The Transcript.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1894.

R. HARRISON COLLINS. C. COX HOPPER.

COLLINS & HOPPER,

EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

AT a meeting of the trustees of the poor yesterday, Dr. James A. Perkins was reelected County Physician.

GEORGE W. ABELL, one of the proprietors and editors of the Baltimore *Sun*, after a brief illness of pneumonia, died on Tuesday afternoon. He was born in 1842.

EX-SENATOR W. T. P. TURPIN, of Centreville, has made a deed of trust to John B. and Edwin H. Brown for the benefit of creditors. Mrs. Turpin joins in the deed, submitting her inchoate dower rights to the protection of the court.

MR. C. RIDGELY GOODWIN, the newly appointed Collector of the Port to succeed Capt. W. D. Burchinal, expects to assume the duties of the office on May 15. He called on Capt. Burchinal on Tuesday and had a chat relative to the duties of the office.

COXEY and his army marched into Washington on Tuesday. He made an attempt to speak on the capital steps but was escorted away by the police. Marshall Brown and Christopher Columbus Jones were arrested for disorderly conduct, and trouble was for a time imminent.

A GENTHENAN who is posted in the political affairs of Talbot and Caroline counties, reports that the ticket for judges of the circuit court is already slated. They are Col. Edwin H. Brown for chief judge, Wm. R. Martin and Richard D. Hynson for associate judges. The election will take place in 1897, three years hence.—*Centreville Record.*

THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH reorganized on Tuesday, with President T. J. Shallcross in the chair, and Commissioner R. C. Morgan, secretary pro tem in the absence of the secretary, Dr. W. Frank Hines. Dr. W. Frank Hines was reappointed secretary and physician to the Local Board of Health. The board then adjourned to meet on April 10.

THE Baltimore *Sun* of Tuesday said: "It is generally understood that Comptroller Smith will decline to accept the position of Tax Commissioner, and will remain in the comptroller's office until the expiration of his term. Mr. Smith it is said, will support Mr. Thomas J. Keating, of Queen Anne's county, for tax commissioner. It is believed that Mr. Buchanan Schley is also a candidate. Treasurer Jones will have the choice of voting for Mr. Keating, a first district candidate, or Mr. Schley, from the sixth, which is Mr. Jones' home district. Governor Brown still adheres to his intention of supporting Mr. Smith, and will do so until Mr. Smith assures him that he will not accept the position.

THE PROHIBITION State Executive Committee has issued a call for a convention, to meet at Salisbury, on Thursday, July 19, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. The call states that each county is entitled to two delegates and two alternates for each representative in the Legislature, and also one for each 50 votes or fraction thereof cast at the last election for the Prohibition ticket. The following apportionment of delegates and alternates is made for the counties comprising the congressional district: Caroline county, 9 of each; Dorchester, 12 of each; Kent, 13 of each; Queen Anne's, 13 of each; Somerset, 20 of each; Talbot, 13 of each; Wicomico, 16 of each; Worcester, 18 of each.

SAYS THE POLITICAL SEER of the Baltimore *News:* It is reported that Comptroller Marion deKalb Smith, of Kent county, will decline the Tax Commissionership in case that place is offered him, and will be a candidate for the United States Senate at the next session of the General Assembly, to succeed Senator Charles H. Gibson, whose term will expire in 1897, but whose successor will be elected in 1896. Mr. Smith, it is stated, will have the active support of his own county of Kent, and will also make a fight to secure delegates favorable to his candidacy from Queen Anne's, Caroline and Dorchester counties. As a part of his plan to receive support for the Senatorship, it is said that Mr. Smith will exert himself to secure the appointment of Ex-Comptroller Thomas J. Keating, of Quean Anne's county as Tax Commissioner, when the successor of Dr. Frank T. Shaw is named.

OUR NEW POST OFFICIAL.

Postmaster James A. Shaw took formal possession of the postoffice on Tuesday morning, and at an early hour the mail and mail fixtures were removed from their old quarters to the handsome new office on Court street. Mr. Shaw will be assisted in conducting the affairs of the office by Mr. Joseph N. Wheatley. Ex-postmaster Hiram Brown will remain for a time to initiate the officials into the mysteries of their new duties. The new postoffice room has been repainted, a skylight has been put in and a more desirable, airy and pretty office could not be desired. Mrs. Shaw will place a number of her most beautiful plants in the large front windows which will add greatly to the attractiveness of the place.

Mr. Shaw enters upon his duties under most auspicious circumstances. Affable and universally courteous and accommodating, we predict for him a most satisfactory term of office. The popularity of his administration can but be increased by the thorough efficiency and courteous consideration of Mr. Wheatley, his assistant.

The letter box, after having been repainted, has been placed at Stam's corner.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown laid aside the responsible duties of the office just as they had conducted those duties throughout a term of over four years,—gracefully, courteously and as but few others could have done it. In saying that their administration of the responsible duties of the office has been efficient and preeminently satisfactory, is but voicing the sentiments, we believe, of the entire community, and we have little fear that a solitary patron of the office will take issue with us on this point. Courteous, considerate and obliging to all, irrespective of political persuasion, age, color or condition, Mr. and Mrs. Brown may retire from their official life with a consciousness of duties splendidly performed, satisfaction given, and carrying with them the esteem and confidence of all.

THE CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT ON.

