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The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, August 4, 1887.

WOODALL & JUSTIS,
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
ELIHU E. JACKSON,
OF WICOMICO.

FOR COMPTROLLER:
LOUIS VICTOR BAUGHMAN,
OF FREDERICK.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
WM. PINKNEY WHYTE,
OF BALTIMORE CITY.

The Ticket.

With satisfaction, the *Transcript* hoists this week the names of Elihu E. Jackson, L. Victor Baughman, and William Pinkney Whyte, as candidates respectively for Governor of Maryland, Comptroller of the State Treasury, and Attorney-General. It is a very good ticket. Eastern Maryland will be satisfied with it, not alone because an Eastern Shoreman heads it. The Eastern Shore is not so clannish and provincial as to hurrah only for its own citizens. The Eastern Shore and the Western Shore will both approve the ticket because it presents the names of three good, strong, experienced, capable men to fill the three chief positions of honor and trust in the gift of the people of the State.

The Hon. Elihu E. Jackson wears upon his shoulders a head remarkable for sound, practical common sense. He worked in a corn field when a boy, and is not ashamed of the fact. But since the days when he went bare-foot, hoed corn and milked the cows, he has, by vigorous energy, patient industry and sound judgment, established a business vast in its scope, and has accumulated a large fortune. To have accomplished this between twenty and fifty, indicates an executive ability of more than ordinary quality. It also assures that Mr. Jackson is a man possessing liberal knowledge in business and financial matters. The Hon. Elihu Jackson is not simply a wealth absorber. He has built up a great industry, and has been the principal factor in making the town of Salisbury a thriving, flourishing business center. In his native town and county he is honored and esteemed by all classes. He will make a strong candidate before the people, and will undoubtedly carry the State with a sweeping majority. His candidacy will appeal alike to popular sympathies and popular good sense.

Col. Louis Victor Baughman is a native of Frederick City, Frederick county. He ran for Congress last fall against the popular Republican candidate, Col. Louis McComas, and reduced a previous Republican majority in his district from 1,600 to 300. His Congressional district was solid for him in the convention as candidate for Governor. He possesses experience and capacity that will insure a wise administration of the State's finances.

No man in Maryland is better known than Hon. William Pinkney Whyte. Few men have had a wider experience in public affairs. He has been in the State Legislature, Comptroller of the State Treasury, Governor of the State, mayor of Baltimore city, and represented the State twice in the United States Senate. While in the Senate, he took position among the leaders on the Democratic side. He is a lawyer of conceded high abilities, and makes a strong finish to a strong ticket.

State Convention Notes.

The new Democratic State committee, for Kent, appointed by the recent State convention, is Dr. Samuel Beck, John P. Nicholson, Clarence S. Hurlock.

* * * * *

Senator Arthur P. Gorman has retired from the chairmanship of the State committee and is succeeded by Hon. Stephenson Archer, of Harford, present State treasurer.

* * * * *

Chas. J. M. Guinn, James McSherry, James A. Pearce, Henry D. Farnandis and James Revell are constituted a committee by the Democratic platform, to prepare an election law to be submitted to the next Maryland Legislatnre.

* * * * *

Mr. James E. Elligood, of Wicomico, who put Mr. Jackson's name before the convention, made a speech that has the ring of old-time oratory in it. It was neatly constructed, and in perfect good taste. It did not soar away into overworked rhetorical flourish, and yet it had just enough boom in it for the occasion. Mr. Elligood would fill with credit the chair which Gov. Jackson will leave vacant in the State Senate, and the *Transcript* suggests his name to the Democracy of Wicomico.

* * * * *

The "Young Democracy" delegation from Cecil, headed by John S. Wirt, gave its first three ballots to Frank Brown, but finally pinned its flag to Baughman. The "Old Democracy" of Cecil was represented at the convention by an outside delegation, and when the victorious 6th ballot came, it was not a sweeping victory for the "Young Democracy" of Cecil. The happiest crowd, was after all, the "Old Democracy" element.

* * * * *

The Queen Anne's delegation, which went to the convention as a Weedon delegation first, last and all the time, cast its first vote for Governor to Stephenson Archer, and afterword stuck faithfully to Frank Brown.

* * * * *

The Talbot county delegation cast its first vote in the balloting for Governor, 2 for Baughman and 2 for Hodges. During the next five ballots, however, Talbot went to Baughman every time. Two prominent Talbot county citizens opposed Turner's candidacy in the lobbies. Congressman Gibson was at the convention. There is no evidence to show that he shed tears when the Turner boom went to pieces.

* * * * *

Senator Jackson, it is said, like many other practical business men, is not a speech-maker. He is a good talker on social occasions, when surrounded by his friends, but he loses his grip when he gets on his feet to address an audience.

