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The Transcript

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1888.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Subscription $1.50 per annum, in advance.

—The purses for the races of the Talbot county fair, are advertised in this issue.

—Tolchester is to have a running race to-morrow (Friday) afternoon, and a ball at night.

—D. U. Dewees, secretary of Kennedyville grange, advertises for proposals for fertilizer materials.

—Mr. Joseph Turner calls attention especially that he is now prepared to deliver peach box material in any quantity.

—Mr. W. N. E. Wickes advertises in this issue several brands of phosphates, including Lister's and H. S. Miller & Co.'s standard goods.

—A tournament was held at "My Lord's Gift," near Queenstown, on Thursday of last week. An interesting address was made the knights by Mr. C. C. Hopper of Centreville. There were nine contestants. Mr. W. W. Duyer of this county took first honors crowning Miss Alice Bryan Queen of Love and Beauty.

—Mary Trew, the eleven year-old daughter of Joseph Trew met with quite a severe accident one day last week. While gathering peaches in the garden the box upon which she was standing turned over throwing her with great force upon a picket fence one picket penetrating her right side under the arm to the depth of an inch. Dr. Hines dressed the wound and the patient is now doing as well as can be expected.

An Ancient Plant.

C. F. Stam has growing upon his lawn a rare and interesting plant known to botanists as the *Neliumbium Speciosum* or Lotus Plant. It is the celebrated plant of the ancient Egyptians, and held by them as sacred to Isis and Osiris and in their delineations, it is supposed in some way to represent the creation of the world. There is an old legend connected with the plant which is, that it has the power of causing whoever tastes of it to loose all fondness or desire for his native land. This idea was embodied by Homer in the Odyssey, when he describes Ulysses wandering among the wild races of Africa, and being fed upon this plant to take away the desire to return to his native land.

In modern times Tennyson has exhibited the same idea in the exquisitely wrought poem of the Lotus Eaters.

The Egyptians made use of this flower as a design for decorative purposes, as their monuments and relics of to-day plainly show. The plant is of an aquatic nature, and now grows very luxuriantly along the Nile, blooming with as much beauty and fragrance as it did in the days of the earliest Pharaohs, proving the fact that races may die and types change, but Old Nature still adheres to her earlier creations of beauty. Under favorable conditions, the Lotus will produce flowers of surpassing beauty, with a fragrance somewhat akin to the Sandal word of the East. On their first appearance the flowers look like gigantic Marshal Niel Rose buds. As they expand they resemble a tulip, the base of the petals being creamy white, delicately shaded off toward the end with a bright pink. The entire plant is very attractive and well worthy of culture in any garden.

Personal Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Slay are away on a vacation trip.

Mrs. Walter Beck and son, from St. Louis, are visiting at Mr. W. S. Walker's, the father of Mrs. Beck.

Mrs. T. R. Hubbard and Miss Annie Hubbard, are at Summit Villa in the mountains in Western Maryland.

Mrs. Harrison W. Vickers is at Ocean Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Crisfield, and Miss Ethelinde Crisfield, of New York city, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. James A. Pearce.

Mrs. Meeteer is at Knoxville, Frederick county.

Rev. S. C. Roberts, rector of the P. E. Church, Chestertown, has returned from his visit to Cape May, which he states was a most enjoyable one.

Mr. Isaac Hines, of Baltimore, has recently been visiting his brother, Dr. W. F. Hines, in Chestertown. He wears a sunflower for a button-hole bouquet, and looks as happy as the birds that sing in the spring, trala. He has recently returned from a trip to Atlantic City.

Prof. T. N. Williams and wife returned on Monday from a month's recreation, during which they visited friends in Delaware and elsewhere and spent a week at Ocean Grove.

Miss Bertie Lambson, of New Castle, Del., is visiting the family of Mr. Lucas Alrich in Fairlee Neck.

The Misses Francis and Mrs. Willie Smyth, of Baltimore, are rusticating at Mrs. Jos. R. Usilton, in Worton Point.

Miss Ella H. Wilkins, and sister, are spending a month in the country.

Miss Lillie Hynson is visiting at Mr. Joseph Raisins, near Lankford.

Miss Mary Thomas has been spending a week with Miss Etta Trew.

Miss Jennie Arthur of Baltimore is visiting Mr. W. N. E. Wicks.

Letter from Still Pond.

Several years ago this was considered the most moral section of the county. It is the reverse now. Drunkenness and mid-night revelry is of common occurrence. If our well-thinking people do not take active steps towards the suppression of vice here, there is no telling how many of our young people will be ruined.

