— THE —
JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

STATE SCHOLARSHIPS IN ENGINEERING COURSES.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in Gilman Hall, Homewood, Monday-Thursday, Sept. 15-18, 1919, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

APPLICATIONS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING, established under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, will not be received. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken Friday, September 19, beginning at 9 a. m. Appointments will be made soon thereafter.

Each Legislative District of Baltimore City and each county of the State, with the exception of Howard, Queen Anne's and Somerset counties, will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the 1919-1920, in addition to those already assigned to resident students. In the three counties mentioned above, all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City Scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition is granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. One of the scholarships in each county and each legislative District of the City carries also the sum of $200. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is not greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, St. John's College, Washington College, Western Maryland College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College.

One scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address The Registrar, The John's Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and catalogues giving information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction. The next session begins Tuesday, September 30, 1919. a16-4t.

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT

CHAPTER 122, ACTS OF 1908

171. The following persons shall be guilty of corrupt practices and shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of this act: Every person, who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by another give or offer or promise to any person any money, gift, advantage, preferment, entertainment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention or session of the General Assembly of Maryland or either House thereof. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly receive, accept, request or solicit from any person, candidate, committee, association, organization or corporation, any money, gift, advantage, preferment, aid, emolument or any valuable thing whatsoever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention. Every person who in consideration of any money, gift, preferment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatsoever paid, received, accepted or promised to the advantage of himself or any other person, shall vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure at any such election, caucus or primary election or political convention. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, pay, give, contribute or promise any money or other valuable thing, to defray, or towards defraying the costs or expense of any campaign or election, to any person, committee, company, club, organization, or association other than to a treasurer or political agent; but this sub-section or paragraph shall not apply to dues regularly paid for membership in any incorporated political club if all money expended by such club for or in connection with the costs or expenses of any campaign or election shall be passed out by it only through a treasurer or political agent, as provided in this Act, or to any expenses for postage, telephoning, telegrams, stationery, printing, expressage or traveling and board incurred by any candidate for office or for nomination thereto so far as they are permitted by this Act. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or through another person, make a payment or promise of payment, to a treasurer or political agent in any other name than his own; and every treasurer or political agent, who shall knowingly receive a payment or promise of payment, and enter the same or cause the same to be entered in his accounts in any other name than that of the person by whom such payment or promise of payment is made. Every person who being an employer pays his employes the salary or wages due in "pay envelopes" upon which there is written or printed, or in which there is enclosed any political motto, device or argument containing threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of such employés, or within ninety days of any election or primary puts, or otherwise exhibits, in the establishments or place where his employes are engaged in labor, any hand bill or placard containing any threat notice or information that if any particular ticket or candidate is elected or defeated, work in his place or establishment will cease in whole or in par or his establishment be closed up, or the wages of his employes be reduced other threats expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions or his employes. Every person, who, before, during or after election or primary election, by himself or by any other person, either directly or indirectly, gives or provides or pays, wholly or in part, the expenses of giving or providing any meat, drink, entertainment or provisions to or for any person, for the purpose of influencing that person or any other person, to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election or primary election, or to influence his vote in any other way therein, or on account of his having voted or refrained from voting, or being about to vote or refrain from voting, and every elector who accepts the same, or any of the same, for any of the purposes aforesaid. Every person who shall be guilty of any corrupt practices as aforesaid shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for one year, or both, and shall be ineligible to any public office or public employment for a period of four years from and after the time of the commission of such offense.

GEORGE W. CARTER, Jr.,
a31-2t. Sheriff.

Instructions to Voters.

1. To vote. Enter room, step up to guard rail, give name and registered residence to the Judges. Wait until your name is found upon the registers, then get ballot from the judge in chagre of the ballots. See that he has written your name and number on the coupon attached to the ballot and his own name or initials on the back of the ballot itself.

2. Upon receiving your ballot retire to one of the booths or compartments and prepare your ballot by marking with and indelible pencil after the name of every person, or persons for whom you wish to vote, and to the right thereof, in the blank space provided therefor, a cross-mark, for example (X); and in case of a question submitted to a vote of the people, by making likewise in the appropriate space a cross-mark (X) against the answer you desire to give.

If you wish to vote for some one whose name is not printed on the official ballot you can write the name of such person in the blank space on the ballot provided for that purpose and place the cross-mark opposite such name in the blank space provided therefor.

3. In marking the ballot you may take with you into the polling place any written or printed memorandum or paper to assist you in preparing your ballot, except a facsimile of the ballot to be voted, but in the counties of Anne Arundel, Calvert Charles, Kent, Prince George's, St. Mary's, it is unlawful to take into the polling place any stencil, ruler, measurer or any other mechanical device of any material or form as a means of aid, guide or assistance in marking your ballot. You must prepare and deposit your ballot without undue delay. Before coming from behind the curtain in front of your compartment you must fold your ballot in the same way as it was folded when you received it, so that the marks which you have made upon it shall be entirely concealed. You then hand your folded ballot to the judge at the ballot box, give him your name and registered address and wait until he tears off the coupon containing your name and number, and strings it, and deposits your ballot in the ballot box. You must then leave the polling room and can not again go behind the guard rail during the day.

