# The Chestertown Transcript.

$1.00 PER ANNUM—IN ADVANCE. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND, THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1892. VOL. XXX—NO. 2



LEWIN W. WICKES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Chestertown, - - Maryland.

DR. GENESE,
Of Baltimore, will attend at Betterton every Saturday for all duties pertaining to Dentistry.
March 26, 1891.

DR. W. E. BARNARD,
—Dentist,—
has located permanently, and will be in attendance daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Howard, Still Pond, Md., for all duties pertaining to Dentistry.

DR. T. H. COOPER,
HOMEOPATHIC,
Office Main street, opposite Voshell House, can be found in office every day from 9 A. M. till 12 M., 3 to 4 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M. Sundays excepted.
Special attention given to women and children. May 3, 1888—tf.

C. P. GILPIN, DENTIST,
Chestertown Md.,
MAIN STREET, ADJOINING CAHALL'S STORE.
OFFICE HOURS:—8.30 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 4 P. M.
Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. Nov. 29-tf.

D. B. STEWART COMPANY,
INCORPORATED SEPT. 25, 1890.
(Succeeding D. B. Stewart & Co., established October, 1883.)
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
D. B. Stewart, Pres.; R. G. Nicholson, V-Pres.; G. W. Berry, Treas.; T. G. Newton, Jr., Secy.; H. P. Stewart, Att'y.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
118 E. Pratt, Street, Near Light.
We solicit consignments, and by prompt attention, perseverence and energy, to merit a liberal share of the future shipments of our friends and the public.
Reference, by permission, Merchants' National Bank, Baltimore.

WILLIAM P. IRELAND,
(Late of Crew & Ireland)
FRUIT, PODUCE AND LIVE STOCK
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 115 Callowhill Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Established 1876.

E. T. COMEGYS,
—DEALER IN—
GRAIN
COAL, PERTILIZERS,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Etc.,
KENNEDYVILLE, MD.

J. R. NYCE & CO.,
—:PRODUCE:—
Commission Merchants,
123 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
SPECIALTIES:
Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Game, Green and Dried Fruits.
REFERENCES.—Third National Bank, Baltimore, Md.; National Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.; Commercial Agencies.
Correspondence Solicited. a9-6m.

WRIGHT & LONEY,
successors to Wright & Sparks,
FLOUR, GRAIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 215 S. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.
REFERENCES.—Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayette, Sts.

RECORDS & GOLDSBOROUGH,
118 Light St., Baltimore, Md.
Wholesale LIQUOR DEALERS,
IMPORTERS OF
Wines, Brandies, etc.
PURE RYE WHISKEYS A SPECIALTY

Jas. W. Stevens. R. Nelson Stevens.
STEVENS BROS.,
Grain, Fruit and Produce
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
303 S. CHARLES STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
REFERENCE—Merchants National Bank

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR BUTCHERS' STOCK.
WM. E. DODGE,
DEALER IN
HIDES,
Calf Skins Tallow,
Sheep Skins, and Furs.
109 MERCER ST., BALTO.
Charge no commission. Goods paid for on day received. Shipping Tags furnished. n26-3m.

FRAME HOTEL.
LIVERY AND FEED STABLES.
THE undersigned, having moved into the "Maxwell Property," in the town of Millington, and having thoroughly fitted up the same, would announce that he is prepared to accommodate both permanent boarders and transient visitors with good and comfortable rooms and beds.
MY TABLE
will be furnished with the best the market can afford.
MY STABLES
contain good and reliable horses; attentive hostlers, and a plenty of food. Travelers conveyed to any part of the Peninsula. Terms moderate. Give me a call.
SAMUEL MALLALIEU,
Jan. 27, 1887. PROPRIETOR.

A Most Delicious
LUNCH AND TEA BISCUIT.

Add one teaspoonful of salt and two teaspoonsful of Baking Powder to one quart of "LEA'S BEST FLOUR," sift, and run into it two ounces of butter or lard, add three gills of milk, handle as lightly as possible. Roll out, cut into biscuits and bake in a quick oven for fifteen minutes.
MRS. RORER.

LEA'S
"BEST"
FLOUR.

J. HERMAN IRELAND'S
Insurance Agency,
Kennedyville, Maryland.

Fire! Lightning! Life!

INSURE YOUR HOMES!
INSURE YOUR STOCK!
INSURE YOUR LIVES!