The Denton *Journal* makes, in part, the following eloquent appeal for Caroline county in the Congressional fight:

From Caroline the names of two honored gentlemen are in the list. One, the Hon. Henry R. Lewis, the other, Hon. John F. Dawson, ex-State Senator. It is scarcely probable, however, that a contest will prevail here, so thoroughly is the Democracy of the county united upon the name of Mr. Dawson.

It has now been *more than a half century* since she has been honored with a candidate for a governor, a senator, a congressman, a judge or any other important public position. During this period—

Kent has had her Senators, her judges and her comptroller.

Queen Anne's has had her Governors, her Congressmen, her judges, her comptrollers and other public offices "too numerous to mention."

Talbot, oh! Talbot, you have always claimed *all*—and most generally you got it.

Dorchester, too, has had her full quota of the nominations, and so on with all the counties in the district except Caroline. For full fifty years she has always met her sister counties at the various conventional feasts; stood meekly by while the others were largely helped and she sent home to "want a little longer," and this, too, without a murmur upon her part.

This fall she will again seek the favor of her sisters, presenting to them the name of a gentleman who is the peer of any man in the First Congressional District.

Up to the present, the following names have been mentioned in connection with the congressional compaign as successor to Congressman R. F. Brattan, who, it is generally conceded, will not be a candidate because of ill health: In Kent, Harrison W. Vickers and James A. Pearce; Queen Anne's, John B. Brown and Edwin H. Brown; Caroline, Henry R. Lewis and ex-State Senator John F. Dawson; Dorchester, State Senator Joseph H. Johnson; Worcester, State Senator John Walter Smith and Wm. Sydney Wilson; Somerset, Joshua W. Miles; Wicomico, ex-Governor Jackson and State Senator E. Stanley Toadvin.

The Salisbury *News* says: "The only office of importance Wicomico has ever had is that of Governor, in which office Queen Anne's, Talbot and Dorchester have also been frequently represented. Kent, Queen Anne's, Talbot, Caroline, Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester have been frequently represented in the halls of Congress. Kent has had three congressmen, Queen Anne's six, Talbot nine, Caroline one, Dorchester five, Somerset twelve and Worcester six. So it will be seen that every county in the First Congressional District has been represented in Congress except Wicomico. The Democrats of this county now think it time that the county was honored with a Congressman. Either the Ex-Governor or the present State Senator would make a faithful and influential representative, and we would like to see either of them honored with the office.

"The Republicans of the district say they propose to conduct a lively campaign and will make it hot for the Democratic nominee. Like the Democrats, there is no end to probable canditates for the nomination. The names of Charles T. Westcott, of Kent; M. M. Higgins and A. L. Tharp, of Talbot; George M. Russum, of Caroline; Robt. P. Graham, of Wicomico; A. D. Melvin, of Worcester; J. A. Waddell and Phillip L. Goldsborough, of Dorchester, have been mentioned in connection with the nomination. Of late the name of Benjamin F. Parlett, of Easton, has been brought prominently forward.

THE FRUIT OUTLOOK.

The Prospects at Home and Abroad.

Though it is true that the peach is never a safe crop to the farmer until the proceeds are actually in hand, there is, as a matter of course, much interest felt in the outlook through all of its stages of development. While there are many differences of opinion relative to the crop prospects, one thing is certain, and that is, that the crop is badly cut on the Maryland and Delaware Peninsula, Kent and Queen Anne's counties included. Several valuable and interesting opinions of the outlook in Kent will be found in the proceedings of the Still Pond Farmers' Club, in another column.

A personal investigation of the handsome orchard of Harrison W. Vickers, on the farm near Chestertown, tenanted by Mr. Ray Bowers, showed the smock trees with a full crop, some other varieties with a fair crop, the middle varieties with only a slight sprinkling and the early varieties with only a fair crop.

The apricot, usually one of the most easily effected of our fruits, seems to have escaped the ravages of the frosts. Mr. Willard Melvin states that on his trees there is a full crop, and the fruit is well developed. His plum trees are also well loaded with fruit.

At the home of Mr. Jervis Spencer, however, apricots are badly damaged, while Mr. W. S. Walker gives encouraging reports of his prospects for a crop.

Mr. George Bell reports a paying crop of peaches in his orchard. Of course fruit of some varieties is scarce, while smock and some other varieties promise well for a paying crop.

Mr. Blackiston, of near Rock Hall, reports Keifer pears but slightly, if at all damaged in the lower part of the county, though Duchess have in many cases been seriously hurt.

OUT OF THE COUNTY.

Fruit growers are more hopeful than they were immediately after the cold snaps a short time ago. The peach crop will be very short but it is thought the scarcity will increase the profits and so make the yield remunerative. The general anticipation is that there will be about one third of a crop, and that quantity is marketed with less trouble and expense and sometimes with as much clear gain as a much greater yield.—*Delaware Democrat.*

Reports received from the upper bayside region of Accomac, Virginia, indicate that the damage done to sweet potato beds and early trucks by the high tides recently, is much greater than was at first supposed. All the low-lying lands were flooded to the depth of several inches. Nearly all the sweet potato beds were ruined, and the strawberry fields were either ruined or greatly damaged. One man who had just planted out thirty-five thousand strawberry plants, says they have all been killed.