The peach-grower has a bonanza this year. The destruction of the trees (by yellows) through the upper portion of the peach belt has so lessened the crop that there is not likely to be a glut. Philadelphia has been our best market so far, peaches having sold there every day during the past week from 50 cts. to $1.50 per basket.

We seldom hear from the Baltimore Exchange. It is a pity that our farmers have failed to encourage the best enterprise they have ever had started in the State. No doubt it will be interesting to hear our Still Pond club members (at the autumn meetings) tell how they encouraged the exchange by selling their fruit at home or shipping it to Philadelphia or Light street, Baltimore.

The evaporator owners are using most of the small fruit, but they have not bought extra peaches at 10 cts. per basket, as some of them predicted. The yield in pounds is greater than ever known before.

Mr. Krebs is canning corn and peaches, and Mr. Billingham (at Lynch's) tomatoes and peaches. They are working Germans mostly. "SCILLAE."

August 21st, 1888.

The Peach Exchange Not Supported.

Mr. Editor:—If the Peach Exchange is a failure, it is because its loudest advocates have failed to patronize it, but vote for its continuance because they hope to obtain better prices at some other point, and force those more remote from railroad facilities to support it.

There are those who have talked as though they would pledge their lives and sacred honor to support the exchange. Where are they now? Echo answers—Where? They have not sent a peach to the exchange; and I find that some of the stockholders in the exchange are hauling peaches three miles to the railroad, when they could put them on the exchange boat in one-third of that distance.

And where are all the growers of Still Pond who proposed to take such an active part in the exchange, when we see the Sassafras river boat coming from that vicinity with about sixty packages? Have the recent storms, or their own conceited blowing, stranded them?

I have visited the exchange, and find it only necessary to concentrate the fruit at that point to secure a desirable market, and that growers are catching at pennies here, and letting dollars go when there was never a better opportunity for a permanent market for our fruits.

W. W. STEPHENS.

From Still Pond.

Aug. 20, 1888.

Rev. E. C. Macnichol is spending part of his vacation here, and will preach morning and evening on Sunday next, the 26th.

Mr. G. L. Kreb's cannery, near here, is running in full blast, and is canning both beaches and corn. This cannery employs about 50 hands, who spend a large part of their wages in the village. Thus what benefits one, benefits all. JUVENIS.

A DEVASTATING WHIRLWIND

NINE LIVES DESTROYED, AND TWO OTHER LIVES HOPELESS.

A TARNADO TRAVELS A NARROW BUT DESTRUCTIVE COURSE.

A Dwelling with its Occupants Overturned at Still Pond.

TERRIBLE WORK AT THE CANNERY.

A terrific whirlwind passed through a section of Kent county on Tuesday afternoon last, leaving its path a course of destruction. At and near Still Pond, it did its most dreadful work, destroying eleven lives besides a large amount of property. At about 4 P. M. on Tuesday a telephone message came to Chestertown, which said briefly—"Send all the physicians of Chestertown to Still Pond. Cannery blown down and many hurt." The message of course excited much interest, but it was not anticipated that the accident had entailed such horrible destruction as actually was effected. A number of persons from Chestertown including a representative of the *Transcript* immediately started for Still Pond. No evidences of a severe storm were observed until the village of Still Pond was reached. Here it passed through across a corner of the village, striking a two-story frame house in which William Willis lived. It completely lifted the house from its foundations and set it upon its roof. Mr. Willis and his wife were both in the house at the time of the accident, the former sick in bed in the second story. When by the help of citizens they were rescued from the wreck, Mrs. Willis was found to be not much injured, but her husband was crushed so that no hope is entertained of his recovery. His face and head were terribly wounded, so badly that one eye is said to have been crushed out. From a number of small trees standing in the yard beside the house, every limb was wrung, leaving the trunks standing bleak and bare. On a house opposite the one wrecked, the wind caught a chimney and scattered the bricks, leaving it even with the roof.

The cannery of G. L. Krebs lies about one mile north of Still Pond. In it were employed thirty-nine people, pearing peaches and packing corn. They were mostly Bohemians, recently brought from Baltimore, men, women, boys and girls. The whirlwind struck the cannery with full force. In a panic of terror, the people who were at work within started to escape. But the work of the whirlwind was too quick. It lifted the building from its foundations, and piled it a heterogeneous mass on top of the fleeing men, women and children. It was not the materials of the building alone that was thus caught up. But hundreds of boxes containing empty cans, that were piled to the roof of the building, were also lifted and piled upon the unfortunate workers. The work was done in a few seconds, and the dreadful whirlwind passed on, leaving behind a fearful wreck and carnage. Those who were outside were quick to rescue from the crude mass, the bodies of those that were caught. Some were found alive and not much hurt, but nine were taken out crushed or smothered to death. One with his spinal column crushed, and suffering terrible agony; another with a broken leg, and a woman with a crushed foot. Others sustained slight wounds of which they made no complaint.

