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The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, March 3, 1887

WOODALL & JUSTIS,
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

THE Republican Legislature of Pennsylvania, to facilitate operations in Congressional elections, are re-districting the State. Great care has been taken that Mr. Samuel Randall should have his district intact. This solicitude of the Republicans for Mr. Randall shows very plainly that they appreciate his efforts in their behalf in Congress.

THE present Congress terminates its existence to-morrow. There is a possibility that an extra session will be called. If the extra session is called it will be the beginning of the 50th Congress. In the new Congress the Democrats will have a smaller majority in the House, and a trifle larger minority in the Senate. If an extra session of the House is called, it is said that the responsibility will rest almost entirely upon the shoulders of Mr. Samuel J. Randall, who has impeded legislation to favor his own peculiar interests,—or rather the interests which he specially represents. It is hardly probable, however, that his bogus tariff reform bill will fare better with the new Congress than with the old.

GROVER CLEVELAND had the backbone to veto the free for all penson bill, though a large portion of his party did not have the backbone to sustain him. Enough, however, voted with the President to kill the bill. It takes a wise politician to understand that honesty in politics is the best policy. The man who follows his convictions even in politics is much more likely to win in the long run, than the pettifogging politician who is always taking a stand for policy sake. Very few of the members of Congress who voted for the seventy-million-dollar pension bill, could honestly have believed it to be a wise or just measure. Plainly it was a bill pushed by the Washington claim agents, and the bugbear argument by which it was backed, was the soldier vote, which every Congressman who voted for the measure was afraid would be turned against him if he failed to sustain the claim agent bill.

THE *Transcript* reprints elsewhere, some views of Maryland editors, upon the subject of Maryland politics. As will be seen, the views are somewhat divergent. Editor Cruikshank of the Cecil *Democrat* for instance, is somewhat morbid on the Gorman question. If we mistake not, the *Democrat* has not always taken so dismal a view, personally or politically of the great Mogul. If the *Transcript* is not altogeter twisted in its memory of the facts, the *Democrat* in common with most of the Maryland press sang the praises of the distinguished Arthur P. immediately succeeding the last presidential election. Is it Mr. Gorman's civil service record that has changed the sentiments of the *Democrat* since then?

The Carroll county *Democrat* is a bran new paper, but rings in the somewhat musty old Western Maryland reform idea of providing for the future of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The State of Maryland has been providing for the future of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at a burdensome tax to the people of the State, now these many years. The people of the Eastern part of the State are thinking, and thinking it very strong, that it is about time to let the Chesapeake and Ohio take care of its own future. The canal has long been in a state of desuetude, but unfortunately, not in a state of "innocuous desuetude." It is a desuetude that costs the State of Maryland from one hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars per annum. The new reform paper says that the canal "can't be maintained, can't be sold and can't be given away." This is really a bad state of affairs if true. Possibly the State might be able by an heroic effort to let the canal alone. Left to its own meanderings, it would undoubtedly soon break its banks and give itself away.

"THE Oxford Military and Naval school is reported to be in bad shape. The financial management of the former proprietor, Col. Burgess, seems to have been of the worst possible character, and he left largely in debt to the teachers employed in the school. His successor, Major Ames, has paid some of his predecessor's indebtedness, but not enough to allay the spirit of discontent among teachers and pupils alike, which culminated Thursday night in a fair-sized riot. Furniture was smashed, windows broken and such like. It is to be hoped that order has been restored and the school again put in good working order. The patronage heretofore given the school would seem to indicate that it was a paying institution."—*Caroline Democrat.*

This military and naval school, about two years ago, Minerva like, sprang into existence fully equipped for war. It has drawn students from all over the country—East, West and South. The latest report from the school, is that somebody connected with it has skipped, taking with him a large amount of spending money held in trust for the boys. Parents should thoroughly investigate as to the standing of a school to which they propose to send their sons or daughters. There are schools that give a training, both intellectual and moral, that cannot be measured in dollars and cents. There are other schools that are only worthy enough dynamite to blow them out of existence. We shall not presume to classify the "Oxford Military and Naval Academy," but its title in the first place had a suspiciously humbuggery sound, and its succeeding record has not been such as to give it dignity. A school that is a combined "military and naval school" will suggest to the wary, that its principal stock in trade is its title.

A Queer Sight.

