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# The Chestertown Transcript.

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**G. ALLEN JARMAN, D.V.S.,**
GRADUATE OF THE
AMERICAN VETERINARY COLLEGE, N. Y.,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

**DR. T. H. COOPER,**
HOMEOPATHIC,
Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, can be found in office every day from 10 A. M. till 12 M., and from 7 to 8 P.M. Sundays excepted Special attention given to women andchildren. May 3, 1888—tf.

**C. P. GILPIN, DENTIST,**
Chestertown Md.,
MAIN STREET, ADJOINING CAHALL'S STORE.
OFFICE HOURS:—8.30 to 12 A.M.; 1 to 4 P.M.
Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. Nov. 29-tf.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.
**D. B. STEWART & CO.,**
GENERAL
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS.**
Dealers in Produce and Foreign Fruits,
118 E. PRATT ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
ORDERS AND CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
We report all sales daily and send checks every Monday; oftener if desired. We refer to our present shippers, among whom are many of the most successful fruit growers in this county, also The People's Bank of Baltimore. Jan 1-y

Jas. W. Stevens. R. Nelson Stevens.
**STEVENS BROS..**
Grain, Fruit and Produce
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**
303 S. CHARLES STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
REFERENCE—Merchants National Bank

**WILLIAM P. IRELAND,**
(Late of Crew & Ireland)
FRUIT, PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**
No. 309 North Front Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

**RECORDS & GOLDSBOROUGH,**
...ght St., Baltimore, Md.
...olesale LIQUOR DEALERS,
IMPORTERS OF
Wines, Brandies, etc.
PURE RYE WHISKEYS A SPECIALTY

**C. WRIGHT SPRY,**
—WITH—
**WRIGHT & LONEY,**
seccessors to Wright & Sparks.
FLOUR, GRAIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**
No. 215 S. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.
REFERENCES.—Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayette, Sts.

THE BEALL & BERRY FEED CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
BEALL & BERRY,
**General Commistion Merchants,**
—FOR THE SALE OF—
*Grain, Flour, Mill Feed, Baled Hay and Straw, Potatoes, Etc.*
Office and warehouse, No. 4. Camden street (new number 15), Baltimore, Md.
Consignments solicited, upon which Liberal Cash Advances will be made.
Telephone 965. May 19—y.

You all know the consternation a baking of Bad Bread creates in the family.
Why do you have it? Why not use
**LEA'S**
**CLIFTON F. F. F.,**
KIRKWOOD
OR
OCCIDENTAL
FLOUR?
They are Always Reliable.
The Wm. Lea & Sons Co.,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

Beautiful New Upright Piano, Rosewood Case, only $165. New Organs, only $31. Greatest Bargains Ever Offered. Est. 28 Years. GEM PIANO & ORGAN CO. Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

WILLIAM H. CACY,
**MANUFACTURER OF FERTILIZERS,**
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.
**Standard, New Life, Reliance.**

**The Above Brands of WHEAT FERTILIZERS**
Have been used now for several years in this and adjoining counties, and have proved equal to anything on the market, both as Grain and Grass Producers, and Improvers of the soil. On many occasions they have been tried in competition with other well-known brands, and in all cases have given perfect satisfaction. My sales having increased so rapidly, I found it imperatively necessary to have increased facilities for manufacturing, so bought the factory formerly occupied by Messrs. C. W. Kennard & Co., and having made considerable alterations and improvements therein, am now prepared to fill all orders promptly and in First-Class Drilling Condition. For those wishing Special Formulas Compounded, we have on hand
LARGE STOCK OF RAW MATERIALS,
and am prepared to mix any required Formula in lots of not less than five tons, at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. Respectfully,
Aug. 1, 1889. WILLIAM H. CACY.

**Bradley's High-Grade Fertilizers.**
SUPER PHOSPHATE,
NEW METHOD PHOSPHATE!
**DETRICK'S AMMONIATED BONE PHOSPHATE,**
PURE ANIMAL BONE DISSOLVED, SOUTH CAROLINA BONE, BONE AND POTASH.

NEAR ROLPH'S WHARF, Aug. 27, 1889.
MESSRS. SMITH & CLEMENTS—Gentlemen: In replying to your request, I can say I have used each year for eighteen or twenty years, Bradley's Super-Phosphate, frequently alongside of other high grade phosphates, and it has each time given me perfect satisfaction and compared favorably with any with which I have tried it.
Yours resp't, A. W. WELCH.

