The Chestertown Transcript.

SUPPLEMENT

VOL. XLVII—NO. 46. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND. SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1908. $1.00 PER ANNUM.

—ELECTION OF—

Town Commissioner

—AND—

Vote Upon the Purchase of the Water Works

—AND—

Vote Upon Paying Commissioners a Small Salary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election will be held at the Court House in Chestertown, Maryland, on

Monday, April 27th, 1908

for the purpose of electing one person to serve for for three years in the place of William S. Carroll, one of the present Commissioners, whose term expires on that date. Polls open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

And under and by virtue of Chapter 382 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1908, at the said election there will be submitted to the qualified voters of Chestertown, the question whether the Commissioners of Chestertown, shall purchase the Water Works for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the town with water. And those in favor of the purchase of the Water Works by the town will vote "For the purchase of the Water Works," and those not in favor of such purchase will vote "Against the Purchase of the Water Works."

Also by virtue of Chapter 383 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1908, there will be submitted to the qualified voters of Chestertown the question whether the Commissioners of Chestertown shall be paid a salary of $100 each and the limit of tax rate increased from 35 to 50 cents.

CHAPTER 382.

An act to provide for the purchase of Water Works for the town of Chestertown in Kent County, Maryland, and to authorize the appointment and election of a Water Board for conducting, carrying on and maintaining same and to issue bonds to pay therefor, and to levy an annual tax for the payment of such bonds and interest thereon.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Commissioners of Chestertown be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to issue bonds in the name of Commissioners of Chestertown to an amount not exceeding thirty thousand dollars in sums not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars to be signed by the Commissioners of Chestertown under the corporate seal of the said Commissioners, to be designated as "Chestertown Water Bonds" bearing interest at a rate not exceeding five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and on the first day of January of each year, which bonds shall be exempt from all county and municipal taxation, and the due or overdue coupons for interest shall be received by the Commissioners of Chestertown in payment of town taxes, said bonds shall be payable in sums of one thousand dollars in each of the years beginning with the first day of July 1913 and each year thereafter until fully paid, said bonds to be numbered consecutively and to be redeemed in the order in which they are numbered. Said bonds to be recorded.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That said Commissioners of Chestertown are authorized and directed to advertise at least once a week for four consecutive weeks in three newspapers published in Kent county for sealed proposals for the negotiation of said bonds, and on a certain day to be named in said advertisement, said Commissioners of Chestertown shall in the presence of such persons as may be interested in said bid, open all bids received and award the bonds to the highest bidder, provided no bid less than par shall be accepted.

SECTION 3. And be it enacted, That the said sum of thirty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for this purpose shall by the said Commissioners of Chestertown be used and applied exclusively to the purchase of the entire property, rights and franchises of the Chestertown Water Company, and to additions and improvements of same, provided the said Commissioners of Chestertown can purchase the entire property of the Chestertown Water Company at the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000.00).

SECTION 4. And be it enacted, That after repairs, maintenance and running expenses are paid out of the Water rents from said Water Works purchased, the money and net revenue received therefrom shall be applied to the payment of the interest on said bonds as said interest may mature, and all surplus revenue from said Water Works purchased accruing prior to the date when said bonds shall be redeemable as hereinbefore provided, shall constitute a sinking fund, to be applied by the Commissioners of Chestertown to the redemption of said bonds when redeemable and should said water rents or revenues be insufficient in any year to pay the interest on said bonds and one thirtieth part of the principal as it matures, then the Commissioners of Chestertown are hereby authorized and directed to levy and collect annually a tax upon the taxable property in Chestertown for a sum as will, with the net water rents or revenues for Water Works provide for the payment of the interest on said bonds as the same matures and one thirtieth part of the principal of said bonded debt then outstandigg, to the whole of said bonds and interest may be provided for and paid in the time hereinbefore limited.

SECTION 5. And be it enacted, That at the regular election for Commissioners of Chestertown, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Chestertown, the question whether the said Water Works shall be purchased and at such election the ballots cast upon that question shall have the words "For Water Works" or "Against Water Works" thereon, and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For Water Works" then the Commissioners of Chestertown, or a majority of them, shall proceed to execute the powers vested in them by this Act, and purchase said Water Works; but if the majority of votes cast shall be "Against Water Works" then they shall not execute powers nor purchase said Water Works.

