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The Transcript

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 1, 1887.

—Mr. J. E. Crew has bought the Sutton farm, containing 75 acres, of Mr. David F. Mills for the sum of $4,000. Mr. Mills paid $3,800 for this farm last year.

—Capt. I. Baker, of Col. Kyd Douglass' staff, came over on Wednesday to measure the Kent Guards for their new uniforms. The uniforms will include helmets and dress coats.

—The dwelling and town property, offered for sale on last Tuesday by R. D. Hynson, Esq.; attorney for E.T.Comegys, was withdrawn, a satisfactory offer not having been received.

—John P. Smith, of Galena, while engaged on Monday last, in re-roofing his building, fell from a ladder fourteen feet high, spraining his ankle and hurting his hip. His injuries are serious enough to temporarily disable him.

—Mr. Samuel Mallalieu had a carriage badly broken and his horses severely injured from the breaking of the king-bolt of his carriage, while crossing a bridge near Millington last week. The accupants of the carriage were considerably shaken up, but received no serious injury.

—Sheriff Hatcherson went to Easton yesterday to bring back David Owney, a colored boy who was charged with robbing John Duffy of $13. Duffy was drunk at the time. The boy was accused of the theft, and left town. He was arrested at Easton on Tuesday.

—The registration for September begins next Tuesday. Every young man entitled to register should do so, and those who will have to make transfer should attend to the matter without delay. The places of sitting will be found in the advertised announcement. The register for the fourth district will sit one day (the 8th) at Pomona.

—On Monday of last week Mr. Lemuel Stevens, living on Swan Point, was attacked and badly hurt by a colored man in his employ. Mr. Stevens was remonstrating with him about the manner in which he was treating the team he was using. The negro struck Mr. Stevens in the breast with a billy or some heavy missile. Yesterday Mr. Stevens was something better, but his breast is badly injured, and left arm paralyzed. He is slowly regaining the use of his arm, but is suffering very much from the injury to his breast, which is bruised clear across from the right to left side.

—Orphans' Court, Tuesday, Aug. 30, 1887—Present, Judges Walker and Stevens.

Jas. H. Baker, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Wilson Register, filed his bond.

The last will and testament of James M. Mallalieu, deceased, was admitted to probate, and letters testamentary on the personal estate of said deceased were granted unto Joseph Mallalieu. H. Clay Hendrickson and John A. Benton were appointed to appraise estate of said deceased.

Jas. H. Hurtt and Eliza Jones, administrators of Enoch Jones, dec'd, returned inventory of the personal eftate of their decedent.

The last will and testament of Mrs. Elizabeth Deford was placed on file.

The Oyster Season.

The tongers will commence operations to-day, with the prospect of a good catch. 145 licenses have been taken out up to date. The total number of licenses taken out in this county last year was 245. As the boats will average two men each, it shows that close to 500 people are directly engaged in this branch of the oyster business alone. Dredgers will commence on October 15th, and then the tongers' tribulations begin. Many of the Balto. dredgers delight in working in forbidden waters. Beside having in it an element of danger, they generally manage to get the best oysters there.

Capt. J. B. Wilson, of the Mary Compton, starts on his rounds to-day. His principal duty for the present is to see that the boats are provided with licenses.

Capt. Wilson has made an examination of the bars from Spaniard's to Hale Point, and finds more and better oysters than he has ever seen on them before. With a reasonable prospect for good prices, the oysterman's lot looks as if it was going to be a happy one.

A Burglar Item.

Mr. James Walls, of Galena, had a thrilling experience with burglars on the night of August 23d. About eleven o'clock P. M., while enjoying nature's sweet restorer, dreaming of the horse trade he expected to make next morning, he was awakened by some one seizing him violently by the head, evidently trying to get his pocket-book from under his pillow. With great presence of mind Mr. Walls sprang up, caught the ruffian and threw him to the floor, when the thief succeeded in eluding his captor by crawling under the bed, then out the other side, and reached the porch roof. By this time the household were aroused and cries of fire! murder! &c., were heard on every side. James Walls, Jr., discovered the intruder making an effort to get upon the house roof. He also made the startling discovery that the party was none other than the eldest son—*sound asleep.* Upon comparing notes after getting Johnnie awake it was found the damage consisted of a cut hand for Walls, Sr., shirt torn off "My John," three lights of window glass broken and a badly frightened lot of ladies. "M."

A Colored Boy Drowned.