* * * * *

Richard Hynson, Esq., is a warm personal friend of Senator Jackson, and has been taking a lively interest in Mr. Jackson's prospects for several months back. The Kent delegation voted solidly for Jackson every time. When the result of the victorious 6th ballot was announced Mr. Hynson was happy and came home happy.

THE STATE TICKET.

Jackson Heads it—Baughman and Whyte Take Second and Third Places.

The Maryland Democratic State Convention met at Ford's Opera House, Baltimore, Thursday of last week, and nominated the following State ticket:—

For Governor—Elihu E. Jackson, of Wicomico county.

For Comptroller—L. Victor Baughman, of Frederick county.

For Attorney-General—William Pinkney Whyte, of Baltimore city.

It was one of the largest State conventions ever held in Maryland, and a number of able men were among the delegates. The Gubernatorial contest was exciting from start to finish, and it brought together many of the earnest supporters of the several aspirants. They crowded the galleries of the Opera House, and were enthusiastic in their demonstrations. Senator Arthur P. Gorman, chairman of the State Central Committee, called the convention to order, and made an opening speech. Mr. Thomas J. Keating, of Queen Anne's, nominated Mr. Bernard Carter, of Baltimore city, as temporary president of the convention, and he was unanimously elected.

Messrs. Benjamin Silver, Jr., of Harford, and Thomas I. Taylor, of Anne Arundel, were elected secretaries.

The rules of the House of Delegates were adopted for the government of the convention. Committees were appointed on credentials and resolutions. The committee on credentials reported Mr. Bernard Carter as permanent chairman, and the temporary secretaries as permanent. The chairman made a brief speech upon accepting the position.

THE PLATFORM.

The committee on resolutions, through the Hon. Philip Francis Thomas, chairman, reported a series of resolutions, which were unanimously adopted as the platform of the Democracy of Maryland in the campaign. They are as follows:

The Democratic party in Maryland, acting by its accredited representatives, in full convention assembled to nominate chief officers of State, renews its fealty to the fundamental principles and traditions of its founders, and declares:

First. That the people of the whole country are to be congratulated that the executive control of the federal government, after a shameless misrule of almost a quarter of a century by the Republican party, has again been placed in the hands of that party whose cardinal doctrines are the equality of all citizens of the republic before the law; the maintenance of the reserved rights of the States and of the people thereof; the supremacy of the federal government within the limits of the constitution, and an unyielding determination to keep inviolate the political, personal and property rights of the citizen.

Second. That the administration of Grover Cleveland has kept the faith of the Democratic party of the Union. It has maintained with firmness the dignity of the office of the executive; has recovered millions of acres of the public domain, and protected the humblest settler from the rapacity of grasping corporations; has revived respect for law, restored confidence in our institutions, and brought economy and integrity to all the functions of government. Already a navy is fast being created, of which we may feel justly proud, and the great heart of the country throbs healthfully as we gradually go back to the simple and honest methods of the fathers of the republic.

Third. That whilst the Democratic party in Maryland believes in an upright and efficient civil service in the administration of government, it is nevertheless opposed to a system of life tenure and to a civil pension list; and whilst it upholds the President of the United States in efforts to effect an honest and competent civil service, still it believes that the service should be composed of officers and employees who are not antagonistic to the success of the administration under which they serve, but are in sympathy with it; whose hearts are in their work, and who believe that upon the continued and just success of the Democratic party rest the safety and security of republican institutions and the liberties of the people.

Fourth. That we cordially commend our Democratic representatives in Congress from this State for their earnest effort to reduce taxation; and we reaffirm the Democratic national platform of 1884 in demanding a revision of the tariff, in a spirit of fairness to all interests, and a reduction of taxes that will injure no domestic industry, but legitimately protect its healthy growth and be regardful of the labor and capital involved in it.

Fifth. That we urge upon the Congress of the United States the speedy passage of a more stringent law against the importation of foreign paupers, criminals and contract labor, that the prosperity of the country may not be retarded, its morals corrupted and the honest wage-worker injured in his pursuit.

Sixth. That acknowledgments are due and are cordially extended to Henry Lloyd, the Governor, and to the other chief officers of the State, for their honest, faithful and economical administration of its affairs.

Seventh. That the Democratic party, mindful of its fulfilled pledges to wage-earners to place upon the statute books of the State laws which would protect their health, their personal safety and welfare, and guarantee to them an equal right with owners of capital to make peaceable combinations for their own protection, renews its pledges to embody in the organic law, upon a revision of the present constitution, their right to peacefully assemble and organize for their own protection, and now promises to enact such further laws as time and experience may demonstrate to be for their welfare and happiness.

