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JOB WORK of ALL KINDS

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The Chestertown Transcript.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN—ADVANCE. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1893. VOL. XXXII—NO. 20.

JOHN D. URIE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Chestertown, Maryland.
Loans on Good Farms. Equity Business a specialty. j22-tf.

EWIN W. WICKES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
stertown, - - Maryland.

WILLIAM W. BECK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Chestertown, Maryland.
h M. deK. Smith on Court Street.

DR. T. H. COOPER,
HOMEOPATHIC,
n street, Chestertown, in the merly occupied by Dr. Beck, can nd in office every day from 9 A. M. till , 3 to 4 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M. Sun excepted.
cial attention given to women andchil- May 3, 1888—tf.

C. P. GILPIN, DENTIST,
Chestertown Md.,
STREET, OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND.
FICE HOURS:—8.30 to 12 A.M.; 1 to 4 P.M.
ring enlarged my office and added many conveniences, I am able to offer my patients great comfort while under treatment in the chair. Nov. 29-tf.

Dwart Fruit Company.
WHOLESALE
UIT, PRODUCE AND GRAIN
MISSION MERCHANTS,
E. Pratt Street, Baltimore.
, Merchants' National Bank.
Stevens. R. Nelson Stevens.

EVENS BROS.,
ain, Fruit and Produce
MISSION MERCHANTS,
03 S. CHARLES STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
ENCE—Merchants National Bank

NK WRIGHT & CO.
merly of Wright & Loney,
UIT, GRAIN
ND GENERAL PRODUCE
ission-Merchants,
LIGHT STREET,
tt and Lombard Sts.
BALTIMORE, MD
hone 1073.
JOSEPH RASIN, JR.

M P. IRELAND,
of Crew & Ireland)
UCE AND LIVE STOCK
ION MERCHANT,
Callowhill Street,
LADELPHIA

UNTLEROY & CO.,
sion Merchants,
Street, Baltimore, Md.
ts Solicited of Grain,
General Produce.
City National Bank, Baltimore,
at. Bank, Richmond, Va., and
ces.
GEO. B. PROBERT.

NEY & CO.,
rs to Wright & Loney.
AIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE
SSION MERCHANTS,
harles Street, Baltimore, Md.
CES.—Drovers and Mechanics' cor. Eutaw and Fayette, Sts.

altribina
ES
tribina,
The great Poultry edy.
tribina,
The great Preventative of disease in poultry.
altribina,
The great Powder that will make your Chickens grow large, your Hens lay better and your Little Chicks bring better market prices—all this for 25c.
an produce testimonials from the best raisers in Kent to prove the truth of tement.
COLIN F. STAM,
20, 1893. PROPRIETO

REGISTRATION NOTICE

To the Voters of Kent County.

In compliance with Article 33, Code of Public General Laws, titled "Elections," sub-title "Registration," as amended by Chapter 573, of the acts of 1890, notice is hereby given that the Officers of Registration for Kent county will sit for the purpose set forth in said Article for

October Sitting

will be on MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY. October 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th, and on Monday, October 18th (each day from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.), at the above places. except that the First District Register will not be at Millington, nor the Fourth District Register at Pomona.

The sitting on Monday, October 17th, will be only for revision and for hearing applications for reinstatement by persons whose names have been stricken off.

It is thought proper to publish in connection with this notice the subjoined sections of the registration law so far as they are applicable to the counties, which bear particularly upon the powers and duties of the Register and the rights of the citizen:

3. Each of the said officers of registration shall have in addition to the other powers hereinafter conferred upon him, or which may be hereafter conferred upon him by law during the respective times of his appointed sittings, the power of the justice of the peace to preserve order and enforce obedience to his lawful commands at or around his place of registration; to keep the access to such place open and unobstructed; to prevent and suppress riots, tumults, violence and disorder, and all other improper practices at, around or near to his place of registration tending to intimidation or to the obstruction of the work of registration, or the revision of the registration, and to protect and keep safe the registries of voters hereinafter referred to while in his custody and possession; he may compel the presence of witnesses before him while sitting as an officer of registration for all purposes connected with the performance of the duties of his office by summons and attachment; he may while sitting as such officer of registration commit for trial any person committing at or around his place of registration any offense forbidden by this article; he shall have the power to issue any of said summons, attachments or commitments when sitting in any county of this State to the sheriff of said county or to any constable thereof; all such processes shall be served by said respective officers in the same manner as if they were issued by a judge of a court of record having jurisdiction of the subject matter or by a justice of the peace exercising police powers within such respective jurisdiction; the sheriff or any constable in any county in this State who shall serve any of the said processes shall receive the same fees and in like manner as it is or may be by law provided that he shall receive fees in other State cases, but no officer or registration shall charge or receive any compensation for any service performed under this article except such as is provided by this article.

15. All persons who prior to the passage or this act shall have vacated or removed from or have gone with their parents from the place of their actual abode, domicile, dwelling-place or habitation within this State, and shall have taken a domicile, dwelling-place, abode or habitation out of this State, shall be conclusively presumed to have thereby intended to abandon their legal residence in this State, and to have surrendered their right to registration as legal voters in the State unless within thirty days after the passage of this act they shall go in person before the clerk of the circuit court or the county from which they shall have removed or before the clerk of the superior court of Baltimore city, if their removal shall have been from said city, and make and acknowledge before such clerk an affidavit that when they so removed they did not intend to change their legal residence within the State, but that they had a fixed purpose to return at a definite time, and that they intend to return to this State and take up their actual domicile and habitation therein, on or before six months next preceding the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and ninety; * * * and unless the persons respectively making such affidavits shall actually return to this State and shall actually take up their abode, domicile or habitation therein six months before the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, eighteen hundred and ninety, they shall be conclusively presumed to have lost their legal residence therein and shall not be entitled to registration as legal voters, and the officers of registration shall strike off their names from the registry, if they be entered thereon; and after the passage of this act all persons who shall vacate and remove from the place of their actual domicile, abode, dwelling-place or habitation out of this State shall be conclusively presumed to have lost their residence in this State, and shall in consequence thereof become disqualified to vote, unless at or about the time of such removal or within ten days thereafter they shall go in person before the clerk of the circuit court for the county from which they shall so remove, or before the clerk of the superior court of Baltimore city, if such removal be from said city, and shall make and acknowledge before him an affidavit declaring that notwithstanding such removal from their domicile, abode, dwelling-place or habitation, they do not intend thereby to change their legal residence, but that they have a fixed and definite purpose to return to this State on or before six months preceding the next succeeding election in November; * * * and if the persons making such affidavits shall fail so to return and take up their actual abode, domicile, dwelling-place and habitation in this State on or before six months next preceding such November election, they shall be conclusively presumed to have abandoned such declared intention, and shall thereupon become disqualified to vote in this State, and the officers of registration shall refuse to register them as qualified voters, or shall strike off their names from the registry if their names be entered thereon, the clerk before whom such affidavit shall be made, shall retain, index and record the same, and shall be entitled to demand and receive for each acknowledgement the sum of thirty cents, and for indexing and recording affidavits and acknowledgements thereto, the same compensation as is allowed by law for indexing and recording deeds, such costs to be paid to said clerks by the commissioners and mayor and city council of Baltimore respectively; such affidavits shall not be admissible in evidence as evidence of the right of the persons making the same to registration, unless they are recorded within five days from the date of the acknowledgement thereto, and a duly certified copy thereof shall be receivable in evidence in the same manner as a certified copy of a deed; false swearing in any such affidavits shall be deemed to be perjury, and shall be punishable as perjury is by the Code of Public General Laws, article twenty-seven, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Perjury;" said officers of registration shall require the production of such affidavits duly recorded, or a duly certified copy thereof in all cases where they shall have reason to suspect that the person applying to be registered as a qualified voter has lost his residence by reason of his removal from the State hereinbefore mentioned, and they may also in such cases put any question which they may deem proper to such applicant, concerning the place when he dwelt in the county or legislative district before such removal out of the State, his occupation before such removal and since, the time when he so removed, and when he returned, and all other pertinent facts and circumstances touching the right of such person to be registered, and they may require the truth of the answers of all persons to such questions to be corroborated by independent evidence if in their discretion they shall think proper; and if in answer to their questions or upon testimony produced before them it shall appear to their satisfaction that the person applying to be registered had left the State without any intention of returning at some definite time in the future he shall not be entitled to be registered as a legal voter.

