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# The Transcript,

*Chestertown, Md.*

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

**Thursday, March 29, 1888.**

CASPER G. WOODALL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.


CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE, of the United States Supreme Court, died Friday morning. He was appointed by President Grant in 1874 to succeed Salmon P. Chase. His decease creates a second vacancy during Mr. Cleveland's Administration. It is generally presumed that his successor will be selected from the North or the West.

A BILL has passed both houses of the Legislature providing for the appropriation of $60,000 to pay for one-half of a new ice boat. The bill as enacted provides, that the boat shall be used to keep open the ports of Annapolis, Chestertown, Oxford, St. Michaels and Crisfield, in addition to the port of Baltimore. The bill also provides that Baltimore city shall appropriate $60,000, or one-half the cost of the boat.

WHAT is the meaning of the bill providing for the creation of a land and immigration bureau? Maryland has no public lands to dispose of—at least none except as are worthless. We have not seen the bill, but from a synopsis published of it it would appear to provide for an immigration agent, at a salary, to be located in Baltimore, and a sub-agent in each county, the sub-agents to be paid from commissions on sales. What sales? The State owns no lands in the counties. Does the bill mean to form an official real estate agency for sale of private lands?

THE bill for re-districting Western Maryland Congressional districts, passed the House of the Maryland Legislature on Friday by a bare majority, 45 yeas, 44 nays on first vote, but a member voting nay, changed and carried the bill. The bill is a gerrymander. It is intended to strengthen the Democratic majority in the 5th Congressional district, but will make the 6th more surely Republican. There was strong Democratic opposition to the bill from several Western Shore counties. It will probably meet with strong if not with successful opposition in its passage through the Senate.

THE withdrawal of his name by Mr. James G. Blaine, from the list of aspirants to the Republican presidential nomination has opened the field, and the Chicago convention will not be likely to make a nomination either on the first or second ballots. In fact the outlook is that the contest may be a long one, as there are at least four candidates who will show up with a large opening vote—these are Sherman of Ohio, Allison of Iowa, Callom of Illinois and Hiscock of New York. Besides these, there are numerous others who have the presidential bee in their bonnets. Ingalls has probably hung up his hopes upon the willow. Foraker is probably only in training for second place, in case John Sherman fails to win first place. While in the Republican camp there is uncertainty and commotion, in the Democratic camp, all is serene. There is only one man thought of by the party at large, and he is Grover Cleveland. He will be nominated on the first ballot, and unanimously. He will be nominated on a tariff reform platform, and he will be elected—and have a quantity of electoral votes to spare. *Fortes fortuna, adjuvat.*

## STATE LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

LAND AND IMMIGRATION BILL.

Senator Toadvin's bill to promote immigration to and the sale of land in the State of Maryland provides for the appointment by the Governor of a State Commissioner of Immigration and Sale of Lands. The commissioner's salary will be $1,200 for two years and the office to be located in Baltimore. The commissioner, subject to the approval of the Governor, shall appoint a sub-commissioner in each county, who shall be paid a commission of five per cent. on the first $2,500 or less and two and a-half per cent. on the balance, if such sale exceeds that amount, to be paid out of the first purchase money paid on the property sold. No sub-commissioner shall engage in buying or selling lands or receive directly or indirectly any further commission, profit or bonds other than his legal commission, and shall be exempt from brokers' license. The State commissioner must collect in pamphlet form a summary descriptive of the agricultural, horticultural and mineral resources of the State, with descriptions of its industries, means of transportation, proximity to market, climate, soil and other attractions. The sub-commissioners shall furnish a description of real estate that may be offered for sale and to compile information on the subject. The further sum of $3,500 is appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act. The act is to remain in force four years, and then cease to be operative unless re-enacted.

MR. WHITE'S EEL BILL.

Delegate White's Eel bill was reported favorably in the Senate on Thursday, with an amendment, which was adopted, reducing the appropriation from $5,000 to $2,500 for the extermination of eels, to be used exclusively in the Wicomico river, and relieving the State police steamers from the duty of extermination. Senator Johnson explained that a bill is now pending before the Legislature reducing the State fishery force during the summer season, and he claimed that it would be impracticable to impose this duty on the steamers with its reduced force. An amendment was rejected proposing to have the bill go into effect June, 1890. The bill was read the second time. Mr. White was present, and the Senate took a recess for half an hour to hear him explain his pet measure.

THE PEACH AND TOMATO BILL.

On Thursday, Mr. Thompson's bill for a uniform measurement of truck and vegetables being under consideration, Mr. Fitzgerald offered an amendment to provide that the uniform measurement apply only to peaches and tomatoes. The amendment also specified the dimensions of the box in which peaches and tomatoes are to be packed.

