, who stole ten dollars from the money drawer and a lot of clothing and dry goods. The same night John T. Beaston, living close by, caught a colored man stealing corn from his crib.

The commissioners of Easton, have been considering the subject of an adequate supply of water for domestic and fire department uses and other purposes. The general character of the country immediately around Easton is flat, and there are no fresh-water streams near, but it is stated that in the hills north of the town an ample supply of pure water may be obtained. It is proposed to ask the Legislature at its coming session for authority to issue $25,000 in bonds by the town government to build water-works, which it is thought will cover all the expenses, and that the charges to users will more than pay running expenses and interest on the loan.

A butcher named Jackson, a resident of Seaford, Del., committed an assault upon his wife about two weeks ago, from the effects of which she died on Wednesday last. It appears that Jackson picked up a box of tobacco on the road from Concord to his home, and when the owner called for the box, he denied having found it. His wife told the claimant to make a search in the barn, which he did, and discovered the box. This so enraged Jackson, that he inflicted upon his wife a brutal beating with a club. The body was buried without a coroner's inquest, but the physicians state that the woman's death was the result of the beating. Jackson has not been arrested, and it is reported has fled.—*Georgetown Democrat.*

Messrs. John B. Quigg, J. H. Caldwell, Albert Cowgill, F. A. Ellis, and A. W. Milby, the trustees of the Wilmington Conference Academy, have issued an appeal in behalf of this educational institution. They say the cost of the land and buildings was $64,963 55, on which there is an indebtedness (as audited March 1st), of $20,139 33. The trustees say:

"For this expenditure we have a lot of ground worth $25,000. Our building and furniture could not be replaced, under the most favorable conditions for less than $45,000. We ask you to consider, then, that however adverse some of the circumstances have been, we are to-day able to show dollar for dollar in the value of our own property, and the sum expected added to the remaining debt. We are not, therefore asking you to give your money to be buried in a property worth less than it will have cost when it is paid for."

Concord, Caroline county, denominated by State's Attorney Bryant, when prosecuting the Beacham poisoning case, as a place where crime is a pastime and wickedness a fascination, furnished the participators in another tragedy Saturday night at a village store at American Corner, distant four miles from Concord. Knives, stools and pound weights were used with fearful effect among a crowd of young men participating in the affray, and including Geo. Trice, Thomas Andrew, Charles Smith and Thomas Hignault. It seems that Trice and Andrew met in the store and a long-standing feud, for which Concord is notorious, was rekindled. The immediate cause of the trouble, it is understood, was a quarrel over a dog chain. Hignault and Smith interposed, and Trice brought his knife into play. Hignault was cut about the head and face, and had his left arm gashed to the bone. Smith was cut across the back of the neck and may die, the muscles having been severed. Trice fled across the Delaware line, near by. Writs are out for his arrest, but it is not likely he will be captured.

The actual construction of the Sussex Midland Railroad was commenced on Monday of last week. A small army of men armed with spades, shovels, picks, etc., are actively engaged in grading the road bed and preparing it for the rails. If the pleasant weather continues the contractor expects to have the road completed as far as Bridgeville by spring.

Some time ago there was considerable talk about the trustees selling the Talbot county almshouse property, and building a new almshouse on a more desirable site. But it was conceded that it could not be done, or should not, without legislation authorizing it. The almshouse property would divide nicely into two farms, and bring a good price, quite enough to buy a suitable lot and pay for the construction of a new almshouse. It is very doubtful if almshouse farming pays. It is very certain that the buildings are entirely devoid of comfort and totally unfit for an almshouse. It is time for Talbot county to wake up and get rid of such an establishment. An almshouse should have all the modern improvements, such as hot and cold water, bathrooms, and be heated by a furnace. The present building is little better than a barn, and is in every sense a "poor-house." County pride, if nothing else, to say nothing about humanity, should cause a reform of the almshouse mode of living. It is impossible for the trustees to improve the almshouse and make it what it should be, and retain the farm, without spending a great deal of money for the county. Would it not be better to sell the property and purchase the necessary acres in a more central location, and put up suitable buildings and properly furnish them. But if anything is to be done at the coming session of the legislature, now is the time to take the initiatory steps in the matter.—*Easton Star.*

N. P. DUFFEY,
HAS FOR 31 YEARS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY TREATING
HORSES, CATTLE
AND ALL ANIMALS FOR DISEASE.
Horses Castrated Standing Loose. Dressing Horses' Teeth a Specialty.
He gives especial attention to the diseases prevalent—Milk Fever, Pleuro-pneumonia, Inflammation of stomach and manifolds. Cures guaranteed in all cases. Horses and colts trained for all purposes. Particular attention given to buying, selling, selecting and inspecting horses.
He may be addressed at Chestertown, Md., or consulted at the Voshell House, Chestertown; Geo. W. Covington's Store, Still Pond; R. Turner's Office, at Betterton, and at 1414 South Penn. Sq., Phila., Pa. Oct. 25.