NEAR ROLPH'S WHARF, Aug. 28, 1889.
MESSRS. SMITH & CLEMENTS—Gentlemen: In regard to Bradley's Super-Phosphate I would say that I have been using it for the last 10 or 12 years, and it has always given me the most satisfactory results. I certainly regard it as a first-class high grade fertilizer in every respect.
Resp't, S. R. HURLOCK.

These goods are always in prime mechanical condtion, and many prominent farmers who have used these fertilizers continuously for the last eighteen or twenty years, find them superior to any other goods on the market. To those who have never used them, we only ask a trial, side by side, with any brands on the market.
SMITH & CLEMENTS, Agents,
Aug. 15-1889. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

**PURE BONE PHOSPHATES.**
The various preparations of Bones prepared by the "Listers" and H. S. Miller & Co., have stood the test of many years, and in all cases produced good results and proved as represented.
THESE GOODS are and always have been prepared in the most scientific manner. The Chemicals used are tested and proportions so adjusted as to form a complete manure. All the lands on which they have been continuously used show the best results, and prove beyond doubt that BONE PHOSPHATES are the proper kind to apply. All the brands are offered at the closest prices, and will be delivered at any of the wharves or lands on the bay or river.
Samples are at the store of WICKES & BROTHER. Orders left there will receive prompt attention. Orders solicited. BUY THE BEST.
W. N. E. WICKES.
Aug. 15, 1889—2m.

**LIKES, BERWANGER & CO.,**
**Manufacturers of Clothing,**
10 & 12 E. Baltimore St.
**The Season is Ripe for FALL CLOTHING!**
—AND—
Our Stock, like an abundant crop, is awaiting to be harvested.
*Our Stock consists only of Goods that We Can Guarantee to Give Entire Satisfaction, and we Manufacture Every Dollars Worth of it ourselves. We save you the usual 30 per cent. middleman's profit.*
A Good Honest Working Suit, - - $10.00
A Dress Suit, Worsted, Cassimeres or Cheviott, $15.00
Children's Suits from - - $3.00 upward
Overcoats at Correspondingly Low Prices.
**Likes, Berwanger & Co.,**
ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS,
10 AND 12 E. BALTIMORE ST.

**Monarch! New Era!**
BONE AND POTASH!
*The advantage we now possess of greatly improved machinery, skilled workmen, better facilities for shipping, more storage room and less expense generally has proven to us how much better we can do business than heretofore, and the same view must be taken by the farmers, for never before have we sold such large bills and as many cash buyers. The people know our goods and believe in them. Those who have not tried them we request that they do so once, and they will again.*
*Please send orders in early.*
C. W. KENNARD & CO.

FOR SALE BY
*R. H. Corbaly, Masseys; Jas. Faulkner, Millington; Gus. Porter, Prices' Station, Q. A. Co.; C. C. Morgan, Kent; John McCloud, Kent.*

I. WILLIAM HINES,
OF CHESTERTOWN,
is now located in Baltimore, Maryland, with the well-known firm of
I. HAMBERGER & SONS,
Fine Clothing and Tailoring,
122 East Baltimore St.,
ADJOINING B. & O. R. R. BUILDING,
and will be glad to see his friends and acquaintances. Sept. 26—tf

THIS SPACE
BELONGS TO
M. T. GOSLEE,
—THE—
SHOE MAN
And in the near future we will tell you what we have in

**BOOTS! BOOTS!**
Just now we are busy collecting a line of
**School Shoes!**
For the Children.
COME AND SEE US!

GARDEN SEED!
BUIST'S.
FRESH, JUST RECEIVED.
*Any one wanting Fresh Seed of any kind give me a call.*
M. A. TOULSON, DRUGGIST.

