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The Transcript.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 25, 1886.

Subscription $1.50 per year; 75 cents for six months, in advance.

Advertising Rates.

Transient advertising will be charge at the rate of *one dollar* per square for first three insertions, and twenty-five cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A space equal to eight lines of brevier, constitutes a square. Figure-work will be charged fifty cents per square additional for first three insertions.

Simple notices of marriages and death inserted free. Obituary notices will be charged at the rate of five cents per line.

JOB WORK.

Handbills, large and small, flyers, dodgers, letterheads, billheads, envelopes, cards, tags, programmes and other kinds of job work will be done neatly and reasonably.

Correspondence upon matters of local interest desired. Anonymous communications will not be inserted.

It is desirable that communications be in by Saturday night if possible, and in any case not later than Monday night or Tuesday morning

—Mr. Wm. R. Gale sold last week through C. H. Baker, Esq., a farm of 113 acres near I. U. to Messrs. Samuel F. and Harry E. Cooper for $4,000 cash. The Messrs. Cooper propose to make a fruit farm of it.

—There will be an entertainment at the Grange Hall at Fairlee to-morrow evening, and another on Monday evening. The entertainments will be under management of the St. Paul's Sewing Society. The programme for both evenings promises rich entertainment, and those who go may expect to enjoy themselves.

—Mr. J. W. Hines advertises Young Smuggler, for the season, in this issue. The father of Young Smuggler made the fastest time of any trotting stallion on record, and there is no doubt but that some of the fast Kent county horses of the future will be of the Smuggler line.

—The *Transcript* publishes in this issue the Fitzgerald oyster bill in full. It takes up considerable space, but the interest of many Kent county people in the oyster question we have thought would warrant the publication of the entire bill. If there are any who have views upon the bill, favorable or otherwise, the *Transcript* will be pleased to publish them.

—We publish in this issue the advertisement of Dr. John J. Black's book, "The Peach, Pear, Quince and Nut-Bearing Trees." The book is devoted for the most part to that pride of the Peninsula, the peach, and contains a great deal of common-sense information, drawn from long experience and close observation as a practical peach grower. The book will be more than useful to every one engaged in fruit culture. It is very evidently written by a man who knows what he is talking about.

—Messrs. T. S. and J. W. Bordley have the architect's designs for a very handsome double house, which they propose building on their lot on Spring avenue, adjoining the new house of Mr. E. W. F. Simpers. Work will begin as soon as spring opens. Mr. R. K. Pippin will have the contract and the work will be done under his supervision. The design of the house is more than ordinarily striking, and the house when completed will enhance what is becoming a handsome part of the town.

—The sale of the personal estate of the late G. W. T. Perkins by his administrators, Dr. G. T. Perkins and W. M. Slay, Esq., was not concluded on Thursday but continued through Friday of last week. The sales were upon the whole satisfactory. The silver service was purchased by Mrs. Dr. Meeteer for $314.65. A handsome dinner set of 150 pieces was purchased by Mrs. Richard Hynson for $58. Some other silverware by R. Hynson, Esq., at $2.05 per ounce. A silver-plated waiter by Mrs. Meetver for $26; a book-case by Dr. J. T Twilley for $48; another to H. H. Barroll, Esq., for $45; a chamber set to Mr. B. N. S. Wilkins for $100; hat rack to Mr. E. T. Comegys for $24. The numerous other articles of cut glass and furniture realized fair prices. Mrs. Geo. T. Perkins purchased most of the carpets and matting and much of the furniture.

—Orphans' Court, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1886—Present, Judges Walker, Hyland and Stevens.

C. A. Rouse, adm'r of R. H. Rouse, dec'd, filed an account of sales of personal estate.

I. R. Leaverton, guardian to Arthur J. Leaverton, returned his account for 1885.

On application, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mary A. Clark were granted unto J. T. Lamb, bond $500, approved and recorded.

T. J. Fletcher, adm'r c.t.a. of Samuel Black, dec'd, filed an inventory of personal estate.

THE LAY OF THE GENTLE PEACH.

By the Transcript's hired poet.

Oh, how doth it fare with the gentle peach?
I prithee tell me how;
The gentle peach is dead, said he,
As he blew his nose quite mournfullee,
With a dark gloom on his brow.
'Twas nipped in the bud by the zero weather,
And taking my orchard altogether,
I haven't a fifth of a crop, said he,
As he blew his nose quite mournfullee.

Another peach king hove in view,
And was stopped on his way by the poet.
He tossed his head quite merrilee,
And he smiled out loud quite cheerilee,
As he answered the long-haired poet,
Oh, the peach is as sound as a turnip,
And if nothing else should turn up,
I'll have a booming big crop, said he,
As he smiled out loud quite cheerilee.