On Friday afternoon last a party of colored boys went in swimming at Travilla's Wharf, Chester river. The boys came out of the water, and went upon the wharf. Among them were Isaac Baker and Noah Caulk, the former a stout boy of 19 and the latter a weakly, little fellow of 17. Baker caught Caulk in his arms and made out that he was going to throw him overboard. The other boys told him not to do it, as Caulk could not swim. Baker said, "I am not going to throw him overboard," but the boy went over all the same, and never came to the surface again. The body was recovered Sunday morning. Coroner John Bordley held an inquest. From the evidence before the jury a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered. On Monday, however, two witnesses appeared before 'Squire Wheatley and testified that Baker picked Caulk up in his arms and walked a distance of 20 feet to the end of the wharf and threw him overboard. Baker is now in jail and will have a hearing to-day.

A Millington Man Drops from a Window.

John H. Johnson, a harness-maker, and a native of England, who has been working for some time past with Mr. James Edwards, Millington, has been for several weeks suffering with malaria. Johnson is a member of the order of Red Men, who have had a nurse hired to attend him during his sickness. In the absence of his nurse on Saturday night last Johnson, who had been deranged for several days past, swung himself out the third story window and dropped a distance of 25 feet to the pavement below. He was picked up immediately, and was found to have fractured his ankle and injured his head and thigh. His condition was such that it was impossible to determine the full extent of his injuries. No hopes are entertained of his ultimate recovery.

Death of William H. Pennell.

Information reached Chestertown on Monday that Mr. Wm. H. Pennell, of this county, had died suddenly in Philadelphia near midnight on Sunday, of congestion of the liver. Mr. Pennell was a native of Pennsylvania, and accumulated a considerable property in the dry-goods trade in Philadelphia. On retiring from business, he came to this county to reside, and purchased several valuable farms. He also owns considerable property in Philadelphia. He has a brother and other relatives in this county, and during his residence here formed a number of friendly associations

New Advertisements.

The following new advertisements appear in this issue:

E. T. Comegys' grain advertisement.

Notice to creditors, Joseph Mallalieu, executor.

Festival and supper at St. Paul's Church.

Card of thanks by W. Rodgers and wife.

Store stock and fixtures for sale.

The Kent County Fair.

The annual fairs of the county have always been, and should be, a matter of interest to home people. They are annual events that bring the people from all parts of the county together, and give an opportunity to discuss not only farming matters but other matters of home interest. The fair this fall will probably in several respects be more interesting than any previous one. The Kent county association is not rushing into debt to make a display, but is going slowly and substantially. This year, before fair time, they will complete a large and conveniently arranged building for general exhibits. Several departments that have hitherto been confined to limited space will this year have larger facilities, and the exhibits in those departments are expected to be larger than ever before.

Undoubtedly one of the most interesting exhibits at the coming fair will be that of handicraft work by pupils of the public schools of the county. This exhibit will be large, varied and interesting. Arrangements will be made to place it so that it may be seen to advantage. The *Transcript* will have more to say about this school exhibit in a future issue, as well as about other features of the fair.

Tournament and Racing at Tolchester.

Tolchester had a lively day on Friday last. The tournament and trotting brought together a great number of pleasure seekers. The steamer Louise brought two thousand people from the city, while crowds went in carriages from Kent and adjoining counties, swelling the number present to five thousand. The knights in the tournament were H. B. Bay, A.S. Hammond, R. J. Carter, S. S. Tracey, W. J. Walters, W. T. Givens, E. J. Hall, Adam Diehl, W. W. Duyer, J. L. Dyer, E. Dyer, W. Cosden, W. B. Ashley, J. W. Dyer, Albert Jewell, J. W. Birmingham and W. B. Stephens. The distance was 125 yards to be run in 11 seconds and take three rings three times. In the first run all the knights fell short of the required number except S. S. Tracey and J. W. Dyer, who tied. They ran again, and Tracey won, gaining the first prize, a set of harness, and Dyer second, who received a handsome water pitcher. W. J. Walters and W. W. Dyer, the two having the next highest score, competed for the third prize, a lap-robe, which was won by Walters. Mr. Tracey crowned Miss Ida H. Camp queen of love and beauty, J. W. Dyer crowned Mrs. Dyer first maid of honor, and Mr. Walters wreathed Miss Annie M. Smith second maid of honor. Samuel Vannort, of Chestertown, addressed the knights. In the trotting race there were six horses, as follows: Sleepy Dave, entered by A. J. Hynson; Pricey, by J. T. Decorse; Fannie, by G. W. Shawn; Dexter, by A. L. Baker; Messenger, by T. E. W. Crew, and May, by P. S. Jones. The heats were best two in three. Messenger won the first heat, in 2,42, and Sleepy Dave the second, in 2.40. The deciding heat was postponed on account of lateness, and was trotted off on Saturday, the heat and race being won by Messenger, in 2.37; Sleepy Dave a close second, and Dexter third. Thus Mr. T. E. W. Crew became the winner of the first prize, the Tolchester cup for 1887; A. J. Hynson, second, $10, and A. L. Baker $5. The judges were Richard Diehl, Jame L. Beck and John Street. Charles H. Hurlock was chief marshal.