Mr. Purnell moved to postpone the bill indefinitely.

Mr. Thompson opposed the motion, stating that the members of the House were not acquainted with the provisions of the amendment.

Mr. Fitzgerald wanted the amendment thoroughly understood by the House, and he moved to postpone its consideration until Friday, by which time the House could acquaint itself with the bill. He said that he had no personal interest in it, and that the standard of measurement as suggested by the bill was desired both by the seller and purchaser.

Mr. Newberry said he opposed the bill in its original shape, and he found nothing to recommend it in its amended shape. "It is an iniquitous measure," he continued, "and like all other iniquitous measures it has originated in that corner," pointing to that portion of the House occupied by the city delegation.

Mr. Baker, of Kent, made his first speech of the session, being opposed to the measure. He said: "As a producer of fruit I feel an interest in this motion. We want the privilege of selling our fruit as we please. If you pass this bill you will drive the fruit trade from Baltimore to Philadelphia, where we can sell it as we choose. If you don't want our fruit say so, and we will ship it elsewhere. The timber has been cut and sawed for the peach boxes for the coming season, and if this bill is passed it will cause a heavy loss to lumber manufacturers."

Mr. Griffith thought the measure a compulsory one, and similar to the inspection law for tobacco, which had been so obnoxious to Southern Maryland, and which compelled Southerners to carry their produce to Baltimore. "After awhile," he concluded, "they will want us to carry our hens to the city to lay eggs." [Laughter.]

Mr. Campbell said that he had opposed the bill in its original shape because then it would require that watermelons and cabbages should be sold in crates, but he believed the farmers wanted the bill in its present shape.

Mr. Newberry—"No, sir; the farmers want to be let alone."

Mr. Purnell then moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill. The motion prevailed.

OYSTER PLANTING.

P. F. Pennpergast, of Baltimore, was before the Committee on Chesapeake Bay and its Tributaries in the interest of oyster-planting. Mr. Pendergast proposes to replant oysters that are thickly bedded on the oyster-dredging bars during the summer months, which he claims can be successfully done without injury to their growth. He claims that between 130,000 to 150,000 bushels of oysters could be removed during the summer months, which would be of sufficient growth by the dredging season to supply all demands. He is willing to offer his services, without pay, of eight boats and crews, to be used under the direction of the oyster navy. He says every dredger in Baltimore city will give gratuitous aid to the enterprise, as replanting would benefit them. It is said a bill on the subject is being drafted to be submitted to the Legislature.

ADDITIONAL BILLS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

In addition to the bills previously signed, Gov. Jackson on Friday last affixed his signature to the following:—

To amend the road law for Somerset county.

Amending the charter of the German Reformed Church, Manchester, Carroll county.

Sanctioning a bequest of $2,000 by Sarah A. Aldred, to the Second Presbyterian Church, Baltimore.

Sanctioning Robert Oliver's sale of property on the north side of Belair avenue to the First Independent Church.

Authorizing the transfer of McDonogh stock to the city.

Incorporating Hyattstown, Montgomery county.

To change the Caroline and Dorchester boundary line.

To amend the charter of the North Baltimore Savings Bank.

Amending the charter of the Boonsboro' and Swearinger's Ferry turnpike, in Washington county.

To amend the fence law of Somerset county.

To protect fish from explosives in Garrett county.

To protect rabbits in Worcester county.

To pay claims of Cissel, Perry & Darby, in Montgomery county.

To change the corporate name of the Lombard Street Society of Friends.

To prevent non-residents from hunting and fishing in Garrett county, and to close Bear Creek for two years.

Enabling Baltimore city to issue $5,000,000 bonds for permanent improvement—streets and sewers.

To repeal the printing law of St. Mary's county.

Giving stallion owners a lien on progeny in Frederick county.

To encourage the destruction of hawks in Baltimore county.

Amending the local option law of Worcester county.

Amending the charter of Frostburg.

Amending the Somerset tax law.

To amend the general elections law.

To amend the law for appointing election supervisors in Baltimore city.

To amend the law for the registration of voters.

Authorizing an additional justice of the peace for third district, Baltimore county.

Changing the name of creeks in Dorchester county.

Repealing the Anne Arundel fence law.

For an additional justice in Anne Arundel county.

To prevent cattle from running at large in Darlington, Harford county.

Amending the bird law of Prince George's county.

For pensions to two crippled children in Harford county.

Amending the charter of the Planters' Mutual Insurance Company of Washington County.

To amend the local laws of Cecil county.

Amending the law affecting title of infant parties to land.

For a bridge in Somerset county.

Appropriating money for Gettysburg battle-field memorials.

