Public Local Law.

Passed by the Maryland Legislature, Session of 1908, and Operative in Kent County, Maryland.

An Act to enlarge the Third Election District of Kent County, by adding thereto part of the Second Election District of said county and to establish voting precincts in said Third Election District so enlarged.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Third Election District of Kent County shall be and is hereby enlarged and divided into two voting precincts in the manner hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the Third Election District of Kent County be divided into two Election Precints with the following meets and bounds. That is to say, beginning at the mouth of Still Pond River and running thence with the said river and mill pond and stream or old road bed in the rear of Wm. D. Pennington's residence till the said old road bed intersects the present public road running to Wroth's Corner thence with the public road running toward Betterton till it reaches Stoneton road thence with said Stoneton road and continuing in a straight line easterly till that line intersects Lloyds Creek thence with said creek to Sassafras river and all that part of the Third Election District and the north end of the Second Election District lying to the north and west of said division lines as above indicated shall be known as precinct number two and the voting place of said precinct shall be Betterton, and all that part of the Third Eection District lying to the south and west of the aforesaid division lines shall be known as precinct number one and the voting place of said precinct shall be Worton Station.

SEC. 3 And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the officers of registration in the said Third Election district at the first sitting of the said officers of Registration prior to the next general election to designate on the Registration books of the said district the precinct in which each of the qualified registered voters reside, and shall prepare separate lists of voters for the Judges of election according to the subdivision of said district into precincts as here-in-before provided designating the election precinct of the district in which the voters are or shall be respectively entitled to vote, and deliver the same according to law

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Election supervisors of Kent County to appoint Judges and Clerks and election officers as are appointed in the other precincts and districts of Kent County, for each of said precincts residents thereof to act as Judges, Clerks and officers of election for said precincts, and who shall perform the duties of their offices in the manner required by the election laws of the State of Maryland, and such Judges shall make their returns in the same manner as if the said precincts were districts and in accordance with the laws applicable to Judges of election for Districts and they shall receive the same compensation as other Judges and officers of election in Kent County.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage, and that all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved March 30, 1908.
HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.
HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates.
HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate.

Office of Chief Clerk of the House:
I Hereby Certify, That the aforegoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.
A. J. ALMONEY, Chief Clerk of the House.

Public Local Law.

Passed by the Maryland Legislature, Session of 1908, and Operative of Kent County, Maryland.

CHAPTER 357.

An Act to add two new sections to Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub-title Chestertown, one of the said new sections to follow immediately after section 51 and to be designated as section 51 A, and the other of said new sections to follow immediately after section 65 and to be designated Section 65 A, so as to read as follows, and to authorize the legal and qualified voters of Chestertown to vote upon same.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That two new sections be added to Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub title "Chestertown" one of the said sections to follow immediately after Section 51 and to be designated Section 51 A. and the other of said new sections to follow immediately after Section 65 and to be designated Section 65 A. and to read as to said new sections, as follows:

51 A. The Commissioners of Chestertown shall each receive a salary of one hundred dollars ($100.00) per annum, payable quarterly in equal proportions, beginning from the first day of May in the year nineteen hundred and eight.

65 A. That the Commissioners of Chestertown may levy on the assessable property of Chestertown such sum of money as they may deem necessary, not exceeding fifteen cents in the hundred dollars in any one year in addition to the levy of thirty five cents in the hundred dollars now authorized by law and shall have the same powers in the collection of such additional sum as they may levy as they now possess.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That at the next regular election for Commissioners of Chestertown, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Chestertown, the questions whether the Commissioners of Chestertown shall each receive a salary of one hundred dollars ($100.00) per annum and whether an additional levy of fifteen cents in the hundred dollars on the assessable property in Chestertown shall be authorized and at such election the ballots cast upon said question shall have the words "for salary" or "against salary" and "for additional levy" or against additional levy" thereon; and if a majority of the votes cast upon said question of salary shall be "for salary," then section 51 A. as above enacted shall become in force and effect, but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "against salary," then said Section 51 A. shall be of no effect. And if a majority of the votes cast upon said question of additional levy shall be "for additional levy," then section 65 A. as above enacted shall become in force and effect, but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "against additional levy," then said Section 65 A. shall be of no effect.

Sec. 3 And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 6, 1908.
HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.
HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate.
HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates.

Office of the secretary of the Senate
I Hereby Certify, That the aforegoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.
ROBERT MOSS, Secretary.

Public Local Law.

Passed by the Maryland Legislature, Session of 1908, and Operative in Kent County, Maryland.

