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The Transcript.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 11, 1886.

Subscription $1.50 per year; 75 cents for six months, in advance.

Advertising Rates.

Transient advertising will be charge at the rate of *one dollar* per square for first three insertions, and twenty-five cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A space equal to eight lines of brevier, constitutes a square. Figure-work will be charged fifty cents per square addition for first three insertions.

Simple notices of marriages and death inserted free. Obituary notices will be charged at the rate of five cents per line.

JOB WORK.

Handbills, large and small, flyers, dodgers, letterheads, billheads, envelopes, cards, tags, programmes and other kinds of job work will be done neatly and reasonably.

Correspondence upon matters of local interest desired. Anonymous communications will not be inserted.

It is desirable that communications be in by Saturday night if possible, and in any case not later than Monday night or Tuesday morning

Prof. W. G. Fallowfield, principal of the Chestertown public school, has been confined to his home with a severe cold.

Miss Lizzie Fowler, daughter of Postmaster Fowler, has been appointed assistant teacher of the public school at Sassafras.

—Mr. B. B. Adkinson has sufficiently recovered the effects of a severe fall to be out again. He was in town recently looking in first-rate spirits.

—Mr. Samuel Comegys of Locust Grove was in town Tuesday. He received the congratulations of numerous friends upon his happy change from a life of old-bachelorhood.

—Messrs. Wroth & Aldridge had the plastering torn from their ceiling last week, and a grooved boarded ceiling put up. The work was done very quickly and without much inconvenience to trade.

—Mr. R. F. Shryock, Past Master of Landmark Lodge No. 127 A. F. & A. M, of Baltimore, has been visiting the brethren of Chester Lodge during this week. The lodge is in a flourishing condition and is very active in initiating new members. Mr. Shryock is here for the purpose of assisting in conferring the degrees.

—The heavy snow of last week filled several narrow cuts on the Kent County Railroad, so that travel was completely blocked for two or three days, notwithstanding Manager Fleming used every exertion to keep travel open. The train began regular trips again Monday of this week, and will continue to make regular time.

—Mr. D. B. Stewart, the eldest son of Mr. W. H. Stewart of this county, was in Kent for a few days last week. Mr. Stewart is the head of the commission firm of D. B. Stewart & Co., of Baltimore. In the comparatively short time during which he has been in the commission business, he has built up a very large trade in tropical fruits. The firm has done during the past few years a specially large business in the sale of Georgia watermelons and Florida oranges.

—There was given by Mr. and Mrs. James L. Beck, Monday evening of last week, a very pleasant masked ball at their home on Huntingfield farm. The host and hostess, it goes without the saying, did all in their power to make the occasion pleasant. There were more than a hundred guests present, and the fun was kept up until a late hour. There were quite a large number in fancy and comic masks, but many of the more sedate guests did not attend in costume.

—There are no fuller developments in the cases of the parties accused of body stealing than there were this time last week. Taylor, the "root doctor," has been arrested, and is lodged in the Chestertown jail together with Tom Hazelton, Sam Robinson, Mary Smith, Dan Cooper and George Baynard. These will have a hearing before a magistrate later, when all the evidence can be got in proper shape.

—The administrators' sale of the personal property of the late G. W. T. Perkins and of the late Mrs. Caroline C. Perkins, will come off in Chestertown on Next Thursday. The collection of household goods and other property that will be offered for sale is large and valuable. A very large collection of articles of which no mention is made in the advertisement will be offered. If the weather is fair the attendance at the sale will probably be large.

—The teachers' association which met last Friday was very slimly attended. There was only one teacher present from the country. The heavy snow kept others away. Mr. Fallowfield, the teacher of the town school, was also kept away, by sickness. The association, composed of the lady teachers of the town school, Miss Watts of the Hopewell school and the Examiner, discussed the questions in a conversational way, and the institute though small was quite an interesting and profitable one.

—Orphans' Court, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1886—Present, Judges Walker, Hyland and Stevens. On application, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jas. S. Gemmill, late of Kent county, dec'd, were granted unto Jas. A. Pearce, who filed bond in penal sum of $4,000. Samuel F. Cooper and Alex. Hickman were appointed to appraise the estate.

