msa_sc3326_scm8208-0299 ©Maryland State Archives

# The Chestertown Transcript.

$1.00 PER ANNUM—IN ADVANCE. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1889. VOL. XXX—NO. 1.


**DR. T. H. COOPER,**
HOMEOPATHIC,

Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, can be found in office every day from 10 A. M. till 12 M., and from 7 to 8 P.M. Sundays excepted Special attention given to women andchildren. May 3, 1888—tf.

**C. P. GILPIN, DENTIST,**
Chestertown Md.,
MAIN STREET, ADJOINING CAHALL'S STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:—8.30 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 4 P.M.

Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. Nov. 29-tf.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.

**D. B. STEWART & CO.,**
GENERAL
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS.**

Dealers in Produce and Foreign Fruits,
118 E. PRATT ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
ORDERS AND CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

We report all sales daily and send checks every Monday; oftener if desired. We refer to our present shippers, among whom are many of the most successful fruit growers in this county, also The People's Bank of Baltimore. Jan 1-y

**WILLIAM P. IRELAND,**
(Late of Crew & Ireland)
FRUIT, PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**
No. 309 North Front Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

**C. WRIGHT SPRY,**
—WITH—
**WRIGHT & LONEY,**
seccessors to Wright & Sparks,
FLOUR, GRAIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**
No. 215 S. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

REFERENCES.—Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayette, Sts.

THE BEALL & BERRY FEED CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
BEALL & BERRY,
**General Commission Merchants,**
—FOR THE SALE OF—
*Grain, Flour, Mill Feed, Baled Hay and Straw, Potatoes, Etc.*

Office and warehouse, No. 4. Camden street (new number 15), Baltimore, Md.

Consignments solicited, upon which Liberal Cash Advances will be made.
Telephone 965. May 19—y.

**RECORDS & GOLDSBOROUGH,**
118 Light St., Baltimore, Md.
Wholesale LIQUOR DEALERS,
IMPORTERS OF
Wines, Brandies, etc.
PURE RYE WHISKEYS A SPECIALTY

The Proof of the Pudding is in the eating; so is the proof of

**LEA'S**
**TABLE CORN MEAL!**
as is also of our
Flour,
Hominy,
Hominy Grits,
Buckwheat,
Farina.

The Wm. Lea & Sons Co.,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

**D. T. WILLIAMSON,**
PRACTICAL
**WATCHMAKER, JEWELER and ENGRAVER,**
Cross Street, near High, Chestertown, Md.

WATCHES in GOLD, SILVER and NICKEL.
JEWELRY in SOLID GOLD and FINE ROLLED PLATE.
CLOCKS in POLISHED WOOD and NICKEL.
SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES.

LOW PRICES, FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND RELIABLE GOODS
are the inducements offered for a share of the public patronage.

We make a specialty of low-priced American Watches. Call in and examine our $4.00 genuine American Watch in ladie's and gentlemen's sizes. March 21-6m.

## TO THOSE FARMERS
Who Contemplate Using Fertilizers on Their Corn and Truck, We Offer

TRADE MARK

## Our Bone Super PHOSPHATES

And think we can make it to your interest to deal with us. We had reason to believe last season that Fertilizer materials of all kinds would b higher this year, and it has proven to be the case, hence we congratulate ourselves that we have now in our building nearly 500 tons of Materials that were bought under last year's contract, and are prepared to offer *Special Inducements* for *Cash* or *first-class paper*.

MR. R. J. CATLIN says he used our fertilizer last spring on a field that contained 26 acres, and lofted 1700 bushels of corn, or a little over 65 bushels per acre, and gives his order for 5¼ tons for his present tillage.

MR. J. CORDRAY LOUD says our Corn Phosphate prevented his corn from frenching in the low lands, and made for him better corn than the up grounds.

J. R. MASSEY, of Harford, says he made a test of our Corn Phosphate alongside Dissolved Bone and Oriole Phosphate. Sold his corn to canners, and that our goods netted him $14.00 more per acre than the others.