Oh, how doth it fare with the gentle peach?
Was asked of a third by the poet;
The gentle peach is uncertain, said he,
In a tone that was touched with melancholee,
And this for a fact you may know it,
If the cold of the winter shall fail to kill,
The frosts of the spring will go for it still,
And the frolicsome worm in June or July,
When other things fail, will work on the sly.
Oh, the gentle peach is very uncertain, said he,
With a tone deeply touched with melancholee.

Declination of Rev. Chauncey C. Williams, the Bishop Elect.

An official letter of declination from Rev. Chauncey C. Williams, of Augusta, Ga., elected at the convention held at Cambridge in Dec. last to the vacant episcopate of the Diocese of Easton, was received on Saturday by Rev. T. P. Barber, of Cambridge, president of the convention. The letter was also addressed to Rev. J. A. Mitchell, secretary of the convention. Dr. Barber declines giving the full text of the letter. The two following paragraphs are taken by permission from Mr. Williams' letter:

"I have gone to the Master day after day with the question, what would He have me to do? Especially at this season I have prayed that there might be given me some clear epiphany of the Lord's will. In no emergency of my life have I ever been left without a consciousness of the Divine guidance, some clear indication of what I believed to be His will, and now, after weeks of doubt and hesitation and anxious searchings of my own heart, there has come to me the strong conviction that I ought not to undertake the high office to which you have elected me.

"I beg you will let me add, in justice both to you and me, that my decision had been made humanly speaking, upon considerations entirely personal to myself. It has not been influenced by anything whatsoever to the prejudice of the Diocese of Easton. I have tried to make it conscientiously and in the fear of God, realizing that every steward of the mysteries of God must render an account at last, not only of the things which he hath done, but also of the things which he hath declined to do as well."

There will be no new election until the annual diocesan convention, which meets at Elkton on the 2d of June next. The episcopal duties generally have lately devolved upon the standing committee, but is stated that there are numbers of candidates for confirmation throughout the diocese, and an effort will be made at once to induce Bishop Paret to visit the diocese and perform that rite.

New Advertisements.

The following new advertisements appear in this issue:

The annual notice to county commissioners.
The entertainment at Fairlee.
Young Smuggler.
Notice to creditors of Mary A. Clark, dec'd.
Stedman T. Wickes' law card.
The Peach, Pear and Quince adv.

—An item has been going the rounds of the press, picked up somewhere, that the Chestertown straw-board mill had been leased to Mr. Wilbur Ellison, who proposed to open after next harvest. The statement is not correct. No such arrangement has been made.

—The following information was sent from Kent Island and published in the Baltimore *Sun* of Saturday:

KENT ISLAND, MD., Feb. 18.—Since Saturday last there has been a fleet of dredging vessels in Chester river at work night and day. It numbers from forty to a hundred vessels. It is estimated that from $100,000 to $150,000 in oysters have been thus illegally taken out of the river, and still the work goes on. The police sloop Compton is without sails, at Gary's Inn. One oyster steamer is aground at Poplar Island, another is at Baltimore on the railway for repairs, and the steamer Hamilton is at Annapolis.

The Hamilton on Tuesday last made four or five arrests, all of which got off on trial but one, and the fleet went to work again as soon as she was out of sight. The tongsmen on both sides of the river are very much incensed, and complain very strongly of what they consider the neglect of the authorities. Such a continuance of violation of the law, it is said, has not happened since the oyster law has been in operation. The tongmen are afraid to work, as they have been threatened by the dredgers.

County Commissioner Notes.

Upon application of James S. Harris, J. T. Ireland and others, in person, to have hill on Fishing Valley road in third district graded, it was ordered that said road be graded under direction of Samuel F. Cooper, commissioner for the district.

On petition of Bradford Camp, F. A. Wallis, Wm. J. F. Fletcher, E. Vickers, T. J. Vickers and others for continuation of public road in Broad Neck through the lands of C. A. Leary and heirs of John N. Usilton to Cacaway Narrows, V. Hendrickson, Edw. W. Hepbron and David Jones were appointed examiners.

Upon petition of Isaac Cleaver, L. J. Usilton, Alday Clements, David Clements, John W. Hines and others to grade hills and otherwise improve the Terrapin Hollow road in second district, it was ordered that said grading and improving be done under direction of commissioner for the district.

Upon petition of George R. Reed, S. Amos Reed, H. P. Smith and others to have hill on road from Worton Heights to Cat's Corner in third district graded, it was ordered that said hill be graded under direction of commissioner for district.

It was ordered that the commissioners' annual notice be published in the papers and printed in handbill form.

Personal.

Ex-Judge of the Orphans' Court Robt. Nicholson is again dangerously ill at his home near Hanesville. Mr. Nicholson has been confined to his house for several months, but during the last few days his condition has grown much more critical. He is of course under the care of watchful physicians.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Comegys gave a very pleasant entertainment on Monday evening at their home on Front street. The entertainment was a mask ball, and the party was quite a merry one.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Ebaugh came over from Baltimore on a visit to Kent last week and returned on Monday.