An Act to repeal and re-enact Section 154 of Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland title "Kent County" sub-title Millington as amended by Chapter 95 of the Acts of 1906.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 154 of Article 15 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland title "Kent County," sub title "Millington" as amended by Chapter 95 of the Acts of 1906, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted to read as follows:

Sec. 154. And be it enacted, That there shall be three Commissioners for Millington, all of whom shall be tax-payers upon real or personal property situate in said town and at least twenty-one years of age, who shall be elected for a term of three years, and who shall serve without compensation: the first election for Commissioners under this Act shall take place on the second Saturday in March 1908. Immediately after said Commissioners shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided by lot into three classes; the seat of the Commissioner of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of one year, of the second class at the expiration of two years, and of the third class at the expiration of three years from said first election, so that thereafter one Commissioner shall be elected every year.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 25, 1908.
HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.
HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates.
HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate.

Office of the Chief Clerk of the House:
I Hereby Certify, That the aforegoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.
A. J. ALMONEY, Chief Clerk of the House.

Public Local Law.

Passed by the Maryland Legislature, Session of 1908 and Operative in Kent County, Maryland.

An Act to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 217 B. of Chapter 142 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of the year 1904, entitled "An Act to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 217 of Article 15 of the code of Public Local Laws, title 'Kent County,' sub-title 'Wild Fowl,' and to add two new sections to said Article to follow Section 217 and to be designated as Section 217 A. and 217 B."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 217 B. of Chapter 142 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of the year 1904, entitled "An Act to repeal and re enact with amendments Section 217 of Article 15 of the code of Public Local Laws, title 'Kent County,' sub-title 'Wild Fowl,' and to add two new sections to said article to follow Section 217 and to be designed as Section 217 A. and 217 B." be repealed an re enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

217 A. It shall be unlawful to shoot at or shoot wild fowl in or over the waters of Kent County, except from the shore and natural islands, except it shall be lawful for the citizens of Kent County on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays of every week during the open season, to shoot at or shoot wild fowl in Comegys Bight, a tributary of the Chester River, in Kent County, from a stick blind not to be erected at a greater distance than four hundred yards from the shore, and to shoot at or shoot wild fowl in said Comegys Bigut from a boat or float placed in any such stick blind, and it shall be unlawful to erect any such stick blind within four hundred yards of one already erected in accordance with the provisons of this section, except in such cases where it may be necessary to chase and shoot any such wild fowl which have been previously shot and crippled from the shore or island or stick blinds erected in Comegys Bight, and it shall also be unlawful for any one to hunt, shoot or shoot at any wild fowl, otters, muskrats or any other water animal by the use of any light of any character in any one of the waters of Kent County, except it shall be lawful for the citizens of Kent County over the waters of Chester River and its tributaries in the jurisdiction of Kent County above a line drawn from Molters points to Bookers Wharf to shoot at or shoot muskrats by the use of light, and it shall be unlawful to shoot or shoot at wild fowl over the waters of Chester River and its tributaries in the jurisdiction of Kent County above a line drawn from Cliff City to Spaniards Point except on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays of every week during the open season, and any one violating this section shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars, and upon failure to pay said fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail for thirty days for each offence, one-half of said fine to be paid to the informer.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of it passage.

Approved March 30th, 1908.
HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.
HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates.
HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate.

Office of the Chief Clerk of the House:
I Hereby Certify, That the aforegoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.
A. J. ALMONEY, Chief Clerk of the House

Public Local Law.

Passed by the Maryland Legislature, Session of 1908, and Operative in Kent County, Maryland.

AN ACT to repeal Chapter 532 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the Session of 1906, entitled an Act directing the County Commissioners of Kent County, Maryland, to pay a sum of money to the Town Commissioners of Galena, Kent County, Maryland, for the improvement of streets of said town.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Chapter 532 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the Session of 1906, entitled an Act directing the County Commissioners of Kent County, Maryland, to pay a sum of money to the Town Commissioners of Galena, Kent County, Maryland, for the improvement of the streets of said town, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 6, 1908.
HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.
HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates.
HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate

Office of the Chief Clerk of the House:
I hereby certify, That the aforegoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.
A. J. ALMONEY, Chief Clerk of the House.

To Delinquent TAX-PAYERS

SHERIFF'S NOTICE!

THIS is to give notice to ALL DELINQUENT TAX-PAYERS that the Tax Books of the county are now in my hands for the collection fo taxes, which are now due and MUST BE PAID AT ONCE.

☞I shall advertise Delinquents Next Week. Save that cost by paying within the NEXT THREE DAYS.

The Law Allows No Delay!

☞You will not be called upon for these taxes. My only visit will be to levy on the property, which will be advertised and sold according to law.
a11-tf. DANIEL W. HADAWAY, SHERIFF

WM. H. KRUSEN,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AND EMBALMER.
STILL POND, MARYLAND

THE WATERMELON.

Africa Is the Original Home of This Luscious Fruit.

The humorists always associate the African with the watermelon, assuming that the taste of the colored man for his favorite dainty arises from his life in the southern states, where the melon vine grows like a weed.

As a fact, however, the African taste for the watermelon is hereditary. The vine is a native of Africa, where it is found wild in the great central plains of the continent, and has also been cultivated for many ages.

In Egypt the melons grown along the Nile rival those of southeastern Missouri.