Colin F. Stam,
Bookseller and Stationer,
Has now in stock a large assortment of Sea-Side, Franklin Square and Lovell's Popular Libraries. Also, books of general Literature, Writing Paper, Envelopes an d
General Stationery Materials
in Large Quantities.
Bear this in mind—you will always find the Largest Stock and Cheapest BOOKS at
Stam's Drug Store.
March 1, 1883.

Merchant Tailoring
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Chestertown and vicinity that he has opened near the Catholic Church, in Chestertown, a
Merchant Tailoring Establishment
and has on hand a fine assortment of
Cloths and Cassimeres.
He will make suits to order and
GUARANTEE A FIT
and satisfaction in every case. A call and examination of his goods is solicited.
Prices Moderate.
Sept. 20. LOUIS STOLL.

HEATING STOVES, ten to fifteen kinds on hand, some very nicely finished with nickel foot rail and trimmings. Call and examine Stoves and Prices at
J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

OUR NO BRAND CIGAR is equal to, if not superior to any 5 ct. in town.
SPARKS.

KID GLOVES, nice assortment, all sizes and shades. Each pair guaranteed.
WROTH & ALDRIDGE

A GOOD CLOCK is a pleasure to any house keeper. You can find such at
SPARKS'.

A Large Line of Ladies' Misses, Children's and Infants *SHOES*, and Men's, Boys' and Youths' Fine and Heavy Shoes. For sale by
T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

HUSKING PEG GLOVES, for sale by
J. K. ALDRIDGE.

BOOTS & SHOES—Men's and Boys' Heavy Boots and Fine Shoes. Ladies, Misses and Children's Button and Lace Shoes for fall and winter wear at low prices.
J. H. SIMPERS.

YOUR EYES
Will be delighted when you behold our new Winter Suits and Overcoats for Men, Boys and Children.
We have never had better Styles. We have never before sold them so low.
A very little money required to clothe you handsomely.
Great crowds are pouring into our Stores as we write this advertisement. Come, gentlemen, there is room for all.
Great bargains from now till the Holidays.
C. N. Ochm & Son,
ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS,
230 W. PRATT ST.
THROUGH TO
55 HANOVER ST.
Nov. 22, 1883.

"RISING SUN" SALOON,
ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,
IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies, usually found in the Saloons in the city.
In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Cream, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crab, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the shortest notice.
In the Gentlemen's Saloon, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.
Parties will be supplied with every thing needful for refreshment tables and Ice.
Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard, &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.
PRICES OF ICE CREAM AND CUSTARD
gallons or more, $1.00 per gallon; 1 gallon nd less than 5 gallons, $1.25 per gallon; ½ gallon, 65 cents; 1 quart, 40 cents; 1 pint, 25 cents.
ICE
in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.
PRICES OF ICE:
5 pounds for 5 cents; 12 pounds for 10 cts. 30 pounds for 25 cents; 60 pounds for 50 cts. 75 pounds for 60 cents; 100 pounds for 75 cts.
The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.
WILLIAM PRKINS, Proprietor
May 12.

SEASONABLE ARTICLES!
Spices,
WHOLE AND GROUND.
MUSTARD SEED,
CELERY SEED,
OLIVE OIL,
FLAVORING EXTRACTS,
CANNING WAX,
JAR RUBBERS.
Lowest Prices.
STAMS' DRUG STORE.

CARROLLTON HOTEL,
Baltimore, Light and German streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.
RATE REDUCED TO $3 00 and $2 50 per day according to location of rooms or all above Parlor floor.
Extra Charges for Parlors, Bath and Double Rooms, according to size. The most convenient and latest built Hotel in the city.
ELEVATOR runs continuously to all floors
All lines of city passenger cars pass it doors.
Electric Light recently introduced.
F. W. COLEMAN,
March 30, 1883—y. MANAGER.

T. J. MANN
Has Enlarged His Store,
and keeps on hand a Larger and More Complete Stock of Goods than formerly. His stock embraces not only
DRY GOODS
of all kinds,
HARDWARE, NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, but New Orleans Molasses, the best Syrups, Broiling Beef, Flour, Meal and Feed. Canned Goods a specialty. All goods will be sold at bottom prices for cash or trade.
T. J. MANN,
opposite Kent National Bank,
Feb. 8, 1883. Chestertown, Md.