Mr. C. E. Perkins, the oldest son of E. F. Perkins, Esq., is at home on a visit. He has been in impaired health, probably from over-application to law studies, and is recuperating.

S. T. Wickes, whose law card is published elsewhere, has taken the law office adjoining the office of J. A. Pearce, Esq., where he will devote his time to the office work of his profession. He has been appointed commissioner in chancery in the place of H. H. Barrol, Esq., resigned.

J. D. Urie, Esq., has removed his office to the office adjoining T. W. Eliason's store, where he may now be found during office hours.

MATRIMONIAL.

HYLAND—CLARK.

Wednesday eve, Feb. 17, a large and brilliant audience of ladies and gentlemen witnessed, in our M. E. Church, the marriage of our highly-respected fellow-townsman, Judge Wm. A. Hyland, and Miss Kate Clark, both residents of Galena. The prominent position held by the Judge in Kent county both as a manufacturer and a politician of note, as well as the popularity of the vivacious bride, has for months excited unusual interest in this marriage. Many invited guests from different parts of the county were present on this interesting occasion, when, preceded by the gallant ushers, Messrs. Allen Hyland and Robert Wilson, the bridal couple presented themselves at the altar in the sacred edifice. It was precisely 7 o'clock, and we consider it a good omen when marriages come off at the appointed time. The skillful organist—Miss Lena Ireland—rendered a thrilling wedding voluntary while the bridal party advanced and retired from the altar. The bride appeared (as the ladies have it) just "sweet pretty," dressed in a superbly trimmed silk of a shade known as "ashes of rose, together with appropriate head ornamentations. This apparel contrasted finely with the customary suit of black worn by the groom. The Judge looked happy, as he often does when indulging in a good old-fashioned Methodist "shout," and sustained his customary self-possession during the entire ceremony. Bro. George Townsend, never backward in making the souls of others happy, tied the nuptial knot in the best possible manner. Repairing to the spacious residence of the groom (which by the way has recently been handsomely refurnished and beautified throughout), your correspondent was privileged to inspect the handsome bridal gifts, among which were some of exquisite variety and pattern, the gifts of wealthy friends of the bride in Brooklyn. A bountiful repast was served to the guests, for Judge Hyland understands to perfection how to cater to the most epicurean taste. Under such circumstances it may well be said that everything went off as "merrily as a marriage bell, and we trust to the present and future happiness of all concerned. OBSERVER.

MEGINNIS—MOFFETT.

Quite a crowd assembled at the residence of Mr. E. J. Moffett in Millington on last Thursday to witness the marriage of Mr. Turbutt Meginniss to Miss Selina Moffett. The ceremony was performed at four o'clock by the bride's uncle, Rev. S. T. Gardner, assisted by her pastor, Rev. T. L. Tomkinson. The wedding march was beautifully played by Miss Mary Blackiston before the ceremony and during the congratulations, after which the bridal party took the 5-o'clock train for Wilmington, where a reception was held at the groom's residence The bride was neatly dressed in a brown traveling suit trimmed in astrakan. They were the recipients of some very beautiful presents. The bride's class-leader, Mr. Thomas Mallalieu, presented her with some very nice cloth of his own make, and the choir of which she was a member for a long time gave her a handsome set of casters and silver knives and forks with her initials on them. One of her especial friends, a Miss Wickes, drove over the very muddy roads from Chestertown to see her friend Lina Moffett changed to a Mrs. Meginniss. She presented her with a very nice silver cream pitcher. The groom's present to the bride was a pair of gold bracelets. MILLINGTON—Z.

A Model Railroad System.

He who travels over one of the trunk lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad, may be sure that he experiences railroad travel at its highest reach toward perfection; for there is nowhere else in the the world a railroad system equipped with so many of the luxuries and conveniences of travel as the Pennsylvania. The Penna. Company study to make traveling pleasant in all the small details that effect the traveler, as well as in the more important matter of handsomes well lighted and well furnished cars, and well ballasted and level roads. Leaning back in a luxurious seat, he glides along at a speed of pretty nearly a mile a minute, and whether he views the landscape through the large and clear pane or whether he concentrates his attention upon a book, all the same, motion is so pleasant that he forgets he is moving.

Beside luxuriously meeting the utilitarian needs of the public as a carrier, the Penna. Railroad may be set down as a great educator in æsthetics. Certainly it considers beauty as well as utility in all that it does. When the Pennsylvania takes hold of a little shaky country railroad that has picked up at fifth or sixth hand some rolling stock that was used on one of the first railroads, and that has been rattling the bones of its passengers with its sudden rolls and tosses, it—the Pennsylvania—soon works a magic change. The road bed is made level and solid and the antiquated rolling stock is replaced by cars that are airy and handsome. Not this alone, but the little rickety sheds used as station houses are replaced by beautifully designed structures. And this is where the railroad plays the part of an æsthetic educator; for a beautiful station house with its well kept gardens will in time exert its due influence upon a community.