SECTION 6. And be it enacted, that the Commissiones of Chestertown, if the vote taken as aforesaid shall be in favor of issuing of bonds for the purchase of Water Works, shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell or dispose of said bonds or as many thereof as they shall deem proper, and with the proceeds thereof to purchase said Water Works and improve same, and the Commissioners of Chestertown are furthermore fully authorized to pass all necessary ordinances with penalties for their violation for the proper security and protection of said Water Works.

SECTION 7. And be it enacted, that after the purchase of the property of the Chestertown Water Company, by the Commissioners, the said Commissioners of Chestertown shall appoint a Water Board consisting of three persons each of whom shall have the same qualifications as those required of a Commissioner of Chestertown, who shall hold office until the fourth Monday in April, 1909, and until their successors are elected and qualified at which time the duly qualified voters of Chestertown, entitled to vote for the Commissioners thereof, shall be entitled to vote for a Water Board which shall consist of three persons with the qualifications above named, and who shall hold office for three years, and which said Water Board shall in like manner be elected at the expiration of each three years thereafter at the regular election of a Commissioner of Chestertown, and who shall qualify in the same manner as do the Commissioners of Chestertown; and said Water Board shall hold at least four quarterly public meetings in each year.

Said Commission shall give bond of $10,000 to the Commissioners of Chestertown, for the safe handling of these funds and at the expiration of their term shall turn over all money, books and papers to their successors.

SECTION 8. And be it enacted, That the said Water Board shall have charge of said Water Works so purchased and shall operate same with authority to employ and pay such superintendent, engineers, workmen, laborers and employes as may be necessary to carry on and maintain the same and supply said town and inhabitants thereof with water, and shall have authority to purchase material and supplies necessary to operate the same, and to make repairs extensions and additions thereto as necessity may require for fire protection and domestic use; and to fix, charge and collects water rates or water rents for the use of said water; and to adopt and provide rules and regulations thereof, and for the proper protection of said works and water supply.

SECTION 9. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER 383.

An act to add two new sections to Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub-title "Chestertown," one of the said new sections to follow immediately after Section 51 and to be designated as Section 51 A., and the other of said new sections to follow immediately after Section 65 and to be designated Section 65 A., so as to read as follows, and to authorze the legal and qualified voters of Chestertown to vote upon the same:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That two new sections be added to Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub-title "Chestertown," one of said sections to follow immediately after Section 51 and to be designated Section 51 A., and the other of said new sections to follow immediately after Section 65 and to be designated Section 65 A., and to read as to said new sections, as follows:

51 A. The Commissioners of Chestertown shall each receive a salary of one hundred dollars ($100.00) per annum, payable quarterly in equal proportions, beginning from the 1st day of May in the year nineteen hundred and eight.

65 A. That the Commissioners of Chestertown may levy on the assessable property of Chestertown such sum of money as they may deem necessary, not exceeding fifteen cents in the hundred dollars in any one year in addition to the levy of thirty-five cents in the hundred dollars now authorized by law, and shall have the same powers in the collection of such additional sum as they may levy as they now possess.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That at the nex regular election for Commissioners of Chestertown, there shall be submitted to the qualified votors of Chestertown, the questions whether the Commissioners of Chestertown shall each receive a salary of one hundred dollars ($100.00) per annum and whether an additional levy of fifteen cents in the hundred dollars on the assessable property in Chestertown shall be authorized; and at such election the ballots cast upon said questions shall have the words "For Salary" or "Against Salary" and "For additional Levy" or "Against additional Levy" thereon; and if a majority of the votes cast upon said question of salary shall be "For Salary" then Section 51 A. as above enacted shall become in force and effect, but if the majority of votes cast shall be "Against Salary," then said Section 51 A., shall be of no effect. And if a majority of the votes cast upon said question of additional levy shall be "For additional levy, then Section 65 A., as above enacted shall become in force and effect, but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against additional levy" then said Section 65 A. shall be of no effect.

