The Chestertown Transcript.

$1.50 PER ANNUM. CHESTERTOWN, THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1884. VOL. XXIII-NO. 6

Special Announcement to Householders.

PAYNE G. GREEN,

323. NORTH SECOND STREET. 323.

I have now on hand the largest stock of Carpets ever offered by me, bought for cash, which enables me to give unusual inducements to cash buyers. All Wool Ingrains 60 to 75, Tapestry Brussels, 65, 80, 90, 1.00, 1.10. Ingrains 35, 40 and 50. My 50c. Ingrains furnish as well as 1.00 Carpets. Window Shades ready to hang, 50c. each. Samples of goods sent to all parts of the country.

April 25—10t. PAYNE G. GREEN, 323 N. 2d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

R. J. FOARD,

Commission Merchant,

Grain, Fruits, Wool, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Game, &c.

No. 95 South Charles Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

May 8, 1884.

FARMERS!

In reply to the notice of Messrs. Kerr, Weitzel & Co., of April 28th I will only ask the "Farmers" to defer ordering any more of Wrightsville Lime until they will have received Messrs. Caldwell & Haldeman's reply, who will doubtless exhibit the White Elephant, and you can bet your last dollar that he will not be painted. If the farmers will read carefully my advertisement they will readily perceive that I advertise the Bainbridge Lime in competition with the Wrightsville, and I firmly believe that I have a better Carbonate of Lime than they. If the farmers want magnesia, they should by all means buy the Schuylkille Great Valley Lime. If they want Carbonate they should buy the Bainbridge. Referring to their references they have some names that I don't believe belong to persons residing in or owning a foot of land on the Peninsula. We advertise our analysis in the Smyrna *Record*. Now if they have what they claim, let them prove it by publishing their analysis.

B. F. FLEMING.

Chestertown, Md, May 22, 1884.

SAM'L BURNS & CO.

LUMBER

SASH

DOORS, BLINDS &c.

104 LIGHT ST. WHARF,

BALTIMORE.

FROST'S NEW MODEL HORSE POWER.

1 AND 2 HORSE POWER (35 Revolutions), } Double Geared Jacks if desired,
4 HORSE POWER (47 Revolutions), }
and Band Wheels of different sizes to give any required speed.

WEIGHT ABOUT 500 AND 700 POUNDS.



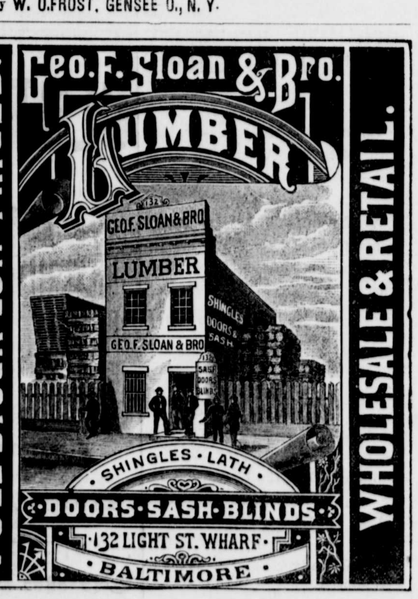
A safe and convenient power for running all kinds of machinery where 1, 2 or 4 horse power is required. Machinery all enclosed. Easily placed in position. Sweeps can be readily adjusted to any required length.

Manufactured by W. O. FROST, Le Roy, Genesee, Co. N.Y.

Send for circulars and price list.

For sale by W. O. FROST, GENSEE O., N. Y.

FULL STOCK LOW PRICES. Geo. F. Sloan & Bro. LUMBER WHOLESALE & RETAIL.



The BAY STATE ORGAN

— IS POSITIVELY UNRIVALLED —

IN QUALITY AND VOLUME OF TONE

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD ON THE ABOVE ASSERTION

EXAMINE THEM! COMPARE THEM!

CATALOGUE SENT FREE ON APPLICATION — ADDRESS

C. B. HUNT & CO. BOSTON-MASS.

THE BEST MADE— ESTABLISHED 1842 —

SEND FOR CATALOGUE & PRICES OF

CELEBRATED HARDMAN PIANOS

ARE UNSURPASSED FOR POWERFUL PURE RICH AND SYMPATHETIC TONE

Hardman, Dowling & Peck, Manfrs., 48th and 49th Sts., and 11th and 12th Avenues, N. Y. city.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

DAILY BOAT

—FROM—

Tolchester Beach.