The Poor Ye Have Always With You.

There are in Chestertown many very poor people, so poor, indeed, that during a long severe winter as this has been, they suffer from cold and sometimes from hunger. The comfortably clothed and comfortably fed people in Chestertown would be surprised and shocked if they knew in what squalid wretchedness quite a number of people in the town struggle to keep body and soul together. There are several benevolent ladies who have quietly and unostentatiously relieved much suffering. The caring for needy people should not, however, be a tax upon the resources and the good Samaritanism of two or three. There should be some organized effort to take care of the suffering and to prevent actual want. If the churches, without regard to sect or creed, would organize some such relief association, there would be little trouble in raising funds for such a cause. There are few who when appealed to for relieving suffering will not respond according to their means. The *Transcript* will willingly aid by any means in its power any such organization.

The Incoming and Outgoing Mail Agents.

Mr. F. H. Greenwood, the newly-appointed mail agent on the route between Chestertown and Clayton, will enter upon his duties on the 15th of this month, but will be under instruction from the present agent until the first of March, when he will remove to Chestertown with his family.

Mr. F. Aldridge retires from the mail agency with the respect and confidence of the whole community. He has held the position ever since the establishment of the route. He will go back to his native county—Cecil—and make his future home at Cherry Hill, where he has now living the majority of his thirty-two nephews and nieces! Mr. A. has been in the habit for years of remembering these relatives with appropriate gifts at the Christmas season, and says it cost a good round sum to foot the bill this year. The good wishes of a large number of Kent county friends will attend him in his removal to what will be both his new and old home.

Thermometric Record

FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 9, 1886.

	6 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	aver.
Tuesday	20	33	33	28.6
Wednesday	19	14	12	15.
Thursday	18	14	7	10.3
Friday	—2	8	11	5.6
Saturday	2	27	23	17.3
Sunday	20	34	27	27.
Monday	12	39	34	12.1

Average temperature at 6 a. m. 12.1
" " " 2 p. m. 24.1
" " " 9 " 21.
Average of the week 16.5
" " last " 32.3
Prevailing winds N. NE.—S. SE.

☞ The *Transcript* will begin next week a story by Wilkie Collins, entitled "My Lady's Money." It will run through several numbers, and the name of the author—Wilkie Collins—is a guarantee that it will not be dull. The *Transcript* has published a number of continued stories through the winter in the belief that they will have proved interesting reading matter through the long winter evenings. They have been without exception, stories written by distinguished English and French writers, who have had the run of the best English periodicals. We know from some patrons of the *Transcript* who have read them, that these stories have been appreciated, and we believe that they have proved interesting to most of our readers. The plates of these stories we have purchased from the New York Press Association. The days are growing longer and the evenings shorter, and after the story which will begin in our next issue is finished, we shall probably cease the publication of continued stories, unless there is a large number of our subscribers who desire the continuation of these stories and will so notify us. In that case, we may off and on through the summer, work in a good lively continued story.

A Sleighing Carnival.

The snow of last week coming before the previous snow had entirely disappeared, has made unusually good sleighing for this latitude, and the lovers of the sport have been free in taking advantage of it. The owners of fast horses have tried their paces on the packed snow, and the sleighing fun in Chestertown has been fast and furious. A gentleman who took pains to count, noted 120 sleighs on last Saturday afternoon at one time upon the track of High street, Chestertown. At times the square between the Voshell house and Stam's corner would be nearly full of sleighs. The spectacle was of course quite an interesting one, and little knots and groups of observers were formed at various points who noted the fine points of the trotters, and made various comments, sometimes complimentary, sometimes otherwise.