The names of those killed are as follows: Charlie Schweitsenberg, Charlie Bearchamp wife of Charlie Bearchamp; Laura Alpheis, Auguste Goste, wife and two sons of Auguste Goste; Rosie Gould, Gustave Franse was crushed beyond hope of recovery.

Frank Seffering had his right leg broken. Maggie Seffering, the wife of Frank Seffering had her foot crushed. Several of the dead seem to have lost their lives from suffocation as they were almost black in the face and on parts of the body. Others were killed from crushing or by blows from the timbers.

The *Transcript* representative reached the scene shortly after six o'clock, about 3 hours after the accident. The bodies of the nine dead, and that of the mortally wounded man Franse, had been taken to the cannery storage house, that stood near by the wrecked building. The spectacle was one shocking beyond description. The bodies of nine human creatures, with an awful death agony yet upon their features! Four strong, muscular youug men, three women, and two boys under fifteen years of age. But appealing to human pity with much greater force than the faces of the dead, were the cries of the poor man Franse. He lay upon his back upon a bench, with a cloth over him. Upon his face there was a look of agony, and with every breath he gave a cry as of one in torture. The physicians could do nothing for him. His case was one beyond hope. A number of physicians had been called to the assistance of the suffering. Those noted by the *Transcript's* reporter were Drs. Maxwell, Jacobs, Perkins, Scott, Urie and Catlin.

The employees of the cannery who had escaped with their lives, had removed to a farm house about a-half mile distant. The *Transcript* representative was driven up to their quarters, and talked with several of them. A large number of them were gathered in a small outbuilding, and they were yet excited from the dreadful accident through which they had passed. One intelligent young woman, who spoke English fairly well, said the storm came so suddenly as to give little forewarning. When the whirlwind first struck the building, she noticed that it was moving from its foundations, and started to run. Nearly all the others also had taken warning. At the side of the building next which the wind came, the door was blocked by a wagon loaded with corn. Some escaped by this door, unhurt, but the majority made for the unobstructed door, and were caught in the wreck. She herself was piled under a mass of material, but sustained only slight injuries about the shoulder and back.

There is much evidence that the whirlwind traveled a narrow track, not exceeding sixty or seventy feet in width. Its course of destruction, though devastating, was narrow. As giving some conception of its power, the following incidents are noted;

Just before reaching the cannery a few hundred yards a large and vigorous cedar was torn out by the roots.

At the cannery there was a heavy farm wagon, loaded with green corn, weighing 3,000 pounds or more. It lifted it and turned it directly bottom upwards.

It caught a colored man who was delivering corn, lifted him in the air, and carried him fifty or sixty yards, depositing him in a cluster of bushes.

It lifted a fifty-horse power boiler from its foundations.

It touched the corner of a house a little north of the cannery, and ripped the shingles off as though they were taken off with a hatchet.

OTHER WORK OF DESTRUCTION.

The full work of this terrible whirlwind has not been learned at the time of the *Transcript's* going to press. Passengers on the Emma Ford and steamer Chester, saw it crossing the bay in the form of a waterspout, and describe it as a frightful power, as seen upon the water. In its passage through this county, beside its work of destruction already described, the following is reported of it:

At T. W. Wickes' farm on Turner's Creek, it removed the dwelling house partially from its foundations, it struck the barn and tore away and wrecked about one-half the building, cutting through the building almost as though it had been done with an axe. It tore through two peach orchards, and every tree it touched it twisted the limbs off, leaving the bare trunks.

At the farm of Mr. J. Frank Wilson, near Still Pond, it struck the barn, utterly wrecking it.

At the farm of ex-Senator W. T. Hepbron it struck and wrecked a cannery building. Fortunately there were no people in it at the time.

It made an entire wreck of Cassidy's wharf on Sassafras river even drawing up some of the piling.

A gentleman who started to Cecilton Tuesday after the storm, when in sight of the village found his way blocked with fallen trees, but he says he saw roofless houses and thinks there was large destruction in the village.

There are rumors of other destruction, and doubtless when the work of this death dealing whirlwind is fully told it will be found to have left a path marked by ruin extending over many miles. Such a whirlwind is a thing of rare occurence on this Peninsula, though in recent years there have been numerous destructive winds. Is Eastern Maryland becoming more subject to violent storms from the destruction of the forests?