Last Monday, Mr. John A. Nicodemus, of Edgemont, passed through town on his way to his peach farm at Winchester, Va. He reported his crop in the mountains as wholly killed, and on his return from Virginia, Friday, he informed us that one-fourth of his crop, there, is safe as to three varieties—Salways, Smock and Levy's Late.—*Hagerstown Mail.*

Court News.

Orphans' conrt, May 1, 1894. Present Judges Harris, Moffett and Burgess. The last will and testament of Benj. T. Biggs was filed for record. The last will and testament of James A. Jones was admitted to probate. John W. Palmer, executor of Kate Dillhofer, filed account of sales of personal estate of said deceased. Court was further engaged in passing sundry orders and accounts.

THE STILL POND FARMERS' CLUB.

New Crops—Old Profits, and Many Other Subjects of More Than Passing Interest, Discussed.

STILL POND, April 26, 1894.

EDITORS TRANSCRIPT:—The Farmers' Club met to day at the residence of Mr. James S. Harris. There was a large attendance, in spite of the fact that it is a very busy season with the farmers. The members have evidently made up their minds that there is more gained than lost by punctual attendance, and the interest seems to increase as the years go by. Our president being absent on jury duty, Rev. J. D. Kemp was called to the chair, and rapped the meeting to order. The minutes were then read and approved, after which a long talk on cucumbers for pickles and how to raise them, was indulged in. The talk was largely speculative, but experiments will be made this season to determine whether there is any "pay" in them or not. The members were very careful not to give any estimate of what it would cost to grow them, because there was a report current that the club was injuring the farming interests of the community by publishing its opinions of what tomatoes, lambs and wool could be raised for, thereby enabling buyers to fix the price at cost. Thank fortune, we have never given ourselves away on wheat yet, and as long as we can keep them in the dark in regard to that and the cowcumbers, I guess we are safe. They came mighty near catching us on chickens at the Febuary meeting, and if they had, what would have become of our poor wives and daughters? But we have our eyes open now, "thanks to some friends outside."

The members were then called on to report on the condition of the fruit in their several neighborhoods. J. S. Harris reported early and late varieties of peaches good, middle varieties only a sprinkling, Keiffer pears badly hurt, Bartlett and Howell good, Duchess fair, and blackberries in good condition. Jas. S. Harris reported about the same for Howell's Point, with raspberries very poor. E. B. Pennington: Peaches, none worth speaking of; pears, about the same as above; blackberries in better condition than last year. J. R. Jarrell: No peaches except smock. G. W. Rodenhiser did not think any variety except smock very promising, and the balance of the reports agreed with these as far as they had examined. A poor prospect for raspberries was reported by all. Mr. E. B. Pennington thought that strawberries would pay better than raspberries, and advised planting them in the fall. Mr. T. J. Shallcross objected to fall planting, as they did not get rooted and would be thrown out and killed in the winter. Mr. Pennington then suggested August or early in September as the time. He said it was almost impossible to get a large patch set out early enough in the spring, and they would have to be worked for a whole year, but by planting in August you could get a crop of hay before the ground need be broken, and they would need very little more work that year. This Mr. Shallcross agreed to, but both gentlemen thought it would be best to start with an acre or so, and then use your own plants to increase with, as plants in large quantities from a distance were almost sure to heat, and there would be a heavy percentage of loss in them.

A report on asparagus was then called for. Cutting was reported earlier than usual, but the quantity as yet was stated as small on account of the weather not being warm enough. There were no bugs bothering it yet.

The question was then asked: Has there been as much planted this spring as usual? Mr. Shallcross stated that he had sold about fifty thousand crowns in the county, and this was thought to be about all that had been planted. Very little had been planted within the scope known by the club.

The next inquiry was: Has there been any amount of fruit trees planted? This was answered in the negative. Outside of a few thousand pear trees, the members had no knowledge of any being planted, and no very extensive planting of berries was known of.

Gooseberries and currants were then talked of, but as dinner was announced, the members were persuaded to drop the subject and take a recess.

I was very sorry, Messrs. Editors, that Mr. Hopper was not present, as he had promised me he would be. We had a royal dinner and the day was very fine. He has promised me so often to attend our meetings and failed to do so, that I begin to think he is afraid I may have designs prejudicial to his evident intention of remaining a bachelor for a term of ninety-nine years, but really, he need not be afraid, as I am pretty certain now that I shall make other arrangements, in fact, if this was my first experience, I should say it would be settled next Sunday, certain. Please, Mr. Hopper, come to the next meeting.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The minutes were read and approved. The host said he was not prepared to make an address, but he assured the club that it gave him great pleasure to greet them, and he congratulated the members on the profitable and very pleasant intercourse they had enjoyed for some eight years.

Questions were then declared in order. Mr. E. B. Pennington exhibited some twigs of orange affected with some kind of scale, and asked if any one could tell him what it was. It was the opinion of several members that it was the scale that has been so destructive to the orange groves of California and Florida, but to settle the matter, the secretary was ordered to forward the samples to the Agricultural Department and ask for an expert opinion.

The next question was, When and by whom were the days of the week named? This was a poser, and served to show how poorly informed many people are, for of course the fellow that first taught the English language must have done it, because they are not called by their right names by the people of any other language to this day. The question was referred to Mr. Jos. Harper to be answered at the next meeting.

