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ESTABLISHED 1874.

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W. O. ROGERS & CO.,

PRODUCE

Commission Merchants.

Bananas, Apples, Grapes, Sweet Potatoes,

POULTRY, GAME, EGGS, &c.,

73 & 75 CLINTON ST., BOSTON.

—:0:—

REFERENCES:--Nathan Robbins, President F. H. National Bank, Boston; W. L. Snyder, West Washington Market, New York; S. G. Simkins, Felton, Del.; J. L. Carman, Crisfield, Md.; E. W. Barnes, Metompkin, Va. April 28—3m.

Maj. Gen. WM. E. W ROSS,

U. S. COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS,

FOR MARYLAND.

204 COURTLAND ST., NEAR LEXINGTON.

PROSECUTES

PENSION BOUNTY AND INTERNAL REVENUE CLAIMS

Rejected Pension Claims and Claims abandoned by other Attorneys will receive prompt personal attention.

Thousand of Pensioners are justly entitled to have their Pensions increased. Bring your Certificate and get advice free of charge.

PENSION VOUCHERS EXECUTED.

MEXICAN WAR CLAIMS

March 24, 1887—4m.

WILLIAM L. ROBERTS,

MEMBER NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE,

Room 21, Chamber of Commerce,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Investment Securities a Specialty.

DIRECT WIRES.

ONE-EIGHTH COMMISSION.

March 31, 1887—y.

Grain Wanted.

SAMUEL B. FOARD,

Chestertown, Md., Agent for

L. J. COX & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Highest CASH Price Paid for

GRAIN

AT ALL TIMES.

Give us a call before selling.

SAM'L B. FOARD.

AGENT FOR

L. J. COX & CO.

Oct. 14, 1886.

LANDRETH'S

GARDEN SEED.

LARGE STOCK! FRESH SEED!

CHOICE VARIETIES.

LOW PRICES!

COLIN F. STAM,

March 10, 1887. Druggist.

ONION SETS!

May be planted now. We have a CHOICE LOT of SILVER SKINS, which we are selling CHEAP.

STAM'S DRUG STORE.

March 10, 1887.

REFRIGERATORS, Ice Chests, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

J. H. IRELAND,

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

HARD AND SOFT COAL,

LAND AND BUILDING LIME,

FERTILIZERS,

All Kinds gricultural Implements

such as

FEED CUTTERS, CORN SHELLERS, CORN & COB CRUSHERS, HAY TEDDERS,

THE ADVANCE CHILLED PLOW,

HORSE RAKES, FENCE WIRE, BINDER TWINE, &c.,&c.

The Wm. Lea & Sons Co.

PATENT ROLLER FLOUR

always on hand.

Agent for The Village Nurseries

Hightstown, N. J., C. Black & Bro. Proprietors.

Agent for THE FIRE ASSOCIATION of Phila., which insures property against loss by fire and lightning.

J. H. IRELAND.

Feb. 17. Locust Grove, Md.

W. D. MILLER,

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES!

Vault Doors,

Bank Work.

5 S. Charles St.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

April 7—y.

NOTHING BUT SHOES

Our remarks are concerning

SHOES,
SHOES,
SHOES.

It must be understood, though, that Men's Long Boots, from the Finest to the Heaviest, are included in—

SHOES,
SHOES,
SHOES.

With the flowers that bloom in the spring—and a trifle earlier—we wish to call attention to Gentlemen's Fine Dress Shoes. We Take Measures, and have Made to Order, a gentleman's Shoe, Neat Fitting, of the Latest Style, and the Finest French Calf. We also keep in stock Dress Shoes that can be sold from $1.25 up. Remember that we make a specialty of

SHOES,
SHOES,
SHOES.

Men's Plow Shoes, Strong and Substantial, we have a large stock of and sell at bottom figures. We claim that we cannot be undersold because we deal in nothing but

SHOES,
SHOES,
SHOES.