*I represent only first-class companies. My rates are low and all losses promptly paid. To all persons desiring insurance I ask them to write or call and see me.*

J. H. IRELAND,
Kennedyville, Maryland

Purify The importance of keeping the blood in a pure condition is universally known, and yet there are very few people who have perfectly pure blood. The taint of scrofula, salt rheum, or other foul humor is hereditary and transmitted for generations, causing untold suffering, and we also accumulate poison and germs of disease from the air we breathe, the food we eat, or the water we drink. There is nothing more conclusively proven than the positive power of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all diseases of the blood. This medicine, when fairly tried, does expel every trace of scrofula or salt rheum, removes the taint which causes catarrh, neutralizes the acidity and cures rheumatism, drives out the germs of malaria, blood poisoning, etc. It also vitalizes and enriches the blood, thus overcoming that tired feeling, and building up the whole system. Thousands testify to the superiority of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. Full information and statements of cures sent free.

Your Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

THE TRANSCRIPT,
SUBSCRIPTION $1.

Leads Them All!
—IN—
LOW PRICES!
WE wish to announce to the general public that owing to the great depression in business and low prices of the products of the farm, we have reduced our prices to compare with the hard times, therefore it will be to your interest, when in need of a good
CARRIAGE, ROADCART
—OR—
DEARBORN
one that we can guarantee in every particular, and one that we know to be as represented, know it because it is of our own manufacture, to visit
ORRELL'S CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY
where they will find a full line of the above named articles always on hand. We make a specialty of
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS,
which will receive prompt and special attention. We have a skillful and thoroughly competent workman at the head of this department, and can safely guarantee satisfaction in every particular. We give our personal attention to our
BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHTING
DEPARTMENTS, and guarantee all work to be satisfactory.
We Take Orders for Farm Wagons
which will be promptly furnished
W. C. ORRELL
Cor. Cross & Cannon Sts., Chestertown, Md

What is
CASTORIA
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria kills Worms. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Gives healthy sleep and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Sheep Dip or Thymo-Creslo,
Known also as "THE COLD WATER DIP," is a very highly concentrated fluid preparation, absolutely non-poisonous, and which mixes instantly and thoroughly with water of any temperature, forming a milky liquid, which, for cheapness, convenience, safety and efficiency, is unrivaled as a Sheep-Dip, Cattle-Wash, Insecticide, Disinfectant, etc. One or two applications in a year to Sheep not only keep them in health, but also increase the growth and improve the quality of the fleece to a surprising degree.
For Ticks, Lice, Scab, Mange, Screw-Worms, Thrush, Scratches, Wounds, &c.
For all Skin troubles, and for ridding all kinds of Live Stock from parasites, it has no equal. It is also wonderfully effective in many infectious and contagious diseases, such as
PLEURO-PNEUMONIA, SWINE PLAGUE, CHICKEN-CHOLERA,
In such cases it is administered internally as well as externally. It is used and recommended by the leading Veterinarians in both hemispheres. Its uses upon a Farm are innumerable. Hon. John E. Russell, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture of Massachusetts, writes, under date of October, 1886, "Your DIP is not only excellent for Sheep, Dogs, Fowls, etc., but it is the best possible dressing for diseased hoofs of horses. I have used it for thrush, bruises of the sole, and wounds, with great effect. It is also an excellent stimulant for the coronet, to increase the growth of the hoof, in cases of contraction and slow growth. If I did not keep Sheep, I should have it on hand for stable use."
For sale by the trade generally. For further information apply to
LILLY, ROGERS & CO., Druggists,
No. 108 E. Baltimore St. and No. 6 North Ave., Balto., Md.
—FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT BY—
R. F. PARKS, C. F. STAM, M. A. TOULSON, Chestertown, Maryland.
Nov. 5 1891—y.


### AT FIRST.

If I should fall asleep one day,
All overworn,
And should my spirit, from the clay,
Go dreaming out the heavenward way,
Or thence be softly borne,

I pray you, angels, do not first
Assail mine ear
With that blest anthem, oft rehearsed,
"Behold, the bonds of Death are burst!"
Lest I should faint with fear.

But let some happy bird, at hand,
The silence break;
So shall I dimly understand
That dawn has touched a blossoming land,
And sigh myself awake.

