Bramble, Kilbourn & Noland

FAIRLEE, MARYLAND.

General Merchandise
Agricultural Implements
Repair Work

All next week will pay 2 cents above market quotations for EGGS.

FOR SALE—One Second-hand Ford Touring Car, One Second-hand Maxwell Touring Car and One Second-hand Overland.

WATCH FOR CHANGE OF ADV. NEXT WEEK

Respectfully,
Bramble, Kilbourn & Noland
"THE DEPENDABLE STORE"
Fairlee, Md.

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FALL MILLINERY

HATS

SEE our Splendid Display of FALL MILLINERY for the season. It is a marvelous collection of the new 1916 creations, embracing the very latest designs from home and abroad. . Every age and every taste and desire can be easily and quickly satisfied here, and the prices this season are very attractive.

1916 IS A YEAR OF NEW STYLES

We have them here—the Latest, the Best, the Most Striking and Pleasing of all Styles. The modest and tasty designs for aged ladies, the fashionable creations for the devotee of styles, or the practical Hat for street wear and for children, everything is provided for in this collection.

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Shippers are invited to visit our new store.
Largest Fruit and Produce House in Baltimore.
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WHAT THE PRESIDENT ACTUALLY DID TO AVERT STRIKE DISASTER

Before I consulted with them (the railway executives and the representatives of the employes) I made myself acquainted with the points at controversy.

The first thing I told both sides was that I stood for the eight-hour day. We believe in the eight-hour day because a man does better work within eight hours than he does in a more extended day. I said to the railroad executives: "You are asking that the result of the eight-hour day be predicted and the prediction be arbitrated. The reasonable thing to do is to grant the eight-hour day not because the men demand it, but because it is right and let me get authority from Congress to appoint a commission to observe the results and report in order that justice may be done the railroads in respect of the cost of the experiment."

That was the proposal which they rejected and which Congress put into law, a proposal which I made to them before I conferred with it, which I urged upon them at every conference, and which when the one side rejected and the other accepted I went to Congress and asked Congress to enact. I did not ask either side whether it suited them, and I requested my friends in Congress not to ask either side whether it suited them. I learned before the controversy began that the whole temper of the legislative body was in favor of the eight-hour day.

In the House of Representatives the plan was passed, was sanctioned, by a vote which included seventy Republicans as against fifty-four Republicans. In the Senate the Republican members held a conference in which they determined to put no obstacle in the way of the passage of the bill. Now, this was because the proposal was reasonable and was based upon right.—From President Wilson's speech to New Jersey business men at Shadow Lawn, N. J., Sept. 23.

ROBINS DECLINES TO MEET MRS. FUNK IN DEBATE

Brilliant Woman Progressive Supporting Wilson Had Challenged Hughes Convert to Match Reasons.

Raymond Robins, who was chairman of the recent Progressive National Convention in Chicago, has declined the challenge of Mrs. Antoinette Funk to meet her in public debate on the reasons why Progressive voters should be asked to vote for Charles E. Hughes when President Wilson is in the field. In his refusal Mr. Robins indicated that he would decline all offers to match logic with opponents on the question of Progressive activity in this presidential campaign.

Mrs. Funk is a lawyer in Chicago and was one of the prominent leaders of the Progressive movement so long as Colonel Roosevelt remained at the head of it. She and Mr. Robins fought side by side for Progressive principles and she was one of the most active campaigners for Mr. Robins in the Senatorial campaign in Illinois two years ago.

Mrs. Funk now is a member of the Associate Committee of Progressives co-operating with the Democratic National Campaign Committee. She puts her challenge to Mr. Robins on the high ground of public service, asking that her former associate submit the case of Wilson vs. Hughes to popular juries.

In her letter to Mr. Robins, Mrs. Funk said:

"In 1912, endorsing the Progressive party with my whole heart, I left behind me a tradition of middle western and New England Republicanism and when the end came in the Auditorium last June, I followed Theodore Roosevelt to the door of the Republican camp with faith that the Republican party of 1916 was in somewise different from the Republican party of 1912 that he and you and I condemned and I waited for a sign that would point the new way. It did not come, but events momentous in their import did transpire and against my inclinations and traditions and against

MRS. ANTOINETTE FUNK.

my associations and prejudices, **I was forced in honesty to myself to admit that Woodrow Wilson, greater than his party, a leader of his party, had in large measure kept for the Progressives their contract affirmed by them and entered into with the people.**

"I am inviting you now, Mr. Robins, to join me in a series of debates, the question to be resolved and the arrangements to be made through our respective committees, such debates to be held during the campaign, it being understood that the resolution of the question shall comprehend all matters properly at issue in the minds of Progressives seeking their political affiliation for 1916."