Chesterville Items.

Heaviest rain-fall known for several years here last Saturday, making fine prospects for corn, and putting the fallow ground in good condition to plow.

Peaches from about here are going into the Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York markets, beside good many sold at home to dryers. Some bring good prices, others not so good.

Miss Riteson, of Easton, a highly accomplished lady who has been traveling in the South recently, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alday Clements.

Mr. John Conner, of Wilmington, is among us again for awhile, being in business with Mr. W. E. Jarrell.

Dr. Urvie Miller and family, of Baltimore, are paying a visit to his parents near this place.

Mrs. S. W. Aldridge is contemplating a visit to her old home, parents and many relatives in Va. "O carry me back to the old Virginia shore once more," seems to be the sentiments of all Virginians when away from the "Old Dominion" awhile.

Good many children continue sick, but are improving. SUBSTITUTE.

August 20, 1888.

THE TROT BETWEEN AVONMORE AND LIGHTNING, JR.

Avonmore Wins in Three Straight Heats.

[*From Baltimore Sun of Tuesday.*]

The trotting race at the Herring Run course yesterday between Lightning, Jr., and Avonmore was won by Avonmore in three straight heats,

The attendance was the largest at that tract for many years. The race was the outcome of friendly rivalry between Mr. E. B. Emory, the owner of Avonmore, and Mr. John F. Godwin, the owner of Lightning, Jr. Both gentlemen are residents of Queen Anne's county, and are engaged in stock-raising, trotting horses being the specialty of each. Both horses were in the stud in seasons past, and the owner of each believed he had the best horse. Neighbors took sides, and the question formed the topic of many heated discussions.

About a year ago it was decided to match the horses, but Lightning, Jr., got a quarter crack and the race did not take place. The match as finally made was for $250 a side, over a mile course, to harness, best three heats in five, national rules to govern, distance to be waived.

As soon as the deposits were made and the race announced the news spread over the county faster than either of the two horses could have carried it. If a Centreville man went to Church Hill, the home of Lightning, Jr., he was immediately asked how Avonmore was doing, and if he dared predict that Avonmore was doing well enough to win the race he was the recipient of numerous offers. When a Church Hill man went to Centreville he was treated the same way.

As the day for the race approached the betting became lively. One case in particular showed to what extent the horses were backed. One farmer living near Avonmore's district wagered his entire corn and wheat crop on his neighbor's horse. Another instance occurred at the track after the second heat had been trotted, and it was seen that Avonmore was a sure winner. A poor fellow raised his hands and said he had lost every dollar he owned. He left the track shortly afterwards very dejected.

The steamers Emma A. Ford and B. S. Ford each made a trip from points in Queen Anne's, bringing between three and four hundred passengers, who came to attend the race. Many of them went to the course via stage chaches and private conveyances, while others went by special train over the B. and O. R. R. Neither of the gentlemen who owned the horses is of large physique, and it is wonderful that there is anything left of them to-day, for as soon as a new arrival reached the grounds he would grab the owner of his choice of horses and either wish him luck, with a hearty hand-shake, or pull him to one side to impart some information, or else to have him reiterate his assurance that "he thought his horse would win."

Several weeks ago Mr. Emory sent his horse to Philadelphia, and put him in the hands of Jack Phillips. Mr. Godwin gave his horse in charge of Frank Johnson, who worked him over Belton track, near his home. Both trainers drove in the race.

When the horses were brought on the track the scene was an animated one. A number of ladies occupied carriages in the infield. Both horses looked in fine form. Mr. John Waters was selected as starting judge. Hon. H. B. Holton and H. P. Lucas were judges, and E. Emory, Jr., and John E. George timers.

Before the heat Mr. William Duane, the auctioneer, asked for a bid for the choice. Mr. S. N. Smith promptly offered $10 for Avonmore. Lightning, Jr., brought $6. The betting varied but little from these figures, $20 to $10 being freely offered and taken after the first heat. After the second heat Avonmore sold for $20, lightning, Jr. bringing but $3. The betting became slow after the second heat, and winners and losers plunged into the games of chance which were being run for their benefit. The track was about six seconds slow, and the time made by the winner in the last heat (2.31½) was very creditable.

The start was delayed by Avonmore's casting a toe weight, after which Lightning, Jr., broke a girth. Avonmore drew the pole and got half a length the lead in the start. At the quarter he was three lengths ahead, five lengths at the half, six at the three-quarters and seven lengths at the finish. Time, 2.41½. The second heat also started with Avonmore in the lead, which he increased to one and a-half lengths at the quarter, two at the half, three at the three-quarters, and from there home opened a gap that nearly left Lightning, Jr., at the distance. Time, 2.37. Lightning, Jr., has the reputation of being a good actor, but he did not sustain it in the last quarter of his heat.

