The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Thursday Morning June 12, 1884

C. G. WOODALL

Editor and Publisher.

Blaine and Logan.

The Republican Convention which met in Chicago last week, nominated on the third day and on the fourth ballot James G. Blaine of Maine as the standard bearer of the party, giving him the nomination by a large majority vote of the Convention. John A. Logan of Illinois was unanimously nominated on second ballot for Vice-President.

Have the Republicans made wise nominations?

No.

In the nomination of James G. Blaine, they have antagonized the best and purest element of their party. Already two great Republican newspapers, the New York *Times* and the New York *Post*, have declared that they will not support Blaine. His nomination disgusts the higher element of the Republican party, represented by such men as George William Curtis, Wm. M. Evarts and Charles Francis Adams, Jr.

The Republican Reform Club, of Massachusetts, has declared against him in the strongest manner, and has gone so far as to indicate its purpose to support the Democratic candidate, should he be a man of high character and pure record.

In short, James G. Blaine has utterly failed to enkindle the enthusiasm of the better element of the Republican party. In his lengthy political career, while he has established himself as a bold and brilliant politician, he has not built up a reputation for political honesty and honor. On the contrary, his political record is tattooed with many shady transactions.

Gen. John A. Logan, the nominee for Vice-President, may be described by his two leading characteristics,—first his inability to speak the English language grammatically, and second his hatred of the South.

Blaine and Logan do not make a strong ticket.

What will July the 8th Do?

Who will be the presidential standard bearer of the Democracy this year? This much is certain, the Convention which meets in Chicago on the 8th day of July next, will put up a man with a clean record, and one who will command the respect and confidence of the American people. Thomas F. Bayard and Governor Cleveland have come more prominently to the front since the Blaine nomination than any others. Either of these would make a candidate whom the American people would delight to honor. Both are men of high types of character and of clean records. It has been urged against Mr. Bayard that his State casts only three electoral votes. In the case of a candidate whose reputation is bounded by State lines, this might be a valid argument, but Mr. Bayard's strength cannot be measured by the little State of Delaware. It is ridiculous that so small a State should monopolize so large a man. Mr. Bayard has a reputation that is national. If he were nominated for the presidency, his nativity would not be considered, but his distinguished abilities and his upright character would enkindle an enthusiasm that would not only concentrate the Democratic party, but would draw over the better element of the Republican party, which will not willingly support James G. Blaine.

Governor Cleveland is a younger man than Mr Bayard, and has not had the experience of the latter in national politics. But as governor of the great State of New York, Mr. Cleveland has shown himself to possess executive abilities of a marked order, and above all there has been no governor, aside from Samuel J. Tilden, who has given the State of New York so upright an administration. Like Mr. Bayard, Mr. Cleveland is a man with a spotlessly clean record.

From present appearances it would seem that the Democratic nominee must be one of these two, unless indeed Mr. Tilden allow his name to go before the Convention. This last, however, is not likely to occur, as Mr. Tilden has made more than one positive statement that he would not accept the nomination if tendered. If not Tilden, then either Bayard or Cleveland will make an unimpeachable candidate.

Has the Horse Any Rights?

In many States there is a law for prevention of cruelty to Animals. There should be such a law in this State. There is only one animal that suffers frequently from human cruelty. That animal is the horse, the noblest of all animals. In most men's bosoms there is a love for the horse that is akin to human love, but there are some unfeeling men whose only care is to get all the service possible out of the faithful animals, regardless of the misery and suffering that may be caused them. Frequently they are under-fed and over-worked. In this State, there should be a law that should provide, that when a horse's bones show through his skin in such a manner as to prove that he is not sufficiently fed, he shall by a proper process be taken in charge by the district constable, and sold to the highest bidder for cash, until he finds an owner who will take proper care of him. This law should also provide fines and punishments for men who habitually overwork their horses Men should be made to understand that horses have some rights which men are bound to respect.

In Chestertown, some weeks ago, a negro carter came from the Chester river steamboat wharf with a load of coal. His horse was of slight build and the load was very heavy. At the hill leading up High street from the wharf, the horse stopped from sheer inability to pull the load up the hill. The negro whipped him and then beat him with the butt end of his whip all over the head and body, until the horse finally lay down in the shafts from agony. This negro ought to have been liable to arrest and imprisonment, just as much as though that horse had been a human being, and our next Legislature ought to give us a law that will properly protect our noble dumb animal from such human brutes.