Personal Notes.

Richard Hynson, Esq., reached home on Saturday last from Greenbriar White Sulphur Springs, feeling refreshed and invigorated.

Mr. John R. Gray has been out again this week, and his friends hope for permanent improvemen in his health.

Mr. John N. Roberts, who is reading in a law office in Brooklyn, New York, is spending a vacation at the home of his father, Rev. S. C. Roberts.

Mr. Wm. F. Smith, formerly of this town, is drum-major to the Baltimore Light Infantry band, and led the music for the Washington Military Company recently encamped at Atlantic City.

Mr. Chas. Burgess, of Baltimore, is visiting his former home in Chestertown.

Miss Daisy Carter, of Elkton, returned home on Wednesday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Hiram Brown, of Chestertown.

H. H. Barroll, who has been registered at the Hotel Rodick, Bar Harbor, Maine, is now at the Falyan House, in the White Mountains.

Mrs. M. A. Skirven is at Stroudsburg, Pa.

Miss Carrie B. Jacobs, Kennedyville, is visiting friends in Centreville.

Dr. J. B. Merritt and wife, Hanesville, go to the Blue Mountain House for a few days this week.

Mrs. Lewin J. Usilton is quite sick with malaria.

Mr. and Mrs. Eell, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mr. Wm. O. Shallcross, Locust Grove.

Mrs. Samuel Webb, Turner's Creek, is ill with malaria.

Mr. Blades, Misses Bennett and Rasin, of Kennedyville, are steadily improving.

Mrs. Mary R. Usilton and Mrs. C. W. Warren, Kennedyville, are both very sick.

J. Romie Byron has been severely ill for some days. His disease verges on typhoid.

Mrs. E. B. Highly, of Norristown, Pa., is visiting friends in Kennedyville.

The Centreville Flour Mill Burned.

At about midday on Monday, the Centreville Flour Mill belonging to J. Hersey Hall, caught fire and was consumed. The mill, which was a large four-story frame structure, was completed and put in operation last March. It was fitted with the finest and latest roller machinery, all of which was ruined. The engine-room is a one-story structure, and separated from the main building by a ten-foot alley. The fire first started on the roof of this building from the smokestack. While several men were trying to extinguish the fire the boiler exploded, setting fire to the whole building. The mill was consumed in a short while. No one was hurt by the explosion. Fifteen hundred bushels of wheat were burned. Mr. Hall, the proprietor of the mill, was in Baltimore at the time of the fire. The first he knew of the fire was by telegram. He estimates his loss on building, machinery and stock at about $20,000. He is insured in the Kent Mutual Fire Insurance Company for $5,000 and the Cecil Fire Company for $3,000. Mr. Hall returned to Centreville on the Gratitude yesterday afternoon. The mill was the largest on the Eastern Shore, and had a capacity of 75 barrels a day. When the explosion took place a piece of the machinery weighing several hundred pounds was throw 150 yards. As there were no ladders and but few buckets on hand, the flames could not be successfully fought, and in an hour's time the entire property was a ruin. The miller's house, near by, was saved by being drenched with water. The origin of the fire is not definitely known. When discovered it was burning the roof of the engine-house.

The Democratic Ticket in Queen Anne's.

The primary contest, which came off in Queen Anne's on Saturday last, has been looked to with a lively interest outside as well as inside the county, for it has been well understood that the contest would be a pitched factional fight, in which no quarter would be given or taken. The election for delegates to the county nominating convention was held on last Saturday and was as spirited as could have been anticipated. Especially in close districts like Church Hill the fight raged hot. It has since been rumored that a number of able bodied Chestertown voters went over and generously helped along one side or the other. A delegation from Church Hill was in Chestertown early Monday morning looking up names and facts as to residence of these alleged voters. The voting in each district for delegations, was as follows:

1st Dist.	Brown—Roberts delegation,	193
	Dudley delegation,	274
2d Dist.	Brown—Temple delegation,	228
	Godwin—Dudley delegation,	231
3d Dist.	Browm delegation,	387
	Dudley delegation,	75
4th Dist.	Brown—Norman—Cockey del.,	143
	Dudley—Bright delegation,	113
5th Dist.	Brown—Davidson delegation,	257
	Dudley—Rhodes delegation,	172
6th Dist.	Brown—Dever delegation,	187
	Dudley delegation,	48
7th Dist.	Brown delegation,	115
	Dudley—Godwin delegation,	151

The delegates from the various districts met in convention in Centreville on Tuesday last. The following ticket was nominated:

State Senate—John B. Brown.
Clerk—Wm. A. Dever.
State's Attorney—Philemon B. Hopper.
Legislature—John B. Thomas, John T. Norman, James Roe.
Sheriff—Solomon Seeney.
County Commissioners—James Cockey, George Davidson, John L. Spry.
Orphans' Court—John Dodd, James R. Sudler, S. E. Valliant.