From that deep rest emerging so,
To lift the head
And see the bath-flower's bell of snow,
The pink arbutus, and the low
Spring beauty streaked with red,

Will all suffice. No otherwhere
Impelled to roam,
Till some blithe wanderer, passing fair,
Will, smiling, pause—of me aware—
And murmur, "Welcome home!"

So sweetly greeted I shall rise
To kiss her cheek,
Then lightly soar in lovely guise,
As one familiar with the skies,
Who finds and need not seek.

—*Amanda T. Jones, in the Century.*

### COLLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

**Report of the Executive Committee of the Worlds Columbian Exposition for Maryland.**

*To the Honorable, the Members of the Legislature of Maryland—Gentlemen:* The members of the executive committee appointed by the State Board of Pomotion of the World's Columbian Exposition, in presenting to your honorable body the draft of a bill to appoint a commission, and to appropriate a sum, in their opinion sufficient to make a proper representation of the State of Maryland at Chicago, beg to submit herewith an itemized statement showing the purposes for which the money is required:

*Approximate Estimate of Expenses for the Maryland Building at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, in 1893.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Building | $35,000 00 |
| Furniture and fittings | 5,000 00 |
| Electric lighting and fuel | 5,000 00 |
| Help—Female, $600; Two Men, $1,200; One Man, $1,000 | 2,800 00 |
| Freights | 5,000 00 |
| Clerical force, stationery, printing, etc | 1,200 00 |
| Maps—Book of State, 100,000 copies | 27,000 00 |
| Raised map of State, for inside of building, scale about seven by thirteen feet | 4,000 00 |
| Resignation of Washington, in wax, 32 figures | 5,000 00 |
| Total | $90,000 00 |

The first and largest item, $35,000, you will note is set apart for the building, and the reason for this is that it should be our aim to erect such an edifice as will, by its unique and classic exterior, first, fix the attention of the passer-by, and by its interior embellishments serve as an advertisement of what our State possesses in the way of natural wealth, that immigration may be attracted thereby to swell the ranks of our agricultural laborers to the great benefit of our farms and farmers—they prosperous, the cities cannot languish.

The building is to be a model of our State House at Annapolis, with its facade of a style strictly colonial, and with a dome of colored class, which shall be of orange and black, the colors of our State. This dome it is proposed to illuminate at night by electric lights, so that it would prove an object always prominent and attractive. It would be useless, in our opinion, to erect a commonplace building which among the hundreds that would surround it, would be unobserved. It is to avoid this fate, which was ours at the Centennial, at Philadelphia, that the Committee has adopted the idea so generally commended of erecting a fac-simile of our State House. We will have among similiar efforts on the part of others States, Faneuil Hill, from Massachusetts, and Independence Hall, from Pennsylvania.

The next item, $5,000, is for furniture and fixtures; this includes all the fittings for the building we have chosen, and is a modest sum when we expect with it to present the best efforts in our native woods of our wood-workers, the best efforts of our metal-workers and creditable specimens of our mechanics' skill in many other branches. Besides, cabinets will have to be erected for the classification of our products, as well as heating appliances and all other things that go to make up a well-arranged and comfortable public building.

The estimate of $5,000 for lighting and fuel has been ascertained by inquiry on our part, to an amount which will not more than suffice for the purpose. We have designed the dome of our building to attract attention at night as well as during the day; electricity is the only method of lighting that will be obtainable, and the cost of this alone will be $400 per month. The sum set apart for fuel will go to pro-

[redacted]

thing to private exhibitors. The exhibit will be bulky and the distance being great, the amount is well within the needs of the occasion. Clerical force, stationery, printing, etc., will be most economically treated if $1,200 is to do it all. There must be no little advertisement, no little pains taken in the collection within our State border of our exhibit. For the performance of a great deal of correspondence, clerks must be employed during the interval from the present to the time when the Expositiou opens, and it will be at the cost of much intelligent labor that this amount of work can be crowded into even that period.

The second largest item, $27,000, is to be devoted to the preparation of a manual which shall contain maps of every county of our State, accompanied by a full and explicit account of each particular county, setting forth their advantages and thus making known to thousands of visitors to the Exposition the desirability of our State as a place of residence, which must appear in strong contrast to the rigid climatic conditions against which the western farmer struggles. These maps will be strictly accurate in detail and will show every cross road and undulation of our State, will define our mineral lands, our water courses and our mountains, and must prove to the State a work of immense value for all time.