The turnouts have been so numerous that it is difficult to give anything like a full list of those who have been enjoying the sport. The *Transcript* reporter could only note those that happened to be on the track when he made a few notes—Mr. and Mrs. John Gale in a double team were taking a short turn at the sport; Mr. James R. Jones, of Millington, came through behind a handsome pair of horses, but did not participate in the racing; Mr. and Mrs. George Beck, of Lankford, also came down High street behind a pair hitched to a large family sleigh, but did not enter into the lively racing sport that was going on. The handsome double team of Mrs. E. N. Wilkins has attracted attention at various times when it has appeared upon the track. Young Smuggler has been sent over the course for a warming pretty nearly every day, but he has kept out of the racing, and has not been put out to show his speed. On Tuesday morning, however, his owner, Mr. J. W. Hines, gave him the word and sent him at a pretty lively pace for one time round, much to the admiration of the spectators. Romie Byrom has driven a nag that has come in ahead quite a number of times, and has been quite a favorite. Cordray Loud has also won a number of dashes and the plaudits of the spectators, behind his horse, Tom. W. Cacy, from Massey's, came down with a sixteen-year-old on Saturday that surprised some of the Chestertown flyers by taking the lead. Geo. S. Biddle with his iron gray has continued to hold among the favorites Sleepy Dave has been out every day and has waked himself up to a step much below three minutes. Frank Wilkins' Fannie W. has been out, not any the worse for the recent collision in which she figured. A little pacer, belonging to Mr. David Hurlock, of Queen Anne's, created much amusement on Tuesday. She was driven by Mr. Robt. Wright, of the Voshell house, and paced ahead of some of the fast trotters. Among those who have ridden behind horses noted for style or speed, are Messrs. W. B. Stephens, Richard Diehl, Jesse Usilton, W. B. Wilmer, Samuel Vannort, J. G. Ringgold, C. Armstrong, C. Wright Spry, W. J. Vannort, Julian Hurtt, Herman Ireland, T. W. Eliason, Jr., Wilbur Eliason, T. W. Wickes, John Janvier, Dr. Cooper, John Brice, Sterling Jones, J. E. Blackway, Jas. W. Chapman, H. H. Barroll, Walter Skirven, Wilbur Hubbard and E. B. Emory. The track was pretty well cut up on Tuesday, and there was a general impression that the fine sleighing season was near its end.

Teachers' Association.

The Kent County Teachers' Association was called to order by the President at 10.30 A. M., February 5th. After roll-call the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved. The first question upon the program: "What is the proper division of the speller so as to suit our grades?" was discussed by Miss Downes, Miss Spencer, the Examiner, Miss Thomas, Miss Watts and Miss Gooding.

Letters from two absent teachers giving their views of this question were then read by the Examiner.

The general opinion seemed to be that it is not well to attempt to cover too much ground.

The discussion of this question led to some remarks upon methods of teaching spelling. The motion was made and carried that the teachers present adopt the division as made by the examiner, who made it upon a mathematical basis.

We give below his remarks:

be covered in two terms by an average lesson of thirteen words giving two terms for review.

"Part first to page thirty, which we think sufficient for the third grade, contains about thirteen hundred words, and putting the school year at two hundred days, the work can

"Part second contains about seventeen hundred and twenty-five words and can be gone over in two terms with an average lesson of eighteen words, giving two terms for review, also. This we have thought would do for the fourth grade. Parts third and fourth to the eightieth page contain about fourteen hundred words, giving for two terms an average lesson of fourteen words. These parts contain definitions and rules for spelling. This to the fifth grade. The remainder of part fourth contains about fifteen hundred words and would give an average lesson to the first sixth grade of fifteen words, with the rules for spelling. Part fifth containing nineteen hundred and fifty words gives to the second sixth grade an average lesson of twenty words, and covers the ground in two term. Part sixth to page one hundred and forty-eight contains about eleven hundred words, synonyms and words defined, giving a lesson of eleven words to the first seventh grade. The remainder of the book to be given to the second seventh grade."

The second question was discussed by Miss Wroth, Miss Downes, Miss Spencer, Miss Thomas and the examiner.

