Supervisors' Notice
—OF—
ELECTION

UNDER the provisions of Article 33, Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," the Supervisors of Elections for Kent County hereby give notice that an election will we held in the several Election Districts and Precincts of Kent County between the hours of 7 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening on

Tuesday, November, 4 1930

The places wherein such election upon the date aforementioned will be held in the respective Districts and Precincts, are as follows:

First District, First Precinct
Community Fire Co. Hall, Millington
Fire House.

First District, Second Precinct
Church Store Room, Galena.

Second District, First Precinct
Wallace Atwell Store, Kennedyville.

Second District, Second Precinct
D. C. Kelly Store, Kennedyville.

Third District, First Precinct
B. F. Rash's Hall, Worton.

Third District, Second Precince.
Turner & Son, Betterton.

Fourth District, First Precinct,
Pippin's Hotel, Chestertown.

Fourth District, First Precinct "N"
Bibb's Hotel, Chestertown.

Fourth District, Second Precinct
Massey & Wilmer Harness Shop,
Chestertown.

Fifth District, First Precinct
Church Hall, Rock Hall.

Fifth District, First Precinct "N"
Fire House.

Fifth District, Second Precinct
Old Church Building, Edesville

Sixth District
Walter Barnes' Room, Fairlee.

Seventh District
Mrs. Starr's Room, Pomona.

Said Election to be held for the purpose of voting for the following:

To elect one person for Governor of Maryland.

To elect one person for Comptroller of the State of Maryland.

To elect one person for Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

To elect one person for Clerk of the Court of Appeals of the State of Maryland.

To elect one Representative from the First Congressional District of Maryland in the 72nd Congress of the United States.

To elect one person for State Senator from Kent County.

To elect two persons for the House of Delegates of Maryland from Kent County.

To elect one person for State's Attorney for Kent County.

To elect one person for Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent County.

To elect one person for Treasurer for Kent County.

To elect one person for Register of Wills for Kent County.

To elect one person for Sheriff of Kent County.

To elect three persons for County Commissioners for Kent County.

To elect three persons for Judges of Orphans' Court of Kent County.

Also at the said Election and on the same ballot with the names of the candidates for office aforesaid, there will be submitted for adoption or rejection two certain proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the State of Maryland, one designated as Chap. 133 as follows:

CHAPTER 133

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Sections 2 and 3 of Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Treasury Department," so as to confer upon the Legislature power to authorize deputies, employed in the Treasury Department, to sign, countersign, counter sign and grant warrants, drawal of funds from the State Treasury under regulations prescribed by the Legislature; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the legally qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, (three-fifths of all of the Members of both of the Houses concurring), That an amendment to Sections 2 and 3 of Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Treasury Department," be, and the same is hereby proposed, the said amendment, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become a part of said Constitution, and the said Sections as amended to read as follows:

2. The Comptroller shall have the general superintendence of the fiscal affairs of the State; he shall digest and prepare plans for the improvement and management of the revenue, and for the support of the public credit; prepare and report estimates of the revenue and expenditures of the State; superintend and enforce the prompt collection of all taxes and revenue; adjust and settle, on terms prescribed by law, with delinquent collectors and receivers of taxes and State revenue; preserve all public accounts; and decide on the forms of keeping and stating accounts. He, or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature, shall grant, under regulations prescribed by Law, all warrants for money to be paid out of the Treasury, in pursuance of appropriations by law, and countersign all checks drawn by the Treasurer upon any bank or banks in which the moneys of the State, may, from time to time, be deposited. He shall prescribe the formalities of the transfer of stock, or other evidence of the State debt, and countersign the same, without which such evidence shall not be valid; he shall make to the General Assembly full reports of all his proceedings, and of the State of the Treasury Department of each Session; and perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by law.

3. The Treasurer shall receive the moneys of the State, and, until otherwise prescribed by law, deposit them, as soon as received, to the credit of the State, in such bank or banks as he may, from time to time, with the approval of the Governor, select (the said bank or banks giving security, satisfactory to the Governor, for the safekeeping and forthcoming, when required of said deposits), and he or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature shall disburse the same for the purpose of the State according to law, upon warrants drawn by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, and on checks countersigned by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, and not otherwise. The Treasurer or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature shall take receipts for all moneys paid from the Treasury Department; and receipt for moneys received by him shall be endorsed upon warrants signed by the Comptroller, or such deputy as may be authorized to do so by law, without which warrants, so signed, no acknowledgment of money received into the Treasury shall be valid; and upon warrants issued by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, the Treasurer shall make arrangements for the payment of the interest of the public debt, and for the purchase thereof, on account of the sinking fund. Every bond, certificate, or other evidence of the debt of the State shall be signed by the Treasurer, and countersigned by the Comptroller; and no new certificate or other evidence intended to replace another shall be issued until the old one shall be delivered to the Treasurer, and authority executed in due form for the transfer of the same filed in his office, and the transfer accordingly made on the books thereof, and the certificate or other evidence cancelled; but the Legislature may make provisions for the loss of certificates, or other evidences of the debt; and may prescribe, by law, the manner in which the Treasurer shall receive and keep the moneys of the State.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing sections, as amended, shall be, at the next General Election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, nineteen hundred and thirty, submitted to the legally qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said General Election the vote on the proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment, under the caption of:

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
AMENDING SECTIONS 2 AND
3 OF ARTICLE VI."