Says the Philadelphia *Press*, a staunch Republican paper: "Congressman Randall appears to have been one of the foremost in opposition to the President's veto of the dependent pension bill. The member from the third district is getting on the other side of questions monotonously often of late, and it must make the President wonder what the matter is. It is, indeed, a queer sight to see a great cheese-parer, who stands so persistently in the way of appropriations for coast defenses and the improvement of the naval establishment, favoring these extravagant pensions which the President has vetoed and the country has pretty generally sustained."

On the same subject the New York *Herald* says: "The only remarkable vote was that of Mr. Randall, who took the occasion to declare himself against the administration by a perfectly needless vote against the veto. This action of Mr. Randall seems to have surprised a good many Democrats in Washington, who saw him 'flock by himself' and vote to give seventy millions a year out of the treasury, with great curiosity as to the causes for this sudden liberality in a man who has struggled for two years against an appropriation of even a single million for coast defenses and guns. We have an impression that Mr. Randall is saying good-bye to the regular Democratic party and preparing to set up a party of his own. Well, he has been a good while about it, but there are a vast number of sound Democrats in the country ready to wish him good-bye with unfeigned and unconcealed joy."

STATE POLITICS.

Various Views from the State Press.

AFTER THE CHAFF IS BLOWN AWAY.

The Democrats identified with party leadership in the State are more interested in the shaping of the coming campaign, when the people are to decide upon the call for a constitutional convention, and besides will elect a Governor and other State officers, members of the Legislature, &c. One of the veterans among the leaders of State politics says:

"The political situation, after the attempt to obscure the real issues that will be most important, is becoming better understood now that the *Sun* has blown away much of the chaff. There will most probably be other attacks, but these can be met as they arise, and the democratic party leaders will not be led off from the earnest consideration of the live questions which will come before the people. The complimentary dinner this week to Comptroller Turner was a proper recognition of efficient service in the management of the finances of the State. It is pleasant to see such a recognition of the outcome of the financial policy and revenue measures formulated years ago by the then attorney-general, Hon. C. J. M. Gwinn, and carried forward, as the circumstances would permit, by succeeding comptrollers."—*Baltimore Sun.*

ITS RECORD AS A REFORM PARTY.

The Democratic party has ever been the party of reform. It has maintained, from the beginning, a steady progression towards amelioration and improvement.—Nearly all the reform effected in this State has been through its agency and by its active efforts. It gave to the people the choice of their Governor and all their minor officers by ballot. It abolished the life tenure of office, and prevented the offices from being handed down and retained in the same family from one generation to another, as was the case under the old regime. To go back no further than 1836, fifty years ago, the heated contest of that year, in the electoral election, was for reform, and was won by the Democrats in a popular majority, although they elected but 19 of their electors to 21 of the opposition. That contest, however, led to the reform of 1838, which was the direct fruit of the Democratic agitation on that subject.—*Westminster Advocate.*

TWO DEMOCRATS WHO WILL CATCH ON.

Mr. Edward Mealey, recently appointed Consul to Munich, has appointed Mr. Rich. Hamilton, son of ex-Gov. Hamilton, as his secretary. Mr. Mealey has already been confirmed, and his appointment gives general satisfaction in Western Maryland. Mr. Mealey has always been known as a regular in politics, never believing in the theory that he was better than those who happened to differ with him upon the political questions of the day. Throughout he has always been loyal to the party, and to-day belongs to the grand army of Democrats who do not believe in disorganization, but in keeping old Maryland in the front ranks of Democracy. Mr. Richard Hamilton is a representative of the younger element of Washington county Democrats, bold and outspoken, and generally acting and thinking for himself. We extend to both gentlemen our congratulations, and if we mistake not, both will catch on to most anything going on in the charming city, where they will reside for the future.—*Frederick Citizen.*

NOT A GORMAN ORGAN BY SEVERAL POINTS.

For our motive we have no concealment, for our course no apology.

Our grievance is against a man. We have satisfied ourselves that he is as false as a die, as treacherous as assassination and as bloodless as a stone. He is to-day the representative of ring Democracy and the exponent of the faith of successful office-seekers.

Inasmuch as he is but the creature of a system, we attack and denounce the system that makes him a possibility.

We know that true Democracy cannot breed Gormans. It is the Democracy that Gorman breeds that we except to.

When we come to investigate causes and sources, we find that a political system that Baltimore politics vivifies, makes it possible and the political cupidity of ambitious politicians in Baltimore and outside essays to make it respectable.

