WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT · · · BUICK WILL BUILD THEM

Everything that is BUICK for only $1195 f. o. b. factory

You may have thought that you couldn't buy a Buick for as little as $1195—that you would have to pay considerably more for Buick quality.

The truth is that you can have any one of three popular Buick models at this figure—a Sedan, Coupe or Sport Roadster—all of them, cars of true Buick quality.

You have always wanted a Buick—and today's Buick surpasses all previous creations. See it—drive it—*and own the car you have long wanted.*

SEDANS $1195 to $1995 COUPES $1195 to $1850
SPORT MODELS $1195 to $1525

All prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich., government tax to be added. The G. M. A. C. finance plan, the most desirable, is available.

THE N.B-R MONOR CO.

Authorized Sales and Service

Geo. Edw. Furbush Vernon M. Barnett
315 High Street Chestertown, Md.



A Time of Joy

To all of our patrons and their friends we wish the utmost in Health, Wealth, and Happiness for the New Year.

J. S. KREEGER
Jeweler and Optomerist
Chestertown, Maryland

"TEX" RICKARD

World Famous Sports Promoter, *writes:*



"Lucky Strikes never injure my throat. Many of my friends in all walks of life use and enjoy them."

Tex Rickard



The Cream of the Tobacco Crop

No article can grow without quality behind it. LUCKY STRIKES are growing and have grown because of their quality. 'The Cream of the Crop' goes into LUCKY STRIKE. The best Tobacco is bought for them. I know, because it is my job to see that this is so."

J. S. Bowles
Buyer of Tobacco at Louisville, Ky.

"It's toasted"

No Throat Irrita[tion] No Cough.

POULTRY NOTES

ITEMS OF INTEREST THAT WILL HELP OUR READERS WITH THEIR POULTRY FLOCKS

BY POLK T. BRAMBLE
(Proprietor Bramble Poultry Farm)

Of all the chicks that the local hatcheries are sending out through the mails, there are practically none that are being sold in Kent county, or in this immediate section. The fact of the matter is that our people do not get out their chicks early enough to realize the profits that can be made, and are being made, in the poultry business. While money can be made at all seasons of the year with chickens, there is no question about it more money is made with early chicks than the others. Chicks hatched out in January and February will be laying around November and December when egg are high, while the cockerels will go on the market when the price of chickens is good. The result of this is that the two local hatcheries are sending thousands of dollars out of the county into communities which are more wideawake in this business. This acts in more ways than one against this community. In order to secure eggs early, hatcheries are compelled to make contracts for a specified number of eggs all the season, which makes it impossible for them to take local eggs continually, especially when our people do not feed early, and do not begin to get eggs until March and April, when eggs become cheap. If our people would get on the job with their poultry; hatch heavy breeds early; feed continually, instead of only for a few months; and pay attention to their poultry like they should, there is a good chance for them to realize good profits. But, on the other hand, if they keep up the practice of waiting until hens get ready to set in May and June, and not feeding continually, profits from poultry will be negligible. These are plain facts, but they are true, and the sooner our people realize the sooner will they get into a position to make money worth while out of the business.

The decline of the demand for Rhode Island Reds during the past two years has been more noticeable than any other one thing in the poultry business. For a few years, Reds were almost on a par with Barred Plymouth Rocks, but, because of the difference of a few cents in the New York market, in favor of the Rocks, the demand for Reds has fallen off considerably. We notice this is our hatchery particularly, where Reds are always a drag on the market. As this community is a Rock community almost altogether, it s hardly noticeable here, but in other sections they have felt it considerable. Our experience is that Rocks are somewhat hardier than Reds, but both are good birds.

When the holidays are past and the days begin to lengthen a little, we think of ways and means to improve our work. We want to try better methods, and at the same time, we realize that we cannot afford to risk very much with anything that is merely sensational at the moment, or is a passing fad. Therefore, we must seek reliable information about what is worth trying and what s useless.

It may sound a trifle time-worn, but Texas, and for that matter, the whole Southwest, is literally in its infancy in poultry production. Few of the leading poultry farms can claim more than ten years of operation.