Amending the law of Anne Arundel relating to the sheriff.

Enabling West Nottingham Academy, Cecil county, to borrow money.

To pay claim of John Sterling, Somerset county.

Granting certain privileges to the Cecil County Fair Association.

Incorporating the Gentlemen's Driving Association.

Amending the charter of the Presbyterian Eye and Ear Charity Hospital.

To indemnify State officers for oyster police arrests.

To pay Joseph Zittie, Washington county, $300 for bounty.

Amending the law requiring corporations to report to the State Tax Commissioner.

To refund money to John H. Dougherty, of Somerset county.

Repealing the compulsory feature of Maryland tobacco inspection.

Incorporating the Pimlico Trotting Club.

Enabling St. Mary's county to build a school house for white children.

Amending the charter of St. Mary's Orphaline Female School, Baltimore city.

## The Redistricting Bill.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Tuesday says,—"The Congressional Redistricting bill is a good deal talked of in the Legislature. Senator Goldsborough, chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations, says they are not ready to report. A mass-meeting to protest at Hagerstown is to send a delegation to Annapolis, and the committee may await their arrival. There is no doubt now that the friends of the bill propose to press it, and are canvassing in its behalf. Hon. Stevenson Archer, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, says: 'The facts concerning this bill as a party measure did not come out in the debate in the House, because they were overlooked in the personal discussion that ensued. It is in more ways than one a National Committee measure. Both the Democratic and Republican National Committees are looking over the field to secure the majority in the next House of Representatives. The Democratic majority in the present House is 12. The Republicans, who had the advantage in their movements throughout the country, have redistricted in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and Iowa so as to give them 14 more Congressional districts. All that the Democratic National Committee have asked of Maryland is to assure five Congressmen as at present. This is the motive for the redistricting bill and nothing more. There is no personal question involved. Mr. Compton knows and says that with the loss to his district of the delegates from the odd precincts of Baltimore city and the two election districts of Baltimore county his chances for a renomination to Congress will not be improved. While losing these delegates his district would get five from Montgomery, whose preference would be an unknown quantity. Mr. Compton, as a Democrat, supports the redistricting bill, although he knows he loses the delegates from the city precincts and Baltimore county. With them he and his friends believe they can secure his renomination, with a Presidential election to help his election. As for the Second district, Mr. Talbott ought to be as well off without redistricting as with it. The first ward or the city is another unknown quantity to go into the nominating convention. It is not true that the bill as a party measure was passed in the House by a merely constitutional majority. It had 46 Democrats for it and 25 against, or nearly two to one. The Republicans, who, of course, know what their National Committee want, voted solidly against the bill. With Carroll in the Sixth district there is more than a fighting chance for one of the popular Democrats of that district to go to Congress this year.'

"The reading of the Hagerstown telegram in the Senate protesting against the Congressional Redistricting bill was one of the incidents of Monday night. The friends and opponents of the bill widely differ as to its chances in the Senate. One side says it will pass, while the other is as sure that it will be beaten. The Federal Relations Committee will probably report the bill on Wednesday in some shape."

## General and Personal.

Chief Justice Waite owned the $24,000 house he lived in, but left little property besides.

Thomas Wayte, M. P., Chief Justice Waite's immigrant ancestor, signed the death warrant of King Charles.

Chairman B. F. Jones, of the Republican National Committee, and Chairman W. H. Barnum, of the Democratic National Committee, are at the same hotel in Washington, D. C.—bit of a coincidence.

Collector Magone's ax is to fall in the New York Custom House, they say; some 300 necks are said to feel each a premonitory crick.

A correspondent who writes from Honduras says that more than $12,000,000 of American capital has been invested in gold mines in that country.

The Republican League of the United States has secured for its headquarters at Chicago, parlor A, on the office floor of the Grand Pacific Hotel.

Judge Wylie, of Washington, caused the attorneys to smile the other day by remarking dryly that "the laws of the District are good when you once find them."

An Allison brigade has been organized in Iowa to go to Chicago in June.

Another swindler, who calls himself "Lord Fairfax," has turned up in New York.

Prince Nestorovitsch, of Russia, has purchased "Sabot Island," the farm of the late Jas. A. Seddon, the Confederate Secretary of War, in Goochland county, Va.

Among the late Chief Justice Waite's classmates at Yale were William M. Evarts, Edward Pierrepont and Benjamin Silliman.

Democratic State Conventions will be held as follows: At Atlanta, Ga., May 9; at Grand Rapids, Mich., May 16, and at Dayton, Ohio, May 15 and 16.

A will filed at Washington, D. C., on Thursday was as follows: "In the name of God, amen! I, John A. W. Waters, being of sound mind and memory, but knowing the uncertainty of human life, do now make and publish this my last will and testament, that is to say, that all my property I give to my wife.