Eighth. That the Democratic party, recognizing that portions of the present election laws of the State have been upon the statute books for more than twenty-five years, and are more or less ineffectual to accomplish at the present day absolutely fair elections in districts whose population is dense and shifting, and ever foremost in protecting the purity of the ballot-box and the sanctity of elections, hereby pledges that it will earnestly endeavor, at the coming session of the General Assembly to have placed upon the statute books an election law which will embrace not only all the beneficial provisions of the Tilden act, but will embody also all those additional safeguards to guarantee the purity of elections which experience has taught should be incorporated into it; and this convention selects Charles J. M. Gwinn, James McSherry, James Alfred Pearce, Henry D. Farnandis and James Revell to prepare such an act and submit it to the next session of the Legislature for its action.

Ninth. That inasmuch as the provisions of the present constitution in providing for a system of taxation and of registration require that they should be respectively uniform in their operation throughout the State, it is the sense of this convention that the present laws of registration and of taxation are as nearly complete and accurate as they can be made under the present organic law, and the Democratic party now engages that in a revision of the constitution it will use its best efforts to have embraced within its provisions the requirement of a more thorough system of taxation, and of an annual registration of voters in cities whose inhabitants number ten thousand and upwards.

When the call was made for nomination of candidates, Mayor Hodges' name was the first proposed, by Mr. Bernard Carter, the chairman of the convention. Dr. F. T. Shaw followed, nominating Mr. Frank Brown. Capt. James McSherry put in nomination Col. L. V. Baughman. Mr. Wm. S. Young nominated Hon. Stevenson Archer, of Harford, and Mr. James E. Elligood proposed the name of Senator E. E. Jackson. This closed the nominations, and the ballotting began. On the first ballot Jackson received 34 votes, Baughman 28, Hodges 25, Brown 21, Archer 9.

The second ballot stood Jackson 36, Baughman 30, Hodges 23, Brown 24, Archer 5.

Third ballot,—Jackson 36, Baughman 39, Hodges 22, Brown 24, Archer 5.

Fourth ballot,—Jackson 35, Baughman 34, Hodges 22, Brown 21, Archer 5.

Fifth ballot,—Jackson 36, Baughman 34, Hodges 22, Brown 20, Archer 5.

Sixth ballot,—Jackson 65, Baughman 34, Brown 13, Archer 5.

Colonel Buchanan Schley, of Washington county, moved that Mr. Jackson's nomination be made unanimous. This was carried, and the convention, at 4 P. M., took a recess until 8 P. M.

NOMINATIONS FOR COMPTROLLER AND ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

At the evening session, when the convention was called to order, the chair announced that the nomination of a candidate for Comptroller was next in order. The delegations were called for nominations. When Allegany was called Mr. J. N. Willison nominated Colonel L. Victor Baughman. The announcement was received with cheers. Anne Arundel nominated Col. Baughman, as also did the first legislative district of Baltimore city. Mr. John Gill, Jr., of the second district, asked that the further call of the delegates be dispensed with. He said there was no doubt that Col. Baughman was the unanimous choice of the convention, and he moved that he be declared the nominee by acclamation. This was carried by a shout of applause, and Chairman Carter declared Col. Baughman to be the nominee by unanimous vote of the convention.

When the chair called for names for the office of Attorney-General, Mr. John Gill, Jr., of the second legislative district of Baltimore city, nominated Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte. He said: "The Eastern Shore, about whose pretty girls and blossoming fields we have heard so much, has been granted the high honor of first place on the ticket, and you have given the young and gallant leader from Western Maryland the second place. There is now one which lies between—the city of Baltimore. In your time of danger and your hour of need its great Democratic masses have come to the rescue. I will name a gentleman whose name will harmonize the differences in the party. You have done a good day's work I nominate a man known to you all. I name the Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte." The mention of the name brought forth a storm of applause and cheers, which continued some minutes, and was renewed several times. The nomination was seconded by Col. H. Kyd Douglas and ex-Comptroller Thomas J. Keating. Ex-Gov. Whyte was unanimously nominated by acclamation.

SKETCHES OF THE NOMINEES.

HON. E. E. JACKSON.