The madness of the French revolutionists was revealed in the selection of a strumpet to represent the goddess of liberty. The folly of Maryland Democrats is fully assured when they accept Gormanism incarnate as Democracy crystalized. Of that folly, we do not purpose nor propose to be a part. We accept our share of the responsibility and the duty of exposing its nakedness. For our ultimate vindication, our faith is large in time and that which shapes it to some perfect end.—*Cecil Democrat.*

AN ITEMIZED BILL OF REFORM.

The people of Maryland, more especially the Democratic voters thereof, are ripe for the proper sort of reform. They want to see a new and better registration system devised for Baltimore city. A system under whose beneficent workings there can be no charges of the rule of the "criminal classes." A system separate and distinct from that of the counties, upon whom the expense of an annual registration would be an onerous and needless burden, but a system which would give these advantages to Baltimore, to Cumberland, and other large centres of population, at their own expense.

Then they want an abatement of the present extraordinary powers of the Executive. The present rule of the triumvirate, or Board of Public Works, should be in a measure modified. The future of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is a vital and important issue to the people of Western Maryland; this they want to see provided for. At present it seems impossible to maintain it. Under the present constitution it can not be sold to a railroad, unless it is maintained (at least nominally) as a waterway. Neither can it be ceded to the general government to be made a free water way like the Erie canal in New York; practically speaking, it can't be maintained, it can't be sold, and it can't be given away, and yet it is a work which cost the State of Maryland seventeen millions of dollars to build and a work which owes its inception and creation to the grean brain of him who was "first in peace," as well as war, and the hearts of his countrymen.—*Carroll County Democrat.*

TALBOT CAN'T HAVE IT ALL.

A prominent Democrat of one of the lower counties of this Congressional District writes to a friend in Easton as follows: "The people of Talbot county will this year have to decide whether they prefer Mr. Gibson or Mr. Turner for a third term for they cannot have both. If they take Mr. Turner and succeed in securing his nomination and election, the other counties in the district will never consent to the renomination of Mr. Gibson. Two such big offices cannot go to one county."—*Easton Democrat.*

A BANQUET THAT WAS IN THE RIGHT PLACE.

Speaking of the Baltimore merchants' banquet to Comptroller Turner, the Easton *Star* says: "This handsome complement proves that the merchants and business men of Baltimore highly appreciate what the Comptroller has done, and is still doing, to hasten the day when the State of Maryland shall be relieved of all taxation on account of State loans. And it is not amiss to say, that the people of this, his native county and home, are not behind the citizens of Baltimore in appreciating the very valuable service Mr. Turner has rendered the State, in restoring the sinking funds, reducing the State debt, maintaining the high credit of Maryland, and proving the practicability of floating her loans at 3 per cent. as easily as his predecessors in the Comptroller's office had negotiated them at 6 per cent., thus saving to the tax payers one-half of what they are paying for interest, and placing the treasury in such a healthy condition, that a considerable part of the State tax may be taken off by the next Legislature, without materially interfering with the early liquidation of the whole State debt.

The Special Senate Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The situation as to the probability of a special session of the Senate after the 4th of March is this: The President now thinks of appointing to the inter-State commerce commission one or more members of the present Congress. Under the law this cannot be done until the expiration of the term for which they were elected. The President also wishes more time to decide upon the entire commission than is included between now and March 4. After consultation with the Attorney-General he concluded that he had the power to appoint the commission during the recess, and as he did not think there was any other business of sufficient importance to demand an extra session of the Senate, he said to several Senators who called at the White House to-day he should not call one. Later in the day it was discovered that judicial decisions have been rendered which, it is considered, would inhibit the President from making the commission appointments during the recess, and several Senators of high legal attainments, whose attention was called to the matter, expressed the decided opinion that where so much of transcendent importance was at stake it would never do to have any cloud on the title of the men who are to administrate the law. There will be further consultations of Senators with the President, and the probability is that either the non[illegible] sen[illegible] ses[illegible] Pre[illegible] ses[illegible] Sen[illegible] iot[illegible] pos[illegible] for[illegible] me[illegible] con[illegible]

Tha[illegible]

renomination and are near enough to the White House to use influence direct themselves to Mrs. Cleveland, on whom they principally depend for a favorable decision by her husband. She desires a second term decidedly, and can be depended upon to urge it upon her spouse.

War Rumors Directed Toward Russia.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The war rumors are directed towards Russia. Vienna advices report incessant preparations in Poland. The relations between Russia and the two other empires are so strained that official circles no longer attempt to conceal their hostility. In Poland the fort works are being rapidly armed with Gatlings and Nordenfeldt's rapid-shooting shell-guns, and the rolling stock of the railways is being increased.

