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The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, April 8, 1886.

C. G. WOODALL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Maryland Legislature Adjourns.

The Maryland Legislature has adjourned. Senator Warfield and Speaker Seth have made their farewell speeches, in which they have paid high compliments to the respective members of the respective branches of the lawmaking body over which each respectively presided. Members of each branch have made farewell speeches, in which they have paid high compliments to the respective presiding officers. President Warfield was donated by the members of the Senate with a handsome gold watch and chain. Speaker Seth was presented with a gold-headed cane. Harmony reigned supreme over the parting hours. At twelve o'clock midnight on Monday, the Legislature of 1885 86 adjourned.

The Legislature which has just finished its work has probably come up to the average legislature, both in the intelligence and in the conscientiousness with which it has dealt with matters that have come before it. The Legislature voted down the early call constitutional convention bill. Upon this matter opinions differed outside as well as inside the legislative body. The action of the majority in postponing the convention until the time mentioned in the present constitution will undoubtedly meet the approval of the majority of the people of the State.

There were other important measures that were not acted upon because of the probable changes that will be made in the State constitution within the next four years. Among these measures is a new tax law, in which mortgages as well as other private securities will be made to bear a part of the burden of taxation. If the present Legislature had passed such a law, it would have received the approval of the people throughout the State, with very limited exceptions.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is another matter that has been laid over for a constitutional convention to legislate upon. In the mean time a floating debt of $150,000 is already accumulated, and pretty nearly every big rain damages the canal to the extent of $20,000 or $50,000. It is said that it will take a half million dollars to put the canal in good shape. Every year the canal accrues a large amount of debt, instead of producing a revenue. In the face of these facts, it would seem that the Legislature would have acted wisely if it had made provision for the State to get rid of the canal to the best advantage possible.

The fact that the running expenses of the present Legislature have been greater than the expenses of the previous Legislature should be remembered in connection with the fact that it has conducted several costly contested election investigations, and has had other unusual causes of expenditure.

Finally this should be considered—that the time has not yet arrived in Maryland or anywhere else in the universe, when a Legislature, or any other body of men entrusted with authority from the people, can be expected to act with perfect wisdom or to give universal satisfaction.

Legislative Gratuities.

A few years back, important laws of the State were published in the newspapers, so that the general public could have an opportunity of obtaining a knowledge of the laws which they are compelled to obey. The newspapers were paid for publishing these laws, just as they are paid for other advertising. It was not a gratuity from the State. It was simply payment for a service rendered. But later Legislatures in their virtuous wisdom have in effect abolished the publication of the laws.

There is a gratuity, which is wholly and strictly a gratuity, which recent Legislatures in their virtuous wisdom have not seen fit to abolish, and that is the voting of a handsome sum of money to the reporters of various papers represented at the State capital during legislative sessions. These reporters are employed by the papers they represent and are supposed to be paid by those papers. What possible service do they render the State? Why should they be paid for doing the work of private individuals? Is it possible that there is a tacit understanding that these reporters will be a little blind and a little deaf to some things that naturally attract the attention of the quick-sighted and the clear of hearing? Is it possible that these reporters are paid for certain measurements of "taffy" which they have dealt out on various occasions to various members? Why did the Legislature vote these reporters these snug gratuities anyhow? It is an interesting question.

COMPTROLLER TURNER and Mr. H. H. Keedy, of Hagerstown, have recently had a sharp controversy concerning the refunding of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum loan. Mr. Keedy began the controversy in an open letter, which Mr. Turner pointedly answered. Opinions differ, but many level-headed people think that Comptroller Turner had the best of the controversy.

In the last issue of the Hagerstown *Mail* there appears an editorial of more than two columns in length still harping upon the refunding of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum loan. In another place the name of H. H. Keedy appears as one of the directors of that paper. Is it possible that Mr. Keedy is carrying on the fight from behind a cover? Is it possible that he is hiding his identity behind the editorial we? Let us have no breastworks, Mr. Keedy. Let us have a fair fight and a square fight in an open field, Mr. Keedy. If you have still got facts to give concerning the Deaf and Dumb Asylum loan, give them in the first person singular, Mr. Keedy.