It was suggested that at our next meeting some of the teachers who have been successful in teaching these marks be asked to give a practical illustration of the method which they employ. It was decided to carry over this question and the remainder of the program to the next meeting as unfinished business. Owing, no doubt, to the almost impassable condition of the roads, but six teachers were present. One lady and a gentleman arrived after adjournment.

JEANNETTE GOODING,
Secretary pro tem.

The Case of Pratt, the Man who was Found Unconscious on the Street in Centreville.

A communication to the Baltimore *Sun* under date of Feb. 8th, says: "Messrs. T. L. W. Harley and David A. Sparks were arrested Saturday by Sheriff Smith, charged on the oath of Edwin A. Pratt of assault upon him with intent to kill on the night of the 8th of December, 1885. The hearing was held by Magistrate Goldsborough. State's Attorney P. B. Hopper appeared for the State, and Thos. J. Keating for Messrs. Harley and Sparks. Mr. Keating in behalf of his clients waived a hearing, and the case will go to the grand jury at the coming May term. Bail in sum of $300 in each case was furnished. On the evening of Dec. 8, Mr. Pratt went to the room of Dr. Sparks, in the Perry Building, under the influence of liquor, and he charges that he was there assaulted by Mr. Harley with a chair, inflicting a fracture of the skull and also injuring his knee. What happened after this Mr. Pratt does not recollect. He was found on the street in front of the building in an unconscious condition. The accused deny all knowledge of how Mr. Pratt received his injuries."

OPINIONS CLIPPED FROM EXCHANGES.

IN FAVOR OF AN 1887 CONVENTION.

There was a strong sentiment at one time which doubted the propriety or expediency of anticipating the solemn constitutional provision which fixes the year 1887 for taking the sense of the people. But it is now quite generally conceded that the sovereign power of the people, as represented by their delegates at Annapolis, has the inalienable right to ordain at its will such alterations in the fundamental law as may be suggested by experience or rendered necessary by the changes that time and circumstance may cause.—*Prince George's Inquirer.*

CONSTITUTIONAL TO TAX MORTGAGES.

The constitutional law says mortgages ought to be taxed and the assessment law declares they shall not be taxed. We do not propose at present to enter into the merits of the subject, to inquire into the causes which led to the exemption of so important a class of securities, as well as the practical working of the plan upon the interests and welfare of our people; but we do here and now aver that this exemption is clearly in conflict with the constitution of this State, and is, therefore, as a law, unconstitutional.—*Cambridge Chronicle.*

REMODELING THE SCHOOL LAW.

Every Legislature for years past has tinkered at our public school law, and this Legislature will not prove an exception. Mr. Winchester of Talbot county has offered a bill in the House which, if passed, will re-organize the school system of the State and make it uniform in all the counties as well as in the city of Baltimore. Mr. Gantt, of Calvert county, will we hear also offer a bill in the House so amending the present school law as to authorize the board of county school commissioners to adopt and purchase such text-books for county schools as may be recommended by the State board of education. They are to be furnished free of charge when not supplied by the parents or guardians.—*Marlboro' Gazette.*

THROW IN A CHROMO.

The marriage license fee seems to be an important subject among our legislators at Annapolis. Senator Jackson has introduced a bill to reduce the license from $4.50 to $1, and Senator Bowlus, of Frederick offered an amendment abolishing all tax upon marriages. It is in order now for some impecunious old bachelor, or some miserly member, devoid of sentiment, to offer a further amendment, requiring the clerk to pay to each applicant for a marriage license the sum of twenty-five cents.—*Westminster Advocate.*

NOT ALL WINNING TICKETS.

Of the applicants for federal appointment from Maryland probably more than ten out of every dozen will draw blanks. This must necessarily occur for the simple reason that probably a single county will detail a contingent to Washington sufficiently large, if every member of it were to be satisfied, to absorb every office of importance in the State outside of civil service appointments.—*Annapolis Republican.*

WOULDN'T GIVE A HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO HAVE THE CONSTITUTION CHANGED.