The Berlin Tageblatt says that, owing to the war scare, the emigration to America has greatly increased, the emigrants coming chiefly from Hesse, Wuttemburg and Baden.

February Grain and Flour Receipts.

The comparative receips of grain at Baltimore for February 1886 and 1887 were as follows:

MONTHS,	WHEAT.	CORN.	OATS.	RYE.
Feb 1886	127,128	1,927,961	145,524	15,548
" 1887	470,432	1,615,652	95,306	8,153
Increase,	343,304	.....	.....	.....
Decrease	.....	276,309	50,218	7,395

A JOKER told an old colored man of Raleigh that the North Carolina Legislature was about to pass a law making it right for a man to sell his wife. The old man doubted, and asked another citizen, who, to see the effect, intimated that the report was true. The old darky looked down a moment, scratched his head, and then said: "Well, sir, ef dat gits to be a law, my wife, she go on de block, sho."

MARRIED.

REDDEN—LAMBE.—February 16, 1887, at St. Dennis' parochial residence, by the Rev. D. J. Flynn, I. M. REDDEN, of Sudlersville, and Miss VIRGINIA F. LAMBE, of Smyrna, Del.

DIED.

DOYNE.—In Philadelphia, February 2, 1887, EMMA E. DOYNE, youngest daughter of the late Thomas H. and Sarah E. Lee, aged 32 years.

J. E. HENDRICKSON. R. A. BRICE.

J. E. HENDRICKSON & CO.,

PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

N. Front St., Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ We respectfully solicit correspondence and shipments. Returns promptly made. Refer to Union and Produce Banks.

March 3-y.

GARDEN SEED!

ALL FRESH

AND PERFECTLY RELIABLE

AND CHEAP!

VALUABLE GARDEN MANUAL FREE!

M. A. TOULSON, Druggist.

RHEUMATISM

USE

BLAR'S PILLS

At TOULSON'S Druggist.

Worm Syrup

USE

ANDREW G. THOMPSON'S,

March 3, 1887. At TOULSON'S.

T. H. MCGAW. A. E. DROMAN.

McGAW & DROMAN,

DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES, WINES & LIQUORS

108 SOUTH CALVERT ST.,

Between Lombard and Pratt Streets.

BALTIMORE.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

☞ The Demijohn and Medicinal trade a Specialty. f.10-6m.

DR. T. H. COOPER,

HOMEOPATHIC,

Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, can be found in office every day from 10 A. M. till 12 M., Sundays excepted.

Special attention given to women and children. j.20, 1887—tf.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

By Young Men's Christian Association of Chestertown.

At a regular meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of Chestertown, held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 22, 1887, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the order of Divine Providence, one of our members, Brother CHARLES H. BAKER, has been removed by death; therefore,

Resolved, That while we mourn his death and lose the benefit of his counsel, and while he will be greatly missed in the church and in the community, we humbly bow to the will of Him that doeth all things well, with the belief that he has fallen as a ripe sheaf, ready for the Master's garner.

Resolved, That we will cherish his memory and try to emulate his faithfulness and fidelity to the church of his choice and to the cause of Christianity.

Resolved, That we extend to the bereaved family our sincerest condolence, and commend them to God in whom he so faithfully trusted till he was called from labor to reward.

Resolved, That these resolutions be put on record and published in our county papers, and a copy sent to the family of the deceased. M. A. TOULSON, Pres't.

EDW. LAMBERT, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

Rev. D. J. Flynn of St. Dennis' Church, Glenn, gives notice that on next Sunday, by order of Rt. Rev. A. A. Curtis, D. D., Bishop of Wilmington, a collection will be taken up for the benefit of the Negro and Indian Missions. This notice is given that his parishoners may be prepared for the occasion. 1t.

NOTICE.

For Sale or Exchange—One Family Carriage, one Drop Foot Carriage and one New Leather Top-Buggy. Will sell on reasonable time, or will exchange for good Milch Cows, fresh or Springers. Inquire at the *Transcript* Office. Feb24.

NOTICE.

CHAS. B. SENART,

Practical Florist and Landscape Gardener, is prepared to do Garden Work by the day or job. He has had a long experience in trimming fruit trees of every description. He has trimmed peach trees for fifteen years in this State. For trimming and all other work put in his hands, satisfaction is guaranteed. Address at Chestertown, or call at green house, out High street near railroad depot. f24-3t.

