The Transcript.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1884.

Subscription $.50 per year; 75 cents for six months, in advance.

Advertising Rates.

Transient advertising will be charged at the rate of *one dollar* per square for first three insertions, and twenty-five cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A space equal to eight lines of brevier, constitutes a square. Figure-work will be charged fifty cents per square additional for first three insertions.

JOB WORK.

Handbill, large and small; flyers, dodgers letterheads billheads, envelopes, cards, tags programms, and other kinds of job work wil be done neatly and reasonably.

Correspondence upon matters of local interes desired. Anonymous communications willnot be inserted.

It is desirable that communications be in by Saturday night if possible, and in any case no later than Monday night or Tuesday morning.

Simple notices of marriages and deaths, inserted free. Obituary notices will be charged at the rate of five cents per line.

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—Mass meeting at Grey's Inn next Saturday.

—Three additional acres of land have been added to Chester Cemetery, and enclosed.

—Messrs. R. Hynson, James A. Pearce and C. H. Baker as trustees, advertise a desirable farm for sale, in this issue.

—The dry spell is finally broken. The rain of last week brought up the wheat, and the rain of this week is bringing it forward vigorously.

—Mr. L. A. Kendall, of this county, has secured a patent for a "postless, self-bracing fence." The contrivance is ingenious and practical.

—Mr. W. F. Taylor, who was first mate on the George Law until the Law discontinued her trips, is now second officer on the new steamer Emma A. Ford.

—The steamer Corsica, of the Chester River line, has been withdrawn for a few days. She will resume her trips, leaving Baltimore next Monday night at her usual hour—12 o'clock midnight, and will continue on schedule time thereafter.

—Rev. E. B. Newnam made an interesting St. John and Daniel speech last Thursday evening. The prohibition question hardly strikes Kent county people as being big enough as yet for a national issue. Though Mr. Newnam's speech was appreciatively listened to, it probably did not make many votes.

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—Mr. A. Diehl of Worton took the third prize at the recent Wilmington tournament. Mr. Diehl took eight rings out of a possible nine. The winner of the first prize took only eight of the nine rings and the second prize man took only seven. There were four prizes offered. Mr. Diehl does not think that the fair thing was done in making the awards.

—Mr. Robert H. Rouse recently sold his fine farm known as "Poplar Neck," on Lankford's bay, to Mr. John A. Groves for $25,000. It contains 310 acres and has on it a peach orchard of 10,000 trees.

Mr. Rouse has bought of Mr. Thos. J. Willis. his Massey farm adjoining Lynch's Station, and containing 108½ acres, for $8,000 cash. Mr. J. C. Jones, a son-in-law of Mr. Rouse, is to tenant the farm and Mr. Willis will remove to his farm on Fairlee creek.

—Dr. A. P. Sharp sent some hands out Tuesday of last week to clear up a piece of land near the village of Rock Hall. In burning the brush the fire caught to the leaves and dry undergrowth and was making rapid headway toward the village. It so happened that the high wind drove in a number of oystermen just in the nick of time, who assisted the citizens in extinguishing the flames, otherwise a large part of the village might have been destroyed.

—Theodore Jewel, the fourteen-year old son of Mr. James E. Jewel, who resides near Lankford, was kicked in the head by a horse on last Saturday, and sustained a very serious injury and one that may prove fatal. The skull was crushed just above the left ear. The lad was rendered unconscious and remained in an unconscious condition until last Tuesday. Drs. Hines, Perkins and Price performed a trepanning operation on Sunday. Though the skull was broken the doctors think the brain substance was not injured by the blow.

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—The Baltimore *Sun* says: "The opening of the oyster beds, to dredgers on November 1 is being anticipated by the fitting out of a large fleet of vessels. At the shipyards many are undergoing hurried repairs, and the getting on board of dredgers and winders is being vigorously pushed forward. The shipping offices show signs of vitality, and the runners connected with them are hunting up the nomads who flock to the city from distant parts to grind out their living at the oyster crank. This class is becoming numerous, and their presence is nightly becoming more apparent by the number on the ledger's slates at the station houses."

—The following item clipped from the Philadelphia *Record* of Saturday, is of interest to Kent county people, as it probably bears relation to our Kent county railroad, name recently changed to Baltimore and Delaware Bay Railroad:—

"The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, it is stated, contemplates building a branch of its Baltimore and Philadelphia Road to a point on Delaware Bay, about forty-five miles below this city. At this point the cars are to be transferred across by floats to the New Jersey Southern Railroad piers, on the Jersey shore at Bay Side, and then the road is clear to New York. The distance for transfer across the bay is about six miles."

—About 4 A. M. last Sunday morning Mrs. S. Bacchus, who lives on High street, Chestertown, thought she heard a noise as of some one trying to open the stable just back of her dwelling, and looking out saw that the door was open. She immediately called her two sons who hastened to investigate. The staple which held the lock was found to have been drawn and the door thus forced open, but the horse was still safe in his stall. Mr. J. D. Bacchus, to whom the animal belongs, is satisfied that their timely awaking saved his horse from being stolen. The thief had not time to secure his booty before the alarm was given. Owners should keep their stables and chicken houses well secured and good weapons at hand. A few good shootings and thief funerals would make it healthier for the country at large.—*News.*

—Orphans' Court, Tuesday Oct. 28, 1884.—Present Judges, Walker, Hyland and Stevens.