Our Ladies' Fine Shoes are more Stylish and Elegant in Finish than you would think unless you see them. Our trade in this line is constantly increasing. The tasteful ladies of this beautiful and flourishing county, are finding out, as time goes by, that we supply a perfectly lovely Shoe—something dainty enough and stylish enough for a princess, if the princess really knew a good thing when she saw it, in

SHOES,
SHOES,
SHOES.

We will not spin out this story any longer. At the same time we shall hope and expect a call from you before you buy your Shoes this spring. To our country friends from all the districts, we extend a specially cordial invitation,

M. T. GOSLEE,

NEW STORE,

UNDER NEW TOWN HALL.

SHAFER & MEDDERS,

KENNEDYVILLE, MD.,

Would respectfully invite all in need of

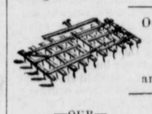
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

to call and examine their stock.

We are the only agents in Kent county for the OLIVER CHILLED

Plows & Castings

and we keep a supply constantly on hand. No Castings are genuine except those sold by us or our agents,



Our Twin & Spring-tooth HARROWS are not to be surpassed.

—OUR—

TWO-ROW CORN PLANTER,

with or without check row attachment, and with or without fertilizer attachment, has stood the test for years.

OUR IRON FRAME CULTIVATORS stand upon their own merits. The quality and price have sold hundreds of them. We are also selling the Little Diamond Wheel Cultivator. The best in the market.

HAY RAKES AND TEDDERS

save time and trouble. WE SELL THEM.

Threshermen should get our prices on ENGINES & THRESHERS before buying elsewhere.

—OUR—

FARM WAGONS AND DEARBORNS

HAVE NO SUPERIORS. We build them of the very best material Give us a call.

OUR BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHTING DEPARTMENTS receive our personal attention. REPAIRING promptly attended to. Horse-Shoeing a specialty. All orders by mail or telephone will receive prompt attention. m24-y.

SHAFER & MEDDERS.

Garden Seed!

ANY THING YOU WANT IN THE SEED LINE.

We will sell you one paper or a bushel of Seed, and all Fresh and the Most Reliable kinds.

COLIN F. STAM

March 10, 1887. Druggist.

LIME! LIME!

No. 1 Wood Burnt Lime,

—FOR—

BUILDING AND WHITEWASHING

LOWEST PRICES

J. B. SAPPNGTON.

SPRINGDALE PURE RYE,

(5 Years Old), 50 Cents a Bottle.

ROCKBRIDGE RYE WHISKEY, $2.00 A Gallon.

PURE MALT OLD WHISKEY, $3.00 A GALLON.

H. ROSENHEIM & SON,

413 W. BALTIMORE ST.,

m24-y Between Eutaw and Paca

NEW Stock of Horse-Collars and Bridles Halters, Traces and Plow-Lines at WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S.

The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, June 9, 1887.

How Protection Affects Farmers.

Mr. J. S. Moore has written another communication to the New York *Times* about the "organized army of protection" and the "mob of consumers." He says: In my last two letters on the subject of how farmers are taxed I have somehow anticipated the regular order of my design; I have shown our dear, good-natured American "Hodges" how they are oppressed by the sugar duty and swindled on the salt tax. These two articles are, of course, used in the house. I ought to have begun the expose of the great tariff robbery on the materials the farm-house, barns and stables are built of. I will make good this omission to-day. Of course, we all know that timber and lumber is the material from which farm habitations, barns and stables are built. Well, then, the tax on every 1000 feet of lumber not planed or finished is $2. Of this class of lumber we imported in 1886 $5,543,736 worth, and the Treasury received $867,848 duty on it. That this lumber is enhanced $2 per 1,000 feet to the consumer, whether imported or produced in Maine or Michigan, is as clear as the sun at noonday. Now our friend Hodge, in Kansas or Iowa or Nebraska, having lived in a shanty for seven years, raising wheat or corn, and receiving for his product (as I have clearly proved over and over again) the price prevailing in London and Paris, and who therefore is not beholden in any way or manner to an enhancement of prices by the mock duty that tariff tricksters have put on foreign wheat and corn, has saved enough money, laid by during, say, seven years, stinting himself in all sorts of manner, to build what he considers a nice house for Mrs. Hodge and the children. Of course, in doing so, the chief material is lumber; but in steps the tariff and says *pay toll* of $2 on every 1,000 feet of lumber you use on the premises. If Farmer Hodge were not a *hodge*, but a reasonable, intelligent American citizen, he would first of all know that he does pay a tax of $2 on every 1,000 feet of lumber, and I honestly believe there are not 10 per cent. of the 30,000,000 of the Hodge family, comprising men, women and children, who know the fact and understand it. Suppose now the intelligent Hodge who does understand this fact were to ask the following question: Why should I pay $2 per 1,000 feet on lumber when the Treasury is overflowing with an annual surplus of $100,000,000? The answer he would get would be as follows: You see, friend Hodge, there is the State of Maine and the State of Michigan, where we grow our own native aristocratic timber; and that our timber is aristocratic is perfectly demonstrated by its diminutive and puny size and calibre, just the same as the true aristocratic descendants of a long line of blue-blooded ancestors of France and Spain are known by their puny and diminutive statures. Well, then, we must first of all protect our aristocratic timber and lumber, because it cannot compete with the pauper lumber of Canada, which has not a drop of aristocratic blue blood in it.

