DR. CHARLES RICHARD TWILLEY,
Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery,

Having enlarged and otherwise added to the conveniences of my office on Main street, I am prepared to perform operations in advanced Dentistry in the most approved style.

☞ EXTRACTING TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.

☞ I will be at Rock Hall, every Thursday and may be found at the residence of Mrs. Abe Casey.

Office 115 Main street, With Dr. J. T. Twilley.

MEDICAL ANNOUNCDMENT.

I take pleasure in announcing to the friends and patients of the late Dr. T. H. Cooper and to the public generally, that I have purchased all of Dr. Thomas H. Cooper's SPECIAL REMEDIES and offer them to the public. The merit of these remedies are widely known and I am in full possession of his recipes. Any one needing these remedies will find me at
34 High St., next door to McFeely's Furniture Store, each day in the week.
DR. F. W. HODGKIN,
April 7-tf. Chestertown, Md.

DR. H. BENGE SIMMONS,
HOMOEPATHIC Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence in the house recently vacated by Mr. W. O. H. Knight, opposite Market Space, Chestertown, Md. a28-3t.

DR. J. G. EMERSON,
DENTIST.
☞ Ex-Demonstrator of University of Maryland.
Three Doors from Cahall's Corner,
Chestertown, - - - Maryland

C. P. GILPIN, DENTIST,
Chestertown Md.,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND.
OFFICE HOURS:—8.30 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 4 P.M.
☞ Teeth extracted by local anesthetics and comparatively without pain.
Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. Nov. 29-tf.

LEWIN W. WICKES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Chestertown, - - - - Maryland.

WILLIAM W. BECK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Chestertown, Maryland
Office opposite Market Square.

CLARENCE W. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
10 South Street, Room 35, Baltimore, Md., will attend the jury terms of the Circuit Court for Kent county.
All business intrusted to his care will receive careful and prompt attention.

WILLIAM P. IRELAND,
FRUIT, PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 121 Callowhill Street,
PHILADELPHIA

WM. B. McCADDEN & CO.,
Established 1890.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Fresh Fish, Hard and Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Game, etc.
104 Water Street, Baltimore, Md.
Consignments solicited.
Daily returns made in cash or by check.
WM. B. McCADDEN & CO.

Stewart Fruit Company.
WHOLESALE
FRUIT, PRODUCE AND GRAIN
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
118 E. Pratt Street, Baltimore.
Reference, Merchants' National Bank.

CHAS. H. LONEY. GEO. B. PROBERT.
COMEGYS BROWN
—WITH—
LONEY & CO.,
Successors to Wright & Loney.
FLOUR, GRAIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 215 S. Charles Street Baltimore, Md.
☞ REFERENCES.—Drovers and Mechanics National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayette, Sts.

Established 1877.
J. E. HENDRICKSON & CO.,
Live Stock
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
30th & Market, Philadelphia.
We handle Live Stock, and have all facilities for this line of trade. We solicit the patronage of shippers, and guarantee to make prompt returns. Give us a trial and be convinced.
Jan. 16, 1896.

G. W. ROEDER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
S. E. Cor. Charles and Camden Sts.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Grain, Fruits, Vegetables, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, Hides, wool, Furs, Feathers, Tallow, Bees-wax, Oysters, Fish, Crabs, etc. Returns sent daily.
REFERENCES.—Traders National Bank, Bradstreet's and Dunn's Mercantile Agencies, and the Business Community.

DID NOT SELL OUT!
WILL RESUME.
Will furnish those who are in want of
Gal. Smooth Wire,
all sizes:
Cable and Barb Wire,
Poultry Wire,
(old and new style), new style pretty and much stronger than old style. also
Gal. Wire Staples,
all sizes.
Thanks for past patronage
JOSEPH GUEST,
Feb. 23, 1899. Chestertown, Md.

Jas. W. Stevens. R. Nelson Stevens.
STEVENS BROS.,
Members Chamber of Commerce,
Grain, Fruit and Produce
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
206 S. CHARLES STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
REFERENCE-Merchants National Bank

FRANK WRIGHT & Co.
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
304 SOUTH CHARLES STREET,
Baltimore, Md.
Having removed to 305 South Charles St., in the centre of the jobbing trade, and having ample room on the first floor to handle Produce of every description, we respectfully solicit a continuance of past favors, and from shippers generally a trial, we guarantee top mark erprices and prompt returns.
Yours respectfully,
FRANK, WRIGHT &CO.