Steamer LOUISE

Will leave Tolchester at 10 A. M., daily.

Leave Baltimore, Pier 16, Light St., at 8.15 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.

Excursion Tickets 50 cents. Fare Each Way 40 cents.

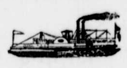
WM. C. ELIASON, MANAGER.

May 29, 1884.

ENTERPRISE

TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT



1884. 1884.

On and after Monday, Feb'y 11, 1884, steamer

Enterprise

will make tri-weekly trips between Baltimore and Crumpton, running as follows:

Leave Crumpton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P. M., stopping at Spry's, Deep Landing and Round Top. Leave Chestertown at 5 P. M., stopping at Newnam's, Wilkin's and Quaker Neck. Leave Hooper's Wharf at 7 P. M., stopping at Corsica, Emory's and Earle's, in Corsica creek. Arriving at Baltimore at 11.30 p. m.

Returning, will leave Piers 12 and 13, Light Sreet wharf, Baltimore, every Tuesday and Thursday night at 1 o'clock, and every Saturday afternoon at 2.30.

Pleasant accommodations for passengers.

The steam barge, A. J. WHITNEY, will leave Baltimore, piers 12 and 13 Light street wharf, for Ben's Point, every Friday at 10 o'clock A. M. Freight received Thursdays, and until 7 A. M. on Fridays.

We are also prepared to deliver freight at any point on Chester river and tributaries, per steamer A. J. Whitney and schooners Hattie Stark and Wm. S. Copes. Freight reasonable.

Address all communications to

CHAS. F. HARLEY, Sec'y,
Piers 12 and 13 Light street wharf, Balt.

W. D. BURCHINAL,
Feb. 14, 1884. President.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE JOHNSON REVOLVING BOOK CASE.

WITH INDEPENDENT SHELVES ADJUSTABLE TO BOOKS OF ANY HEIGHT.

AN ELEGANT PRESENT.

INVALUABLE TO

LAWYERS, CLERGYMEN, PHYSICIANS, EDITORS, BANKERS, TEACHERS, MERCHANTS, STUDENTS, AND ALL WHO READ BOOKS.



CHEAPEST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Made of iron, beautifully ornamented. Cannot warp nor shrink. Durable and convenient. A novel and handsome article of furniture. Enclves 16 inches square, each will hold a set of Appletons' Cyclopaedia. Two sizes for table, three sizes for floor.

Holds more books in less space than any other device—rotates at a finger's touch. Send for descriptive price list.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Address, BAKER, PRATT & CO.,

School Furnishers, and dealers in everything in the Book and Stationery line.

19 Bond St., New York.

Send 25 cents for our New Illustrated Catalogue, with over 300 Illustrations of educational and useful articles.

March 13, 1884—20w.

HO!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE public are invited to call and examine our Large and Well Selected Stock of

Seasonable Goods,

SUCH AS

Candies, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts of all kinds, Figs, Prunes, Plum Puddings, Canned Goods, Mince Meat, Cranberries, &c., and in fact everything kept in a first-class

Grocery and Confectionery Store,

together with a very fine line of choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

of which we always aim to keep the *very Best* on the market. All these goods now open for inspection. We aim to keep the best fresh goods, and by fair dealing and a disposition to please all, we hope to merit a continuance of the patronage so kindly granted us in the past.

Very respectfully,

WM. H. LAMBERT.

WOOD! WOOD!!

Hickory, Oak and Pine.

THE subscriber has purchased 1000 cords of the very best seasoned Oak, Hickory and Pine that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $5 00 per cord for oak, and $6 00 per cord for hickory; wood sawed and split to order.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

Pine KINDLING WOOD for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS,

Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertown

Nov. 22, 1883.

Colin F. Stam,

Bookseller and Stationer,

Has now in stock a large assortment of Sea-Side, Franklin Square and Lovell's Popular Libraries. Also, books of general Literature, Writing Paper, Envelopes and

General Stationery Materials

in Large Quantities.