The entire world will be represented at the Exposition, it is to be the largest ever held, and surely no more fitting place or time could be chosen for the placing, before so miscellaneous a public, of an advertisement that will find its place in almost every country in the world. It is proposed to distribute 100,000 copies of this manual during the six months of the Exposition, and we deem it the most important factor in the work of inducing immigration of the kind we most need and will most gladly welcome. Should this seed, sown with a liberal hand, find any resting place at all, the entire amount of the appropriation will be returned to us increased an hundred-fold.

The $4,000 asked for to devote to making a raised map of the State, will be a feature that will be valuable, as it will shew at a glance what great possibilies our State possesses; it will, during the Exposition, occupy a prominent place in the main hall of our building, and will always be an object of interest to our citizens, even after the Exposition is over, if put into such a museum as is proposed by His Excellency the Governor, or should it be desirable, hereafter, to establish a Bureau of Immigration, with headquarters in others lands, such a modes as we suggest could be transported and be used as a valuable adjunct for such purposes. If we are to make our State great and prosperous and wealthy, we must fill up her waste places with farmers; this will add value to our thousands of acres of now valueless lands and build up many of our dilapidated villages and finished towns into active, bustling business communities.

It has been suggested by His Excellency the Governor, and the suggestion has met with much favor, that the old Senate Chamber at the State House be reproduced in our building, and that a group of 32 figures be made to represent the surrendering by Washington of his Commission, which took place in that historic hall. Such a tableau would attract many visitors and serve as a feature of great interest. The act is almost unique in the history of the world—a successful general in the flush of victory, laying down his sword and retiring to the duties of a homely and quiet life, after vanquishing the greatest power on earth in a long and bloody war—and is something to be admired as well as wondered at, and every son of our grand old Commonwealth should feel a personal pride when he thinks that a deed so noble was done on the soil of his native State, beneath the roof of his State Capitol.

The summing up of the various items is found to amount to $90,000—every expenditure has been as closely estimated as could be done in the premises, and it is the honest belief of the committee that, if anything, the estimates are two low rather than too high. Every dollar of this sum, $90,000, will be necessary, and a contingent fund of $10,000 should be provided; this would cover any disaster that might overtake our building in the course of erection, or provide for such an erection or occasions as State of Maryland Day, a general review of State Militia or any emergencies.

The appointing power under the bill is left to His Excellency the Governor, who will doubtless see that the Commission to be created will be composed of such men as will deem public office a public trust in the strictest sense, and who will leave in the hands of the State every dollar of the appropriation not needed for the proper presentation of our State's interests among those of her sister States. The functions of this Committee are ended when your Honorable Body shall have determined upon the disposition of the bill now before you. We can only add that we are sincere in saying that after careful study and honest efforts we have asked at your hands a reasonable and necessary sum, and that a smaller amount will ill befit the dignity of our State and be of little use in attaining the objects for which we would strive—viz: To benefit every city, every village, every farm that is embraced within our borders.

Very respectfully yours,
F. C. LATROBE, Chairman.
WM. H. LOVE, Secretary.
J. OLNEY NORRIS,
JOSEPH D. BAKER,
FRANK R. SCOTT,
JAMES T. PERKINS,
FRANK S. HAMBLETON,
DAVID HUTZLER,
H. H. DASHIELL,
FRANK N. HOEN,
COMMITTEE.

### The Waists of Women.

While nineteen or twenty-inch waists may be a deformity in an adult woman, it may be justly doubted whether the twenty-six-inch waist of Venus de Medici is not somewhat too large to be in proportion with the figure of the average American woman. It is characteristic of women of the highest type of the Indo-European races to have wide hips and narrow waists. In other races the hips are narrower and the waists larger. The American woman appears in consequence of her large hip measurement, to have a smaller waist than she actually has. To the unskilled masculine eye, a girl with a waist of 22 or 22½ inches may seem to have a wasp-like figure, when in reality her measurement is very nearly what it should be to satisfy the critical judgment of an artist or her family physician. The Venus de Medici is 5 feet 5 inches in height, 26 inches about the waist, 34 about the bust and 44 about the hips. The women employed as "cloak models" by most of the great dry goods establishments in New York city are about of the same height. The measurements required of a "model" 5 feet 5 inches in height in one establishment are the following: "Waist, 23½ to 24 inches; bust, 34 to 35; hips, 45 to 47; base of skull to waist, 16; biceps, 11¼ to 12." A prominent physician recently gave the following as the correct measurement for a well-formed, well-developed and healthy woman of 5 feet 5 inches: "Waist, 24 inches; bust, 33½ to 34½; biceps, 12 to 13; wrist, 5½ to 5¾; hip, 44 to 45; calf, 13 to 14, and ankle, 7 to 7½." The doctor's "model woman" has smaller hips and a smaller bust and about the same waist as a "cloak model."