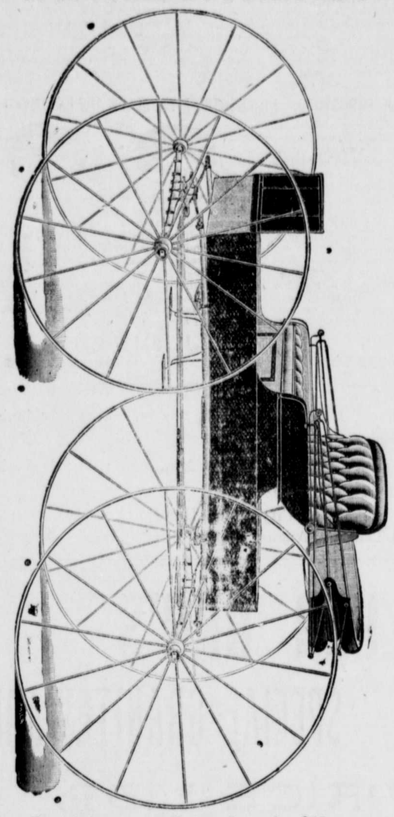
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One square (8 lines nonpariel type) 3 or less insertions, $1.00. Each subsequent insertion 25 cents.
☞ Yearly and Monthly Advertisements at Moderate Rates.

JOB WORK of ALL KINDS
DONE AT MODERATE PRICES.
☞ Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.
Address all business communications to the TRANSCRIPT, Chestertown, Md.

For the Next 30 Days
AT STILL POND.
We are going to offer you our immense stock of
Buggies & Carriages!
at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.



1-Seat Surrey (canopy top), regular price $60, now $47.50
2-Seat Surrey (canopy top), regular price $90, now 75.00
2-Seat Dayton, regular price $60.00, now - - 52.00
Side-bar, leather top, leather boot, leather trimmed and a nice job, regular price $60, now - - 52.50
Side-bar and end springs, leather top and boot, and trimmed in either cloth or leather; good, durable and nice job, regular price 75.00 and 80.00, now $65 and $68
Side-bar, leather top and boot, leather covered bows and fine cloth trimming, regular price $100, now 85.00
End springs, leather top, leather covered bows, leather boot and full leather trimmings; nice, stylish and good job, regular prices $75 and $85, now $65 and 70
Ladies' full leather top and leather trimmed Phaeton, a beautiful, light and nice job, regular price $95, now 80.00
Side-bar Spindle Wagons, leather trimmed, regular price 26.00 and 30.00, now - 23.00 and 25.00

These are only a few of our RARE BARGAINS that we have to offer you. If you will visit our place we will show you the goods and give you the RIGHT PRICES.
ISAAC ROBINSON,
Still Pond, Md. Town Hall

FARMERS AND LAND OWNERS
Why not Look to Your Interest
In the Improvement of your lands, while grain is a good price and the indications have an upward tendency. Does it pay to let your land sour and degenerate for want of a stimulant? We answer no. The question arises how are we to get the best results from our crops and at the same time raise the standard of our land? We answer by the use of lime. Well, what Lime do you think will give the best results? We think
The Celebrated Kerr's Wrightsville Lime,
which has stood the test for many years by our oldest and most prosperous land owners. We can furnish you with other limes as you may wish, all of which will be delivered to any station on the Balto. & Del. Bay R. R. at short notice on reasonable terms. Last but not least is the well known
Standard Lime and Stone Company's Lime,
which has been the greatest selling Lime on the market; this Lime runs 97 per cent. of pure Carbonate of Lime. We can deliver this Lime by water to any point on the Chesapeake Bay or tributaries on reasonable notice, We would be pleased to have you call on or write us before placing your orders.
COAL AND WOOD.
Building and White Wash Lime, Cements, Baled Hay, Roofing Felt and Terra Cotta Piping, all of which will be sold at city price. Hoping you may favor us with your orders and we will promise to try and please you. Thanking you for past favors, I remain, yours for business,
J. D. BACCHUS,
March 3,1898. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

ELWOOD WHALEY'S
Horse-Shoei g Shop
ON CROSS STREET,
is open for the year 1899, where he is able to give his trade first-class work. Now a word for my LOW-DOWN
Three-Spring Dearborns.
No jolting and shaking you out when you go to the creamery. They ride easy.
I Also Sell the McCormick,
the world's best Harvester. I also keep on hand all the REPAIRS.
Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, and soliciting a continuance of the same in the future, I am
Very truly,
ELWOOD WHALEY,
East Cross street, Chestertown, Md.