Peaches and the Oriole.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Monday seems inclined to doubt the statement made last week by the *Transcript*, that the Baltimore packing houses were closed by last year's Oriole, and that there was an immense loss occasioned thereby to Peninsular peach growers. Our statement, however, was within bounds. The Peninsular peach growers should this year make a vigorous move against the holding of the Oriole before October. In every county of this Peninsula, there should be an organized protest. If the peach growers will act unitedly, they can make Baltimore understand that if she must have her show, she must at least have some regard for an important industry of an important part of the State. The trade of this Peninsula is worth enough to Baltimore to warrant being encouraged, and it is little enough to ask that the holding of the Oriole be postponed till a date fifteen or twenty days later than it has hitherto been held.

Did the Republicans blunder at Chicago on June the 6th?

It seems that they did.

Will the Democrats put up a tattooed man on July the 8th, or later?

The probability is that they will not.

Will the better element of the Republican party vote for James G. Blaine next November?

A large portion of this better element has already declared that it will not.

How Blaine Stands with the Better Element in His Own Party.

Below we give some of the comments that have come from Republican sources, concerning James G. Blaine, the recently nominated candidate of the Republican party:

The New York *Times*, the most ably edited and the most influential paper in the Republican party says:

"There will be nothing ambiguous about the defeat of Mr. Blaine. He who runs may clearly read the verdict in advance: 'A candidate unworthy of confidence and a party too careless of its own honor to be longer trusted with the nation's.' That defeat will be the salvation of the Republican party. It will arouse its torpid conscience, it will stir it to self-purification, it will depose the false leaders who have fastened themselves upon it; it will send the rogues to the background, and will make the party once more worthy of honor and of power in the republic it has so nobly served."

As to its own position in the canvass it says, with a plainness that cannot be mistaken:

"The *Times* will not support Mr. Blaine for the presidency; it will advise no man to vote for him, and its reasons for this course are perfectly well understood by everybody that has ever read it."

The New York *Post*, the Republican paper to which William Cullen Bryant gave character during his lifetime, and which has ever since maintained a high political standard, believes that the nomination of either Cleveland or Bayard by the Democrats, would leave the Republican nominee without a chance of success. Of Blaine it says:

"The Chicago convention asks a large and influential minority to accept a candidate whom it believes to be personally base and to represent more than aught else the base and corrupt and dangerous element in American politics.—What makes the matter all the worse is that the situation thus created is one in which no compromise is possible. No voter dares to tell his friends or his family that he is going to vote for a man knowing him to be a knave. What is to be the issue from this deplorable and disastrous, but deliberately created muddle, it is yet too soon to forecast. That Mr Blaine cannot be elected we look on as certain."

The Boston *Advertiser*, the leading journal of the Republican party in New England says:

"The events of the last three days have given us no answer to the objections so often urged in these columns against the nomination of Mr. Blaine and against the course of Mr. Blaine as a public man, and have presented no contingency in which these objections could be waived consistently with the truth or political honor. We have then nothing to retract and nothing to modify. With unabated devotion to the great purposes for which the Republican party was organized and has been maintained, we declare our inability to support the nomination, either in the present aspect of the political field or in any which now seems likely to present itself."

The Massachusetts Republican Reform Club has made the following formal declaration:

"The Massachusetts Reform Club regard the nomination of Messrs. Blaine and Logan by the Republican party as a distinct and unqualified repudiation of all its professions of reform and as an insult to the conscience of the country and that the members of the club will under no circumstances support them."

Charles Francis Adams, Jr., in a letter to the Massachusetts Republican Reform Club says:

"I presume there is no question as to the attitude of the members of the club toward the Republican nominations. We will at once organize to defeat them. On this point it seems to me our response cannot be too explicit or our action too quick. Steps should be taken with the least possible delay to enable ourselves to exert whatever influence we can on the other and coming convention. We have now less than no standing before that convention, for Massachusetts goes to it pledged to the support of her own political mounte-bank, whose nomination would actually drive many of us as a choice of evils to vote for Blaine. We should do what we can to prevent this, and can do much. Could the democratic party be galvanized into that degree of momentary good sense which would lead it for once to astonish the country and itself by putting forward such a ticket as Cleveland and Carlisle, the result in November would not be in doubt for a moment."

The New York *Herald*, a great and influential journal that is independent in politics, but generally takes the Republican view of affairs, says of the Blaine nomination:

"Every man who cares for the purity of public life and the welfare of the country must poignantly regret Blaine's nomination. However, the choice will be accepted by a large number of voters with something of grim satisfaction, as it will enable the party and the country to bury out of sight so bad a candidate by an overwhelming defeat. These voters may now congratulate themselves that they are in a fair way to have done with Blaine forever."

Henry Ward Beecher says:

From what he knows about him he would not vote for Blaine for any public office in the United States. He further says that if the Democrats nominate Gov. Cleveland he will vote for him with pleasure—that if the Republicans cannot elect a decent President a Democrat should be chosen.