Bear this in mind—you will always find the Largest Stock and Cheapest BOOKS at

Stam's Drug Store.

March 1, 1883.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & MUSIC.

A New Lot of VIOLINS and a new lot of 5 cent Music just received.

COLIN F. STAM,

March 27. Druggist

SUGAR CURED HAMS, Sugar Cured Shoulders, Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, Sugar Cured Broiling Beef, Side and Shoulder Bacon, at lowest prices, by J. B. SAPPINGTON.

Spring Goods

—AT—

J. H. SIMPERS',

GLASS FRONT.

We have just received a large supply of spring goods, comprising in part

Dress Goods,

Percals, Ginghams, Calicoes, Muslins, Cassimere, Cottonades, Flannels, Cheviots, Victoria Lawn, Piques, Swiss, Nainsook.

A full variety of

Hosiery and Gloves,

Hamburg Edging, Laces, Towels, Bed Spreads Shawls and Notions Generally.

SHOES

of all grades, from the cheapest to finest goods made to our order. Gent's and Boys' Calf English Ties, Congress Gaiters and Button Shoes. Ladies and Misses Pebble Button, Kid Button and Kid Fox Button Shoes, Children's Pebble Button, Kid Button and Solar Tipped Shoes.

Large assortment of Fine

Straw Hats.

for Men and Boys; also, common Straw Hats,

MATTING—Fancy, Check and White Matting to arrive.

CARPETS,

FLOOR & TABLE OIL CLOTH

GROCERIES,

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Tobacco. Segars, &c.

With a full line of goods put at lowest prices, we are prepared to sell at prices to compete with the lowest. A call solicited.

April 10. J. H. SIMPERS.

W Register's

MARBLE WORKS

Chestertown, M

ALLOW ME to tender my sincere thanks for the past patronage of the public, and hope to receive their approval and patronage this present year. I am prepared to cut and finish every design in the marble business.

I have a very handsome assortment of my own finished

TOMBSTONES.

Some of the Latest Designs

HANDSOMELY FINISHED,

COPIED FROM THE LATE PARIS EXHIBITION.

A large assortment for children, different patterns, some as low as $6.00, lettering included Some fifty different patterns for grown persons handsomely finished, some of them as low a $15.00, lettering included. Also, a fine line o different patterns, expressly for the

QUAKER BURYING GROUNDS,

ery thick and heavy and handsomely finished of the best marble.

Marble Posts, marble Vases with Pedestal, Marble Coping, Tombstones and monuments, of all sizes and styles.

Marble or Sandstone worked to order. I warrant all my work not to color or blister—time has no effect on it. I set up all of my work, thus relieving the purchaser of all trouble or risk.

Come one, come all, that are in want, and examine my work and learn my prices. I will be thankful. Don't send the money out of your own neighborhood.

Call and see me. I do not like to canvass for work, for I think it too sad a business to barter with relatives or friends.

My work can be seen in all the cemeteries of Kent and the adjoining counties.

March 11, 1881 W. REGISTER

COLIN F. STAM,

DRUGGIST,

PREPARES MEDICINES

from only the

Purest and Most Reliable Dru

in the market.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS GIVE

—TO—

Physicians' Recipies,

Which are prepared in the

Most Skillful Manner

and in accordance with all the improved me ods of Pharmacy.

Moderate Prices,

Absolute Accuracy, Neatness and Pharmace cs' skill are what we claim for our work.

Drug Store on corner—sign—Illumin Mortar.

March 1, 188

Fashionable Tailo

DO YOU WANT A NEAT SUIT CLOTHES THIS SPRING?

THEN GO TO STOLL

opposite the Kent Nat. Bank, Chestertow

Spring styles of Casimeres on hand, and made to order in latest styles.

May 8, 1884. L. STOL

FOR SALE.

Post! Post! Pos

SEVERAL THOUSAND LOCUST, C White Oak and other kinds of POSTS o erent sizes and lengths. They lay in the second, fourth and fifth districts. Also White and Red Oak BRIDGE BOARDS, White Oak piling and railroad ties.

Charles W. jones, living near Mr. P. A. M. Brooks' woods, will act as my agent to deliver all orders, but the sales Must be made by me. All persons are forbidden to take anything out of the said woods unless by my or Charles W. Jones' permission.