Then, again, friend Hodge, if you don't pay $2 tax on each 1,000 feet of lumber, Maine, Michigan and other timber-producing States will be deprived of at least $25,000,000, or perhaps $30,000,000, of bonus annually. And lastly, brother Hodge, of Kansas and Nebraska, if you don't pay a tax on timber we in Michigan and Maine will not eat any of your wheat, and then you will be a pauper farmer. Poor Hodge may scratch his head trying to find something in it to answer these forcible arguments. But as he is not expected to be a statistician let me help him out.

Of course the aristocratic home timber dodge against the pauper labor timber of Canada is a pleasantry not worth noticing. The plea for not being deprived of $25,000,000 bonus is intelligent on account of self-interest inherent in mankind. But the plea that the farmers' wheat is benefitted by the consumers of the timber regions is simply a big *lie*. And here I'll prove it. The great bulk of the lumber produced in the United States was as follows, according to the census of 1880:

Mich'n	$52,449,928	Ohio	$13,864,460
Penna.	22,457,359	Maine	7,933,806
Wisco'n	17,952,347	Iowa	6,185,628
Indiana	14,260,830	Mis'uri	2,265,617
N. York	14,356,910	Illinois	5,063,037

These are the States chiefly interested. Now, there are only three States in the above list that do not export both wheat and corn, and they are Maine, New York and Pennsylvania. In 1880 the State of New York raised 11,587,766 bushels of wheat, and needed about 12,000,000 bushels in addition from all the other States. Besides this New York produces over $14,000,000 of lumber annually. Pennsylvania raised 19,462,405 bushels of wheat, and did not need any wheat raised outside of her own State. The State of Maine consumes about 3,500,000 bushels of wheat and raised 665,714 bushels. That is, this State buys about 3,000,000 of wheat outside her State. Altogether, say, New York and Maine need 15,000,000 bushels of wheat over and above what is raised in these States. Yet it is imprudently and maliciously asserted that these 15,000,000 bushels of wheat consumption will affect the total wheat production of the country, when we raise about 500,000,000 bushels and export more than 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, including wheat flour. And, let it be fully understood, this argument of consumption of cereals is made by the organized army of protection in everything that the farmer uses, from wood screws to horseshoe nails. But let us come back to Mr. Hodge's house. Having paid a tax of $2 per 1000 feet on lumber, he pays a tax of 30 per cent. on the screws he uses, 40 per cent. on the nails, and, of course, he pays a tax on the iron hinges and door locks.

Now, we certainly must put a couple of coats of paint on friend Hodge's house. The tax or duty on white lead is 3 cents a pound. Although, I am bound to state, at the present moment there is a nice little cut-throat competition going on between the far West and East in the production and price of white lead, which for the time being has reduced the price. But the duty is 3 cents a pound, and in 1886 we even at that duty imported 755,103 pounds of white lead. Should Mr. Hodge desire to put a slate roof on his roof he has to pay 25 per cent. duty on the slates.