The melons mentioned by the Israelites as being among the good things they had in Egypt were undoubtedly watermelons, for in the wall paintings about the time of the exodus the melon vine is represented, and in one case a long procession of slaves is depicted, each bearing on his shoulder a huge dark green watermelon.

Botanists say that varieties of the melon are found in southern Asia, and some even claim that the plant grows wild in central and South Africa, but Africa is no doubt the original home of the melon, and in his preference over every other kind of vegetable or fruit the African merely displays a taste that has become fixed in his race by thousands of years of indulgence, for in central Africa ripe watermelons are to be had every month in the year. —Detroit News-Tribune.

HORNET SENTINELS.

It Would Seem That These Insects Keep Guard Over the Nests.

Is a hornets' nest guarded by sentinels, after the manner of ant hills? It is not so easy to decide, for their private habits do not invite familiar approach. But some experiments seemed to point that way. No noises, however near or strident, had the least effect upon the workers. Blow on divers instruments as loudly and shrilly as I would, they poured in and out of the gate or labored on the walls, intent wholly upon their own affairs. But at the slightest jar upon the window or shutter, out flew a bevy of irate insects and flung themselves against the wire window screen with an angry "bump" that showed how good was their intention at least to defend their home. It was always so. A squad of workers, free and ready for aggressive duty, seemed to be lurking near the gate, prompt to sally forth upon alarm. Even at night a few kept near by, and, although their port had lost its vicious swing and they moved about with sluggish pace, like sleepy watchmen, as doubtless they were, they left upon the observer the impression that they were on sentinel service, in which the community was never lacking.—Dr. H. C. McCook in Harper's Magazine.

Repartee of the Shop.

"I never was so insulted in my life!" said the girl with the brown eyes indignantly.

"Explain further," was the request.

"Why, you know Fido chewed up the muff to that set of gray furs of mine, and so I went into a shop today to see if I could find a muff that would replace it. I told the clerk what I wanted. He couldn't find anything that would suit, so he called another clerk. This one hunted high and low, he dragged out muffs till they heaped the counter, but he couldn't find one that would match. Finally he called the proprietor, a fat, stuffy man, who came waddling down the aisle and said, 'What is the trouble?'

"'I can't make a match,' I said almost tearfully.

"'Why, that's funny,' he said in a hatefully patronizing manner. 'What's the matter with the men?'"—New York Press.

Michelangelo.

Michelangelo stood in the front rank both as painter and sculptor. In both arts he was worthy of the highest praise. The fresco of the "Last Judgment" in the Sistine chapel is considered the most wonderful picture in the world, showing the omnipotence of artistic science and the fiery daring of conception that but few other paintings can even approximate. In sculpture the "Moses" and the "Slaves," not to mention other pieces, rang among the finest creations of the art and pro claim Michelangelo to have been as masterful with his chisel as he was with his brush.—New York American.

A Surprise.

Teacher—Freddy Fangle, you may give the German name of the river Danube.

Freddy—Dunno.

Teacher—Donau! That is right. I am glad you have studied your lesson so well.

Freddy is surprised, but keeps still. —Exchange.

Jolting the Grandad.

A fond grandfather and father were admiring the new baby. Fond Grandfather—I declare! That youngster is a great deal more intelligent than you were at his age. Insulted Father—Naturally; he has a great deal brighter father!—Life.

A Mere Painting.

She—Why, no. The stolen Gainsborough was not a hat—it was a picture. Her Husband—Oh, I thought from the value that it was a hat.—Town and Country.

Strike from mankind the principle of faith and men would have no more history than a flock of sheep.—Lytton

Never was good work done without much trouble.—Chinese Proverb.

SANDERS & STAYMAN CO.

SPECIAL SALE OF PIANOS

PIANOLA PIANOS, PIANOLAS AND ESTEY ORGANS

OUR DESIRE IN THIS SALE is to give each and every one who is thinking of purchasing a Piano, Pianola or Organ a chance to see, try and examine our stock, whereby you may be convinced that there is no better line of Pianos handled by any dealer or manufacturer in this country.

WEBER PIANO

Has no superior and is used exclusively by Paderewski, Rosenthal, Metropolitan Opera Company, and the leading artists of the day.

IVERS & POND PIANO

A well-known Piano, strictly high-grade in construction, quality of tone and reputation.

FISCHER PIANO

One of the oldest and most reliable makes on the market.

ESTEY PIANO

Made by the Estey Organ People and is just as reliable as the Organ which has a reputation of its own.

STECK, WHEELOCK STUYVESTANT PIANO

Made by the Weber Piano Company and are all made with the Pianola on the inside.

FRANKLIN PIANO

Made by the Fischer Piano Co. and stands well.

LUDWIG & HOWARD PIANO

Both good as can be bought for the money and guaranteed by the factory and us.

SHOW ROOM UNDER VOSHELL HOUSE

SANDERS & STAYMAN CO., - Baltimore, Maryland

Represented by W. C. HURLOCK, Chestertown, Md.

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