The increase in size and number, and the improvement in quality of farm flocks has practically all occurred in the last decade. Poultry education in state institutions did not begin until 1914. The continual demand throughout the state for more poultry knowledge, the importation of high class breeding stock, the great development of hatcheries, and the general interest of people within the state, as well as outside, in poultry production, cannot but mean a further development of the industry in Texas.

In the matter of favorable conditions for economical production, Texas need concede very little advantage to California, Washington, Florida, or other sections. There are disadvantages, and we shall be frank to admit them, but they are easily outweighed by the many favorable conditions. California and Washington pens entered in Texas egg laying contests makes, on the average, just as good records as in their home contest, proving that breeding is the deciding factor.

We hear occasionally of some overzealous and misguided would-be community improper or reformer who wants ordinances to prohibit the keeping of domestic fowls within the corporate limits of cities, and as is characteristic of most reformers, he has his attention centered on imaginary evils and is entirely overlooking the really injurious practices and conditions.

The usual argument advanced by those who advocate such laws is that they would improve sanitary conditions in the towns, and would eliminate the alleged disturbance caused [by] the crowing and cackling of fowls. [In] this statement is absolutely without foundation, because all persons who keep chickens know that san itation is essential to success with fowls, and for that reason, as well as all other reasons for which all people desire clean and salubrious surroundings, they maintain strictly sanitary conditions within their poultry yards and houses. And as to fowls creating a disturbance, it would seem that anyone to whom the crowing of a cock or the cackling of a hen is an annoyance is completely out of harmony with nature, and the person who does not commune with nature, at least animate nature, is depriving himself of one of the greatest pleasures of life.

There is more genuine pleasure and real benefit to be found in a month's study of nature than can be derived from six months spent in what a great many people term pursurable pursuits. And it is not necessary to leave the poultry yard in order to study nature.

The town family that keeps a flock of chickens not only is in position to serve fowl meat at any time desired, and know that the fowl which furnished the meat was healthy and fit for table use, but is also able to provide itself with another of the purest, cleanest and most nutritious foods obtainable, in the form of fresh eggs, while it is still fit to eat. There is no other article of food that possesses the same amount of nourishment per each two ounces of weight that an egg does, but, like all other foods, it should be eaten while it is still in an edible condition. An egg that has lain in cold storage two to six months has lost entirely its natural flavor, and its nutritive value has decreased greatly.

Eggs directly from the hennery, fresh, whole milk and vegetables fresh from the garden are the foods that build strong, vigorous, healthy children, and maintain good health in both child and adult, and any idiotic laws that would deprive a part of the peope of one of these health and body-building necessities—which is just what ordinances prohibiting the keeping of fowls in cities would do—would a detriment to the country.

"Over four hundred million chicks by parcel post in 1927."

This was the startling statement news reporters picked from the paper I read at the World's Poultry Congress at Ottawa last August and broadcasted in the city newspapers. Poultry journals were sufficiently interested to print the entire article.

These figures are impressive. When you speak of business volume in terms of millions the slumbering public arouses. Some are interested to know how it is done. What it's all about.

In my sixteen years experience. I have seen this business now continually.

The new slogan of the Advertising Committee of the International Baby Chick Association is. "A Billian Hatchery Chicks in 1931." That will be doubling the volume of present production. It does not necessarily mean that 500,000,000 more chicks are to be hatched in the country. It simply means that hundreds of thousands of farms now hatching their own chicks are going to be sold the big idea of hatchery chicks.

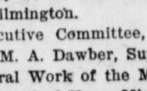
MINISTERIAL SUMMER SCHOOL

The Washington College Summer School for Town and County Ministers will hold its 1928 session from September 3 to 14.

This fact was determined at the meeting of the Executive Committee held recently at the duPont Biltmore Hotel in Wilmington.