Having so far raised the house for the Hodge family and painted it, I shall in my next communication put windows in his house, plaster it, and otherwise finish it. For the present Mr. Hodge may reflect on the taxes he has to pay on the luxury of using lumber, nails, wood screws, paint and slates.

The Grant Relics.

The Grant relics, which have been for several months safely guarded in one of the private rooms of the National Museum, are now on public exhibition. Recently, two handsome plush lined cases, filled with articles from the collection, were placed in the north hall of the museum, near the main entrance. They contained the presentation swords, gold-headed canes, caskets, medallions and many other costly and elegant articles presented by different people at different times to General Grant. Many of these articles are souvenirs of his trip around the world. There is a splendid collection of Japanese coins one series of seven pieces, old Japanese gold coins of huge size, being valued at $5,000. There are also invitation cards, menu cards, and reminders of entertainments given in his honor, engrossed on gold plates. One invitation card to a masked ball given at San Francisco upon General Grant's arrival at that city on his return from his famous tour, is engraved on solid gold, and was enclosed in a silver envelope, with the address engraved upon it. In the right hand corner is a two-cent stamp and in the left the usual "If not delivered in ten days return to," etc. The articles shown, besides their historical interest, are of great intrinsic value.—*Scientific American.*

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and Lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada.

FUNNY BUSINESS.

THE MAJOR'S WATERLOO.

What, know the Major? Well, pard, I should smile,
I know him too well, as these tatters attest,
For he raked in my boodle—and many a pile
He scooped from the miners encamped in the West.
He could ring in the "readers," be civil or rough,
And stack up a royal, or win on a bluff.

His actions and face never gave him away,
For if he held poorly elated he'd seem;
Or when a big hand he secured he would play,
In a manner abstracted, as if in a dream,
But he'd rake in the pot, all the same, with an air
Of triumph, well tempered with sympathy rare.

One day a young fellow, religious and meek,
Arrived in the camp, which created some qualms,
For we didn't take stock in his preaching, or cheek
In urging conversion, nor singing his psalms,
So we hatched out a scheme for this gilly from York,
And the Major consented to corral the gawk!

At first the young tenderfoot flatly refused
To join in the game. "It is wicked," he swore.
But the click of the lucre his spirit enthused,
And, chipping his ante, stood pat on the draw.
Then all save the Major withdrew from the game,
Who raised him a ten and the youth did the same.

Each raised and each saw it and better would go,
Till the Major had wagered the shirt on his back;
And had he a soul he'd have staked it, I know,
For he never took water, nor swerved from his tack.
So he called the New Yorker, who, pious, but bold,
Uncovered four aces and yanked in the gold!

When the Major had realized that four little twos
Were multum in parvo, but not big enough,
He sloped from the table, morose with the blues,
And cursing his fortune, went out in a huff.
But the cream of the joke—'tis sub rosa, now mind—
This youngster from York had but three of a kind!

Ace of diamonds, hearts, spades and the trey
Of clubs was his hand. He had covered two spots
Of the trey with his fingers. So slick was his way
That I argued that this was but one of the pots
Of a series of fat ones this gilly so green
Had scooped by his trick with an air quite serene. —*J. Weed Vandewater.*

A Tearful Episode,

Newman Independent.

"Darling," he said, as he fondly stroked her hair, while a look of unutterable love shone from his eyes, "darling," he whispered, "who of all on earth would you miss most by the cold and remorseless hand of death?" "Why, how could you ask it, Charles?" she said, turning her yearning, soulful eyes upon him. "But I must know," he replied, earnestly. "Oh, Charles! —it is—" "Who?" he asked with bated breath. "It is—it is—my dressmaker!" Charles swoons.

WHEN William Pitt Fessenden was a student in Bowdoin College the members of his class assigned him to sing a song at a public entertainment. He protested that he did not have a musical voice, and begged them to excuse him. They were indisposed to accede to his request, but he told them a story which brought them around. He said that in his boyhood days he attended a singing school and thought he was making fine progress. The school was to have a public exhibition, and he went into the attic of his father's house one Sunday to prepare for it. The old gentleman, after hearing him practice for a few moments, called out: "Pitt, stop that noise immediately; people are going by to meeting and what will they think to hear you up garret sawing boards, Sunday.—*Lewistown (Me.) Journal.*

Too Enthusiastic.

