BARGAIN PRICES

—AT—

Abe Cohen's.

Here's the Place to Save Money

Large Wooden Body Express Wagon	59c
Iron Body Express Wagon	89c
Hobby Horses for small children.	59c
Doll Babies, some worth $2.00 and $1.50, now selling at	50c and 25c
1 lb. package of Seeded Raisins, just think	6½c
12 oz package of Seeded Raisins	5¾
1 lb Loose Seedless Raisins, only	7c
1 lb package of Currants, only	7c
¼ lb package of Grated Cocoanut	3¾c
1 lb A No. 1 Chocolates, per pound	24c
English Walnuts, fresh new goods, just think	11½
Almonds, perfectly fresh, per lb	14c
Butter Nuts, fresh new goods, pound	11½c
Well Mixed Nuts, only	11½c
Best Mince Meat, per lb, only	6c
Keystone Mince Meat, per lb, only	9c
American Granulated Sugar, only	5c
Brown Sugar, per lb	4¾c
Pulverized Sugar, per lb, only	6c
Best Green, Black or Mixed Tea, per lb	30c
Best Green Cheese, per lb	12½c
Force, per package	12½c
Oat Meal, Mothers or Quaker, per package	7½c
Levering's Coffee, per lb	11c
Coal Oil, per gallon	10c
3 Bottles of Rumford's Baking Power	25c
3 Cans of Magnolia Milk	25c
Brown and Morris Best Flour. 12 pound sacks	34c

Here is a Snap for Everyone.

Magic Yeast, per box	4c
Gold Dust, per package	4c
All kinds of 5c Yeast Powders	4c
All kinds of 5c Soaps	4c
All kinds of 5c pieces Tobacco	4c
All kinds 5c bags of Tobacco	4c
All kinds of 5c packages of Starch	4c
All kinds of 5c packages of Crackers	4c
All kinds of 5c Essence of Lemon or Vanilla	4c
All kinds of 5c Bags of Tea.	4c
Fresh Bakers Light Bread, per loaf	4c
Quaker Oats, per package	4c
O. N. T. Cotton	4c
A No. 1 Porto Rico Molasses, per pint	4c
Porto Rico Molasses, pint	2c
Buckwheat, light or dark, lb	2¾c
French Mixed Candy	4½c

Furniture.

We have a big run on Furniture, the best goods for the lowest prices.

Floor Oil Cloth by 1, 1¼, 1½ and 2 yards wide, per yard	19c
1 Pattern Oil Cloth, 1½ yards square	35c
A very nice Writing Desk, only.	$2.00
A Nice Heating Stove, only	$1.20

Boots and Shoes

At REDUCED PRICES, and every pair guaranteed, if not satisfactory will refund money. All goods made and sent to us direct from factory.

Men's Overalls, a great job	$3.75

Boys' and Children's Overcoats of all the up-to-date styles.

Youth's Long Pants, all wool, only	89c
Youth's Vests, double or single breasted, only	25c
Men's Heavy Duck Coats.	99c

Large reduction in Ladies' Dress Coats and a number of other articles and goods that we have not space to mention.

We do not aim to sell some articles at a low price, but all articles and goods go at the lowest prices until Christmas.

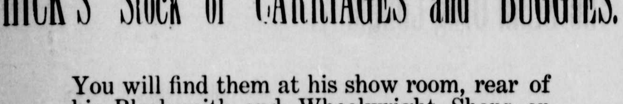
Yourself and children can enjoy your Xmas holidays by purchasing at ABE COHEN'S, Sandy Bottom Department Store Sandy Bottom, Md.

WANTED—1000 Dozen Eggs every week at 34c per dozen, subject to market change without notice, higher or lower. These prices are positively for cash

ABE COHEN,

SANDY BOTTOM, - - - - MARYLAND.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. **Shafer, Redmile & Co.** FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.



FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

GENUINE OLIVER PLOWS AND CASTINGS: the best plow on the market; a full line of 50, 60 and 72-tooth Harrows, Disc Harrows, Spring-Tooth Harrows, Field Rollers, Ohio Sulky Cultivators, Disc Plows, Corn Planters, Transplanters, McCormick Binders, Mowers and Twine. Agents for Kent county for HALLOCK WEEDER, the best on the market.

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY

Visit our New Carriage Emporium, where we have placed a fine selection of No-Top and Top Buggies, Surreys, Poles, Tops, Farm Wagons and Dearborns.

OUR CARRIAGE HARNESS can't be beat.

Our OWN MAKE of Farm Wagons and Dearborns.

Carload of American WOVEN WIRE FENCING, also, Barbed and Smooth Wire and Poultry Wire.

BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHTING.

All Kinds of Repairing attended to promptly.

SHAFER, REDMILE & CO.

KENNEDYVILLE, MARYLAND.

SPRING HAS COME!

—SO HAS—

HICK'S Stock of CARRIAGES and BUGGIES.

You will find them at his show room, rear of his Blacksmith and Wheelwright Shops on Court street; also a line of

Dearborns and Farm Wagons.

We have a few Second-Hand Jobs for sale.

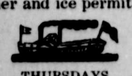
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Wheelwrighting and all kinds of work done in FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH and WHEELWRIGHT SHOPS.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

Sassafras River and Tolchester Lines

[Weather and ice permitting.]



THURSDAYS

Steamer will leave	Fredericktown	at	12.00 noon
" "	Shallcross	at	12.30 noon
" "	Cassidy's	at	12.45 P. M.
" "	Betterton	at	1.15 P. M.
" "	Gale's	at	2.15 P. M.
" "	Tolchester	at	3.00 P. M.

ARRIVING IN BALTIMORE about 6.00 P. M.

Will leave Baltimore Thursdays at 7 A. M. for Betterton and Sassafras River Landings, stopping at Gale's and Tolchester on the return trip.

TOLCHESTER SCHEDULE

SATURDAYS LEAVE BALTIMORE at 7 A.M. and 2.30 P. M. Leave Tolchester at 9.00 A. M. and 4.30 P. M.

TOLCHESTER COMPANY,
Pier 16 Light Street, Baltimore, Md

HOPE H. BARROLL, Att'y.

ORDER NISI.

William T. Lucas, et al,
vs.
George Lucas, et al.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity.

No. 1485.

ORDERED, this 17th day of December, 1904, by the Circuit Court for Kent county in Equity that the sale of the Real Estate mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by Hope H. Barroll, trustee, by virtue of a decree of this court to make said sale be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, next: provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of January next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $180.00.

JAMES T. DIXON, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:

JAMES T. DIXON, Clerk

Subscription to the Transcript $1.00 per annum.

THE CANNED GOODS PACK.

The statistics of the American Grocer are accepted with credence by everyone wishing information regarding the canned goods pack. In a recent article it gives a lot of interesting figures furnishing in a succinct manner much interesting matter to our many readers, who are either canners or else interested as growers. In making its report the article acknowleged its indebtedness to the firms of Smith, Rouse and Webster and Morgan and the Strasburg, Steekel and Hewitt Compay of this county.

The report says that the tomato pack of 1904 turns out to be below the average of the last three years by 745,671 cases, showing a total of 8,968,803 cases as against 10,679,809 in 1903. Maryland is easily the leader with 4,687,224 in 1903 and 3,492,517 in 1904. The falling off in this State alone will be seen to be 1,194,707. The states that packed more than 1903 are Indiana, Ohio, Utah, Missouri, Pennsylvania, Colorado, Iowa, Michigan and Nebraska. The falling off in New Jersey is about one-third, thus holding about the same percentage as Maryland. While it is not perhaps generally known, Indiana is the second state in the Union in the packing of tomatoes.

The output for the past ten years is given as follows:

1895	4,194,780
1896	3,541,188
1897	4,149,441
1898.	5,797,806
1899	7,403,923
1900.	5,849,593
1901.	4,518,221
1902.	9,494,812
1903.	10,679,809
1904.	8,968,803
Total.	64,599,376
Average per year	6,549,938
Average per year 1902-03.	714,474
Average per year 1903 04.	924,306

Special mention is made of the competive exhibit of canned tomatoes at the recent Harford Fair.

"Among the notable events of the year was a competive exhibition in Maryland at the Harford County Fair, largely the result of the brokerage firm of Smith, Rouse and Webster, to raise the quality of the Maryland and Virginia output. The exhibit demostrated that the packers of these states could make their product of unsurpassed quality. There [were sixty-four entries, and expert testimony declared that 'the average quality of all samples submitted was very superior and that there is no county in any state of the United States, except Harford county, Maryland, capable of producing so large a representation of high-class canned tomatoes.' The premium cases sold at $5.25 per case and others at $2.10 per case. This is an example which other tomato packing centers could follow to the great profit of the industry."

The market review is parricularly interesting. At no time was the price of standard tomatoes over 70 cents during the year of 1904. The falling off of Jersey tomatoes over the high price of 1903 was from 10 to 15 cents, while Maryland and Virginia goods went down 25 cents per dozen.