The next question was, Should we endeavor to educate to the same degree all the children of the family, regardless of individual bent or aspirations? This was discussed by nearly everybody, ladies included. The majority contended that equal opportunities should be given to all, but two or three thought that where one showed particular aptness the parents would be justified in giving it precedence over the others. Mr. Jos. Harper, J. S. Harris, E. B. Pennington, J. D. Kemp, Tilghman Shafer, Mrs. E. B. Pennington, Mrs. Shafer, Mrs. Harris and Mrs. W. D. Pennington, all gave their views in regard to it.

Several questions laid over from last meeting were read and continued.

The regular question, Are farmers making the best use and profit they might from the inauguration of the Agricultural Bureau by the general government? was then taken up and opened by Mr. J. S. Harris, who said: "We all know that our country was from the commencement an agricultural country and controlled by agricultural interests and policies, and prospered with the larger part of her assessed value in that calling, as is shown by the census of 1850, when eight billions was our total assessment, and five billions of it was employed in agriculture. In the next ten years our total wealth doubled, but agriculture did not keep pace with other investments, and then came the demand for the appointment or establishment of our Agricultural Bureau. Looking at it from a farmer's standpoint, we naturally expect, when a special superintendent is appointed over any branch of business, that increased prosperity will follow, but while there was a great increase of agricultural wealth because of the unprecedented settlement of new farming lands which followed the close of the war and the disbandment of the armies, we find it does not keep its relative place in national wealth by long odds. For while the national wealth moved up from sixteen billions in 1860 to thirty billions in 1870, the agricultural wealth moved from seven to eleven in the same time. From 1870 to 1880 our total wealth grew from thirty to forty-five billions, while agriculture advanced only one billion.

The census figures show these facts: That we are being undermined relatively with other occupations, not by restricting the limits of our operations, because from 1865 to 1883 was the period of the unprecedented spread or the acres and increase of our bushels of cereals, and we have to look elsewhere for the causes of this relative decline. The total wealth of our nation in 1890 was sixty-five billions, of which only sixteen billions were invested in agriculture, producing two and one-half billions of products, while six billions invested in manufacturing produced nine billions of product, an amount more than three times the value of the gross farm products, and from a capital only one-third as large as the farmers have invested and pay taxes on, while the great cry still is to exempt manufacturing plants from taxation and exact from the agricultural classes additional burdens to be paid from their steadily and rapidly declining incomes. Declining not only collectively, but individually, and the most startling fact of the last census, is the relative decline as compared with the products of capital invested in manufacture or otherwise, and all this reverse experience commencing immediately after the establishment of our Agricultural Bureau and increasing as the Bureau grows in years. We boast of the fertile soil of the West and Southwest, and truly too, of the large yields of every thing they plant in the ground. Of their live, progressive people, their intelligence, energy, etc., yet the little manufacturing State of Massachusetts added more to her capitol and assessed wealth in the ten last census years than fifty times her area in the most favored part of the agricultural west and south. Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, with seven times her population and fifty times her area, did not compare with her. These facts show that we are not being benefitted by the Agricultural Bureau as was expected. But I believe there are possibilities for us through it. I would not for a moment think of abolishing it, but would encourage closer communication and sympathy between farmers and the Department, and bring them more in touch one with the other, and have our communications intelligent and practical, as well as scientific, so far as it will come within the grasp of our people, and advocate that our agricultural officials look especially and particularly to the interests of the masses of our farmers."

He was followed by Mr. Joseph Harper, who said: The Agricultural Department of France was of more practical use to the farmers than that of any other country. Mr. Krusen said it was useless to look to the Department to relieve the farming interests from the conditions that are oppressing them. All that it could do would be to assist us in exterminating insect enemies, in testing seeds for our information and combatting diseases among cattle. All of which it was successfully doing at the present time.

As the hour for adjournment had arrived, this question was continued for further discussion, and the question, Whether we should take a recess this summer as usual or not, was discussed for some time, and finally referred to the ladies to be decided at the next meeting, which will be held at the residence of Mr. E. B. Pennington, on the last Thursday in May. The club then adjourned. ANNIE ROONEY.

TENCH TILGHMANS' RIDE.

The Magnificent Exploiet of an Eastern Shoreman—His Passage Through Kent.

Brigadier-General Bradley T. Johnson, C. S. A., of Baltimore, has written a life of Gen. George Washington, which is now in the press of Appleton & Co., New York and London. It will form one volume of the series on "Illustrated Commanders," edited by General James Grant Wilson. After giving an elaborate and graphic account of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, Chapter fifteen contains an account of the ride of Tench Tilghman, to whom was given the honor of carrying the news of the surrender at Yorktown to Congress then in session in Philadelphia.

"Hamilton and Laurens had had their chance in the negotiations for the surrender, so fairness required that Tilghman should have the honor of bearing the news of victory to Congress. By 6 o'clock on the evening of the 19th, with his dispatches in his breast pocket he had his horse on an open sailboat flying down the York river. Out in the open bay he turned his bows North, but lost a whole night aground on Tangier shoals on account of the ignorance of his boatmen. Reaching Annapolis, he found that a dispatch, dated the 18th, from De Grasse to Gov. Thomas Sim Lee, had preceded him by a day, so he turned at once with his horse and boat across the bay toward Philadelphia. He lost a day in a calm between Annapolis and Rock Hall, in the county of Kent. From there to Philadelphia is about 80 miles as the crow flies. De Grasse's courier had passed through the country the day before. The people were on tiptoe to hear the news from York. Their hearts stopped as they imagined they heard the great guns of the English and the French booming over the waters in the still night. Mothers, wives, sisters, daughters and sweethearts all looked with wistful eyes to the South for some sign of the issue of the struggle.