It really looks as if Blaine might fail to carry Massachusetts. The Boston *Advertiser*, the leading Republican paper of Massachusetts, and indeed the leading Republican paper of New England, has declared that it will not support him. The Boston *Transcript*, another strong Republican paper, gives him a very equivocal support.

Harper's Weekly, a publication that has in every Presidential campaign since the war contributed pictorially and editorially to Republican success, will not support Blaine and Logan. The N. Y. *Post* of Monday says,—

"Various statements having been made as to the probable course of *Harper's Weekly* in regard to the nomination of Blaine and Logan, a reporter of the *Evening Post* to-day visited the publishing house of Harper & Brothers in order to obtain if possible an authorized announcement on the subject. In reply to an inquiry, a representative of the house made the statement, by authority, that *Harper's Weekly* will oppose the Chicago nominations; that the decision to that effect was reached by the members of the house unanimously, and that the pen of Mr. George William Curtis and the pencil of Mr. Thomas Nast will be in support of this course."

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 6, 1884.

Without claiming greater prescience than others, in our notes to the *Transcript*, we have from time to time stated that Governor Tilden would, under no circumstances, permit the use of his name at the Convention to assemble at Chicago in July; that he would ere that time write a letter refusing most positively to become a candidate, and in this connection we have urged upon the Democratic party the wisdom of selecting, out of the many prominent men in the party, some one around whom all elements could rally.

In the great desire to right the wrong of 1876 the masses of the party have not been willing to heed the admonitions, but have gone on blindly crying "Tilden" and "the old ticket," never looking over the field to see who should take up the banner that Tilden was sure to lay down; and now within four weeks of the assembling of the convention they have the positive assurance of Mr. Tilden, through Mr. Dana, of the *Sun*, that he has had his letter prepared for two months and has only withheld it at the earnest solicitation of friends, but will present it to the New York Democratic State Convention to meet on the 8th inst. He will say he cannot and will not accept a nomination. Many leading members of the party were as well advised as were we as to Mr. Tilden's determination not to be a candidate, but they have for purpose best known to themselves insisted that he would accept the nomination if tendered. It may be that these gentlemen have, like the "Plumed Knight" from Maine, in the Republican party, been running a quiet boom, been on a still hunt, and hope to spring upon the Convention a candidate fully panoplied, and so earnestly and strongly supported as to carry the Convention by storm, but as we notified the readers of the *Transcript* that Mr. Tilden would not accept a nomination, we now warn them against any plan such as is herein indicated.

The tariff plank of the Republican platform just adopted at Chicago, seems to attract more attention than any other, and has been pretty universally discussed. It is an effort to be on all sides of the question, and taken in splinters will suit the protectionist and free trader, as well as the revenue reformer. It is all things to all men, that it may catch votes.

Judge Kelly, Republican, says "the plank means a revision of the prohibitory features of the present tariff."

Mr. Hiscock, Republican, says "It means an increase of duty and greater protection."

Mr. Morrison, Democrat, says "it means that the Republicans will keep all that they have got and get all they can."

The following Democrats comment as follows:

Mr. Carlisle says the action of the Convention is a complete straddle of the question.

Mr. Springer characterizes the action as a "piece of political jugglery, to catch all classes of voters."

Mr. Blount considered the Tariff plank as a "complete dodge."

"Messrs. Mills and Jones, of Arkansas, say the Republicans are dodging the question. Mr. Mills continues: "It's a lie; I hope to the Lord we will say something that will not mean a lie."

Mr. Eaton says: "Of course they want a revision; they didn't favor the Morrison bill, did they?"

Mr. Herbert says: "I expected this. We have lost our golden opportunity. The action they have taken is, however, nothing but a dodge."

Mr. Hewitt, of New York, says: "The action of the Republicans means that they want to humbug the people. They tell the workingman that he is to have more protection; the business man that the obstacles to trade will be removed. I knew they would declare for a revision of the tariff. Those gentlemen (the Ways and Means Committee) had better go to work and do something now."

From these comments it will be seen that this plank is about as clear as mud and is not understood by Democrats or Republicans.

Never in the history of Washington has there been so much excitement as to-day over the nomination by a National Convention; even the excitement of 1880 is exceeded, the streets being filled with people, while angry partizanship runs high. Of course, as soon as it was announced that the tattoed man from Maine was nominated, every big and little department clerk shouted for him and proclaimed him their first choice. It now behooves the Democratic party to go to Chicago and nominate a good ticket and victory is sure to follow. Blaine will make a vigorous canvass, but with Bayard, of Delaware, or a candidate with a record equally clean and honorable, an opportunity for Democratic success is offered. S. B.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

DELEGATES AND ELECTORS NOMINATED, AND A TARIFF-REFORM PLATFORM ADOPTED.