WILLIAM PERKINS.

March 8, 1883.

ONION SETS.

SILVER SKIN and RED SKIN,

Very cheap. M. A. TOULSON,

March 27. Druggis

STAIR RODS—CHEAP!

at LOUIS K. STAM'S

VERY BEAUTIFUL

line of Window Shades, very low

at LOUIS K. STAM'S.

Stoves! Stoves!

STOVES!

Our line of Cook and Heating Stoves is complete.

We guarantee every one we sell! Our New Emerald, Virginia Farmer Girl, New Regulator, Southern Girl, and New Charm Cook Stoves, cannot fail to do us credit, and the purchaser good service.

Our Ranges have been thoroughly tested and proven a blessing in our community. The leading names are: The Happy, The Maryland, Reliance, Clifton, Daisy and Cozy.

The Happy Cook or Range is for either wood or Coal, and in our judgment has no equal for good baking.

Our "Splendid"

FIRE PLACE HEATER

TAKES THE LEAD!

Every one sold gives entire satisfaction. We guarantee them.

Our stock of Heating Stoves comprises all the latest improvements and are elegantly finished.

Call and examine our stock and get prices.

JOEL R. CLEMENTS,

adjoining Kent Nat'l Bank.

Jan. 31, 1884.

CHESTERTOWN, March 5, 1884.

PATRONIZE

HOME ENTERPRISE!

Provided, it is *both* directly and indirectly your interest to do so. If we sell you better manufactured

Lumber,

Better Seasoned Lumber, Brighter Dried-out Lumber—out of Best Selected Logs, cut just as it ought to be, and handled especially for you—and at as *low* or *lower figures* than any one else, then why loose time and money buying at any other place?

Call at Scott's Point

and be convinced

We propose that your CASH *shall buy as much valuable* LUMBER *here as at anyothermarket within* 50 *miles.*

Joseph Turner

March 13, 1884.

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO FARMERS

And All Whom It May Concern

Having a large quantity of the best quality of

March 27. Druggist.

PLOW Traces, Hames, Back Bands and Chain Traces.

For sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

PLOW CASTINGS! PLOW CASTINGS!

For the Roland Chilled Plows, Concave, Wiley, and Minor and Horton Plows—at

J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

STRAW HATS.—We have a large assortment, newest styles, Fine Straw Hats. Also common Straw Hats at low prices.

J. H. SIMPERS.

EXTENSION TABLES—

new lot just received, very low

Feb. 14. LOUIS K. STAM.

GRASS Scythes and Grass Snaths, Bush Scythes and Bush Snaths, Grass Hooks and Scythe Stones, for sale by

J. K. ALDRIDGE.

HOPE H. BARROLL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chestertown, d.

Prompt attention to the collection of claims. Loans negotiated.

Office opposite the Court House, on Main St. next door to the store of T. W. Eliason, Jr.

Feb. 1, 1883.

DR. T. H. COOPER,

HOMEOPATHIC,

Office Main street, opposite Voshell House,

assisted by his brother.

Having permanetly located in Chestertown, can be found all day and evening at office, except otherwise professionally engaged.

Special attention given to women and chil

june 21, 1883.

Chster River Steamboat Company

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO FARMERS AND SHIPPERS

With every facility we are now prepared receive GRAIN on consignment, or the highest CASH PRICE paid for the same by

J. R. CLEMENTS, AGENT,

July 6, 1882—tf. Chestertown Granary

J. T. Twilley. H. M. Thomas.

COAL! COAL!

We have on hand a good article of SOFT COAL for Steam Threshers. Also, a good quality of Anthracite (White Ash) Coal, 2,240 lbs. to ton.

All persons in want of Coal will do well to call and see us before buying.

July 12—tf. J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.

D. B. STEWART CO.,

General Commission Merchants

and Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, Dried Fruits, Canned Goods, &c., Southern Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty.

68 SOUTH CALVERT STREET,

Orders for Sweet Potatoes, Aspinwall Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Produce generally, promptly filled. [Feb. 21.

COAL! WOOD! LIME!

TO those in need of COAL, would do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

Having purchased from four to five hundred cords of the very best seasoned

Oak and Pine WOOD,

we flatter ourselves in saying that it cannot be beat in quality or length.