Boston Courier.

Wife—What do you think of the new girl, John? Husband—Was that her that just let me in? "Yes." "Well, she's just a daisy." (Icily)—"Think so?" (Enthusiastically)—"Think so! why, she has a complexion like a moss rose, and eyes like—like—I don't know what; and her teeth are splendid, too." Next day when John went home to dinner he was let in by a girl with a complexion like polished ebony, eyes as large as saucers and teeth like two rows of piano keys.

MISSIONARIES say that in China the people pay rapt attention to preaching when they don't understand a word of what is said. While preaching one day a missionary noticed a man who seemed especially interested and paid marked attention apparently to what was being said. Thinking that here was an opportunity of reaching an earnest soul he directed all his attention to him, and was considerably nonplussed when, at the end of about fifteen minutes, the man turned to his neighbor and said in an audible tone, "He's drunk!" —*Mobile Times.*

A MAN came into the sanctum with a fence rail to annihilate the editor for an alleged grievance. The latter, who was whittling, looked up and said: "My friend, did you ever consider that, even if you did thrash me, you could not stop the publication of this paper, and it would be the worse for you, because my successor would be bound to get even with you. You may lick the editor to your heart's content, but the newspaper goes on forever." And, instead of thrashing the editor, the man left the fence rail as part payment of his subscription.—*Vernon (Texas) Guard.*

A RESIDENT of one of the provinces had gone to pass a few days with some relatives in Paris. Becoming infatuated with the gay capital, he remained until patience on the part of his hosts ceased to be a virtue. Too polite to openly remonstrate, they threw out a hint: "Don't you think, my dear fellow," they said to the bore, "that your wife and children will miss you?" "No doubt. Thanks for the suggestion; I'll send for them."—*Anon.*

IN the days of '49, as we are informed by John Jones, one of the original Argonauts, a member of a party of newly-arrived miners strayed away from his companions and was destroyed by a grizzly. The friend upon whom it devolved to "break the news gently" to the bereaved parents showed himself equal to the occasion by writing to them the following laconic letter:

"Mister Hobson: Deer sur, the Kiotes has ate yer sun's hed oph."—*Exchange*

"I don't see why you can't keep awake in church," said the pastor. "I am there as long as you are, and I don't have to sleep half the time." "Oh, well," replied the deacon, "you just sit down in the pew and let me preach, and I'll bet a new organ you couldn't keep your eyes open ten minutes."—*Burdette.*

A SUNDAY school teacher asked a little girl of her class if she had been baptized. "Yes," said the little girl; "two times." "Two times? Why, how could that be?" "I didn't take the first time," said the little girl.—*Wide Awake.*

WHY does the beauteous maiden seem
So wearied and so vexed?
She's just found out the tale will be
"Continued in our next."
—*Merchant Traveler.*

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and will make it to the interest of buyers to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing.

J. E. SPERS

LAWN Mowers. Lawn Mowers. The Philadelphia, Boston and other Manufacturers for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

LUMBER.

VIRGINIA PINE,

NORTH CAROLINA PINE,

GEORGIA PINE,

CYPRESS,

BILL TIMBER,

FLOORING, CEILING,

VA. PINE SIDING,

WHITE " "

CYPRESS WEATHERBOARDING

WHITE PINE "

SHINGLES, SAWED & SHAVED

PICKETS, LATHS,

DOORS, BLINDS, SASH,

FRAMES, &c.

Prices Low!

Quality Good!

CALL AND EXAMINE.

All inquiries answered promptly.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

1886. 1886

Established in 1868.

Family Supplies

—AT—

Special Low Prices!

