The Chestertown Transcript.

$1.50 PER ANNUM. CHESTERTOWN, THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1884. VOL. XXIII-NO. 2

Farmers', Builders'

—AND—

MECHANICS' HARDWARE

Our Stock is complete in every department and the public are invited to call and examine our goods and prices.

For the Farmer we have Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Feed Cutters, Corn Crushers, Corn Shellers, Shovels, Forks, Spades, Hoes, Axes, Wagon Hames. Chain and Rope Traces, Plow Lines, Hinges, Locks, Saws, Drawing Knives, &c., which we are selling at very moderate rates.

Joel R. Clements.

For Builders we have everything in the way of Hinges, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Sash Locks, Cord and Weights, &c., &c.

For Mechanics we have all kinds of Tools, such as Planes, Saws, Chisels, Hatchets, Braces, Bitts of almost any quality; Saw Files, Spirit Levels, Plumbobs, &c., which we are selling as cheap as can be had in the city. Call and see us,

JOEL R. CLEMENTS, adjoining Kent Nat'l Bank,

Jan. 31, 1884.

New Goods!

For Fall and Winter Trade.

—AT—

WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S,

DRYGOODS of all kinds, such as Dress Goods from 10c. to 75c., Black and Colored Velveteens, Red, White and Gray Flannels, Canton Flannels, Ginghams, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Prints, &c.

GLOVES, large variety, from 12c. to $1 50. Kid Gloves a specialty.

Men and Boys UNDERSHIRTS and Drawers, Ladies' Vests, Bal. Skirts, Nubias, Children's Knit Sacks, Hoods and Muffs to match. Ladies' JERSEYS in all colors.

Large assortment of Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, such as Collars and Cuffs, Silk Handkerchiefs.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's SHOES, Men and Boy's Winter Boots, all grades. Gum Shoes.

HATS AND CAPS, *Latest Styles*

in Stiff Hats, Soft Hats in Fur and Wool, from 50c. to $3 00.

Ingrain CARPETS from 35c. to 75c., also, a full line of Samples always on hand in higher price Carpets.

Floor and Table OIL CLOTHS in all widths.

GROCERIES—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Tobacco and Cigars.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE.

Nov. 22, 1883.

"RISING SUN" SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladi and Gentlemen with all the delicacies, usua ly found in the Saloons in the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Cream, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crab, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the shortest notice.

In th: Gentlemen's Saloon, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

Parties will be supplied with every thing ne dful for refreshment tables and Ice.

Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cr am, Water Ices, Custard, &c., by the gallon up n reasonable terms.

PRICES OF ICE CREAM AND CUSTARD

gallons or more, $1.00 per gallon; 1 gallon nd less than 5 gallons, $1.25 per gallon; ½ gallon, 65 cents; 1 quart, 40 cents; 1 pint, 25 cents.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

PRICES OF ICE:

5 pounds for 5 cents; 12 pounds for 10cts. 30 pounds for 25 cents; 60 pounds for 50cts. 75 pounds for 60cents; 100 pounds for 75cts.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PRKINS, Proprieto

May 12.

CARROLLTON HOTEL,

Baltimore, Light and German streets,

BALTIMORE, MD.

RATE REDUCED TO $3 00 and $2 50 per day according to location of rooms or all above Parlor floor.

Extra Charges for Parlors, Bath and Double Rooms, according to size. The most convenient and latest built Hotel in the city.

ELEVATOR runs continuously to all floors

All lines of city passenger cars pass it doors.

Electric Light recently introduced.

F. W. COLEMAN, MANAGER.

March 30, 1883—Y.

GardenSeed

Fresh and Reliable.

Large Variety

Gardeners will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

M. A. TOULSON, Druggist.

March 27.

A FEW Chamber China Sets, very low in price at LOUIS K. STAM'S.

ENTERPRISE

TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT



1884. 1884.

On and after Monday, Feb'y 11, 1884, steamer

Enterprise

will make tri-weekly trips between Baltimore and Crumpton, running as follows:

Leave Crumpton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P. M., stopping at Spry's, Deep Landing and Round Top. Leave Chestertown at 5 P. M., stopping at Newnam's, Wilkin's and Quaker Neck. Leave Hooper's Wharf at 7 P. M., stopping at Corsica, Emory's and Earle's, in Corsica creek. Arriving at Baltimore at 11.30 p. m.

Returning, will leave Piers 12 and 13, Light Street wharf, Baltimore, every Tuesday and Thursday night at 1 o'clock, and every Saturday afternoon at 2.30.

Pleasant accommodations for passengers.

The steam barge, A. J. WHITNEY, will leave Baltimore, piers 12 and 13 Light street wharf, for Ben's Point, every Friday at 10 o'clock A. M. Freight received Thursdays, and until 7 A. M. on Fridays.

We are also prepared to deliver freight at any point on Chester river and tributaries, per steamer A. J. Whitney and schooners Hattie Stark and Wm. S. Copes. Freight reasonable.