GEORGE W. JACOBY,
Register of Voters for First District.
L. A. PENNINGTON,
Register of Voters for Second District.
JOHN W. CARTER,
Register of Voters for Third District.
JERVIS SPENCER,
Register of Voters for Fourth District.
H. H. GRESHAM,
Register of Voters for Fifth District.

WE
Are Selling Goods as Cheap
as anybody in the county.
M. M. WOOD & CO.,
Melitota, Kent Co., Md.

Proclamation by the Governor.

STATE OF MARYLAND,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, Section one of Article fourteen of the Constitution of Maryland makes it the duty of the Governor to order the publication in certain newspapers to be designated by him, of any bill, or bills, passed proposing any amendments to the said Constitution; and

WHEREAS, at the January Session, 1892, of the General Assembly of Maryland, a bill was passed proposing an amendment to the Constitution, which amendment is Chapter 313 of the Acts of 1892, and is as follows, to wit:

CHAPTER 313.

AN ACT to add an additional section to Article four of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, Three-fifths of all the members of the two houses concurring, that the following section be, and the same is hereby proposed, as an amendment to the Constitution of this State; and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, the same shall supercede and stand in the place of Section thirty-nine of Article four of said Constitution.

SEC. 39. The General Assembly shall, as often as it may think the same proper and expedient, provide by law for the election of an additional Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, and whenever provision is so made by the General Assembly, there shall be elected by the voters of said city another Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, who shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold his office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are, or shall be provided by the Constitution, or laws of this State, for the Judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, and the General Assembly may provide by laws, or the Supreme Bench by its rules, for requiring causes in any of the courts of Baltimore city to be tried before the Court without a jury, unless the litigants or some one of them shall within such reasonable time or times, as may be prescribed, elect to have their causes tried before a jury. And the General Assembly may reapportion, change or enlarge the jurisdiction of the several courts in said city.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That the foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of the direction contained in Article fourteen of the Constitution of this State; and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment," or "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as the voter may elect, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the votes for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said fourteenth Article of the Constitution.

Approved April 4th, 1892.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

Now, therefore, I, Frank Brown, Governor of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that the said hereinbefore described bill, or Act of the General Assembly, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Maryland, be published once a week for at least three months in two newspapers published in each county in this State, if so many are therein published, and in three newspapers in the city of Baltimore, before the next ensuing general election, which will be held on Tuesday, the seventh day of November, 1893; at which said election the proposed amendment aforesaid will be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on the nineteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and of the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and seventeenth.

FRANK BROWN.

By the Governor,
WM. T. BRANTLY,
Secretary of State.

FIRE. FIRE. FIRE.

LIGHTNING! LIGHTNING!

Those desiring protection from FIRE or LIGHTNING, call on or address

H. L. BOYD,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.,
—AGENT FOR—
ÆTNA, of Harford, Conn.,
Assets $11,000,000.
PHŒNIX, of Harford, Conn.,
Assets $6,000,000.
Where the lowest rates consistent with honest protection will be given.
☞ Don't wait until you are burned out.
H. L. BOYD,
April 6, 1893. Chestertown, Md

Agricultural Implements
REPAIRED.
Steam Engines, Threshers Repaired
Particular attention given to the repair of
GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS AND ALL KINDS OF FIREARMS.
☞ have served a full apprenticeship as a machinist, and will give personal attention to all work
Give me a call, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.
C. W. BAUMGARDNER,
Aug. 3. Chestertown, Md.