Senator Elihu E. Jackson, the nominee of the Democratic party for Governor of Maryland, is fifty years of age and has a wide reputation for hard common sense and sound judgment upon matters of State and private business. He is the eldest of seven children of the late Hugh Jackson, who died in Salisbury during the past spring, and was born on his father's farm, in the northern part of Somerset county, now Wicomico county, on November 3, 1837. His father was a hard-working and fairly prosperous farmer and a prominent mover in county affairs, having been at one time judge of the orphans' court, besides filling other places of trust. Elihu E. Jackson was brought up with his four brothers and two sisters on the farm, the entire family doing their share of the customary labor. He received his education at the country school, and it was supplemented later by private study during such time as he could spare from a life of extraordinary activity. In 1859, at the age of 22 years, he went to Delmar, then the terminus of the Delaware Railroad, and started in the general country merchandising business, his sole capital being $500, which he had earned by toil and saved by the practice of the most rigid economy. In 1863, the railroad having been completed to Salisbury, Mr. Jackson removed to that place and formed a partnership with his father and his brother, Wm. H. Jackson, under the style of E. E. Jackson & Co. Here they started a grocery and dry goods store on a larger scale, adding the shipping of lumber and grain to the business, and commencing a trade with Baltimore which has since assumed large proportions. As the other brothers attained majority they were successively taken into the firm. In 1875 the firm began the manufactnre of yellow pine lumber at Suffolk, Va., and they erected a small planing mill at Salisbury, where some of their lumber was sent to be worked up after being roughed out in Virginia. Under the careful and successful policy of the firm, the business got so large that the transportation of the lumber by the small bay sailing craft was abandoned, and a powerful tug was procured to tow six large barges with a capacity of 125,000 feet each. At Suffolk, Va., the firm built a railroad running 40 miles to the Dismal swamp, and equipped it fully with rolling stock. In 1877 a large planing mill was started in Baltimore, and in 1879 one was established in Washington, the shipping of lumber to these points largely increasing meanwhile. They have lately purchased 80,000 acres of land in Alabama and will shortly start up a mill there. Senator E. E. Jackson and his brother, William H. Jackson, have personally supervised the large Salisbury business. Messrs. Wilbur F. and Richard W. Jackson attend to the Baltimore enterprises, and Isaac N. Jackson is in charge of the Washington mills. The firm employs constantly several hundred men, and their consideration for employees is a distinguishing feature of their business management. Not only have they no strikes or other labor troubles, but the men are devoted to the firm. A distinctive system of promotions and wage advancements has been followed out, by which the men are directly interested in the firm's success, and a number of employees, who have served for some time, have already gained moderate competencies. The firm own a number of houses in Salisbury which are tenanted by employees, and no case of distraint or other unpleasant proceedings has ever been recorded against the employers. Senator Jackson has always been an active worker in the Democratic politics of his county and State from early manhood. He was elected to the House of Delegates from Wicomico county in 1882, and became a State Senator in 1884. When, upon the resignation of Gov. Robert M. McLane to become United States Minister to France, Henry Lloyd was made Governor of Maryland, Senator Jackson was chosen as President of the Senate. His incumbency of these public positions and his natural executive ability gave him a comprehensive grasp of matters of State that qualify him eminently for such duties as the Governorship demands. His private life is one of which any man may well be proud. Brought up in the Methodist Episcopal Church, he has always adhered to that denomination, and is officially connected with the Trinity M. E. Church South of Salisbury. He married Miss Annie Rider, the accomplished daughter of Dr. Wm. H. Rider, a prominent merchant of Salisbury, in 1869, and has five children. In 1885 he built a large mansion in a beautiful situation at a cost of $35,000, where, with his wife and family, he entertains his friends with true Eastern Shore hospitality, devoid of all ostentation. The Senator, among his other business enterprises, numbers the presidency of the Salisbury National Bank, and of the Sussex National Bank of Seaford, Del. After the disastrous fire at Salisbury last fall, Senator Jackson took an active part in the restoration of the town, giving largely of his means to rebuild the waste places, and adding to the church property that had suffered from the conflagration.

COL. L. VICTOR BAUGHMAN.

Col. Baughman was born in Frederick in 1845, and is a son of the late J. W. Baughman, who as editor and proprietor of the Frederick *Citizen* attracted much attention throughout the war by his earnest advocacy of the Southern cause. His bold criticism of the conduct of the war led to his banishment to the South. Col. Baughman, though then a youth, became a member of company D, First Maryland Confederate Cavalry, and served with credit throughout the war. He was captured at the battle of Moorfield, and was for nine months a prisoner at Camp Chase. After being paroled at the close of the war he returned to Frederick and was engaged for several years in reconstructing the fortunes of the *Citizen*. During this period he was deputy register of wills under Mr. S. G. Cockey. In 1870 he went to New York and entered the law office of Lowe & Morgan, remaining there until 1872, when he went home to take the direction of the *Citizen* on the death of his father. He has always taken an active interest in politics, not only in the county and State contests, but also in national campaigns, having spoken with success in West Virginia and Ohio. Under his leadership the Democrats carried Frederick county in 1885, notwithstanding the fact that Frederick had been considered a Republican stronghold. In 1884 he was elected president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal by the board of public works, and his administration of its affairs has been remarkably successful, having paid off about $100,000 back debts, besides repairing the great damages done by the freshets in the spring of 1886. His efforts to do justice to the canalmen has made him very popular among them. On September 23, 1886, he was nominated for Congress in the sixth district against L. E. McComas, and succeeded in reducing that gentleman's majority of 1884 by over 1,200 votes.