OEHM'S ACME HALL,
BEST-MADE
Fall and Winter
CLOTHING.
After all, it is as much in the "how" as in the "what" you sell to people that brings them to you and keeps them there. The humblest farmer-boy is treated as courteously and served as faithfully by us as the richest merchant; and our promises are always realized.
READY-TO-WEAR.
You can search the trade through; but you'll see no such Clothing as that made by us. We've the stock, style, facilities and workmen.
Business Suits from.....$7 to $20
Walking Suits from.....10 to 25
Dress Suits from.....10 to 35
The newest, neatest and nobblest styles known.
OEHM'S ACME HALL.
JUVENILE CLOTHING.
But in Juvenile Clothing—there's where we have the whole course, inside track and all. No excuse for dressing your boy like a circus freak; give him a show, with us.
Suits for small boys.....$2½ to $7½
Suits for older boys..... 5 to 12
Suits for young men..... 7 to 18
Overcoats from..... 1½ to 18
and every possible pattern, backed by highest style. The boys know us and they'll tell you where to buy. Our Hattery is beautiful. Every newest design, every proper material.
Jockeys, English Jockeys,
Tams, Glengarys,
Helmets, Jerseys,
and the newest notion
the Berlin Student Cap
from 50 cts. to $2.50.
OEHM'S ACME HALL.
OVERCOATS.
Overcoats like our this year's make you'll never see. Our leadership shows itself here. Of course we won't argue the necessity for the Fall Overcoat; common sense and the edict of Fashion says you must have it. Our sweep from $6 to $30.
Style and neatness from.....$6 to $10
Style and beauty from.....10 to 20
Style and luxury from.....15 to 30
and you can't duplicate them for much more.
FURNISHINGS.
Our all wool, hygienic, undyed and faithful-fibre Underwear is in elegant stock at popular prices. Will save you many a cold this winter. In fact we can meet your wishes or preferences at every point. Our CUSTOM department is a special feature and one that is outstripping itself this season. Send for catalogue, self-measurements and samples. Fit and satisfaction guaranteed.
OEHM'S ACME HALL,
5 & 7 West Baltimore Street,
1 door from Charles St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

MT. ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.
Course of Studies:
CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.
*Terms: Boarders per session of five months, $110; Day Students according to grade.*
*Studies will be resumed on Monday, September 2, 1889. Address,*
*BRO. JOSEPH, Director,*
*Carroll Station, Baltimore, Md.*
Catalogue sent on application. jy11-3m.


### THE FARM FOR SALE.

With weary heart and trembling hand
I guide the team afield;
Good horses—ah! they seem to see
The grist I try to shield.
The skies are low'ring overhead,
Misfortune blows a gale;
Put up a board and write thereon
These words: "This farm for sale."

What! sell the homestead, broad and fair—
The dearest spot on earth?
Shall strangers sit where I have sat,
Around the family hearth?
The farm where mother took the vows
That made her father's bride?
The place where laughing Nell was born—
The spot where Willie died.

What! must I part with memories
So very dear to me?
The mossy spring, the purling brook,
The leafing apple-tree?
The shadows of departed ones
Rise up and touch my arm;
I hear their pleading voices now:
"Do not desert the farm!"

Enshrined within my heart of hearts
The house where I was born,
The summer night, when heaven's rain
Beat down the growing corn;
The room where I have often passed
Beneath the chast'ning rod—
Where father laid me early on
The altar of his God?

While I have strength to swing the axe,
While I can guide the plow,
While I can toil and bring the sweat
Of labor to my brow,
I'll keep misfortune's wolf at bay!
Love triumphs over gold!
Take down the board and break it—
The farm shall not be sold!

## JERKED FROM HIS SINS.

### A CONVERSION BY VIOLENCE ON NUBBIN RIDGE.

### An Obdurate Young Sinner Who Was Forced to "Confess" After a Desperate Struggle.

[*Special to the Baltimore Sunday News.*]

In the northern part of Sumner county, Tennessee, there is a community where the people still adhere to that demonstrative, almost violent sort of religious belief which, many years ago, was warmly fostered and hotly fought for by old Peter Cartwright. In this community, known as Nubbin Ridge, the inhabitants are so far removed from the world's throbs and thrills that they do not believe that telegraphic communication is a possibility, and, in fact, a young fellow who, after a short absence from the neighborhood, stated that he had seen a whole string of covered wagons pulled by a big chunk of iron that smoked like a tar kiln, was arranged before a justice of the peace, tried, convicted by twelve solemn jurymen and sentenced to pay a fine of six bushels of corn meal.

"DO YOU WANT TO GO TO HEAVEN."