TAX-PAYERS, TAKE NOTICE.

I MUST settle my levies, and therefore I must collect taxes that are due. Those who have not settled will please take notice and settle immediately. I shall regret if I am compelled to advertise. I will be at the Court House in Chestertown every Tuesday, and at Hanesville every Saturday, until further notice.

M. M. RASIN,

Jan. 20—tf. Collector Third District.

TAX-PAYERS, TAKE NOTICE.

THOSE who are yet owing me for taxes must settle. All levies are now due, and unless those owing pay promptly, I must proceed to advertise. Interest will in all cases be charged from the 1st day of January. I will be at the sheriff's office, Court House, Chestertown, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

STEPHEN LECATES.

Jan. 20. Collecter for 4th district.

REMOVAL.

Dr. C. P. Gilpin has taken the dwelling house on High street adjoining the store of Mr. A. J. Cahall. He will be pleased to see his friends and patients at his new location, where, having more room, he will be able to afford many more comforts than in the past.

Jan. 6, 1887—tf.

AT PUBLIC SALE

ON SATURDAY, MARCH 5th, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

on the premises in Chestertown, will be offered at Public Sale the

Frame Buildings

on the lot recently purchased for a new church site on High street. The said Buildings to be removed

☞ Terms and further particulars made known on day of sale.

By order of COMMITTEE.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, Auct'r. f17-2t.

ORDER NISI.

JOSHUA CLAYTON OF THOS., Assignee of JACOB TOME,

versus

ISAAC W. VANDERGRIFT.

In the Circuit Court for Kent county in Equity.

ORDERED, this 16th day of February, 1887, that the sale made and reported by James A. Pearce, the attorney named in the mortgage mentioned in these proceedings be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 18th day of April next,—pro-vided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, Maryland, once in each of three successive weeks before the 18th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $6,160 00.

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

Feb. 17, 1887—4t.

REAL ESTATE OWNERS

AND THOSE DESIROUS OF PURCHASING.

If you have a Farm or other Real Estate to sell, place it with us. Our facilities are such, if there are purchasers in the market, we can find them. We have some fine farms in Southern Maryland. Good soil and healthy locations that we can offer at from $10 to $30 per acre. These farms are in tracts of from 100 to 500 acres. All of them improved with good buildings, and near railroad or water transportation. If you wish to buy a farm or city property, or to exchange either, it will be to your interest to write to us.

JUDEFIND BROTHERS,

LICENSED REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Feb. 17—3m. Edesville, Md.

Lumber, Lumber.

SHINGLES,

LATHS, PICKETS, SHINGLING LATHS.

A large lot, on hand and to arrive, of

GOOD CYPRESS FENCING.

GRORGIA FRAME STUFF,

4x6, 4x8, 6x6 and 6x8.

NORTH CAROLINA FRAME STUFF,

Studding, Railing, Joists, Posts, &c.

VIRGINIA SIDING, VA. FLOORING.

White Pine Rabbetted Weatherboarding;
White Pine Culls, Picks, Selects and Panels, dressed two sides;
White Pine Siding, dressed;
N. C. 12 in. Stock Boards;
N. C. Edge Boards;

DOORS,

DIFFERENT GRADES AND SIZES;

DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES.

SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c.

Prices Low!

Would be pleased to make estimates.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Feb. 24, 1887.

NEW Stock of Horse-Collars and Bridles Halters, Traces and Plow-Lines at WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S

FENCING,

FENCING,

FENCING,

Cypress,

White Pine,

Hemlock,

North Carolina.

FOR SALE

For the CASH cheaper than can be bought in the city.

JOSEPH TURNER,

Chestertown, March 3, 1887. SCOTT'S POINT.

BY THE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

STATEMENT

SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE

Mutual Fire Insurance Company

—OF—

KENT COUNTY, MD.,

December 31st, 1886.

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage	$92,500.00
Stocks and Bonds absolutely owned by the Company (market value)	5,000.00
Amount of all Loans (except Mortgages) secured by Stocks, Bonds and other securities hypothecated to the Company for cash actually loaned by the Company	2,488.21
Cash in Company's principal office and belonging to the Company deposited in bank	15,753.56
Premium Notes in force—$166,271.39	
Total Cash Assets	$115,741.77

LIABILITIES.