Legislative Notes.

The bill reducing marriage licenses to $1.00 has passed both Houses. In the House the vote on the final adoption of the bill was—yeas 59, nays 10. Messrs. McVay, Galt, Vincent, Busteed, Legg, Shafer, McFarland, Flory, Arnold and Michaels.

The oyster-planting bill of Senator Hodson was reported unfavorably by the House oyster committee, and the report was adopted. Mr. Hodson says: "This bill is the Connecticut law, which was proposed to be adopted here as the only means of preserving the prominence of Maryland in the oyster business.—New York has now adopted the same law. It will have to come down in the regular way through New Jersey and Delaware, probably, before Maryland will adopt the same system which has worked so well elsewhere."

Mr. Stake's commercial fertilizer license bill, which passed the House, has been considerably amended by the Senate committee on inspections. It limits the scope of the license tax, and the analysis requires a uniform standard of analysis at the Agricultural College, and gives the College $3,000 a year of the license fund instead of $2,000, the balance to go into the State treasury.

A grand total of 775 bills have been introduced in both Houses this session, 313 in the Senate and 462 in the House. Of these, 190 in the Senate and 231 in the House were general bills or of sufficient general importance to be classed as general. The number to a good many people no doubt appears to be alarmingly large. But it must be remembered that there is the usual heavy grist of minor local bills providing for dog, hog, owl, hawk, fence and kindred legislation. Mr. Ireland of Anne Arundel, introduced a bill in the House providing for relegating to the county commissioners the authority to control such measures. Although this bill passed the House, there were doubts in the minds of the lawyer members as to its constitutionality under the present organic law, and when the bill reached the Senate the enacting clause was knocked out of it.

The general oyster law, which has occupied a large share of the attention of the Legislature, has been finally agreed upon by conference committees and passed in about the same shape as the law of 1884. The dredging season begins on October 15, instead of November 1. The tonging season ends on April 25, instead of April 15. The carrying license tax, already dead, by act of court, remains at $3 a ton. Amendments were rejected to impose a tax of $1 a ton on all vessels licensed to dredge in the limits of a county; to make the waters of the Patuxent, common to the citizens of Charles, St. Mary's and Calvert; to allow Anne Arundel tongmen to use boats licensed. Licenses to dredge may be issued after the beginning of the season by the payment of a pro-rata license tax.

The Senate passed the bill appropriating $50,000 for an annex to the State House, and it now goes to the Governor. Senator Bowlus said "I would like to know how much money in the aggregate this Legislature will appropriate. I believe it is very large, and I am getting alarmed about it." He thought it better to postpone this annex appropriation a little longer. Senator Sappington wanted the bill indefinitely postponed. Senators Hayes, Hodson and Lane said the annex is badly needed for the State library and for the accommodation of the General Assembly. The vote on the passage of the bill was—yeas 19, nays 2.

The Worcester county Senatorial contested election case of Dennis, regular Democrat, and Henry, fusion Democrat, was settled Monday by seating Mr. Dennis, after arguments by Senators Goldsborough and Hodson. The vote to seat Mr. Dennis was 16 yeas to 3 nays—Messrs. Burchinal, Hodson and Ireland.

Mr. Stake's House bill regulating the inspection and sale of commercial fertilizers, without the amendments proposed by the Senate inspections committee, passed the Senate Monday.

The committee on claims' books show as extraordinary expenses $2,500 for the Worster county Senate election case, $800 for the Caroline House election case, $1,400 for chairs for the House, $1,000 extra for a House reading clerk because of the illness of the elected clerk, Philip Moore, and $200 for a Senate visiting committee during the recess; total, $5,900. The appropriation for the session of 1884 was $105,000, and for 1886 it was $111,000. The extraordinary expenses for the session of 1884, if any, are not given.