The city station houses of the company are generally beautiful structures on a much larger scale. Take the new Broad Street Station in Philadelphia. From an outside view the building is strikingly handsome,—quite different from the general run of brick and marble structures, and all the more striking from that. Inside the building is equally handsome and impressive. But the most striking thing about the Philadelphia station house, is the perfection with which it meets every want of the traveling public. The traveler who starts out on a journey from there cannot go astray, even if he would. Not only is there a man in a little pagoda-looking structure, who is a living encyclopædia of railroad facts, and whose only business in life is to answer questions, but an usher calls out the destination of every train that leaves and the gate-keeper examines every ticket and sees to it that the holder takes the proper train. The traveler can get a first-rate meal served in a first-rate manner at the station, or he can get almost anything else he wants. The company is putting up a new station in Baltimore, which is going to be very handsome inside and out when finished.

Other things being equal, it is often the case that travelers select the Penna. line from consideration of the extra comfort and convenience which is guaranteed to those who travel over any of its lines.

THE KENT COUNTY AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

The Question of Legislation.

There was an average attendance at the meeting of the Kent agricultural club on Monday. W. P. Norris, the president, was absent, and W. J. Vannort, on motion, was elected to the chair. H. T. Massey, the secretary, read proceedings of the last meeting, incorporated in which was the report of the last fair finance committee. The receipts from the fair were $2,721.11. The disbursements $2,681.91, leaving a balance of $39.29.

The question "Can Kent county farmers be benefited by any legislation at Annapolis this winter," was taken up for discussion.

W. W. Stephens said that so far as his observation goes, there are too many laws already. He knew of no new law that the county is specially in need of.

J. M. J. Byron said he thought farmers were as much interested as anybody else in the question of an early or late call for a constitutional convention. From a farmer's view of the question he should favor a late call.

J. W. Corey said that he must disagree with Mr. Stephens in the opinion that there are already too many laws. There are yet other matters that should be regulated by law which the Legislature should attend to. In the manufacture of fertilizers, the farmer should be protected from being humbugged by bogus goods. Other States are regulating the manufacture of fertilizers, and there is no reason why the State of Maryland should not afford a guarantee to the farmer. Among other desirable legislation which Mr. Corey mentioned, was for a law requiring text-books used in the Maryland schools to teach effects resulting from intoxicating drinks. He regretted Mr. Janvier's absence in considering this question. In the present sheep law, though there is an apparent protection to the farmer, there are so many loopholes that the law really furnishes no protection. Laws are generally so worded as to make too many lawyers. Too many lawyers are sent to the Legislature. He should just like to see a Legislature one time, made up of farmers.

George W. Porter said he would like to see a law which would protect the farmer in the purchase of fertilizers. He must acknowledge that he purchases fertilizers without being able to tell what he is getting until he sees results in his crop. He sometimes bought calf skin boots which turned out not to be calf skin boots, and got bad bargains in other things, but the farmer could afford to be cheated in everything else rather than in fertilizers.

S. Vannort said that at various meetings there had been a very full discussion of the need of various legislation. He thought the time had come for definite action. If the association wished legislation, it should take some action looking to securing it. He therefore moved that the association appoint a committee of three to draft such laws and to urge such legislation as the association should think needful.

W. J. Vannort put in a protest against a dog law. He said any dog law would be a dead letter. The politicians are afraid of it. The dogs rule the politicians and the politicians rule the people.

After considerable discussion and objection on the part of all the gentlemen named, the following committee was appointed to draft and urge legislation: S. Vannort, J. W. Corey and W. W. Stephens.

In discussing the difficulties surrounding the dog as a subject of legislation, W. W. Stephens told an amusing anecdote of a previous dog law.

J. W. Corey urged the propriety of pushing for a State experiment station. He said that the State agricultural college, as at present conducted, is little more than a place to stow away broken-down politicians. He thought the college would better subserve the needs of the farmers of the State if it were turned into a State agricultural experiment station:

W. W. Stephens humorously outlined a large amount of county and State legislation which the committee would probably ask for.

The next question for discussion was the regular question of the day—"What changes in pursuits and habits can be made by farmers in this locality, so that expenditures shall be less than receipts."

The question was opened by T. J. Willis. Economy, he said, is a time honored remedy for hard times, and he knew of nothing better than to practice strict economy and go back to the simpler manner of our fathers. Mr. Willis went somewhat fully into the discussion of the raising of small fruits and trucks, and expressed the opinion that if the means of reaching the great markets were more rapid and cheaper, it would pay Kent county farmers to turn their attention from grain to a larger cultivation of small fruits and trucks.