One hundred and seventeen delegates, representing the Maryland counties and the city of Baltimore, assembled at Ford's Opera House at noon on last Thursday and nominated delegates to Chicago and Presidential electors. The following nominations were made:—

Four Delegates at Large—Charles J. M. Gwinn, of Baltimore city; Richard Hynson, of Kent county; William Walsh, of Allegany, and John Lee Carroll, of Howard.

Congressional District Delegates, (two from each district)—First district—Robert F. Brattan, of Somerset; Dr. James C. Dirickson, of Worcester.

Second District—David N. Henning, of Carroll; John S Wirt, of Cecil.

Third District (East Baltimore)—Robert J. Slater and Wm. I. Montague.

Fourth District (West Baltimore)—Frederick Raine, John J. Fenton.

Fifth District—Fillmore Beall, of Prince George's; Dr. George Wells, of Anne Arundel.

Sixth District—H. W. Talbott, of Montgomery; Gilmor S. Hamill, of Garrett.

For Eight Presidential Electors (two at large)—Thomas J. Keating, of Queen Anne's; Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, of Baltimore county.

First Congressional District—Clement Sulivane, of Dorchester.

Second—Patrick Henry Walker, of Baltimore county.

Third—Harry E. Mann, of the seventh ward of Baltimore city.

Fourth—Skipwith Wilmer, of the eleventh ward of Baltimore city.

Fifth—Henry F. Spalding, of Patuxent, St. Mary's county.

Sixth—Henry H. Keedy, of Washington co.

The vote for delegates at large, by counties, was as follows,—

COUNTIES.	Gwinn..	McLane...	Walsh...	Hynson...	Carroll...
Allegany	0	5	5	5	5
Anne Arundel	5	0	5	5	5
Baltimore City—					
First District	7	4	3	7	7
Second District	6	4	7	7	4
Third District	7	6	5	6	3
Baltimore County	7	7	7	7	0
Calvert	3	3	0	3	3
Caroline	3	0	3	3	3
Carroll	5	0	5	5	5
Cecil	4	0	4	4	4
Charles	4	0	4	4	4
Dorchester	4	0	4	4	4
Frederick	6	0	6	6	6
Garrett	3	3	3	0	3
Harford	5	0	5	5	5
Howard	3	0	3	3	3
Kent	3	0	3	3	3
Montgomery	4	0	4	4	4
Prince George's	4	0	4	4	4
Queen Anne's	4	0	4	4	4
Somerset	4	4	4	4	0
St. Mary's	3	0	3	3	3
Talbot	4	0	4	4	4
Washington	0	5	5	5	5
Wicomico	4	4	4	4	0
Worcester	4	4	4	4	0
Total	106	49	108	113	91

The Convention was perfectly harmonious up to the time of nominating the delegates at large. Then considerable surprise and some confusion was occasioned by an attack made upon Thos. M. Lannahan, who had been nominated as a delegate at large from Baltimore, by State Senator John Gill, who charged that Lannahan had told him that he had voted for Garfield. Gill wound up his speech of denunciation by nominating Gov. McLane. A Western Maryland delegate also put in nomination William Walsh of Alleghany. Speeches in defense of Lannahan were made by Gen. Bradley T. Johnson and Senator Gorman, but a number of delegates showed that Gill's speech had made an impression upon them by announcing that they would not vote for Lannahan unless the matter were cleared up. Mr. Lannahan was consulted by telephone and withdrew his name. He, later, however, denied fully and explicitly the charges made by Gill.

PLATFORM.

The following resolutions were read from the stage by ex-Senator Wm. Pinkney Whyte, chairman of the committee on resolutions, and were adopted by the Convention:

RESOLUTIONS.

"The representatives of the democratic conservative party of Maryland, in convention assembled, do hereby adopt the following resolutions as indicating the opinions of that party in this State upon the questions now before the people of the United States:

First. That we adhere with renewed zeal to the well-considered declarations of the national democratic conventions of 1876 and 1880, and we demand reform in every department of the national government, but we affirm that "no reform is possible so long as the government is directed by a party which is under the dominion of false doctrines, and animated by enormous pecuniary interests in the perpetuation of existing abuses. The first effectual step in the reform of our government must be a fundamental change in the policy of its administration."

Second. That every branch of the national government shall be conducted upon principles of the strictest economy, and no more revenue shall be raised than is actually required for the proper expenses of the government and for the gradual extinction of the public debt, and therefore we insist upon a revision and simplification of the present tariff and such reduction in the taxes which are levied upon an overburdened people as will relieve the treasury of the large surplus which now annually accumulates therein and is a standing temptation to extravagance and corruption; that no duty should be imposed upon any article above the lowest rate which will yield the largest amount of revenue; that the maximum revenue duty should be imposed upon luxuries; that the duties should be so imposed as to operate as equally as possible throughout every part of the Union, and not discriminate either for or against any class or section.