Regarding the ticket, a communication from Centreville to the Baltimore *Sun* says: "The contest just closed was a trial of strength between the Brown and Keating factions, in which the former came out on top, carrying four of the seven districts. The senatorial nomination being settled by the primaries, the most important question to decide was that of the clerkship.—The convention assembled at 2 o'clock. Capt. Jas. Smith, of Centreville, was made temporary chairman, and Sam'l N. Smith, Jr., secretary. There was a contest before the convention from Church Hill, one delegation claiming the seats held by the other. The convention finally seated the original or Dudley-Godwin delegation."

After the nomination of Dever for clerk, the friends of Dr. Dudley withdrew from the convention, and the remainder of the ticket was nominated by twenty delegates. There is some talk, it is rumored, of a second ticket, but wiser counsels will probably prevail, and the Queen Anne's Democracy will be united at the general election.

Still Pond Items.

STILL POND, Aug. 27, 1887.

The club was called to order by the president at 3½ P. M. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The "insect" bureau reported progress.

Under Questions, G. W. Price asked, What is the best time to cut off asparagus? Many cut off early in the fall. If it is cut off it will continue to grow, and if so it should weaken the crop for the next year. Burning it off in the spring would be best. There is generally a crop of decayed vegetation, at this time, which upon being set fire to burns easily.

N. Barnard: Asparagus grows until late in fall—in fact, until stopped by the cold of winter; in New Jersey it is cut off, raked up and hauled into the barn-yard; the better way would be to run a roller over it, mash the growth down and set fire to it; this would have a tendency to destroy the beetle knit, and perhaps even many beetles also.

G. W. Price: The act of burning the stalk will not destroy the beetle itself, for the nature of the insect is to burrow in the ground, remaining during the winter in the chrysalis state, emerging in the early spring ready for work; this insect produces two crops a year.

E. B. Pennington: How may green worms be kept from eating and destroying cabbage? it has been my habit to kill them off by hand, but this becomes a tedious process when there is much ground to go over; the worms are so near the color of the cabbage itself and hide so closely that they are hard to find and the head is more or less torn and broken in the search for them; there should be some remedy; something that would destroy the worm and yet not injure the plant; and there are doubtless many who would like to find out what this remedy may be.

W. D Pennington: A solution of salt and soapsuds sprinkled over the cabbage will prove effectual in destroying the worms; the solution should not be too strong; not a brine, as that would prove injurious; Cayenne pepper dusted over them is said to be effective.

G. W. Davis: Salt and phosphate, in addition to the remedies suggested, will prove effective; of course, too much salt should not be used; it should not be put on by the handful, but slightly sprinkled over the heads of and allowed to penetrate between the leaves or folds.

G. W. Price: Is this a good time to trim peach trees? and what effect is produced by heavy trimming?

J. F. Wilson: I would always trim in August if there were no fruit; the trees being in full foliage at this season, the dead wood is easily distinguished and can be cut out; it will not hurt to trim now, and the trees can be shaped up better; have for a number of years practiced trimming in August whenever it could be done.

W. D. Pennington: Mr. Crew has an orchard 5 years old; nearly all the trees are premature; the orchard had been trimmed heavily, and where the heaviest trimming was done there was the most prematurity.

N. Barnard: Spring trimming produces a large sucker growth; it is true that nature provides a partial remedy, for the trees will to a certain extent prune themselves; I certainly prefer fall trimming, for by so doing the growth of the tree is stopped or set back and all its energies are devoted to the production of fruit buds.

The question was asked, Will it pay to plant the different early varieties? which provoked much discussion and occupied considerable time.

N. Barnard: It will and does pay to raise the early varieties; much, however, depends upon the season and the character of the soil; if the season is dry and the soil light they invariably pan out well; the Beatrice, the Louise and the Early Rivers have paid me well; we should plant of all, both late and early kinds; this will prolong the season; let us cull our fruit well, and our brands will become known and buyers will seek it; we should be able to ship each day, and the buyer will understand that he can get the brand which he thinks he can depend upon every day; speaking of Bilyeu's, it is a good, solid shipping peach; I have sold largely from nursery to Western Maryland; it would seem that it suits their soil and climate better than others; there were some 1,000 trees of the Troth variety on my farm the first year I went to farming, the most of which are now living; I have made more money from the Beatrice, Troth and Early Rivers than from any other three varieties in my orchard; the Troth is prolific, comes in at the right season and always brings good prices; at one time the Troth did not pay; it seemed to be favorite with all growers; for ten years it was difficult to sell any other tree, and the consequence was disastrous, resulting in an overproduction in that variety, the supply largely exceeding the demand; there is even now too much planting of Smock; it is certainly best for the grower to plant regularly all the way through the catalogue; orchards thus filled will be almost certain to hit each season; the Amsden and Alexander do not generally pay well, though they might in certain years do so, depending much upon the character of the season.