When Longstreet was a cadet at West Point, Professor Kendrick asked him how the carbonic acid of commerce was made. Longstreet, who never looked at his chemistry, replied: "By burning diamonds in oxygen gas." "Yes," said the professor, "that will do it; but don't you think it would be a leetle expensive?"—*Richmond Religious Herald.*

Ex-Senator Jones, of Florida, is said to be about to inflict upon a weary world the secret history of why he flocked by himself at Detroit so mysteriously.

Mr. Blaine and family are still in Rome. He is likely to be in London in May.

The New York Republican State Convention will be held at Buffalo on May 16.

Mrs. Cleveland has sent 300 photographic copies of herself to be sold at the Working Girls' Fair in New York city.

The Arkansas Democratic State Convention will be held at Little Rock on May 30.

The General was telling some friends about a large fish he caught out of Wilson's Creek. "When I pulled it out of the water the creek fell back about two inches," said he, "and when it struck the ground the ground shook. I tell you it was a whopper." "How much did the fish weigh?" asked a by-stander. "Well, I suppose about one pound and a-quarter," said the General.—*Talbotton (Ga.) New Era.*

Confidently anticipating the passage of the Dependent Pension bill, the indefatigable claim agents at Washington are already in the field with their circulars. The bill in question might be named the Claim Agents' bill, as they are the persons chiefly interested in its fate.

A Republican newspaper of Pennsylvania has collected the presidential preferences of 39 county chairmen and 52 State committeemen in Pennsylvania. Senator John Sherman is the first choice of 21 of them. Senator Cameron comes next with 17, and Chauncey M. Depew follows him with 11. Senator Hawley has 6 votes and the rest are scattered. After Blaine, 11 have no choice. But the name of Ingalls appears nowhere on the list.

In spite of the efforts to create the impression that the health of the Emperor Frederick is improving, there are indications that no such hope is felt either by himself or by those officially associated with him. The strongest evidence of the truth of this is afforded by the decree shortly to be proclaimed throughout the Empire authorizing Crown Prince William to represent the Emperor in the transaction of official business in the event of Frederick's inability to act for himself. Although this decree alone will not crease a Regency, it will enable the much-feared junker Prince of Prussia to thrust his hooks of steel into that which he will shortly hold as his own.

## Stir Up Your Congressman.

There is a protected interest whose bounty is likely to be withdrawn by a reduction of taxes which has not its paid agents at Washington to tug at the coat-tails of Congressmen and beg for delay. The tax-eaters are there in force; the taxpayers are unrepresented. Under these circumstances every taxpayer should spend a cent to save himself dollars by writing to his Representative in Congress and stiffening his backbone. Buy a postal card and send your orders to your public servants. Something like this would answer the purpose:

> DEAR SIR: I am tired of paying my share of $155,000,000 that the Government does not need. Please vote to cut off unnecessary tariff taxation. Give us free lumber, salt, coal, wool, jute, iron-ore, tin-pans, and cheaper food and clothing. Keep the taxes on whisky and tobacco to pay pensions and interest.
>
> Yours truly,
>
> ——

There would be no better nor surer way to defeat the lobbyists than to snow them under with a postal-card blizzard. Let the 100,000 taxpayers who buy and read the *Record* start the ball rolling!—*Phila. Record.*

## A Debt of $60,000,000 to the Government.

For brazenness and audacity the attitude of Senator Stanford and his associate managers of the Central Pacific Railroad Company toward the Federal Government stands unexampled. By acts of Congress passed in 1862 and 1864 the Government loaned $72,000,000 in bonds to that company, and has paid the interest on those bonds at 6 per cent. for over twenty years, so that the total advances to date exceed $60,000,000.

The property has had net earnings of $124,000,000, but no adequate provision has ever been made by the company for the payment of its indebtedness to the Government. Its officers refuse to explain the manner in which nearly $5,000,000 of its revenues have been expended, and they have declined to state what they propose to do toward the payment of the money which will be due to the Government in a few years. They have announced that they will not be able to pay the debt when it shall become due, and they do not want an extention of the time for payment. They told the Pacific Railroad Commissioners that they did not think the debt could ever be paid, and that the property subject to the Government lien was not worth as much as the prior liens—in other words, that the Government lien for sixty-odd million dollars was worthless. It is a waste of time to discuss terms with such men. The Government should proceed by a summary method to obtain control of the property and wrest from these millionaire managers the moneys of the corporation which they have misapplied.—*Phila. Record.*

A FARMERS' trust, composed of agricultural workers in the Northwestern States and Territories, has been proposed as a measure of protection from the combinations that are preying upon the people of the country. The farmers comprise 40 per cent. of all the workers in the United States, and a trust so constituted would be too unwieldy to be successfully maintained. But if they should unite their forces at a general election they could break all the trusts on the continent. If they should desire to raise a commotion they could get rid of these offensive combinations just as readily as President Lincoln's lion could have suppressed the skunk.—*Phila. Record.*

A large copper medal, minted in king George's time, and evidently worn by some British soldier in the Revolution, was ploughed up recently in a field near Monroe, N. C.

