There is no Guess Work About it.

TRADE MARK

Wilbur W. Hubbard's Fertilizers

MUST HAVE

Superior Quality and Absolute Uniformity and Purity. This Fall makes their sixtieth season in business, and their trade has increased each year in spite of competition; their sales for the past year having been larger than ever before. Can the sales of an inferior article constantly increase all these years? Our Fertilizers are not better than all others, but they have been, and we are willing for you to try them in competition with any goods on the market for Wheat and Grass. Two of our large buyers called and stated yesterday that the Wheat, and Grass, too, was better where our goods were used in competition with a goods costing several dollars more per ton.

WE PRESUME

You are now thinking about how many acres of Wheat you will sow, the quality of Fertilizer you will use, and of whom the same shall be bought. And just here, by way of advice, let us say, deal with your home manufacturers, if not with us, buy of our competitors. Keep the money in our county. Nevertheless, we solicit your trade with confident belief that you will find it to your interest to buy of us. We have always adhered to a high standard for our brands, as we are anxious that our goods shall have the reputation of being durable rather than cheap, and serve our customers so well that we shall gain their confidence and permanently retain their trade.

HENCE, WE OFFER YOU

Our A. A. Bone Super-Phosphate,

which is a positive Animal Bone Fertilizer, the Potash being derived from high grade sulphate and muriate. No kainit used in its manufacture.

Our Imperial Compound Fertilizer,

which has an Animal Bone Base. It, however, contains some S.C. Phosphate, but the Potash is derived from high grade sulphate. The ammonia from the animal matter on the animal bone, fine ground fish and little nitrate. This goods is a great Wheat and Clover producer, as it carries the Wheat through the winter splendidly, the nitrate starts it off in the fall, makes the roots take hold, and then the other combination feeds along just as needed, hence, the universal satisfaction it has given.

Our Victor Phosphate

is a splendid goods. Is ammoniated with an excellent source of nitrogen, and runs high in Bone Phosphate. We have received already large orders for this brand. It has given excellent results.

WE HAVE

enlarged our factory, now have railroad and water facilities, and we ask you if a record of 30 years is not a sufficient guarantee to justify you in using the goods.

Very truly yours,

WILBUR W. HUBBARD,

CHESTERTOWN' MD.

It's being whispered around that we are doing the Shoe business of the town.

Guess it's about right, too, judging from the number of people who are coming here for their Shoes.

We fully understand the "wherefore," and so does every Man, Woman aud Child who has bought Shoes here.

When we give our trade the best shoes their money can buy anywhere on earth, keep our styles right up to the hour, give special and expert attention to fitting, what more can we do?

Tie to this Shoe store and you'll always wear good Shoes.

Very truly yours,

W. AMBROSE CARROLL,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. **Shafer, Redmile & Co.** FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

GENUINE OLIVER PLOWS AND CASTINGS: the best plow on the market; a full line of 50, 60 and 72-tooth Harrows, Disc Harrows, Spring-Tooth Harrows, Field Rollers, Ohio Sulky Cultivators, Disc Plows, Corn Planters, Transplanters, McCormick Binders, Mowers and Twine. Agents for Kent county for HALLOCK WEEDER, the best on the market.

CARIAGE REPOSITORY

Visit our New Carriage Emporium, where we have placed a fine selection of No-Top and Top Buggies, Surreys, Poles, Tops, Farm Wagons and Dearborns.

OUR CARRIAGE HARNESS can't be beat.

Our OWN MAKE of Farm Wagons and Dearborns.

Carload of American WOVEN WIRE FENCING, also, Barbed and Smooth Wire and Poultry Wire.

BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHTING.

All Kinds of Repairing attended to promptly.

SHAFER, REDMILE & CO.

KENNEDYVILLE, MARYLAND.

LIEBERMAN'S,

MELITOTA, MD.

PRICE LIST.