This article has already run to too great a length to give the discussion in full. It was quite interesting and was engaged in by J. M. J. Byron, W. W. Stephens, G. W. Porter, S. Vannort and J. W. Corey.

The question for next Monday is: Is it advisable to continue the seeding of clover, to the exclusion of other grasses. W. W. Stephens to open.

The E. S. Society.

Ed. Transcript—By 8 P. M. on Thursday of last week, the young ladies and gentlemen composing the E. S. Society of this town, had convened at the residence of Mr. Jonas Ringgold on Front street. Its members, always ready and willing to introduce new features to contribute to their enjoyment, selected the masquerade costume as the distinguishing characteristic of the evening. When all had assembled in the parlor, it was very interesting to see the different ways which each had carefully provided in order to conceal their identity, and to watch them in their endeavors to penetrate the masks of each other. Among the many personages represented, we may mention the following as being the most conspicuous: Lillie Hynson, drummer; Laura Thomas, tambourine girl; Maggie Wroth, plenty; Mattie Loud and Belle Aldridge, morning; Maud Thomas, popcorn; Emily Ringgold, night; Emma Gilpin, drummer girl; Lillie Constable, Scotch girl; Nannie Brice, milkmaid; Stella Stevens, grandmother; Helen Welch and Lillie Baker, gypsies, Madge Slaughter, buttercup; Ella Wilkins, sheperdess; Hope Wickes, old lady; Mary Beck, Scotch girl; Gussie Carville, jockey girl; Morgen Beasten, Pocohontas; Florence Burgess, pop-corn girl; Etie Trew, morning star; Hines Thomas, fatty; Snowden Thomas, tin peddler; John Wethered, aunt Sally; Linwood Sparks, grandfather; John Welch, sailor; Herman Perkins, satin; Horace Beck, sport, Willie Walker, gunner; Walter Perkins, hermit; Barret Catlin, sailor; Robert Ringgold, astronomer; D. P. Davis, ghost; Alba Rivers, Persian nobleman; R. Garey, *The Transcript*; B. F. Founders, butcher; W. J. Bratten, blacksmith, and S. Miles, *le feu* dude.

Those present who did not mask were, Misses Millie Comegys, Anna Welch, Nannie Hines, Messrs. I. L. Twilley, J. C. Brown, J. Turner and wife, E. T. Comegys and wife, W. R. Aldridge and wife, Mrs. Dr. Hines, Mrs. Barroll and Mrs. Meteer.

After enjoying a pleasant conversation, those who were masked laid aside the apparel which concealed their identity, some participating in dancing, others spending the time in various ways. About ten o'clock a splendid collation was served. Miss T—— was the prettiest lady present. At a late hour the members, feeling amply compensated for their efforts to make this meeting excel the previous ones, wended their way homeward. X. Y. Z.

The Question of Taxation.

Ed. Chestertown Transcript:—At the present time, the press and the people generally are discussing the question of taxation and exemption from taxation, and you will confer a favor on many persons, especially the farmers—owners of real estate, who derive their incomes from the cultivation of the soil on which they live, and for the support of their families, by giving information on the subject.

In the Declaration of Rights, we find these words: "Every person in the State, or persons holding property therein, ought to contribute his proportion of public taxes for support of the government, according to his actual worth in real and personal property," &c., &c. Will you please publish for the general good what property, both real and personal, are now exempt from taxation in this State? At the present time the farmer as well as the farming interest seems depressed, and we are led to think that we are bearing more than our fair proportion of taxation, not only of our State and county but also the national, in the shape of protection to manufacturers, and unjustly so. And we ask to be relieved from a portion of the burden. FIAT JUSTICIA.

[In reply to the request above, we believe that mortgages, church property, buildings belonging to the public, the property of charity institutions and the tools and implements belonging to mechanics, jewelry, clothing, &c., embraces about all the property real or personal that is exempt from taxation in Maryland. There may be some other special exemptions. The great bulk of untaxed property, however, is in the form of mortgages. Gov. Lloyd in his message says there is $200,000,000 in this State invested in mortgages, which is untaxed. It is estimated that the taxation of these mortgage securities would reduce taxation upon other species of property one-third. That is to say, the property holder who now pays $60 per annum in taxes would be reduced to $40 and the property holder who pays $300 would be reduced to $200. allowing that they are not holders of mortgage securities. We shall be glad to hear a further discussion of the question of the taxation of mortgages.—ED. TRANSCRIPT.]

PEACH TALK.