SECTION 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

BY ORDER OF BOARD OF CHESTERTOWN COMMISSIONERS.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY, Clerk. Apr4-4t.

Annual Report

—OF THE—

Commissioners of Chestertown

Ending April 25th, 1908.

RECEIPTS:

Balance on hand from last year	$1,870 60
Taxes received to date	3,139 98
Interest	6 2
Taxes and interest from delinquents	117 14
Levy from Kent County	2,000 00
Levy from Mutual Fire Insurance Co	200 00
Cash from Chas. S. Smith	200 00
Dog Taxes	71 00
Cart License	18 00
Sewer Tax	15 00
Fines	4 10
Van Amburg Circus	15 00
Cash Wm. Bell's note with interest	38 78
Cash sale of old shaft	4 00
Cash of Truck Wheels	5 00
Total	$7,692 80

EXPENDITURES:

Electric Light and Power Company	$1,220 80
Chestertown Water Company	727 80
Labor	447 52
Wm. J. Hudson, police	350 00
J. Frank Getshall, "	520 00
Sam'l E. Cooper, "	160 00
Town Carter William Needles	392 00
Hauling sand, brick, etc	129 85
Laying pavement, gutter, repairing, etc	175 96
Hay	113 36
Richard Barber vs. Commissioners	55 24
Small pox bills since last statement	69 11
American Bonding Company	20 00
Stamp, stationary, etc., sending out tax notices, etc	9 50
Murrell Dunbracco copying town ordinance	4 00
Waters Russell, judge town election	3 25
Charles S. Smith, clerk "	2 00
Taxes refunded, paid in error	17 71
George Byron, for bridge boards	1 50
Shells	1 20
Wm. A. Bell, for scraping roads	83 11
Wm. C. Sutton, 2 bills	170 00
Md. Lime & Cement Co., for sewer pipe	101 25
Md., Del. & Virginia R. R. Co., for freight on pipe	22 50
Thomas W. Eliason, lumber, etc	136 46
Thomas H. Topping, 2 bills	53 45
Robert J. McWhorter, horse hire for sprinkler	51 00
Chestertown Transcript Pub. Co	55 86
Wm. B. Usilton's Son's	14 00
J. D. Bacchus, cement, etc	81 64
J. K. Aldridge & Co.	29 13
Walter Bramble, 3 bills	7 95
M. A. Toulson	6 43
Elwood Whaley, 2 bills	15 30
Sam'l E. Cooper, repair	7 50
J. H. Sides, clock stripes	2 10
Thomas D. Bowers, for brick	11 90
Walter Needles for paint	3 22
Smith & Graham	6 35
Thomas D. France	4 05
W. S. Collins for sand	3 00
McIntyre & Hodgskin	36
Fred G. Usilton for oats	10 00
H. S. and V. M. Barnett	192 25
Jos. W. Edwards, repairing harness	1 00
Jno. F. Howard " "	40
H. B. Rote, repairing police clock	75
Vansant & Newsome	15
Davis & Satterfield	28 87
Charles L. Dodd, making out assessme't	10 00
L. W. Wickes, attorney fee	5 00
Clerk's salary	150 00
Total	$5,686 97
Balance on hand	$2,005 83

Examined and approved April 6th, 1908.

WM. S. CARROLL, Pres't.;
GEO. D. LOFLAND,
THOS. S. BORDLEY.

THOMAS S BORDLEY, Clerk. all-3t.

JAMES T. EARLE and J. H. C. LEGG,

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of the Trust Estate of George W. Carter, Jr.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity.

No. 1644.

ORDERED, this 8th day of April, 1908, by the Circuit Court for Kent county in Equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by James T. Earle and J. H. C. Legg, trustees, appointed by a decree of this Court to make said sale be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 13th day of May next: —provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, once in each of four successive weeks before the 4th day of May next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $416.90.

JAMES T. DIXON, Clerk.

True copy—test:

apr11-4t. JAMES T. DIXON, Clerk.