The Executive Committee, consisting of Dr. M. A. Dawber, Superintendent of Rural Work of the Methodist Episcopal Board of Home Missions, of Philadelphia; Bishop George [W]illiam Davenport, of the Diocese [of] Easton; Rev. O. E. Jones, District Superintendent of the Middletown District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Middletown, Delaware; Dr. E. C. Makosky, President of the Maryland Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church Baltimore. Rev. H. W. Foreman, Secretary for Rural Work of the National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City; and, Dr. Paul E. Titsworth, President of Washington College, Chestertown, Maryland, decided on a ten-day session this year instead of a five-day session as heretofore.

The program of the Summer School will be considerably enriched and faculty enlarged. Several new and several former teachers will give instruction. It is expected to offer special credit courses in Rural Sociology, Psychology, and Leadership Training. The Committee is working on a plan to award a diploma to men having attended three summer sessions whose main interest has been in Rural Sociology. Dr. Paul E. Titsworth has chosen Dean for the Summer School 1928.



In office at Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday; office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

DR. JULIAN T. POWER
OPTOMETRIST
CHES[TERTOWN] MARY[LAND]

HIGH QUALITY CHICKS

That Will Live and Thrive and Make BIG PROFITS for Poultrymen.



Barred Plymouth Rocks
White Plymouth Rocks
White Wyandottes
S. C. Rhode Island Reds
S. C. White Leghorns
Brown Leghorns
Mixed

Send or call for our Illustrated Catalogue.

CUSTOM HATCHING--$5.40 per Tray of 180 eggs, except March and April, then $6.40.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION ALWAYS

BROODERS—We are agents for the great Blue Hen Coal Burning Brooders. See one at our place before buying elsewhere.

Bramble Poultry Farm

PHONE 308. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Purina Feeds

We carry a full line.

FEED THEM for MORE EGGS and MORE MILK

Metcalfe Brothers.
Chestertown, Kennedyville Worton.
Phones 209, 65F14, 830F3.

John P. Ahern

MILLINGTON, MD.

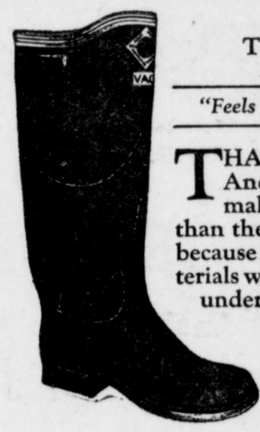
LUMBER
Coal Insurance
[Be]st Grade Calcium
Lump Lime
—FOR—
WHITE WASHING
75c
PER BUSHEL

CHICKEN COOPS AND CYPRES GATES
Ready for Use. Get [P]rice

COAL COAL
UNDER COVER
Palmers Lump Lime
IN BARRELS
HEADQUARTERS
For Cement and Baled Hay

Agricultural Lime
By Rail and Water

Your Orders Solicited
[PU]RCHUS



THE VAC BOOT

"Feels like Velvet and wears like Iron"

THAT'S what wearers say about it. And it is not heavy weight that makes it wear—for it is lighter than the usual rubber boot. It wears because it's made of *special quality* materials which are welded into one piece under high pressure by the *special* BALL-BAND Vacuum process of vulcanizing.

If you're hard on boots and they wear out too soon, try the *Vac* boot, it will satisfy you. You will get better looking boots, greater comfort, lighter weight, *and muc[h] longer wear*—all these. We do not believe there's a better boot made.

BALL BAND

VAC BOOTS
are special quality throughout.
We recommend [t]hem for the man who is hard on boots

Cold Weather Needs

Sheep Lined Coats, Lumber Jacks,
Wool Underwear Wool Hose,
High Top Shoes, Gloves
Heavy Work Clothing
Keep comfortable with warm clothing and buy it a[t]

NOLAND'S



DON'T wait for STORM Warnings!

Start using quick-starting Betholine NOW - no matter what the weather - you're off in a flash!

BETHOLINE
"THE WONDER MOTOR FUEL"

SHERWOOD BROS. INC.
Originators and Manufacturers
Baltimore, Md.

©Maryland State Archives msa_sc3326_scm8225-0027