It was the supreme effort of American liberty. It was the very crisis of freedom. But the flower of Maryland was in that fight, and the lower counties on the Delaware had sent their bravest and best to back their brethren of the Eastern Shore. One of the miracles of history, attested time and again by indisputable evidence, is that when the minds and hearts of a whole people are at a white heat of excitement and expectation, knowledge comes to them independent of the senses. The Greeks believed that the great god Pan spread the knowledge of victory or defeat at the time of their occurrence, hundreds of miles away. The result of the battle of Plataea was known the day it was fought, and the news of Thermopylae spread over Greece through the silent chambers of the air carried by the arrows of light. The victory of Pharsalia was known in Rome at the time it occurred, and the events of Waterloo were discussed on the London Stock Exchange before it adjourned on the afternoon of June 18.

SPEEDING THROUGH KENT.

So when Tench Tilghman landed at Rock Hall for his hundred miles' ride through the country, he found the hearts and minds of men and women aglow with a divine frenzy. They felt what had occurred without knowing it, and were wild for confirmation by knowledge. Up through Kent without drawing rein, this solitary horseman sped his way. When his horse began to fail he turned to his nearest kinsman—for they were mostly of the same blood—and riding up to the lonely farmhouse would shout "Cornwallis is taken!—a fresh horse for the Congress!" and in a minute he would be remounted and pushing on in a free gallop. All the night of the 23d he rode up the peninsula, not a sound disturbing the silence of the darkness except the beat of his horse's hoofs. Every three or four hours he would ride up to a lonely homestead, still and quiet and dark in the first slumber of the night, and thunder on the door with his sword-hilt, "Cornwallis is taken!—a fresh horse for the Congress!"

Like an electric shock the house would flash with an instant light and echo with the pattering feet of women, and before a dozen greetings could be exchanged, and but a word given of the fate of the loved ones at York, Tilghman would vanish in the gloom, leaving a trail of glory and of joy behind him. So he sped through Kent, across the head of Sassafras, through Christiania by Wilmington, straight on to Philadelphia. The tocsin and the slogan of his news spread like the fire in the dry grass, and left behind him a broad blaze of delirium and of joy.

"CORNWALLIS IS TAKEN!"

"Cornwallis is taken!" passed from mouth to mouth, flew through the air, was wafted on the autumn breeze, shone with the sunlight. "Cornwallis is taken! Liberty is won! Peace is come! Once more husbands, fathers, brothers, sons, lovers, shall return to the hearts that gave them to the cause! Once more shall joy sit on every hearth, and happiness shine over every rooftree." When or where in all the tide of time has such a message been carried to such a people? Liberty with justice! Peace with honor! Victory with glory! Liberty, peace, justice, victory, honor, and glory now and forever, one and inseparable! These were the tidings that Tench Tilghman bore when he rode into Philadelphia at midnight of the 23d, four days from the army of York. The dispatch from DeGrasse had been received, but the Congress and the people waited for Washington. Nothing was true but tidings from him.

Rousing the President of the Congress—McKean—Tilghman delivered his dispatch to him, and the news was instantly made public. The watchmen, as they went their rounds, cried, "Twelve o'clock, all is well, and Cornwallis is taken!" In a minute the whole city was wild; lights flashed in every window; men, women and children poured into the streets. The State House bell rang out its peal, "Liberty throughout the land, to all the inhabitants thereof!" And 13 sovereign and independent States were proclaimed to the world.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Detailed Proceedings of the Closing Days.

The case of Strong against Morgan, a suit to recover $14.65 from C. C. Morgan's bond for over collections on executions, continued from Wednesday.

The case of Emma C. Harrison vs. H. H. Barroll, suit on note, was next called, and decided in favor of plaintiff. Jury trial. Westcott for plaintiff and Barroll for defendant.

The court ordered the bail in each of the following cases forfeited: C. W. Gibson, Jeff Davis, Martin O. Malloy, Benj. T. Mann, for violating the oyster law.

Chas. W. Tyler and Philip J. Price gave bail for their appearance at October court, for oyster violations.

State vs. Isaac Cotton—for assault with intent to kill Chas. B. Bosling, both colored. Jury trial. Slay for State, Barroll for defence.

The grand jury found presentments against Wm. H. McKee and George H. Atkinson for traveling stallions without license; Joseph Bloem, for doing business at Coleman's without license.

Court adjourned for an evening session.

EVENING SESSION.

Verdict brought in in Cotton case, not guilty on first count, but guilty of assault.

Case of State vs. Cotton for assault upon Sophia Bosley. Trial before the court, verdict not guilty. Slay for State, Barroll for defence.

FRIDAY.

After having been out all night without coming to an agreement, the jury in the Strong-Morgan case were discharged. Seven for defendant and five for plaintiff.

In the case of the State vs. Amos Scoone, charged with shooting Thomas Smith, on Eastern Neck Island, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of common assault, and a fine of $1.00 and costs was imposed, with confinement in the county jail for six months.

The court imposed a fine of $1 and costs upon Isaac Cotton and confinement in county jail for two weeks.