Vansant & Newsome,

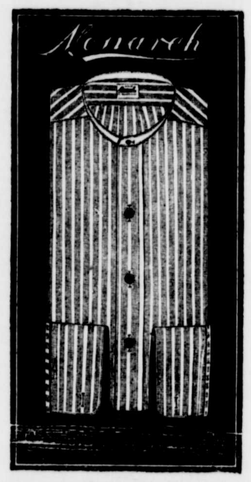
Gents' Furnishers and Shoers.

FORWARD

Our efforts this season have resulted in our overshadowing all previous attempts. Never before in our experience have we shown a line of such magnitude, embracing such magnificence of STYLE and BEAUTY.

We display an assortment of GENTS' FURNISHINGS and SHOES that, coming as they do from the acknowledged world's best sources, and being correct in every particular as well as standard in quality, must please even the most critical.

SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS.



Our new spring patterns in Men's Colored Shirts are certainly the FLOWER of the season's styles. You will find them in light and dark colors, stripes, plaids and checks, pleated bosom and plain. Cuffs attached and detached, regular and coat shirts.

Soft Hats, Stiff Hats, Telescope Hats.

Derbies for young men, middled aged men and elderly men. Soft felt Hats for everybody. We think it's fine to show Hats. We don't care whether you be ready to buy or not, we want you to come in and see the styles.

☞A FINE ASSORTMENT OF EASTER NECKWEAR. COLLARS—No style of collar having the indorsement of fashion but what is found in our large stock.

CRAWFORD SHOES always have THAT Custom LOOK.

VANSANT & NEWSOME,

OUTFITTERS TO MEN,

Next Door to Toulson's Drug Store. Chestertown, Md.

Sheriff's Notice

—TO—

TRADERS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate or politic, doing business in Kent county, and requiring a State license, to obtain a license or renew the same on or before

THE FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT.

A failure on the part of persons now engaged in business to renew their licer se by the first day of May next, will subject them to a fine.

Clerk James T. Dixon will be ready to issue license on or before the first day of May next, at his office in the Court House.

Those interested are notified of the following requirments of license laws:

If applicant's stock in trade

does not exceed	$1,000	$ 12 60
If over $1,000 not over	1,500	15 60
" 1,500 "	2,500	18 60
" 2,500 "	4,000	22 60
" 4,000 "	6,000	30 60
" 6,000 "	8,000	40 60
" 8,000 "	10,000	50 70
" 10,000 "	15,000	65 60

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale, or the oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace when the person wanting a license applies through an agent.

STALLIONS—Any owner and keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties of the State the highest sum that he intends to receive for the season for one mare and the receipts of the said clerks, with the seal of his court attached thereto for said sum, shall be the license for standing or stationing such a stallion or jack for one year from the date thereof, provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by this section for such license be less than ten dollars, and that every stallion or jack, upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other State tax.

Any owner or keeper standing or stationing any stallion or jack without a license shall forfeit and pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid in the last preceding section, one half to the State and other half to the informers.

DANIEL W. HADDAWAY,

apr.18. Sheriff of Kent County.

15,000 Peach Trees,



BEST VARIETIES

FOR SPRING DELIVERY.

Wishing to clear the land will also sell cheap, a large lot of California Privot, Shade Trees, and other nursery stock.

I have, by request, accepted the agency, through Mr. Wm. Medders, to handle at this place THE TARGET BRAND SCALE DESTROYER. I believe, taking all things into consideration, this to be the best scale destroyer on the market.

Potato Seab Destroyer and a complete line of other Insecticides and Fungicides.

Advise early that we may have the goods in time. Address orders and for further information write to

R. G. NICHOLSON,

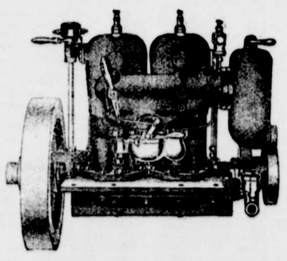
f22-tf. Chestertown Md

The Ferro 1908

MARINE ENGINE,

FORMERLY AUTO MARINE.

2 CYCLE JUMP SPARK.



NOTE THESE POINTS.