Plumbing and Machine Work
Executed in a Skillful Manner in Every Detail Steam and Hot Water Heating. Pipe and Pipe Fittings, Plumming Materials, Bath Tubs and Sanitary Arrangements. Also, Rubber Hose and Hose Fittings.
Wind Mills & Pumps, Every Description
Special attention to
REPAIRING ENGINES AND BOILERS.
☞ Also, BICYCLES REPAIRED.
FRANK M. MILLER,
Kent News Building, Chestertown, Md.

NOW IS THE TIME TO
PAINT and PAPER
Your House
BE sure you get the BEST WORKMEN and the BEST MATERIAL. Don't waste good money on bad material. Masury's Paints are the best on the market. We are the sole agents for this district, and are always ready to show you sample cards and quote prices.
We Will Paper Your Room for $3 and upwards,
and guarantee satisfaction or no money. If
You Want Your Pictures FRAMED,
call and see our selections of Moulding before going elsewhere. They are the finest in town. We can be found at the old stand formerly occupied by P. T. McFeely.
Yours for Business,
W. L. FOWLER,
March 30, 1899. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Farmers and Land Owners
LOOK!
IF YOU WANT to get a nice looking fence and one that will make your place look nice, why buy the Chandlee Fence Lock and Picket, the *best* and *cheapest* fence now on the market. It has a steel picket and galvanized lock and can never rust or get out of shape. It will pay you big to tear down your old rail fence and grub up the old holey thorn hedges, and put up a nice looking fence. It will increase the value of your farm 25 per cent. No farm is complete without good fencing. Both plain and barb wire sold lower than any in the county, for cash only.
m4-2m G. F. CLARK, Worton Station.

YOU MAY WONDER
WHAT WE MEAN BY
BALL BEARINGS
—AND—
ROTARY MOTION



IN OUR NEW NO. 9
SEWING MACHINE!
We adapted the bicycle principle to give ease of operation where the hard wear comes in the bearings. The new hook does away with a "Shuttle," the revolutions are exact and steady, giving a perfect stitch. Fifty years of manufacturing enables us to produce something entirely first-class; no part of the machine is slighted in its construction; fully guaranteed. The only really 'cheap' Sewing Machine is the one that lasts a life-time.
Remember the name,



Wheeler & Wilson.
For sale by the well-known and reliable agent,
CHAS. J. REICHE,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

ALWAYS WORK FOR RESULTS.
You may obtain them by using
LEA'S
Best, Clifton, La Plume
—OR—
Blue Bell
FLOUR.
Now for Sale by All Merchants.

W. H. Krusen,
Funeral
Director
and Embalmer.
☞ Finest equipments on the Eastern Shore. All telephone messages paid by us.
Fine Tombstones and Monuments
at reasonable figures.
W. H. KRUSEN,
Telephone 441. Still Pond, Md.

No. 212 Main St.
IS THE PLACE TO GET
Groceries, Fruits, Confectioneries,
TOBACCO, CIGARS,
and many other articles at Bargain Prices.
Now is the time we are running our
NOTED SOFT DRINKS
Once a customer, always a customer, because our prices are moderate, and we never misrepresent our goods.
WM. S. McDONNELL,
Chestertown, Md.

New Business
AT GEORGETOWN.
☞ Having purchased a large stock of BEST STONE CHINA DISHES of all kinds at a low figure. Call and see them.
☞ In additiou to my business I am driving a Wagon through the neighborhood buying Eggs and am prepared to give the highest market price for them.
HAVING purchased the stock of goods of Mrs. S. A. Biggs at Georgetown, I wish to announce to the public that I propose to keep a full stock of
Dry Goods and Groceries!
at rock-bottom prices. A large and varied stock of SHOES will be a specialty of this new business. Call and see us at our new stand.
Respt.,
A. LEYBOLD,
a30-y. Georgetown, Md.

Are You Ever Depressed?
And is it not due to nervous exhaustion? Things always look so much brighter when we are in good health. How can you have courage when suffering with headache, nervous prostration and great physical weakness?
Would you not like to be rid of this depression of spirits?
How? By removing the cause. By taking
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
It gives activity to all parts that carry away useless and poisonous materials from your body. It removes the cause of your suffering, because it removes all impurities from your blood. Send for our book on Nervousness.
To keep in good health you must have perfect action of the bowels. Ayer's Pills cure constipation and biliousness.
Write to our Doctors.
Perhaps you would like to consult some eminent physicians about your condition. Then write us freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

Study Your Interest
—AND—
Insure Yur Property
—IN THE—
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
OF KENT COUNTY.
ITS TOTAL ASSETS ARE:

STOCKS, BONDS, REAL STAT, and cash	$64,608 08
PREMIUM NOTS - - -	188,176 00
TOTAL - - - -	$252,784 08

Their New Policies cover all losses by lightning whether fire ensues or not.
Their New policies cover all losses from fire occasioned by the use of fire engines when used with proper care. See regulations of policies.
Their New policies are transferable upon approval of treasurer.
Liberal in Terms and Settlements.
The business of '95, '96, '97, and '98 saved to the policy holders of the company $16,261.92.
The Company during these years also returned to holders of cancelled policies $22,156.55.
Applications for Insurance can be made to

JAMES R. JONES	Millington
JAMES BRICE	Chestertown.
C. J. SCOTT	Galena
GEORGE E. OWENS	Betterton.
ELLSWORTH BOWERS	Lynch's.
JOS. DOWNEY	Rock Hall.
E. S. VALLIANT	Church Hill
A. M. KENDALL	Fairlee.

THOMAS W. ELIASON, Pres.
GEO. B. WESTCOTT, Sec. and Treas.

Eggs For Hatching,



THEN THE CHICKENS.
I have several pens of Barred Plymouth Rocks, headed by fine cockerels and cocks of noted breeders. Eggs $1.00 for 15, or $5 a hundred.
ROBERT W. LUSBY,
march 16-3t. Kennedyville, Md.

LUMBER.
LUMBER.
SHINGLES. SHINGLES.
N. C. FLOORING,
GA. FLOORING,
VA. PINE FRAME STUFF,
GA. " "
VA. PINE SIDING,
WHITE PINE SIDING,
WHITE PINE BARN & CULL B'DS
CYPRESS FENCING,
DOORS, SASH,
BLINDS,
MOULDINGS, ETC.,
—FOR SALE BY—
T. W. ELIASON,

SUBSCRIPTION to the TRANSCRIPT $1.00 per annum.

NEVER THE SAME AGAIN.

When a man gets a nice, fat political job,
He's never the same again;
He looks with contempt on the hard-working mob,
For he's never the same again.
There's a bee in his bonnet, no flies on his cheek;
When his country wants help, he never will speak,
But he'll grow patriotic at so much per week,
And he's never the same again.

When a man wins a pile on a ten-to-one shot,
He's never the same again;
He may afterwards lose all the money he's got,
But he's never the same again.
Even when on his uppers, he always will say:
"Luck will sometime return if I keep up my play,
And just watch me when things begin coming my way!"
So he's never the same again.

If a man takes a drink and it soothes his complaint,
He's never the same again;
For he drinks when he's hearty, and drinks when he's faint,
Till he's never the same again.
Then, it's whiskey for this and it's whiskey for that,
And it's "Doctor, just write a prescription so pat,
That my wife can't object, if she knows what I'm at,"
And he's never the same again.

When a man wins a "Yes" from the girl he would woo,
He's never the same again;
She thinks that she owns him—has paid for him, too,
And he's never the same again.
It's good-bye to his pipe and good-bye to the bowl;
Good-bye to his friends, and good-bye to his soul,
And he follows her 'round like a child a year old,
For he's never the same again.

The times are fast changing; no one can deny
That they're never the same again;
The good days our father's lived, all have passed by,
And it's never the same again.
But wheels and electric lights they never knew;
Nor a trolley-car ride, with a summer girl, too.
So, I'm not a bit sorry, thank goodness! don't you?
It's never the same again! G. L.

A JESUIT FROM ALASKA.

Father Barnum Talks of This Strange Country and its Strange People.

THE ESKIMO AT CLOSE RANGE.

Rev. Francis A. Barnum, a Baltimorean, who has served as a Jesuit missionary in the extreme west of Alaska for the past four years, has returned to this country for the purpose of spending a year in collecting funds to aid in the work of the Catholic missions in that Territory.

He is a son of the late Zenus Barnum, whose father, David Banum, erected old Barnum's Hotel in Baltimore city in 1826. Father Barnum gave up a fortune left him by his brother, Dr. Zenus Barnum, to enter the priesthood, the money going to the McDonough School. He was ordained by Cardinal Gibbons at Woodstock College on August 27, 1887, and for a year or so afterward was a prefect and teacher at Georgetown College, where he had studied in his boyhood. Five years ago he was transferred to the missionary band of the Jesuits and was assigned to work in Mexico. He remained there but for a few months, and from Mexico he was transferred to Alaska. He has familiarized himself with the Eskimo dialect and is preparing a grammar of the language and a translation of the catechism into it.

MISSIONS ON THE GREAT YUKON.

The field of Father Barnum's mission work is not in the southern part, where there is a white population, but a thousand or more miles to the westward and northward, along the valley of the Yukon, which flows across the territory from northwest to southwest.

"The Yukon is one of the big rivers of the world," he said. "Small steamers can ascend it for more than two thousand miles."