E. B. Pennington: It must in the long run pay to plant both the early and late varieties; there are certain portions of the South, notably Virginia and North Carolina, which are planted down in peach trees; their peaches,—the season being much earlier,—meet our early varieties in the Northern markets; but the Southern fruit fails much oftener than the Northern crop; it has been estimated that the South misses every other year; then our early varieties come in and pay well, for they meet with no competition; our late varieties generally pay because they come in earlier than the Northern; so it will be seen that in order to make it pay both early and late varieties should be planted.

W. D. Pennington: On the Howell's Point farm there were 700 Bilyeu's for which he always received good prices.—They generally yielded some 500 boxes, for which he got $2.50 per box.

F. H. Harper: The early varieties do not generally pay, for the simple reason that they are liable to rot. The Bilyeu is a fine drying peach. The Troth is as early a peach as he would wish to plant.

G. W. Price: The early varieties generally produce glut. The Early Rivers is the only one which has paid me.

At this point the regular question—"What varieties of peach trees are most effected by yellows," was taken up.

G. W. Price, who opened, said: In going through and examining my orchard, I find that the yellow varieties would seem to be effected. It seemed to prevail more largely among the Crawfords, and where the ground is richest. The red varieties are not so much diseased.

W. D. Pennington: Almost every variety in my orchard is more or less effected. I have not had time to examine as thoroughly as could have been wished. Where the trees were trimmed heaviest, and in the low bottom lands, the trees without regard to variety, seem to premature most.

F. H. Harper: In my orchards as far as observed, it prevails most in the Crawford's Late, and the white varieties. In fact, the kind does not seem to make any particular difference. All varieties, red, white, and yellow being subject to the disease. In a four-year-old orchard of 1,000 trees, there are 400 prematures, all of which shall come up.

John Hurlock: In a ten-year-old orchard on the place where I live there is but little of the yellows. In the three-year-old orchard it would seem to be more largely developed in the Crawford's Late.

G. W. Davis: In a four-year-old orchard I have taken out twelve trees. The disease seems to be distributed everywhere. No one variety being exempt. It prevails with me among the Mountain Rose, on the richest land. In an old orchard some of the trees are effected; in this the Crawford's seem to suffer most.

J. F. Willson: Prof. Smith went over my orchard and numbered the affected trees according to variety. The disease appears to attack each variety. In some it is much worse than in others, in low, on high, on rich and on poor ground. Trimming light or heavy has but little or nothing to do with the virulence of the disease.

E. B. Pennington: This disease, or at least much of it, comes from trees which are diseased in the nursery. In traveling through the country and noticing the different orchards, we find that the old orchards, as a general thing, are but little affected, and yet nearly every three and four old orchards shows unmistakable signs of the yellows. If this is the case everywhere, it would, I think, go largely to show that the trees are diseased from some cause before setting them out, being in the nursling itself, and will spread and communicate itself to other trees. There is but one remedy to prevent the spread, and that is to pull them up and burn the wood.

On motion, the following was passed nem con:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this club that the disease known as "yellows," in the peach, is not confined to any particular variety more than another.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this club the disease is contagious.

The following was adopted as the subject for discussion at the next meeting:

"Has heavy trimming any effect upon the development of yellows?"

There being no further business the club adjourned to meet on Saturday next.

TULLYVEOLAN.

Give Them A Chance!

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Peninsula Press Association.

The 13th annual meeting of the Peninsula Press Association convened at Rehoboth on August the 20th. The headquarters of the party was Hotel Henlopen. The representation was small, as but brief notice was given of time and place of meeting.

The following members were present: Frederick E. Bach, W. M. R. Williamson, *Morning News*, J. B. Bell, *Sunday Star*, Harlow H. Curtis, *Every Evening*, Cody Anfenger, *Freie Presse*, Solomon Hersey, *Republican*, Dr. H. C. Snitcher, *Wilmingtonian*, of Wilmington; Levi K. Bowen, John M. Bowen, *Ledger*, Newark; Alexander L. Moreau, *Transcript*, Middletown; E. B. Loudenborough, *Sentinel*, Dover; H. L. Hynson, R. H. Gilman, *News and Advertiser*, Milford; J. B. Clark, McKendree Downham, *Sussex Journal*, Georgetown; Howard Melvin, *Journal*, Denton; C. L. Vincent, Oscar M. Purnell, *Messenger*, Snow Hill; George W. Cruikshank, *Cecil Democrat*, Elkton.