The bill providing for calling a constitutional convention next winter, if the people vote for a convention, is now before the Legislature. A convention would probably cost the State Treasury $100,000. Does the financial condition of the people at this time justify the expenditure of this money? Would it not be better to spend the money in redeeming the $100,000 of Deaf and Dumb Asylum bonds now due? Nobody that we are aware of is suffering inconvenience from the present constitution.—There are provisions in the constitution that we would be willing to see changed; but we wouldn't give $100,000 to have them changed, with no assurance that the change would be for the better. This is a matter which should be looked at from an economical point of view at this time more than from any other.—*Easton Star.*

NOT A CIVIL SERVICE REFORMER.

Our able representative Hon. Barnes Compton delivered an address before the Maryland Democratic Association of Washington, on Tuesday night, in which he is said to have covered himself with glory in the eyes of the Democracy of that club, which is quite an influential organization in Washington. Mr. Compton expressed his total disbelief in civil service reform; said he would have voted against the bill had he been in Congress when it passed, and would be delighted to have a chance to vote for its repeal now. He believed in Democrats running a Democratic administration.—*Port Tobacco Times.*

THE CRY OF A BACHELOR EDITOR.

The way to legitimate wedlock should not be hedged around to such an extent as to encourage illicit unions. That holy ordinance which has come from God, should be made as free as the air we breathe, and no restriction should be imposed by the State other than those which secure a proper registration of marriages and prevent fraudulent unions from being formed. It is for this latter purpose that the fifty-cent fee is charged. This fee is sufficient to pay for the cost of the license and registration, and any tax beyond this is an unjust oppression upon the laboring class of people. It is to be hoped that the bill will speedily pass both houses and become part of the law of the State.—*Salisbury Advertiser.*

Anything to Beat a Railroad.

In speaking of the movement of the general passenger agents to head off the ticket-scalpers, the New York Daily *Indicator* says:

"The railroads have not adopted the rule requiring limited tickets to be used only for continuous train rides, without excellent reasons. The roads have no desire to prevent passengers from stopping over at places along their lines. On the contrary, they have heretofore made it as convenient as possible for people to do this very thing. But how has the traveling public shown its appreciation of the courtesy? Simply by trying, in every possible way, to swindle the railroads whenever they saw a chance. A man wants to go to Buffalo—what does he do? Buys a ticket to Chicago, and when he gets to Buffalo sells the unused portion of his ticket to a scalper. The railroad is doubly cheated. First, it carries the original swindler to Buffalo for less than it takes a passenger who is too honest to indulge in the luxury of cheating the railroad; and, second, it carries another man from Buffalo to Chicago at less than the regular rate. The posted traveler, who cannot arrange to buy more tickets than he intends to use, never thinks of going to the railroad office for the ticket he wants. He patronizes the scalper, and helps that one to skin the railroad So it goes, the railroads by an extension of courtesy have been victimized and robbed by the traveling public. The everyday traveler at all times has his eyes open to the chance to beat the public. And so widely has the influence spread that even staid, honest-going people, who travel only occasionally, have come to think it quite the thing to deal entirely with scalpers, and assist in whatever swindle may be necessary to effect a saving for themselves of a few dollars. We are glad that the railroads have decided at last to protect themselves from the dishonesty of people who claim to be more than respectable."

Literary Notes.

The publications of the Harpers have long held a front rank in the appreciation of all lovers of good literature. The *Monthly*, the *Weekly* and the *Bazar*, each meets a distinct want among periodical readers. Many families take all three the periodicals, and to some families where the young folks have a claim, *Harper's Young People* also makes a weekly visit.

In the February *Century* 'Antoine Louis Barye,' the French sculptor, is the subject of the opening illustrated article, by Henry Eckford, who gives a thoughtful study of the man and his art, as well as anecdote and information.—G. W. Cable contributes a paper on 'The Dance in Place Congo,' which is illustrated with several arrangements of Creole music by H. E. Krehbiel, Miss M. L. Bartlett, and John A. Broekoven, and with striking sketches by E. W. Kemble. 'City Dwellings,' attractively illustrated, is the subject of Mrs. Van Rensselaer's fifth paper on 'Recent American Architecture.'