Third. That we denounce any scheme which proposes to distribute the surplus revenue of the treasury among the States as utterly repugnant to the constitution.

Fourth. That we are opposed to the system of subsidies by the general government, under which, during the period of republican ascendency, political combinations and corporations profited at the people's expense.

Fifth. That the democratic conservative party is the friend of labor and of the laboring man, and it pledges itself to every proper effort to protect him in his just rights, and to advance his material interests.

Sixth. That the recent financial developments in New York and other cities have shown that additional and more effective legislation is required, or a more faithful administration of the national bank department at Washington is necessary, to the end that the managers of the moneyed institutions of the country may be held to a more rigid accountability for the execution of their great trust.

Seventh. That the interests of the whole people require that the civil-service system of the government should be so reorganized as to secure the appointment and continued service of honest and capable men.

Eighth. That the great fraud of 1876-77 by which, on the false count of two States and through the 8 to 7 political juggle the electoral commission—the candidates defeated at the polls were declared to be the President and Vice-President, instead of Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, who had been truly elected, struck a dead blow at our system of republican government, and the democracy of the United States will never cease the agitation through which that gross wrong shall yet be righted by a majority of the electoral votes of the American people."

THE New York *Sun* of Monday, in a review of probable candidates of the Democratic party, says of the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard,—

We have reserved to the last that veteran Democrat, that accomplished and spotless gentleman, Thomas F. Bayard of Delaware. There would be among Democrats of the old school a widespread satisfaction if the Convention should determine to nominate Mr. Bayard. A few years ago, the fact that in the conflict of the civil war his sympathies, like those of Senator Logan of Illinois, are believed to have at first inclined toward the side of the Confederate States, was justly regarded as interposing some obstacle in the way of his nomination; but that feeling, we believe, has been almost obliterated by the hand of time. Mr. Bayard stands honored of all men and of all parties; and, if he should be chosen by the Democracy as their leader in the impending struggle, the fact would be welcomed by thousands with a joy that would not be felt at the success of any one of the other gentlemen whose status and prospects we have now impartially considered.

MARRIED.

BIDDLE—JACOBS.—In Philadelphia on the 5th inst. by Rev. Mr. Jones, GEORGE S. BIDDLE to Miss IDA V. JACOBS, both of Kent county.

Hay and Grain Rakes.

The SHELDON, one of the best made, now in stock and for sale.

WM. HEPBRON. Lynch's, Md.

June 12—3t.

FOR SALE.

TWO FARM WAGONS good as new will be sold for the want of use. Light running gears, with Springs attached if desired. Terms moderate.

Apply to H. B. WOODALL, Fairlee, Md.

June 12—3t.*

NOTICE.

All persons are forbid sheltering, harboring or trusting my wife, Fannie Stoll, on my account, as she has left my house. Therefore I shall not be responsible for any bills contracted by her.

LOUIS STOLL.

Chesterville, Md., June 5, 1884—3t.

School Board Notice.

In view of the advertisement in last Saturday's paper of a "Free Dance, Festival and Raffling" to be held on the school house green in Broad Neck, all persons are hereby forbidden to trespass upon any of the Public School Lots or Buildings of the county; and the Trustees of the several schools are requested to enforce this order.

By order of the School Board.

E. F. PERKINS, Sec.

May 29—3t.

Strawberry Festival.

The Methodist Protestant Church and Sunday School of Kennedyville, will hold a Strawberry Festival on the green in front of the church, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, June 12th, 13th and 14th. The public are cordially invited. Strawberries, Ice Cream and other refreshments will be provided.

By order.

May 8, 1884—6t.

SUPPER

—AND—

Strawberry Festival

AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

On Thursday, June 12th.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

The Supper will be served in first-class style, and will consist of all the delicacies of the season, such as

FISH,

SOFT SHELL CRABS,

SPRING CHICKENS, &c.

At the Refreshment Tables will be found

ICE CREAM, STRAWBERRIES,

CAKE, &c.

Proceeds of Festival will be devoted to liquidate a debt incurred in making necessary repairs to the church.

BY ORDER COMMITTEE.

June 5—2t.

Examiners' Notice.

THE subscribers hereto, under and by virtue of their appointment, under a petition of sundry freeholders of the First Election District to the Hon. County Commissioners to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the

WIDENING OF THE ROAD

leading from the Galena and Georgetown road to Galena and Sassafras road by and over the Galena Mill Dam and known as Mill Lane, hereby give notice that on

Monday, June 16th,

at 10 o'clock A. M.,

they will meet at the point where Mill Lane joins with the Galena and Georgetown road, to discharge their duties under commission to them issued.