During a recent revival at Nubbin Ridge meeting house the chief exhorter, old Dave Henly, was so successful in his mourners' bench persuasiveness that but one sinner remained. This obdurate sinner was a brawny young fellow named Calvin Hicks. Old women sancified in their own belief, and old men who in the autumn sang loud songs of praise but who in the spring cut many sly capers while selling seed oats, went to give Satan a back-handed lick and press his own sincursed brow down upon the bench of repentence. Calvin continued to chew his tobacco and squirt through his front teeth.

One afternoon, while the meeting-house was crowded, a number of the brethren held a consultation with old Dave Henly, and shortly afterwards old Dave arose and said:

"Everybody that wants to go to heaven, stand up."

Everybody, except Calvin, who was sitting over in a corner, arose.

"Calvin," said old Dave, "don't you want to go to heaven?"

"Ain't hurtin' to go," Calvin answered.

"Is it possible that you want us to leave you behind?"

"Wall, I don't reckon I'll be so mighty fur behind when you fellers git thar."

"Now look here, Calvin, these folks have put me up as exhorter; they have confidence in me, and I want to tell you right here that you've got to stand up. If you don't shame Satan you shan't shame us. Do you hear?

"Ain't deef."

"Wall, then, harken to my voice."

"Ain't out a harkenin to-day."

"Calvin?"

"That's what they call me."

"Air you goin' to stand up?"

"When I git tired a settin'."

"Young man, you air a cuss to this here community."

"Wall, the community is a cuss to me, too."

"Calvin, you have been know'd to git drunk."

"So did old Noah git drunk and I reckon he's all right now."

"Calvin, you go to shindigs and dance."

"So did old David dance, but I ain't hearn no complaint about him."

"Bretheren," said the exhorter, "we'll sing a stirrin' hime and see what effect that will have on this here black sheep."

They sang with swelling tumult. Calvin sat chewing his tobacco and squirting through his front teeth. A young woman, greatly excited, made her way to the stubborn sinner, and, seizing him by the arm, implored him to get up.

"Ef you love me, Calvin, you——"

"Oh, I love you well enough" [squirt].

"If you'll do as they want you to—if you will only go to heaven I'll marry you to-day."

"AIN'T OUT A HARKENIN TO-DAY."

"Kain't marry me if I go to heaven. They ain't give in marriage thar."

"Oh, you know what I mean. Just see how they are looking at you."

"Yes, see how I am looking at them" [squirt].

"You'll break my heart."

"If I do I'll keep the pieces."

"Air you going to git up?"

"Yes, when I get tired a settin'."

"Calvin," said the exhorter, "I am tired foolin' with you."

"All right, then, stop."

"I'll not stop yet; want you to understand that. Answer me yes or no. Do you want to go to heaven?"

"Do you?"

"Yes."

"Why don't you go, then?"

"I am waiting to be called there."

"Mout have to wait a long time" [squirt].

"That's all right, but I want you to understand one thing. The bretheren have put your case in my hands. They want you to repent and you've got to do it. You stand up now, or I'll whip you, sah."

"You ain't chewed enough hog meat yit."

"We'll see befo' we git through who has chewed the most hog meat. Air you goin' to stand up?"

"Am when I git ready."

"But will you be ready putty soon?"

"When I git tired of settin'."

Old Dave, brushing aside the people as he advanced, approached Calvin, and, taking him by the ear, said:

"Git up here, now."

"O, I LOVE YOU WELL ENOUGH."

Calvin got up—got up with a bound, catching Dave on his hip with a quickness that surprised the old man. The congregation made room, and, in a series of irregular bounces, the combatants reached the door and bounded out under the trees. The congregation poured out; the two men cagered picturesquely. Calvin got old Dave's head under his arm; Dave bit him painfully in the short ribs. The effect of the bite was so noticeable that an ancient, though much interested brother, remarked:

"The old man's teeth set diggin'."

The combatants danced a schottish, then softened into a waltz, with chances about equal, but when the performance was suddenly thrown into that species of dance known as "doing the buck," old Dave, aided by his great experience, tripped Calvin and sprawled him upon the ground.

"Calvin," said old Dave, as he sat on the sinner.

"That's what they call me."

"Do you want to go to heaven?"

"B'l'eve I do."

"Will you profess?"

"B'l'eve I will."