J. Frank Wilson filed the last will and testament of Joseph H. Clinton, deceased, which was admitted to probate and ordered to be recorded.

Sarah N. Burris, administrator of Henry Burris, filed her release from Noah, James L., William H., Edward and Thos. Burris, which was received and ordered to be recorded.

The Mass-Meeting.

The *Transcript* can give very little account of the mass-meeting held yesterday, for the reason that the mass-meeting and press time came close together.

James A. Pearce, Esq., was selected as president of the meeting, and the following were selected for vice-presidents and secretaries:

1st DISTRICT: Col. R. C. Johnson, Jos. P. Ireland, Thomas R. Quimby, B. F. H. Caulk, Albert Medders.

2d DISTRICT: D. J. Nowland, Wm. Archibald, George W. Davis, C. Wright Spry, J. H. Hossinger.

3d DISTRICT: James S. Harris, Robt. Nicholson, Richard S. Diehl, M. M. Rasin, Edw. D. Crew, Stanley.

4th DISTRICT: John L. Stam, John A. Groves, Stephen Lecates, Henry T. Massey, Wm. N. E. Wickes.

5th DISTRICT: David Jones, Isaac S. Rogers, R. B. Willson, Edgar H. Strong, George A. Jessop.

The secretaries were, 1st district, F. Hyland Taylor; 2d district, Philip G. Wilmer; 3rd district, Jos. R. Usilton; 4th district, Thomas B. Gardner; 5th district, J. Frank Wheatley.

Tuesday afternoon a telegram was received from A. Leo Knott, Esq., asking to be released, as he had an urgent call to go to New Jersey. Senator Groome who was expected to fill the place of Skipwith Wilmer, Esq., the latter being compelled to cancel all political engagements on account of a broken arm, also telegraphed on Tuesday that he was too sick to come.

The day was unfavorable for an out-door meeting, and the speaking was therefore held in the Court house. The outlook for rain also affected the turn out.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

SATURDAY, OCT. 25, 1884.

Judges Robinson, Wickes and Stump on the bench.

State vs. Alfred Jeffries, John Potts, John Fields and Norris Brown; tried for inciting and participating in a riot at a colored campmeeting near Worton Station; Tried before Court; verdict, guilty. Fined $1 and costs in each case and imprisoned in county jail 4 months from date. Smith for State, Hynson and Barroll for defence.

MONDAY, OCT. 27, 1884.

Judges Wickes and Stump on the bench.—State vs. Wm. Dary alias Wm. Brown, indicted for assault and battery upon Laurance Harris and cutting him with a knife. Tried before court, verdict guilty. Fined $1 and costs and two months in county jail from date. Smith for State and Hynson for defence.

State vs. Louis Bowser, indicted for killing Edward Saulsbury. Tried before court, verdict guilty of murder in second degree.—Judgment, confined in penitentiary for 8 years.

TUESDAY, Oct. 27.—Judges Wickes and Stump on the bench. State vs. Geo. W. Parsons, indicted for forgery. Tried by jury.

In the case of Parsons the court ordered a verdict of not guilty because of a flaw in the indictment. The note described in the indictment did not correspond with the note actually forged, creating what is termed in law a fatal variance. Parsons is held and will be tried under a new indictment. His case will propably lay over till the spring term of court. Hynson and Pearce were for the defense.

State vs. Lorenzo Davis, indicted for committing a rape upon the person of Laura Draper; tried before jury. Case not decided at time of going to press.

The grand jury was discharged Friday of last week. The following is the report of the grand jury made to the Court:

TO THE HONORABLE THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR KENT COUNTY—The grand inquest of the State of Maryland for the body of Kent county, beg leave respectfully to report to this honorable court that have completed the duties devolved upon them after a session of five days, during which time they have examined 78 witnesses, made 22 presentments and found 20 true bills of indictment. In their official capacity they have visited and inspected the county jail and found its condition as good and as cleanly as could possibly be expected in such a dilapidated building. We feel that it is a cause for congratulation that it will soon be superseded by a new edifice which will be a credit to the county. We beg to return our thanks to this court and its officers for their aid and the courtesy which they have one and all shown us during our session all of which is respectfully submitted.

CORNELIUS J. SCOTT,
Foreman.

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JUDGE RICHARD B. CARMICHAEL.

ONE OF MARYLAND'S MOST HONORED CITIZENS GONE.

We made brief mention last week of the death of Judge Richard B. Carmichael. We append this week a sketch of the life of this distinguished Marylander,—

Hon. Richard B. Carmichael died at his residence in Wye Neck on Tuesday morning, the 21st inst. of paralysis of the heart. He had not been well for some time, but his demise was not expected at the time. He took a ride on Monday and upon retiring for the night said he felt unusually well. Later in the night he complained of feeling cold about the extremities and his daughter, Mrs. E. T. Paca, procured him additional clothing and placed a warm brick to his feet. His breathing was found to be unnatural and becoming alarmed about his condition his daughter dispatched a servant to town for Dr. Holton, but the Judge sank rapidly and died before the physician could reach him. Judge Carmichael was born at Centreville on the 25th of December, 1807. He was the only son of William Carmichael and Sarah, daughter of Edward Downes, of the same county. Wm. Carmichael was the son of Richard Bennett Carmichael, who in turn was the son of Wm. Carmichael, the first settler. William Carmichael came from Scotland and settled at Round Top, at the head of Chester river, famous in recent years as one of the largest, if not the largest, peach farm in the world. His wife was a Miss Brooke, niece of the second wife of Richard Bennett, who was one of the wealthiest planters of his day, and owned large tracts of land in Queen Anne's and Talbot counties Bennett died without issue, and left a vast estate to his widow, who bequeathed a considerable portion of it to the Carmichaels, sons of her niece, one of whom was named Richard Bennett, after her husband.