The following officers were elected: president, George W. Cruikshank, Elkton; vice-presidents, H. L. Hynson, Milford, Oscar M. Purnell, Snow Hill; secretary and treasurer, J. B. Bell, Wilmington; executive committee, F. E. Bach, chairman; George E. Haddaway, McKendree Downham.

Many People Refuse to Take

Cod Liver Oil on account of its unpleasant taste. This difficulty has been overcome in Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It being as palatable as milk, and the most valuable remedy known for the treatment of Consumption, Scrofula and Bronchitis, General Debility, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs and Colds, has caused physicians in all parts of the world to use it. Physicians report our little patients take it with pleasure. Try Scott's Emulsion, and be convinced. Dr. Thomas Hall, Holly Creek, Ga., says: "I am using Scott's Emulsion in the case of a little child one year old, wasting away, and it is improving fast. Before nothing would stay in its stomach, but the Emulsion agrees with it perfectly." Aug18—4t.

IMPORTANT!

FOR YOU TO KNOW THAT

Wroth & Aldridge

have just opened a Fine Stock of

Spring and Summer GOODS!

of all kinds kept in a FIRST-CLASS STORE.

FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

Gent's Neck Wear,

ON THE SHORE.

It gives us pleasure to show Goods and quote prices. Give us a call and be convinced that we stand up to our promises.

JOHN F. STRATTON,
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Importer, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
Musical Merchandise, Musical Boxes, Band nstruments. Stratton's Celebrated Russian Gut Violin Strings.
Nov. 25, 1886—y.

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FTESH BURNT SHELL LIME

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Whitewashing, Building purposes or Land.

The subscriber is now burning Shell Lime, and has it on hand ready to sell at the kiln, or ship wherever it may be wanted.

WM. PERKINS,
RISING SUN SALOON,
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ROANOKE COLLEGE,

In the Virginia Mountains.

—$149, $176, or $204 A YEAR—

Thorough instruction; good discipline; best moral influence. Students from many States. Graduates in 28 States and Territories. Thirty-fifth session begins Sept. 11th. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address JULIUS D. DREHER, President, SALEM, VA.

July 21—1m.

REMOVAL.

Dr. C. P. Gilpin has taken the dwelling house on High street adjoining the store of Mr. A. J. Cahall. He will be pleased to see his friends and patients at his new location, where, having more room, he will be able to afford many more comforts than in the past.

Jan. 6, 1887—tf.

IRON Cultivators! Iron Cultivators!! and Extra Cultivator Points complete at
J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.'S.

1887. 1887

Established in 1868.

Family Supplies

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Special Low Prices!

We have laid in a good supply of

Sugars, Coffee, N. O. Molasses,

RICE,
SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS,
BREAKFAST BACON,
SHOULDER BACON,
SUGAR-CURED SMOKED BEEF
CHIPPED BEEF,
COOKED CANNED BEEF,
CANNED TOMATOES,
CANNED CORN,
CANNED PEACHES
DRIED FRUITS,

TOBACCO, from 30 to 80 cts. a pound.

TINWARE,
PLATES,
CUPS & SAUCERS,
BOWLS,

and in fact everything usually kept in a first-class store.

Flour! Flour

We have Clifton F. F. F., Kirkwood, Occidental, Potapsco Superlative, Potapsco Family, Patapsco Extra, Orange Grove Extra, $4 to $6 a barrel. All the above brands also in bags, 12½ and 24½ pounds. Try our 3-cent Flour.

Sugars 5 to 7 cts. a pound, good Roasted Coffee 12 cts. a pound, also, Arbuckle's, Levering's, Enterprise and Ajax Roasted Coffees in pound packages at lowest prices. Rice, Cheaper than you ever bought. Head Light Coal Oil 15 cts. a gallon. Mackerel by the barrel, half-barrel and in kits. Domestic Dry Goods and Notions.

We want Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Bacon, Lard and country produce, for which we will give the best market price. Please call at the old stand on Cross street. Respect'y,

J. B. SAPPINGTON,
June 17, 1886. CHESTERTOWN, MD

LUMBER! LUMBER!

ALL KINDS.

THOSE wishing to build will find it to their interest to see our stock.

PRICES AND QUALITY CONNOT BE BEATEN.

W. B. TURNER,
GREEN POINT.

FLOUR.

We have on hand C. A. Gambrill M'f'g Co.