The bill to abolish convict contract shoemaking in the penitentiary did not come up in the House and, therefore, failed to pass. This bill was first introduced in the Senate so as to abolish all contract labor in the prison, and it was then made to abolish only shoemaking, and it passed the Senate. The House ways and means committee reported the bill Saturday night without recommendation. Friends of the bill tried several times on Monday to have the bill called up, but were not successful.

Senator Jackson's oyster propagating bill passed the House. It appropriates $5,000 to distribute oyster shells in the Chesapeake bay.

Senator Warfield on Monday resigned his seat in the Senate, and Senator Jackson was elected to succeed him. Mr. Warfield resigned in anticipation of a Federal appointment.

Our Defenseless Sea Coast.

From the Washington Gazette.

It is idle to multiply words upon the defenseless condition of the United States, for almost every day in the year for a number of years past have warnings and proofs of such a condition been carried to the only source whence relief could be given, Congress. But no relief came, and none was promised until within a year past. It is, however, shameful, disgraceful, suicidal that such a condition should exist. And while we have no fancy for playing the part of a Cassandra, predicting war and destruction, the danger of humiliation and overwhelming disaster is so great that he indeed must be blind who cannot see it; he must be indifferent to his country's welfare if he is not disturbed by it, and he must be dumb, indeed, who does not raise his voice in protest against such a state of affairs.

There is now danger from a source which, until lately, was regarded by the free and independent American with the most scornful and haughty contempt. China has 400,000,000 of people. The clothes washers and servants that we see in this country do not represent Chinese pluck, Chinese brains, Chinese energy or Chinese power. As the Mahrattas and the Rohillas of India are so far superior in stature, strength and aggressive courage to the Bengalese that we can hardly think they are of the same blood, so the stunted and deteriorated specimens of the Chinese we see as laborers in this country are not the specimen bricks whereby to judge the bulk of the Chinese. The plains of Yunnan, of Sze-chuen, of Houpi and the hills of Hounan and Shen-se would easily furnish 20,000,000 of men that, properly officered and armed, could repeat in America and in Europe, on a grand scale, the exploits of Attila, of Gengis-Khan and of Tamerlane.

The Chinese are as skillful sailors as the Saxons, the Norsemen or the Finns. Germany has built for China twenty-five or thirty first-class iron war steamers, armed with the latest improved artillery. In the event of China making war upon the United States, egged on by Germanic and other European jealousy of us, what possible resistance could we offer to twenty-five first-class iron war steamers? Think of the damage such a fleet could do to our coasts!

Besides, China is the only country in the world with men enough to successfully invade us. We have seen what two million five hundred thousand Germans did in France fifteen years ago. Ten millions of Chinese, properly armed and officered, could give America even a worse experience. We could not keep them out if they chose to come. And they would not come to open laundries in our cities either.

But this is but one of the dangers that a rich, prosperous and utterly defenseless country is exposed to. Is it not about time to get ready to meet any possible danger that may come? And no proverb is truer or of wider, more practical value than that old one which admonishes us to "in time of peace prepare for war."

Bills Signed.

The following legislative bills have been signed by Gov. Lloyd, and will become laws:

Regulating the hours of street-car employees (twelve-hour bill); repealing and re-enacting the Anne Arundel tax collection law; incorporating the Provident Savings Bank of Baltimore; providing for the erection of a school building at Brandywine station, Prince George's county; re-enacting the Queen Anne's county wild-fowl law; to refund overpaid taxes to Mary V. Hading; providing for a State subscription to Riley's History of Annapolis; amending the chancery law; amending the charter of Keedysville, Washington county; incorporating the Pocomoke Land Improvement Company; relating to leases; to pay L. F. Cox and others overpaid taxes; providing for printing Labor Statistician Weeks' report; appropriating money to pay claim of ex-Sheriff Scaggs, of Prince George's county; authorizing the county commissioners of Prince George's county to pay George C. Merrick for legal services rendered; to pay the claims of Robert E. Strange and others; re-enacting the testamentary law; relating to the attendance and pay of witnesses in court; incorporating the town of Frostburg, Allegany county; for the better protection of fish in Talbot county; authorizing the sale of the Hall's Spring Railway Co. property in Baltimore; re-enacting the law relating to appeals, to enforce the law regulating the hours of labor in the mines of Garrett and Allegany counties; to prohibit female "sitters" in variety entertainment or concert halls in the State; authorizing the commitment of destitute girls of St. Mary's Orphaline School; amending the charter of Pocomoke City, Worcester county; amending the Western Run turnpike incorporation; to pay Findlay, Roberts & Co. a claim against tobacco warehouse No. 2, and A. W. Sim & Co. a claim against warehouse No. 1; authorizing funding the floating debt of Westminster existing February 1, 1886; to pay the claim of John E. McCusker; sanctioning certain leases by the Central Presbyterian Church of Baltimore.

The Dead Canal Bill.

Senator Bowlus says, in reference to the canal bill, that "after the recommitment of the bill to his committee he found, on consultation with Senators, that it would be difficult, if at all possible, to secure a majority for the bill. He therefore concluded not to report the bill again, although a majority of the committee were for a favorable report, as it would precipitate a protracted discussion, delaying the business of the Senate, without a probability of its final passage. He had contended that the canal was liable at any time to break down by the accident of flood, as well as from other causes. In this event, he said, there was no power to prevent the canal from falling into the hands of the B. and O. Railroad. It will then be dried up at once, as the railroad will have no use for it. He says that if the canal be sold by decree of court on bill filed, it must be sold to the highest bidder, and there is no individual or corporation that can give as much as the B. and O. can and will give for it. The papers of to-day, he said, inform us of disasters to the canal by the recent freshet. The canal company have no available funds to make the necessary repairs, which will probably cost from $50,000 to $100,000. It is true that $50,000 is due on notes payable at some future day for bonds of 1878, recently sold. These notes might be sold to brokers or to the makers at a discount, and the proceeds applied to making these repairs. But this is equivalent to sinking that much more of the State's money in a canal which all know cannot live. It is difficult to see now what the canal company can do, with no means at hand to do anything. The wisdom of the passage of the bill he presented," he adds, "is vindicated. Had the bill passed, the directors of the canal and the Board of Public Works would have been invested with power to meet the contingency and to make some proper disposition by lease of the canal, save any further expenditure of the State's money on it and possibly secure an independent line of railway from the coal fields, and ultimately from the Pacific, having its terminus at Baltimore. This would have been infinitely better than to let this canal go into the possession of the Baltimore and Ohio, and thus leave the State at the mercy of that corporation without competition." He is of opinion, he says, that the defeat of this bill was largely due to the influence of the Baltimore and Ohio at Annapolis.

MARRIED.

RHODES—BENJAMIN.—At the M. P. Church in Chestertown, April 1, by Rev. W. R. Graham, HARRY B. RHODES, of Odessa, Del., and Miss ELIZABETH R. BENJAMIN, of this town.

ROLLISON—CLENDANIEL.—At the M. P. Parsonage near Edesville, Feb. 25th, by Rev. R. L. Lewis, CORNELIUS D. ROLLISON and Miss CLARA CLENDANIEL, both of Kent.

DIED.

DORITY.—Departed this life near Still Pond, March 23, after a lingering illness of consumption, which was borne with the confident assurance of that better life in the Kingdom of Heaven, WM. G. DORITY, only and beloved son of John E. and Martha E. Dority, in the 15th year of his age.

WHALAND.—At the old family residence near Chestertown, on Thursday last, after lingering illness, JOHN W. WHALAND, oldest son of the late Dr. T. H. Whaland, aged 54 years.