If all packers would only study their own interests a little closer and put up better goods, holding them until consumers would be compelled to pay a fair profit over the cost of production, the permanent advantage to every one interested would be almost incalculable. While we call our local goods "standard," yet, outside of fancy brands, the price realized is frequently for "seconds." This is largely because of lack of sufficient care by canners who regard quantity instead of quality as the measure of success. No county in the United States can excel us, as expert testimony shows, if our packers will only exercise the ordinary prudence that is required of specialists in any of the World's vocations. People today are using more canned goods then ever. The reason is partially on account of increase in population, but more especially because of the growing popularity of this essential food. The higher that the strndard is maintained the more apt people are to buy and eat tomatoes. It is easy to see how a single can of slop could permanently prejudice a whole family of consumers. We realize that this advice is being given more to the exception than to rule of packers. Many of them keep a high standard of excellence, but are compelled to suffer the low prices because a few will not indeavor to pack only the best goods.—*Belair Aegis*

Molecules.

"What are you studying now?" asked Mrs. Cumrox.

"We have taken up the subject of Molecules," answered her son.

"I hope you will be very attentive and practice constantly. I tried to get your father to wear one, but he couldn't make it stay in his eye."—Washington Star.

Not Humorous.

"I see," said the man, "that you don't use the mother-in-law joke any more."

"No," admitted the humorist. "When I set up in business I was told that she was one of the dozen or so orginal jokes, but since my marriage I find that she is no joke at all."—Cleveland Leader.

THE WIFE'S PURSE.

Usually Tells Story of Peace or Discord in the Home.

There Should be a Division of Responsibility—Wives Should be Allowed Spending Money.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

[Copyright, 1904, by Joseph B. Bowles.]

We used to be instruced when we first tackled geography that the equator was an imaginary dividing line running across a certain portion of the earth's surface. The zones, torrid and temperate, held a sympathetic relation to this dividing line.

An equatorial line, imaginary yet material, runs accros the surface of domestic life, and the tropical zones of efflorescent joy and the temperate zones of serene comfort hold a sympathetic relation to it.

On the map of the home the equator's imaginary line may easily be discovered. You have only to look for the signs of the wife's purse. Finding that you may go straight on and unerringly arrive at the haven of peace or discord which the home has reached. If the wife's purse is as it should be all round about the home is a land-locked bay as smooth as glass. If otherwise, if the poor denizens of the home have neglected to order aright the wife's purse, then 'ware shoals. The waters are ruffled. The sea is stormy.

BEGINS IN CHILDHOOD.

The matter strikes a little deeper than the purse. It starts with the pockets. From the day when a little lad dons trousers and the little lass dons short frocks there is an unfair distinction in pockets. This distinction lasts a lifetime with both.

John has at least 14 pockets distributed in convenient localities about his clothing. Probably more.

Jane has not the gnost of a single pocket in an availabe spot. There is the merest fraction of a chance that some benevolent dressmaker has inserted a pocket in the inside lining of Jane's gown, but it might as well be buried in the grave of her grandmother for all the good it is in her. Jane cannot stop in the market and the department store to uplift her skirt and dive into the recesses of her petticoat for note or change, and she does not make the attempt.

Instead see depends on a bag fastened tentatively to her belt and liable to be lost in a crowd. Or she carries her purse in her hand. This would be as dangerous as it looks, if there were ever much in a lady's purse.

Jane's purse itself is apt to be ornamental, made of seal or alligator skin with trimmings of silver: it is dainty and delicate and matches the pretty furniture on her dressing table. It gives her something to hold in her hand besides her muff or her parasol, and complicates the trouble a trifle when she has to clutch a trained skirt.

John's wallet is a big, sensible and uncompromising convenience intended for service.

Bank bills lie flat in its roomy compartments. John can slip a checkbook in it if he likes. His wallet is a pledge of respectable comfort, with no nonsense about it, and such a one was probably carried by the famous Edmund Sparkler. John is chancellor of the exchequer. Jane is usually a rather depressed beggar of the door.

* * * * * * *

WIVES HATE TO ASK FOR MONEY.

Whatever husbands may fancy, their wives have a pronounced and unconquerable aversion to asking them for money. They do ask. What else can they do? But loving and generous tempered men would be sorry if they could even faintly comprehend how much their wives dislike the process, how it spoils the cheerful contentment of the home, how it humilitates a woman in her own eyes to explain where the last supply went and why it was so soon exhausted.

As for those husbands who are stingy, mean and close, who grudgingly furnish their wives with funds for their own or their children's needs, it is useless to appeal to them. They are exceptional, thank goodness. With most men, fortunately, evil is wrought by want of thought, and not by want of heart; this evil certainly.