Losses reported, unadjusted and unpaid	$1,255.50
Premium Notes in force—$166,271.39	
All other claims	3,022.16
Total Liabilities	4,277.66
Surplus as regards Policyholders	$111,464.11
Total Income	15,015.02
Total Expenditures	13,626.35
Amount of Policies in force in United States on 31st Dec. 1886	2,374,714.50
Amount of Policies written in Maryland during the year 1886	99,275.75
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1886	7,308.57
Losses paid in Maryland during 1886	1,349.25
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1886	2,130.25

State of Maryland,

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, February 15th, 1887.

In compliance with Act of 1878, Chapter 106, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Kent county, Md., to December 31st, 1886, now on file in this Department.

JESSE K. HINES,

Feb. 24—3t. Insurance Commissioner.

STATEMENT

SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE

Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.

—OF—

DOVER, DELAWARE,

December 31st, 1886.

ASSETS.

Value of Real Estate owned by the Company, less amount of encumbrance thereon	$ 6,240.85
Loans on Bond and Mortgage	46,765.00
Stocks and Bonds absolutely owned by the Company (market value)	38,772.00
Interest due and accrued on Stocks, Bonds and other securities	3,028.83
Cash in Company's principal office and belonging to the Company deposited in bank	1,178.72
Premium Notes in force—$689,901.00	
Total Admitted Assets	$95,985.40

LIABILITIES.

Losses reported, adjusted and unpaid	$10,638.46
Premium Notes in force—$689,901.00	
All other claims	7,000.00
Total Liabilities	$17,638.46
Surplus as regards Policyholders	$78,346.94
Total Income	48,274.79
Total Expenditures	52,398.00
Amount of Policies in force in the United States on 31st Dec. 1886.	7,480,135.00
Amount of Policies written in Maryland during the year 1886	1,240,155.00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1886	7,150.94
Losses paid in Maryland during 1886	20,142.35
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1886	25,445.81

State of Maryland,

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, February 14th, 1887.

In compliance with Act of 1878, Chapter 106, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Kent County Mutual Insurance Company of Dover, Del., to December 31st, 1886, now on file in this Department.

JESSE K. HINES,

Feb. 24—3t. Insurance Commissioner.

Public Local Law

OPERATIVE IN KENT AND TALBOT COUNTIES.

CHAPTER 306.

AN ACT to repeal sections thirty and forty-eight of chapter four hundred and seventy-one, of the Acts of Assembly passed at January Session eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, entitled an act to repeal article twenty-six of the Code of Public General Laws, entitled "Corporations," and to enact a substitute therefor, and re-enact said sections thirty and forty-eight with amendments; and also to add a new section to said act to follow section ninety-three, and to be numbered ninety-three A, granting certain powers to Electric Light Companies.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That section thirty of chapter four hundred and seventy-one of the acts of Assembly passed at January Session, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, entited an act to repeal article twenty-six of the Code of Public General Laws, and to enact a substitute therefor, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows, viz:

SEC. 30. Class 17. For the promotion of Gas Light or Electric Light Companies.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That a new section be an is hereby added to said above described act to follow section ninety-three and to be numbered ninety-three A, and to read as follows:

SEC. 93 A. Any Electric Light Company formed under this article shall have power to manufacture and sell and to furnish such quantities of electric light or electric power as may be required or desired in any city or town of Kent or Talbot counties of this State in which, or adjoining which, the same may be located, for lighting the streets, roads, public and private buildings, or for motive power, or other purposes; and such corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to lay, construct or build lines or conductors under, along, upon or over the streets, squares, lanes, alleys or roads, paved or unpaved, and connect the same with any manufactory, public or private buildings, lamps or other structure or object, however, to any law or ordinance that may be passed by the municipal authorities of the city or town, or the county commissioners having jurisdiction, for the filling up, repairing or restoring such streets or roads to their normal condition.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That section forty-eight of the above-described act be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows, viz:

SEC. 48. Fourth. To acquire by purchase or in any other manner, and take, receive, hold, use, employ, manage, mortgage, dispose of, or in any manner not inconsistent with law, deal with any property, real, personal or mixed, and situate in or out of this State, which may be necessary or proper to enable said corporation to carry on the operation or fulfill the purposes named in this certificate of incorporation, and generally to do every other act or thing not inconsistent with law which may be necessary or proper to promote the objects, designs and purposes for which said corporation was formed.

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted*, That nothing in this act contained shall authorize the incorporations of electric light companies for the purpose of carrying on business or conducting operations in Baltimore city.

SEC. 5. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage. fe17-3t.