A talk this week with some of the largest peach growers in this county and representing every section of the county, leads to the conclusion that there will be plenty of peaches in Kent, unless trouble comes later. We have not talked with a single grower who thinks that his peaches are entirely killed. Some think their orchards are considerably injured, especially in the low lands. The buds in orchards along the rivers and on the bay shore are in especially healthy condition. It must be remembered of course, that peaches are as often killed after the 1st of March as before. If the crop should not meet with a further drawback, the yield in this county will be larger than last year. The crop down the Peninsula, it appears, will be very much shorter than it was last year. Indeed, in many sections it appears that the crop is already killed. The *Transcript* gives below information concerning the present peach prospect, gathered from papers representing all sections of the Peninsula in which peaches are grown:

From the Smyrna Record.

The *Record* has been asked a hundred times whether or not the next peach crop had been ruined by the recent cold weather? Our reply to the hundred past and hundred future questioners is, we do not know and do not believe any one else knows either. Wait and see; time tells all things.

From the "News," Milford, Del.

The general sentiment is that the buds are killed, and so thoroughly killed that anything like a crop is impossible. On the southern part of the Peninsula the cold was greater than further north, hence the injury is more general. Wm. R. Phillips, living near this town, brought us one day this week a large bundle of peach twigs of Stumps, Crawford's Late and Early Alexander. On all fully one-half the buds are alive. C. Gundy Brown, of Wyoming, has two-thirds of a crop of live buds. But in most orchards the buds are generally killed. A few may be found in the tops of trees, or on certain varieties. On hills more live buds are found than in valleys, and it is noticeable that on old trees or on trees of little vitality the buds are more apt to be alive. The reason for this lies in the fact that the stronger and thriftier the tree, the more sap it contained and so the bud was larger and more advanced. In all cases the early varieties have the most live buds.

From the Caroline (Denton) Democrat.

The prospect for the peach crop in this section is gloomy. A number of growers express the opinion that the peachers are all killed. J. M. Kerr, proprietor of the Eastern Shore Nurseries, says he will not get ten bushels of peaches from his whole orchard.

From the Middletown Transcript.

An examination of trees in different orchards after the temperature had reached zero, would show some dead buds. From that point down they would show a greater or less proportion of killed, depending on causes above stated until 10° below zero, few, if any, would retain sufficient vitality to resist the changes of weather and temperature during the critical period of blooming.

This variation or difference in the vitality or resisting power of the peach germs accounts for the different effect produced on trees at a given degree of cold, and not in different localities only, but the same difference will be found to exist in different varieties in the same orchards and, in a less degree in different buds on the same trees. Hence, in estimating the injury to the peach buds produced by a low temperature one grower will report his all killed, another will estimate his at one-half, while a third will say of his they are practically uninjured and his prospect good for a crop. These various reports, though seemingly contradictory, are all true of the orchards examined, the germ vitality differing in the different orchards or localities.

From Federalsburg letter in Denton Journal.

It is generally conceded that the peach buds are killed and as we have had four successive peach crops, farmers are accepting the situation in best possible spirit. Most of them will fertilize and cultivate their orchards as usual, which, together with a year's rest, is thought will put the trees in good condition for bearing a crop another year.

From the Greensboro Free Press.

Large growers in Caroline county, among them Hon. A. B. Roe, J. H. Bernard, W. C. Satterfield and J. P. Hoffman, claim that the crop is nearly if not entirely destroyed. Several experts of Ridgely lately examined a lot of buds, finding an average of three live buds in twenty-five.

From the Dover Delawarean.

In our last issue we expressed it as our belief that all the peaches in Delaware were killed.—Since that time, however, we have been told by men of undoubted veracity that there were some peaches left, or that they found live buds in their orchards, and had no doubt that there would be peaches in their orchards. We learn in this neighborhood, that E. O. Eccles has nearly a full crop, and we were told by W. P. Seward that in his orchard of twenty-five acres, he found but few dead buds, and that he had a full crop as yet. Jacob G. Brown and C. Gundy Brown claim to have a crop, and predict a large crop next summer. While on the other hand, Dr. Henry Ridgley, Thomas Pickering and other large growers do not think that they have any peaches. Mr. Pickering remarked that with nearly 150 acres in peaches he was sure that there would not be more than enough peaches for his own family. We hope that those who predict a crop of peaches are correct. But our own opinion is that there will be no peaches shipped below Wyoming, and not one-tenth of a crop in any part of the State south of Middletown. Our opinion is based upon the opinions of large and experienced growers from all sections of the State.

From the Cambridge Chronicle.

Colonel James Wallace, the heaviest peach grower of Dorchester county, who is regarded as good authority on such matters, gives it as his decided opinion that the crop will be very short if not entirely destroyed in the county.

From the Gazette, Laurel, Del.

We have interviewed several prominent peach growers of this section this week as to the injury done the peach trees by the recent cold snap. They say they have examined their trees and find no evidence of injury.

From the Denton Union.