GILPIN.—At the residence of his father, Wm. H. Gilpin, in Galena, March 28, after a long illness, JAMES H. GILPIN, aged 24 years.

Resolutions of Respect.

By order of Amicable lodge, the following resolutions are published:

CHESTERTOWN, March 29th.

At the regular meeting of Amicable Lodge No. 117, I. O. O. F., held at Odd-Fellows' hall, Chestertown, on the night of March 29th, 1886, the secretary announced the death of Brother John L. Stam, and on motion the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That this Lodge has heard, with sorrow, of the death of our oldest brother and highly honored friend, who from early manhood and for more than half a century, has been an earnest sympathizer and ready co-operator, in the welfare and advancement of the principles and tenets of our beloved Order.

Resolved, That his death, at a ripe old age, has deprived our community of a useful and valued citizen, whose gratuitous and self-sacrificing services in behalf of its advancement and improvement were always cheerfully rendered, and whose prosperity and welfare always occupied a large share of his thoughts.

Resolved, That while our heads are bowed with grief at his departure by death, from our midst, our hearts rise in gratitude to God for his prolonged life of usefulness.

Resolved, That this Lodge hereby sympathises with the family of our lamented Brother, in their loss of a devoted husband, father and counsellor; yet in their grief they will find consolation in the thought, that at the close of a useful and well-spent life, he has realized the blessings of the "pure in heart."

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be entered upon the proceedings of our Lodge and transmitted to the family of our departed Brother.

J. A. PERKINS,
J. A. CATLIN,
1t. S. C. ROBERTS.

Large Stock Peach Trees

For Spring Planting at 3 to 6 cts. each. Also, other Stock. Prices free.
R. S. JOHNSON,
Apr. 1—4t. Stockley, Del.

SKATING RINK.

The Still Pond Skating Rink is open this evening (Thursday evening) at 7 o'clock.
M. F. CLARK,
Jan. 28, 1886. Manager.

UNION HOTEL.

PRATT AND CHARLES STS., BALTIMORE.
WM. J. LLOYD, Proprietor.
On the European Plan.
Rooms 25, 50 and 75 cents. Table Board $3.50 per week. Meals 25 cents, or $1 per day. Permanent Board, $4 to $7 per week. Livery Stable attached. Hacks and Express Wagons for hire. March 18.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

ELIZABETH VICKERS,

late of Kent county, dec'd.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, on or before the 8th day of Nov. 1886, or they will be excluded by law from all benefits in said estate.

Given under my hand this 7th day of April, 1886.
JOSEPH DOWNEY,
April 8, 1886—4t. Executor.

To Tax-Payers

—OF THE—

THIRD DISTRICT.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the late James S. Gemmill, as collector of taxes in the Third Election District of Kent county for the years 1884 and 1885, that under a decree of the Circuit Court in equity, he has been appointed trustee with full power to collect said taxes, and is now prepared to collect the same according to law, and that prompt payments are earnestly desired.

I may be found in Chestertown on Tuesdays, at Worton Station on Saturday afternoons, and at home the remainder of the week.
DANIEL E. JEWELL,
April 8—3t. Collector.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

JAMES JACKSON SPEAR,

late of Kent county, dec'd.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of October, 1886, or they will be excluded by law from all benefits in said estate.

Given under my hand this 29th day of October, 1886.
SAMUEL CACY,
April 1, 1886—4t. Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

WILSON REGISTER,

late of Kent county, dec'd.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, on or before the 18th day of Oct., 1886, or they will be excluded by law from all benefits in said estate.

Given under my hand this 16th day of March, 1886.
CHAS. H. BAKER,
March 18, 1886. Executor.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court for Kent county, the undersigned, as administrator of James J. Spear, deceased, will sell at the late residence of deceased, near Massey's, on

FRIDAY, 9th OF APRIL

beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., the

FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY.

to wit:

7 Head of Horses,

as follows:

Gray Mare Lucy, Bay Mare Kate, Bay Mare Pet, Sorrel Colt Edward, Brown Colt, Dick, Sorrel Colt Hallie and Black Colt Puss.