We have laid in a good supply of

Sugars, Coffee, N. O. Molasses,

RICE,
SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS,
BREAKFAST BACON,
SHOULDER BACON,
SUGAR-CURED SMOKED BEEF
CHIPPED BEEF,
COOKED CANNED BEEF,
CANNED TOMATOES,
CANNED CORN,
CANNED PEACHES
DRIED FRUITS,

TOBACCO, from 30 to 80 cts. a pound.

TINWARE,
PLATES,
CUPS & SAUCERS,
BOWLS,

and in fact everything usually kept in a first-class store.

Flour! Flour

We have Clifton F. F. F., Kirkwood, Occidental, Potapsco Superlative, Potapsco Family, Patapsco Extra, Orange Grove Extra, $4 to $6 a barrel. All the above brands also in bags, 12½ and 24½ pounds. Try our 3-cent Flour.

Sugars 5 to 7 cts. a pound, good Roasted Coffee 12 cts. a pound, also, Arbuckle's, Levering's, Enterprise and Ajax Roasted Coffees in pound packages at lowest prices. Rice, Cheaper than you ever bought. Head Light Coal Oil 15 cts. a gallon. Mackerel by the barrel, half-barrel and in kits. Domestic Dry Goods and Notions.

We want Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Bacon, Lard and country produce, for which we will give the best market price. Please call at the old stand on Cross street. Respect'y,

J. B. SAPPINGTON.

June 17, 1886. CHESTERTOWN, MD

W. N. E. WICKES,

—AGENT FOR—

LISTER BROTHERS,

OFFERS THEIR

Standard Phosphate:

AMMONIATED BONE DO,
U. S. DO,
SUCCESS DO,
HARVEST QUEEN DO,
GROUND RAW BONE,

and various grades of Fertilizers prepared by the "Listers" for

CORN, OATS, POTATOES, ASPARAGUS, &C.,

as well as mixtures for

Peach and Other Fruit Trees.

The quality of Listers goods have stood the tests of many years, and will be sold as low and on as reasonable terms as is possible for goods of equal quality to be furnished.

Circulars descriptive of the various kinds of Phosphate at the store of Wickes & Bro., where orders left in my absence will receive prompt attention.

March 17, 1887. [N]

BEFORE purchasing your Underware, call and see what we have in that line. Gents' Undershirts from 25c. to $2.00; Ladies' and Children's Vests at popular prices.

J. H. SIMPERS,

BELTON, 2256.

SIDE-WHEELER, BUT TROTTING-BRED.

3-Year-Old Record, 2.31½, in 7-Heat Race. 4-Year-Old Record, 2.30.

Paced at Pimlico in 2.23, in a Field of 8 Horses.

PRIVATE TRIALS MADE TO ORDER.

Foaled April 27th, 1882. Snip on nose; left fore and both hind ankles white and white around corner of right fore foot. Bred by Rob't Stoner, Paris, Ky.

SIRE—BELMONT, 64.

1st dam, Sallie D. ..... by Strathmore 408
2d dam ..... by King William
3d dam, The Willis Goodman Mare .....

Belmont, 64, by Alexander's Abdallah; dam by Mambsico Chief; second dam by Brown's Bell Founder, Belmont, sire of Cora Belmont 2.24¼, Dick Moore 2.22½, Nil Desperandum 2.24, Nutwood 2.18¾, Wedgewood 2.19, Tremont 2.28½ Viking C.S. (5 yrs) 2.20½ Persica B.F. (3 yrs) 2 29½

Alexander's Abdallah, 15, son of Hambletonian—dam, Katie Darling, sired Goldsmith Maid 2.14, Major Edsall 2.29, Rosalind 2.21¾, Saint Elmo 2.30, Thorndale 2.22½, Mercer (W) 2.33½.