Court adjourned sine die at 3 o'clock.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.
[SEAL.] A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Stam's Hall, Tuesday, May 8

THE ORIGINAL

BELLE BOYD,

—THE FAMOUS—

REBEL SPY,

in a dramatic narrative of her own exploits and experiences, associated with

Nat B. Heigh's Comedians!

IN AN UP-TO-DATE SKIT,

"The Man of Nerve."

Written to make people laugh.
Admission, 25 and 35 cents; Children, 15 cents.

LECTURE.

REV. W. M. LISTER,

of Dover Academy, will deliver a Lecture to the Knights of Pythias, in the Town Hall at Kennedyville, on May 18, 1894, at 8 o'clock P. M. All are invited, ladies especially. FREE.

PLASTERING NOTICE.

I am prepared to do all kinds of Plastering and Masonry Work at short notice, and with dispatch.

m3-3t. H. B. SMITH, Chestertown, Maryland.

WANTED.

TO BUY A SECOND-HAND ONE-HORSE CART, Iron Axel. Will pay the Cash.

m3-3t. W. W. PARKS, Still Pond, Kent county, Md.

Notice to Officers.

THE recently appointed officers of Kent county, are notified that their commissions were received on Saturday last, April 28, and unless they qualify within thirty days from that date, their commissions will be null and void.

m3-3t. SAMUEL G. FISHER, Clerk for Kent County.

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that on and after this date (April 14, 1894), I will pay no bills unless contracted by myself.

a19-3t.* THOMAS G. LOCKWARD, Betterton, Md.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore and Delaware Bay Railroad Company, for the election of a Board of Directors for the coming year, will be held at the office of the company in Chestertown, Md., on SATURDAY, the 12th day of MAY, 1894, at 11 o'clock A. M.

a19-4t. SAMUEL KNOX, Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON FIRST MORTGAGE at 6 per cent.
$15,000, $5000, $4000, $2000, $1000, $650, to loan on first mortgage on farms.

a12-3t. HOPE H. BARROLL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chestertown, Md.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Good Farms or Town Property in this county. $100,000 to loan in sums to suit for three or five years.

a12-3m. THOS. HILL, 200, 201, etc., Equitable Building, Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE.

650 Cedar Posts,

A few suitable for post and rail fence, the balance for wire fence. Address,

a12-tf. MRS. FLORENCE J. ROBINSON, Lynch's Station, Kent Co., Md.

NOTICE.

With a view to changing my mode of doing business, I shall, on and after May the first, SELL GOODS FOR CASH AND COUNTRY PRODUCE, and I hope by selling goods at a greatly reduced price, to retain my old customers and convince them that in making this change I am consulting their best interests, as well as my own.

mar22 6t. E. E. HUDSON, Kennedyville, Md.

The Chestertown LAUNDRY

IS OPEN AGAIN.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Laundry Outfit of the late Miss Kate Dillhofer, wishes to inform her friends and the public generally that she has opened and will continue the

LAUNDRY BUSINESS at the Boyd House

On High Street, Near College Avenue.

Persons having any Laundry Work to be done will please have it in by Tuesday night, in order to get it the same week. Thankful for the encouragement we have had to open the Laundry, we shall endeavor to give our patrons complete satisfaction.

a19-2m.* MRS. SARAH GREEN.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration upon the personal estate of

CHARLES P. LOPER,

late of Kent county, Md., deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 19th day of Oct., 1894, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under our hands this 10th day of April, 1894.

a12-4t. SUSAN J. LOPER, WILLIAM H. LOPER, Administrators.

—EUREKA—

Iron Farm Gates.

This Iron Farm Gate is a marvel of Strength, Beauty and Lightness, and VERY CHEAP. Sample on Market House Lot, Chestertown. For sale by

m15-tf. JOSEPH GUEST.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

—OF—

THREE FINE HOUSES

And Lots of Land,

AT LOCUST GROVE.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, Md., in the case of James L. Willis, et al vs. Henry C. Pennington, et al, the undersigned trustee will sell at public auction in front of the Court House door in Chestertown, Md., on

TUESDAY, MAY THE 29, 1894.

between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 12 o'clock noon, all the real estate of James Willis, deceased, situated in the village of Locust Grove, consisting of

ALL THAT FINE

Dwelling & Store House



in excellent condition and repair, now occupied by Owen Hayes; this is an old and well established stand, and is a valuable and desirable property.

ALSO ALL THAT



FRAME DWELLING

AND LOT OF LAND,

now occupied by Aaron W. Tayloy, with usual outbuildings,

—ALSO, A—

Comfortable Dwelling



and LOT OF LAND, occupied by G. M. Jones, formerly occupied by Wm. Erskine. This property is at all times easily rented, and affords a fine opportunity for those desiring investments in real estate in one of the most thrifty and prosperous portions of Kent county. The adjacent country is one of the finest agricultural sections any where to be found.

TERMS OF SALE.

Terms of sale on each lot sold will be One-third of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, the balance in two equal instalments, in one and two years from day of sale, to be secured by the notes or bonds of the purchasers with security to be approved by the trustee, all unpaid purchase money to bear interest from date of sale. Deeds at purchasers' cost.

HOPE H. BARROLL, Trustee.

ANNUAL REPORT

—OF THE—

Commissioners of Chestertown,

For the Period from April 27, 1893, to April 23, 1894.