SELF-OILER,
NO WATER PIPES ON MOTOR,
ADJUSTABLE BEARINGS—INSURES,
TIGHT CRANK CASE—LAST 10 YEARS,
HEATED AIR INTAKE,
NO HOT EXHAUST PIPES.

Buy from responsible people who will take care of your motor. Send for catalogue and prices. 15 in use on Chester river.

For sale by
H. R. GRAHAM & BRO.,
And LOUIS K. STAM,
Chestertown, Md.

mar14-tf.



"HACKETT'S GAPE CURE."

It's a powder; dust it over the chicks; the chicks inhale it; kills the worm as well as the germ; ½lb. sample by mail 25c. Dealers and Agents wanted. Special inducements to jobbers. T. C. Hackett, Hillsboro, Md.

For sale by the following;

Medford Walls, Church Hill, Md.	
Stam Drug Co., Chestertown,	"
J. S. Bradley, Chestertown,	"
J. W. Ivins, Werton,	"
Miss Lizzie Hepbron, Lynch,	"
Medders & Co., Still Pond,	"
Owens & Co., Betterton,	"
W. H. Kelley, Locust Grove,	"
W. A. Pote, Kennedyville,	"
W. A. Whittaker, Galena,	"
Leonard Wilson, Millington,	"
M. P. Dunn, Massey's,	"

Subscription to the Transcript $1.00 per annum.

WEALTH ON EASTERN SHORE.

Edward Van Alstyne, a farmer of Kinderhook, N. Y., recently lecturing at the Institutes in Kent, writing in the New York Tribune Farmer from the Eastern Shore, says:

"This week finds me in a region rich in history and romance—rich also in its soils and products as well as the abounding sea foods in the bays and rivers. The oyster industry alone, with its fleet of boats in every cove, is yielding wealth equal to that of many of the mines of the Klondike. This was the home of the diamondback terrapin. So plentiful were they that there is still a law on the statute books prohibiting a man feeding terrapin to a slave whom he had hired more than twice a week. Alas! there is little danger of this now, for they are rare indeed.

"There are nine counties on the Shore, with Cecil on the north and Worcester on the south, in Maryland, with two Virginia counties farther south. Thes two counties, while as low as those just north of them in Maryland, are of light soil. The abundant water makes this land exceedingly productive. I was told that their annual crop of potatoes, including both sweet and white, was about 5,000,000 bushels. Delaware, with its three counties, near by, is a part of this Shore, and formerly belonged to Maryland.

"Many of the old families have gone from the farms, and a large proportion of the best farmers are the descendants of the overseer class of slavery days—men who knew how to make a crop and to work. They rented at first and afterward bought many of the old farms. The whole family worked. They made money, educated their children, and today are prosperous farmers.

"The whole of these Shore counties are very flat, the lower counties from 4 to 8 feet above sea level, the upper ones about 75, and the rise is gradual. They grow many strawberries. Seaford, in Delaware, last summer shipped 14 cars of them daily, with other places not far behind. Sweet potatoes are largely grown, with a good many white ones, both first and second crop.

"Tomatoes are coming to be more and more a leading crop. Doubtless Delaware, Maryland and Virginia will be places where tomatoes for canning will be most largely grown. Their long season enables them to grow a long tonnage, and they are not restricted to early varieties, which are small yielders. As we reach the higher levels we find many growing melons, both musk and water. Corn and wheat are staple crops from one end of the territory to the other.

"North from here we begin to find orchards of peaches, pears and apples. The Delaware peninsula was formerly the great peach section. While many are still grown and there are some fine orchards, the most profitable orchards in the State are on the mountain slopes in Western Maryland. The San Jose scale is abundant and has destroyed many trees. The thorough work done by the experiment station has put the growers in command of the situation. Predatory insects, including a large number of ladybugs, have been quite abundant the last season, feeding on the scale.

"The upper counties raise a good deal of hay, and a goodly number of cows are kept. In the lower ones they are conspicuous by their absence, and most of the corn stalks are wasted. Yet butter sells for 30 cents a pound the year around.