"Wall, then, come on in here and git down at the bench. Bretheren, let us have a stirrin' hime."

Calvin "professed" and instead of regretting it, he is now the chief exhorter of the Nubbin Ridge Meeting House.

ORIE P. READ.

## THE BATTLE OF QUEENSTOWN.

The exposition week in Baltimore was representative in an elaborate maneuver, the defense of the city from the attack of the British in 1813, and suggests an event of much local interest which occurred just before the battle of North Point—the capture of Queenstown. Doubtless few persons landing from the boat at this village associate it, lying quietly on a picturesque arm of the broad Chester, with the national struggle known as the war of 1812. The brave stand made in its defense deserves to be more widely known, and its memory should be cherished by every citizen of the county, and by the inhabitants of Queenstown especially. It appears that Admiral Cockburn, in command of the British squadron crusing in Chesapeake bay, removed a number of his men from St. Mary's county, where they had been subject to the ravages of malaria, to Kent Island, with a view to improving their health, for it seems that the Eastern Shore was regarded even at this time as a "Sanatarium". It was from their station on this island that the attack on Queenstown projected. Accordingly, on the 7th of August, 1813, the British troops numbering about 2,000 men, set out in two detachments, one going by way of the narrows, it is presumed in order to attack the place by way of "Piney Neck," while the second division of troops embarked in boats, designing to land and to make an attack from the rear of the town, thus cutting off the retreat of the garrison which they expected to find there and well nigh insuring its capture. By a mistake of our enemy, however, this excellent plan failed to materalize, as we shall see.

In the meanwhile our citizens had not been idle, although Kent Island was well nigh deserted by its inhabitants in fear of mischief from the soldiers. An armed force amounting to about 280 men had assembled at Queenstown, in anticipation of the attack on that place, under the command of Major Nicholson. A body of about 18 or 20 skirmishers, under command of Captain Massey, was sent into "Piney Neck," to announce the approach of the enemy from that direction. A series of fights ensued between these troops and the enemy, who in virtue of their superior numbers kept advancing, while Massey's men kept slowly retiring upon Queenstown. It is probable that "Bloody Hill," just outside of Queenstown, on the "Piney Neck" road, was the scene of these fights, or so legend has it. Unable to check their advance, Major Nichols drew his men off towards Centreville. This had been rendered possible by the mistake before referred to, by which the division of the enemy proposing to make an attack on the town from the rear had made in landing. With the desire of getting well in the rear of Queenstown, the British landed on Blakeford point, but soon found to their dismay that there was a creek yet between them and the town, rendering it necessary to re-embark and cross this body of water. Before this could be accomplished the fight on land had ceased. Our citizens in the meanwhile had continued to retire before the foe advancing from "Pinee Neck," and at the same time retaining their good order and doing considerable execution, so that the enemy, unable to account for the non-appearance of their brothers in arms, whose mistake they were not aware of, gave up the pursuit. Our troops were reported not to have lost a man in this engagement, and acted with so much courage and firmness that the British declined to follow up their success, and shortly retired to Kent Island. Thus ended the battle of Queenstown.

Had the enemy succeeded in carrying out their plans, the result might have been very disasterous to Major Nicholson and his brave little garrison. It is difficult to say what object the british had in making the attack, other than to alarm the inhabitants of the county generally, as its possession was of no value to them; nor do they appear to have taken it with a view to the destruction of the property which they found there. Most probably they were received in the reports which they received, of the size and importance of the place. BARNACLE, in *Queenstown News.*


A MAN'S wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

A STYE on the eye will sometimes yield to an application of very strong black tea.


## OCTOBER FARM NOTES.

October usually witnesses a frost. All crops liable to injury should be placed in some secure place without delay.

The cost of producing 50 bushels of oats on one acre is more than 50 per cent. less than if the 50 bushels were produced on two acres. The cost of a pound of butter from a cow that produces only 100 pounds a year is twice as great as it would be if produced from a cow that yields 200 pounds a year.

System in storage and a place for everything is as necessary in the stables and barns as in the dwelling-house. The loss of time in hunting for an article is much more than the time spared to put it in a proper place. Everything should be where it can be found easily when wanted, and every animal in the stables should have its appropriate stall.