"Orange Grove" FLOUR "Patapsco Superlative"

WM. LEA & SONS CO.

'Kirkwood' FLOUR "F. F. F."

Also,

GROCERIES, BACON, LARD, PAINTS, ROLAND CHILLED PLOWS, HARDWARE, &c.

WM. B. TURNER.
June 9.

PEACH BASKETS.

We manufacture First-Class

Peach Baskets, Berry Crates and Baskets, Peach and Apple Crates.

Special inducements to large buyers.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

COULBORN & HUEY,
June 9—4m. SEAFORD, DEL.

Chestertown, Md., June 16, 1887.

PEACH BASKETS

FOR SALE.

CALL & EXAMINE THEM,

and enter your order with

JOSEPH TURNER.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

has just received per steamer Meteor direct from the swamps, a large lot of strictly

NO. 1

Heart Cypress Shingles

If you wish to see a Shingle that cannot be beat in size and quality, call and examine them

June 16, 1887.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING leased the ARMSTRONG HOUSE in Chestertown I am prepared to accommodate the general public.

MY TABLE

will be supplied with the best the market affords, and I shall use every effort to insure the comfort of those favoring me with their patronage. On Tuesdays and Saturdays extra preparations will be made to secure our county friends a First Class Dinner.

FREE HACKS will connect with the Steamboats and Trains. First Class Livery attached.

TERMS—$1.50 per Day.

jan6-3m. ALBERT I. DUGAN.

THE CRAWFORD HOUSE,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

[FORMERLY HALL'S HOTEL.]

HAVING Leased the House, which is fitted up in the very best manner, I am prepared to accommodate parties at very reasonable rates. I will leave nothing undone that will add to the comfort of my guests. I shall aim to have everything in season, and no effort will be spared to make this the BEST HOTEL ON THE SHORE. The House has a

FIRST CLASS LIVERY ATTACHED,

and parties will be conveyed from Boat or Cars free of charge, and to any part of the Peninsula at LOW RATES.

SAMUEL H. CRAWFORD,
Jan. 8, 1887. PROPRIETOR.

SPECTACLES!

I have the agency for the celebrated

Diamanta Spectacles

AND EYE-GLASSES.

They are ground on scientific principles; they are perfectly Colorless and do not tire the eye as common glasses do. If persons who need glasses will call on me I will test their eyes with an optometer and give them glasses to suit their eyes.

I also have on hand a Nice

ASSORTMENT OF WATCHES

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

and

ROGERS & BROTHER SILVERWARE.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

C. M. LUCAS,
March 10, 1887—y.

A Few Things ONLY.

WE DESIRE TO CALL ATTENTION TO JUST NOW.

GRINKLED SEERSUCKERS

ARE IN SEASON.

We have a large and beautiful stock also of

SATINES

—AND—

OTHER SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

You cannot fail to be pleased. Call and see us.

JOHN H. SIMPERS.

Peach Baskets.

50,000

FOR SALE.

PRICES AT ROCK BOTTOM!

They Must Be Sold!

PEACHES OR NO PEACHES.

J. H. IRELAND,
LOCUST GROVE.
June 30, 1887.

COAL!

WE will again call the attention of our friends and the public generally to the fact that with our present arrangement for transporting coal, we can furnish them the best quality of White Ash Coal, as low (or nearly so) as you can buy a lower grade of Coal. It is a fact without controversy (to them that know the difference between the grades of White Ash Coal), that the LEE Coal which we handle is the Best Coal that is brought to this market. The time will come when our people will find out that there is as much difference in the grades of White Ash Coal as there is in any other product. Some people seem to think that Coal is Coal. So it is, and wheat is wheat, but it is not all alike. We are ready to fill all orders for summer or winter use at the very lowest cash price. In future we expect to do business on a cash basis. Although Coal is from 30 to 40 cents higher this year than last. The outlook seems that it will be higher as the season advances. Remember that 2240 lbs. is a ton of Coal. Probably it will be to your advantage to examine our stock of Coal before buying.

Yours respectfully,

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.
July 6, 1887—tf.

STRAW WANTED

HAVING leased the Chestertown Straw-Board Mill, I am

READY TO BUY ALL THE STRAW

that farmers may wish to dispose of. Will clean up all the straw from stack-yards sold me, rejecting only rotten straw, on the basis of 2240 lbs. per ton for dry straw, only asking those wishing to see to take a little extra pains in stacking, and not put the chaff with their straw.

Mr. James Brice is my authorized agent to buy.

WILBUR ELIASON.
Aug. 5, 1886.

JOS. E. WEER & SON

are prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING

—AND—

WHEELWRIGHTING

In all its branches at their shops in Kennedyville. Special attention given to

HORSE-SHOEING.