Address all communications to

CHAS. F. HARLEY, Sec'y, Piers 12 and 13 Light street wharf, Balt.

JOEL C. SLAUGHTER, President.

Feb. 14, 1884.

SPRING 1884.

E. W. F. Simpers.

Larger Room, Larger Stock, Low Prices

DRY GOODS.

4-4, 10-4 Bleached Muslins, Brown Muslins, Prints, Percals, Dress Gingham, Sheetings, Cottonades.

NOTIONS.

Vic. Lawns, Swiss Pld. Muslins, Corsets, Ladies' Hose, Gent's ½ Hose, Gloves. Gent's Neck Ware. Towels all prices.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

A full stock, in part as follows:

Teas, Coffees, Grain Cut Loaf and Powdered Sugars, Chocolate, Cocoa, Cheese, Corn Starch, Dry Yeast, Oat Meal, Wheaten Grits, Plum Pudding, Pickles, Chow-Chow. A nice assortment of Canned Goods.

Wm. Lee & Sons' FLOUR, all grades.

Glassware, Crockeryware.

Bacon, Shoulders, S. C. Shoulders, "Best" Sugar Cured Hams.

Chewing Tobacco, Smoking Tobacco, Segars, Graveley's Tobacco.

"Chromo" Yeast Powder.

We are thankful for past favors, and ask for a continuance of same, assuring all that our "motto" is to always please in *Price* and *Quality.*

E. W. F. SIMPERS, Chestertown, Md.

April 3, 1884.

Blooded Stock.

For sale by E.J. Plummer, Worton Md., as agent for the well-known importers and breeders, N. P. Boyer & Co., of Chester county Penn.

Seventy-five head of Jersey Heifers in calf, for Sale Cheap.

To make room for new importations we will sell sevensy-five head of pure blood Jersey Heifers in calf, at $85 to $125 each, as to age, style and earliness in calving. They are all very large and handsome, good colors and finely developed in all points that go to make up a first-class dairy cow, for butter or milk. Are all from first-class thoroughbred Jersey cows, making 14 to 17½ pounds of butter per week, and are served by solid colored Herd Registered Jersey bulls. Due to calve in March, April, May and June.

These heifers are all sired by the celebrated Herd Registered Jersey Bulls, Lord Darnley No. 3730 Lowrie No. 2484, and Earl of Willow Glen No. 2843; all solid color, full black points. They have been served by Imported Devon bull No. 7910 (of the celebrated Cocmassie strain), one of the best young Jersey Bulls that ever left the Island. Rapier No. 3743, Winsome Boy No. 5496, Maurus No. 4639, and Hercy Douglas No. 3769. These bulls are all from the very deepest milking strains, and from the very best butter families. Solid colors, full black points. They cannot fail to produce very fine calves.

Carefully boxed, delivered on board the cars, free, with feed, &c., for their trip, warranted to reach purchasers safe. Also, for sale, thoroughbred and imported sheep; thoroughbred and imported hogs; improved breeds of poultry. Full information as to prices may be had upon inquiry of

E. J. PLUMMER, Worton, Md.

The following certificate is held:

COATSVILLE, PA., Dec, 12, 1883.

This is to certify that E. J. Plummer is our duly authorized agent in Kent county, Maryland, for the sale of blooded stock, seeds, &c.

N. P. BOYER & CO.

Dec. 20, 1883—Y.

AGENTS WANTED.

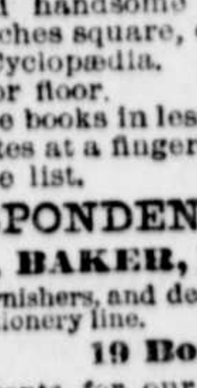
THE JOHNSON REVOLVING BOOK CASE.

WITH INDEPENDENT SHELVES ADJUSTABLE TO BOOKS OF ANY HEIGHT.

AN ELEGANT PRESENT.

INVALUABLE TO

LAWYERS, CLERGYMEN, PHYSICIANS, EDITORS, BANKERS,



TEACHERS, MERCHANTS, STUDENTS, AND ALL WHO READ BOOKS.

CHEAPEST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Made of iron, beautifully ornamented. Cannot warp nor shrink. Durable and convenient. A novel and handsome article of furniture. Shelves 16 inches square, each will hold a set of Appletons' Cyclopædia. Two sizes for table, three sizes for floor.

Holds more books in less space than any other device—rotates at a finger's touch. Send for descriptive price list.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Address, BAKER, PRATT & CO., School Furnishers, and dealers in everything in the Book and Stationery line. 19 Bond St., New York.

Send 25 cents for our New Illustrated Catalogue, with over 300 Illustrations of educational and useful articles.

March 13, 1884—20w.

PLOWS. PLOWS. PLOWS

Plow Castings. Plow Castings.

The ROLAND CHILLED PLOW and CASTINGS for sale by

J. K. ALDRIDGE.

ONION SETS.

SILVER SKIN and RED SKIN. Very cheap. M. A. TOULSON, Druggist.

March 27.

NOTICE!