The February number of *Lippincott's Monthly Magazine* more than maintains the promise made for the new year by the January number. Hon. Dorman B. Eaton, the president of the U. S. Civil Service Commission, answers Gail Hamilton's attack on Civil Service Reform in an article whose savage humor will amuse even those who do not care to be convinced by its array of facts and figures, while to the Reformer it will appear one of the most exhaustive and powerful presentations of the case that have ever been made within the limits of a magazine article.

St. Nicholas for February, 1886, has a richly varied table of contents. Among those articles which may be classed as timely is an outdoor sketch entitled 'Fish-spearing through the Ice,' which shows how some clever boys improved on an ingenious Indian mode of fishing; 'Badminton,' a sort of indoor tennis for winter days, is the subject of a paper by C. L. Norton; Sophie Sweet has an amusing 'coasting' story, called 'The Girl Who Lost Her Pocket;' and there are bright Valentine verses by Elizabeth Cummings and others.

Alden's Cyclopædia of Universal Literature.

This work is the outcome of many years of planning and preparation. It will be an almost indispensable work of reference for every library, large or small, a trustworthy guide to what is most worth knowing of the literature of all ages and all nations. Occupying a dozen or more volumes, and yet issued at a price so low as to be within the reach of all, a familiarity with its contents will constitute a liberal education to a degree that can be claimed for few other works in existence. Dr. Lossing, the eminent historian and author, says of it: "I am strongly impressed with the great intrinsic value of the work as a popular educator in a high department of learning. The plan is admirable. Combining as it does a personal knowledge of an author with specimens of his or her best literary productions, gives it an inestimable power for good among the people." The work is being published in parts of 100 pages each, paper covers, at the price of 15 cents, also in very handsome cloth-bound volumes, gilt tops, 480 pages, for 60 cents. The parts can be exchanged for bound volumes, at any time. Four parts are now ready, also the first bound volume; volume two will be issued in a few days. The publisher's 132-page catalogue of standard books may be had for 4 cents, or condensed 16-page catalogue, free. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, New York; ————, Agents in this town.

"THE WATERBURY."

"My suit cost just as much as yours, and isn't any better, but I didn't get a watch with it."

To make a peedy clearance of our immense Stock of Baltimore made Clothing for Men and Boys we are presenting a genuine Waterbury Watch to each purchaser to the amount of $12.00 or over. At the same time every garment (which cannot be equaled in the U. S. for true value and correct style) is marked at a price guaranteed cheaper than it can be bought for elsewhere and your money refunded if you are not satisfied. Give us a call and inspect.

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YOUR TRADE
Such as Prime Print Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Lard, Bacon and
COUNTRY PRODUCE
in general, and we will pay you the
FULL MARKET VALUE
for it,
and sell you GOODS AS LOW if not CHEAPER than any "other man."

We have a
FULL LINE OF MUSLINS,
Bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels from 6¼ cts. to 16 cts. per yard. Calico, Tickings, Cottonade Kerseys, red and white all-woo Flannels, and a general line of
Domestic Dry Goods.
Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's HOISERY at Prices and Quality to please you.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES
cannot be surpassed for quality and Low Prices.
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dealing direct with the manufacturers, can guarantee quality and price at all times. Call and see us, and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.
espectfully,
J. B. SAPPINGTON.
opp. Hudgin's Bakery.
☞ Branch Store corner High and Mill Streets.
Chtown, Md., Sept. 13, 1883.

Question, Answer, Whatshall I read?
Examine Large Stock of Sea Side and Lovell's Libraries at
C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE.
if you want any Books by *Mail*, send for atalog ue.

About Job Work

The *Transcript* office would like the general public to understand that it is prepared to do All Manner of Job Work Neatly and Tastefully. It is Supplied with Presses that will do Work in the Best Manner. During the present year the *Transcript* office has turned out more Job Work than during any other year since it has been under present management, and in every instance it is believed satisfaction has been given. The office has gradually accumulated a supply of Handsome Job Types.

ENVELOPES.