Some of the newspaper correspondents attached to the standpat train in Ohio found Mr. Hughes' voice "very firm," which was in striking contrast with utterances that were just as infirm as ever.

DAVID LUBIN ADVOCATES RE-ELECTION OF WILSON

Father of American Rural Credits Another Leading Republican to Join President's Standard.

David Lubin, founder of the International Institute of Agriculture and father of the rural credits movement in America, has joined the list of prominent Republicans openly advocating the re-election of President Wilson. Within a fortnight Thomas A. Edison, Luther Burbank and Henry Ford, all Republicans and men of international fame, have made similar declarations.

David Lubin is a wealthy California farmer. His interest in securing a

DAVID LUBIN.

square deal for the farmer led him to make research abroad, and out of his efforts grew the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome. This institution does for the staples of agriculture of the world what the American Chamber of Commerce does for the products of the American manufacturer.

Through his connection with the International Institute of Agriculture Mr. Lubin became interested in the rural credit systems of Europe and led the movement which resulted in the passage of the Rural Credits by the Wilson Administration.

Just before departing for Italy, recently, Mr. Lubin authorized an interview of 4,000 words in which he gave his opinion of those acts of the Wilson Administration which directly affect the farmer, his home and his market. This interview has been furnished without cost to every leading farm paper in the United States. If the farmer does not read it in his farm paper it will probably be because the Editor does not care to use his columns for discussion of economic questions and government policies that vitally affect the interest of the farmer.

Mr. Lubin said: "In the application of business methods of distribution, America, until the present Administration, was about 150 years behind Germany and several decades behind the rest of Europe. And yet in the very thing in which America is backward, she should lead the world. She does not, because a clique of special interests dictated public opinion and controlled legislation through the bosses of the Republican party. So cleverly have they worked that the average man is hypnotized, his critical faculties dulled.

"President Wilson is neither fooled nor led by this crowd. He is tireless, patient, far-seeing. He has a historic sense of the past, a sympathetic sense of the present and a prophetically spiritual sense of the future. While his head is above the clouds, his feet are always upon the earth. He is idealistic on the one side, on the other practical. He is a good business man.

"He knows that good politics and good economics are the same thing. He is fearless; in all my relations with him, direct or indirect, I fail to find anything or anybody he is afraid of."

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We have the best possible facilities for handling shipments of Grain, Fruit, Asparagus, Poultry and Produce of all kinds.

References:—Merchants'-Mechanics' National Bank of Baltimore and all Commercial Agencies.

DEMOCRATIC LAWS THAT HELP FARMERS

Federal Employment Bureau But One of Many Achievements of the Wilson Administration.

MONEY FOR CROP MOVING

Rural Credits, Federal Reserve Act, Good Roads, Grain Standards and Many Other Benefits.

By FRANK G. ODELL.

Editor of the Nebraska Farm Magazine

Do you know that your post office is now an employment bureau? That is one of the new things Uncle Sam has started during the present Administration. Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor has tackled the task of bringing the jobless man and the manless job together, and **now every post office is an agency of the United States employment service.** The postmaster is equipped with blanks for listing applications for labor or for employment and is instructed to help get the worker and the job in contact.

While this might appear to be principally in the interest of the worker, it is really **one of the numerous far-reaching things started for the benefit of the farmer by the Administration of President Wilson.** The increasing scarcity of farm labor has become a problem to the farmer, especially in the wheat-growing and fruit-growing sections. This labor, which is of a seasonal character, necessarily must be performed largely by itinerant workers. Some agency which will meet this demand and relieve the laborer of the graft of employment agencies is necessary. Uncle Sam has started it.

A single illustration will show how the system works; in the Willamette Valley of Oregon thousands of temporary workers are needed in hop-picking time. On August 20 the Oregon Journal of Portland printed a news article about the new government employment agency, stating that six hundred families could obtain immediate employment in the hop yards by applying at the Portland division of the Federal employment service.