### THE SOCIAL WORLD.

**A Week of Gay Pleasures in Chestertown.**

The week just closed has been without doubt, the most brilliant and delightful in Chestertown during the present winter. The near approach of the sacred quiet of the Lenten season, forced upon the latter days of the social winter-year, the accumulated riches of the days which had passed so quietly and pleasantly by, until the delighted revelers in social courts, found an enjoyable climax in the pleasant events of last week. Before the warm curtain of the penitential forty days have withdrawn, the bright sultry days of spring will have arrived, and social life will be restfully enjoying the summer's vacation in leafy ways or mossy dell. As anticipating this sudden transition from the whirl of fashion to the calm of Lenten joys, the ladies and gentlemen of Chestertown gave their ball in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Richard D. Hynson, on Thursday of last week, and certainly, it was one of the most complete successes of many seasons. No break or unevenness occurred in the charmingly adjusted machinery of the evening's pleasures, and the hours passed all too rapidly, because so pleasantly, by. Stam's Hall had been beautifully trimmed, and in the flood of brilliant light, and with its host of handsomely-dressed pleasure-seekers, presented a scene in striking contrast with its usually less animated guests. Around the entire hall were graceful folds of orange yellow caught at regular intervals with rosettes of evergreen; from the central lights were graceful cords of ever green reaching to the other four chandeliers; over the stage was a handsome arch of evergreen with a cord of evergreen and yellow just above it. From the centre of the arch hung a large initial letter, H., of silver paper. On either side of the stage stood magnificent palms and potted plants, and back of these sat the orchestra, of four pieces, furnished by Weber, of Baltimore. Nothing was left undone to add to the pleasure of those present. At the door all packages could be checked for safety; just aside from the cloak-room stood a boot-black to re-polish soiled shoes, and at every point the comfort of the guest was provided for.

At 8.45 o'clock the grand march, led by Mr. and Mrs. Hynson, commenced, and gradually faded into a delightful glide waltz. The picture was one of more than ordinary beauty, and pleasure held high carnival until nearly four o'clock A. M. Rarely, if ever before, has there been a greater array of handsome and more elegantly-dressed ladies in the county. A visitor stated that she had recently attended handsome receptions in Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and that for the beauty of her daughters, Baltimore was far ahead of her northern sisters, but that even Baltimore must surrender the palm to the daughters of Kent and their guests. At 12.45 supper was announced, and ninety persons were given tickets to the supper-room. The tables were truly things of beauty, and the supper was as elegant as the arrangement of the tables was inviting to the merry dancers. During the early part of the evening the hall was rather crowded, but later the number was much lessened. About half-past four o'clock, dreamy and beautiful "Home, Sweet Home," gave notice that the February dance of 1892 was but a pleasant memory, and the gentle ripple of pleasureable excitement which had marked its birth, was now its winding sheet and shroud. The ladies whom we remember as being present, and their costumes, are:

From Baltimore City: Miss Hayward, white satin striped silk, decolletee, demi train, neck finished with point lace and lilies of the valley; Miss Bessie Gilpin, black lace, decolletee, yellow trimmings; Miss Webb, lavender silk crepe, silk fringe and point lace; Miss Mollie Alrich, steel silk, decolletee, cut steel and chiffon; Miss Virginia Alrich, cream wool; Miss Norfolk, pink silk skirts, dark blue Louis XVI. coat opening over vest of pink silk; Mrs. Clarke, black cloth, jet trimmings; Mrs. Bowie, black silk, jet trimmings.

From Washington, D. C.: Miss Crisfield, silver and satin striped tulle over white silk, decolletee, corsage smilax and violets.

From Greensborough: Miss Satterfield, red and black striped silk.

From New Castle, Del.: Miss Lambson, yellow china silk, Greek costume, corsage yellow chrysanthemums; Miss Cochran, lavender crepe cloth.

From Newark, Del.: Mr. John Nevin and Mr. Townsend.

From Elkton: Miss Litzenburg, cream surah silk, decolletee, diamonds, chiffon trimmings, red roses.