## It is Robbery, All the Same.

United States Senator Zebular Vance is writing a series of articles for the Baltimore *Sun* upon the tariff question. In the *Sun* of Friday he closes his article as follows:—

"No man goes out on the highway to plunder his neighbor now armed with pistols; he goes into a legislative lobby, and arms himself with a statute. In the name of patriotism and the workingman he is authorized by this statute to collect taxes from his neighbors with which he can buy beef to his stomach's content. There is no show of violence, no outcry, nor hot pursuit, nor unseemly lowing of overdriven kine; all is done decently and in order. He has violated no law and fears no punishment. On the contrary, he poses as the benefactor and best friend of the plundered man instead of a wrongdoer. And yet the process is robbery—pure robbery; meaner than that of the Riever, because more cowardly; baser than that of any other, because right and justice and all the noble elements of law are prostituted and degraded in the service of selfish greed. In all ages and among all peoples taxes have been considered a hardship, and the laying of them regarded with the utmost jealousy. They are the favorite and peculiar implement of despotism—the time-honored and dishonored means whereby an unscrupulous ruler confiscates the property of the citizen under pretense of public necessity. And yet no Bourbon, Tudor or Plantaganet prince ever extorted a tax to support unjust wars or pamper human vanity more outrageously violative of private rights than the Congress of free America now imposes on our people and refuses to reduce. They at least had the idea of *public necessity* to justify their exactions whilst we are taxing our people thirty-three per cent. beyond the public needs in order to benefit private individuals! The sum which we now collect over and above the public needs is greater—almost double—than the entire ordinary yearly expenditure of the Government for twenty years just preceding the war. This takes no account whatever of the sum—estimated to be three times greater than the whole which goes into the public coffers—which is paid in tariff duties into the pockets of protected manufacturers! If the test of a people's freedom be indeed their exemption from unjust and unnecessary taxation, I fear we should fall very low.

"Aside, then, from any question of policy or economy, there is no kind of doubt in my mind that so-called "protective" taxation is wrong in morals as well as in law. That which is unjust, unequal and unnecessary must inevitably be *wrong.*"

## Foreign Notes of Interest.

Terms have been arranged for a railroad in Siam from Bangkok to Zimme.

Russian Nihilists are again active.

The damage from the phylloxera in France so far is estimated at $2,000,000,000.

Statistics appear to show that in England domestic servants are growing comparatively fewer. In 1831 there were 1,000,000, but in 1888 there are 250,000 only.

There are 10,674 barristers in France.

It is said that the famous Schneider, the original "Grand Duchess de Geroldstein," is now mortifying herself withing the four walls of a convent. "*Voici le Sabre*" has given place to evensong.

The Siberian Pacific Railroad has been begun in earnest. With bridges over the British Channel and Behring Strait there might then be a continuous line of rail from New York to London.

A new system of gymnastics or physical training has been introduced in the British army.

A new sort of pavement consisting of alternate hard and soft blocks gives a surface which will never grow smooth and slippery.

An international conference of Quaker women is spoken of.

One of the most elaborate new houses in London is that of Mr. D'Oyly Carte, the Gilbert and Sullivan impresario. Whistler is decorating the ceilings.

Oscar Wilde has had his dining room and furniture in it painted white, for the reason that "dead waite is the only back ground against which a man looks picturesque in evening dress."

Shorthouse, the author of "John Inglesant," is about to publish a volume of short stories.

A grand chess tournament between British and German players will take place at Cologne, probably within three months.

Electric lights are now being applied to carriages.

At the recent sale of folio Shakespeares from the Aylesford Library the first of the four folios, printed by Isaac Jaggard and Edward Blunt, 1623, was knocked down for £200. The second folio was printed by T. Cotes for R. Allot, 1632. This copy was formerly in the possession of Lewis Theobold, the editor of Shakespeare, and at his death it came into the hands of Osborne, the bookseller, who presented it to Dr. Samuel Johnson. The volume contains besides many MS. notes by Theobold and Dr. Johnson. It was knocked down for £140 to Mr. Nattali, for Mr. Henry Irving. The third impression, printed 1664, went to Mr. Quaritch for £83. The fourth edition, with portrait by Droeshout, 1685, was bought by Mr. Bain for £29. In 1864, at the George Daniel's sale, the Baroness Burdett-Coutts paid £714 2s. for her first folio Shakespeare in old Russia binding.