Two of the mares above mentioned are with foal, and two of the colts are very promising.

17 Head of Cattle,

Among which are several Alderneys,

A number of Fresh Cows, some of them with calves by their sides, and Heifers and Steers in good condition for beefing.

TEN SHOATS.

The FARMING IMPLEMENTS

comprise the usual stock found upon a well-conducted farm, in part as follows:

1 Self-Binder Reaper,
1 Mower,
1 Farm Wagon,
1 Bickford & Huffman Drill,
1 Carriage,
1 Sulky Cultivator,
1 Dearborn,
1 Corn Sheller,
Wagon and Carriage Harness,
A Large Lot of Plows, Cultivators, and other Farming Implements too numerous to mention in detail, much of which is in first-rate condition.

OVER 600 POUNDS OF BACON,

600 BUNDLES BLADES,

and other articles too numerous for mention within a limited space.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums of $10 and over, a credit of seven months will be given, on bankable note with approved security. On sums of less than $10 the cash will be required.

S. CACY,
April 1—tds. Administrator.

Pickets!
Pickets!!
Pickets!!!

Best No. 1 White Pine Pickets.
Best No. 1 Hemlock Pickets.

Bought by carload lots direct from Manufacturers.

2x4 and 2x3 and 1x6, all 16 feet.

WHITE PINE, GEORGIA PINE, CYPRESS, NORWAY

Fencing !!!
Fencing !!
Fencing !

Landing to-day, March 31st, 1886,
and
For Sale at Scott's Point.
Apply at office of
Joseph Turner.
April 1, 1886.

JOS. L. DOWNES. W. R. JENNINGS.
DOWNES & JENNINGS,
Merchant Tailors.
33 Hanover Street,
BALTIMORE.
Sept. 17, 1885.

DO YOU WANT
A GOOD FARM WAGON OR DEARBORN

Either Eleptic Springs or Platform? If you do call at CHAPMAN & LAMBERT'S and be surprised at the reduction in price before buying.

NEW Stock of Horse-Collars and Bridl Halters, Traces and Plow-Lines at WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' ANNUAL NOTICE.

THE County Commissioners of Kent county will meet in their office in Chestertown, on

TUESDEY.

The 2d day of March, 1886,

at 11 o'clock A. M., and will continue to meet at the same place and hour

EVERY TUESDAY,

Until the 4th day of May next

For the purpose of noting transfers and correcting assessments.

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since their last sitting for said purpose, are particularly requested to attend at an early day to have their assessments corrected and adjusted.

After Tuesday, 18th of May next,

NO ALTERATIONS or Corrections in the assessments will be made for the present year.

TRUSTEES OF THE POOR

will be appointed on the Second Monday—12th day—of April, next

COLLECTORS

of State and County Taxes

FOR EACH ELECTION DISTRICT,

and a

KEEPER OF THE STANDARDS

—OF—

Weights and Measures

will be appointed on

Tuesday, the 13th of April, next

All persons having Accounts against the county are requested to present the same on or before

Tuesday, the 1st day of June, next

otherwise they will be excluded from the levy this year. All accounts properly chargable to the county are required to be made out in a clear manner and itemized and rendered under oath.

All applications for pensions must be made in writing, stating the condition and circumstances of the applicant and vouched for by three or more freeholders having a knowledge of the facts herein set forth.

N. B.—All persons neglecting to have their assessments corrected are hereby notified that no allowance for taxes paid in error in consequence of such neglect will be made.

J. C. WHEATLEY, Pres.;
JOHN F. ERNEST,
BEDFORD ROE,
SAMUEL F. COOPER,
WILLIAM MORRIS,
Attest— Commissioners.
T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk.
Feb. 25, 1886.