In Baltimore City and all of the Counties of the State except Anne Arundel voting for more candidates than there are offices to fill only invalidates the vote for that particular group in which the mistake occurs, but in the counties of Anne Arundel and Worcester, the whole ballot will be rejected in such event.

4. A voter must not go in any compartment occupied by another or converse with any other voter while engaged in a compartment, nor can he occupy a compartment more than seven minutes if others are waiting.

5. You must not take any ballot outside the guard rail. If you spoil a ballot you must deliver the spoiled ballot to the judge in charge of the ballots and receive another from him. If you spoil three ballots you lose your vote.

6. A voter who is physically disabled from marking his ballot must make affidavit to that effect if he desires assistance. The two polling clerks after such an affidavit has been made, can accompany him into one of the compartments and there mark his ballot as he instructs them, marking only the names of the candidates whom he shall name. The clerks are not allowed to read the ballot to him.

7. Any voter who shall allow his ballot to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he is about to vote; or place any distinguishing marks upon his ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his inability to mark his ballot, or who shall interfere or attempt to interfere with any voter when inside the enclosed space in the polling room, or when marking his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to show how he marks or has maked his ballot, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100 00) dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a period of not exceeding sixty (60) days, or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

Concealed Weapons on Election Day

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January session of 1874 and approved April 6, 1874, is published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons by any person in Kent, Queen Annes or Montgomery counties on the day of election in said counties:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Annes and Montgomery counties to carry on the day of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, billy, or bludgeon, and any person violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace, in either of said counties, shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by said Justice of the Peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officers collecting the same to the School Commissioners of the county where offense shall have been commited for school purposes.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That any constable of either of said counties or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of said offense, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before the Circuit Court of the county shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars nad forthwith be discharged from office.

GEO. W. CARTER, JR., Sheriff.

Betting on Elections.

The attention of all persons in particularly called to the following sections of 36 Code of Public Laws of Maryland:

SECTION 45. No person shall make any bet or wager on the result of any election to take place in this State.

SEC. 48. Any person offending against the last preceding section shall be liable to indictment by the Circuit Court, if the offense be committed in any county, or in the Criminal Court of Baltimore, if the offense be committed in Baltimore, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, to be paid to the State for School Fund.

SEC. 48. Any deposit of money in any part of the State as a wager or bet upon elections in this State or elsewhere shall be forfieted and paid over to the County Commissioners of the county where deposited for the use of the county, and if deposited in the city of Baltimore, to the Mayor and City Council.

GEO. W. CARTER, JR., Sheriff.

STEVENS BROTHERS
Grain, Fruit & Produce Commission Merchatns
226 S. Charles St., Cor Camden St.
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND
Grain Salesmen—R. Nelson Stevens, John W. E. Emory.
Fruit & Produce Salesmen—John L. Corson, Thos. Cadell, Richard L. Stonnell, Anthony Herbert, C. H. Norris.
Poultry Salesmen—Robt. W. Smoot, W. C. Downs.
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All under personal supervision of R. Nelson Stevens. Over thirty (30) yrs. successful experience, active, up to date. Mixed with young blood; no slackers among us.
References—Merchants & Mechanics First National Bank, Baltimore Trust Company, AP Commercial Agencies.

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AUCTIONEER
This is to notify the public that I have removed to Chestertown and am prepared to cry lsaes in Kent and Queen Annes counties on reasonable terms.
J. T. JESTER, Auctioneer.

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American Fence and Poultry Wire. Barb and Smooth Wire and Staples.
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an unusual one in insurance companies.
During the past 8 years it has returned to its policyholders where policies have been cancelled...$32,864.00
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R. W. Moffett, Millington.
F. H. Ruth, Galena.
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HERMAN BLACKWAY,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

THE A B C OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS
By DR. FRANK CRANE.