London authorities report that "the hideous cushion at the back," the bustle, is growing smaller.

The *Field* speaks of a boat which is being built with a centreboard in each bilge.

## A Table of Trusts.

| Affectionately inscribed to the | Protected by duties averaging per centum | Their whole expense for labor in $100 worth of product amounting to | Adjusted compensation bonus in each $100 of product amounting to |
|---|---|---|---|
| Salt Trust | 50 | $33 | $25 |
| Earthenware Trust | 56 | 30 | 40 |
| Bessemer Steel Trust | 84 | 46 | 9 |
| Flow Steel Trust | 45 | 33 | 29 |
| General Steel Trust | 45 | 33 | 28 |
| Nail Trust | 45 | 33 | 29 |
| General Iron Trust | 45 | 33 | 25 |
| Copper Trust | 24 | 22 | 22 |
| Zinc Trust | 32 | 26 | 23 |
| Tin Trust | 32 | 24 | 21 |
| Lead Trust | 74 | 46 | 65 |
| Glass Trust | 55 | 35 | 45 |
| Soap Trust | 20 | 19 | 8 |
| Linseed Oil Trust | 54 | 35 | 5 |
| Rubber Shoe Trust | 25 | 20 | 24 |
| Envelope Trust | 25 | 20 | 11 |
| Paper Bag Trust | 35 | 26 | 15 |
| Cordage Trust | 25 | 20 | 12 |
| Average | | $30 | $24 |

—*H. J. Philpott, in his pamphlet "Tariff Chats."*

## DIED.

PARSONS.—At his home, near Worton, Station, March 24, 1888, ISAAC PARSONS, in the 83d year of his age.

VANNORT.—Suddenly, on March 23d, 1888, at Palmyra, N. J., ARILLA A. VANNORT, widow of the late A. L. Vannort, aged 48 years.

MEEKINS.—In Worton, March 25, LAWRENCE B. MEEKINS, aged 44 years.

HADAWAY.—In Broad Neck, March 25, Mrs. ANN HADAWAY, aged 83 years.

BARNETT.—In Chestertown, after a long illness, first of measles and then of pneumonia, WRIXHEM M. BARNETT, youngest son of H. S. and Nora Barnett, aged 4 years and 9 days.

LONG.—At Worton Station, March 18, 1888, Mrs. ANNIE LONG, aged 67 years, 7 months & 8 days.

COLEMAN.—Near Rock Hall, March 15, 1888, of whooping cough, AMELIA VIVIAN, aged 3 years and 2 weeks; and on March 16, CARRIE OLIVE, aged 2 months and 1 week, daughters of John T. and Emma A. Coleman.

BIGGS.—At the residence of his parents, Green Point, March 1, 1888, CHARLES S. BIGGS, in the 20th year of his age.


NOTICE.

Picked up adrift in the mouth of Chester river, a YAWL BOAT, painted white with black bands, 14 feet long. Owner or owners come forward, prove property and pay charges. Boat will be found at Grey's Inn wharf, care Thos. Maslin.

WM. T. GEORGE,
March 22-3t. Rock Hall, Kent county.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Stockholders of Fairlee Grange Hall will be held at the Hall, Thursday, April 5, at one o'clock P. M., sharp.

T. A. HULME, Sec'y.
m15-4t.

JUDEFIND BROS.

$8,000, $4,000, $3,000, $1,200 to loan on Farm property. Bargains in FARMS for sale. Printed list free.

JUDEFIND BROS.,
m15-tf. EDESVILLE, MD.

FINE ENGRAVED THIN TUMBLERS—$1.50 per dozen.

SPARKS,
Under News Office.

GRAND CONCERT

—BENEFIT OF THE—

CHURCH OF SACRED HEART.

MISS VERINA CORBALEY,
MRS. THOMAS A. HULME,
and CHAS. H. HURLOCK, Esq.,

—ASSISTED BY—

HOME TALENT & RUSSELL'S ORCHESTRA.

Tuesday, April 10, at Stam's Hall.

ADMISSION, 25 Cts.; Reserved Seats, 35 Cts.

W. N. E. WICKES

HAS THE CONTROL OF

LISTER'S PHOSPHATES!

H. S. MILLER & CO.'S PHOSPHATES,

PREPARED FROM BONE,

BOWEN & CO.'S S. C. ROCK,
ALKALINE & AMMONIATED PHOSPHATES.

The above Phosphates may be relied on for the various uses to which they may be applied, and will be sold at the Lowest possible figure.