REVENUE:

Corporation tax levied	$1,977 60	
Fire Insurance Co., water rent	200 00	
Dog tax	93 00	
Pavements repaired	27 77	
Cart license	16 00	
Show license	5 00	
Ground rent	13 00	
Fines	6 00	
Chestertown's proportion of Kent co. levy for road and bridges, '93.	2,282 04	
		$4,620 41

Expenditures:

FOR WORK AND MATERIAL ON STREETS.		
Hauling	$ 512 20	
Labor	251 90	
Laying pavements	59 20	
H. S. Barnett, bricks	139 50	
Shells	1,619 91	
		$2,582 71
Keeping Pumps in Repair		8 50
FOR LIGHTING STREETS:		
Gasoline, lamps and glass	$ 179 79	
Freight on gasoline and lamps	34 45	
Lamp Lighters	150 00	
Lamp Posts	2 00	
		366 24
FOR SUNDRY PURPOSES:		
Thomas W. Eliason, lumber	$ 18 72	
S. F. Smith, cement, etc.	4 96	
Smith & Clements, oil	58	
Thomas S. Dodd, clerk election	4 00	
Wm. T. Sutton & Son, repairing Fire Plugs	5 75	
Wm. L. Fowler, varnishing engine	4 00	
Printing annual report, etc.	75 46	
Hardware and repairing lamps	41 85	
Court certificates, suit H. H. Barroll	47 25	
Blacksmiths	13 45	
Assistant Bailiffs	294 00	
Chestertown Water Company, rent to Dec. 31st, 1894	590 00	
500 feet of hose	275 00	
J. K. Aldridge, 1 lantern	1 00	
Express Co., express on hose	25	
		1,376 27
SALARIES:		
Bailiff and collector		750 00
Total expenditures		$5,083 72
Total revenue 1894		4,620 41
Deficiency 1894		$463 31
Balance from 1893	$3,501 46	
Deficiency 1894	463 31	
Total		$3,038 15
Of which there is in bank	$2,122 04	
In collector's hands collected and uncollected	916 11	
		$3,038 15

CHAS. T. WESTCOTT, President Commissioners of Chestertown.

JOS. N. WHEATLEY, Clerk. a26-3t.

WM. S. CULP

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Coal and Wood,

—ALSO—

Lime, Cement and Baled Hay.

Lee Free Burning and Lehigh Hard Coal always on hand, and other kinds to order at short notice, at the lowest price. Also, Bituminous Coal. 2240 lbs. to the ton.

Sawed and Split Pine and Oak Wood.

Wood Sawed any length to order.

Wrightsville and Baltimore Alum Lime for building and whitewashing. Plastering Hair. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Coal furnished at any station on the B. & D.B. R.R.

Feb. 16, 1893. WILLIAM S. CULP, CHESTERTOWN, MD

Spring Announcement.

I am now handling the

A. W. STEVINS & SON'S

Engines and Threshers,

the best on the market. I also sell

A GOOD STACKER;

one that I can recommend to give satisfaction.

A FULL LINE OF

Agricultural Implements!

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

AM AGENT FOR THE

Jones' Lock-Wire Farm Fence,

an economical and effective stock-proof Fence.

I ALSO HAVE A FULL LINE OF

Fine Buggies, Carriages,

etc. Have sold many of these throughout the county, and they have given universal satisfaction. I invite the public to call and examine my entire stock

A. F. HUEY,

April 5, 1894. MASSEY'S, MD.

THE EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Largest Surplus!

Strongest Financially!

Most Economically Managed!

It Stands at the Head!

No other Company can show such favorable results to policy-holders on policies now maturing.

Business People almost as universally now assure their lives as they do their houses. The beneficial results of Life Insurance are not questioned.

When contemplating insurance, be sure that the company selected will supply the best guarantee.

C. G. WOODALL,

March 8, 1894—y. SPECIAL AGENT

At J. K. Aldridge & Co.'s

Hardware Store.



Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

Fire-Place Heaters, Golden Sun, Splendid and Washington, Double Heaters, Cook Stoves and Ranges,

Pocket Knives, Carving Knives and Forks, Nut Crackers and Picks in sets, Bread and Cake Boxes, Toilet Sets, Cake and Pie Pans, Carpet Sweepers, Children's Waiters, Crumb Brushes and Trays, Bird Cages, Guns, Christmas Tree Holders, Skates, different sizes and kinds, Ladies' Skates with ankle supports, cheaper than ever, Skate Bags at

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.'.

ORGANIZED 1850.

—THE OLD—

U. S. Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Policies Incontestable and Nonforfeitable.

The Continuable Term Policy

of the United States Life is the cheapest Insurance issued by any Old Line Company.

The Guaranteed Income Policy

of the

UNITED STATES LIFE

has the largest loan values of any policy issued, and its every condition stated in the contract.

If contemplating insurance, address or call upon

W. H. STEWART, JR.,
SPECIAL AGENT,
16 S. Holliday Street, Baltimore, Md.,
or Chestertown, Md., Box 47.

COAL AND WOOD

OWING to the scarcity of money we will sell at a very small advance above cost FOR THE CASH. Remember, we sell

The Lea Coal

WHICH IS THE BEST WHITE ASH COAL FOR GENERAL USE.

Probably it will be to your advantage to get our prices and examine our stock before you purchase.

2240 POUNDS FOR ONE TON.

Office on Cannon street, near Princess.