Hon. A. B. Roe, a very large grower and packer and, withal, a conservative man, says: "I am not the man to cry 'wolf' but the peaches are practically all killed."

Thermometric Record

FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 23, 1886.

	6 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	aver.
Tuesday	32	36	30	32.6
Wednesday	26	33	32	30.3
Thursday	30	46	40	38.6
Friday	34	52	42	42.6
Saturday	30	27	32	29.6
Sunday	22	35	38	31.6
Monday	33	38	33	34.6

Average temperature at 6 a. m. 29.5
" " " 2 p. m. 38.1
" " " 9 " 35.3
Average of the week 34.2
" " last " 38.6
Prevailing winds W. S. W.

PEOPLE'S

Transportation Line

Steamer E. N. FAIRCHILD

will run daily (Sundays excepted) on and after August 10, as follows: Will leave Buckingham at 4½ p. m., Snitcher's at 5 p. m., Chestertown at 6 p. m., Burchinal's at 6½ p. m., Quaker Neck at 7½ p. m., and arrive in Baltimore at 1½ a. m. Returning, leave Baltimore 7 a. m.

Freights of all kinds earnestly solicited. Will be carried on moderate terms and carefully handled and every effort will be made to accommodate. For further information apply to

CAPT. JA. H. THOMPSON,
Au. 13, 1885. Chestertown

Imported Southdown Buck J. J. Coleman

FOR SALE on Worton Manor Stock Farm—Thoroughbred Hereford Bull Calves, by my registered Hereford Bull "Adventure," No. 12794, in Vol. IV, A.H.R. Also some fine Buck Lambs by my imported Southdown Buck "J. J. Coleman." The public are invited to call and inspect my stock. Parties in want of Stock Ewes will please give me a call.

JOHN GALE,
Sept. 3. Hanesville, Kent Co., Md

Fine Silverware

—FOR—

WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS

NEW STOCK!

CHOICE GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

STAM'S DRUG STORE.

FOR SALE.

Post! Post! Post!

SEVERAL THOUSAND LOCUST, Cedar White Oak and other kinds of POSTS of different sizes and lengths. They lay in the second, fourth and fifth districts. Also White and Red Oak BRIDGE BOARDS, White Oak piling and railroad ties.

Charles W. jones, living near Mr. P. A. M Brooks' woods, will act as my agent to deliver all orders, but the sales Must be made by me. All persons are forbidden to take anything out of the said woods unless by my or Charles W. Jones' permission.

WILLIAM PERKINS.
L., 188..

CHRISTMAS! PRESENTS. PRESENTS.

SUITABLE FOR ALL AGES AND THE MOST FASTIDIOUS.

BOOKS in great variety.

Dressing Cases, Fine Assortment and Various Prices.

Novelties of the season in large varieties.

Those who contemplate making presents, and to all others, I extend a cordial invitation. I have selected these goods with great care, and an examination of them will convince one they are sold *right*, as I am determined to sell.

Resp.,
M. A. TOULSON,
Apothecary.

WOOD! WOOD!!

Hickory, Oak and Pine.

THE subscriber has purchased 1000 cords of the very best seasoned Oak, Hickory and Pine that has been in this market for some time, and is selling it, delivered, at $5 00 per cord for oak, and $6 00 per cord for hickory; wood sawed and split to order.

This Wood has all been culled over; is full length, clear of knots and small sticks.

Pine KINDLING WOOD for sale low.

WILLIAM PERKINS,
Rising Sun, Saloon, Chestertow

Silverware.

An extra fine supply of the best quality at

STAM'S DRUG STORE.

WINTER BOOTS—We have them for men and boys at prices that will be found as low as the lowest. Those in want will do well to inspect our stock. J. H. SIMPERS.

HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm

is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and *you can't* tell.

Great Reductions!

To make room for New Spring Stock now being delivered from our warerooms. We are

SELLING OFF

All the balance of our winter stock of Overcoats, Suits and Single Pants for Men and Boys at prices which cost is not considered—All must be sold at any sacrifice. Most of these goods can be worn with comfort right into summer. A visit to our store will more than pay expenses of a trip to Baltimore.

C. N. OEHM & SON,

230 W. Pratt Street, 55 Hanover Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

GOSLEE,

The Shoe Man,

ALONGSIDE THE BANK,

Chestertown, Md.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES,

LADIES' SHOES,

BOYS' SHOES,

MISSES' SHOES.

ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING IN SHOES, FROM A PAIR OF SHOE STRINGS, UP TO THE FINEST LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HAND MADE.

Jan. 14, 1886.

COLIN F. STAM,

DRUGGIST,

Will open, this week, a very large and choice assortment of

Christmas Goods,

Which he would like the people generally to examine.

PRICES ARE MADE TO SUIT THE HARD TIMES.

Books!

The Greatest Variety to suit both old and young.

STATIONERY IN FANCY BOXES.