There is a strip of country north of Dover, Del., from the Chesapeake to Delaware Bay, about 60 miles across and some 20 miles north and south, which I believe as fine farm land as any in the United States. This may seem a strong statement, but I make it unstandingly.

"A growing season extending from March, to well through October, with mild winters; a rainfall seven inches above the average of New York State, yet with abundant sunshine; level land, sandy loam, easily worked and adapted to all crops grown in this latitude; within easy reach of the best markets in the world—where will we find its counterpart? Not in the much vaunted praries of the middle West, nor in California, far distant from our Eastern markets, nor in our Empire State, with its short seasons and cold winters.

"What is land worth? In the lower counties where the land is low and restricted to a few crops, and some of it further north which is light sand and unimproved, from $10 to $30. In the section thus described, with not very good buildings other than the houses, about $60. All this land is rising in value and will continue to rise as better methods and men are coming to the fore.

"One reason why this favored region has not come into greater prominence is the effect on the people of the mild climate and naturally favorable surroundings. Such never stimulate effort. A gentleman remarked to me last night: "If laziness was a crime our penitentiaries would be full. Any man who will hustle can get rich here."

"It would have required little stretch of the imagination (except the temperature was too low) to have made one think he was in Florida this morning as we sailed up the Pocomoke river to Snow Hill, the county seat of Worcester county."

SERMON ON MARRIAGE.

Very Rev. John A. Lyons, the Vicar-General, Defines Catholic Doctrine.

Erroneous Notions of Matrimony Corrected and the True Idea of the Sanctity of the Family Forcefully Expounded.

Very Rev. John A. Lyons, V. G., pastor of the Cathedral, recently began a series of instructions on "Christian Marriage," which have attracted more than usual attention. In the opening sermon Father Lyons introduced the sublect by quoting from a diocesan circular issued by Rt. Rev. Alfred A. Curtis, former, Bishop of Wilmington, as follows:

"Almost all evils, whether to the church or society or the individual, take their start either in the want of a home or else owe their beginning to a home insufficient or bad. To sanctify the home then, is to purify and sweeten the foundation head whence issues the life afterwards to act its part in the church and the world. And unless Christ be put in possession and use of the home thence to send abroad men there previously grounded in faith and piety, it is certain that nothing else will ever much avail in behalf of arresting the ravages of unbelief, worldliness and profligacy.".

Marriage—family—home—is an interesting and attractive subject at all times, but today it is a question of life or death. The nations of the world are engaged in a mighty struggle to maintain and extend the interests of trade and commerce and other material interests. They are building mighty navies, enlarging their armies and constructing colossal fortifications and all the while are neglecting the one sovereign source of prosperity and the most invincible rampart of defence-the family. The family throughout the world today is rotten to the core. Why so? Because it is a divine institution? No, but because the State, the people and men have interfered with, have profaned, have destroyed God's work; God made the family a perfect work in its unity and multiplicity, modelled on His divine essence and relationship. God constituted the family a living organism, a vital unity between one man and one woman and their offspring. From the very days of the fall to the present time, men have conspired against this consecrated unity and have transformed it into a hideous discord and disunion, into polygamy or polyandry, simultaneous or successive, eventuating into the pagan abominations of free love or common prostitution. The Catholic Church alone has saved the family and thereby renewed and regenerated society and civilization. With her marriage is not a mere natural or civil contract. It is a sacrament, a holy institution—holy in its unity, its indissolubility, holy in its life, holy in its mission and duties, holy, however, only in Christ and His Church. Christ has elevated marriage to a lift and dignity and mission similar to that of His Church. What could be grander or holier or more beneficial?

VOCATION REQUISITE.