Judge Carmichael has from earliest manhood taken a prominent part in local and national affairs, and has held several prominent positions, representing his county in the Legislature several times, was a member of Congress; judge of the circuit court; president of the constitutional convention of 1867; president of the board of school commissioners for several years, and president of the board of trustees of the alms house.

The judge's arrest and incarceration during the war are matters of history. He had charged the grand juries of his circuit to indict persons who were taking part in making unlawful arrests of citizens, and the authorities of the government ordered his arrest. Jas. L. McPhail, a United States marshal, was sent to Easton to perform the infamous job. Accompanied by his deputies, Marshal McPhail proceeded to the court house, where the Judge was in the act of trying a case. Advancing to the platform, McPhail placed his hand upon Judge Carmichael's shoulder and told him to consider himself a prisoner. The Judge demanded his authority for making the arrest, whereupon McPhail replied, "The authority of the United States government." Judge Carmichael then asked for the marshal's warrant, and to be informed of what he was accused. McPhail replied that he had no warrant, and that the charge would be made known when he (the Judge) arrived at Fort McHenry. Judge Carmichael then protested against the arrest, and remarked that the marshal had no right to interfere with the proceedings of the court while in session. The marshal thereupon turned to the spectators and exclaimed: "This court stands adjourned."—Judge Carmichael retorted that he had no right to adjourn the court and ordered the crier to arrest one of the marshal's deputies, who had threatened to take him (the Judge) from the bench. The deputy resisted and choked the crier, and Marshal McPhail gave the order to seize the judge and drag him from the bench. Deputy Marshal Bishop at once seized the Judge by the throat, but was repulsed. The other deputies then closed in upon the judge and beat him over the head with the butts of their revolvers. Deputy Marshal Cassell interfered for his protection, but not until five wounds had been inflicted, and the judge, stunned and bleeding, had been dragged from the recess behind the desk at which he was sitting. After his wounds had been dressed he was taken on board the steamer Balloon, and in company with Mr. Powell, the State's Attorney, and Wm. Nabb and Alexis Pascault, citizens of Easton, who had also been arrested, was conveyed to Fort McHenry, where he was kept in confinement until the 9th of June, 1862, when he was taken to Fort Lafayette. On the 23d of September he was taken to Fort Delaware, and on the 2d of December was unconditionally released. No trial had been granted him, nor had any notice been taken of repeated demands upon the President and the other authorities to state the nature of the charges against him.

After his release from Fort Delaware, Judge Carmichael returned home and at once resumed the discharge of his duties upon the bench. In January, 1864, he resigned the judgeship and was succeeded by Hon. James B. Ricaud, of Kent county, who was appointed by Governor Bradford.

After his retirement from the bench the judge lived a comparatively retired life, preferring to spend his declining years with his family. In 1883 his wife died, and this had a depressing effect upon him. He never afterwards became active, but lived even a more retired life than before. He leaves behind him a very large circle of friends and relatives who loved him for his high character, his kindness of heart, sterling integrity and incorruptible manhood. His funeral on Thursday was largely attended.

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Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Ed. Transcript—The Kent County Union met the first Tuesday in Oct. at the M. E Church of Chestertown. Meeting was opened with prayer; 14 members present. A letter was read from Mrs. Dr. J. C. Thomas, informing delegates to the annual convention of the W. C. T. U. that a lunch would be served in T. M. C. A. building, N. Charles St., Baltimore. The delegates appointed by the president to attend the convention were the officers, and Mrs. C. H. Baker, Mrs. H. M. Thomas, Mrs. E. P. Aldred, Mrs. T. Wilmer, Mrs. Clements and Mrs. T. R. Hubbard. Two new members reported. Miss A. E. Leaverton tendered her resignation as corresponding secretary, which was accepted with regrets. Mrs. J. W. Corey elected to fill her place. Temperance tracts were sent to the vice presidents for distribution in the Sabbath schools of their places of worship. Miss A. E. Leaverton and the recording secretary were appointed to try and introduce temperance Text Books into our schools and college. Mrs. L. J. Davis and Mrs. Mary A. Hall were appointed to visit the jail and almshouse.