To those interested in LIME, HAIR, CEMENT &c., would do well to give us a call before buying, as we have bought at reduced prices. Give us a call. Thankful for past patronage, I remain yours respt.,

J. D. BACCHUS.

Feb. 28—y.

J. ARMSTRONG. W. H. SPARKS.

ARMSTRONG & SPARKS,

LIQUOR DEALERS,

SALOON ATTACHED,

146 LIGHT ST. WHARF,

Baltimore, Md.

Jugs and Demijohns a specialty. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Feb. 28, 1884.

LEVERING'S COFFEE.



Recognized as the Best.

Our Coffee is absolutely pure, not glazed or colored, and is selected from our large stock of Green Coffee, with special reference to its Drinking qualities. Glazing and coloring roasted Coffee adds to the weight and hides the imperfections, which is entirely against our interest as a consumer.

Ask your Grocer for LEVERING'S COFFEE, *and take no other.*

E. LEVERING & CO.

Established 1842.] Baltimore.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Levering's Coffee Cup and Saucer Plaque: (a large, original and beautiful design.)

April 17—3m.

ACME HALL,

the Palace Clothing Establishment of Baltimore,

Opens its doors to the public on April 5th, and extends to all lovers of fine Clothing a special invitation to look over its Goods. Our object is to supply gentlemen with such spring and summer Clothing they have hitherto been unable to procure except from Merchant Tailors, at exorbitant prices. We obviate all delays and chances of misfits that so frequently follow ordered goods, and we guarantee our garments fully equal, and even superior, to most measured work, at considerably lower figures.

The most fastidious cannot fail to be pleased with the Men's and Boys' Garments shown at

ACME HALL,

"The Mirror of Fashion,"

209 W. BALTIMORE ST.

Strictly One Price.

April 3, 1884.

LIME! LIME!

No. 1 Wood Burnt Lime,

—FOR—

BUILDING AND WHITEWASHING

LOWEST PRICES

by J. B. SAPPINGTON.

May 22, 1884

Question,

What shall I read?

Answer,

Examine Large Stock of Sea Side and Lovell's Libraries at

C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE.

If you want any Books by *Mail*, send for a catalogue.

A PARADISE FOR COWBOYS.

DODGE CITY REGAINING ITS FORMER RENOWN AND PROSPERITY.

From N. Y. Sun Letter.

DODGE CITY, KAN., May 21.—This is a cowboy city with a history. A "leading business man" here is a gambler, a "prominent citizen" is a saloon keeper, and a "solid and substantial man" is a proprietor of a dance house. These three elements comprise the great majority of the people. Their patrons are the cowboys and others who come in with the thousands on thousands of cattle annually shipped here. Dodge City is still suffering from one of the most peculiar political and social contests that ever embroiled a community.

A few days ago notice was received here that ex-Gov. St. John and the Rev. A. B. Campbell, both of them temperance speakers, would arrive here this week to address the people on the subject uppermost in their minds. The announcement caused a great commotion among the saloon and dance house keepers, gamblers, and other "best people," and in a few hours a petition asking the distinguished laborers in the field of prohibition to remain away was in circulation. It was signed by thirty-eight men, including all the city officials, and promptly awarded to its destination, accompanied by an article from the local newspaper setting forth the reasons for this extraordinary action. To begin with, the newspaper said, the city has not yet recovered from an insurrection which has cost the people thousands of dollars, demoralized trade and depreciated property. Peace having been in a measure restored, it is now deemed imprudent and unwise "to assist any person or persons, saints or sinners, to agitate the subject of prohibition in this city. The people do not question these gentlemen's rights in the premises. They may come here and talk to our people on any subject they please and go away, we presume, unmolested, but we deem it unwise and unjust to reopen the temperance question here now, and for the sake of harmony and peace we advise St. John and Campbell to keep away from Dodge City."

These documents were forwarded the other day to the eminent reformers, fully attested by the signatures of the Mayor, who is a saloon keeper, the city Treasurer, who is a gambler, the two city Marshals, who are dance hall men, and the Aldermen, who are saloonists, and in a day or two an answer came back that the proposed visit had been reconsidered by St. John, but that his clerical friend might be expected to drop in here at any time. When he comes he will receive a lively and enthusiastic reception.