J. T. TWILLEY,

THE SPRING SEASON

Has Opened,

—AND—

Prices Way Down

Fruit of the Loom Muslin,
1 Yard Wide, 8 1-2 cents.
Andrewscoggin Muslin,
1 Yard Wide, 7 1-2 cents.
Good Quality Sheeting, - 18 "
Good Apron Ginghams, - 5 "
Best Plain Prints, fast colors, 5 1-2c.

Full Line of Other Domestics

at Bottom Prices. Also a full line of the

LATEST STYLES OF

Dress Goods

WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.

Also a full line of MOIRE; also a full line of

Laces, Hamburgs and NOTIONS

of all kinds and the latest.

+OUR+

Millinery Department

is now ready with a

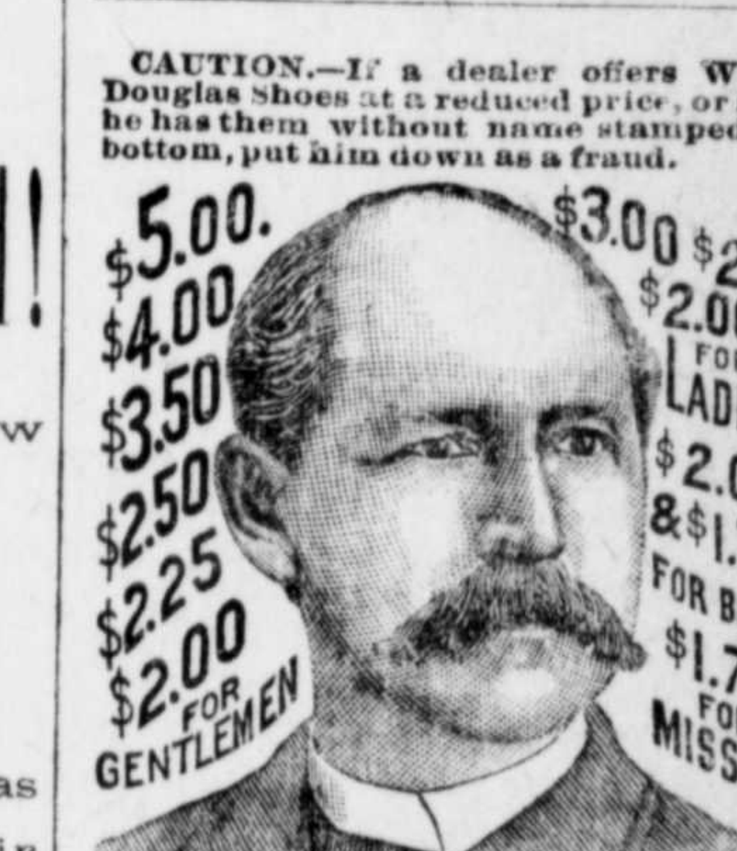
Full Line of Spring Goods

Come and see us before buying.

A Fashion Sheet given to every customer *free*. We will also furnish all kinds of Paterns. Remember the place.

R. BERGEN'S.

CAUTION.—If a dealer offers W. L. Douglas Shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without name stamped on bottom, put him down as a fraud.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application. Address, W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

WESTCOTT & DODD.

FOR SALE.

Forty Colonies of Pure-Bred ITALIAN BEES,

in latest improved Dovetailed Simplicity Hives; Also all FIXTURES necessary to run a first-class APIARY. Have paid for themselves every year. Price, $150.00; Terms, twelve months, with approved security.

W. R. McKNETT,

BREEDER OF THE THREE BEST

General-Purpose Fowls Known,

KENNEDYVILLE, MD.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

I have been associated with

J. K. B. EMORY & CO.,

318 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, for a number of years, and we are in better position now than heretofore to offer farmers inducements to dispose of their Grain through us. Care, promptness and *Cash Settlements* have increased our business. We handle Grain by vessel or railroad. Mr. Emory has been in this business forty years, and we can assure most careful attention to all consignments. All Grain settled for immediately upon delivery.

Call or Address,

HIRAM M. BROWN,

March 15, 1894. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Canning House

MACHINERY

Furnished or Fitted Up and Repaired.

Having had extensive experience in all of the branches of canning house machinery, I will be glad to have an opportunity to bid on the canning house outfits which are to be put in in the different sections of the county. REPAIRS done on all kinds of Agricultural Implements, Engines, Threshers, Pipe Fitting, etc. Farmers should overhaul their farming implements and have them Repaired ready for spring work.

C. W. BAUMGARDNER.

NOTICE.

The board of County Commissioners for Kent county, give notice that no articles or supplies of any kind for Kent county, purchased by any county officer, supervisor or agent will be recognized by the board unless such purchase or purchases have been made upon the written order of the County Commissioner of the district in which the party purchasing such supplies or goods may reside.

T. J. SHALLCROSS, Pres
R. C. MORGAN,
G. W. RODENHISER,
JOHN A. GROVES,
HORACE A. WILLSON,
Commissioners.

Test—T. Waters Russell, clerk

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of the sale of the real estate of Kitty Miller.

In the Orphans' Court for Kent County in Equity.

ORDERED, this 11th day of April, 1894, by the Orphans' court for Kent county, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Hope H. Barroll, trustee, appointed by a decree of this court to make said sale, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 11th day of June next;—Provided that a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Kent county, Md., once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May next. The report states the amount of sales to be $155.

JAMES T. DIXON, Register.

True Copy—Test:
a12-4t. JAMES T. DIXON, Register.