☞ Circulars, &c., at the Store of Wickes & Bro.

☞ Will be delivered at any landing on the bay, river or R. R. station. m29.

TOLCHESTER LINE!

*AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 2d, 1888, BEGINNING SATURDAY APRIL, 7th,*

THE STEAMER EMMA GILES,
Leaves Baltimore
EVERY SATURDAY & WEDNESDAY
At 7 o'clock A. M. and 2.30 P. M.

LEAVES TOLCHESTER,
At 9 o'clock A. M. and 4.30 P. M.

☞ Freight Received in Baltimore Daily! ☜

☞ SPECIAL.—In order to make the change in our schedule, there will be no boat between Monday, April 2d and Saturday, April 7th. Every Wednesday and Saturday thereafter, as per Schedule.

TOLCHESTER STEAMBOAT CO.,
Office, Pier 16 Light Street, Baltimore.
March 29, 1888.

A. C. Yates & Co.

Best Made Clothing
in Philadelphia
For Men and Children

SIXTH & CHESTNUT,
(LEDGER BUILDING.)


## Auditor's Notice.

*In the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity.*

WILLIAM STEVENS & W. M. SLAY, Trustees,
vs.
ADKINSON & BOULTER.

THE creditors of Benedict B. Adkinson and John Boulter are hereby notified to file their claims, duly proved, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court within two months from the date of the first publication of this notice—after which an account will be stated distributing the fund.

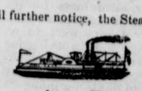
By order of court.

EBEN F. PERKINS,
March 15, 1888—5t. AUDITOR.


The Chester River

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

Until further notice, the Steamer



EMMA A. FORD.

Will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck Grey's Inn, Eastern Neck, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light St. wharf every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock A. M., making the above landings.

STEAMER B. S. FORD

will leave Chestertown every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 o'clock A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Centreville, Eastern Neck, Queenstown and Kent Island.

Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light St. wharf at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for the above landings.

FARE:

$1 ROUND TRIP.
SINGLE TICKETS 75 CENTS.

March 22, 1888. GEO. WARFIELD, PRESIDENT.

COAL AND WOOD.

BUILDING LIME, CEMENT,
—AND—
Plastering Hair.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS will do well to get our Prices on Lime, Cement and Hair before buying elsewhere.

J. D. BACCHUS,
p4t. COAL AND WOOD DEALER

GARDEN SEED!

GUARANTEED RELIABLE.

GARDEN SEED!
FRESH.
GARDEN SEED
LARGE QUANTITY.
GARDEN SEED!
CHEAP.

☞ Buist's Garden Manual given away.

M. A. TOULSON'S
March 22, 1888. DRUG STORE.

FERTILIZERS!

—FOR—

PEACH TREES, CORN, OATS, POTATOES, GRASS, CLOVER.

Orchard Compound!

A PEACH TREE FERTILIZER.

Only the best material used in its manufacture. A strictly first-class article.

Corn Fertilizer!

THE HOME IMPROVED.

Has been used for years, giving its patrons entire satisfaction.

Chester Compound!

A COMPLETE MANURE of established reputation.

NO. 1 AMMO. SUPERPHOSPHATE!

ALSO A COMPLETE MANURE,

and one of the most popular on the market.

DISSOLVED BONES, RAW BONE DUST, MAGNESIA, PLASTER, &c., &c.

—For sale by—

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
March 22, 1888.

Young Smuggler

RECORD 2.29¼.

WILL MAKE THE SPRING SEASON

OF 1888, COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, & WILL STAND AT

KENNEDYVILLE,

CHESTERTOWN,

and C. C. WOOD'S.

TERMS:

$25 for the season and $50 to insure a mare with foal, and all persons who breed will please decide whither they breed by the season or insurance before the first service. Settlement for the season to be made by giving money or note at six months with interest, at second round of horse. Persons who breed by insurance, if they part with the mare, will be held responsible for the service for the horse.

J. W. HINES,
March 22, 1888—2m. AGENT.

Dry Goods!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,
Nos. 23, 25 and 27 BALTIMORE STREET,
Between Light and Charles Streets,
BALTIMORE,
Importers, Jobbers and Retailers of Dry Goods,

Are prepared to offer a Choice, Extensive and Select Stock, not excelled in Variety, Style and Price by any house in the United States. Their experience of 57 years in the business, and the advantage that they possess in sending a buyer to Europe twice a year, enable them to offer all Foreign Goods at *Importers' Prices*, whilst their facilities and the extent of their purchases enable them to purchase goods of *American manufacture* direct from the mills.