THE BICKFORD AND HUFFMAN GRAIN DRILL.
Positive Force Feed for Wheat and Fertilizer.

DOUBLE DISTRIBUTOR. PERFECT FEED DEVICE.
"As Ye Sow So Shall Ye Reap."
The most practical and modern Grain Drill in the world. In use everywhere. It talks in the wheat field, while competitors talk on the fence. "The best is cheapest," first, last and always.

REESE'S Complete FERTILIZERS,
High Grade, Full Strength and in Fine Drilling Condition.
Reese's Half Guano and Half Bone Phosphate, Reese's Challenge Crop Grower, Reese's Excellenza Soluble Phosphate, Reese's Crown Bone Phosphate and Potash, Reese's Elm Bone Phosphate.
These Phosphates have been largely used in Kent and Queen Anne's counties for a number of years and always with the best results. The best results for the past harvest have been from the use of Reese's Phosphates, as we can show testimonials to prove.

Call and See Our Line of CARRIAGES and ROAD CARTS.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS,
Best on earth, in use everywhere. Oliver Plow Repairs; also, Repairs for South Bend, Advance, Syracuse and Ohio Plows.
DISC HARROWS,
of most approved kinds, to reduce your soil to a complete seed bed.
BUFFALO PITT'S LAND ROLLERS,
Complete Implements. FALLOW HARROWS. A Complete Line of FARM IMPLEMENTS.

CUSTOM AND READY-MADE HARNESS.
All kinds of REPAIR WORK done in the neatest manner.
SPLENDID STOCK OF LAP DUSTERS, FLY NETS, HORSE GOODS.
SMITH & CLEMENTS,
Chestertown, Md.

IF YOU ARE NOT ALREADY
A PATRON, THEN TRY
TRADE MARK
Our A. A. Bone Superphosphate,
AND IMPERIAL COMPOUND FERTILIZERS.

THE A. A.
Is a Positive Animal Bone Fertilizer. It not only makes Wheat, but grows Great Grass, and is a permanent Improver of the soil.
THE IMPERIAL
Is composed chiefly of Dissolved Animal Bone, South Carolina Phosphate, Ammonia and Potash. It is an excellent article. Some of our customers really prefer this goods.

TESTIMONIALS:

CHESTERTOWN, MD., July 12, 1893.
T. R. HUBBARD & SON—Gentlemen: The 22 tons of your A. A. bought of you last fall and used on my several farms has been eminently satisfactory. On one of my farms am sure there must be 20 bushels to the acre. This was used in connection with one of the highest goods on the market, and yours was the best, and on my Broad Neck farm my wheat was also fine, in fact, said to be the best corn ground wheat in the Neck. I expect to use more this fall.
W. J. VANNORT.

MR. J. C. LOUD says he certainly likes the A. A., and threshed from it over 30 bushels to the acre this year.

MR. JOSEPH RASIN, of Lanklord, says he never used a better goods than A. A., as he never falls on a crop of wheat with it. This year he had in only the creek field and lawn, and threshed one of the largest crops he ever raised.

MR. JAMES FRENCH made an actual test this year by threshing seperately the same number of sheaves grown by four different kinds of fertilizer, and says that Hubbard's A. A. was by far the best of all.

We could give you scores of references, but haven't the space, but wanted to say in conclusion: Owing to the stringency in the money market, fertilizer materials have been low for cash, and as we have laid in one of the largest supplies of Animal Bone, Potash and other materials we have ever bought, which we bought for cash, we are prepared to offer you special inducements this time, and feel sure if you will see or correspond with us before buying, it will certainly be to your interest so to do. Yours truly,

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,
Manufacturers Standard Fertilizers, Chestertown, Md.