The political troubles of Dodge City, to which this episode gives a small insight, arose from business rivalry between various saloon men. A. B. Webster had been Mayor for two terms, when his business neighbor, W. H. Harris, also a saloon keeper, of the firm of Harris & Short, announced his intention of running for the office. Webster was afraid he could not be re-elected himself; so he imported from the Indian Territory a man named D. E. Deger, and backed him for the Mayoralty against Harris. Deger had never been in Dodge City before, but a mass convention was held and he was put in the field as the people's candidate. Harris called himself the people's candidate, also. On the morning of election Webster, working for Deger, ran in about one hundred laborers from the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road and took possession of the polls, electing judges satisfactory to himself, and generally managing things in a very high-handed manner. Legal voters were ruled out summarily, and everybody who signified a willingness to vote for Deger was permitted to deposit his ballot unchallenged. When Webster thought enough votes had been cast he ordered the poles closed, and it was found that Deger had been elected by a rousing majority. As soon as the result was known Webster and Deger, having motives of their own for the act, heralded their victory as a great "prohibition" triumph—a veritable uprising of the law and order people against the dissolute members of society.

As soon as Deger was installed as Mayor he issued an order closing all the dance and gambling houses and saloons in the city except those kept by Bond & Nixon on the south side of the railroad track, and by Webster in the main town. Bond & Nixon were not included in the list of suppressed establishments, because before the election, in consideration of services rendered, Deger had agreed to give them a monopoly of the business on that side of the track. Harris & Short, the rival firm of liquor dealers which Webster was anxious to run out of town, were notified that they must close their doors. They dismissed their girl waiters and kept the front door closed for a few days and then opened again with a bevy of imported beauties. Deger swooped down upon them at once with his marshals and carried them off to jail. They secured bail, and that night as Luke Short, one of the firm, was walking up the street, he met the policeman who arrested him and fired at him, without effect.

The next night the Webster and Deger party held a meeting and organized a vigilance committee, with Nixon, of the firm of Bond & Nixon, for a leader. This was done with a great flourish in the interest of law and order, good government, sobriety, and decency. When morning came the vigilantes arrested Luke Short and about a dozen of his sympathizers and locked them up, without trial or hearing of any kind. After considering the matter a few hours, it was decided to banish them and all the women who had been employed in the dance houses not run in sympathy with the new administration. When this determination was communicated to the prisoners they demanded a trial, but were curtly refused, being told that they were to be marched to the depot and at the muzzle of shotguns given an opportunity to take trains east or west as they chose. This programme was carried out, some of the exiles going east and others west. One of the men attempted to return, but the vigilantes met him at the depot with shotguns, and refused to let him get off the train. A lawyer of Larned, whom Short had telegraphed to on learning of his banishment, arrived on one of the trains, but was not permitted to alight. Armed men stayed at the depot day and night, watching all trains and stopping everybody whom they suspected entertained sympathy for the exiles.

After Short and his immediate followers had been got rid of the vigilantes turned their attention to the gamblers, and waiter girls who remained. Notices were served on scores of these people who were not needed in Bond & Nixon's saloon that they must leave town by a certain day. The gamblers were in a quandary, and did not know which way to turn. Many of them concluded to marry the girls and throw themselves on the mercy of the vigilantes, and for a time the preacher and the Justice of the Peace had their hands full with match making. In one day the preacher married thirteen couples, and the Justice also did a land office business. This subterfuge did not work, however, and the bridal couples by the score were compelled to take trains at the muzzles of the vigilantes' guns.

After a while the cowboys, the chief patrons of Dodge City's business institutions, began to grumble at the deadness of the town and the scarcity of amusements. Two or three saloons and dance houses run on a monopoly system, where there were once scores of similar institutions indulging in the most enlivening competition, failed to come up to their idea of what a town at the end of the "drive" should be, and they complained loudly. Business of all kinds fell off, and even the monopolists found themselves wishing for the good old days.