From Centreville: Miss Ada Roberts, white silk grenadine, decollate, demi train; Miss Bessie Keating, black silk, cut jet trimmings; Miss Mattie Keating, white mull, decolletee; Miss Feddeman, white striped chiffon over white silk, decolletee; Miss Nannie Larrimore, white surah silk, chiffon trimmings; Miss Clements, black net, decolletee, yellow trimmings; Miss Nannie Emory, black lace skirt, red silk waist.

From Sudlersville: Miss Mary Sudler, blue tulle, striped with silver; Miss Comegys, white mull, decolletee, yellow trimmings.

From Church Hill: Mrs. Evans, black velvet decolletee.

From Kent Island: Miss Keene, yellow wool, trimmed with black lace.

From Kent county: Miss Wilson, cream figured China silk, lace trimmings; Miss Eunice Gemmill, cream wool, square neck, demi train, feather trimmings; Miss Sallie Gemmill, cream wool, light blue trimmings; Miss Hayes, yellow silk, decolletee; Miss Norris, pink silk; Miss Anna Strong, blue silk, decolletee; Miss Mamie Strong pink silk, decolletee, demi train; Miss Millie Comegys, black silk, jet trimmings; Miss Crane, Kiber cloth; Miss Laura Jessop, pink surah, decolletee, demi train, chiffon trimmings; Miss Jessop, cream wool, decolletee, lace trimming; Miss Bell, blue wool skirts, light blue surah waist, chiffon; Miss Crow, black cloth skirts, surah bodice, lace trimmings; Miss Ida Camp, black embroided chiffon over black silk, decolletee; Miss Mary Camp, black lace; Miss Adkinson, rose silk; Miss Maud Adkinson, pink silk, Kate Greenaway style; Miss Jennie Wilkins, blue silk, decolletee, demi train, chiffon trimmings; Miss Belle Emory, white silk, decolletee; Mrs. Dr. Kelley, black silk and embroidered chiffon; Mrs. Robert Wickes, steel silk, medici collar; Mrs. E. T. Comegys, black lace, red chiffon trimmings; Mrs. Charles Beck, green Bedford cord, corsage banquet; Mrs. Thomas Trew, pink and white silk; Mrs. Percy G. Skirven.

From Chestertown: Mrs. Richard D. Hynson, white corded silk, square neck, Medici collar, en train, diamonds, girdle of pearl fringe; Miss Walker, figured India silk; Miss Aldridge, pink chiffon skirt over silk, brocade bodice, pearl passamenterie, girdle of pearl fringe and carried a bouquet of magnificent roses; Miss Hynson, black lace, demi train, V. neck, finished with butterfly bow in the back; Miss Nannie Brice, cream surah, square neck, Medici collar, demi train; Miss Daisy Brice, pink surah silk, decolletee, demi train, chiffon trimmings; Miss Beaston, sea foam green surah, decolletee, demi train, gold passamenterie, girdle of gold boulion fringe; Miss Mary Hurtt, lavender brocade India silk, decolletee, demi train, chiffon trimmings; Miss Mamie Wethered, blue and rose striped brocade silk, demi train; Miss Hope Wickes, amber satin, tulle overdress, decolletee; Miss Catlin, cream crepe cloth; Miss Emma Beck, white silk, decolletee, chiffon trimmings; Miss May Ireland, pink silk; Miss Hallie Ireland, red silk waist, black silk skirts. Mrs. James A. Pearce, Mrs. Hiram Brown, Mrs. Dr. Whaland, Mrs. C. C. Morgan, Mrs. Blackiston, Mrs. Frederick Fountain, Mrs. Dr. W. Frank Hines and others were present.

In addition to the host of gentlemen from every section of Kent, the following visitors were on the floor during the evening: Dr. Gundry, Messrs. F. Adams, C. R. Bedford, J. E. Wallis, A. Hulme, Davis Nevitt, of Baltimore; Mr. Yellott, of Townsontown, Md.; Mr. Lambson, Wilmington, Del.; Mr. W. P. Ireland, of Philadelphia; Harry Hurtt, of Smyrna; Dr. Fred Malone, of Greensborough. From Centreville were: P. B. Hopper, Esq., Messrs. Frank Keating, G. Clint Roberts, Zed Collins, W. J. Price, Jr.; R. G. Duckett, Jr., Kennard Brown, William McKenney, Jr., William Keating, William Tilghman, Louis Evans, James Emory. From Church Hill were: Dr. Joseph L. Finley, William Trenchard, Charles Newnam, Bert Evans, John Friel and Carroll McCollister.