WILLIAM PINKNEY WHYTE.

Ex-Gov. Whyte was seen at his home, 9 East Chase street, last night, by a *Sun* reporter, who was the first to inform him of his nomination. Mr. Whyte was engaged with two other legal gentlemen going over the papers in a patent case. He had heard nothing at the time of the action of the convention on the attorney-generalship. "Until I hear something of the circumstances under which it was done," he said, "I would rather not say anything. There are circumstances that would make it very agreeable and complimentary, but I would not care to go into any fight for it. The attorney-generalship would be an excellent way for me to close my public career." Mr. Whyte said he had not been near the convention nor the delegates, nor had any of his family. He will accept the place tendered him on the ticket, though his private law business has grown to large proportions since he retired from the mayoralty.

Mr. Whyte was born in Baltimore Aug. 9, 1824. He is a son of the late Joseph Whyte, whose father Dr. John Campbell Whyte, a native of Ireland, one of a body of united Irishmen of 1798 who were obliged to seek a refuge in America. Wm. Pinkney Whyte's first employment was in the counting-room of Peabody, Riggs & Co., bankers. In 1843 he began the study of the law in the office of Brown & Brune, and in 1844 and 1845 was a student at the Dane Law School of the Harvard University. He subsequently studied in the office of Mr. John Glenn, of Baltimore, and was admitted to the bar of Baltimore in 1846. In 1847 he was elected to the House of Delegates. Just before taking his seat he was married to the youngest daughter of Levi Hollingsworth, a merchant of Baltimore. She died about two years ago. In 1853 he was elected comptroller of Maryland. In July, 1868, he was appointed by Gov. Thomas Swann to the seat made vacant in the United States Senate by the resignation of Hon. Reverdy Johnson. He was nominated by the Democrats for Governor July 19, 1871, and elected Governor Nov. 7, 1871. He was elected to the United States Senate Jan. 21, 1874. In the municipal election for Baltimore, Oct. 26, 1881, he was elected mayor without opposition, and served two years. Since the expiration of his term as mayor he has devoted himself to the practice of his profession.

DIED.

SPARKS.—Near Lynch's, Aug. 3d, Mrs. MARY LOUISA SPARKS, wife of the late A. W. Sparks, of Chestertown, in the 73d year of her age. Her funeral will take place to-morrow (Friday) at 10 A. M., at the residence of her son-in-law, E. J. Kennard, Esq. Interment at Chester Cemetery.

MASSEY.—July 31st, J. BENNETT, infant son of Josiah and Annie E. Massey, aged 5 months.

ROEDER.—On August 1st CARL F., son of Frank A. and Florence A. Roeder, aged 7 months and 6 days.

Carl is dead why should we weep,
For surely death is but sleep;
Our darling boy has gone above,
He needs no more our care and love.

PARENTS.

EXAMINERS' NOTICE

—OF—

POSTPONED MEETING.

THE undersigned examiners, appointed by the Hon. County Commissioners to enter upon, view and determine whether the public convenience requires that the road from Still Pond to Redding's Corner, should be opened, hereby give notice that they will again meet at Still Pond on *Thursday, the 11th inst.*, at 10 o'clock, to discharge their duties under commission to them issued for said purpose.

ALDAY CLEMENTS,
HENRY T. MASSEY,
THOS. GALE of John.

Aug. 4—2t. [N]

ORDER NISI.

JOHN C. SUTTON,
versus
JAMES A. SUTTON and others.

In the Circuit Court for Kent county in Equity.

ORDERED, this 3d day of August, 1887, that the sale of the real estate of Mary A Sutton, deceased, made and reported by Richard Hynson, trustee, under a decree passed in the above entitled case, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 5th day of October next,—provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, Maryland, once in each of three successive weeks before the 1st day of September next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $——

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:
SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

Aug. 4, 1887—4t.

PRIVILEGES FOR SALE.

THE Kent County Agricultural Fair will offer for sale on the Fair Grounds,

ON MONDAY, AUG. 22D, 1887,

at 3 o'clock P. M., the following Privileges:

1—For Privilege of Dining and Lunch Rooms.
2—For Privilege of Oysters.
3—For Privilege of Ice Cream, Cakes and Candy.
4—For Privilege of Cream Taffy.
5—For Peanut Privilege.
6—For Cigars, Tobacco and Temperance Drinks.
7—For Feeding Pen.