'HE FARMING COMMUNITY OF KENT COUNTY

re hereby respectfully notified that 'e have established an agency for he sale of our line of

ARMING IMPLEMENTS

Chestertown, Kent county, Md., ith Mr. Wm. Arthur Elliott in arge.

We handle a Full Line of Implements, from the smallest Plow up the largest Traction Steam Engine.

Parties desiring information out any Implement or Machine anufactured in the United States, e respectfully requested to call al see Mr. Elliott.

Our full advertisement will appr shortly.

lliott & Gemmill,

CENTREVILLE, MD.,

Llers in Agricultural Implements, n and Wood Pumps, Wind Mills, S Mills, &c.

S.—I have no sub agents in county: I want to deal with direct and will make it to your erest to either see me in person orrespond with me.

Wm. A. Elliott.

RSERY STOCK.

ugh the very liberal patronage of my friand customers, I have been enabled to sels fall over 180,000 Peach Trees, and still hemaining

800 first-class trees

and about

,000 Second Class,

comg of the leading popular varieties.—Thi Class Trees will run from 2 to 3 feet in hei have good roots, and are healthy Tr Almost all my own planting has been of lass, and some even prefer them. Price $3 1,000; 1st class, $60 per 1,000.

Nursery Stock, and especially Strawbeiaspberry and Blackberry Plants, for salquantity. Catalogues ready.

tful for past favors I hope to merit a libhare of patronage.

N. BARNARD, Stanely, P. O., Kent co., Md.

he undersigned, having known Mr. N. Barfor the past 15 or 20 years, take pleasurecommending him as reliable and trustwound trees that we have purchased from him proven satisfactory and true to name.

GEO. B. WESTCOTT, Pres't Kent Nat'l Bank.
WM. T. HEPBRON,
H. T. JUMP,
ISAAC PARSONS,
THOS. J F. SMITH,
GEO. R. BECK,
RICHARD C. SMYTH,
J. W. COREY,
M. A. S. MAXWELL, M. D.,
W. S. MAXWELL, M. D.,
JOHN B PARROTT,
R. S. DIEHL.

N. 1883.

HO!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

The public are invited to call and examine large and Well Selected Stock of

Seasonable Goods,

SUCH AS

Caraisins, Currants, Citron, Oranges, Lemats of all kinds, Figs, Prunes, Plum PudCanned Goods, Mince Meat, Cranberri, and in fact everything kept in a first-

Gro and Confectionery Store,

r with a very fine line of choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

of we always aim to keep the *very Best* on tket. All these goods now open for inspe We aim to keep the best fresh goodby fair dealing and a disposition to please hope to merit a continuance of the patro kindly granted us in the past.

spectfully,

M. H. LAMBERT.

C—very large lot of many kinds LOUIS K. STAM.

BRING US YOUR TRADE.

Such as Prime Print Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Lard, Bacon and

COUNTRY PRODUCE

in general, and we will pay you the

FULL MARKET VALUE

for it,

and sell you GOODS AS LOW if not CHEAPER than any "other man."

We have a

FULL LINE OF MUSLINS,

Bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels from 6¼ cts. to 16 cts. per yard. Calico, Tickings, Cottonades Kerseys, red and white all-wool Flannels, and a general line of

Domestic Dry Goods.

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's HOISERY at Prices and Quality to please you.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

cannot be surpassed for quality and Low Prices.

WE ARE HEAD QUARTERS FOR FLOUR

dealing direct with the manufacturers, can guarantee quality and price at all times. Call and see us, and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.

Respectfully,

J. B. SAPPINGTON, opp. Hudgin's Bakery.

Branch Store corner High and Mill Streets.

Chestertown, Md., Sept. 13, 1883.

TO THE FARMERS

—OF—

KENT, QUEEN ANNE'S & CECIL

IT is universally acknowledged by the most practical farmers that the Ohio Chilled Plow is the best plow in the world for neatness of work, and lightness of draft to the team. As I have ordered a large number of these plows, both two and three-horse, farmers will do well to give me an early call.

We also keep on hand, the Old Reliable Concave Nos 9, 10 and 11. Polished Minor and Horton, Wiley Nos. 3 and 4, and Two-Furrowed Plows, and Harrows, Twin, Single A, and Double A A, Cultivators and Cultivator Teeth unsurpassed by any manufacture. Single, Double, 3 and 4 Horse-Trees and Hames.

As there have been a great many Chilled Plows sold in these counties, and as farmers have been put to a great deal of trouble to get Castings for them, if they will only give the name and number of the Plow, I will endeavor to keep them on hand at my shops in Galena and Chestertown. I always have on hand Plain and Slip Shares for the Ohio, Oliver, Roland, Advance and Syracuse.

If any of you are in need of anything in my line, please give me a call, as I intend to sell them *low* for the *cash.*

Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.

W. A. Hyland, Galena and Chestertown.

Feb. 21—t01.