AN AFTERNOON TEA.

Miss Belle Aldridge, gave a delightful afternoon tea from four to six o'clock on Friday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. R. D. Hynson, and her guest, Miss Nellie Feddeman, of Centreville. The parlor was beautifully lighted by lamps each sifting their rays through handsomely colored shades. Mrs. Hynson, wearing a magnificent dress of black silk net, handsomely embroidered with boullion, square neck, medici collar, demi train, girdle of gold, boullion fringe, received with Miss Feddeman standing on her right and Miss Aldridge on her left. Miss Feddeman wore a handsome dress of white striped chiffon over white silk, decolletee, demi train. Miss Aldridge wore a beautiful dress of white satin, overdress of embroidered chiffon finished at the bottom with a flounce of lace, caught up by dainty satin bows, decolletee, demi train, and held a large bouquet of hyacinths and Easter lilies. Mrs. William Aldridge, Miss Walker and Miss Fisher presided at the tea and chocolate tables. Little Miss Augusta Aldridge, daintly dressed in white, and Master Kennard Aldridge stood with the receiving party.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen called during the afternoon, and Miss Aldridge's tea was a most dainty and delightful affair.

### AGAINST GREEN GOODS MEN.

**A Peculiarly Worded Bill Which Chief Drummond Proposes.**

Senator Mannerson has prepared a bill prepared by Chief Drummond, of the Secret Service, which has as its object the suppression of what is known as the "Green Goods Business." The bill provides that any person who, without authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, engages in the sale of counterfeit money, or has printed any lithographs or engravings, pamphlet, hand-bill or circular letter that advertises for sale or to be given away counterfeit money of any kind, or who shall use in such letters or circulars the terms "green goods," "green cigars," "green paper" or other terms conveying the meaning that counterfeit money is being advertised, shall, upon arrest and conviction, be punished by a fine not to exceed $5,000, or by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five.

Mr. Drummond, in a letter to Senator Manderson, explains why the present law is not broad enough to break up this business. He says that under the present law it must be proven that the offenders have sent their objectionable circulars through the mails; and for the preparation of a case for trial, Congress did not appropriate a cent. The people who print and mail these circulars, Mr. Drummond says, are sharp and shrewd, and the circulars are not, as a rule, sent to persons who reside within 1,000 miles of New York city, which is the headquarters of the green goods business. He asks for an appropriation of $50,000, which will enable him, he says, if the bill passes, to get at the root of every gang of green goods men in New York city.

### Birthday of the Postage Stamp.

The postage stamp will celebrate its fifty-second anniversary May 6 of this year. Its invention is due to a printer, James Chalmers, of Dundee, Scotland, who died in 1852. England fifty-two years ago introduced the new system of preparing letter postage, and according to a decree of December 21, 1839, issued the first stamps which were to be put before the public May 6 of the following year, as noted above. A year later they were introduced into the United States.—*New York Journal*

THE finest white pearls are from India, the Persian gulf and Panama; the finest black and gray pearls from the coast of lower California. Beautiful pink and red pearls are often secreted by the common creek mussels.

WAGES are so low in India that men may be hired for two dollars a month to do household work. A dollar is a great sum to them and one meal a day the rule.

"IT LEADS them all," is the general reply of druggists when asken about the merit or sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE Italian government raises $15,000,000 yearly by holding lotteries.

### TONGMEN AGITATED

**A Series of Interesting Resolutions—No Patent Tongs for Chester river.**

The differences existing between Queen Anne's and Talbot county oystermen, have resulted in a series of meetings which are important as expressing the desire of the Winchester and Kent Island tongmen, relative to oyster legislation for Kent and Queen Anne's counties. The following are the resolutions passed:

*Resolved*, That our delegates in the General Assembly be instructed to use all honoroble means to have the time for oystering left as at present, from Sept. 1st to April 20.

*Resolved*, That our delegates in the General Assembly be instructed to use all honorable means to have the cull law strictly enforced upon the person or persons in whose possession unculled oysters are fonud.

*Resolved*, That our delegates in the General Assembly be instructed to urge a law to be enacted to allow each and every person 5 per cent. of uncuiled oysters.