Proposals for other privileges received as heretofore.

Terms of payment for privileges are as follows: Twenty per cent. of price on day of sale, one-half of residue at the close of the first day of the fair, the remainder at noon the third day of the fair.

Proposals must be marked "Proposals for Privileges," and addressed under seal to

W. B. STEPHENS, SEC'Y,
Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.

Aug. 4—3t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Hay on my farm, insured in the Continental Fire Insurance Company, which was struck by lightning and burned, has been settled for in full and to my entire satisfaction by JOHN D. URIE, ESQ.

JOHN BELL.

July 28, 1887—3t.

Money Notice.

WE hope our friends and customers without exception, will SETTLE with us within the present month. We shall furnish each with a statement of account or note and shall expect prompt payment of the same.

Under the changed system of doing business it is absolutely necessary that such settlements shall be made in order to continue satisfactory work and the low prices we have adopted.

☞ Please take notice those of you who have notes in bank and meet the same when due. They will not be renewed.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

July 28, 1887—3t.

NOTICE.

ALL of my customers are earnestly requested to call and SETTLE—*At Once!*

July 21—3t. LOUIS K. STAM.

DANCE AND PICNIC.

IN BROAD NECK, near public school green, *FRIDAY & SATURDAY, AUGUST 5th and 6th*, commencing at 4 P. M. Public invited. *No charge for admission or dancing!* Want you all to come and have a good time.

THOS. J. FLETCHER,
July 21—3t. [N] Manager.

Notice!

ALL persons indebted to me are requested to SETTLE their accounts. I have an immediate demand for money, to meet this demand I am compelled to ask all of my friends who are indebted to settle.

Respectfully.

COLIN F. STAM,
July 21, 1887—6t. Druggist.

CONFERENCE ACADEMY,

DOVER, DELAWARE.

BOARDING and Day School for young ladies and gentlemen. Prepares for Business and for college. Music and Art Departments. Special attention given to the study of English. The buildings have been recently renovated.

TERMS, $200 PER YEAR

of Forty Weeks. Fall term opens September 5. For Catalogues address

July 21—5t. W. L. GOODING, A. M.

—SALE OF—

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE undersigned, intending to discontinue farming, will offer at public sale, at his farm near Turner's Creek,

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 13,

AT 10.30 O'CLOCK A. M.,

The FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY:

One Pair of Mules

ONE ODD MULE,

ONE HORSE,

good driver and family horse, 13 years old;

ONE MARE,

nine years old, good driver;

FIVE HEAD OF CATTLE

2 Cows will soon be fresh;

2 FARM WAGONS,
1 Dearborn, 1 Empire Drill,
1 Hyland Roller, 1 Champion Reaper,
5 Plows, 3 Harrows, one Springtooth and two Twin,
2 Cultivators, 1 Wheat Rake,
Harness, Singletrees, Colars, &c.

TERMS OF SALE:

On all sums of Ten Dollars and over, a credit of twelve months will be given, on note with approved security, payable at Chestertown National Bank. On sales of less than ten dollars the cash will be required.

WM. JANVIER.

Aug 4, 1887—2t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of feri facias, one issued by A. B. Wheatley, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, at the suit of John C. Jerome, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Ellenora Thomas and Alex. Thomas; and one issued by Vachel Burgess, a Justice of the Peace of the above said State and county, at the suit of Chapman & Lambert, against the goods and chattels of Ellenora Thomas and Alex. Thomas, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Ellenora Thomas and Alex. Thomas, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

All That LOT

OR PARCEL OF GROUND,

with all improvements thereon, lying and being in Quaker Neck in the fourth election district in Kent county and State of Maryland, adjoining the lands of Philip E. Trew and others, and

CONTAINING FIVE ACRES,

MORE OR LESS,

being a part of the same land which was conveyed to Georgianna Cruikshank by Andrew Cruikshank and others by deed, dated on or about the 23d day of May, 1874 and recorded among the land records for said Kent county, in Liber J. K. H., No 12, Folio 566, &c.

ONE BUGGIE.

And I hereby give notice, that on

Thursday, the 18th day of August, 1887,

at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court House Door in Chestertown, I will offer the above described property at public sale for cash, to pay and satisfy said writs and interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

JAMES P. HATCHERSON,
July 28, 1887—ts. Sheriff.

FALL FERTILIZERS!

T. W. ELIASON, JR.'S

CHESTER COMPOUND

—AND—

No. 1 Ammo. Superphosphate.