DAVID HANWAY, of Harford, says our Phosphate gave such universal satisfaction on Sugar Corn and Tomatoes, that he will want to use and sell from 75 to 100 tons this spring.

WM. R. ALABAND, of Wyoming, Del., says Hubbard's Fertilizers paid him better on his Tomatoes than any he ever used. When picking time came it was all and all.

WM. M. BATTEN, Sweedsboro, N. J., one of the largest truckers, says our Special Potato Manure gave him a basket more to the row than Mapes that cost him $13.00 more per ton.

Send for Circular containing Certificates.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,
March 21-2m. MANUFACTURERS, CHESTERTOWN, MD.

## SPRING FERTILIZERS!

TRADE MARK

From the results of the various SPECIAL FERTILIZERS manufactured by us last spring, we expect a large trade this spring, and laid in a heavy stock of raw materials. From the way orders are coming in, and the expressions of satisfaction from our last year's customers, we take the greatest pleasure in offering the same brands of Fertilizers again. Our goods are so well known in the county that it is not necessary to publish many testimonials, but we will be pleased to show a large number at our office to whoever may require it.

ACME FERTILIZER, No. 1, prevents frenching in corn, and will grow a large crop used on heavy land.

ACME FERTILIZER, No. 2, a Corn Fertilizer for lighter soil, stands high. The increase of Fodder alone will pay for the use of the above Corn Fertilizer.

CLIMAX TRUCK FERTILIZER was used last season by the largest growers of Truck in the county with wonderful success. It is the best truck Fertilizer at the price on the market.

SPECIAL POTATO FERTILIZER.—At the request of some of our customers, we made last season a Special High Grade Fertilizer for Potatoes. We have so far more than doubled the sale of these goods over last spring. The results were very large. Try it on early or late potatoes.

OUR PEACH TREE FERTILIZER has given great satisfaction, the results of last year more than ever convincing those that have used the same that it pays well; Better Fruit was had, consequently better prices. The Fruit Ripened up Splendidly; the trees more vigorous; no complaint of Yellows. Fruit-growers use the goods and your Trees will be Healthier, your Fruit Finer and your Pocket-book Better Filled at the end of the season.

**A Wonderful Result.**—LYNCH'S, March 1st, 1889.—Gentlemen: I grew Seventy-Five Tons of Tomatoes on (7) Acres of Ground where I used your Fertilizer along with manure last spring. I am very much pleased and want a larger quantity this spring. BENJ. R. RASH.

**Seven Hundred Dollars Clear from Seven Acres, Who Can Beat It?**
CHURCH HILL, March 1, 1889.—Gentlemen: Once again I wish to state the excellent results received from your Peach Tree Fertilizer used by me last fall. My fruit commanded the highest price at Price's Station, a large quantity bringing ($1.25) one dollar and twenty-five cents a basket. I realized ($700) seven hundred dollars clear from seven acres.
Respectfully, GUS. PORTER.

For prices of the above fertilizers call on us or see our representatives.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.
Office Under VOSHELL HOUSE. Ap 4-3m.

## TAKE —A— VIEW —OF—

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO.'S CUTTING ROOM and FACTORIES and be convinced that they are the LARGEST CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS for the retail trade South of Philadelphia; hence, WE SELL OUR OWN PRODUCTION SOLELY. In dealing with us you have all the advantages that can be offered. WE BUY ENTIRELY FOR CASH. YOU SAVE THE FIRST PROFITS. We handle no cotton or shoddy goods; employ the best skill to produce our work. Our system of ONE PRICE, and that is guaranteed to be the lowest, and we stake our reputation on our goods. If you are in need of MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' or CHILDREN'S CLOTHING these few convincing arguments you should always bear in mind, and, therefore, examine our large stock before purchasing.

BATS AND BALLS FOR THE BOYS.