T. J. MANN

Has Enlarged His Store,

and keeps on hand a Larger and More Complete Stock of Goods than formerly. Hisstock embraces not only

DRY GOODS

of all kinds,

HARDWARE. NOTIONS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WOOD and WILLOW-WARE. but New Orleans Molasses, the best Syrups, Broiling Beef, Flour, Meal and Feed. Canned Goods a specialty. All goods will be sold at bottom prices for cash or trade.

T. J. MANN, opposite Kent National Bank, Chestertown, Md.

Feb. 8, 1883.

WOOD! WOOD!!

Hickory, Oak and Pine.

The subscriber has purchased 1000 cords of the very best seasoned Oak, Hickory and Pine that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $5 00 per cord for oak, and $6 00 per cord for hickory; wood sawed and split to order.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

Pine KINDLING Wood for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS, Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertown

Nov. 22, 1883.

FOR SALE.

Post! Post! Post!

SEVERAL THOUSAND LOCUST, Cedar White Oak and other kinds of POSTS of different sizes and lengths. They lay in the second, fourth and fifth districts. Also White and Red Oak BRIDGE BOARDS, White Oak piling and railroad ties.

Charles W. jones, living near Mr. P. A. M. Brooks' woods, will act as my agent to deliver all orders, but the sales Must be made by me. All persons are forbidden to take anything out of the said woods unless by my or Charles W. Jones' permission.

WILLIAM PERKINS.

March 8, 1883.

VERY BEAUTIFUL line of Window Shades, very low at LOUIS K. STAM'S.

First Class Work

GUARANTEED

BY THE OLD RELIABLE FIRM,

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

We are manufacturing some of the best work that was ever built in this State. We sell First-Class Work. If you want a Good Carriage it will be to your interest to buy of us as we are now—after Twenty years' experience—better able to suit you in every respect. Call and see our

Light Phætons, Brewster Spring Buggies, Dayton and Jump-Seat Carriages.

We do not offer this work in competition with the common shoddy work, but sell it on its merits, and our reputation.

All Kinds of Repairing Done Neatly

and with dispatch. We give special attention to painting up second-hand jobs. Those wanting a nice job of painting should give us a call.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

Our WAGONS,

CARTS & DEARBORNS

Have a reputation throughout this Peninsula. We have sold them in New Castle county, Del., and in Cecil county, Md., and as far as Salisbury, Md. We have over ONE THOUSAND of these running to-day, and as far as our personal knowledge extends we do not know of twelve set of tyres cut in the whole of them. This is evidence enough of what kind of lumber we use in making them.

We could give you testimonials enough to fill one side of the *Chestertown Transcript* to establish this fact if it were necessary, but the public already knows of the standing of these goods.

We have justly earned the high reputation we hold as manufacturers by our manner of doing business—

We give our own personal supervision to every minutia in building;

We see that all lumber is well seasoned before it is used, and every other part is what it should be.

We do all kinds of

JOB-WORK & REPAIRS

furnish estimates for Bridge work, and repair all kinds of machinery.

We also sell

Plow Castings and Plows,

such as Wiley's, Concaves, and Minor & Horton's. These Castings are all ground and polished and sold cheap.

We also have on hand and make to order all kinds of

HARROWS,

Such as Twin and Double, and Single A's.

You will find a large lot of Single, Double and Three-horse Trees of the best hickory, well ironed; also, Plow Hames.

You will see by calling at our works that we have too much at stake to do mean or shoddy work.

Thankful for past patronage and hoping for a continuance of the same,

We are respectfully,

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

March 27, 1884.

RAMBO'S

Schuylkill Valley

Lime.

ROBERT McCOY offers to farmers this high grade of Lime which, by a century's use, has obtained the highest reputation for its fertilizing qualities.

ATTENTION

of those desiring Lime is especially called to my products, and reference desired to the following gentlemen, all of whom have made practical use of our Lime and expressed their full satisfaction with it:

S. Dobbs, N. J.	B. F. H. Caulk, Md.,
Geo. Lippincott, N.J.,	J. L. Reeves, N. J.,
G. A. Vorheis, "	S. F. Evans, "
J. C. Hutchinson, Del.,	J. M. Jennings, N. J.,
Sam'l Matlack, N. J.,	Thos. Bittal "
I. McGorgow, Md.,	W. C Dudley, Md.,
A. W. Webster, Del.,	Thos. Dubois, N. J.,
Isaac Thuax, Del.,	Chas. H. Misler, "
Wm. Mathis, N. J.,	S. Thompson, Del.,
Wm. Francis, Del.,	John Wright, "
John Pratt, "	Thos. Pratt "
Jos. Roberts, "	Henry Davis "
G. W. Lockwood, Md.,	Wm. R. Cochran, Del.,
Manlove Davis, Del.,	N. Williams, Del.,
R. W. Cochran, Del.	

Prices and any further information will be furnished on application.

ROBERT McCOY, Bridgeport, Pa.

Feb. 14—3m.

Sparks

is on hand with the finest assortment of goods he has ever had to offer you, and at prices astonishingly low. We can only name a few of our leading articles.