I AGAIN offer the farmers of Kent these two Reliable Brands of High Grade Fertilizers. They are both Complete Fertilizers, being rich in Ammonia, Available Phosphoric Acid and Potash, and do not contain a single pound of adulterating material.

Their excellence has been proved by their uniform success running through a period of ten years' liberal use by many of our most successful farmers.

This excellence will be maintained, and no demand for cheaper fertilizers will influence us to lower the quality of these brands.

PRICES ARE SOMEWHAT REDUCED

from last season, and will be pleased to furnish quotations.

I also invite the attention of those who intend to use a high grade Alkaline Superphosphate to my

M. P. (Muriate of Potash) Brand.

which is composed of HIGH GRADE DISSOLVED SOUTH CAROLINA and MURIATE OF POTASH, showing from 12½ to 14 per cent. Avail. Phosphoric Acid, and from 4 to 5½ per cent. SALTS of Potash.

Also for sale

Dissolved South Carolina High Grade, Dissolved Animal Bones, Plaster, &c.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

ROSE HILL NURSERY.

I DESIRE to call the attention of those intending to plant orchards this fall or next spring, to the following facts:

I HAVE 80,000

Fine, Healthy, Vigorous Trees, of the varieties which experience has shown to be the best.

These Trees are all budded with the greatest care, and are warranted to be true to name in all cases.

These Trees are entirely grown from 100 bushels of natural seed, purchased in Tennessee. I have used none other than natural seed in my nursery, and I claim that my Trees have all the good qualities resulting from this exclusive use of natural seed.

My nursery is planted in Virgin soil, in which trees have never before been grown, and has not been forced by the use of artificial fertilizers.

I can give references to some of the best growers in this and adjoining counties. Among others to

JAS. W. LAMBERT, COLIN F. STAM, JAS. T. DIXON, GEO. W. PERKINS, SAM'L F. COOPER, JAS. W. CHAPMAN, C. T. WESTCOTT, G. B. WESTCOTT, GEORGE BELL, THOS. S. WILMER,

and others, both in and out of the county.

☞ I have catalogues of nursery which I will be pleased to mail to all applicants.

Address

JOHN BELL,
Aug. 4—4m. Chestertown, Md.

LAWN Mowers. Lawn Mowers. The Philadelphia, Boston and other Manufacturers' for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

SEVENTEENTH EXHIBITION

—OF THE—

Kent County

Agricultural Fair

—TO BE HELD AT—

Worton Station Fair Grounds,

NEAR CHESTERTOWN,

SEPTEMBER 20, 21, 22 AND 23.

PROGAMME

TROTTING AND PACING RACES.

FIRST DAY,

Tuesday, September 20th.

First Trial.—2.40 class, premium $250, for horses that never beat 2.40, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Second Trial.—3.30 class; premium $200, for horses that never beat 3.30, three in five; $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth.

Third Trial.—2.24 class; premium $250, for horses that never beat 2,24, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

SECOND DAY,

Wednesday, September 21st.

First Trial.—2.50 class; premium $250, for horses that never beat 2.50, best three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Second Trial.—2.30 class, pacers; premium $250, for horses that never beat 2.30, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Third Trial.—Wagon race; premium $50, for horses without record to road wagons, two in three; $30 to first, $15 to second, $5 to third.

THIRD DAY,

Thursday, September 22d.

First Trial,—2.30 class; premium $250, for horses that never beat 2.30, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Second Trial.—3.00 class; premium $250, for horses that never beat 3 minutes, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to thirds $25 to fourth.

Third Trial.—Colt Race; premium $100, for four-year-olds and under, two in three; $50 to first, $25 to second, $15 to third, $10 to fourth.

FOURTH DAY,

Friday, September 23d.

First Trial.—2.24 class, pacers; premium $250, for horses that never beat 2.24, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Second Trial.—2.45 class; premium $250 for horses that never beat 2.45, three in five; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

Third Trial.—Free for all trotters; premium $250; $125 to first, $60 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth.

CONDITIONS OF TRIALS OF SPEED.

Entrance fee ten per cent. of the purse.

Five or more to enter, three to start.

All the races are Trotting and Pacing Races, mile heats, to harness, best three in five, except Purses 6 and 9, and will be conducted strictly according to the rules of the National Trotting Association, to which this Association belongs.

Heats in each day's races will be trotted alternately.

When eight or more horses start in a heat, the distance will be one hundred and fifty yards and to continue so through the race.

A horse distancing the field, or any part thereof, will be entitled to only one premium.

All entries must be in writing, and all entries not actually received at the hour of closing are ineligible, except entries by registered letters bearing postmark not later than day of closing, or entries notified by telegraph, telegram to be actually received at the office of sending at or before the hour of closing, and such telegram to state color, sex and name of the horses, and class to be entered, and also to give the name and residence of the party making the entry.