5 CENT
Sheet Music
—AT—
Stam's Drug Store.
THE CHOICEST SONGS,
DANCES, WALTZES and MARCHES,
Only 5 cents per copy.
Call and look over our stock.
COLIN F. STAM.

Enterprise Transportation Co.
NOTICE.
We have overhauled all our vessel property and have everything in complete order, ready for Grain and General Merchandise. All orders may be left with the agents at the wharves.
R. J. FOARD,
July 12—6t. Pres

SPICES.
Cinnamon, Cloves, Allspice, Ginger, Mulucca, Olive Oil, Mustard—whole and ground, Tumeric.
PERFECTLY PURE.
AT TOULSON'S
Sept. 1. DRUG STORE.

A LARGE assortment of Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, Plow and Cultivator Handles, Neck Yokes, and Double Trees. For sale by JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill,
Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland.
Steam Saw Mills,
Litwalton, Lancaster county, Virginia.
OFFICE OF
Joseph Turner,
Lumber
SHINGLES, SASH, &c.,
Chestertown, Dec. 3, 1883.
5/8, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/4 WHITE PINE BOARDS.
5/8 and 4/4 VIRGINIA BOARDS, SCANTLING and JOISTS.
5/8 and 2 POPLAR PLANK.
4/4 WALNUT, ASH, CHERRY and CHESTNUT.
4/4 FENCING and SELECT CYPRESS BOARDS
All sizes of Georgia and Virginia FRAMING.
SAWED CHESTNUT POSTS.
Hemlock 5 feet, 4 ft. and 3ft. PICKETS.
Georgia 5/8 and 4/4 FLOORING.
4 in., 5 in. and 6 in. Sawed Cypress SHINGLES.
5 in. and 6 in, Sawed Cedar SHINGLES.
Six different brands of No. 1 Heart Shaved SHINGLES.
Five different brands of No. 1 Sap Shaved SHINGLES.
TRY THEM.
White Oak and Chestnut Crib Slats, Wainscoating, Siding and Mouldings worked to any design out of the above boards.
Large assortment of DOORS, SASH and BLINDS on hand of regular sizes—and other sizes to order promptly.

W Registe's
MARBLE WORKS
Chestertown, Md.
ALLOW ME to tender my sincere thanks for the past patronage of the public, and hope to receive their approval and patronage this present year. I am prepared to cut and finish every design in the marble business.
I have a very handsome assortment of my own finished
TOMBSTONES.
Some of the Latest Designs
HANDSOMELY FINISHED,
COPIED FROM THE LATE PARIS EXHIBITION.
A large assortment for children, different patterns, some as low as $6.00, lettering included. Some fifty different patterns for grown persons, handsomely finished, some of them as low as $15.00, lettering included. Also, a fine line of different patterns, expressly for the
QUAKER BURYING GROUNDS,
very thick and heavy and handsomely finished of the best marble.
Marble Posts, marble Vases with Pedestal. Marble Coping, Tombstones and monuments, of all sizes and styles.
Marble or Sandstone worked to order. I warrant all my work not to color or blister—time has no effect on it. I set up all of my work, thus relieving the purchaser of all trouble or risk.
Come one, come all, that are in want, and examine my work and learn my prices. I will be thankful. Don't send the money out of your own neighborhood.
Call and see me. I do not like to canvass for work, for I think it too sad a business to barter with relatives or friends.
My work can be seen in all the cemeteries of Kent and the adjoining counties.
March 11, 1881 W. REGISTER

FOR SALE.
Post! Post! Post!
SEVERAL HUNDRED LOCUST, Cedar White Oak and other kinds of POSTS of different sizes and lengths. They lay in the second, fourth and fifth districts. Also White and Red Oak BRIDGE BOARDS, White Oak piling and railroad ties.
Charles W. Jones, living near Mr. P. A. M. Brooks' woods, will act as my agent to deliver all orders, but the sales Must be made by me. All persons are forbidden to take anything out of the said woods unless by my or Charles W. Jones' permission.
WILLIAM PERKINS.
March 8, 1883.

DR. T. H. COOPER,
HOMEOPATHIC,
Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, assisted by his brother.
Having permanently located in Chestertown, can be found all day and evening at office, except otherwise professionally engaged.
Special attention given to women and chil
June 21, 1883.