It is along this river that the Jesuits carry on their labors, with their main headquarters near its mouth and in the region where most of the Eskimo villages are to be found. There are ten Jesuits there, working under the direction of Rev. Paschale Tosi, who was last year created from Rome Prefect Apostolic of all Alaska.

Rev. William H. Judge, who, like Father Barnum, is a Baltimorean, is stationed at a mission house on the Shageluk, a tributary of the Yukon. The Sisters of St Ann have three houses in the valley and are co-operating with the priests in the work which they are trying to carry on. The priests are kept on the go constantly, traveling hundreds of miles at a time in dog sledges. They go up the Yukon as far as the mines and the territory occupied by the Indians and along the coast to the villages of the Eskimo, who are essentially a coast-dwelling people, never to be found any distance in the interior and always relying mainly for their food upon fish and water animals.

STRANGE ALASKAN SEASONS.

"Winter is the time for traveling with us," said Father Barnum, "and more especially the months of March and April. We have only two seasons, summer and winter—ten months of winter and two months of summer. To be more precise, we have ten months when it is so cold that it is dry and two months of wet cold that correspond with the summers in the States.

"With us the summer is most of the time exceedingly dreary on account of the immense amount of fog. However, when the weather is clear it is very pleasant. The chief beauty of this season consists in the duration of the light. The sky is brilliant all the time. The distance between the points where the sun sets and where it rises is so slight that the last hues of evening merge into the glow of the aurora.

"The ground never thaws in the western part of Alaska. In summer the great wet plains are covered with a rank growth of moss, but as soon as one gets down beneath this the ground is hard and icy. It is this which makes traveling so bad in the summer. The feet and the sledges sink down into the moss with ease and it is very hard to extricate them.

WHEW, JUST THINK OF IT.

"We call fifty-nine degrees below zero a mild winter, and when it doesn't go below that we laugh with joy. When it gets up as high as zero we bank the fires and send the Eskimo children out to play hookey on the ice. It has been frequently said that when the winter is a severe one in the United States it is mild with the Alaskans and vice versa. Last winter we had it very mild, and I was told on reaching this country that the winter here was a severe and hard one.

"Winter comes suddenly and in full regalia; there is no gentle gradation about its approach. The arctic cold is dry and intense. On a calm day one can move about out of doors without discomfort. Of course care has to be taken that the face or hands may not freeze. If there is any wind, the case is very different.

"The dreariest feature of winter is the darkness. The long hours of gloom from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 in the morning render this season monotonous. Most of the time it is cloudy and a lamp is needed the whole day. There is a constant succession of storms, including terrific blizzards, lasting from three to five days, during which one cannot venture out of doors except at the risk of life.

"In March the sun begins to be more powerful and then the eyes are affected by the glare. This snow blindness is extremely troublesome and productive of much pain. Sometimes after a trip the Jesuit fathers are laid up for several days until the inflammation of their eyes has subsided. Smoked spectacles, of course, would prevent snow blindness, but the metallic rims render them unbearable; goggles are much better. About June 10 the ice disappears and the long winter is over at last."

MAILS ONCE A YEAR.

There are people in Baltimore who have six or eight mails a day delivered at their door by uniformed carriers, but the mail only comes once a year to Father Barnum and his fellow-workers when they are in Alaska, and then they have to travel a hundred miles on sledges to get it.

"We are rather out of the line of ordinary travel," he said, "and our region is visited only once a year by a small steamer of the Alaska Fur Company. Mail day is consequently a great day for all of us, and the Island of St. Michael's, where the steamer makes a stop, is the rallying place of all the Catholic and Protestant missionaries, trappers, hunters and fishers for hundreds of miles thereabouts. The boat leaves San Francisco about the 1st of June, and after stopping at Anaiaska, in the Aleutian Islands, gets to us about the 4th of July.

THE ESKIMO AT CLOSE RANGE.

In speaking of the Eskimo Father Barnum said: "It is a common idea that they are a dwarfted and stumpy race, but this is not so. They are magnificent specimens of the human race, well built with closely knitted frames, athletic, energetic and never corpulent. They are very fond of athletic sports and never seem to get tired of running and leaping, playing foot-ball and wrestling.

"The favorite game of the children is nothing more nor less than our game of hop, skip and jump. The women are strong and hard workers, but they have nothing to do but what is strictly woman's work. The old people are treated with the utmost reverance and respect.

"I never saw a row or rumpus or any display of passion or the slightest violation or public decorum in Alaska. In fact, the Alaska people may be said to 'pan out' better than a great many Christians.

A PRIMITIVE RACE.