## Likes, Berwanger & Co.,
Manufacturers and Custom Tailors,
10 AND 12 E. BALTIMORE ST.

**EUGENE B. BOWEN**
—WITH—
**ALBERT SIGMUND,**
The Popular HATTER and FURRIER,
103 E. Baltimore St., Two Doors from Light,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
Will be pleased to show his Kent and Queen Anne's friends a full line of
SPRING HATS
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
Fur Goods at half value. Buy them now before they are put away for summer. M28 3m

THE
**DIAMOND STATE HARNESS,**
PARKER & WILLITS,
*Wholesale Manufacturers of the Diamond State Brand.*
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Ask your dealer for this brand, which is all HAND MADE and of the BEST OAK STOCK, and guaranteed as represented, and sold at a reasonable price. If not on sale in your town write us for prices.
The only wholesale manufacturers of Harness on the Peninsula.
PARKER & WILLITS, Middletown, Del.

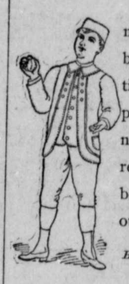
## Oehm's Acme Hall
COMPETITION RETIRES.

Three hundred thousand dollars' worth of superbly made clothing, due to our large facilities in buying and manufacturing, (second now to none in America) enables us to offer the largest, the richest and the most varied stock in Spring and Summer Clothing, at prices simply inimitable.

**MEN'S SUITS.**
Every mill of worth, at home and abroad, is represented in our stock of Clothing.

Business Suits $7.50 to $30.00.
Working Suits $5.00 to $18.00.
Dress Suits $10.00 to $40.00.
Spring Overcoats $6.00 to $30.00.

**JUVENILE SUITS.**



Our Boys' Department never was so beautifully and bountifully stocked as at present. Extraordinary values, $2.00 really for $1.00, are bound up in many of our offerings.

*Norfolks, Plain Blouses, Sailor Blouses, Pleated Suits, Plain Kilts, Braided Kilts, Short Pants and Long Pants Suits $2.00 to $18.00.*

**FURNISHINGS FOR MEN AND BOYS.**
New importations of Neck Wear from 50c. to $1.25.
Our White Shirt 50c.
Gold Headed Silk Umbrellas $1.45.
Our "Wearwell" Hose, 2 for 25c.
Tennis, Bicycle, Base-ball and Outing Suits and Shirts.

**CLOTHING MADE TO MEASURE**
at one-third less than exclusive merchant tailors' prices.
Write for samples, catalogue and self-measurements.
Waiting, baggage, toilet and retiring rooms for visitors.
Of interest to visitors—Our Electric Cash Cable System and Electric Lighting.

**OEHM'S ACME HALL,**
5 and 6 W. BALTIMORE ST.,
1 DOOR FROM CHARLES,
BALTIMORE, Md.

## LOOK SHARP
AND REMEMBER THAT
**Chapman & Lambert**
Have Reduced Their Prices to grain bases and are selling their own make of
**CARRIAGES AND WAGONS**
at Reduced Rates to meet the depressed times. We are also selling a good Carriage in a cheaper grade which we guarantee to give satisfaction, at prices that will astonish you all in want of Carriages. We keep a full stock of Carriages always on hand.

We shall give special attention to
**REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.**
The Painting and Varnishing of old work will be done in the highest style of art, and all other repairs in workman-like manner.
We have had long experience in the business and only ask a trial to prove our ability to give satisfaction in work and prices.

—IN OUR—
**BLACKSMITHING & WHEELWRIGHTING**
Line, we consider that we have the best facilities of any shop on the Peninsula.

We would call attention to our
**FARM AND PEACH WAGONS,**
and our LIGHT PLATFORM DEARBORNS and EXPRESS WAGONS.

We keep up our old standard and reputation, and our work is sold at a Lower figure to suit the times.
CHAPMAN & LAMBERT,
April 25, 1889. Chestertown, Md

**ATTENTION, FARMRES!**

ATTENTION, HORSEMEN!