Since the above meeting, the W. C. T. U. of Md have held their annual convention in Baltimore, under the wise and dignified management of Mrs. Dr. J. C. Thomas, president of the State organization, ably assisted by her subordinate officers. Very gratifying reports of the year's work in Baltimore were read and adopted. Reports from the local unions in several counties were also adopted, showing an encouraging outlook for the future. The president's address was very instructive and calculated to inspire her hearers with more faith in God and to more zealous work in our cause, closing with an exhortation to woman to take the place God has ordained for her. The convention was also greatly favored with addresses from two noted speakers from Boston, Mass.—Mrs. Hunt, superintendent of scientific instruction, and Mrs. McLaughlin, supt. of conference with ecclesiastical, medical and other associations. After Mrs. Hunt's very able instructions and eloquent appeal, the convention unanimously resolved to use their united efforts in petitioning our next Legislature for a law reading thus: "Provision shall be made by the proper local school authorities for instructing all pupils in all school supported by public money, or under State control in physiology and hygiene, with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics upon the human system." And if this wise law can be secured by the efforts of woman our children will be more intelligent than their parents upon this growing evil, and we shall have great cause to rejoice that this thought has come to the W. C. T. U. of Md. If all who may chance to read the doings of our union (as published by the courtesy of the editors of our county papers) could have heard the soul-stirring address of the religious Mrs. McLaughlin, at Still Pond on the 16th inst., they would I think unite (as many did) with us in trying to break the hush over this long night of intemperance. That we may succeed, is the earnest wish of your

REC. SEC.

The Kent county union meets next Tuesday, Nov. 4, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the M. E. Church of Chestertown.

[The following communication was received too late for insertion in last issue.]

Mr. Editor:—The quarterly temperance meeting held in the Still Pond M. E. Church on Thursday, Oct. 16, by the Kent County Woman's Christian Temperance Union was a very gratifying success. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mrs. Mary Brown, who presided with much dignity. The opening prayer was made by the pastor, Rev. L. E. Barrett, and after appropriate music the president introduced Mrs. Emily L. McLaughlin, who made an eloquent and forcible address, holding the large audience under the spell of her eloquence and pathos for an hour or more. The speaker dwelt on the value of home, the obligation to protect it and the means employed for that purpose by the W. C. T. U., and made a strong point on the fact that the local option law of Kent county will not take care of itself. The speaker said that Gov. Dow, of Maine, had stated that "the greatest hindrance to the cause of temperance was the respectable, moderate drinkers." This may be the case in Maine, but in this county it is the indifference of temperance and Christian men and women to this momentous issue. The speaker emphasized the power and necessity of an intelligent public sentiment, but claimed that a sound public conviction was more reliable. At the close of the meeting, about 15 ladies gave their names as members of the W. C. T. U. of this county. May Heaven's richest blessing attend the organization! Its efforts and its success wonderfully brighten the dawn of Prohibition; and if there is anything in heaven above or the earth beneath capable of striking the seller of liquor with a mortal dread, it is the organized power of women. Yours,

E. P. J.

PENINSULA ITEMS.

Levi Sommers, a colored man living on the bank of the Chesapeake, just in the rear of Wittman, Talbot county, Sunday evening week about sunset, while sitting in his door, noticed a large oyster canoe approaching under full sail. In the canoe was a man and woman, and when they came within a few yards of where he was the boat was head to the shore, and the man, a tall fine looking one, came forward, calling Levi to him. Levi obeyed the call, and when he reached the shore the man asked him if he knew where Mr. Frank Senger lived. Replying in the affirmative, he was requested to take a basket, which the man carried, to Mr. Senger. Levi taking the basket, the strange couple immediately set sail. The basket was duly deposited in the house of Mr. Senger, and upon investigation it was found to contain a live infant a week or ten days old, with a note asking Mr. Senger to take care of and treat kindly until called for. Where the parties hailed from is a matter of mere conjecture, but it is thought the canoe headed for Kent Island when it left the old colored man. Mr. and Mrs. Senger are childless.—*Centreville Observer.*

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THE PROPOSED SHIP CANAL.

STATUS OF THE ENTERPRISE.

From the Baltimore Sun of Saturday.

The several committees of the Baltimore commercial bodies on the proposed Maryland and Delaware Ship-Canal will take up that project early in November, and arrange for bringing it again before Congress when it meets in December. The bill which is now on the calendar of the House of Representatives is for the appointment of a commission to examine the surveys, which have all been made, and designate the route. This commission is to be made up of an officer each of the army and navy and several civilians, including one from Baltimore. The preferences of the enigneers, and nearly or quite all the merchants and mariners who have been interested in promoting this important improvement are in favor of the Choptank route. This conclusion has been reached after careful investigation, and it is not doubted that the commission, once appointed, will not look with much favor upon the Sassafras route, which it is positively stated would not be available for the purpose of a great ship canal. Leading maritime men state that the needed depth of water could not be had in the Sassafras route, and that it would be frozen up several months in the year. It is agreed upon all sides that the canal should be a national work and should be free.

A prominent official of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad stated yesterday that the company has always advocated the construction of a free ship canal by the shortest and most practicable route, and in every annual report since and including 1876 the president and directors have strongly urged its great importance, not only to Baltimore, but to the grain-producing States of the West, and the semi-bituminous coal regions of Maryland and Pennsylvania and West Virginia. In the report for 1881 the president and directors exhibit an evident preference for the more Southern (or Choptank) route by urging the construction of the canal "from a suitable point connecting the Chesapeake with the Delaware bay near the excellent harbor made by the United States government by the construction of the Delaware breakwater." In the same report it is declared that "the great public interests demand the most direct available route, accessible at all times, by which there will be the least detention from ice or otherwise." The company has always held that the canal should be free, and should be constructed as a great national highway and means of defense by the federal government.

Mayor Latrobe yesterday addressed a letter to the *Sun* on the ship-canal question, as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Oct. 24, 1884.—*Messrs. A. S. Abell & Co.*: A communication in your valuable journal of yestsrday from Mr. S. P. Thompson, questions the propriety of my replying to a letter addressed to the mayor of Baltimore asking the abstract question whether, in his judgment, "the construction of a ship-canal across the peninsula would be advantageous to the commercial interests of Baltimore." Such letters are constantly received at this office and are always courteously replied to.