"You won't find any politics among the Eskimo, for the reason that they have no chief other than the man who happens to be the best hunter and trapper. They have no social grades nor distinctions. Trapping, hunting and fishing are their sole occupations.

"Occasionally you will find an Eskimo who has bought an iron axe, a hatchet or a gun from the white men. They are glad to get hold of a coal oil can, and as for a condensed milk can it is as precious to them as a silver cup or the most priceless of silver treasures in a family here. They carry it with them on their long journeys, after battering its edges so that they can drink out of it.

"During the four years I lived among them I tried hard to find if they had any traditions which would shed any light upon their past history. But I found nothing except a story that their ancestors had once been nearly exterminated by starvation because they did not know how to fish. This would seem to mean that they had come from the interior and had not always lived near the sea. Nowadays they are the most expert fishers in the world. There are no snakes in the country, and yet every time they carve a pipe for themselves they put the outlines of a sea serpent upon it. That made me think they had once lived in a land where there were snakes.

A USE FOR THE STORY-TELLER

"The Eskimos are great story-tellers. When they are all lying around the three sides of a hut some one will call out, 'Tell a story,' and then the man who makes a business of that sort of thing will spin out a long yarn until he finds that every one else has dropped off to sleep. That's what his business is, to talk them to sleep. The stories that are told are always of the blood-and-thunder kind, and I have never heard any one of them in the least degree improper.

"The work of the Protestant and Catholic missionaries cannot be said to be making great headway among the Alaskans. We bring up the children in home schools and are trying to get the old and sick people to let us take care of them, but we cannot overcome the extreme superstition of the great majority. They are horribly filled with ideas of ghosts and of hell, and the shaman or sorcerer is the great man among them. The English language is gradually making its way among them. They have a number of words which the Russian occupation gave them, and the English is now contributing its quota. The children are our main hope for civilizing them."

WOMEN WAGE-EARNERS.

Four Million of Them Make Their Living in the United States.

Four million women in the United States earn their own bread. They have invaded all occupations, and one-third of the persons engaged in professional services are women.

Female teachers and professors number one-quarter of a million, exclusive of teachers of music, who are 34,519 strong, and 10,000 artists and teachers of art.

There are 1143 women clergymen.

Journalists number 888, with 2725 authors and literary persons.

Of chemists, assayers and matallurgists there are two-score lacking one.

Lawyers who are not men are 208.

Female detectives are 279 in number.

Nineteen women brave the dangers of wilds and forest as trappers and guides.

Only two women have been discovered who are veterinary surgeons.

In Texas a woman has the contract for carrying the mails from Kiffe to Seirnal Hall.

Georgia has a woman mail carrier; she travels a forty-mile route tri-weekly. This young woman also manages a farm.

The Chamber of Commerce, Cincinnatti, has a restaurant run by three Scotch women, and they clear about $15,000 yearly, although their annual rental is $5,000.

In New Orleans one of the finest orchestras is composed entirely of women.

In Astoria, L. I., many of the largest hothouses are managed by women.

In New York a blacksmith's shop is managed by three young women.

One of the largest flower-importing establishments in New York is managed by a woman.

All the salted almonds sold by one of New York's largest groceries are prepared by a woman who has a profitable business.

A fact foundry—or an agency for supplying facts upon any subject at a short notice—is the industry of two Chicago women.

Packing trunks is a St. Louis woman's industry.

A conservatory and rose garden in Elmira, N. Y., is owned and managed by a woman.

At the Young Men's Christian Association, Philadelphia, two young women are in charge of the elevators.

Women writ-servers are employed with success.

Buffalo has a woman contractor, who is also a quarry owner; she is the only female member of the Building Exchange.

A Jersey woman makes her living by painting signs.

A Louisiana woman supports herself by raising mint.

The woman manager of a California insurance company is credited with the largest salary paid to any woman—$10,000 a year.

A French Canadian girl is making her bread by cobbling shoes at Lewiston, Me.

A successful ranch owner in Kansas is a woman. There is a saying to the effect that in Kansas there is no interest, no profession, no trade and no deal without a woman in it.

In Boston are two large advertising agencies, the members of both firms being women.

An entire block of houses in New York was papered by a young woman, who takes the contract for such orders from builders.

About 300 girls are employed in the harness trade in New York.—*N. Y. Sun.*

HALL CAINE'S MARRIAGE MAXIMS.