SEED POTATOES,

Very Fine,

NEW YORK STATE GROWN.

For sale by the barrel or bushel at

J.K. Aldridge & Co's

THE ROLAND, NORRIS AND WIARD CHILLED

PLOWS,

Plow Castings, Plow Lines, Plow Traces, Plow Hames, Wagon Harness, Chain Traces, Breast Chains, &c., for sale by
J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

ALL KINDS OF

Builders' Hardware

the Completest Stock Kept at
J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO'S.

Roofing, Spouting,

and All Kinds of TIN WORK Done at short notice, in a workmanlike manner by
J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

TO THE FISHERMEN:

We have Seine Twines, Grass and Cotton Ropes all sizes; Sheet Lead, Boat Oars, Oar Locks, &., &c.

J.K. Aldridge & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

"Listers"

Have held Highest Rank among the many Fertilizers that have been from time to time offered to Farmers and Planters.

W. N. E. Wickes,

AS THEIR AGENT,

offer their Various Preparations, for the

Spring Crops,

VEGETABLES,

AND FRUIT TREES.

Orders left at Wickes & Brother's will be promptly attended to.
March 25—2m. [N]

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY
D. B. STEWART CO.,
General Commission Merchants
and Wholesale Dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, ried Fruits, Canned Goods, &c., Southern Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty.
150 W. Pratt Street.
Orders for Sweet Potatoes, Aspinwal Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Produce generally, promptly filled. [Feb. 21.

Sheriff's LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice to Merchants, Traders and others.

All Persons and Bodies Corporate or Politic in Kent county, who are or shall be exercising or pursuing any business, or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a License is made necessary by the Laws of Maryland, are hereby warned to obtain a license, or renew the same, on or before the

1st day of May, 1886

under the penalties prescribed by said laws for the infraction thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADER'S LICENSE.

The amount to be paid by traders for license—the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath—is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed		$1,000	$12 60
Over 1,000	not over	$1,500	15 60
" 1,500	"	2,500	18 60
" 2,000	"	4,000	22 60
" 4,000	"	6,000	30 60
" 6,000	"	8,000	40 60
" 8,000	"	10,000	50 60
" 10,000	"	15,000	65 60
" 15,000	"	20,000	80 60
" 20,000	"	30,000	100 00
" 30,000	"	40,000	125 60
" 40,000	"		150 60

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at their principal season of sale, or the oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace when the person wanting a license applies through an agent. If the latter course be adopted the following form will be deemed a sufficient compliance with the act:

Kent county, to wit:

On this — day of ——, 1886, before the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for said county, personally appeared —— ——, and declared that he intends to apply for a Trader's License under the second section of the Act of January session, 1858, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and made oath that the amount of stock of goods generally kept on hand by him (or by the concern in which he is engaged, in case it be a partnership), at the principal season of sale (or if the applicant has not previously engaged in such trade), that the amount of goods which he intends to keep, &c., does not or will not exceed $——

Sworn before —— ——

If the oath be administered before a Justice of the Peace out of the county in which the application is made, there must be attached the certificate of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the Justice resides.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

Venders of cakes and venders of beer, who are makers of such beer, (Lager Beer excepted), are not required to take out license.

OYSTER & EATING HOUSES.

The License to be paid by the keepers of Oyster and Eating houses, is $50.65 throughout the State.

VENDERS OF MILLINERY.

Females vending Millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over $500, to pay a License of $5; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—oath to be made as to the amount of stock at the principal season of the year.

BILLIARD TABLES.

A License may be granted to any person who may apply for permission to keep a billiard table, for which License there shall be paid the sum of $50.50, and for every additional table $25.50.

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS.

Hawkers and Peddlers must renew their Licenses on or before the first day of May as other trades.—The rates are as follows in the county:

To travel on foot	$41.00
With 1 horse and wagon	51.00
With 2 horses and wagon	71.00

FOR THE WHOLE SHORE.