Give us a call.

JOSEPH E. WEER & SON,
May 26—6m. Kennedyville.

"LISTER!"

1850. 1887

THE BONE FERTILIZERS

PREPARED BY THE LISTERS,

Have stood the test so long, proved so true to grade, are so well-known, not only to the farmers of Kent and the Eastern Shore, but in all the States east of the Mississippi river, that words of commendation seem almost superfluous. Wherver used the increased yield and improved condition of the land attest their value The rapid and permanent improvement of farms in our own county, where "LISTER" has been used *exclusively*, are pointed to as the best and most convincing evidence of their value as crop Producer and Improver.

Samples of all the various preperations are on hand at the Store of WICKES & BRO., and an examination is solicited.

THE PRICE IS BELOW FORMER YEARS,

and will be found as Low—perhaps Lower—than goods of ordinary grade are sold at.

In addition to "LISTER'S" I have arranged for the sale of

Acid Phosphate, Pure Dissolved S. C. Rock, Alkaline Bone and Other "Rock" and "Bone" Phosphates,

Prepared by a thoroughly reliable firm, and guaranteed to be as represented.

KAINIT, or almost anything that persons may wish to apply.

W. N. E. WICKES, Agent

Aug. 18—2m. [N] FOR "LISTER AND OTHER PHOSPHATES.

CAN IT BE POSSIBLE

THAT YOU HAVE NOT TRIED

OUR A. A. BONE PHOSPHATE,

The Great Wheat and Clover Producer!

Then we must plead guilty for not having seen you last season. But we were kept so very busy supplying those farmers who knew or had heard of its merits that we did not have the time to acquaint you with the same. But the facts are in view of the low price of grain and seeing the need of the farmers, we determined to try and meet their requirements. Having watched the market carefully we have succeeded in buying our stock LOWER than ever before and by shaving our profits we are offering the farmers to-day.

OUR OLD $32 GOODS FOR $27, TIME WITHOUT INTEREST,

AND DELIVER IT WITHOUT FREIGHT.

Being the pioneer manufacturers of the Shore we necessarily have had large experience in manipulating Superphosphates and we are now thoroughly convinced that OUR A. A. is one of the finest combinations for wheat on the market without regard to price. As the whole 2,000 pounds is composed of Animal Bone, Nitrogen or Animal Matter, S. C. Floats and Potash—not one pound of Plaster, Sulphate of Soda, or any cheap or worthless materials entering into its composition—and this is not at all theoretical but by reading these testimonials will be seen to be practical:

ROCK HALL, July 26th, 1887.

T. R. Hubbard & Son—Gentlemen:—In reply as to how I like your A. A. Bone Superphosphate will say I had a very satisfactory yield. We used about 30 tons of A. A. and so far got an average yield of 17 bushels for one. Also have good grass from its use.

Resy'p, R. BENNETT WILLSON.

Mr. Stewart Matthews and Mr. Wm. W. Newcomb say they used our A. A. on Stalk Ground and Fallow and got an average yield of 26 bushels per acre, and that they expect to use it again.

Mr. Allie Baker, near Fairlee, Kent county, says he used A.A. in connection with two other of the highest standard goods on the market and A. A. was equal in every respect and cost his less money.

FAIRLEE, July 23d, 1987.

T. R. Hubbard & Son—Gentlemen:—In the fall of '85 I purchased of you 10 tons of A. A. and used it on our three farms in connection with a goods that cost us $8 more per ton, and in every instance yours took the lead. Mr. Lewis on the Swan Creek place took a load of 200 sheaves from each, and whilst there was such a difference in the cost of the fertilizer A. A. yielded several bushels more per acre. My grass too was good, this led me to go into it more heavily and we used 23 tons last fall, and whilst wheat generally is turning out poor my fallow gave me 25 bushels per acre, I expect to use it again this fall.

Respectfully, R. S. DIEHL.

A FEW PATRONS WHO HAVE USED A. A.:

C. C. WOOD,	B. F. H. CAULK,	J. B. HARRIS,	WM. NEWCOMB,
RANKIN & BRO.,	JOHN GALE,	JNO. PRICE,	STEWART MATTHEWS,
WM. M. WILLSON,	T. A. JACOBS,	JAS. H. BAKER,	WM. BRYAN,
R. A. BOGLE,	GEO. R. REED,	J. W. SKIRVEN,	THOS. C. PARSONS,
WM. STEVENS,	W. E. SANDERS,	COMEGYS BROWN,	Mrs. B.F.SAPPINGTON,
A. B. JUMP,	WM. G. TREW,	JAS.W.LAMBERT,	W. T. HEPBRON,
R. S. GRIFFITH,	JAS. R. JONES