*Resolved*, That our delegates in the Legislature be instructed to urge the passage of a bill which will impose a fine on the tongers of not less than $10 nor more than $200, as it now stands in bill read.

*Resolved*, That our delegates in the General Assembly be instructed to urge all honorable means to have the local law repealed which gives part of Queen Anne's county's ground to Talbot county.

*Resolved*, That our delegates be instructed to act in regard to the license features as it stands in Dr. Smith's bill as a State law.

*Resolved*, That our delegates be instructed to enact a new law or enforce the present law, not allowing patent tongs in Chester river.

A SINGLE MEASURE AGREED ON TO PROTECT THE BIVALVE.

After a somewhat tedious and comprehensive discussion of the oyster question and its multiplicity of bearings, the friends of the two measures introduced by Mr. Sams, of Baltimore, and Mr. Smith, of Dorchester, have met and agreed upon a bill containing some of the most practical features of the two measures, so it may be said that the big fight over oyster legislation has practically closed.

The new bill contains the cull law features of Mr. Sam's bill and the provisions for the appointment of inspectors in Mr. Smith's bill. The former provides for the culling of oysters on the natural rocks or beds, and the return to the beds of all oysters less than two and a half inches in length from hinge to mouth. No cargo shall contain more than five per cent. of empty shells, and it shall be unlawful for any dealer in oysters to purchase a cargo which does not meet with these requirements, and he shall be subject to a fine of from $25 to $300.

The comptroller shall issue licenses to all dredgers, such licenses to cost $3 per ton for every ton the boat measures, and $5 as a fee. The license is to be painted or sewed on the jib. Any boat owned wholly or in part by a non-resident of the State shall be forfeited if caught dredging in Maryland waters, and dredging licenses shall be issued only to those who have been residents of the State for twelve months. The inspectors, five in number, each of whom is to receive a salary of $600 per season, are to be appointed by the Governor, and are to be located in Baltimore city, Anne Arundle county, Oxford and St. Mary's, Crisfield and Cambridge. They shall inspect all oysters brought into their ports, whether they be in the vessel or in the establishments of dealers and packers. If they find that the law has not been complied with, they are to arrest the offenders. To meet this expense a tax of ten per cent. is to be placed on every hundred bushels purchased by the dealer or packer, who is to pay the tax monthly to the treasurer, the money to be accompanied by a sworn statement of the quantity of oysters purchased. The rakers or tongers must get out licenses from the clerk of the circuit court in the county of which they are residents, such licenses to cost $3.50. This revenue is to go to the school commissioners, and to be expended on the schools of the county.

### CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS.

Typhus, one of the most fatal of foreign diseases, is now increasing on American soil.

Sandiego, California, was shaken by a violent earthquake on February 24.

Eggs have been selling in Pittsburg, Pa., at 40 and 50 cents per dozen, but four steamboats loaded with the luxury, have forced prices down to 16 cents.

Dr. Talmage's tabernacle has a mechanics' lien against it of $52,216, and is now in the sheriff's hands.

Typhus fever and black small pox is ravaging the famine-stricken districts of Russia.

Fireman Leon A. Talbott, of the Baltimore Fire Department, lost his life in a Baltimore street fire last week.

Eleven foreign paupers, who reached Baltimore last week, will be promptly returned to their native heath in Europe.

A company of rain-makers has been organized in California, and farmers have contracted for over 40,000 acres of grain, they having the rain company under contract.

Four persons were accidentally shot at a clay-pigeon shooting held by colored men at Newark, Del., last week. One man had the sight of both eyes destroyed.

Enormous damage has been done in several Spanish provences by the melting of the snow in the mountains.

WE'VE HEARD of a woman who said she'd walk five miles to get a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription if she couldn't get it without. That woman had tried it. And it's a medicine which makes itself felt in toning up the system and correcting irregularities as soon as its use is begun. Go to your drug store, pay a dollar, get a bottle and try it—try a second, a third if necessary. Before the third one's been taken you will know that there's a remedy to help you. Then you'll keep on and a cure'll come. But if you shouldn't feel the help, should be disappointed in the results—you'll find a guarantee printed on the bottle-wrapper that'll get your money back for you.

How many women are there who'd rather have the money than health? And "Favorite Prescription" produces health. Wonder is that there are women willing to suffer when there's a *guaranteed* remedy in the nearest drug store.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate the Stomach Liver and Bowels. Mild and effective.

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