To travel on foot	$ 61.00
With 1 horse and wagon	101.00
With 2 horses and wagon	151.00

No such License shall be granted to any hawker or peddler in the name or style of any partnership, or company, and but one person shall trade under any such License. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, recoverable before any Justice of the Peace.

BROKERS.

Any person who shall make it his business to deal in any manner on his own account, or for others, in the purchase and sale of stocks, bills, notes, bank notes, or other obligations, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Exchange Broker	$100 60
Stock "	75 60
Bill "	50 60

The following Act—chapter 448, page 863—entitled "An Act to add to the 10th section of article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws, a sub section, requiring a License to enable any person to act as Real Estate Broker," provides—

That "any person applying for the same and paying the sum of fifty dollars, may obtain a License for carrying on the business of a Real Estate Broker, and any individual copartnership or firm who shall carry on the business of Real Estate Broker without a License, shall be subject to the penalties imposed upon other Brokers by section seventeen of this article."

LICENSE to KEEPERS or OWNERS of JACKS or STALLIONS.

The owner or keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in this State the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season of one mare; and the receipt of the said Clerk with the seal of his court attached thereto for said sum, shall be the License for stationing said Stallion or Jack for one year from the date thereof; provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid for said License be less than ten dollars; and that every Stallion or Jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other State tax. Any owner or keeper stationing any Stallion or Jack without a License shall pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid as stipulated above, one half to the State and the other to the informer.

JAMES P. HATCHERSON,
Sheriff of Kent county.
April 1, 1886—5t.

About Job Work

The *Transcript* office would like the general public to understand that it is prepared to do All Manner of Job Work Neatly and Tastefully. It is Supplied with Presses that will do Work in the Best Manner. During the present year the *Transcript* office has turned out more Job Work than during any other year since it has been under present management, and in every instance it is believed satisfaction has been given. The office has gradually accumulated a supply of Handsome Job Types.

ENVELOPES.

We can supply Envelopes of Any Quality and Color to be obtained in the market, and we can supply them with desired Printed Matter on the outside, and can do it at a Reasonable Price. We can supply an Envelope Printed as low a price as $2.00 per Thousand, but we would advise everybody to use a better quality of goods. Cheap stationary does not look business like. At $3.50 per 1,000 or $2.00 per 500 we can furnish Printed Envelopes that no man should be ashamed to use.

Letterheads.

We can supply Printed Letterheads in various Sizes, Qualities and Styles. We can do them by the 500 or 1000 Very Cheap, but we had much rather furnish a little Better Quality at a little Better Price.

BILLHEADS.

The first of the year, near at hand, when every business man will want to make out bills, and close up his books. We should like to have them call and look over our Billheads, and select something that suits. We know that we can please in Billheads in Quality, Color, Size and Every Other Respect.

Dance Programmes, Wedding Cards, &c.

We have in sample some of the Most Beautiful Dance Programmes we have ever seen anywhere. They are Surprisingly Tasteful. We have also in sample about fifty styles of Wedding Cards. Orders should be given five or six days before goods are needed.

If there is Any Manner of Job Work which you desire, we should like you to give us a call.

The Transcript,
Office Chestertown, Md.

J. H. SIMPERS,

Chestertown, Md.,

To the People of Kent County:

We keep a Stock of General Merchandise so Large and Varied that it Meets the Wants of the People and the Whole People. We can accommodate you, and can do it at Prices in accord with 40-Cent-Corn and 90-Cent-Wheat.

BRING US YOUR TRADE.

J. H. Simpers.

COAL. COAL.

TO ALL CONCERNED

We would be pleased to call your attention to the fact that we are this season buying direct from first hands and at first cost which will enable us to sell at low figures. The buying community will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Will be receiving monthly until further notice.

Respectfully,
July 9. J. D. BACCHUS.