"FALL OPENING!"
We have placed on our counters a line of
Men's Suits from $4, $5.50, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50,
and up to the Finest Grades that we would like you to inspect.
BOYS' SUITS FROM $3.50, $4.50, $6, $7.50 to $12.50,
that are good values.
CHILDREN'S SUITS $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 ON TO $6.00
that are perfection. We have the best CLAY WORSTED Suit for gentlemen at $12.50, in the State. We have the
Most Complete Line of Men's, Youths, and Children's Suits
at Lower Prices than any establishment in the county, and we do not ask you to take this claim for it, but will show the goods and let you be convinced by comparison.
Complete Line HATS, NECKWEAR & UNDERWEAR.
Respectfully,
MOODY & LUSBY.
Few doors below Postoffice.

GROCERIES
—AND—
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS!
Where? At LEARY'S.
Give him a call and look at his stock of
Spring Shirts and Ties.
Also headquarters for the
Celebrated Cubanola Havana 5c. Cigor, El Travellero 3c. Cigar.
B. F. Gravely's Best $1 per pound, and all grades of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.
F. D. LEARY,
Main Street, few doors below the Postoffice

FRAME HOTEL.
LIVERY AND FEED STABLES.
THE undersigned, having moved into the "Maxwell Property," in the town of Millington, and having thoroughly fitted up the same, would announce that he is prepared to accommodate both permanent boarders and transient visitors with good and comfortable rooms and beds.
MY TABLE
will be furnished with the best the market can afford.
MY STABLES
contain good and reliable horses; attentive hostlers, and a plenty of food. Travelers conveyed to any part of the Peninsula. Terms moderate. Give me a call.
SAMUEL MALLALIEU,
Jan. 21, 1887. PROPRIETO

ROMANCE OF A HAMMOCK.

Amongst the sunny apple-trees,
And 'mid a scent of haying,
In dainty muslin draperies
A little maid was swaying;
The summer sky peeped down, among
The leaves above her, as she swung;
And when she looked so sweet and young,
How could he keep from staying?

She was asleep, he fondly thought,
But, seeking to discover,
The pretty eyes looked up, and caught
Him fairly bent above her;
It may have been their fates' intent,
It may have been an accident:
But either brought the one event—
He straitway came to love her.

No stern duenna stood on guard,
No proper elder sister;
And so he found it quite too hard,
Unhindered, to resist her:
For when the languid summer air
Brushed back the curl of golden hair
That touched her cheek, she looked so fair
He stooped and softly kissed her!

You think that he was "very rude,"
And she was "bold and naughty?"
It may be you have misconstrued;
So, ere you look so haughty,
Please wait to hear the story told;
Perhaps you may not care to scold:
For she was only four years old,
And he was over forty!

—*From Charles Buxton Going.*

THE GIANT CLOVER QUESTION.

In last week's issue of the TRANSCRIPT the subject of giant clover was referred to. Since that reference, a number of farmers have reported this clover to a greater or less extent in their fields, and as a result decided loss in the matter of pasture. A correspondent from Cecil county to the *Cultivator* and *Country Gentleman*, has the following to say of the giant clover swindle in Cecil:

"The past two months have been very dry—several moderate showers, but none to soak the ground. Hence there is a partial crop of corn and potatoes, but pasture is failing. What adds to our scarcity of grazing resource just now, is what I might call a swindle in supplying us with the seed of giant clover instead of the common red clover we supposed we were buying. It has been noticed for several years that the clover seed brought to us in the general trade was mixed with giant clover. A little of it did not trouble us, but the proportion of the giant has so increased that this year our clover pasture is a disappointment.

For any readers of the *Country Gentleman* who may not be familiar with the habits of giant clover I would say that it is a clover of large growth, which seeds with its first crop, and that is the end of it. If the first crop is cut quite early (before the seed is formed) the roots send up a feeble after-growth that forms no head. If not cut till its heads mature, the stubble is dead.

Farmers here and in Southeastern Pennsylvania have been accustomed to depend on their clover fields for summer pasture for their dairies. Hence, a failure of that resource when we supposed we were well provided with it, is a disappointment of no small magnitude. Some of us feel quite indignant at being the victims of such deception. For the past we have no redress, but I should like to stir up farmers everywhere to look carefully to the source of their supply, so that no one may sow giant clover but those who wish to.