Remarkable Success!

THE IMPERIAL BURNER

I herewith annex a few testimonials:

I never could find a lamp which would give a satisfactory light until I was furnished with the Imperial by Mr. Stam. W. J. SCOTT.

Eight burners light my hall brilliantly. They give me more light and less trouble than any burner I have ever used. COLIN F. STAM.

Mr. L. K. Stam—Dear Sir—The Eight Light Chandelier purchased of you, with the Imperial Burner has given perfect satisfaction, lighting up the entire hall, and was commented upon favorably by all present.

Yours, &c., T. A. HULME.

I am delighted with my lamp; never had so much satisfaction with light before.

H. W. VICKERS.

I have tried several different kinds of Burners in lighting my store, and find the imperial excels them all; it gives more light and greater satisfaction than any I ever used.

M. T. GOSLEE.

Reference is also given to any one using the burner. It is not necessary for me to say any more regarding this burner, though I give the simple and only directions needed:

DIRECTIONS.—The Burner when sent out is wicked and properly trimmed. After that it needs no trimming whatever, or further attention than occasionally wiping off with a soft cloth. In lighting, never use paper. When the Lamp is lighted, turn up the wick gradually until the chimney is heated, then turn to full height. The chimney requires no wiping or other cleaning than rinsing in cold water, and allowing it to drain and dry.

These Burners can be bought at the Paint Store next door to Goslee's Shoe Store.

L. K. STAM.

Feb. 24, 1887.

'OUR MOTTO."

FINE GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

E. W. F. SIMPERS,

SPECIALTY PLAIN & FINE GROCERIES

in part as follows:

Canned Fruits, Vegetables and Meats, Plum Pudding, Fruit Cake, Oat Meal, Gelatine, Chocolate, Cocoa, Corn Starch, Hominy Grits, Graham Wafers, Pickles, Chow-Chow, York State Cream Cheese, Teas, Sugars, Spices, Fine Green and Roasted Coffees, Jellies and Preserves, "Best" Sugar-Cured Hams and Dried Beef, Buckwheat, Flour by the bbl., sack or pound; fine stock of Tobacco and Segars, Lamps, Glassware and Crockery, Wooden- and Willow-ware. Full stock of Domestic Dry Goods and Notions. Prices low down.

☞ We thank all of our friends for past favors, and can assure all when in need of anything in our line we will try to please in prices and quality. E. W. F. SIMPERS.

Chestertown, Jan. 14, 1886.

T. J. MANN

Has Enlarged His Store,

and keeps on hand a Larger and More Complete Stock of Goods than formerly. His stock embraces not only

DRY GOODS

of all kinds,

HARDWARE, NOTIONS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, but New Orleans Molasses, the best Syrups, Broiling Beef Flour, Meal and Feed. Canned Goods a specialty. All goods will be sold at bottom prices for cash or trade.

T. J. MANN,

opposite Kent National Bank

eb. 8, 1886. Chestertown, Md

PEACH GROWERS!

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES! FERTILIZE YOUR ORCHARDS!

To do this:—We offer you our FRUIT GROWER, a goods that can only be gotten of us and one that has been used by over one hundred of the largest and best Peach Growers on the Peninsula, with unrivaled success, for five seasons. The basis of this goods is O. B., a NATURAL GUANO introduced here after our Senior's return from the West Indies in '82, and is an article that runs as high in AVAILABLE BONE PHOSPHATE as DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE. Yet this is available by decomposition, not one pound of Sulphuric Acid used in its manufacture, hence its superiority as a PEACH MANURE. Farmers have often been induced to try Natural Guanos by being shown how high it runs in Bone Phosphate, but they do not notice that it is insoluble instead of available, the former being of no advantage whatever, hence they should always see that it is Available Bone Phosphate. We defy anybody to produce a Natural Guano that will run as high in Available Bone Phosphate as our O. B. For want of space we are unable to publish a vast amount of testimonials, but upon application will gladly mail a circular giving the strongest endorsements of gentlemen who have used it year after year.

READ WHAT SOME OF THEM SAY:

SENATOR W. T. HEPBRON near Kennedyville, Kent county, says he has used our Fruit Grower two seasons in connection with two high grade fertilizers. One cost him $16.00 and the other $11.00 more per ton and that he and his tenants could see a marked difference in favor of Fruit Grower—in trees as well as fruit.

MR. JOHN A. GROVES says that the four years' use of our Peach tree fertilizer has been entirely satisfactory, as he has used it extensively and in connection with almost everything.