Every home has some sort of income, unless it be a home of utter squalor. The budget for the year is as important an item in the domicile of the clerk on a small salary as in the mansion of the millionaire. Each man has to purchase for those who bear his name or are dependent upon him, the essentials of food, fuel and dress; to see that they have a shelter, to give the children schooling and books, and to pay doctors and denists at need.

The point is this: As a certain sum is imperative, regulated according to the family style of living, the wife must know its amount and help its disbursement.

If the husband is in receipt of a fixed salary it is not difficult for him to apportion it justly and to meet the separate requirements of his home.

If the man be in business with a fluctuating income, sometimes troubled to keep his bead above the water, his case is more complicated. Nevertheless, he and his wife together may and should arrive at an intelligent conclusion as to what they may and ought to spend.

Once a week or once a month the wife's purse should be replenished. People whose means are small should pay as they go. Running accounts run away with peace of mind, comfort and independence; they also run away with cash. Have no bills unless they can be settled immeadiately on presentation.

Marketing, purchasing of clothing for herself and children, payment of hired help and every expense that falls within her province of home economy belongs to the wife. Money for those purposes ought not to be doled out, but freely given, so that she may carry on her share of the house-hold's financiering.

SOMETHING TO SPEND.

Beyond this she should have a sum, small or large as may be, for her little individual expenses—something to balance what her husband spends for cigars and newspapers and other little things by the way.

To the husband belongs the duty of paying rent, doctors' bills, coal bills and whatever appertains to the externals of the home. If the home is owned as it is well it should be by its occpants, attention to repairs, to papering painting and the like is the part of the man of the house.

No wife is foolishly or recklessly extravagent who has been trained in the right use of money. Treated as a child and seldom trusted, she spends her income needlessly.

But no wife does this who is treated like an equal—a partner in business.

John trusts Jane with the management of the household, the upbringing of the children and the good name of the family. Why not trust her with her share of the money? Why demand that she shall make bricks without straw? It is not fair.

More conjugal infelicity is directly caused by the penurious and unjust attitude of good men toward the wife's purse than by any other of the miserable causes that crop up to our shame in the stories of marriage shipwrecked on the shore of misunderstanding and incompatibility.

BOUGHT THE STATE.

Addicks Now Has no Intention of Showing the White Flag--Doubt About Him Being Elected.

J. Edward Addicks, famous for frienzied financiering, and for more than 12 years a bidder for a United States Senatorship, from Delaware, has given the lie to the declarations of many politicians that he is out of Delaware Senatorial race.

Having by his own admission brouhgt the State of Delaware and paid for it, the gaseous statesman has no intention of displaying the white flag, and at the special session of the Legislature which convened at the State Capitol on Thursday of last week, last week he informed his Assemblymen that he is still in the fight and expects to be elected.

But, in the face of present conditions, it is rather hard to see just how he is going to have his expectations realized. He can count on only twenty-three votes, while twenty-seven are necessary to elect. Two of the twenty-three may vote with the Regular Republican faction. They are Representatives Lyons and Lingo. With two additional Addicks men, they have refused to agree to vote for the Gasman indefinitely.

This fact may result in a complete transformation of the Senatorial situating, and, at least, is expected to prevent a deadlock of any considerable length. The Regulars are confident that they can again defeat Addicks, as they have done in the past, and posibly elect Colonel Henry A. DuPont.

Just the same, Addicks had demonstrated to the satisfaction of all that he will remain in the fight to the last ditch.

Governor Lea to be Inaugurated January 17.

While no formal arrangements have been made for the inauguration of Governor-elect Preston Lea, it is now undisputed that nothing will be done to embarrass the inaugural. Owing to the Legislature failing to organize, nothing has been done toward arranging for inaugural ceremonies on January 17 or the inaugural ball that evening. In years gone by one of the first acts of the General Assembly was to appoint a joint committee on the part of the Senate and House to arrange for the inauguration of the Governor:

The legislative committee generally appoints civic committees on reception, parade, ball and for other purposes to look after the details of the inaugural ceremonies. The actual planning of the inauguration devolves generally upon the civic committee, which from time to time confers with the legislative committee.

As yet none of these steps have been taken, and some persons are wondering whether the inaugural ball will be held. If it is not there will be keen disappointment to many. Possibly some plan may be devised in the Senate and House for the appointment of an amicable committee of Republicans, Union Republicans and Democrats from both branches to go ahead with the details for the inaugural.

Proverbs

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

When mothers are worried because the children do not gain strength and flesh we say give them Scott's Emulsion.

It is like the penny in the milk because it works and because there is something astonishing about it.

Scott's Emulsion is simply a milk of pure cod liver oil with some hypophosphites especially prepared for delicate stomachs.