L. BALDERSTON.

The Harvest Moon.

The moon on Monday, September 25, was what is known as the "Harvest Moon. In Great Britian September is the harvest month and the full moon of September is so called from that fact. The peculiarity of this moon is that it rises several nights near the same hour instead of an hour or more later each night. In the higher latitude of Great Britian the phenomenon is much more striking. At the equator there is no difference between this and other full moons. The harvest moon is due to the fact that at the time of the autumnal equinox the full moon, which is necessarily opposite the sun, is that part of its orbit which makes the least possible angle with the eastern horizon at the point where the moon rises. In consequence there is an unusual proportion of moonlight during September. On the 25th inst. the moon arose at or near sunset, 5.51 o'clock, 26th at 6.23, and at 6.50 on the 27.

The picturesque Chester glistened and glinted in the flood of mellow light. The autumnal brown of the harvest clothed field and fallow in beauty, and the eye, after feasting upon the gorgeous outlines of the myriad-colored picture of the fall by daylight, reveled in the glorious transition wrought by the harvest moon. The glad fruition of the seed-time hopes has come, and the glorious season of thanksgiving is near at hand for benefits received. Mellow fruits, tinted flowers and yellow grain now dot the landscape and all is beauty. Let us not revel and be glad in the midst of benefits forget, but remember and be thankful.

WHAT WE NEED.

More charity.

Less make-believe religion.

Not to be penny wise and pound foolish.

More Chestertown girls who will object to young men smoking while in their presence.

Not more churches but fuller churches.

That very young children should be, not on the streets but in their beds at ten o'clock at night.

Not more birds, but better shots to obliterate the word *we* from all accounts of bird shooting excursions.

Not more fish or better fish, but a greater number of men, who, like Liberty enlightening the world, can bide their time in patience, and whittle down their appetites to suit the days catch of finny birds.

More Job-like husbands to stand without a murmur the ordeal of fall house-cleaning.

Ladies who can, with "even handed justice" hold the purse strings, and while providing for husbands whose constitutions require much rest, give them a liberal allowance of pocket change.

Young girls who take less pride in what they *cannot* do, than in what they *can* do.

Not more matrimony, but matrimony more equally distributed among the unhappy months of the year.

GUNNING IN KENT.

Kent County a Place to Delight the Gunner's Heart.

The following is from Chestertown, and appeared in the Baltimore *Sun:* "Seldom has a gunning season offered less sport than the present, yet the occasional sound of the gun heard in remote quarters of Kent county, gives notice that the season is on and that the hedge and fallow still afford sport to the old heads who know where to find it. On July 4th the woodcock is shootable, and the sportsman may well afford to spend the intervening time between that and November 1st, when the partridge steps on the stage in his long boots in the dense forests and fallow, where this bird delights to dwell. While the zigzag movement of the bird is a puzzle to the inexperienced gunner, the old hand finds him fairly easy to shoot. The woodcock during some seasons is found in great abundance, but as a rule they are scarce in Kent county. Though he is not considered the gamest of our birds, for delicacy of flavor and tempting plumpness he is a royal success when well served. The present season, because of the dryness, has not been favorable to woodcock shooting, the absence of water having driven the birds to distant and inaccessible branches or bogs.

The doving season is now at its height. The dove, while one of the most beautiful, is also one of the game birds. Just as soon as the wheat harvest is over and the golden stubble is spread out to the sun, they commence to arrive. In a large territory six or eight gunners are required to hunt the birds successfully. Each takes a position in such a manner that, with experienced hands at the business, it is next to impossible for the birds to escape from the ring. They come in great tempting flocks of 100, or straggle in in one, two, 15 or 20 order. Many a time have the birds dashed in with such abundance that the gunners are forced, after firing so rapidly, to wait for their gun barrels to cool. During one of these periods the old gunner casts his weather-eye in an agonizing sort of way to the sky and watches golden opportunities slipping past.