Heavy Unbleached 4-4 Muslin	5c	Fine 12½c. Madras	8c
Amoskeag Ginghams	5c	Best Furniture Prints	6c

MATTING.

A NEW LOT JUST IN

China Matting	9c to 20c	Japan Matting	12c to 25c

CLOTHING.

Men's Suits	$3.75	Boys' Knee Pants	10c
Youth's Suits	$1.98	Men's Pants	49c
Boys' Suits	98c		

Some of them worth $3.50.

GROCERIES.

Levering's Coffee	11c	Granulated Sugar	5c
Best Whole Grain Rice	4c	20 lbs. for $1 with every $20 worth of goods bought for cash.	
Finest Black Tea	25c		
Sea Gull Yeast Powder	4c	Onion Sets, per quart	5c

SHOES

Infants'	25c	Ladies' Dongola Hand Welt	$1.98
Children's	50 and 75c	And all other articles at proportionate prices.	
Boys' and Men's	98c to $2.00		
Ladies' Fine	68c. 98c. and $1.25	These prices for cash only.	

N. LIEBERMAN,

"THE OLD RELIABLE,"

MELITOTA, MARYLAND.

S. C. ROCHESTER,

—WITH—

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO., 8, 10 & 12 Ease Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

CLOTHIERS, TAILORS, FURNISHERS.

Likes, Berwanger & Co., are the Foremost Clothiers of Baltimore.

REMOVED.

We are now fully installed in our new store, the

THOMPSON BUILDING,

OPPOSITE VOSHELL HOUSE,

with an immense stock of

Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Paints, Oil Cloth, Etc., Etc.

We want especially to call attention to our

SPRING MATTINGS.

It is no idle boast to say we have by far the largest stock and best selected patterns ever shown in this town, or on the Shore.

Prices, too, are unusually moderate—less than you would pay in the city.

Country Produce taken.

JOHN BARTLEY

SPRING HAS COME!

—SO HAS—

HICK'S Stock of CARRIAGES and BUGGIES.

You will find them at his show room, rear of his Blacksmith and Wheelwright Shops on Court street; also a line of

Dearborns and Farm Wagons.

We have a few Second-Hand Jobs for sale.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Wheelwrighting and all kinds of work done in FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH and WHEELWRIGHT SHOPS.

A Scotch Collie Story.

A story of a Scotch collie is current on the Derbyshire border, according to the Dundee Advertiser. A farmer in the Peak district, having purchased a small flock of sheep in the lowlands, drove the flock the whole way from Scotland to his farm in Derbyshire with the aid of a collie dog which was lent to him by the Scotch farmer from whom he purchased the sheep. "When you get to your home with the sheep," said the Scotchman, "let the dog fill his belly; then tell him to go home." The Derbyshire man duly arrived at his farm with the sheep and was so pleased with the collie dog and its performance that he decided to keep it a few days before sending it back. One day he was away from home during the whole of the day, and on returning in the evening he found that the Scotch collie was missing and also the flock of sheep. In a few days tidings came that the dog had arrived at his Scotch home and had brought the sheep back with him.

Breaking It Gently.

He is a rather serious minded boy who has more sense of responsibility than many grown persons. So when he was sent to his grandmother's to break the news of her aged sister's death he did so with much gravity and no little self importance.

"Now, Alfred," his mother said, "you mustn't tell grandma suddenly, because it might shock her, even though she knew Aunt Martha was ill. Tell it to her gently."

"All right," assented Alfred, starting out on his mission with mingled solemnity and eagerness.

Arrived at his grandmother's house, he greeted her with a sober "Hello!" and then proceeded to "break the news" by saying:

"Aunt Maria's dead, grandma, but you mustn't feel bad, 'cause she was pretty old, anyhow. You'll be the next one, I s'pose."—Brooklyn Life.

Not Mere Curiosity.