Children take to it naturally because they like the taste and the remedy takes just as naturally to the children because it is so perfectly adapted to their wants.

For all weak and pale and thin children Scott's Emulsion is the most satisfactory treatment.



We will send you the penny, *i. e.*, a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

SAYS NOAH WAS MILLIONAIRE.

Indianapolis Man Thinks He Has Found Where Ark Was Built.

K. V. Millard, who now resides in Indianapolis, has been for several years studying the archæology of Egypt. For the last year, until his recent return to this country, he was engaged in making excavations at various places on the Nile, especially at Gizeh, in the neighborhood of the great Pyramid of Cheops.

"I have discovered during the last three years," said Mr Millard, "just where Noah lived, where the ark was built, and that Noah built the great pyramid of Khufu, krown as the Pyramid of Gizeh.

"Noah was the greatest king this world has ever seen. He was the greatest of the Egyptian Pharoahs, not excepting Rameses the Great.

"Noah was a millionaire. The Biblical account of the flood gives no clue as to where he lived or where his ship carpenters were at work for 120 years constucting the Ark. Noah was 600 years old when the flood came. It is evident tha he must have been a millionaire and a man of great authority. He built the ark at his own expense. Such a boat in those times would cost more than half a million dollars. He must have been in a position to force vast multitudes to work for him, regardless of their interest in him or in his work or of their own personal inclinations.

"Noah built the great pyramid during the earlier part of the fourth Egyptian dynrasty, and not more than 1,200 years after God had expelled Adam and Eve from the Garden of Eden. If Noah's size and intellectual powers were proportioned at his age to ours, then in brain and bawn and stature he, too, must have been a giant.

Check For $15,391,842.19.

(Philadelphia Dispatch in N. Y. Sun.)

The largest check ever handled in the City Treasurer's office was paid over yesterday by J. and W. Seligman & Co. of New York. It was for $15,391,342.19, the balance due the city on the $16,000,000 loan which that firm floated with a syndicate of New York and Boston bankers. The city had already received $800,000 on account when the syndicate submitted to their bid. The check included the following items: $15,200.000 due on the principal of the loan, $165,750 premium and $26,082.19 interest for 17 days, from July 1 to 17, exclusive. The latter sum will be repaid to the bankers when they draw their first six months' interest from the city on December 31 next. The check, in the form of a Clearance-house due bill, was drawn on the Fourth Street National Bank and was handed over to City Treasurer Shoch by Richard H. Rushton, president of that institution.

Subscription to the Transcript $1.00 per annum.

Head Quarters

—FOR—

Spear's Golden Sun Heaters, Heath's Grand Domestic Heaters.

Sheppard's "Excelsior" Cook Stoves and Rupert Double Heaters.

Excelsior and Wizard Wood Air Tights, and the largest line of Ranges in Kent county.

Meat Cutters and Lard Presses, Lard Cans, Butcher Knives, and Hog Scrapers.

Lisk Granite Ware—every piece warranted.

B. L. Guns, Loaded Shells, Powder and shot.

Gunning Coats, Leggins, Saddle Pads, Bridle Bits, etc.

Nickel-Plated Copperware in Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Waiters and Cuspidors.

The Celebrated 5-A Horse Blankets—all grades.

Toilet Sets—assorted colors.

Pocket and Table Cutlery—the best assorment on the Peninsula.

GIVE US A CALL.

—o—

J. K. Aldridge & Co.

Choice Cuts

—or—

Steaks, Pork and Chops.

FAT AND GROW FAT.

I AM SELLING GOOD MEATS and more of them than ever before. Why? Because I am selling better stock, much cheaper, and dividing my profits with the laboring class.

My steaks are taken from the best steer stock on the market, care being taken to select young and tender beef cattle from the most experienced farmers and cattlemen.

Purest Hog Lard of our own manufacture in wholesale and retail lots.

An experienced cutter ready to serve the public. Country folk served from wagon at their door.

Telephone call 36.

H. B. NICHOLSON,
MEAT MARKET,
Chestertown, Md.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

PAINT and PAPER

Your House

BE sure and get the BEST WORKMEN and the BEST MATERIAL. Don't waste good money on bad material. Masury's Paints are the best on the market. We are the sole agents for this district, and are always ready to show you sample card and quote prices.

We Will Paper Your Room for $3 and upwards,

and guarantee satisfaction or no money.

IF YOU WANT YOUR PICTURES FRAMED,

call and see our selections of Moulding before going elsewhere. They are the finest in town. We can be found at the old stand, opposite the M. Church.

Yours for Business,

W. L. FOWLER.

Subscription to the Transcript $1.00 per annum.

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