I certainly think such a canal would be beneficial, not only to our city, but to the trade of the entire country. Its great advantages for purposes of defense in the event of war should make it a government work, and I earnestly hope Congress will grant an appropriation to construct it.

I have again and again said publicly and privately that the Choptank and not the Sassafras, was, in my judgement, the proper route, and that the canal should be regarded as a national work and should be free. I have always believed that if Congress failed to build it, and private enterprise did, that the trade which would pass through it would make it pay as a business investment. These views are, I understand, similar to those entertained by the commercial bodies of Baltimore, and if Mr. Thompson had read my letter to Mr. Tebbitts he would have found nothing inconsistent contained therein, or even a remote indorsement of the Sassafras route. Very respectfully,

FERDINAND C. LATROBE.

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A Sportsman's Manual.

As the autumnal gunning season draws nigh, a demand arises for information concerning the best ranges for game, and the waterways most prolific in fowl. For the purpose of supplying such a demand, the passenger department of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad has published a work entitled "A Paradise for Gunners and Anglers." The little volume is an exhaustive treatise on the game birds, water-fowl, and fishes of the Delaware Peninsula, their haunts, habits, and characteristics. An excellent map of the territory, showing the location of streams, and the means of access, and handsome illustrations of the rarer specimens of birds and fish, serve both to embellish and lend interest to the book. Information as to the game laws, the time when certain game most abound, the procurement of guides, boats, &c., and in fact everything which would make the way of the sportsman clear, is furnished in ample detail.

The book is distributed gratuitously, and may be procured by addressing James R. Wood, General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, Phila., Pa.

BALTIMORE & DEL. BAY R. R

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

Connecting with Delaware RailRoad at Clayton

On and after Monday, October 13th, 1884, until further notice trains (Sundays excepted) will run as follows:

GOING NORTH	Pa se'r & freight no. 1 daily	Passe'r & freigt No. 3 Tues'ys Thurs d's & Sat'd's
LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.
Chestertown	6 30	1 45
Worton	6 48	2 05
Lynch's	6 55	2 15
Still Pond	7 03	2 25
Kennedyville	7 15	2 40
Blacks	7 30	2 55
Lambson	7 45	3 10
Masseys	7 58	3 22
Delanys	8 12	3 25
*Bingham	8 27	3 45
arr Clayton	8 40	4 00
leave "	8 51	4 25
" Middletown	9 14	4 55
" Wilmington	9 51	5 50
arr Philadelphia	10 40	6 50
Baltimore	12 35	8 32

GOING SOUTH.	Passenger & Freight No. 2 daily	Passenger No. 4 Tuesd's, Thursd'ys & Saturd's
LEAVE	A. M.	P. M
New York		
Baltimore	6 35	12 10
Philadelphia	7 31	3 00
Wilmington	8 35	3 50
Middletown	9 34	4 31
arr Clayton	10 02	4 52
leave ,,	11 17	4 55
" Binghams*	11 30	5 05
Delanys	11 40	5 10
Masseys	11 55	5 25
Lambson	12 10	5 35
Blacks	12 25	5 45
Kennedyville	12 40	5 55
Still Pond	12 50	6 02
Lynchs	12 55	6 07
Worton	1 05	6 12
arr Chestertown	1 20	6 30
	p. m.	p. m.

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.
Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.
The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.
Passengers on morning train for Baltimore change at Wilmington.
Freight carried at low rates to all points and must be at Stations 30 minutes before starting time, in order to insure dispatch.
Excursion Tickets issued at reduced rates.

FRED. GERKER,
Oct. 23, 1884 Lessee.

COAL AND WOOD

Having laid in a full supply of the Best Quality of

WHITE ASH COAL

of various sizes.

We would call attention of all in need to give us a call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing. We are sure it will be to your interest. We keep also on hand a genuine article of

SOFT COAL

or blacksmiths' and threshing purposes. Try it

WOOD.

In Wood we can give entire satisfaction either long or sawed to suit. Hickory, Oak or Pine. All orders promptly attended to, and delivered at short notice.

Thankful for past favors. Give us a call

T. DEC. RUTH,
Chestertown, Md.
J. B. McINTIRE,
Oct. 9, 1884. AGENT.

NOTICE—
TO WHEELWRIGHTS.

Besides a small stock of Oak and Ash Plank here, I have at my Mill in Virginia a large lot of last year's sawing of selected butt cuts of White Oak and Ash, 1, 1¼, 1½, 1¾, 2, 2½, 3, 4, 5 and 6 inches thick, seasoned and in splendid shipping order. Terms Cash.

JOSEPH TURNER.
Scott's Point, June 17, 1884.—tf

CHEAP LOT OF FURNITURE

In sufficient quantities,
Will be delivered at your home free of charge.
Feb. 14 1884. LOUIS K. STAM.

BRING US
YOUR TRADE.

Such as Prime Print Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Lard, Bacon and

COUNTRY PRODUCE

in general, and we will pay you the

FULL MARKET VALUE

for it,

and sell you GOODS AS LOW if not CHEAPER than any "other man."