In the last heat Avonmore was sent for a record. At the quarter he was eight lengths ahead, ten at the half, twenty at the three-quarters, and had Lightning, Jr., distanced at the finish. Time, 2.31½. Avonmore broke just before he reached the wire.

When the time was announced the excitement was intense. One individual declared his horse could beat the pair, and sent his boy after him. When the horse arrived, hooked to a road wagon, the owner stood up in the wagon and wanted to bet thousands that his dun horse, which he called "Buckskin Bottom," could perform wonders. While he was trying to make his bets some wags unhooked his horse and led it off. The horse was a sorry-looking specimen.

The Queen Anne's people went home at 7 P. M. via steamer B. S. Ford. The largest betting was done privately, though nearly $2,000 was cashed at the pool-box.

New Advertisements.

The following advertisements appear for the first time in this issue:

Fertilizers by W. N. E. Wickes.
Peach box material by Jos. Turner.
Talbot county fair for 1888.
Kennedyville grange's notice to phosphate manufacturers.
Running race at Tolchester.

COAL AND WOOD.

BUILDING LIME, CEMENT,

—AND—

Plastering Hair.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS will do well to get our Prices on Lime, Cement and Hair before buying elsewhere.

J. D. BACCHUS,
f2-tf. COAL AND WOOD DEALER

NOTICE.

THE RISING SUN SALOON is now prepared to accommodate the public with all the delicacies of the season, such as Spring Chickens, Soft, Deveiled and Hard Crabs, Beefsteak, Ham and Eggs, Turtle Soup, Terrapin Soup and Ox Tail Soup.

WM. PERKINS,
June 1887. Proprietor.

Order Publication.

Mary Jane Ginn, by her next friend Lewis C. Justis, Jr., Samuel B. Ginn and others, Plaintiffs,

VERSUS

Moses W. Ginn, William Money and others, Defendants.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity.

THE object of this suit is to procure a decree for the appointment of a Receiver to take charge of the real estate of Moses W. Ginn in Kent county, Maryland, and for the allowance to the plaintiff, Mary Jane Ginn, of a suitable support and maintenance out of the rents and profits of said real estate.

The Bill states that the said Moses W. Ginn, who was a resident of the city of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, is seized of two farms in Kent county, Maryland, containing in the aggregate about seven hundred acres of land, which were devised to him by his father, John Ginn, now deceased, subject to an executory devise to the other four sons of said John Ginn, namely: Samuel B. Ginn, James J. Ginn, Lorenzo Ginn and Edward Ginn, in event of the death of the said Moses W. Ginn, without leaving issue living at his death, and that the said Moses W. Ginn was married many years ago to the plaintiff, Mary Jane Ginn, but has no issue living, and that one of said farms is now in the posession of William Money as tenant, and the other of said farms is now in the possession of William H. Fields and Catherine Fields as tenants.

The Bill further states that said Moses W. Ginn left the city of Philadelphia for the Western Territories in the month of May, 1884, saying he did not know when he should return, and that nothing has been heard from or of him by any of the complainants since the spring of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, when he was at or near Denver, Colorado; that he has no other property than said two farms, that his wife, the said Mary Jane Ginn, has no property of her own and no means of support whatever, except her own personal labor, and that she is legally entitled to a proper maintenance and support out of the rents and profits of said real estate, but that there is no one legally authorized to collect and receive the rents thereof, and that she is remidiless in the premises without the aid of Court of Equity.

The Bill further states that in the event of the death of said Moses W. Ginn without issue, or upon the lapse of seven years without any information of the said Moses W. Ginn, he being still without issue, the parties entitled under said executory devise, will be entitled to said real estate, subject to the dower of the said Mary Jane Ginn, if she be then living, and that the next of kin of said Moses W. Ginn, will in said event be entitled to such part of the rents and profits of said real estate as shall not be applied to the maintenance of said Mary Jane Ginn hereunder.

The Bill further states that Andrew Woodall, of Kent county, Maryland, has purchased all the interest of James J. Ginn in said real estate; that Lorenzo Ginn died in 1879, leaving three children, namely: Estella S. Ginn, now Estella S. Armstrong, Ida H. Ginn, now Ida H. Wilson, and Sarah Ginn, who married Benjamin J. France, and died in the year 1886 in estate and without issue.