Entries to close at 12 o'clock M., Tuesday, September 6, 1887. Entries to be made to the Kent County Agricultural Association, Hanesville, Kent county, Md.

Address

W. B. STEPHENS, Sec'y,
Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.

Aug. 4 1887—8t.

ORDER OF COURT.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County.

GEORGE W. T. PERKINS, Trustee,
vs.
JAMES A. & MARY E. PERKINS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of James A. Perkins and Mary E. Perkins at the date of the making of the Deed of Trust in this case (viz. April 10th, 1872), to file their claims with the Clerk of the Circuit Court, properly authenticated, within two months from the date of this notice.

By order of Court.

EBEN F. PERKINS,
July 21—4t. New Trustee.

COAL!

WE will again call the attention of our friends and the public generally to the fact that with our present arrangement for transporting coal, we can furnish them the best quality of White Ash Coal, as low (or nearly so) as you can buy a lower grade of Coal. It is a fact without controversy (to them that know the difference between the grades of White Ash Coal), that the LEE Coal which we handle is the Best Coal that is brought to this market. The time will come when our people will find out that there is as much difference in the grades of White Ash Coal as there is in any other product. Some people seem to think that Coal is Coal. So it is, and wheat is wheat, but it is not all alike. We are ready to fill all orders for summer or winter use at the very lowest cash price. In future we expect to do business on a cash basis. Although Coal is from 30 to 40 cents higher this year than last. The outlook seems that it will be higher as the season advances. Remember that 2240 lbs. is a ton of Coal. Probably it will be to your advantage to examine our stock of Coal before buying.

Yours respectfully,

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

July 6, 1887—tf.

SPRINGDALE PURE RYE,

(5 Years Old), 50 Cents a Bottle.

ROCKBRIDGE RYE WHISKEY,
$2.00 A Gallon.

PURE MALT OLD WHISKEY,
$3.00 A GALLON.

H. ROSENHEIM & SON,
413 W. BALTIMORE ST.,
Between Eutaw and Paca

m24-y

CAN IT BE POSSIBLE

THAT YOU HAVE NOT TRIED

OUR A. A. BONE PHOSPHATE,

The Great Wheat and Clover Producer!

Then we must plead guilty for not having seen you last season. But we were kept so very busy supplying those farmers who knew or had heard of its merits that we did not have the time to acquaint you with the same. But the facts are in view of the low price of grain and seeing the need of the farmers, we determined to try and meet their requirements. Having watched the market carefully we have succeeded in buying our stock LOWER than ever before and by shaving our profits we are offering the farmers to-day.

OUR OLD $32 GOODS FOR $27, TIME WITHOUT INTEREST,
AND DELIVER IT WITHOUT FREIGHT.

Being the pioneer manufacturers of the Shore we necessarily have had large experience in manipulating Superphosphates and we are now thoroughly convinced that OUR A. A. is one of the finest combinations for wheat on the market without regard to price. As the whole 2,000 pounds is composed of Animal Bone, Nitrogen or Animal Matter, S. C. Floats and Potash—not one pound of Plaster, Sulphate of Soda, or any cheap or worthless materials entering into its composition—and this is not at all theoretical but by reading these testimonials will be seen to be practical:

ROCK HALL, July 26th, 1887.

T. R. Hubbard & Son—Gentlemen:—In reply as to how I like your A. A. Bone Superphosphate will say I had a very satisfactory yield. We used about 30 tons of A. A. and so far got an average yield of 17 bushels for one. Also have good grass from its use.

Resy'p, R. BENNETT WILLSON.

Mr. Stewart Matthews and Mr. Wm. W. Newcomb say they used our A. A. on Stalk Ground and Fallow and got an average yield of 26 bushels per acre, and that they expect to use it again.

Mr. Allie Baker, near Fairlee, Kent county, says he used A. A. in connection with two other of the highest standard goods on the market and A. A. was equal in every respect and cost his less money.

FAIRLEE, July 23d, 1887.

T. R. Hubbard & Son—Gentlemen:—In the fall of '85 I purchased of you 10 tons of A. A. and used it on our three farms in connection with a goods that cost us $8 more per ton, and in every instance yours took the lead. Mr. Lewis on the Swan Creek place took a load of 200 sheaves from each, and whilst there was such a difference in the cost of the fertilizer A. A. yielded several bushels more per acre. My grass too was good, this led me to go into it more heavily and we used 23 tons last fall, and whilst wheat generally is turning out poor my fallow gave me 25 bushels per acre. I expect to use it again this fall.

Respectfully, R. S. DIEHL.

A FEW PATRONS WHO