JOHN F. HOWARD'S
STOCK IS COMPLETE.
SPRING GOODS
for the Farmer.
CHEAP HARNESS IN VARIETY.

Collar Pads to prevent Galls. Specialties in Horse Collars that will absolutely prevent Galls. Bridles, Horse Boots, Riding Saddles, Fly Nets and Harness of all kinds and description, at
**JOHN F. HOWARD'S HARNESS STORE,**
Court Street, Next to Stam's Hall.
Ap. 11-3m

Beautiful New Upright Piano, Rosewood Case, only $165. New Organs, only $31. Greatest Bargains Ever Offered. Est. 28 Years. GEM PIANO & ORGAN CO. Washington, N. J., U. S. A.


### NO-WHEN AND NO-WHERE.

If it happened so that I felt inclined,
And nobody hindered me of my mind,
Shall I tell you what I would do, my dear?
I would find some lost, forgotten old Year—
Some dull old Year, all dead and dry,
With nothing in 't to remind me by;
Some Year uncalendered, lost to fame,
That nobody lived in it to give it a name,
That went unrecorded from green to sere,
And never knew that it was a Year;
And out of that Year I would take a Day,
Not too rosy and not too gray—
Some Day when Fate, aweary of doom,
Fell fast asleep by the side of her loom,
And left it a mere tarnished circle of sun,
Without a chance in it to trip upon;
And on that Day of a dateless Year,
I should not hate you, nor hold you dear,
I should go on a journey, and none should know where,
No one should ask, and no one should care.
I would find some ship that had lain alone,
Long becalmed in a Sea unknown,
And the ship in a lazy course should run,
To some Land that is nowhere under the sun.
I would have no wind to fret the sail,
I would have no oar when the wind should fail.
But a tide should ripple along the keel,
A slow, warm tide that she scarce could feel,
And so we should float, in nobody's sight,
Wrapt in a wavering sort of light,
That is neither sunlight, starlight nor shade,
But just the kind that never was made.
And when we had come to that Doubtful Land,
The Land that is nowhere, you understand,
How long I should linger, or what I should do,
Or whether I should ever come back to you,
In that long Day of a dateless Year,
—Why, how can I tell you all that, my dear?

—*Helen Thayer Hutcheson, in St. Nicholas for May.*

### HOW WASHINGTON LOOKED.

His nose was very red that day, giving me the impression that he was not so moderate in the use of liquors as he was supposed to be. I found afterward that this was a peculiarity. His nose was apt to turn scarlet in a cold wind. He was standing near a small campfire, evidently lost in thought and making no effort to keep warm. He seemed six feet and a half in height, was as erect, as an Indian, and did not for a moment relax from a military attitude.

Washington's exact height was six feet two inches in his boots. He was then a little lame from striking his knee against a tree. His eye was so gray that it looked almost white, and he had a troubled look on his colorless face. He had a piece of woolen tied around his throat and he was quite hoarse. Perhaps his throat trouble from which he finally died had its origin about then.

Washington's boots were enormous. They were No. 13. His ordinary walking shoes were No. 11. His hands were large in proportion, and he could not buy a glove to fit him and had to have his gloves made to order. His mouth was his strong feature, the lips being always tightly compressed; that day they were compressed so tightly as to be painful to look at.

At that time he weighed 200 pounds, and there was no surplus flesh about him. He was tremendously muscled, and the fame of his great strength was everywhere. His large tent, when wrapped up with the poles, was so heavy that it required two men to place it in the camp wagon. Washington would lift it with one hand and throw it in the wagon as easily as if it were a pair of saddle bags. He could hold a musket with one hand and shoot with precision as easily as his other men did with a horse-pistol. His lungs were his weak point and his voice was never strong.

He was at that time in the prime of life. His hair was a chestnut brown, his cheeks were prominent, and his head was not large in contrast to every other part of his body, which seemed large and bony at all points. His finger joints and wrists were so large as to be genuine curiosities. As to habits at that period I found out much that might be interesting. He was an enormous eater, but was content with bread and meat, if he had plenty of it. But hunger seemed to put him in a rage. It was his custom to take a drink of rum or whiskey on awakening in the morning.