Baber Shop.
THE Barber Shop at the old stand, corner of High and Court streets, formerly conducted by Woolford & McCoy, is now conducted by
WOOLFORD
Prompt and polite attention shown to all customers. April, 1881.

Plows. Plows. Plows
The new Remington Carbon Plow is not surpassed in any particular, and it is superior in form, finish, metal and light weight to any other cast plow made, being one-half cast steel, has all the hardness and scouring qualities of the chilled plow, and is much stronger. The above plow is sold on a guarantee We respectfully refer parties to Messrs J. Z. Clark, Fletcher Melvin, Louis C. Justis, and others Call and examine this plow, and you will buy.
HINES & CLEMENTS.

PURE SUGARS.
Cut Loaf, Granulated, Standard A, Extra C, and best light Brown. Cal and see how CHEAP at
J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.

CORSETS.
DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSET—Indestructible Hip. For sale by
T. W. ELIASON Jr.

To Our Customers.
We have a large supply of Coffees, Flour, and Provisions, &c., prior to the late sharp advance in prices, and are prepared to give our patrons the advantage of our good luck: we have a good article of New Orleans Molasses at a *reasonable* price.
J. B. SAPPINGTON.
Leader in Low Prices

NEW MACKEREL in barrels, halves and kitts, cheaper than you think at
J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.

COAL HODS! COAL SHOVELS! COAL SEIVES! Zinc Stove Boards, Crystallized Stove Boards, Zinc, Stove Blacking and Stove Polish. For sale at
J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

4 BARB STEEL FENCE WIRE and Buck-Thorn Barbed fence, for sale at lowest market price by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

SHEEP SHEARS! SHEEP SHEARS!! A very large assortment on hand, and prices *very* low, at J. K. ALDRIDGE'S

FIRE Place Heaters! Fire Place Heaters! The New Golden Sun, and the Nos. 13 and 14 Golden Sun. More in use in Kent Co. than any other Heater; put up with galvanized pipe and flue board and give perfect satisfaction Call and look at the *New Golden Sun* of 1882 at
J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

The block from Chestnut to Market St., 13th to Public Buildings.
John Wanamaker's Store
Fashionable Staple Dry Goods and House Furnishings.

LOUIS K. STAM'S
Spring Announcement!
I am offering an immense stock of
Paints, Oils & Varnishes.
of almost every kind. Liquid Paints by the pint, gallon or barrel. The popular MASURY Railroad Colors and Varnishes; LEWIS' and LUCAS' Lead, and all Pigments necessary for coloring Paint.
Recommending Only Such Goods as I Conscientiously believe to be Good, and Selling at Uncommonly LOW RATES,
I am certain it would be greatly to your advantage to call and get my prices.
A LARGE LINE of Handsome Designs in WALL PAPER, selected with great care from leading firms of the country. These papers are sold at exactly city prices; Paper Hanger furnished if desired. A Fine Line of WHITEWASH, PAINT BRUSHES, &c.
Goods in Quantity delivered Free of Charge to any part of the County.
Owing to my being compelled to sell on exceedingly short margins all sales must be closed with cash or a note, bearing legal interest from date of sale given within 30 days from date of sale.
May 3, 1883. LOUIS K. STAM.

BRING US YOUR TRADE.
Such as Prime Print Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Lard, Bacon and
COUNTRY PRODUGE
in general, and we will pay you the
FULL MARKET VALUE
for it,
and sell you GOODS AS LOW if not CHEAPER than any "other man."
We have a
FULL LINE OF MUSLINS,
Bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels from 6¼ cts. to 16 cts. per yard. Calico, Tickings, Cottonades Kerseys, red and white all-wool Flannels, and a general line of
Domestic Dry Goods.
Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's HOISERY at Prices and Quality to please you.
OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES
cannot be surpassed for quality and Low Prices.
WE ARE HEAD QUARTERS FOR FLOUR
dealing direct with the manufacturers, can guarantee quality and price at all times. Call and see us, and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.
Respectfully,
J. B. SAPPINGTON,
opp. Hudgin's Bakery.
Branch Store corner High and Mill Streets.
Chestertown, Md., Sept. 13, 1883.

D. B. STEWART & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
for the sale of
ALL KINDS COUNTRY PRODUCE.
No. 2 Bowley's Wharf,
Baltimore, Md.
Oct. 4, 1883—y.

WOOD! WOOD!!
Hickory, Oak and Pine.
THE subscriber has purchased 1000 cords of the very best seasoned Oak, Hickory and Pine that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $5 00 per cord for oak, and $6 00 per cord for hickory; wood sawed and split to order.
This Wood has all