What is usually termed chicken cholera is caused by the fowls partaking of impure food or drink; generally the former. A fowl that dies from accident or other cause, and is thrown into the weeds or bushes, is a sure forerunner of cholera. The flock is sure to find the remains, and, by pecking and scratching about it, become contaminated and develop cholera.

Pear blight and its relatives, quince blight and apple-twig blight, are all unusually plentiful this season, owing doubtless to the damp growing weather, which seems to be as favorable to the disease as to vegetation generally. Cutting at once, eight or ten inches below the affected part, and burning, will greatly arrest the trouble.—*National Stockman.*

It is well to remind turkey-raisers that it is not the large turkeys that bring the highest prices, but those of medium size and in good condition. The large turkeys will excel in weight, but the smaller, fat, plump, turkery sells at higher rates per pound. The quality and condition are the prime factors. Begin feeding the turkeys in the barnyard, and give them all the grain they will eat.

Fruit-growers in Southern New Jersey are discussing the feasibility of sending all fruit to the markets of the larger cities to be sold at auction instead of on commission. They claim that by so doing the fruit will bring the highest prices, and that each grower can be present, when possible, in order to inform himself regarding the prices obtained and the condition of his fruit upon arrival.

It is an easy matter to farm profitably on rich soil, ample capital, and with all the nesessary appliances, but the farmer who expects to succeed with but limited facilities will find it unprofitable to adhere too rigidly to customs of the past. It is essential that the farmer advance carefully, but no farmer can expect to obtain the full benefit of his labor unless he is willing to accept the results of experiments, and to endeavor to improve his opportunities.

During molting the best hens usually decline to lay eggs, and they lose their vivacity. When they molt early there is a probability that they will begin to lay early in winter; for this reason alone young hens are preferred as the main stock; they will lay more eggs, and their flesh is fit for the table when needed. A few old hens for sitting may be advisable, but the one who says that old hens are to be preferred to young ones must have a warped and senseless judement.

If we examine a fowl in which death has occurred from cholera, we find not only inflamation and ulceration of the intestines, but also congestion of the lungs, liver and brain, and the heart more or less affected. Another striking peculiarity is that a healthy fowl may be inocculated with the disease by blood taken from one affected with cholera. In this disease the comb and skin of the entire body is usually a bluish purple color, which begins with the disease and increases till death.

No one need to be told that if a plant runs to vine it is at the expense of the fruit. There is just so much vital force in a vine. It will go somewhere. If it has a chance to go into the vine it often goes there instead of into the fruit. Take the tomato vine as an illustration. Suppose you let it grow just as it will. The vital force that might be turned wholly into the fruit will divide itself between fruit and vine. Pinch off the vine and the fruit will get just that much more nourishment. We sometimes see grape vines growing all over creation. The vine is spindling. Pinch back the vine and it is so much better for the young vine, and if it is bearing fruit it is so much better for the fruit.

### Beautifully Allegory.

Crittendon, of Kentucky, was at one time engaged in defending a man who had been indicted for a capital offence. After an elaborate and powerful defence, he closed his effort with the following beautiful allegory: "When God in his eternal council conceived the thought of man's creation, he called to him the three ministers who wait constantly upon the throne—Justice, Truth and Mercy—and thus addressed them: 'Shall we make man?' Then said Justice: 'Oh, God, make him not, for he will trample upon thy laws.' Truth made answer also: 'Oh, God, make him not, for he will pollute thy sanctuaries.' But Mercy, dropped upon her knees, looking up through her tears exclaimed: 'Oh, God, make him—I will watch over him with my care through all the dark paths which he may have to tread!' Then God made man and said to him: Oh, man, thou child of mercy; go and deal with thy brother." The jury, when he had finished, were drowned in tears, and, against evidence and what must have been against their own convictions, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

OUR HEARTS.—If all had hearts like those which beat so lightly in the bosoms of the young and beautiful, what a heaven this would be! If, while our bodies grow old and withered, our hearts could but retain their early youth and freshness, of what avail would be our sorrow and sufferings? But the faint image of Eden, which is stamped upon them in childhood, chafes and rubs in our rough struggles with the world, and soon wears away; too often to leave nothing but a mournful blank remaining.


IS SICK headache is misery. What are Carter's Little Livey Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.


IF THE cover is removed from soap dishes the soap will not get soft.