In PLUSH GOODS we have a fine assortment, consisting of Albums, Work-boxes, Satchels, Purses, Perfume Stands, &c., &c.

PLATEDWARE.—Castors, Pickle Jars, Butter Dishes, Napkin Rings, Cake Baskets. Get our prices before buying Bohemia Glassware, Fine Glassware.

CLOCKS.—A beautiful assortment and very cheap.

Handsome LAMPS, suitable for Christmas presents, cheaper than ever.

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS.—We have by far the largest stock in Kent county. Express Wagons, Dolls, Carriages, Sleds, and everything to please the children.

CONFECTIONERY.—In this line we have every thing you can wish for.

FRUITS of all kinds. Raisins, Figs, Grapes, Currants, &c., &c.

Look in the window and see the Dancing Monkey and Growling Bear. Now don't fail to call and look at our goods and get our prices, before buying.

SPARKS', opposite Court House.

Dec 13, 1883.

A LARGE assortment of Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, Plow and Cultivator Handles, Neck Yokes, and Double Trees. For sale by JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

HOPE H. BARROLL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chestertown, Md.

Prompt attention to the collection of claims. Loans negotiated.

Office opposite the Court House, on Main St. next door to the store of T. W. Eliason, Jr.

Feb. 1, 1883.

DR. T. H. COOPER,

HOMEOPATHIC,

Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, assisted by his brother.

Having permanetly located in Chestertown, can be found all day and evening at office, except otherwise professionally engaged.

Special attention given to women and chil

june 21, 1883.

Chster River Steamboat Company

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO FARMERS AND SHIPPERS

With every facility we are now prepared receive GRAIN on consignment, or the highest CASH PRICE paid for the same by

J. R. CLEMENTS, AGENT,

July 6, 1882—tf. Chestertown Granary

J. T. Twilley. H. M. Thomas.

COAL! COAL!

We have on hand a good article of SOFT COAL for Steam Threshers. Also, a good quality of Anthracite (White Ash) Coal, 2,240 lbs. to ton.

All persons in want of Coal will do well to call and see us before buying.

July 12—tf. J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.

D. B. STEWART CO.,

General Commission Merchants

and Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, Dried Fruits, Canned Goods, &c., Southern Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty.

68 SOUTH CALVERT STREET,

Orders for Sweet Potatoes, Aspinwall Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Produce generally, promptly filled. [Feb. 21.

COAL! WOOD! LIME!

TO those in need of COAL would do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

Having purchased from four to five hundred cords of the very best seasoned

Oak and Pine WOOD,

we flatter ourselves in saying that it cannot be beat in quality or length.

To those interested in LIME, HAIR, CEMENT &c., would do well to give us a call before buying, as we have bought at reduced prices. Give us a call. Thankful for past patronage, I remain yours respt.,

J. D. BACCHUS.

Feb. 28—Y.

J. ARMSTRONG. W. H. SPARKS.

ARMSTRONG & SPARKS,

LIQUOR DEALERS,

SALOON ATTACHED,

146 LIGHT ST. WHARF,

Baltimore, Md.

Jugs and Demijohns a specialty. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Feb. 28, 1884.

COAL AND WOOD.

HAVING now laid in a Full Supply of Coal and Wood for the winter, we wish to inform our friends and the public generally that we are prepared to supply you with Coal and Wood of the best quality of White Ash and Lykens Valley Coal, and of Hickory, Oak and Pine Wood, at prices as cheap as the cheapest. Give us a call and see if we cannot please you.

Yours respectfully,

T. DEC. RUTH, Chestertown, Md.

J. B. McINTIRE, AGENT.

P. S.—My employer is pushing me to make a full settlement for all outstanding bills, therefore all indebted must pay at once Pay now, we must have the money.

Yours respectfully,

J. B. McINTIRE, AGENT.

Nov. 15, 1883.

LEVERING'S COFFEE.

Recognized as the Best.



Our Coffee is absolutely pure, not glazed or colored, and is selected from our large stock of Green Coffee, with special reference to its Drinking qualities. Glazing and coloring roasted Coffee adds to the weight and hides the imperfection, which is entirely against our interest as a consumer. Ask your Grocer for LEVERING'S COFFEE, and take no other.

E. LEVERING & CO. *Established 1842.* Baltimore.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Levering's Coffee Cup and Saucer Plaque; (a large, original and beautiful design.)

April 17—3m.

ACME HALL,

the Palace Clothing Establishment of Baltimore,

Opens its doors to the public on April 5th, and extends to all lovers of fine Clothing a special invitation to look over its Goods. Our object is to supply gentlemen with such spring and summer Clothing they have hitherto been unable to procure except from Merchant Tailors, at exorbitant prices. We obviate all delays and chances of misfits that so frequently follow ordered goods, and we guarantee our garments fully equal, and even superior, to most measured work, at considerably lower figures.

The most fastidious cannot fail to be pleased with the Men's and Boys' Garments shown at

ACME HALL,

"The Mirror of Fashion,"

209 W. BALTIMORE ST.

Strictly One Price.