They offer at all times a first-class Stock of DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, LINEN GOODS, WOOLEN GOODS for Men's and Boys' Wear, HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, BLANKETS, QUILTS, CURTAINS, MATTINGS, LADIES' and MISSES' WRAPS, MOURNING GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ALL-WOOL and MERINO UNDERWEAR, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS, &c.

They have but one price for all retail purchasers, and the price is marked on each article in plain figures. Samples sent by mail when we receive *plain and explicit directions of what is wanted, about the price, &c.*

WALL PAPERS

F. J. CARTER,
Under the Voshell House

HAS JUST IN,

New Designs in Wall Papers!

Many of the Paterns are Surprisingly Beautiful.

His Specialty is Paper Hanging!

☞ ESTIMATES MADE FOR PAPERING ROOMS AT MOST REASONABLE FIGURES. ☜

During the past year his trade has largely increased, and the work he has done has given satisfaction.

PAINTS! OILS! VARNISHES!

FULL LINE OF

CARRIAGE PAINTERS' MATERIALS!

☞ Parties can have their Paper Trimmed while they wait. No extra charge for trimming.

A call will be appreciated.

F. J. CARTER.
March 1—10m.

CLOCKS.

NEW STOCK.
NEW STYLES.
NEW PRICES.

CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED

in Chestertown.

H. A. SPARKS,
Under News Office.

SHAFER & MEDDERS,

KENNEDYVILLE, MD.,

Would respectfully invite all in need of

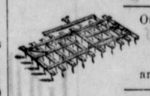
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

to call and examine their stock.

We are the only agents in Kent county for the OLIVER CHILLED

Plows & Castings,

and we keep a supply constantly on hand. No Castings are genuine except those sold by us or our agents.



Our Twin & Spring-tooth

HARROWS

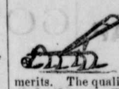
are not to be surpassed.

—OUR—

TWO-ROW

CORN PLANTER,

with or without check-row attachment, and with or without fertilizer attachment, has stood the test for years.



OUR IRON FRAME

CULTIVATORS,

stand upon their own merits. The quality and price have sold hundreds of them. We are also selling the Little Diamond Wheel Cultivator. The best in the market.

HAY RAKES AND TEDDERS

save time and trouble. WE SELL THEM.

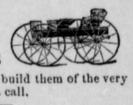
Threshermen should get our prices on

ENGINES & THRESHERS

before buying elsewhere.

—OUR—

FARM WAGONS AND DEARBORNS



HAVE NO SUPERIORS. We build them of the very best material Give us a call.

OUR BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHTING DEPARTMENTS

receive our personal attention. REPAIRING promptly attended to, Horse-Shoeing a specialty.

☞ All orders by mail or telephone will receive prompt attention.

March 22, 1888.

SHAFER & MEDDERS.

FENCING!
FENCING!
FENCING!

WHITE PINE FENCING!

Handled in straight car lots from the West.

HEMLOCK!

In carloads from Pensylvania, at manufacturers lowest Cash prices.

CYPRESS,

Cut expressly for me by contract, lasting all the year round, and under conditions, that permit me to undersell city prices.

☞ A CARGO NOW UNLOADING AT SCOTT'S POINT, direct from the swamps, without intervening middle-men or expenses.

☞ Special attention is given to assorting to make our Quality Uniformly Good.

JOSEPH TURNER.

March 22, 1888.

READY FOR

SPRING TRADE

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, Shovels, Forks, Spades, Chain and Rope Traces, Plow Hames, Wagon Hames, Grub Hoes, Corn Hoes, Bush Hooks, Plow Lines, Cotton and Sisal Ropes, &c. For sale at Lowest Market Prices by W. A. WHEATLEY, adjoining the bank.

BARBED AND BUCKTHAWN

FENCE WIRES

For sale by WM. A. WHEATLEY, adjoining the bank.

MOUNTED AND UNMOUNTED

GRINDSTONES!

For sale by WM. A. WHEATLEY, Adjoining the bank.

ALL KINDS OF

TINWARE, SMOKESTACKS, &c.

—Manufactured by—

WM. A. WHEATLEY,

N. B.—Roofing and Spouting a specialty, and old Tins Repaired at short notice.

The Modern Marvel!

THE SOUTH BEND CHILLED PLOW with Reversible Shares and Points, the most Durable and Economical Plow on the market, Jointer attached to standard and will not choke in grass or weeds. Below find names of some persons who have used them:

| | |
|---|---|
| V. Hendrickson, | Samuel T. Rolph, |
| George Bell, | Dan'l R. Woodall, Jr. |
| Wm. J. Tarbutton, | W. B. Strong, |
| E. P. Janvier, | Wm. A. Hendricks, |

Twenty-five of them just received, and we invite inspection. The old