H. CLAY HENDRICKSON,
JAMES M. J. BYRON,
JOHN Z. CLARK.

May 15—5t.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

MRS. C. R. FIDDIS At her old stand, opposite the M. E. Church, has just opened a new stock of

SPRING MILLINERY,

comprising the latest and prettiest styles of

HATS, BONNETS, RIBBONS,

LACES, TRIMMINGS, RUFFLES, NECK-WEAR, &c.

I have studied the taste and interest of my customers in making my selections, and am confident that I can please the ladies generally both in the style and quality of my goods, and my prices shall be as low as the lowest.

STAMPIMG a specialty. Call and see me.

May 22—4t. MRS. C. R. FIDDIS.

Trustee's Sale

—OF—

A FINE FARM

IN KENT COUNTY, MD.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Circuit Court for Kent county, in equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, on

THURSDAY,

the 12th day of June, 1884,

AT 12 O'CLOCK M.,

at the Hotel of F. H. Greenwood, at Masseys, the following

VERY VALUABLE

FARM,

the late residence of Capt. Edward B Woodall, deceased, situated in the First Election District of Kent county, Md., on the road leading from Galena to Chesterville and Chestertown, and within two hundred yards of Lambson's Station on the Kent County Railroad, four miles from Georgetown on Sassafras river and four miles from Crumpton on Chester river, both being in daily communication by steamboat with Baltimore, and in summer with Philadelphia, and convenient to Churches, Schools, &c.

THIS FARM CONTAINS

$382\frac{1}{2}$ Acres,

of Land; about Thirty-five Acres in

WOOD,

PART OF IT

Fine Timber,

and is divided into Five Fields, Two Lots and 2 Orchards, all under good fencing. This is one of the Finest Farms in the county; 3,400 bushels of wheat raised on it in 1883.

The Improvements

ARE A

HANDSOME, COMMODIOUS

THREE-STORY FRAME DWELLING,

and a large two-story Back Building, and a good Cellar under the whole building. The out-buildings are very large and well-arranged, ample for the farm, and nearly new. The Stable will accommodate Seventeen Horses. The Lotts hold Fifty Tons of Hay. There is a Handsome Yard and Lawn with shrubbery and ornamental trees. There is a

YOUNG, THRIFTY

Peach Orchard

of Fifteen Hundred Trees of Choice Varieties, has been in bearing two years—crops for the two years netting $2,300.

APPLE ORCHARD

OF FINE FRUIT;

Also, a Good Variety of PEARS and Choice GRAPES.

TERMS OF SALE:

The terms of Sale as prescribed by the Decree are as follows: One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or in thirty days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee; one-fourth in two years, one-fourth in three years and one-fourth in four years from the day of sale. The deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustee. These terms may be varied by the Trustee. Possession given January 1, 1885.

RICHARD C. JOHNSON, Trustee.

U. A. C. GARRETT, Auc'r.

For information touching title consult RICHARD HYNSON, Esq., Chestertown, Md.

May 15—tds.

SALE OF A

DESIRABLE FARM

BY virtue of competent authority, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale at the Village of Still Pond, Kent county, Md., on

Wednesday, June 18, 1884,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.,

ALL THAT FARM

in the 3d Election District, situate on the west side of the public road from Still Pond village to Betterton wharf, adjoining the lands of J. E. Bryan and others, and known as "Point of Pool," "Friendship" or "Camel's Farm," and recently as the Col. Geo. Gale farm, and containing

118 Acres

OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,

all of which is cleared excepting about six acres which is in Wood.

This Farm is located in a desirable section of Kent county, convenient to water communication with Baltimore and Philadelphia, and rail road to latter place; also, to Churches, Schools, Stores, &c., in said village, and Grist Mill at head of Still Pond Creek.

The soil is of a light loam adapted to grain and grass, and particularly to the growth of Peaches. There being a

SMALL PEACH ORCHARD

thereon in bearing.

The Improvements consist of a

Dwelling House,

BARN and STABLE, in tolerable repair.

The fencing in fair order. Good water.

Tenant will show premises to persons desiring further information concerning said farm. Possession given January 1st, 1885, and privilege of seeding wheat this fall.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-half of the purchase money to be paid in cash on day of sale, or in thirty days thereafter, at the option of the Attorney, and the balance thereof to be paid in two years from day of sale, to bear interest therefrom, and to be secured by mortgage on said farm,

JAMES A. PEARCE,

J. W. CARROLL, Auc'r. Attorney for owners.

June 5—ts.