Rysdyk's Hambletonian, 10, son of Abdallah; dam Chas. Kent's mare—sired Administrator 2.29½, Alma 2.28¾, Bella 2.22, Breeze 2.24, Bruno 2.29½, Chester 2.27, Dorcalion 2.26½, Dexter 2.17¼, Drift 2.29¾, Effie Deans, 2.25½, Ella Madden 2.25¾, Enfield 2.29, Factory Girl 2.29½, Gazelle 2.21, George Wilkes, 2.22, Hamperion 2.29½, Harvest Queen 2.29½, James Howell 2.24, Jay Gould 2.21½, Jerome 2.27, Kisbar 2.27¾, Lady Agusta 2 30, Lady Banker 2 23, Lottery 2 27 Lottie 2 28, Marguerite 2 29, Mattie 2 22¼, Maud 2.29¾, Nettie 2 18, Nutwood (W) 2 33¼, Orange Girl 2 20, Scotland Maid 2 28¼, Sentinel 2 29¾, Small Hopes 2 26½, Young Bruno 2 22¾.

Mambrino Chief 11, son of Mambrino Paymaster—dam not traced—sir of Bay Henry 2 28½, Brignola 2 29¾, Lady Thorne 2 18¼, Mambrino Star 2 20½, North Star Mambrino 2 26½, Woodford Mambrino 2 21½.

Brown's Bell-Founder by Imp. Bell-Founder; dam by Mambrino; second dam by Imp. Messenger; third dam by Imp. Messenger.

King William, sire of King William 2 20¾, by Washington Denmark; dam, Queen, the dam of Lathaus Denmark.

Belton 2256 is a very compact, muscular colt, strikingly like his sire in head, neck and shoulders, but his back and hind-quarters are more like Strathmore. He has a rapid movement and bids fair to trot fast.

Belton will stand, beginning March 20th at Belton Farm, the following week at Robert Wright's stable, Chestertown, and alternate between these two places until April 17th, and then will make a stand at Belton Driving Park, and alternate between the Park and Chestertown until the close of the season, June 20th.

TERMS.--$50 for the Season.

PAYABLE AT THE END OF SEASON.

Mares not proving in foal can be returned the following season, and if the horse is in training or sold, owners of such mares will not be required to pay for service for the season of 1887. No Groom's Fee.

JOHN F. GODWIN, Owner.

Feb. 25—tj20.

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

—AGENT FOR—

R. J. BAKER & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

—AND—

Pure Chemicals for All Formulas.

ANALYSES:

Pure Ground Raw Bone	*Pure Dissolved Raw Bone*
5 to 6 per cent. Ammonia,	*3 to 3½ per cent. Ammonia,*
50 to 52 per cent. Bone Phos.	*32 to 36 per ct. Bone Phos*

It is no longer a question for the farmer to determine whether Fertilizers pay him or not it but remains for him to determine the kind and quality which pay him best. We make a specialty of furnishing in quantities to suit the purchasers every article used for the purpose of fertilizing the soil. We sell it separate or will manipulate and mix it to order according to any formula which may be required. Our brands of Ammoniated Bone Super Phosphates we guarantee to be made of the best and purest materials, and which have stood successfully the test and competition of 40 years, we respectfully commend to farmers who are not governed in their purchases by the low prices regardless of the more important considerations of quality. We have also a carefully prepared Fertilizer for Peach Trees, Corn and Oat Fertilizer, Bird Guano and Potash. Pure Dissolved South Carolina Bone Phos., Muriate of Potash, Kainit, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Agricultural Salts, Ground Plaster, and all Chemicals used for fertilizing purposes.

SPECIAL FORMULAS COMPOUNDED.

LOW PRICES FOR CASH. FREE ON BOARD IN BALTIMORE

All orders promptly attended to by addressing

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

Feb. 17, 1887. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Our Peach Tree Guano! TRADE MARK Our Peach Tree Guano

The most successful growers of peaches are using fertilizers upon their orchards, and they believe it is necessary that the tree must be fed to produce yearly crops. A large crop one season necessarily reduces the quantity of fruit the next, without you supply to the tree what the fruit takes from it. A properly prepared and low cost Fertilizer is cheaper than fruit, therefore you must make a good profit if you feed your trees. Peach trees should not have applied to them any fertilizer containing sulphuric acid. Nearly all the Peach Tree Fertilizers are made with the objectionable article. Our Peach Tree Guano does not contain one lb. of sulphuric acid, and the wonderful results from its use prove our claim that it is the most successful Peach Tree Food upon the market. Ask the gentlemen mentioned below their opinion of these goods. Dr. John J. Black, New Castle, Del., author of the celebrated work upon the peach, pear and quince, says; 'I think the condition of my trees warrants me in saying the application of your tree Fertilizer to them has been of advantage."