It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, this 24th. July, 1888, that the complainants, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Kent county once in each of four successive weeks before the seventeenth day of August, 1888, give notice to the said absent defendant, Moses W. Ginn, of the substance and object of this Bill, and warn him to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before the third day of September next, to answer the premises, and show cause; if any he has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

July 26, 1888—5t.

Luxuriant Hair

Can only be preserved by keeping the scalp clean, cool, and free from dandruff, and the body in a healthful condition. The great popularity of **Ayer's Hair Vigor** is due to the fact that it cleanses the scalp, promotes the growth of the hair, prevents it from falling out, and gives it that soft and silky gloss so essential to perfect beauty.

Frederick Hardy, of Roxbury, Mass., a gentleman fifty years of age, was fast losing his hair, and what remained was growing gray. After trying various dressings with no effect, he commenced the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. "It stopped the falling out," he writes; "and, to my great surprise, converted my white hair (without staining the scalp) to *the same shade of brown* it had when I was 25 years of age."

Ten Years Younger.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery, of Boston, writes: "For years, I was compelled to wear a dress cap to conceal a bald spot on the crown of my head; but now I gladly lay the cap aside, for your Hair Vigor is bringing out a new growth. I could hardly trust my senses when I first found my hair growing; but there it is, and I am delighted. *I look ten years younger.*"

A similar result attended the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor by Mrs. O. O. Prescott, of Charlestown, Mass., Miss Bessie H. Bedloe, of Burlington, Vt., Mrs. J. J. Burton, of Bangor, Me., and numerous others.

The loss of hair may be owing to impurity of the blood or derangement of the stomach and liver, in which case, a course of **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** or of **Ayer's Pills**, in connection with the **Vigor**, may be necessary to give health and tone to all the functions of the body. At the same time, it cannot be too strongly urged that none of these remedies can do much good without a persevering trial and strict attention to cleanly and temperate habits.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN Wednesday, September 19th, 1888

The Faculty having been reorganized is now full. There is a Preparatory Department in which elementary branches are taught, to prepare such as desire to enter the college classes. If students prefer, they can confine themselves to the English branches taught in the preparatory department, or in the college classes.

The College Buildings are situated on a high hill overlooking Chestertown and Chester river.

☞ No place in Maryland more healthy.

Tuition and Board have been materially reduced Board $3 per week; room rent $5 and fuel $5 for the session of forty weeks. Tuition for the scholastic year: English, including Mathematics, $25; English and Mathematics, with Latin and Greek or Modern Languages, $30; for all branches, $40.

THOMAS N. WILLIAMS, PRINCIPAL.

For catalogue address J. A. PEARCE, Sec'y,
july 25-8t CHESTERTOWN, MD.

SHELL LIME.

I have a Nice Lot of FRESH BURNT SHELL LIME at the lime kiln,

AT THE DEPOT, CHESTERTOWN.

This Lime is of the very best quality.

Shipped by rail or vessel.

WM. PERKINS.

May 19, 1888.

$500 OFFERED

for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head by the proprietors of

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

Symptoms of Catarrh.—Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness, difficulty of clearing throat, expectoration of offensive matter; breath offensive; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once. Thousands of cases result in consumption, and end in the grave.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. 50c.

Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely Vegetable & Harmless.

Unequaled as a Liver Pill. Smallest, cheapest, easiest to take. One Pellet a Dose. Cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. 25 cts. by druggists.

NOW.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

—TO—

BUY DRY GOODS!

NOTIONS,

Hoisery, Corsets, Shoes,

And a Hundred Other Articles which you need every day,

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

We shall retire from the business at the end of the present year, and the

Stock Must Be Sold

Remember, we will not stand for price or profit. You need these goods and can now buy them

VERY CHEAP!

Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, Canton Flannels, Tickings, Shirtings, Gingham, Pants Goods Calicoes, and every article in the Dry Goods line must be sold. Notions of all kinds, Ladies' Misses' and Gent's Underwear, Lamps, Glass, and Queensware, Tinware, Stoneware will be closed out, as we positively will quit storekeeping at the close of the present year.

—OUR STOCK OF—

Groceries, Provisions and Flour

WILL BE KEPT COMPLETE,

AND SOLD AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

We will take Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Lard, Meat, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rags and anything salable in exchange and give you full value. Thanking our patrons for support for the last twenty years we will now give you the advantage of closing out prices. Very respectfully,

J. B. SAPPINGTON,

At the old stand, nearly opposite Chapman & Lambert's Blacksmith Shops, Chestertown, Md.
aug. 9, 1888.

WANTED:

100,000 BUS. WHEAT!