One of the favorite ways of gunning for doves is to wait at a watering hole. Here the birds flock in great numbers just before nightfall and may be shot while circling around the pond, which they always do several times, or after he alights. The dove is a rapid flyer and goes as straight as an arrow.

The shrill whistle of the butter-fat plover is often heard in harmonious concert with the rapid whir of the wings of the doves, both birds often, and as a rule, feeding in the same pasture. The plover is often so fat that when shot he bursts when striking the ground. Then, too, the nervous little reed bird and rail are frequenters of our reeded marshes, and many of the dainty trifles for reed bird and toast are shot, of course not in the quantities as along the vast marshes of the Susquehanna, but when the limited number of gunners is considered, the sport here is equal to that of the more notorious haunts on the Bush, Back or Susquehanna rivers.

While hunting these frequenters of the marshy places, much sport is often found in shooting the summer or oak duck, which frequents or builds along some of our streams. The richly tinted, glossy little fellows are, however, found in such limited numbers that the gunner who bags six or eight during an evening, congratulates himself upon an event of rare sport.

Not until acorns are plump and full or the leaves are shedding from the trees is the proper time for shooting squirrels. A heavy, strong-shooting gun and large shot, as well as a steady aim are the requisites necessary to the successful bringing of the squirrel with many marbles to the ground. The number ten or 12-bore gun and number eight shot usually used for bird shooting, may do, but they are not entirely satisfactory.

Market gunners have done much to interfere with sport in the Eastern Shore counties. Because of the appearance, not only of strangers, but of local gunners killing game in large quantites for market, it is safe to estimate that four-fifths of the gunning grounds of some of the Eastern Shore counties are advertised against "trespassers with dog and gun."

With the appearance of the partridge, the wild duck, wild goose and swan, the aristocracy of the feathered tribes, December becomes more pleasant than May, and the gunner revels in a season of bliss and challenges the world to show a fraternity of happier morals.

Chestertown is the camping-ground or permanent quarters of possibly the most successful and jolly unorganized fraternity in the State. About 16 royal good fellows compose the membership. Doctors, lawyers, merchants, and preachers are numbered among them.

Eastern Shore Mosquitos.

Several days the past week the atmosphere hereabouts has been filled with a ravenous swarm of mosquitos, rendering it extremely disagreeable and harassing to the animal kingdom, as well as to human beings. The same complaint comes from Calvert county. The Calvert *Journal* says: At times during each season, after a strong easterly breeze for several days, the miserable pests have invaded our territory, supposed to have been brought by the winds across the bay from the Eastern Shore, and the fact that we have had a nearly two weeks breeze from that direction aids in confirming such theory. They are sheltered in swarms under trees, bushes and all vegetable growth, and make it exceedingly disagreeable to all outside of closed dwellings. There are many good things that come from the Eastern Shore but mosquitos are not one of them by any means, and we are impatiently waiting for a change of wind to waft them back to their more congenial home across the bay.—*Annapolis Republican.*

In Childhood's Happy Days.

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than severe sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of croup, and in turn administers it to her own offspring and always with the best results.

For sale by M. A. Toulson, Chestertown Md.; J. P. Ireland, Galena, Md.; Dr. N. Comegys, Millington, Md.

THE summer girls coming home in freckles are the real brownies.

THE HARVEST ABOUT ENDED.

One of the Largest Peach Crops Ever Grown Harvested This Year—Ten Cents Per Basket the Average Price the Growers Received.

Farmers and fruit growers have now nearly completed the work of gathering and marketing the peach crop, which was one of the largest ever grown on the Peninsula, and the Delaware peach has reestablished its claim as the queen of American fruits. It won the first place at the World's Fair, and even California concedes herself beaten.

The size of the crop equalled and exceeded the estimates of most people, though I. N. Mills, former Superintendent of the Delaware Railroad made a very neat estimate when he prophesied 6,000,000 baskets.

But all the Delaware peaches are not grown in Delaware, the adjoining counties of Maryland along the Peninsula are quite as famous as Delaware for the production of this and other luscious fruits.