PERFUMES IN BEAUTIFUL CASES AND BOTTLES.

DRESSING CASES and TOILET SETS, FINISHED IN PLUSH AND ALLIGATOR.

Silverware of New Designs.

Bric-a-Brac for home decoration. Bronzes and Placques and many Fancy Little Ornaments which cannot be described in an advertisement.

Children have not been overlooked in the search for Christmas goods. The Books, Games and Toys now opening for them are the prettiest ever in stock.

Christmas Cards are still in fashion, and as pretty as ever.

Corner Drug Store,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & MUSIC.

A New Lot of VIOLINS and a new lot of cent Music just received.

COLIN F. STAM,
March 28. Druggist.

WM. B. TILGHMAN. C. C. TILGHMAN. M. T. HARLE.

Wm. B. Tilghman & Co.,

Successors to Kenly & Tilghman,

General Commission Merchant

No. 1 Bowley's Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Jan. 22, 1885—y.

SAML BURNS & CO.

LUMBER

SHINGLES, LATHS, PICKETS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRICKS, LIME &c.

104 LIGHT ST. WHARF

BALTIMORE

DUFFY'S PURE Malt Whiskey.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED. TRADE MARK.

Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated. Entirely Free from FUSIL OIL.

FUSIL OIL—Do you know what it is? Ask your Physician or Druggist and he will tell you that IT IS A DEADLY POISON. Positive Sure Cure for Malaria, Pulmonary Complaints, Indigestion, Nervous Prostration, Bronchial Troubles, General Debility, Loss of Mental Power and all Wasting Diseases. Endorsed by over 3,500 Physicians and Chemists. Invaluable as a STIMULANT AND TONIC in Typhoid Fever, Dysentery Diarrhœa, and all low forms of Disease. THE RECOGNIZED

ANTIDOTE FOR CHOLERA.

We are the only concern in the United States who are bottling and selling to the Medical Profession and Drug Trade an absolutely Pure Malt Whiskey, one that is free from FUSIL OIL and that is not only found on the sideboards of the best families in the country, but also in the physician's dispensing room.

DR. ARENDT, *the great German Chemist*, says:—*"I have made an analysis of your PURE MALT WHISKEY, which gave a very gratifying result. Your Malt Whiskey, obtained mostly by extract of malt concussion and a very careful fermentation and distillation, is entirely free from fusil oil and any of those similarly obnoxious alcohols which are so often found in whiskey. I therefore,*

RECOMMEND IT TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

Prof. VON YONDER, writes:—"Purity itself—Duffy's Malt Whiskey, is the purest liquor that I have ever analyzed. I must therefore unqualifiedly recommend it to the medical profession."

The late HARVEY L. BYRD, M. D., President of the Faculty, and Professor of the Baltimore Medical College, says: "I find it remarkably free from fusil oil and other objectionable materials so often found in the whiskies of the present day."

JAMES J. O'DEA, M. D., of Staten Island, the author of several works on insanity, writes: "When I prescribe an alcoholic stimulant, I order your famous Malt Whiskey, I know it to be wholesome, clean and unadulterated."

FRED. H. SAWYER, M. D., of Rochester, N. Y., a graduate of the leading European colleges, says: "I prescribe your Malt Whiskey in my practice here, consider it a very superior reliable article and can heartily recommend it in low states of fevers, acute inflammations, and depressing maladies generally, and also as a tonic in feeble digestion and convalescence from acute diseases, where an alcoholic stimulant is indicated, and especially in Phthisis Pulmonalis."

IN FACT, IT IS A BEVERAGE AND MEDICINE COMBINED.

TO CONSUMPTIVES, and those afflicted with HEMORRHAGES, WE WILL on receipt of SIX DOLLARS, send to any address in the United States (East of the Rocky Mountains), all Express Charges prepaid a plain case (thus avoiding all opportunity for comment), containing Six Quart bottles of our PURE MALT WHISKEY and with it in writing, and under the Seal of the Company a SURE and POSITIVE CURE for CONSUMPTION and other WASTING DISEASES in their early stages. This Formula has been prepared especially for us by the great German Scientist, *Dr. Von Yonders*. It can be prepared by family housekeepers at slight expense (Raw Beefsteak and our PURE MALT WHISKEY being of the ingredients.)

After this preparation has been taken for a few weeks, the previously conspicuously prominent bones in patients suffering from Consumption and the like diseases, get covered with a thick coating of fat and muscle, the sunken and bloodless cheeks fill up and assume a rosy hue, the drooping spirits revive, while all the muscles of the body, and chief among them the heart, are stronger and better able to perform their functions, because of being nourished with a richer blood than they had been before. In other words, the system is supplied with more carbon than the disease can exhaust, thereby giving nature the upper hand in the conflict.

SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS AND FINE GROCERY H