In Hall Caine's new novel there are a pair of delightful lovers who formulate the following rules for their guidance:

1. Since you are married you may as well make the best of it.
2. So make some maxims and try to live up to them.
3. And don't be discouraged if you fail. You will fail, but perhaps you won't always fail.
4. Never both be cross at the same time. Wait your turn.
5. Never cease to be lovers. If you cease some one else may begin.
6. You were gentleman and lady before you were husband and wife. Don't forget it.
7. Keep yourself at your best. It is a compliment to your partner.
8. Keep your ideal high. You may miss it, but it is better to miss a high one than hit a low one.
9. A blind love is a foolish love. Encourage the best.
10. Permanent mutual respect is necessary for permanent mutual love.
11. The tight cord is the easiest to snap.
12. If you take liberties be prepared to give them.
13. There is only one thing worse than quarrels in public. That is caresses.
14. Money is not essential to happiness, but happy people usually have enough.
15. To save some.
16. The easiest way of saving is to do without things.
17. If you can't, then you had better do without a wife.
18. The man who respects his wife does not turn her into a mendicant. Give her a purse of her own.
19. If you save, save at your own expense.
20. In all matters of money, prepare always for the worst and hope for the best.

October Jury List.

Chief Judge James A. Pearce, on Friday drew the following names of jurors for the October term of court:

Robert Wickes *(5),	Lawrence Stevens (5),
W. T. Nicholson (6),	Robt. C. Morgan (6),
M. M. Rasin (6),	Harry Davis (2),
Edward W. Emory (7),	Samuel Mann (5),
R. H. Collins (4),	William Ford (4),
Aug. Hendrickson (1),	Walter T. Morris (3)
McCall M. Rasin (2),	Hamilton L. Crew (3),
H. M. Brown (4),	John C. Wood (5),
Jno. S. Newnam (1),	R. G. Nicholson (4),
W. T. Jones of Henry (2)	John R. S. Aldridge (4),
Thomas Gale (3),	G. Allen Jarman (4),
Francis A. Willis (7),	T. W. Russell (4),
Geo. B. McWhorter (4),	Virgil M. Kendall (5),
H. C. Hendrickson (1),	Carson W. Harris (3),
James M. Wood (5),	D. Arthur Bacchus (4),
E. M. Bonwill (2),	Henry J. Gray (1),
Wm. H. French (3),	Jas. E. Blackiston (5),
Jesse H. Usilton (6),	R. J. McCauley (2),
James Bell (6),	W. F. Collins (3),
W. S. Culp (4)	William Burgess (5),
John E. Beck (5),*	E. E. Leary (5),
John B. Parrott,	Geo. W. Smith (4),
W. T. Jones of James (1)	W. T. Tarbutton (6),
Tilghman Shafer (2),	G. W. Jones of James (1)

*The number following the name indicates the district from which drawn.

Ruskin on Women and War.

Mr. Ruskin, at the close of a lecture on war, made the following remarks to the ladies present: "Only by your command, or by your permission, can any war take place among us. And the real final reason for all the poverty, misery, and rage of battle through Europe is simply that you women, however good and religious, however self-sacrificing for those whom you love, are too selfish and too thoughtless to take pains for any creature out of your immediate circles. Let every christian woman who has conscience toward God vow that she will mourn for His killed creatures. Let every lady in the happy classes of civilized Europe simply vow that, while any cruel war proceeds, she will wear black—a mute's black—with no jewell, no ornament, and I tell you again no war would last a week."

Dig down to the *cause* of your sickness if you want to get well and stay well. Most likely it's indigestion. The irritating poisons of fermenting, putrid food, left in the stomach by indigestion, cause headache, neuralgia, nervousness, dizziness, stomachache, nausea, irritability, and all the other well-known symptoms of indigestion.
They also cause many pains and disorders which are often laid to other causes and hence are not easily cured. But as soon as the poison are *removed*, all these symptoms and disorders *disappear*, because there is nothing left to cause them. Nothing succeeds in this like Shaker Digestive Cordial, because it *prevents* the undigested food from fermenting in the stomach and *helps* the stomach to digest its food.
Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to $1.00 per bottle.

MAKING THE MOST OF FRUITS

Puddings and Pies and Jams and Jellies Galore.

The gooseberries and blackberries, following so quickly the cherries and raspberries, give very little rest to the housewife who is ambitious to make the most of the small fruits, for they must be put up for winter use, as well as enjoyed during their season.

BLACKBERRIES.

Blackberries are delicious fresh served with cream and sugar, and are very tasty eaten with bread and milk. For canning prepare a syrup, and when hot put in berries, and only cook three minutes. Allow one-fourth of a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit.

BLACKBERRY JAM.

Look over, weigh and mash fine, allowing three-fourths of a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit. Boil from 15 to 20 minutes; pour in tumblers and seal the next day.

BLACKBERRY JELLY.