April 3, 1884.

LOVE'S HERI AGE.

Bend o'er me, blue as summer skies
The azure splendor of thine eyes,
And smile with lips whose murmuring tells,
Like lingering sound of far-off bells
O'er shining seas, that thou for me
Art skies and sound and summer sea!

Skies that contain the sun, and moon,
The stars, the birds, the winds of June
And tones that, swelling far and near,
Bear more than music to mine ear;
And sea, above whose changeless hue
The sun is bright, the sky is blue!

Art thou my star? Sweet love, thou'rt more
Than all that ever twilight bore.
Art thou my song? Dear love, from thee
The whole world takes its melody.
Art thou—nay! what can words impart
To tell one dream of what thou art!

Thou are my all; I know that Love
Rains from the deepening dome above
In silver dew-drops, that the earth
Receives with hushed and solemn mirth;
So thou—all seasons linked in one—
Art flower and bird and breeze and sun!

—*Century.*

How Tillage Increases Fertility.

Eds. Country Gentleman—I have read with interest the controversy between Mr. Terry and Mr. Chamberlain regarding the importance of tillage, in which the former assumes that tillage manures the soil; *i. e.* increases the crop. This is my firm conviction, and as he has not given his reasons for the assumption I propose to do so, and ask your readers' indulgence for presenting matter that may be new to them and in conflict with the usual teaching of science, and which will no doubt be looked upon as heretical. Only twelve or fourteen years have passed since in your columns I stated that the introduction into fertilizers of old leather, dried lungs, &c., for the mite of nitrogen they contain was no better than robbery, and sooner or later the farmer would find it out. I am glad to know that day is passed, and already some of the States have passed statutes prohibiting the use of old leather, notwithstanding we are still told by some of the experiment stations that the nitrogen found in it is worth twenty-five cents a pound, even if it takes (as one of your correspondents states) ten years for it to show itself. I would not haul the leather made at Lowell or the dried lungs made at Chicago on my land if it was delivered on the Eastern Shore free, for I know that hides and lungs do not feed plants, and this brings me to the question what they do feed upon, which will explain the importance of tillage.

The bulk of all vegetable matter—98 to 99 per cent.—consists of carbon (60 per cent), oxygen, hydrogen, and last and least of all, nitrogen, and the source of these must be traced to carbonic acid, water and ammonia, and these are found in the air, which in due time reaches the soil. Mr. Lawes includes nitric acid, and his authority I will not dare to doubt; therefore I add it to my list, making four inorganic chemical compounds from which plants must draw their main food. Believing, as I firmly do, that the chemical organization commences in the roots; that there is the point to look after and see that the four above-mentioned compounds are in reaching distance for the roots, and that to secure them the soil must be in a condition to allow a free circulation of air and water, and in the absence of the all-important carbon, which gives productive soils their peculiar dark, porous, non-adhesive texture—I assert that tillage is the the only remedy which keeps the land from baking into a hard crust, especially a clay soil, after every rain, thereby closing the pores and shutting out the air and moisture, with their bosom friends, carbonic acid and ammonia. When this is the case, where are the roots to look for the carbonic acid, which above all others is the most important? Carbon is the life of organic matter, either in the form of vegetables or animal life, both of which are built up by cells within, forming daily as the roots penetrate the soil, seeking water and carbonic acid. Where the nitrogen comes in I do not know, as none of it is found in starch, sugar, gum or cellulose; yet it does appear in gluten and its kindred quarternary compounds.

In conflict with this theory of mine that organization takes place in the roots, science informs us that it takes place in the leaves, and that they decompose carbonic acid, appropriate the carbon, send oxygen adrift, and suddenly transform water into organic matter. I am somewhat familiar with these compounds, and know with what force carbon and oxygen adhere together, and what a slight affinity hydrogen has for oxygen, and for this reason I conclude that instead of water being built upon by carbon extracted from carbonic acid by the vital power of the plant, carbonic acid is built upon by extracting a small portion of hydrogen from water, and starch, gum, or sugar quickly creeps out. Thus—starch is C-O-H, secured from carbonic acid, C-O, and water, H-O. In this change the reader will see that the oxygen of the water escapes, presenting the phenomenon that is claimed under the old theory of the leaves giving off oxygen and absorbing carbon.

As this theory is based upon experiments I will give some of them: A stiff clay, free of sand, was mixed with every element entering plant life; clover, wheat and oats were sowed in it, and all proved an utter failure. The same clay was mixed with about 80 per cent. of sand, and colored with humus and powdered charcoal (carbon), rendering the soil very porous, water sinking rapidly through it; on this everything quickly sprouted and grew finely. Five years ago I took a portion of my old garden into the lawn, the soil being a dark, porous one, where the rain sank as fast as it fell. In this the Carolina poplar was planted, measuring, say, six inches in circumference. Close by, but where the soil had never been tilled, yet was apparently of the same nature except being more compact and impervious to water, another was planted at the same time. The growth of the former now measures 42 inches in circumference, with corresponding branches, and by its thick foliage affords a fine shade, while the other is of little use for this purpose, and measures 21 inches in circumference. As cellulose or woody matter is merely carbonic acid and water, with a little nitrogen, transformed into a new compound, the reader will see the importance of having a full supply of material to draw upon, and this can be obtained from a porous soil, assisted by tillage.