Short had too much at stake in Dodge City to submit to a lawless exile without making an effort to get back. He went to Kansas City and Topeka, secured funds, lawyers, and friends, and at last appealed to the Governor for military protection in his contemplated attempt to regain possession of his business. While awaiting action on the part of the Executive, Short sent word to many of his old friends on the border that he had some business for them, and in the course of a week he had around him in Kansas City the most noted party of "killers" that ever assembled in one place in the West. The first man who responded to his invitation was Masterson, once Sheriff at Dodge City, who had in his day killed twenty-seven men. He came from Trinidad, Colorado, having been ordered out of Dodge City two years before, and that for cherishing some feeling in the matter himself. John Calhoun of Caldwell, who has a long and gory record as a Western fighter, also joined the muster, and with Short and Masterson proceeded to Topeka. There they were joined by Wyatt Earp, of Silverton, Doc Holliday of Leadville, Joe Lowe of Denver, and Shotgun Collins of Pueblo.

With this galaxy of border talent Short concluded to return to his own. When he and his army moved on Dodge City the people of that town, now heartily tired of the difficulty, sent word that no obstacle would be placed in his way, and that the presence of a picked guard from the far West or a company of Kansas militia was unnecessary. Short kept his friends near him, however, and the Governor sent the militia, but no trouble ensued, and the "fighters" soon left for their homes.

Since then the "law and order" element has not been very enthusiastic in its efforts to run the town. The late exiles have, for the most part, returned, and saloons, dance houses, and gambling dens crowd one upon the other the whole length of the main street. The gentle, sport-loving cow-boy, fresh from a long and laborious "drive" from Texas, regales himself as of yore. The festivities of the town are kept up unceasingly days and nights and Sundays, and Dodge City promises to see many a year of prosperity.

With a fresh grip on the cattle traffic and all her "business" interests waxing strong and healthy, it is not surprising that even a "reform" Mayor and the leading citizens should protest against the coming of St. John and other temperance advocates. They have had their fun and they do not want any more.

Farm and Garden Notes.

Plan your work and save worry.

Let tool borrowers be sorrowers.

Make manure fine before using it.

Yellow corn is surest for cold land.

The best hired help is the cheapest.

Plant beets, peas and potatoes early.

"Good fences make good neighbors."

Fight stock vermin and plant insects.

Keep dirt, etc., out of the woolsacks.

Chopped beets are good for milch cows.

Sowing impure seeds brings evil weeds.

Keep all farm tools, etc., in good repair.

Sow fresh ground plaster with grass seed.

Plaster is "no good" on damp, mucky soils.

Bluegrass clover makes the best pasture for hogs.

It takes only one season to grow horse-radish in perfection.

Wood-ashes is an excellent fertilizer for onions; none better.

Use a currycomb on the cows to take out the loose hair.

A good farmer may be known by the way he cares for his manure.

Salt fish are quickest and best freshened by soaking in sour milk.

Excessive and late cutting will help to run down an asparagus bed.

By pinching back the buds of your oleander you may make it bloom in a pot next winter.

The Virginia creeper is a fast grower as a vine around the house. In autumn it is of a beautiful color.

Sugar of lead rubbed on the eruption caused by poison ivy is beneficial. It is a poison if taken inwardly.

Give your hens pieces of old cabbage or hang a cabbage by a limb and so near the ground that they can peck at it.

An English authority feeds to cows only the bottom of the turnip after the crown has been cut off, thus preventing the turnip flavor.

Lima beans are grown more successfully if planted in rows, seeds six inches apart, than if planted in hills. The rows should be about three feet apart.

An Englishman will carry melon seeds in his pocket a long time before planting, thinking they are benefitted by so doing, the heat tending to perfect them.

A farmer who has tried the experiment recommends mixing coal and wood ashes together, and applying liberally to young orchards in the spring.

A British medical journal says that cows drink filthy water for its saline taste, and proposes an antidote in the shape of rock salt, kept always in reach of the cows.

Among the other remedies for lice on live stock which are going the rounds of the press, it is claimed that the water in which potatoes have been boiled is quite efficacious.

A remedy for balky horses, which works well, is to put a small stone or sand in the horse's ear. Generally the horse will start off at once at a lively gait, unless he balks from fatigue.

It is a good plan to make a thorough cleaning-out of corn cribs and graneries at least once a year, in order to get rid of rats and mice. If every vestige is removed the new crop will suffer much less loss than by usual careless methods. Wheat kept for years in granaries is liable to be infested by the weevil, which is very destructive.