We can supply Envelopes of Any Quality and Color to be obtained in the market, and we can supply them with desired Printed Matter on the outside, and can do it at a Reasonable Price. We can supply an Envelope Printed a as low a price as $2.00 per Thousand, but we would advise everybody to use a better quality of goods. Cheap stationary does not look business like. At $3.50 per 1,000 or $2.00 per 500 we can furnish Printed Envelopes that no man should be ashamed to use.

Letterheads.

We can supply Printed Letterheads in various Sizes, Qualities and Styles. We can do them by the 500 or 1000 Very Cheap, but we had much rather furnish a little Better Quality at a little Better Price.

BILLHEADS.

The first of the year, near at hand, when every business man will want to make out bills, and close up his books. We should like to have them call and look over our Billheads, and select something that suits. We know that we can please, in Billheads in Quality, Color, Siz and Every Other Respect.

Dance Programmes, Wedding Cards, &c.

We have in sample some of the Most Beautiful Dance Programmes we have ever seen anywhere. They are Surprisingly Tasteful. We have also in sample about fifty styles of Wedding Cards. Orders should be given five or six days before goods are needed.

If there is Any Manner of Job Work which you desire, we should like you to give us a call.

The Transcript,
Office Chestertown, Md.

THE VERY BEST

Practical Art Magazine is the *Art Amateur*. Each number contains from 32 to 50 large handsome pages, faultlessly printed on heavy paper. It is full of information about all sorts of art work. It overflows with excellent designs for painting and wood carving and brass hammering and embroidering. It gives the most admirable

COLORED STUDIES

Ever issued by any art magazine. It is copiously illustrated with sketches by the best artists and with drawings of interesting art objects of every sort. It abounds in useful hints for decoration and furnishing, invaluable to every woman with a home to make attractive. It contains a multitude of things that are useful to the art student and

ARE FOUND IN

No other publication. If you wish to paint flowers, or portraits, or cattle, or landscapes, or fans (or even photographs)—in oils or in water colors or in mineral colors—on canvas or china, on plush or silk; if you wish to carve a walnut panel, or hammer out a brass plaque, to embroider a chair back or an altar cloth—in short do any kind of art work—you will find the most complete instructions and the best models in

THAT PRACTICAL MAGAZINE,

THE ART AMATEUR, whose broad pages and generous supplement design sheets are unequalled by any other publication in practicability or quantity. Every issue of this magazine contains more than double the designs and useful letter press to be found in any other. To be convinced, you have only to *mention this paper* and send twenty-five cents to the publisher, Montague Marks, 23 Union Square, New York, and you will receive a specimen copy of

"THE ART AMATEUR,"

Together with a superb colored study, alone rth double the money. Dec. 31, 1885.

Imported Southdown Buck J. J. Coleman

FOR SALE on Werton Manor Stock Farm—Thoroughbred Hereford Bull Calves, by my registered Hereford Bull "Adventure," No. 12794, in Vol. IV, A.H.R. Also some fine Buck Lambs by my imported Southdown Buck "J. J. Coleman." The public are invited to call and inspect my stock. Parties in want of Stock Ewes will please give me a call.
JOHN GALE,
Sept. 3. Hanesville, Kent Co., Md

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1886.

Harper's Magazine.
ILLUSTRATED.

The December number will begin the Seventy-second Volume of *Harper's Magazine*. Miss Woolson's novel, 'East Angels,' and Mr. Howell's 'Indian Summer'—holding the foremost place in current serial fiction—will run through several numbers, and will be followed by serial stories from R. D. Blackmore and Mrs. D. M. Craik. A new editorial department, discussing topics suggested by the current literature of America and Europe, will be contributed by W. D. Howells, beginning with the January Number. The great literary event of the year will be the publication of a series of papers—taking the shape of a story, and depicting characteristic features of American society as seen at our leading pleasure resorts—written by Charles Dudley Warner, and illustrated by C. S. Reinhart. The Magazine will give especial attention to American subjects, treated by the best American writers, and illustrated by leading American artists.

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PER YEAR:

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