Of course all this was changed when he grew old. I saw him at Alexandria a year before he died. His hair was very gray and his form was slightly bent. His chest was very thin. He had false teeth which did not fit and pushed his under lip outward.—*Albany Express.*

### How Anne Boleyn Died.

Major Sharp Hume has published a translation of a curious manuscript found at Madrid, giving a graphic account by a Spanish eye-witness of English affairs from 1527 to 1549. The writer, who appears to have gone everywhere, was present at the execution of Anne Boleyn. He says she was dressed in a night robe of damask, with a red damask skirt and a netted coif over her hair. She was very graceful and had a long neck. She asked which was the headsman, who came from St. Omer. Thereupon he dropped on one knee and asked her pardon in French. He had a long sword, which he kept concealed under a heap of straw, and pretended to be waiting for a messenger to bring another weapon. Anne Boleyn was still looking in the direction from which the expected messenger was to come. The headsman furtively reached out his hand, grasped the sword and at one stroke decapitated her. The book contains seventy-five chapters full of curious matters.


**Consumption Surely Cured.**

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.,
Nov. 15-y. 181 Pearl St. New York.


### SPRING FARM NOTES.

An English writer of great experience, and a close observer, in writing of a tour of inspection of the agricultural interests of the United States, says: "If American stockmen used more roots and less corn they would have to pay fewer visits to Europe for breeding animals."

Mrs. A. L. Thompson has been testing the value of millet for feeding dairy cows, says an exchange. She recently sent us three rolls of butter made from the milk of cows fed on millet only, without artificial coloring, yet as yellow and bright as June butter, and of choicest flavor.

According to the German values of the albuminoids, fats and carbohydrates in stock foods, the digestible parts of a ton of oat straw have nearly 70 per cent., and of a ton of wheat straw nearly 56 per cent. of the value of the digestible portions of a ton of average meadow hay.

It is said that J. N. Muncey, a well-known Iowa Holstein breeder, has been experimenting with a view to finding out the approximate cost of a pound of milk and a pound of butter. The results with two cows (Holsteins) were an average food cost of 35 2-10 cents per 100 pounds of milk, and a trifle over 8 3-10 cents per pound of butter.

Professor A. J. Cook believes when we take expenses and all into consideration, buckwheat will pay a better profit than will wheat. But, aside from this direct profit, buckwheat has an indirect value. It is an excellent honey plant, and thus its production adds to the profits of the beekeeper, and just as much to the wealth of the country.

If the farmer will remember what it is to be hungry himself he may sometimes have a kindly feeling for his young stock. If he adds thereto the thought that long fasting adds no meat to exposed stock he may feel his pocket touched, for in the spring if the young things look well they will bring double the money that other fellow's will who took no care of his.

Recently, in conversation with an extensive breeder of chickens for the Baltimore market, he had occasion to speak of the number of males in his flock.

He said for two years he kept one male for every twenty hens, and for the first year he noticed a very large number of his chicks were weak-legged and many died with the gapes.

The next year he kept an account of these losses and found that out of 2,700 chicks hatched he lost 1,600 on account of general weakness and gapes.

He then tried one male to every ten hens and the result was remarkable. Out of 2,200 chicks he did not have half a dozen afflicted with leg weakness, and scarcely any fatally afflicted with the gapes.

These facts are certainly worth placing on record. His chicks were all hatched under hens.—*Maryland Farmer.*

Quality is sought in all goods sold, and, as quality varies, all articles are graded and the price fixed in accordance with the stock in the market of the grade sought. A market may be overstocked with an article of a certain grade, and yet a brisk demand may exist for the same article but of a different grade. This rule applies to the products of the farm as well as to manufactured articles, but it receives less consideration by farmers than by any other classes. The farmer devotes his energies to produce as much in quantity as he can secure from the soil, and in that manner assists in reducing prices and injuring the sales of his goods. There should be no objection to quantity, as the greater the quantity the larger the receipts, but the quality is more important than quantity.