Cummings' Bakery

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.

Bread and Pies fresh every day; Pound Cake, Jelly Cake, Sponge Cake, Spanish Buns, Cinnamon Buns, Rusks, Doughnuts and Saratoga Rolls. Full line of Fresh Confectionery always on hand. Orders for cakes for wedding parties or Festivals will receive careful and prompt attention.

Steam Ice-Cream Manufactory.

Ice-Cream at wholesale and retail. Cool and pleasant Ice-cream Parlors for ladies and gentlemen. Cream put up in 1, 2, 3 and 4 quart boxes for families. All kinds of Fruit in season.

CUMMINGS' ICE-CREAM PARLORS,

May 29—tf. Next door to N. G. Westcott.

NEW GOODS.

Paper Flower Materials. A large and choice assortment just received from the N. Y. Factory. For sale at City Prices.

COLIN F. STAM, Druggist.

Trustee's Sale

—OF—

Real Estate

THE undersigned, as trustee to sell the real estate of Robert Wilson, colored, late of Kent county, deceased, under and by virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, in equity, will offer at public sale, on

Saturday, the 14th day of June, 1884,

at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following

LOTS OR PARCELS OF LAND,

situate, lying and being in the Third Election District of Kent county, State of Maryland:

Lot No. 1 is a lot in Castle Town, CONTAINING ABOUT $1\frac{1}{4}$ ACRES, improved by a small

Frame Dwelling.

Lot No. 2

CONTAINS ABOUT 10 ACRES, improvements are a Two-Story Frame Dwelling with a Kitchen attached.

No 3 is a Lot opposite No. 2, is improved by a small Frame Dwelling, and

CONTAINING ABOUT ONE ACRE OF LAND

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase money to be paid cash on the day of sale, or on the final ratification thereof at trustee's option, the residue or balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months; the whole purchase money to bear interest from the day of sale, and payments to be secured by bond of each purchaser with surety or sureties approved by the trustee.

RICHARD HYNSON, TRUSTEE.

N. B.—The creditors of the late Robert Wilson are hereby notified to file their claims with the vouchers thereof in the office of Register of Wills of Kent county, State of Maryland, within four months from the day of sale.

R. HYNSON, Trustee

May 22—ts.

Trustee's Sale

in Kent County, Maryland

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, passed on the 25th day of September, 1872, and also a decree or order of the said court, passed upon the 19th of October, 1872, the subscriber, as Trustee, will sell at Public Auction on the hotel porch of the hotel kept by John H. Thomas, in the town of Millington, on the Queen Anne's county railroad, in Kent county, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 28th, 1884,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

all the land decreed to be sold consisting of

All the Real Estate

of which the late Richard Moffett died seized, divided up, and will be sold as follows in three tracts:

No. 1.

Contains 123 Acres,

being part of Palmer's Hazzard and Chester Grove, on which J. N. Moffett now resides,

Improved by a

Frame Dwelling

and other necessary OUT-BUILDINGS, with an Orchard of Apple and Peach Trees.

No. 2

Contains 125 Acres,

MORE OR LESS,

now occupied by Rich. F. Moffett, and within 100 yards of lot or farm No. 1. This farm is improved by a

DWELLING

and necessary Out-Houses, with some Fruit Trees.

No. 3

contains the balance of the real estate of said Rich. Moffett, and on which Enoch Moffett now resides,

contaning 102 Acres

MORE OR LESS.

All of these three tracts of land are situated at about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Millington, 3 miles from Chesterville, 15 miles from Chestertown, adjoining the lands of the heirs of Lewis Price and others, in the 1st district of Kent county, Md.

TERMS.—One-fifth cash, balance in four payments of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months with interest from sale.

For particulars apply to

M. BANNON,

Trustee, 32 St. Paul's Street, Balt.

The creditors of the late Richard Moffitt, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims with the clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county within four months from day of sale

M. BANNON, Trustee.

June 5—ts.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have to say, in regard to Mr. Bannon's advertisement in the *Transcript* and *Kent News*, that I think it unjust to have my property advertised for claims that I have nothing to do with. His decree should be on lands charged with the payment of his claim. My portion was charged with debts and legacies for which C. H. Baker got a decree to sell by the court, some time prior to the date of Mr. Bannon's decree. I had settled my father's debts, and had purchased of C. H. Baker, as trustee, my part of the land devised to me by my father, and had settled with said C. H. Baker, trustee, for the purchase money for same in full.

E. J. MOFFET.

June 12, 1884—3t.

Chester River Steamboat Company

SPRING & SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

1884. *1884.*

To take effect Monday, June 9th, 1884,

The Steamer GEO. LAW

will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M., for Baltimore, stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island, arriving in Baltimore at 12.30 P. M.