On line of Balt. & Del. Bay R. R.,

JULY AND AUGUST DELIVERY.

for which I will pay

THE HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE.

HAVING made arrangements with Messrs. E. L. ROGERS & CO., 130 Walnut street, Philadelehia, Pa., to handle all grain bought by me, I will settle for the same by giving the farmer an order on them or by having check sent direct, as may be prefered.

Also, Solicit Consignment

TO THE ABOVE NAMED FIRM.

A. T. BRADLEY,

GRAIN AND FRUIT DEALER,
June 21—6m. Chestertown, Md.

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

EXCHANGE!

HENDERSON'S WHARVES,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

Solicits Cosignments of All Kinds of Fruit and Country Produce.

Pompt and satisfactory returns made daily.
Commissions on sales THREE PER CENT.
Shipping Cards, Stencils furnished on application. Correspondence solicited.

Improvements will be completed for the receipts of consignments in time to accommodate the incoming Peach Crop. july 5-3m.

Tolchester Line!

STEAMER LOUISE

DAILY.

LEAVES TOLCHESTER BEACH

At 10.15 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.

LEAVES BALTIMORE

At 8.15 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.

TOLCHESTER STEAMBOAT CO.,

Office, Pier 16 Light Street, Baltimore
June 7, 1888.

CENTREVILLE AND CORSICA RIVER STEAMBOAT CO.

STEAMER GRATITUDE

Leave Long Cove (Lankford's Bay),	6 00 A. M.
" Centreville,	7 00 A. M.
" Jackson Creek,	8 15 A. M.
" Rock Hall,	9 30 A. M
Arriving in Baltimore	11 30 A. M
Returning, Leave Baltimore	3 00 P. M
Arriving at Rock Hall,	5 00 P. M.

Excursion Ticket (good until used),	$1.00
Single Fare,	75
Fare from Rock Hall, each way,	50

C. HALYBURTON, JR., Gen'l Manager,
June 21, 1888. Pier 13 Light Street.

DR. PHELP'S STATEMENT

Healthful Teeth are a "Lifetime Joy!"

SINCE in practice here I have extracted diseased teeth for over 1,800 patients (case recorded) WITHOUT GIVING PAIN. *The Safe* administration of *Ether and Chloroform* my specialty.

N. B.—☞ My services, for this purpose, at the call of physicians in surgical operations.

Why not have your decayed teeth filled?

W. G. PHELPS, D. D. S.,
Nov. 17, 1887. Galena, Md

COMMISSION CARDS.

Walter S. Hill,

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

180 Reade and 206 Duane Sts.,

NEW YORK.

REFERENCE—Irving National Bank, N. Y.
June 2, 1887.

THE BEALL & BERRY FEED CO

SUCCESSORS TO

BEALL & BERRY,

General Commission Merchants,

—FOR THE SALE OF—

Grain, Flour, Mill Feed, Baled Hay and Straw, Potatoes, Etc.

Office and Warehouse—No. 4 Camden St., (New Number 15) Baltimore, Md.

☞ Consignments solicited, upon which Liberal Cash Advances will be made.
Telephone 965. May 19—y.

PHILIP E. CREW. WM. P. IRELAND.

CREW & IRELAND,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT, EGGS, POULTRY, LIVE STOCK, &c.,

324 NORTH WATER STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

REFERENCES.—National Bank of Northern Liberties, and The Produce Trade of Philadelphia. m24, 1887-y.

A. P. CREW. W. H. LOANE

CREW & LOANE,

Grain & Fruit

AND GENERAL PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 4 CAMDEN STREET,

New No. 15. BALTIMORE, MD.

GRAIN AND FRUIT A SPECIALTY.

March 17, 1887.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY

D. B. STEWART CO.,

—GENERAL—

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

150 W. Pratt St., Balto., Md.

Mr. Berry has an experience of fourteen years and Mr. Stewart four years as salesmen of different kinds of produce in the Baltimore market Shippers contemplating changing their commission merchants this season will do well to give us a trial. We report all sales daily and send checks every Monday. Oftener if desired.

We refer to our present shippers, among whom are many of the most successful fruit growers in this county, also, The Peoples Bank, of baltimore. [June 24

WM. B. TILGHMAN. C. C. TILGHMAN.

WM. B. TILGHMAN & CO.,

(successors to Kenly & Tilghman.)

General Commission Merchants,

—for the sale of—

GRAIN, FRUIT, and All Kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

219 (Old No. 18) Bowly's Wharf,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

☞ Having secured the services of Mr. WALTER B. SIMPSON, a thoroughly competent salesman, we are now prepared to give special attention to the sale of

FRUIT, LIVE STOCK, WOOL AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

June 9, 1887.