One more experiment with corn, the past season: To secure the land I rented two acres of a stiff, compact land, free from carbonaceous matter, where I had seen nothing grow of any consequence during the past 18 years. This was laid off in sections, and a heavy dose of the most improved fertilizer was used at the rate of 1,000 pounds to the acre, broadcast and in the hill. Owing to a heavy hay harvest and a wet season little attention in the way of tillage was given it, and the result was a perfect failure, not securing enough corn to pay for the work on it. The smallest fall of rain packed the ground; no absorption of the water and air took place, and there was no food for the roots to secure the four or five thousand pounds of carbon necessary to give a crop of corn. The leaves failed to prove the old theory, although I am sure there was an ample supply of the immovable elements present to produce a heavy crop—I mean phosphoric acid, lime, magnesia, potash, &c. What farmer has not seen the effect of plowing or cultivating corn in a hot, dry spell when the leaves were withered and sickly looking? Air and moisture reached the roots and new life started, the cultivation enabling a supply of plant food to reach the hungry roots.

The corn land spoken of above is a sandy loam, at least 80 per cent. sand, and with a full supply of vegetable matter, such as clover, peas, &c., I have no doubt it could soon be made a perfect garden, as all land can be with the proper proportion of sand. Millions of acres of such land are now lying waste, which with a little capital and a good share of industry could be made productive. Clay and sand form all sedimentary land, and in the form of rocks the bulk of the solid portion of the earth, from the melted lava to the ice-bound rocks of the poles. Hence these two bodies are the foundation of all productive or virgin soils, made so by the slow deposit of carbon from the decay of low orders of plants. To improve rapidly a worn-out soil, freed of carbon, turn manure under, and this does not imply that it should pass through an animal, but fresh manure from the earth in the form of anything that will grow on it, and if possible turn under two or three crops a year, which will soon make a soil. When this is accomplished a small application of fertilizer will do the business, as vegetation needs only a small supply of ash elements, and the other important movable ones will find their way by tillage. The sandy lands around Baltimore produce two and three crops a year, and are the most valuable in the State. A. P. S., *Rock Hall, Md.*

THE Pompeian festivities which will take place early in May derive a certain importance from the fact that the most prominent Italian archæologists and artists, under the Presidency of the Director of the Excavations, President Minervini, have formed a committee, and offer a guarantee for the exact reproduction of antique customs. The circus, which is already erected on non-excavated ground in Pompeii, will be opened on the first day by an imperial procession, at the head of which the Emperor will be borne on a litter, after the model of the well-known one in the museum on the Capitol. He will be followed by five hundred Senators, clients, pretorians, lictors, priests, and a crowd of plebeians. The drivers of the two-wheeled chariots in the races will be dressed in costumes imitated from those of the beautiful mosaics in the museum of Kircher. On the second day a nuptial procession will be represented with great magnificence. There will be an epithalamic chorus, performing the famous nuptial hymn by Catullus, accompanied by instrumental music on instruments made after antique models. All incidents of the wedding ceromony will be carefully represented. In the evening the funeral of a military tribune will take place under the direction of Prince Aslan, an artist who has carefully studied all the accessories to the subject for one of his paintings. The procession will leave the House of the Faun, and, passing through the Decumanus Minor, will proceed to the Street of Tombs, where the funeral pile will be erected. On the third day gladiators of all classes will perform in the ancient amphitheatre of Pompeii, in the presence of the Emperor, on which occasion the imperial train will be increased by a guard of pretorians on horseback.

COST OF LIVING ABROAD.

INTERESTING CONTRAST BETWEEN PRICES IN LONDON AND IN AMERICA.

A London letter to the Philadelphia *Press* says: There is no city in which you can get more for a sixpence or less for a guinea than in London. This was what Richard Rush, the American diplomatic representative to England, said away back in the twenties. These words are as true to-day as they were when the shrewd, observant American gave utterance to them. Bread to-day is cheaper in London than in New York, Vienna, Berlin or Brussels. You can get a suit of clothes made to measure from real Scotch Tweed for $15, fashionably cut and well finished. Hundreds of tailors will be glad to take your measure and furnish a well-fitting suit of common, but still fair material, for $10. I can buy ready made shoes for $2 50 every bit as good as I can purchase in New York for $5, while for that sum I can get as good a pair of hand sewn "understandings" as I wish to wear. A good silk hat may be bought for $3, and a derby of the latest fashion for a trifle over $2. Shirts and underwear are less than two-thirds the price asked for them in New York, and the gloves I wear cost me 75 cents a pair, and I have never yet found them to split or tear. Ladies' attire is proportionately cheap. Houses and rooms may be had within two and one-half miles of the city, with gardens four times as large as the area the residence stands on, for a rental of $150 to $200 per annum; a return fare by rail to the city costing from 6 to 8 cents, daily. Vegetables are about half the price they are in the States. Butter is five cents a pound cheaper, and meat only is a dear commodity. Not nearly so much dearer though as is generally supposed. Yesterday I bought a leg of excellent mutton for 20 cents per pound, and for prime joints of beef the butchers are asking 24 cents per pound. Then, again, fish is ridiculously cheap. I read in an Exeter paper that herring were sold in that town one day last week at the rate of twenty-four for 3 cents and that sprats were retailed at 2 cents per quart.