THE PROFITS ON QUALITY.

Overproduction of inferior articles is possible at all times, but overproduction of choice articles has never yet been accomplished. There are too many grades in the market, which split up the whole into so many separate articles, any one of which may be lacking while the others are in excess. A slight difference in quality is sometimes sufficient to double the profits. It is estimated that the average cost of growing, picking and shipping strawberries is 3 cents a quart. If one grower receives 3½ cents per quart and another 4 cents per quart, the one will have twice as much profit as the other, although he received but ½ cent more. This is due to the fact that the first cost, of 3 cents per quart, must be paid, no matter what the prices may be. The grower who aims to have his products in market so as to grade them to the highest standard can realize a large profit even when others, selling inferior articles, may suffer loss.

### Dreamed She Was Tired.

A dispatch from Pierson (Mich.) says: "A most remarkable story of a dream is told by Lydia Lampshire's mother, and substantiated by Dr. L. Day, a leading physician of the town. On the night of March 7 Lydia awoke her mother to tell her that she was tired, she could not sleep, and had been made tired by digging three graves, one for Ben Decker, one for Floyd Peck, and one for some one she did not know, and that this grave she would have to fill herself if she could not find the one it was intended for. Lampshire died three days after. Floyd Peck, who was not ill at the time the prediction was made, died March 10, and Decker died very suddenly soon after. The dream was made known the next day after Miss Lampshire had dreamed it, and the deaths have sent a wave of superstitious wonder and fear over the townspeople."


**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Colin F. Stam.

WHENEVER you are angry with one you love, think that that dear one might die that moment, and your anger will vanish at once.

A FARMER has named one of his hogs Maud, because she comes into the garden so much.

SQUEEZE not the orange too hard lest you have a bitter juice.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.


### FOREIGN ITEMS.

Herr Werndle, the rifle inventor, is dead at Vienna.

Mr. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Alva has arrived at Plymouth, England.

Ex-Mayor Hewitt lodges in the rooms above General Boulanger in London.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt recently at Cairo, Egypt, and in Switzerland.

Germen cotton manufacturers have established a national society for mutual protection.

The Washington inauguration centennial was commemorated at the American Church in Paris.

Three men were killed and eight injured by an explosion in a colliery at Dartmund, Germany, last week.

Seven persons were killed recently in the harbor of Calais, France, by the explosion of the boiler of a dredger.

The French police have searched the house of M. Olivier, ex-Mayor of Candebec and the organizer of the Boulangist Conference.

Rioting was renewed by the tram-car strikers in Vienna last week. A charge was made by the cavalry and 100 strikers were arrested.

It is said that, owing to the opposition shown by the Catholics of Naples, the proposed marriage of the Crown Prince of Italy to the Princess Clementine, daughter of the King of the Belgians, has been abandoned.

It is rumored at London that the *Times* intends to pay £5000 in Court as damages in the suit brought by Parnell, thus acknowledging the libel and leaving the Court to decide the full amount of damages.

Mrs. Ferry, the wife of a wealthy American in Paris, has answered the latter's petition. She says her husband was insanely jealous of a dry goods clerk who was teaching her French.

Lloyd's agent at Berlin reports that the Weser has yellow fever on board, several officers and twenty-eight men being ill and three having died. [The North German Lloyd steamer Weser, Captain von Schuckmann, sailed from Baltimore April 17 for Bremen.

Lord Dunraven's yacht Valkyrie was launched recently. The frames are of steel, the topsides, deck and fittings are of teak and the bottom plankings are of hard wood. The length is 85 feet, beam 15 feet 9 inches, depth 11 feet 6 inches, and tonnage 56.76. The length on the load water line is just under 70 feet. The Valkyrie will contest for the America's cup.