In the midst of the greatest financial depression the immense crop of fruit has been a wonderful blessing to this Peninsula; work has been furnished thousands who would otherwise have been idle, and in every section canneries and evaporators have been busy, and though there is yet a wonderful scarcity of money, it would have been much more scarce had there been no peach crop. The price has been small, but the aggregate is a great benefit to business in general.

The distribution of the peach crop this year has included the territory from Richmond, Va., to Toronto, Canada, on the north, and Chicago on the west. Within this district nine cities have taken over a million and a half baskets. Of these cities New York leads with about 600,000 baskets; Philadelphia took about 480,000; Boston, 210,000; Wilmington, Del., 120,000; Pittsburg, 48,000; Cleveland, 36,000; Chester, Pa., 36,000; Buffalo, 30,000 and Providence, R. I., 30,000 baskets, making a total of 1,600,000 baskets. The total shipments by rail to points laying within the territory named to September 5, were 5773 carloads of 600 baskets each, a total 3,463,800 baskets.

It is estimated that 1,000,000 baskets have been shipped by water and hauled out of the orchards in traders' wagons. At least another 1,000,000 baskets have been used in the canning establishments, the evaporators, and by the canning of peaches done by private families; nearly 1,000,000 baskets of the fruit have been destroyed by storms that shook it from trees and made it unmarketable, and by railroad accidents that destroyed thousands of baskets of peaches and allowed other thousands of baskets to spoil because of the stoppage of transportation. So it is that the most conservative estimate makes the total of the peach crop of 1893 more than 6,000,000 baskets. The value of this great crop has been about $2,000,000. Perhaps a better estimate would be 35 cents a basket, or $2,100,000 for the 6,000,000 baskets. Out of this sum the growers have not received more than an average profit of 10 cents a basket.—*Middletown Transcript.*

Business Aphorisms.

They always talk who never think.

Mark your natural tendencies and apply them.

A husband at home is worth two in a saloon.

Have a smile for all, a pleasant word for everybody.

To succeed work hard, earnestly and incessantly.

A laugh is worth a hundred groans in any market.

Difficulties strengthen the mind as labor does the body.

Study people for the knowledge they can impart to you.

There are many echoes in the world, and but few voices.

An investment in knowledge always pays the best interest.

The luxury of doing good surpasses every other enjoyment.

Strive to obtain every kernel of knowledge within your reach.

If you are governed by reason you will govern many others.—Trade.

Kinds of Toothache.

For ordinary nervous toothache, which is caused by the nervous system being out of order or by excessive fatigue, a very hot bath will so soothe the nerves that sleep will naturally follow and upon getting up the patient will feel very much refreshed and the toothache will be a thing of the past. For what is known as "jumping toothache," hot dry flannel applied to the face and neck is very effective. For common toothache, which is caused by indigestion or by strong sweet, acid or anything very hot or cold in a decayed tooth, a little piece of cotton steeped in strong camphor or oil of cloves is the best remedy.—London Tit-Bits.

The "Big Dipper."

In astronomy the "Big Dipper," so called is in the constellation of Ursa Major, or the Great Bear. The stars forming the tail of the bear also form the handle of the dipper. The first star in the handle is Benetnasch; the second, Mizar; the third Alioth. The other four, which go to form the bowl of the dipper, are Megres, Phad, Merak and Dudhe. The two last named are called "The Pointers," because they point or guide the eye to the pole star, which is distant 29 degs. The top bowl stars are 10 degs. and the bottom ones 8 degs. apart.—*St. Louis Republic.*

A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy, (Kansas,) Chief.

Some years ago we were very much subjected to severe spells of cholera morbus; and now when we feel any of the symptoms that usually precede that ailment, such as sickness at the stomach, diarrhoea, etc., we become scary. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the very thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house.

For sale by M. A. Toulson, Chestertown Md.; J. P. Ireland, Galena, Md.; Dr. N. Comegys, Millington, Md.

A RELIC of the dark ages—John I. Davenport.