T. H. MCGAW. A. E. DROMAN.

McGAW & DROMAN,

DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES, WINES & LIQUOR

108 SOUTH CALVERT ST.,

Between Lombard & Pratt Streets,

BALTIMORE.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

☞ The Demijohn and Medical Trade a Specialty. f.10-y.

Peach Baskets.

I am now prepared to take orders for PEACH BASKETS for future shipment to any point desired. Send a trial order, or for a sample.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

to buyers, or dealers. Price to suit the times.

W. H. COULBOURN,

MANUFACTURER,

Seaford, Delaware.
Apr 12-6m

FRAME HOTEL.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLES.

THE undersigned, having moved into the "Maxwell Property," in the town of Millington, and having thoroughly fitted up the same, would announce that he is prepared to accommodate both permanent boarders and transient visitors with good and comfortable rooms and beds.

MY TABLE

will be furnished with the best the market can afford.

MY STABLES

contain good and reliable horses; attentive hostlers, and a plenty of food. Travelers conveyed to any part of the Peninsula. Terms moderate. Give me a call.

SAMUEL MALLALIEU,

Jan. 27, 1887. PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Rising Sun Saloon

IS now open for the Summer Trade. We are now making

THE BEST ICE CREAM

that the town or county can produce.

Frozen Custard, Water Ices, Cakes, &c., Beefsteak, Ham and Eggs, Coffee, Lobster, Canned Oysters, Turtle Soup, Ox-Tail Soup, Hard and Soft Crabs.

P. S.—We are also making a BOSTON CREAM that cannot be beaten. All lovers of good Ice Cream please give our Boston Cream a trial.

I have Harrison Jenkins, a very nice young man, who will receive all orders and act in my place when I am absent.

WILLIAM PERKINS,

May 19, 1887. Proprietor.

Salesmen Wanted

to canvass for the sale of

NURSERY STOCK! Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age. (Refer to this paper.)

SNELL & HOWLAND,
April 19—2m. ROCHESTER, N. Y.

B. F. FLEMING,

CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN—

Land Lime, Coal and Wood,

LIME A SPECIALTY.

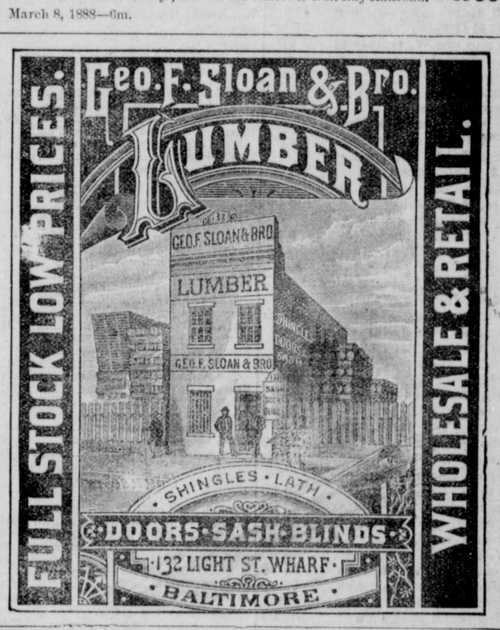
☞ Orders promptly filled to any point reached by the Pennsylvania Railroad and Branches in Maryland and Delaware.

COAL—A Large Supply!

NOW ON HAND AT THE DEPOT.

COAL. Orders for COAL and WOOD filled at Short Notice in Chestertown and vicinity in small or large quantities and by the Carload at any point on the Balto. & Del. Bay Railroad. WOOD.

March 8, 1888—6m.



WALL PAPERS

F. J. CARTER,

Under the Voshell House

HAS JUST IN.

New Designs in Wall Papers!

Many of the Paterns are Surprisingly Beautiful.

His Specialty is Paper Hanging!

☞ ESTIMATES MADE FOR PAPERING ROOMS AT MOST REASONABLE FIGURES. ☜

During the past year his trade has largely increased, and the work he has done has given satisfaction.

PAINTS! OILS! VARNISHES!

FULL LINE OF

CARRIAGE PAINTERS' MATERIALS!

☞ Parties can have their Paper Trimmed while they wait. No extra charge for trimming.

A call will be appreciated.

F. J. CARTER.

March 1—10m.

HORNER'S

ABSOLUTELY PURE ANIMAL-BONE

FERTILIZERS

WARRANTED.

PRICES LOWER BY COMPARISON THAN ANY GOODS IN THE MARKET.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Joshua Horner, Jr