Mr. Wesley Richards, in an address before the Farmers' Club at London, advocated the adoption of the American system of selling cattle by live weight. Mr. C. S. Read, speaking of his experience in America, advised the English farmers to immediately adopt the American system. The meeting agreed to recommend its adoption.

### HOUSEKEEPERS' HELP.

SUET PUDDING.—One cupful milk, one cup suet, one cup raisins, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, enough flour to make a good batter; steam three hours. Serve with sauce.

ROLLS.—Three pints flour, one cents worth of yeast, one egg, lard size of walnut, little salt and sugar; let rise nicely, then make out shaped as pocket book rolls.

MARYLAND BISCUIT.—Three pounds of flour, one ounce of lard. Work half-hour and then make out.

IRISH BREAD.—One-half cup water, two eggs, two tablespoonfuls sugar, beat well, then add flour, one cup of yeast; before putting in the yeast stir in half-teaspoonful soda, one tablespoonful salt, let it rise; then bake in tin plates. Cut in half when hot and butter well.

PARKER HOUSE ROLLS.—Three pounds flour, two eggs, lard size of egg, salt, one cents worth yeast.

MUFFINS FOR BREAKFAST.—Two eggs, butter, sugar, salt, three teaspoonfuls of yeast powder, two cups white flour, two cups graham flour.

CREAM CANDY.—Two pounds sugar, water enough to dissolve it. Boil in saucepan, do not stir; when it begins to thicken add one teaspoonful cream tartar, pour in greased pans and when cool work.

COCOANUT DROPS.—One pound grated cocoanut, half-pound of flour, whites of six eggs, juice of one lemon; beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth. Add the sugar gradually beating all the time; add the lemon, flour and lastly the cocoanut, beating all the time. Bake on greased paper in a quick oven.

### The Necessary Part of a Girl's Education.

A fashionable school in this city has taken up the very sensible plan of having an intelligent teacher read to the girls, aged from 14 to 18, all the important news that appears in the best daily papers, the book notices, and the foreign letters and dispatches. When their usual school course is completed, so few girls know anything of current history that this plan becomes a necessity for the proper appearance of a girl when she enters society, and its success is proved by the fact that the graduates of the school I refer to are the most intelligent young women in New York.—*Hartford Courant.*

ACCORDING to a French astronomer, the cooling of the terrestrial crust apparently goes on more rapidly under the sea than with a land surface. From this he argues that the crust must thicken under oceans at a much more rapid rate, so as to give rise to a swelling up and distortion of the thinner portions of the crust that is forming mountain chains.

SINCE the purchase of Alaska it can be said of the United States what has been said of England—that the sun never sets on her dominions. At sunset in Alaska the next morning's is an hour high in Maine.

THERE is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

THEY who have little butter must be content to spread thin their bread.

### THE SPEED OF THOUGHT.

Some readers have no doubt made use of the expression "as quick as thought," but have any of them ever stopped to think how quick thought is? A writer in the *Nineteenth Century* has made some interesting calculations regarding the comparative length of time it takes to call to mind various every-day facts.

It takes about two-fifths of a second to call to mind the country in which a well-known town is situated, or the language in which a familiar author wrote. We can think of the name of next month in half the time we would think of the name of last month. It takes on the average one-third of a second to add numbers consisting of one digit, and half a second to multiply them. Such experiments give us considerable insight into the mind.

Those used to reckoning can add two to three in less time than others, those familiar with literature can remember more quickly than others that Shakespeare wrote "Hamlet." It takes no longer to mention a month when a season has been given than to say to what month a season belongs.

The time taken up in choosing a motion, the "will time," can be measured as well as the time taken up in perceiving. If I do not know which of two colored lights is to be presented, and must lift my right if it be red and my left if it be blue, I need about one-thirteenth of a second to initiate the correct motion. I have also been able to register the sound waves made in the air by speaking, and thus have determined that in order to call up the name belonging to a printed word I need about one-ninth of a second, to a letter one-sixth of a second, to a picture one-quarter of a second and to a color one-third of a second.