The world has a store of pleasures in waiting for the unaccustomed traveler. Sometimes, indeed, they may be mostly in anticipation, as was the case with Amos Riggs of Plumtown.

"How d'ye do?" said Mr. Riggs cordially to the stern visaged man who was his seat mate in the car on the occasion of Mr. Riggs' first trip to Boston. "Now what might your name be? Do you live in Nashuy or beyond?"

"I should like to know what business it is of yours where I live or who I am?" said his companion crossly.

"Well, now, it ain't any partic'lar business o' mine, strictly speaking," said Mr. Riggs mildly, "but it's jest like this: I've got a cousin up in Canady that I've never seen, and I've always thought I might come upon him some time jest by asking folks their name and so on."

Tides and Storms.

When a tempest is approaching or passing out on the ocean, the tides are noticeably higher than usual, as if the water had been driven in a vast wave before the storm. The influence extends to a great distance from the cyclonic storm center, so that the possibility exists of foretelling the approach of a dangerous hurricane by means of indications furnished by tide gauges situated far away from the place then occupied by the whirling winds. The fact that the tidal wave outstrips the advancing storm shows how extremely sensitive the surface of the sea is to the changes of pressure brought to bear upon it by the never resting atmosphere.

Green.

Owing to its derivation the word "green" was originally applied to the color of vegetation, but not to the color of the sea. No application of "green" to the color of the sea is quoted before Chaucer, but as early as the year 700 it was used for vegetation. The word is akin to "grass" and "grow," which verb originally belonged to the vegetable world alone. Vegetables "grew," but animals "waxed." "Green" comes from an Aryan root, "ghahr," meaning to be green or yellow, and "yellow," "gold" and "yolk" come from that same root.

Tapioca and Pearl Tapioca.

Tapioca is manufactured from the plant called in Brazil manioc, in Peru yucca and in the West Indies cassava. When the true starch is separated from the root it is placed on hot plates and while it is heating is stirred with an iron rod. The starch grains burst, and the whole agglomerates into small, irregular masses. Pearl tapioca is not a product of the plant at all, but of potato starch.

American, All Right.

A countryman registered at a hotel in Kansas City the other day. He did not explain on what "plan" he purposed to become a guest.

"European or American?" asked the clerk.

The guest looked surprised. "American," he said emphatically. "Born and raised up here in Platte county. I don't look like no foreigner, do I?"

A Different Meaning.

Beaks—What brought on old Wilkin's paralytic stroke? Peaks—I didn't know he was afflicted with one. Beaks—But you just told me he was paralyzed. Peaks—Quite true; but I didn't say he was suffering from a paralytic stroke.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Doomed.

"He'll never reach the top in his profession."

"Why, he believes he's there now."

"That's the very reason that he'll never get there."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A good action is never lost. It is a treasure laid up and guarded for the doer's need.—Calderon.

Disease takes no summer vacation.

If you need flesh and strength use

Scott's Emulsion

summer as in winter.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

THE WEARING OF BEARDS.

At One Time a Tax Was Exacted For the Privilege.

In days gone by the wearing of a beard was a privilege that had to be paid for, the tax on every beard of a fortnight's growth being 3s. 4d. in the gracious days of Queen Elizabeth. For over half a century the monarchs of Russia made their male subjects who wore beards pay into the national exchequer. This tax was imposed by Peter the Great in 1705, the nobles having to disburse 100 rubles and the lower classes 1 kopeck. The tax on beards was kept up by Peter's four successors on the throne of all the Russias, and it was finally repealed in 1762 by Catherine II. France, too, at one time imposed a beard tax upon the clergy, which was paid by those who could afford it, although the large majority had to yield to the razor's onslaught.