1. What is the League of Nations?
A. A union of the strongest civilized nations formed at the conclusion of the great war.
2. What is its object?
A. First, to promote the Peace of the World by agreeing not to resort to war. Second, to deal openly with each other, not by secret treaties. Third, to improve international law. Fourth, to co-operate in all matters of common concern.
3. Does it presume to end war?
A. No more than any government can end crime. It claims to reduce the liability of war.
4. What will be done to any nation that makes war?
A. It will be boycotted and otherwise penalized.
5. How else will the probability of war be lessened?
A. By voluntary, mutual and proportionate disarmament; by exchanging military information, by providing for arbitration, by protecting each nation's territorial integrity and by educating public opinion to see the folly of war.
6. What else does the League propose to do for Mankind?
A. (1) Secure fair treatment for labor,
(2) suppress the White Slave Traffic, the sale of dangerous Drugs, and the traffic in War Munitions,
(3) control and prevent Disease,
(4) promote the work of the Red Cross, and
(5) establish International Bureaus for other Causes that concern the human race.
7. Who are to be Charter Members of the League?
A. The United States of America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, British Empire, Canada, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand, India, China, Cuba, Czecho-Slovakia, Eucador, France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Siam, Uruguay and the following states which are invited to accede to the covenant: Argentine Republic, Chili, Colombia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.
8. What other nations may join?
A. Any self-governing State which will agree to the rules of the League, provided the League accepts it.
9. What Agencies will the League have?
A. (1) An Assembly, composed of representatives of all the member Nations,
(2) a Council of Nine,
(3) a Secretary-General,
(4) a Mandatary Commission, to look after colonies, etc.,
(5) a Permanent Commission, for military questions,
(6) various International Bureaus; such as the Postal Union, etc.,
(7) Mandataries.
10. What is a Mandatary?
A. Some one nation designated by the League to attend to the welfare of "backward peoples residing in colonies of the Central Empires, or in territories taken from them." This is to be a "sacred trust," and in selecting a mandatary the wishes of the people of the area in question shall be the principal consideration.
11. Does the League mean a Supernation?
A. No. It interferes in no way with any Nation's Sovereignty, except to limit its power to attack other nations.
12. Can any Nation withdraw when it wishes?
A. Yes. The League is Advisory and Co-operative, not coercive.
13. Does the League put Peace above Justice and National Honor?
A. No. It puts Reason before Violence.
14. Does not the League take away the Constitutional right of Congress to declare war?
A. No. The League can advise war; Congress alone can Declare war.
15. Does it destroy the Monroe Doctrine?
A. Exactly the contrary. For the first time in history the other nations recognize the Monroe Doctrine; and extend it to all the world.
16. Does it not interfere with Treaty Making Powers of the United States?
A. No. It is a Treaty. We can make any Treaty we please.
17. Would we have had the Great War if we had had this League?
A. No. That War cost the world over 7,000,000 lives and 200,000,000,000 dollars.
18. Of what importance is the League?
A. It is the greatest deed of mankind in the history of the world.
19. Has not anyone a right to object to the League?
A. Yes. This is a free country. Anyone has a right to any opinion he chooses.
20. Why is the League so bitterly opposed by a few?
A. Because, unfortunately, any Treaty or League must be made by the President, and a President is chosen by a political party and many members of the opposite Party think they must decry whatever he does.

DR. L. C HESS
DENTIST
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Dentistry at a cash fee, without the usual inconvenience of rubber darn, cotton rolls, separation of teeth.

Subscription to the Transcript $1.00 per annum.

Nominations by Certificate

In accordance with the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1912, the following persons having fully complied with the law by filing certificates for nomination with the Supervisors of Elections, and there being no opposition before us for these candidates, and no contesting candidates for the offices for which they desire to be nominated, it will not be necessary to vote for them in the Primary Election, and a certificate for nomination will be issued to them according to law, being certified as the candidates of the Democratic Party:

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT
LEWIN W. WICKES
OF KENT COUNTY

FOR GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
ALBERT C. RITCHIE
OF BALTIMORE CITY

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
THOMAS J. KEATING
OF QUEEN ANNES COUNTY

FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
E. BROOKE LEE
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND
CALEB C. MAGRUDER
OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

FOR STATE SENATE
WILLIAM F. RUSSELL

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES
ELSWORTH C. BOWERS
CARSON W. HARRIS

FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY
S. SCOTT BECK

FOR TREASURER OF KENT COUNTY
MERRICK CLEMENTS

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
NICHOLAS V. WALTERS
ARTHUR BRICE

FOR JUDGES OF THE ORPHANS' COURT
EDWARD A. SCOTT
HENRY THOMPSON
WILLIAM K. HUDSON

FOR STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
JOHN B. HARMAN
ROBERT MOFFETT
HARRY DAVIS

FOR DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION
ALBERT B. GROVES
FRED H. DAVIS
JOHN A. SMITH

By order—
C. FRANK CROW, President;
GEORGE R. RASIN,
JOHN C. DAVIS,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
J. N. WHEATLEY, Clerk.

Nominations by Certificate

In accordance with the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1912, the following persons having fully complied with the law by filing certificates for nomination with the Supervisors of Elections, and there being no opposition before us to these candidates, and no contesting candidates for the offices for which they desire to be nominated, it will not be necessary to vote for them in the Primary Election, and a certificate of nomination will be issued to them according to law, being certified as the candidates of the Republican Party:

FOR CHIEF JUDGE OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT
FRED R. OWENS
OF CAROLINE COUNTY

FOR GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
HARRY W. NICE
OF BALTIMORE CITY

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
ALEXANDER ARMSTRONG
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY

FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
WALTER WRIGHT WOODCOCK
OF WICOMICO COUNTY

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
WM. L. MARCEY
OF ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY

FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY OF KENT COUNTY
SIDNEY P. TOWNSHEND

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES
RALPH P. WILLIAMS
HERBERT A. URIE

FOR TREASURER OF KENT COUNTY
JAMES A. NICKERSON

FOR SHERIFF OF KENT COUNTY
EDGAR T. STEVENS

FOR JUDGES OF THE ORPHANS' COURT
CORNELIUS G. HADAWAY
M. WILBUR THOMAS

FOR DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION
JAMES B. WILLSON

By order—
C. FRANK CROW, President;
GEORGE R. RASIN,
JOHN C. DAVIS,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
J. N. WHEATLEY, Clerk.

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