We have a

FULL LINE OF MUSLINS,

Bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels from 6¼ cts. to 16 cts. per yard. Calico, Tickings, Cottonade Kerseys, red and white all-wool Flannels, and a general line of

Domestic Dry Goods.

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's HOISERY at Prices and Quality to please you.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

cannot be surpassed for quality and Low Prices.

WE ARE HEAD-QUARTERS FOR FLOU

dealing direct with the manufacturers, can guarantee quality and price at all times. Call and see us, and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.

Respectfully,

J. B. SAPPINGTON.

opp. Hudgin's Bakery.
☞ Branch Store corner High and Mill Streets.
Chestertown, Md., Sept. 13, 1883.

Wroth & Aldridge

Have received their Full Invoice of

SPRING GOODS!
Summer Goods !!

Everything desirable kept in a First-Class Store now in stock.

Extra Inducements offered this season! The ladies are especially invited.

Large Stock of White and Fancy Mattings, from 12½ cts. up.
Floor and Table Oil Cloth in all widths and styles.

Straw Hats! Straw Hats to suit all ages!! 20 doz. of one kind.

Spring and Summer Dress Goods! Choice lot of Percals and Lawns. India Linens from 12½c. to 35c.

Our stock of Shoes and Slippers is complete.

Our Grocery Department is Full of Choice Goods. Best Granulated Sugar 9c.

Important to Parties Wanting to Buy

DRY GOODS.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,

Nos. 199, 201, and 203 Baltimore St.,
BALTIMORE,

Are LARGE RETAILERS, JOBBERS and IMPORTERS of

DRY GOODS.

Their stock embraces every class and description of Goods that can be named under that head. They do not keep any article in Stock that, though low-priced, would be worthless to the buyer at any price. They have been in business under the firm of HAMILTON EASTER & CO. or HAMILTON EASTER & SONS for FIFTY-FOUR YEARS. They do business honestly and fairly. The Price, in plain figures, is marked on every article. The most inexperienced buyer can deal with them and pay no more than any one else.

They show their goods freely, but do not solicit or press any one to buy.

Will send Samples when requested, on receiving plain instructions in regard to the goods required—about the Price wanted, Colors preferred, &c.

Being Regular IMPORTERS and LARGE PURCHASERS, they are in a position to buy their Goods on the best terms, and consequently can sell their Goods at Prices much to the advantage of purchasers.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,
199, 201, 203 Baltimore Street.
Oct. 9, 1884—3m.

T. J. MANN

Has Enlarged His Store,

and keeps on hand a Larger and More Complete Stock of Goods than formerly. Hisstock embraces not only

DRY GOODS

of all kinds,

HARDWARE, NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, but New Orleans Molasses, the Best Syrups, Broiling Beef, Flour, Meal and Feed. Canned Goods a specialty. All goods will be sold at bottom prices for cash or trade.

T. J. MANN,
opposite Kent National Bank,
Feb. 8, 1883. Chestertown, Md.

FLOUR.

Good Bread,
Good Health
And level head
Gains Wealth.

Patapsco Superlative Patent, Patapsco, Family, Patapsco Extra, Orange Extra, Clifton F. F., Kirkwood Extra, Occidental Extra, by the barrel, sack or pound. Get our prices on Flour before buying. We may save you money.

J. B. SAPPINGTON.

EXTENSION TABLES—
new lot just received, very low
Feb. 14. LOUIS K. STAM.

NEW Stock of Horse-Collars and Bridles Halters, Traces and Plow-Lines at
WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S.

YOU can get a Box (containing 50) Good Cigars for 87½c. Best 50c. Tobacco in Town. WROTH & ALDRIDGE.

ONION SETS.
SILVER SKIN and RED SKIN,
Very cheap. M. A. TOULSON,
March 27. Druggis

YOU ARE CERTAIN

to receive, in our establishment prompt and polite attention whether you wish to buy or look. We have the largest and best assorted Stock of Clothing in Maryland for Men, Boys and Children, all of our own reliable and time-tested manufacture. You will get just what

YOU PAY FOR

and spend your money with a home firm of 30 years standing who employ Baltimore work people, who turn out garments equal to any in the world.

Unsatisfactory purchases can be returned and the money will be refunded on demand if goods are unworn. Inexpensive location enable us to undersell houses that depend on

GAUDY SHOW

to sell their wares. Genuine low prices at all times for honestly made and perfect fitting garments have earned for us an enduring reputation

Our Men's Dep't is filled with Overcoats and Suits for business and dress wear at prices ranging from $5 to $30.

Our Boy's Dep't is stocked with Children Suits and Overcoats from $2.50 to $10, and for larger Boys at proportionately low figures.

Our Order Dep't contains the choicest production of Foreign and Domestic looms, from which the most fastidious can make a selection.

Our Mail Order Dep't wi on application send sample and self measurement to those unable to visit the city. The privilege to return unsatisfactory goods insures perfect safety to all, whilst our judgment and long experience will be conscientiously used to please every patron.

A Package Department

is a feature of our house, to which visitors to the city can send their purchases from different parts of the city for safe-keeping, free of charge; and we cordially invite all to make use of this accommodation.

Always visit.

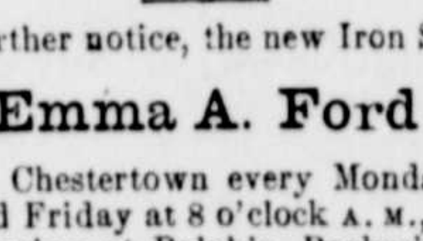
C. N. OEHM & SON,
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE
In the State.