Allow four pints of juice to three pints of sugar; dissolve half a box of gelatine in cold water and add to the juice; boil all together 15 minutes.

BLACKBERRY PUDDING.

Fill a pudding dish three-fourths full of fresh blackberries. Make a crust of one and a half cupfuls of flour, one and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two tablespoonfuls of butter, well mixed through the flour. Add sweet milk enough to make a soft dough and stir with a spoon; bake three-fourths of an hour, and serve with sugar and cream or boiled sauce.

TO PICKLE BLACKBERRIES.

Make a syrup of two pounds of light-brown sugar, one pint of vinegar, a teaspoonful each of ground cloves and cinnamon. When hot put in six pounds of blackberries and cook; skim out in a one-gallon jar, boil syrup ten minutes and pour on berries; cover with saucer or plate to keep berries under liquid, tie up the jar with double cloth and paper over that.

BLACKBERRY SYRUP.

Make a syrup of one pound of sugar and a pint of water; boil until thick and add as many pints of blackberry juice as you had pounds of sugar. Boil 5 minutes.

GOOSEBERRIES.

For sauce pick over green gooseberries, wash, cover with plenty of water and stew soft. Before taking them from the stove add a supply of sugar and cook a few minutes longer.

GOOSEBERRY CATSUP.

To seven pounds of ripe gooseberries (looked over and washed) allow four pounds of light-brown sugar, one pint of vinegar, two ounces each of ground cloves and cinnamon, put in a bag; boil all together three hours; put in a jar and cover well.

GOOSEBERRY JAM.

One pound of sugar to every pound of fruit; cook from 15 to 20 minutes.

CANNED GOOSEBERRIES.

Pick over and wash green gooseberries. Allow two teacupfuls of sugar to each can of fruit. Melt sugar with water enough to dissolve, and when boiling add the fruit and keep whole. For pies use fresh or canned gooseberries.

GOOSEBERRY JELLY.

Take four pounds of unripe gooseberries and cook in two quarts of water, strain through a jelly bag, and allow one pint of sugar to every pint of juice, dissolve half a pint of gelatine and add to the juice to make jelly firm. Boil all together from 15 to 20 minutes.
—*Philadelphia Record.*

GOVERNMENT "WHITEWASH."

How Lime is Mixed With Other Ingredients for use in Many Public Edifices.

In answer to a number of queries for a good whitewash, the Baltimore *Sun* reprinted the recipes most often used in and around government buildings.

"Take half a bushel of unslaked lime, slake it with boiling water, cover during the process to keep in steam, strain the liquid through fine sieve or strainer, and add to it a peck of salt, previously dissolved in warm water, three pounds of ground rice boiled to a thin paste and stirred in while hot, half a pound of powdered Spanish whiting and one pound clean glue, previously dissolved by soaking in cold water and then hanging over a slow fire in a small pot, hung within a larger one filled with water. Add five gallons hot water to the mixture, stir well and let it stand a few days, covered from dirt. It should be applied hot, for which purpose it can be kept in a kettle or a portable furnace.

"Coloring matter may be added as desired. For cream color add yellow ochre; pearl or lead, add lamp or ivory black; fawn, add proportionately four pounds of umber to one pound Indian red and one pound common lampblack; common stone color, add proportionately four pounds raw umber to two pounds lampblack. The east end of the President's house at Washington is embellished by this brilliant whitewash. It is used by the government to whitewash lighthouses, etc."

The following is specially recommended for interior work: "Slake a peck of lime till it is thick and creamy. While it is hot mix with a pint of linseed oil and one-quarter pound of glue, previously dissolved in water. Let the mixture stand several hours before applying it. A little lampblack dissolved in vinegar and mixed with whitewash gives a grayish tint, which may be preferable to pure white; a little umber gives a fawn color, and yellow a cream tint. Very little coloring matter should be used, or the shade will be too dark."

Dewey's Six Thousand Namesakes.

(*From the Troy Times.*)

George Washington is now hopelessly relegated to second place, with Abraham Lincoln a bad third, for having babies named after them Dewey did it. The number of newcomers named after the hero of all heroes is up in the thousands, and they are still coming—babies and names, too. It has been figured out that, according to the ratio in a country of 70,000,000 people, the number of the Admiral's namesakes should reach about 6000 now. Not only the boy babies are eligible to the honor, but many girls have been named Georgiana Dewey, and a few have been called Dewiana. There is one in New York called Dewiana Dooley. When the Admiral reaches that city the Bureau of Vital Statistics will have a rubber stamp made, and it is not improbable that there will be a regiment of young Deweys in baby carriages to greet him. This is another of the penalties of fame.

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