Returning, will leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M., making all the above landings.

Steamer CHESTER

will leave Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 A. M., stopping at all the above landings; also, Round Top, Deep Landing, Spry's and Crumpton.

Leave Crumpton every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M., and Chestertown at 7 A. M.

Steamer CORSICA

leaves Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at midnight for Centreville via Corsica creek, Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's, and Chestertown. Leave Chestertown every Tuesday and Thursday at 5 P. M., and on Saturday at 1 P. M.

Freight received daily.

GEO. WARFIELD, President.

June 12, 1884.

T. D. GAMBRILL,

MUSIC TEACHER,

Voshell House, Chestertown.

References—Sanders & Stayman, Rev. J. T. Rosster, Baltimore, and C. M. Lucas, L. K. Stam and others, Chestertown.

Terms—$10 per session of ten weeks.

Piano and Organ tuning and repairing promptly attended to.

April 24, 1884—6m.

CHAIRS—very large lot of many kinds cheap, LOUIS K. STAM.

Harvest is Coming

FARMERS WANTING

Binders or Reapers

will do well to look at

THE WOOD!

before they purchase.

Cuts, Binds & Carries to the Shock

She is in advance of them all. She cuts her cord with a chisel, and does it with ease. Makes no noise like a cart tipping over stones. Mr. Wood invented it himself, and had seven companies try to buy the right. He won't sell. Mr. Appleby sells shop-right, and twenty different Reapers use his Binder, and all trying to improve on it.

The WOOD has but Two Springs in her Binder, some of them have ten. When they get weak they will miss sheaves certain. Every person buying the Wood will get a book with every piece numbered, and the pieces will be kept at Mr. Sol Startt's shop, handy for the farmers.

WE HAVE A MOWER

SECOND TO NONE.

It has steel plates, and when the guards wear out can be repaired at a cost of ten cents, and then she is as good as new. She runs light, don't choke in heavy grass, has patent oil boxes, no dirt nor grit can get in. Driver sets on and oils, runs easy and has durability. If they do not work we want no pay.

Wm. Ford,

May 22—5w. Agent, Chestertown, Md.

Wroth & Aldridge

Have received their Full Invoice of

SPRING GOODS!

Summer Goods!!

Everything desirable kept in a First-Class Store now in stock.

Extra Inducements offered this season! The ladies are especially invited.

Large Stock of White and Fancy Mattings, from $12\frac{1}{2}$ cts. up.

Floor and Table Oil Cloth in all widths and styles.

Straw Hats! Straw Hats to suit all ages!! 20 doz. of one kind.

Spring and Summer Dress Goods! Choice lot of Percals and Lawns. India Linens from $12\frac{1}{2}$c. to 35c.

Our stock of Shoes and Slippers is complete.

Our Grocery Department is Full of Choice Goods. Best Granulated Sugar 9c.

NOTICE!

THE FARMING COMMUNITY

OF KENT COUNTY

are hereby respectfully notified that we have established an agency for the sale of our line of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

at Chestertown, Kent county, Md., with Mr. Wm. Arthur Elliott in charge.

We handle a Full Line of Implements, from the smallest Plow up to the largest Traction Steam Engine.

Parties desiring information about any Implement or Machine manufactured in the United States, are respectfully requested to call and see Mr. Elliott.

Our full advertisement will appear shortly.

Elliott & Gemmill,

CENTREVILLE, MD.,

Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Iron and Wood Pumps, Wind Mills, Saw Mills, &c.

P. S.—I have no sub-agents in the county: I want to deal with you direct and will make it to your interest to either see me in person or correspond with me.

Wm. A. Elliott.

POULTRILINA.

This is the best preventative of Cholera in Chicken; also, an excellent remedy in gapes. A fair trial will convince you.

COLIN F. STAM, Druggist.

June 5.

DON'T fail to Call and Examine Our Stock of Swiss and Hamburg Embroideries.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE.

The

PEOPLE

HAVE

Sustained

THE

EXCELSIOR

Clothing Company

OF

Baltimore,

And we will meet their demand, whatever it may be. The panic has shocked the community so that a general dread of something worse has taken strong hold of the masses. The liberal

Mark-Down

SALE

OF THOUSANDS.

—OF—

Dollars Worth

—OF—

CLOTHING

Hats,

FURNISHING GOODS,

and SHOES,

IS ATTRACTING CROWDS OF EAGER BUYERS TO

The Excelsior.

Come & See!

Now is your chance

TO SECURE THE GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.

Excelsior Clothing Co.

S. W. COR.

Baltimore and Light Sts.,

and

Broadway & Eastern Ave.

Baltimore, Md.

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