230 W. PRATT ST. } Surrounding
55 HANOVER ST. } Corner.

Chester River Steamboat Company

FALL AND WTNTER ARRANGEMENT.

1884. 1885.



Until further notice, the new Iron Steamer

Emma A. Ford

will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock A. M., for Baltimore, stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave pier 7 Light street wharf, Baltimore, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M., making all the above landings.

The Steamer CORSICA will leave Crumpton every Tuesday and Thursday at 3 o'clock p. m., and on Saturday at 1 o'clock p. m. for Baltimore, Spry's, Deep Landing, Round Top, Chestertown, Rolph's, Bookers, Quaker Neck, Centreville via Corsica creek.

☞ Will leave Chestertown at 5 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday and Thursday and at 3 o'clock p. m. on Saturday.

Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light street wharf at midnight on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, making the above landings.

GEO. WARFIELD,
Oct. 16, 1884. President.

Cummings' Bakery
—AND—
CONFECTIONERY.

Bread and Pies fresh every day; Pound Cake, Jelly Cake, Sponge Cake, Spanish Buns, Cinnamon Buns, Rusks, Doughnuts and Saratoga Rolls. Full line of Fresh Confectionery always on hand. Orders for cakes for wedding parties or Festivals will receive careful and prompt attention.

Steam Ice-Cream Manufactory.

Ice-Cream at wholesale and retail. Cool and pleasant Ice-cream Parlors for ladies and gentlemen. Cream put up in 1, 2, 3 and 4 quart boxes for families. All kinds of Fruit in season.

CUMMINGS' ICE-CREAM PARLORS,
May 29—tf. Next door to N. G. Westcott.

Do You Want a Good Time-keeper!

I CAN SELL YOU

For $12.00

A Silver Watch!

THAT 20 YEARS AGO WOULD HAVE COST YOU $40.00

C. M. LUCAS,
Aug. 7 Chestertown, Md.

PAYNE G. GREEN'S
"OLD RELIABLE"
AGAIN ON THE CARPET

and giving satisfaction to myself and patrons. I have increased my facilities and can now forward samples promptly, and furnish Carpets as cheap as can be bought in the city.

Velvets $1.50; Body Brussels $1.25, 1.40, 1.50
Tapestry Brussels 65, 75, 80, 90, $1.00, 1.10.
All Wool Ingrains 60 and 75 cts.
Ingrains 35, 40 and 50 cts.
Window Shades complete 50 cts.
My 50c. ingrain furnishes as well as $1.00 carpet.

PAYNE G. GREEN,
No. 2d St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sept. 25—3m.

Elliott & Gemmill's

Farmers' Agency

Will furnish at short notice and Bottom Prices, any Implement manufactured in the United States.

We make a specialty of the Iron Turbine Wind Mill, manufactured by Mast, Foos & Co.; also, the Buckeye Force Pump, especially adapted to deep wells and forcing water.

Any one needing a Wind Mill we say try a Turbine. They are strength and durability itself. We control this Mill for the county, and have no sub-agents. Will make prompt estimates for any one desiring a Mill.

We would also call the attention of Farmers to our

NEW BUCKEYE GLASS FEED FERTILIZER DRILL,

which we pronounce, after thoro[illegible] testing it last season, to be the [illegible] combined Grain and Fertilizer [illegible] ever offered to the trade. Our [illegible] sons are—

First, It is a perfect Wheat Seed[illegible]
Second, You have no cog whee[illegible] to take off or put on to chance quantities.

Third, With the Glass Feed for Phosphate you can sow any quantity of Fertilizer without clogging, gumming or pasting, from 100 to 500 lbs., and can make the changes while walking along.

Fourth, Both wheat and phosphate are distributed within plain view of the operator.

Fifth, It has double force feed for wheat, which makes it sow regular in whatever position it may be placed, especially when seeding side hills. All other drills will seed more or less according to position.

Call and examine it before buying, it will pay you.

Farmers clubbing together can make it pay.

Remember we have no sub-agents Save money by giving us your orders direct.

We have in use in Queen Anne's county eighty-three of the Buckeye Drills. In 1882 we sold there 28; in 1883 we sold 55.

WM. A. ELLIOTT,
Chestertown, Md., Agent for Kent county.
July 17.

TO THE LADIES!

The Pickling and Preserving Season
IS UPON US,

To meet it we have laid in a very large stock of

SPICES,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH MUSTARD,
CLOVES, ALLSPICE, NUTMEGS,
CINNAMON,
MUSTARD SEED, CELERY SEED,
RED AND BLACK PEPPER,
TUMERIC,
GREEN & GROUND GINGER
all select goods, and prices low.

COLIN F. STAM,
July 31, 1884. DRUGGIST

Something We overooked
in our Seed advertisement.
OSAGE ORANGE SEED
A Choice Fresh Lot.
BY POUND OR BUSHEL.
COLIN F. STAM.

HOPE H. BARROLL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chestertown, d.
Prompt attention to the collection of claims. Loans negotiated.
Office opposite the Court House, on Main St. next door to the store of T. W. Eliason, Jr.
Feb. 1, 1883.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & MUSIC.