MR. WM. H. FAULKNER near Crumpton hays in his orchard there were two spots of a half-acre each where the leaves had all twisted up and turned yellow, and that an application of Fruit Grower caused new foilage to come end it put his whole orchard in a flourishing sondition.

E. J. WATSON near Chestertown, says that he has used our Fruit Grower largely on both his young and old orchards and that it is the best Peach manure he ever tried.

MR. T. J. VICKERS near Lankford, says that he has use our Fruit Grower for two years and that he has no hesitancy in endorsing it, as it certainly excelled another article and that he is going to use it again.

MR. W. HARRISON NEWNAM near Church Hill, says that he had an orchard that had borne a heavy crop of peaches and the weight was such that the bark on the upper side of limbs was cracked and part of the limbs in a decaying condition. Hearing of our Fruit Grower he dressed his orchard with it and he had an excellent crop of peaches. The change wrought in the trees was wonderful, rendering them healthy and vigorous.

JUST THINK OF IT, YOU CAN DRESS YOUR ORCHARD FOR ABOUT $2 PER ACRE.

We have a superior lot on hand. Samples can be seen at our office, and we will be pleased to furnish it to the trade either from factory at Chestertown or warehouse in Baltimore.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,

Feb. 24—6m. Manufacturers of Standard Fertilizers, Chestertown, Md.

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

—AGENT FOR—

R. J. BAKER & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

MANUFACTURERS OF

High Grade Fertilizers

—AND—

Pure Chemicals for All Formulas.

ANALYSES:

Pure Ground Raw Bone	*Pure Dissolved Raw Bone*
5 to 6 per cent. Ammonia,	*3 to 3½ per cent. Ammonia,*
50 to 52 per cent. Bone Phos.	*32 to 36 per ct. Bone Phos.*

It is no longer a question for the farmer to determine whether Fertilizers pay him or not; it but remains for him to determine the kind and quality which pay him best. We make specialty of furnishing in quantities to suit the purchasers every article used for the purpose of fertilizing the soil. We sell it separate or will manipulate and mix it to order according to any formula which may be required. Our brands of Ammoniated Bone Super Phosphates we guarantee to be made of the best and purest materials, and which have stood successfully the test and competition of 40 years, we respectfully commend to farmers who are not governed in their purchases by the low prices regardless of the more important considerations of quality. We have also a carefully prepared Fertilizer for Peach Trees, Corn and Oat Fertilizer, Bird Guano and Potash. Pure Dissolved South Carolina Bone Phos., Muriate of Potash, Kainit, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Agricultural Salts, Ground Plaster, and all Chemicals used for fertilizing purposes.

☞ SPECIAL FORMULAS GOMPOUNDED. ☜

☞ LOW PRICES FOR CASH. FREE ON BOARD IN BALTIMORE.

All orders promptly attended to by addressing

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

Feb. 17, 1887. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' ANNUAL NOTICE.

THE County Commissioners of Kent County will meet at their office in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,

the 1st day of March, 1887.

at 11 o'clock A. M., and will continue to meet at the same place and hour

EVERY TUESDAY,

Until the 3d day of May next,

For the purpose of noting transfers and correcting assessments.

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since their last sitting for said purpose, are particularly requested to attend at an early day to have their assessments corrected and adjusted.

After Tuesday, 10th of May next

No Alterations or Corrections in the assessments will be made for the present year.

TRUSTEES OF THE POOR

will be appointed on the Second Monday—11th day—of April next.

Collectors

OF STATE & COUNTY TAXES

FOR EACH ELECTION DISTRICT

AND A

KEEPER OF THE STANDARDS

—OF—

Weights and Measures

will be appointed on

Tuesday, the 12th of April next.

☞ All persons having Accounts against the county are requested to present the same on or before

Tuesday, the 7th day of June next

otherwise they will be excluded from the levy this year. All accounts properly chargable to the county are required to be made out in a clear manner and itemized and rendered under oath.

All applications for pensions must be made in writing, stating the condition and circumstances of the applicant and vouched for by three or more freeholders having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

N. B.—All persons neglecting to have their assessments corrected are hereby notified that no allowance for taxes paid in error in consequence of such neglect will be made.

J. C. WHEATLEY, Pres;
JOHN F. ERNEST,
BEDFORD ROE,
SAMUEL F. COOPER,
WILLIAM MORRIS,
Commissioners.

Attest—
T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk.

Feb.