A letter can be seen more quickly than a word, but we are so used to reading aloud that the process has become quite automatic, and a word can be read with greater ease and in less time than a letter can be named. The same experiments made on other persons give times differing but little from my own. Mental processes, however, take place more slowly in children, in the aged and in the uneducated.—*Sunday News.*

### DICKENS IN HARTFORD.

Dickens, the novelist, on his first visit to America, came down to Hartford in a small steamer in February 1842. It was an open winter. Dickens appeared, as he landed from the boat and was driven up, followed by crowds, to the City Hotel, like a young Cockney swell rather than the man who had pictured such characters and scenes as he had done in his world-admired novels; a writer who had already struck effectual blows at abuses in society. His hair was long, hanging down over his coat collar; his gaudy plaid vest in colors and his showy necktie and flashy jewelry, all were "loud," and jarringly out of harmony with the idea people had formed of the author of such a character as little Nell. But his fresh, full-colored, youthful face had nevertheless the stamp of genius. A fine dinner was given to him at the City Hotel, at which the conviviality was general. Mr. Hamersley wrote a song for the occasion, which was sung in great eclat—"The Fine Young English Gentlemen." Dickens always spoke kindly of Hartford. It was here that he first made the acquaintance of the "sherry cobbler," a drink of which he spoke in terms of enthusiastic admiration; and on the ride to New Haven, he suggested to Mr. Hamersley more than one repetition of the delectable compound—the materials of which had thoughtfully been put aboard of the train. But it bothered him to think of the name of the ambrosia. He would interrupt a conversation with—"By the way, what did you say was the name of that drink we had?" "Was it sherry cobbler?" said Hamersley. "Oh, yes! Sherry cobbler! Sherry cobbler!" eagerly exclaimed Dickens—"suppose we have another?" And "the other" was made every time a call was made for it.—*Reminiscences of Editor A. E. Burr.*

### TROUBLE WITH AN EDITOR.

Stranger—"So you have no paper in this town?"

Native—"No sir. We did have one once, but it wasn't run right, and we were glad to git rid of it."

"What was the matter?"

"Wall, in the fust place, the editor didn't allers treat folks right. He'd call one gall young and handsome, and sluringly refer to another gall just as pretty, leavin' it to be inferred she wasn't pretty enough ter be called handsome, and she might be as old as Methuse-lah. Wall, that made trouble, an' after that, when Farmer Hayseed and Farmer Fallow both left the same sort of stuff on his desk, he gave Fallow two lines more than he did the other."

"Yes."

"Wall, things kept gittin' wus and wus, until Gineral Oldham up on the hill died, and got half a column obituary notice, all about the Mexican war and sich things, while my Uncle Jake, jist as good a man, never left the farm, but 'tended to his duties like a Christian, an' was a pillar in the church, got only a quarter of a column. You better believe, me an' my friends felt hurt."

"I suppose so."

"Wall, we began inquiring around about this editer, an' we diskivered that while he was chargin' us fer every two-line advertisement we put in, he was printin' a hull column about his job office fer nothing. That raised a breeze I tell ye."

"No doubt."

"After that things came ter a head. The feller commenced stoppin' the paper on them that didn't pay their subscriptions. Then we 'rose in our might an' driv him out o' town."—*N. Y. Weekly.*

### The Largest Schooner Afloat.

PORTLAND, Me., April 30.—The five-masted schooner Gov. Ames, the largest schooner afloat, sailed for Buenos Ayers this morning at 8 o'clock. Quite a crowd of people gathered on the wharves to watch her departure. She has on board 1,896,000 feet of spruce and pine lumber, valued at $29,868. This is the largest cargo, with perhaps one exception, ever taken by an American vessel.


THE well known strengthening properties of Iron, combined with other tonics and a most perfect nervine, are found in Carter's Little Liver Pills, which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.