A New Lot of VIOLINS and a new lot of 5 cent Music just received.
COLIN F. STAM,
March 27. Druggist

PURE SUGARS.
Cut Loaf, Granulated, Standard A, Extra C, and best light Brown. Cal and see how CHEAP at
J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.

SHOS, SHOES.—We make a specialty o Shoe. Spring Stock just received at J. H. SIMPERS.

SHEEP SHEARS! SHEEP SHEARS!! A very large assortment on hand, and prices *very* low, at J. K. ALDRIDGE'S

NEW GOODS.
Paper Flower Materials. A large and choice assortment just received from the N. Y. Factory. For sale at City Prices.
COLIN F. STAM, Druggist.

To Our Customers.
We have a large supply of Coffees, Flour, and Provisions, &c., prior to the late sharp advance in prices, and are prepared to give our patrons the advantage of our good luck: we have a good article of New Orleans Molasses at a *reasonable* price.
J. B. SAPPINGTON.
Leader in Low Price

NO Brand Cigar can only be found at SPARKS

CABBAGE SEED.
EARLY AND LATE
at M. A. TOULSON'S;
March 27. Druggis

LUCCA CREAM SALAD OIL—the pures and finest Oil in the market. This artic dosesses all the fine flavor of the Olive.
COLIN F. STAM, Druis

THE Cooler Creamer, with elevator attachment. The Davis Swing Churn, and agent for all goods made by the Vermont Farm Machine Co., Bellows Falls, Vt.
J. K. ALDRIDGE

VERY BEAUTIFUL line of Window Shades, very low at LOUIS K. STAM'S.

NEW MACKEREL in barrels, halves and kitts, cheaper than you think at
J. B. SAPPINGTON'S

FIRE Place Heaters! Fire Place Heaters! The New Golden Sun, and the Nos. 13 and 14 Golden Sun. More in use in Kent Co than any other Heater; put up with galvanized pipe and flue board and give perfect satisfaction Call and look at the *New Golden Sun* of 1882 at
J. K. ALDRIDGE'S

CHAIRS—very large lot of many kind cheap, LOUIS K. STAM.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.

Lupin's merino stands as high in all the markets of the world as Lupin's cashmere; but for some reason unknown to us nobody else in Philadelphia keeps a general assortment of it. There is no wholesale stock of it in the U. S. to draw from; and nobody can get it without order from Paris. But that is no reason. Merino is wanted; Lupin's of course. The only reason we can see for not keeping merino is that ladies who want it will generally take cashmere. That's a very bad mercantile reason, in our opinion.

You want a merino dress, or wrap, or baby cloak. You ask a merchant for it. He probably hasn't any; he may have two or three two-year-old colors, or black, too fine or too coarse; not a merchant in the city has twenty [illegible] colors and seven quali[illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] more [illegible] doubtless, than a[illegible] else of all the makes. But this wouldn't be worth the saying, if the reason were not worth your knowing, too. We have all the colors in use, all the qualities made by approved makers, and several makes. The reason for having so many is that people have come to expect them here; they all want Lupin's: but they are better satisfied with what they get if they see others. There'd be no loss to buyers, if we kept only Lupin's cashmeres and merinos, and no others; but people wouldn't continue to be satisfied with Lupin's even, without constantly comparing with others. And the only way other makes can be sold at all is by putting them a trifle under Lupin's price. It is not superfluous to keep them.

We sell possibly a tenth as much merino as cashmere. It costs a trifle more and looks exactly the same; but it is heavier, wears longer, can be turned wrong side out and made over. It is two dresses in one. Perhaps ladies are not generally good enough economists to buy two dresses in one.

Cashmere—we're speaking of all-wool cashmere, of course—costs 50 cents to $1.25 a yard; merino, 60 to $1.35. The colors and qualities of cashmere are too long a list to think of; of merino not so many, but all the uses are provided for.

And this is about the whole story of all-wool cashmere and merino here; and here is the better part of the cashmere and merino world at one counter.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

WOOD! WOOD!!
Hickory, Oak and Pine.

THE subscriber has purchased 1000 cords of the very best seasoned Oak, Hickory and Pine that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $5 00 per cord for oak, and $6 00 per cord for hickory; wood sawed and split to order.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

Pine KINDLING WOOD for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS,
Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertown
Nov. 22, 1883.

Question,
What shall I read?
Answer,
Examine Large Stock of Sea Side and Lovell's Libraries at
C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE.
If you want any Books by *Mail*, send for a catalogue.

PLOWS. PLOWS. PLOWS

Plow Castings. Plow Castings.

The ROLAND CHILLED PLOW and CASTINGS for sale by
J. K. ALDRIDGE.

A LARGE assortment of Rims, Spokes Hubs, Shafts, Poles, Plow and Cultivator Handles, Neck Yokes, and Double Trees For sale by JOHN K. ALDRIDGE.

OUR line of TOBACCO 25 cts. to $1.00 pound. Our 2 for 5 cts. Cigars the best town, at J. B. SAPPINGTON'S

Writing Paper
In Beautiful Boxes, the Nicest Assortment in town—at
STAM'S DRUG STORE.

FOR latest styles in Gents' Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, &c., go to WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S.

STAIR RODS—CHEAP! at LOUIS K. STAM'S

MATTING, MATTING.—Fancy, Check & White Matting to arrive. Carpets and Oil Cloth at lowers prices.
J. H. SIMPERS.

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