But Mr. Rush was as right about the purchasing power of the guinea as he was in his estimate of the liberal equivalent obtainable for the nimble sixpence. In the west end of London the most extortionate prices are asked by the tradesmen. Fifteen dollars for a pair of trousers and $35 for a coat and vest are by no means exceptional prices, and there are plenty of knights of the shears who would charge $60 for a suit of evening dress that one could readily match at a city tailor's for $55. I know several "snips" that are glad to array customers in all the glory of "clawhammer" coat, low cut vest and pants en suite for $25. London boarding houses are an abomination and a snare. One can get infinitely better accommodation in Philadelphia, Baltimore or Boston for $5 a week than can be procured in London for double the money. Railway traveling, too, is much more expensive in England than in America. Even the third-class is, I think, quite as expensive as the uniform fare charged in the States, and to make a journey of a few hundred miles in a first-class carriage will cost at least 50 per cent. more than in covering a like distance of ground in the States journeying in luxurious ease in a Pullman car.

What will burst a Gun?

In bravado a young man placed the muzzle of his fowling piece under the water, and fired the charge. The result was the bursting of the barrel near the breech and the mutilation of his hand. Another placed and held the muzzle of his piece square against a piece of plate window glass, and fired the charge—powder and a bullet. The glass was shattered, so was the gun barrel. Another instance was that of an experimenter who had heard that a candle could be fired from the barrel of a gun through an inch board. He drove a candle into the muzzle of the gun, fired, and the explosion split the barrel almost its entire length, and did not even drive the candle from the muzzle. Still another burst of a gun barrel was caused by the use of wet grass for a wad, well rammed down over a charge of shot.

But perhaps one of the most singular exhibitions in this line was a Colt's navy revolver, which some years ago was sent to the factory in Hartford, Conn. This was before the adaptation of these pistols to the metallic cartridges, and it is probable that in loading with open powder and ball only a small amount of powder got into the chamber, and the bullet was not propelled with sufficient force to drive it from the muzzle; at least the bullet did not go out, but lodged. As the shooter did not know whether the bullet escaped or not, he kept on firing until the barrel burst or bulged, and when it was sawed in two longitudinally there were found fourteen bullets wedged one into the other, and so much "upset" by the hammering of the successive explosions of the powder charges that some of them were not less than one inch in diameter being flattened disks instead of conical bullets.

THE following inscription will be placed on Charles Reade's tombstone. It was written by himself:

Here Lie,
By the Side of his Beloved Friend, the Mortal Remains of CHARLES READE,
Dramatist, Novelist, and Journalist,
His last Words to Mankind are on this Stone.

I hope for a resurrection, not from any power in nature, but from the will of the Lord God Omnipotent, who made nature and me. He created man out of nothing, which nature could not. He can restore man from the dust, which nature cannot. And I hope for holiness and happiness in a future life, not for anything I have said, or done in this body, but from the merits and meditation of Jesus Christ. He has promised His intercession to all who seek it, and He will not break his word: that intercession, once granted, cannot be rejected; for He is God, and His merits infinite; a man's sins are but human and finite. 'Him that cometh to me, I will in no wise cast out.' 'If any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the Righteous, and He is the propitiation for our sins.'

AMONG the four hundred immigrants on the steamship Lord Clive, at Philadelphia from Liverpool, recently, were one hundred young girls, ranging in age from eighteen to twenty-three years, and bearing every evidence of health and hardiness. Referring to these girls the captain of the vessel said: "There are a hundred of those bright, intelligent girls aboard, and I tell you they are more desirable as settlers in the West than a couple of shiploads of some foreigners that come here. They belong entirely to the families of English and Irish farmers, and you would be surprised at the knowledge they possess on all ordinary subjects. Every one of them has received a common school education, and although they are dressed better than the others, they are not afraid of work. They are not all accompanied by their parents. The most of them come in parties of twos or threes, and are under the care of the company until they arrive at their destination. As a rule they are on their way to friends in the Western or Northwestern States and Territories."

A Lucky Kangaroo Hunter.

One of the most daring Kangaroo hunters of Australia, and his stag hounds, were terribly lacerated by a wounded Kangaroo, on the great sheep ranche of Mr. Alfred Hay, Boomanoomana, N. S. W., and were entirely cured by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. Mr. Hay writes that it is the greatest pain-cure ever introduced for man or beast.

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