The common belief is that everybody is free to marry. Strange it is that so great and holy and responsible institution, upon which the welfare of society in church and state depends, should be free to all comers, the blind, the lame, the palsied, the leprous, the deaf and the dumb, the consumptive and the lunatic, the criminal and the corrupt, and the idiot. Marriage is open to all. No preparation required. Love at first sight; meeting at a ball or theatre or card party; a pretty face or dress, the color of a person's hair, are sufficient reasons for entering into the holy state of matrimony. If only a person has money or position, no matter how acquired, marriage is regarded by parents as the greatest honor to themselves and children. Virtue and religion are regarded as unimportant considerations. Stranger yet that in reference to every other profession or trade, some fitness seems always a recessary prorequisite. No one employs a tradesman at first sight. Nor do people purchase property without some examination. Is the holy state of matrimony the only one without condition. So it would seem by the way prelates and clergy labor to drive everybody into the married state and correspondly decry

THE STATE OF CELIBACY.

St. Paul would have all men celebates likehimself, but allows marriage to all who could not otherwise keep out of hell. And St. Paul was inspired, which cannot be said of many of our prelates and clergy. He knew full well, too, the weakness and perversity of human nature, and was fully confident that the great majority would remain slaves of passion and worldly interests, and only the elite would engage to glorify God with an unselfish and undivided heart, and would be heroic enough to immolate themselves to the service of their neighbor for God's sake. The real, true heroes and heroines of our race; the real, true bulwarks of the Church and society are the devoted religious who most generally have renounced all the world holds dear, youth, health, money, position, to live obscure and penitential lives in cloisters and convents and monastery and educational institutions, hospitals, orphanages, homes for the aged and the afflicted. But the heroes and heroines are not confined to the religious. As great and greater than any of these are the men and women, young and old, who have made equal or greater sacrifices to become spiritual fathers and mothers, sisters and brothers to their families and the needy who only for them would be the outcasts in a Godless and heartless world.

May McClure's.

Cover Design, Blendon Campbell; Frontispiece, N. C. Wyeth; Illustration to accompany "The Misadventures of Cassidy", reproduced in color. The Misadventures of Cassidy, a story, Edward S. Moffat; Illustrations by N. C. Wyeth, reproduced in color. Mary Baker G. Eddy, XIII, Georgine Milmine; Illustration from photographs. In Charge of Trusty, a story, Lucy Pratt; Illustrations by Frederic Dorr Steele. The Flower Factory, a poem, Florence Wilkinson; Illustration by Franklin Booth. The Silly Ass, a story, James Barnes; Illustration by Arthur Covey. War on the Tiger, W. G. Fitz-Gerald; Illustrations from photographs and from drawings by Franklin Booth. The Radical Judge, a story, Illustrations by Arthur G. Dove. Poverty and Discontent in Russia, George Kenunan; Illustration from photographs. "The Heart Knoweth", a poem, Charlotte Wilson. In the Dark Hour, a story, Perceval Gibbon. "Olivia" and "Faust" at the Lyceum, Ellen Terry; Illustrations from photographs and from drawings by Eric Pape and Harry Fenn. The Lie Direct, a story, Caroline Duer. The Wayfarers, a novel, Mary Stewart Cutting; Illustrations by Alice Barber Stephens.

Millington Items.

Mr. Wm. Tyler and brother, of Frostburg, Md., are visiting Mrs. Sam. Mallalieu.

Misses Ruby, Mary and Laura Ahern are home for the Easter Holidays.

Miss Evelyn Rolph spent Easter with her parents.

Mrs. Lees and daughter are home for Easter.

Miss Evelyn Cochran is with Mrs. Ed. Gillespie, near Sudlersville.

Misses Power are with their sister, Mrs. Gillespie, who is quite ill.

Mrs. Frank Vansant is visiting her daughter in Wilmington, Del.

Mr. Geo. Bailey spent Easter with his parents.

Miss Jordan spent Easter in Washington, D. C.

Arbor Day was suitably observed in our schools.

Fighting the Crows.

C. P. Hartley, who has charge of the corn department of the Agricultural Bureau, in Washington, writes as follows with regard to the destruction of seed corn by crows: "The method that has thus far been found the most successful is the soaking of the seed corn over night, or for about twelve hours in a solution of coal tar. This solution is made by dissolving in five or six gallons of water a quart of tar. It will require some time and considerable agitation in order to get the tar to mix with the water. If the process causes the corn to be too sticky to work well in a corn planter, this can be overcome by rolling the seed in plaster.',

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