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—In the Spring of 1885 and the Spring of '86 I used your "Special Tree Guano" with very satisfactory results. My crop was nice both years. The summer of 1886 my crop was large and fine and what was very peculiar my peaches did not rot on the trees, which I attribute to your fertilizer. HENRY H. MCVAY.

WORTON STATION, March 4, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—I used one ton of your "Peach Tree Guano" last Spring on our peach orchard with the most surprising results. The crop is sixteen years old, and as the trees had not borne any peaches up to last year for over seven years, I advised Mr. Porter to let me cut it down, but we did not do so I am glad to say. We had a nice crop last year; the peaches were nicely colored and of fine size, We made three pickings from the trees; we counted the peaches in one basket and it contained only fifty-two peaches. I measured one, it was 10½ inches in circumference. The *Kent News* contained an account of the basket containing the fifty-two. For a large number of our peaches we got one dollar per basket, and the basket returned at the station. Another strange thing was; that the orchard kept its foliage longer and greener than any orchard I saw last fall. I certainly cannot help recommending your Peach Tree Phosphate and advise all growers to use it. P. H. GEARS.

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12th, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—We have used your 'Special Peach Tree Guano' with wonderful success on old peach trees, and in our nursery, the most remarkable result was on our June budded trees; we gave them an application when we budded in June, and where we made the heaviest application our trees were over five feet high in the following October.—Where we only used a small quantity the trees were about two and a-half feet high, an increase in size of one hundred per cent. We truly believe your "Peach Tree Guano" the best article made for peach trees, and the lowest priced; shall need more next spring. We will be pleased to answer any questions regarding its worth, and advise all nurserymen and peach-growers to use it.

Very respectfully,
H. H. MCVAY,
J. T. VANDEGRIFT,
Nurserymen.

A FEW NAMES OF PURCHASERS LAST SPRING:

Josias Ringgold, Chestertown, Md.;	J. H. Porter, Worton Station;	B. F. Beck, Lankford, Md;
Sam'l Vannort, " "	J. Rankin & Bro., Fairlee;	Thos. Hulme, Fairlee, Md;
H. W. Vickers, att'y, " "	W. T Baker, Edesville, Md.;	Chas. D. Brown, Pomona;
Henry Massey, " "	John Evans Church Hill;	Jos. Porter, Worton.

Black Residuum! Black Residuum!

Hand in your orders for this article early. It prevents frenching in corn, and destroys insect life in your peach orchard. We are always the lowest priced in fertilizers and chemicals. A trial will convince you. We were the first to lower the price of these goods.

CORN FERTILIZER.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.

Do you believe that Phosphate on Corn will pay? We know it will if you get a good article, and at a fair price. We lead in Low Prices. Our increasing trade convinces us that our customers are finding this out. Those who doubt call and see us. We give the opinion of one gentleman. Only have room for one testimonial. Plenty more in the office.

Testimonial of J. H. Toulson:

57¾ bu. per acre from Clover Sod and Manure; 67¼ bu. from our Corn Fertilizer per acre on Same Ground:

MESS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.:—It is with great pleasure that I state to you and others interested the success of your corn phosphate sold to me last spring. I put a field containing eighteen acres in corn in the spring of 1885, turned under a clover sod and manured heavily. My crop of corn was 57¾ bushels to the acre. I put the same field in the next spring. Planted it also in peach trees, and used your corn phosphate. The result was 67¼ bushels to the acre. The increase of fodder more than paid for the fertilizer. I did not put any phosphate between the peach trees running one way. The corn was so much poorer that my neighbors asked me why it was. I told them it was because I had not put any of Charlie Kennard's phosphate there. I have used the highest priced phosphate on corn of other makes, but your lower priced goods I consider the best. Your Special Potato Phosphate grew me fine sized, smooth potatoes, and a large crop. I shall always recommend your goods. Very respt., JAS. A TOULSON.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.