What the Democratic Leaders Think.

Prominent Democrats in the House of Representatives have been interviewed on the subject of the tariff. Here are the views of some of them:

"In my opinion," said Speaker Carlisle, "it will be the duty of the Democratic National Convention when it meets at Chicago to make a clear and unequivocal declaration in favor of tariff reform. The sentiment of the party is overwhelmingly in favor of a tariff for revenue and the convention should so declare."

"I insist," said Mr. Hurd, of Ohio, "that the convention shall not only give voice to the principles aimed at in the Morrison bill, but that it shall formally and emphatically indorse the course pursued by the supporters of that bill. I want it to be clearly defined whether it is possible for a man to be both a Democrat and a protectionist. My opinion is that the declaration of the convention will be so clear and bold that there will be nothing left for a Democrat to do but indorse it or get out of the party."

"All the Democratic members of the Illinois delegation in the House," said Mr. Morrison, "are with me in desiring to reduce tariff taxes. We are all in favor of the central idea of the old tariff plank—a revenue tariff. We care very little what words are employed to express the idea, so that it is stated clearly. Whether the convention declared for 'a tariff only for revenue,' as in 1876, or 'a tariff for revenue only,' as in 1880, or adopts some other phrase, is of little moment. We only ask—and we fully expect—that the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue shall be put to the front."

"You know my position very well," Mr. Cox said: "there has never been any doubt as to my views on the subject of protection. Recent events have not toned down my opinions. 'Not one cent for tribute' is my maxim. I do not expect or desire any new doctrine from the National Convention. The old declaration—'a tariff for revenue only'—is good enough for me and will meet the views of New York Democrats."

Our "Forty Immortals."

Fifteen at least of the "Forty Immortals"—the native American men authors who by the readers of the New York *Critic* are deemed most worthy of membership in a possible American academy formed on the same general principle as the French academy—live in or near Boston. Ten live in or near New York. The list, with the number of votes cast for each man named, is as follows:

Oliver Wendell Holmes, 130; James Russell Lowell, 128; John Greenleaf Whittier, 125; George Bancroft, 121; William Dean Howell, 119; George William Curtis, 118; Thomas Bailey Aldrich, 111; Francis Bret Harte, 105; Edmund Clarence Steadman, 104; Richard Grant White, 102; Edward Everett Hale, 100; George W. Cable, 87; Henry James, 86; S. L. Clemmens (Mark Twain), 84; Charles Dudley Warner, 84; Henry Ward Beecher, 83; James Freeman Clarke, 82; Richard Henry Stoddard, 82; William Dwight Whitney, 77; Walt Whitman, 76; Asa Gray, 69; Noah Porter, 66; John Fiske, 62; Theodore D. Woolsey, 57; A. Bronson Alcott, 55; Julian Hawthore, 55; John Burroughs, 52; Thomas Wentworth Higginson, 19; John G. Saxe, 49; Octavius Brooks Frothingham, 48; George P. Fisher, 47; Moses Colt Tyler, 45; Charle A. Dana, 44; Donald G. Mitchell, 41; Alexander Winchell, 38; Edwin P. Whipple, 37; George Parsons Lathrop, 36; W. W. Story, 36; Francis Parkman, 34.

Seven Scraps about Summer Styles.

As Picked Up Here and There.

Jaunty seaside hats are of dark blue straw, in poke or turban shape, trimmed with white or blue crepe and ornamented with a white bird.

The new "grandmere" fabrics copy to perfection in their weaving the stitches of quilting.

The polonaise is the favorite garment for midsummer utility suits.

The latest novelty in parasol handles are those covered with plush.

Long tan silk gloves will be the favorites for summer wear.

Black silk stockings are worn with all low-cut shoes.

Belt boquets of narcissus and jacqueminots are worn.

The Big Brewery.

Mr. J. Hirsch, College Point Brewery, L. I., N. Y., writes that he employs a large number of horses and hands, and having tried St. Jacobs Oil the great pain-cure for rheumatism, aches and pains of his men, and for galls, splints, thrush, wind-galls and other affections of his horses, finds it a superior to all remedies, and would not be without it.

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