This is another item added to the mass of accumulating evidence which shows that **the Wilson Administration has tried to give both labor and the farmer a square deal. For the first time in history, this Administration has placed the needs of rural districts squarely before Congress as of equal importance with the interests of financial centers.**

And why not? Financial centers would not amount to much without the nine-billion-dollar crop of the American farmer. But the interests of the farmer have not always been so prominently and favorably considered by Congress as they have during the past three years. The record of Democratic claims for farmer support is a record of accomplishment. It reads like this in the passage of laws and administrative acts:

What Has Been Done for the Farmer.

CURRENCY REFORM: The Federal Reserve Act under which **the farmer's paper is given special consideration, including permission to National Banks to loan on the security of farm lands.**

RURAL CREDITS: An epoch-making legislative measure which will relieve the farmer of the incubus of the short-time loan at extortionate interest. **This measure alone, when in full force, will save the farmers of the United States one hundred and fifty million dollars annually in interest charges.**

GOOD ROADS: Seventy-five million dollars made available for the development of roads from the farm to the market, under conditions which will prevent wasteful use of the money.

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION: The passage of the Smith-Lever Act brings to every American farm, through the joint co-operation of the Federal Government and the States, the help of these agencies in solving the business problems of the farmer.

COTTON FUTURES ACT: Deals a death blow to gambling in this great staple.

UNITED STATES WAREHOUSE ACT: Enables owners of stored products to obtain loans on warehouse receipts more nearly approximating the full value of the product.

GRAIN STANDARDS: A law enacted last August authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to establish official grain standards. This law is working. **The farmer who has been robbed through juggled grain grades for years will appreciate its value.**

CROP MOVING: The surplus funds of the Treasury Department have been placed directly in the banks of the South and West to aid in moving crops during the customary season of money shortage.

INTEREST ON GOVERNMENT DEPOSITS: Banks holding government deposits are now required to pay two per cent interest. This cuts off a big graft which formerly came from the free use of huge sums of the people's money. More than one million dollars revenue annually is now derived from this source alone.

IMPROVED MARKETING SYSTEM: The farmer has for years felt the power of the market combine, with its waste, inefficiency and dishonesty. The office of Markets and the Rural Organization Service, established in the Department of Agriculture during this Administration, are working on scientific lines to promote better marketing and co-operative business organization among farmers.

These beneficient measures, with many others, show why the farmer is pretty well satisfied with the Wilson Administration.

100,000 Bushels of New Wheat WANTED

For which the Highest Cash Price will be paid at the railroad stations on the Kent and Queen Annes railroad.

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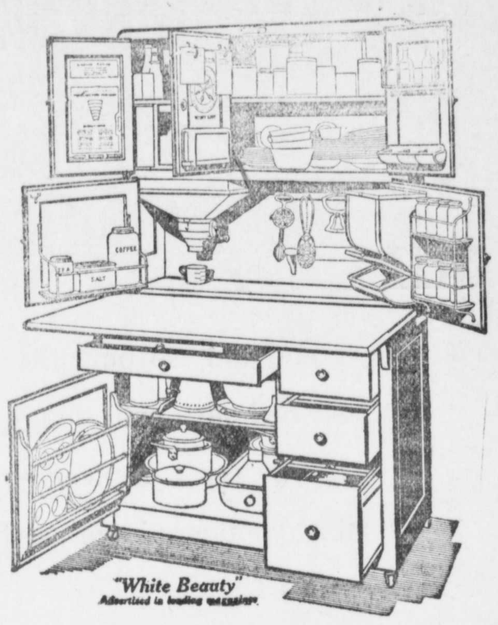

We have only a few of these Hoosier Cabinets left. You had better decide now, BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

It costs you nothing extra to enroll in the Hoosier Club if you come to-day. No interest, no fees of any kind.

JOHN BARTLEY,
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Fall is coming fast and you will want that fall or winter hat renovated, reblocked or cleaned for the approaching season.

We renovate hats of every description, such as soft or derby hats for $1.00, also Beaver and Valleur hats at reasonable prices.

We also clean Ladies' Hats of all kinds.

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