In the fourteenth century shaving was popular with young men, while the old men were attached to forked beards. The latter custom is referred to by Chaucer, who in describing an assembly says, "A merchant was there with a forked beard." Beards were worn in various shapes and forms during the reigns of Elizabeth, James I. and Charles I., as the poems, plays and other literary productions of those periods amply testify. In his "Anatomie of Abuses" Stubbs alludes to the barber who was accustomed to ask his client whether he wished his beard "cut to look terrible to your enemy or amiable to your friends, grim and stern in countenance or pleasant and demure."

William Harrison, a clergyman from whom one gains many peeps at the sixteenth century, refers to some of the styles of beards at that period. If a face happened to be "platter-like," a long, slender beard would make it seem the narrower. If it be weasel beaked, then "much hear left on the cheekes will make the owner looke like a bowdled hed and so grim as a goose."—London Standard.

Its Peculiarity.

"Did you ever notice anything funny about his conversation?"

"Funny? I should say not. There's absolutely no point to it."

"That's the funny part of it. Having no point to it, how is it that he bores so quickly?"—Philadelphia Press.

A Place For Him.

First Floorwalker—Poor old Bjones has completely lost his hearing. I'm afraid he will lose his job. Second Floorwalker—Nonsense. He's to be transferred to the complaint desk.—Philadelphia Record.

Nothing is so good for an ignorant man as silence, and if he was sensible of this he would not be ignorant.—Saadi.

J.S. BRADLEY'S

HEADQUAR'S FOR

Dry Goods and Notions,

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

SHOES

of all kinds.

Fine line of HOSIERY.

FULL LINE OF GROCERIES.

Cheap lot of TOBACCO.

Fruit Jars & Jelly Glasses

J. S. BRADLEY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Not for My Own Interest

ENTIRELY,

But for Yours, Too.

I am going to make a change in store-room and location. I have fully decided to move from the store I am now occupying to a much better store and location, and will add to the Jewelry business a very salable line of goods. In order to carry this out I am compelled to reduce my stock that I have on hand, and the only way to sell it is to sell it for what it will bring, and therefore I have decided to have regular sales on Saturday and Saturday nights. Will sell my entire line of Clocks, Silver-plated hollow-ware, Rogers' Tableware, Domestic Sewing Machines. Will also sell Watches and Jewelry, mostly for ladies, Spectacles and Eye Glasses, etc. The sale will begin next Saturday, July 8th.

Read this advertisement carefully and bear in your mind that opposition is the life of trade. I ask the patronage of the public. I remain with all my strength to serve the public.

Respectfully,

A. LEVINE,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

RUBEROID ROOFING!

When buying a Roof, buy the best, and that is the guaranteed *Ruberoid*, sold only by the undersigned. Half-ply Ruberoid will outwear any other one-ply make of Oid Roofing. One-ply Ruberoid will outwear any other two-ply make of Oid Roofing. *We stand ready for a test challenge.*

CORRUGATED GALVANIZED AND BLACK STEEL ROOFING,

furnished on short notice at a slight profit.

Felt Roofing.

Well, I can beat the State. $1.00 for 3-ply, 80c. for 2-ply, with nails and tins, by the single roll. In lots. Lower prices still.

Roof and Barn Paints.

Pure Asphaltum Paints, good for metal, felt and wood, 80 cts. per gallon for red, 70c. per gal. for black.

Mixed Asphalt and Tar Paint, 35 to 45 cents.

TAR PAINTS—25c. single gallon, $1 for 5 gallons.

CARRARA PAINTS—all colors for all purposes.

ZINKO PAINTS—A Pure Linseed Oil production of combination pigment. Warranted for 5 years by the makers. Sold at $1.25 per gallon.

Water Paints—for outside and inside use.

Star Cream Separators, the Frost Queen Separator, has two removable cans inside of a large gal. tank. Call and look at it.

Rain Spouting and Downfall Pipe. You can put it up yourself. Sold cheap.

Black Death,

The Sure Bug Killer.

Ladders, Harness and Machine Oils. The oils will be sold cheap, as I shall keep oils no longer.

Jos. Guest,

Chestertown Md,

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