"This amendment confers upon the Legislature power to authorize deputies, employed in the Treasury Department, to sign, countersign and grant warrants and to sign, countersign and issue checks for the withdrawal of funds from the Treasury of the State under regulations prescribed by the Legislature.

Approved: April 2, 1929
prescribed by the Legislature."

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND	Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland. Done at the City of Annapolis this 14th day of July, in the year nineteen hundred and thirty.

ALBERT C. RITCHIE,
By the Governor:
DAVID C. WINEBRENNER, 3rd,
Secretary of State.

Also a second Amendment as to whether a Constitutional Convention shall be called which reads as follows:

CHAPTER 317

AN ACT to provide for taking at the General Election to be held in the year 1930 the sense of the voters of this State in regard to calling a Convention for altering the Constitution or for framing a new one according to the provisions of Article XIV, Section 2, of the Constitution of this State, as modified by Article XVII, Section 9, of the Constitution of this State.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That at the general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1930 there shall be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of this State, for their decision, the question whether there shall be called a convention for the purpose of altering the Constitution of this State or of framing a new Constitution. There shall be placed upon the ballots to be used at that election in the manner prescribed by the general election law of this State the words "For a Constitutional Convention" and "Against a Constitutional Convention," so that the voter may clearly indicate in the manner prescribed in the general election law whether he shall wish to cast his ballot for or against calling a convention for altering the present Constitution of the State or framing a new one. And the vote on the question of calling or not calling a Constitutional convention shall be received, counted and convassed in the manner prescribed by the general election law. The canvassing boards for the several counties and for the City of Baltimore shall certify the vote on the question of calling a Constitutional convention to the Governor, the Secretary of State and the State Treasurer; and the board of State canvassers shall at the time of their meeting to make a statement of the vote cast for the candidates voted for at that election, also make a statment of the vote cast on the question of calling a Constitutional convention, and shall transmit the same to the Governor, and the Governor shall, after receiving said statement, make a proclamation of the result of the vote on the question of calling a Constitutional convention.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That notice that the question of calling a Constitutional convention will be submitted to the voters shall be given in the same manner and for the same time, as required by Section 15 of Article 33 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, Edition of 1924, as amended by Chapter 213 of the Acts of 1927.

The return judges shall make their return before twelve (12) o'clock noon the second day after the election, that is to say, before noon Thursday following the Tuesday of the election in the manner prescribed by law, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court to the County Commissioners, to the Board of Supervisors of Election and to the Register of Wills of the county aforesaid.

By Order of Board,
C. FRANK CROW, Prest.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON,
THOMAS W. TREW,
Supervisors of Elections.
Wm. O. B. Knight, Clerk.

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT

CHAPTER 122, ACTS OF 1908

171. The following persons shall be guilty of corrupt practices and shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of this act: Every person, who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by another give or offer or promise to any person any money, gift, advantage, preferment, entertainment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention or session of the General Assembly of Maryland or either House thereof. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly receive, accept, request or solicit, or bludgeon, and any person licit from any person, candidate, committee, association, organization or corporation, any money, gift, advantage, preferment, aid, emolument or any valuable thing whatsoever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention. Every person who in consideration of any money, gift, preferment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatsoever paid, received, accepted or promised to the advantage of himself or any other person, shall vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure at any such election, caucus or primary election or political convention. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, pay, give, contribute or promise any money or other valuable thing, to defray, or towards defraying the costs or expense of any campaign or election, to any person, committee, company, club, organization, or association other than to a treasurer or political agent; but this sub-section or paragraph shall not apply to dues regularly paid for membership in any incorporated political club if all money expended by such club for or in connection with the costs or expenses of any campaign or as provided in this Act, or to any expenses for postage, telephoning, telegrams, stationery, printing, expressage or traveling and board incurred by any candidate for office or for nomination thereto so far as they are permitted by this Act. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or through another person, make a payment or promise of payment, to a treasurer or political agent in any other name than his own; and every treasurer or political agent, who shall knowingly receive a payment or promise of payment, and enter the same or cause the same to be entered in his accounts in any other name than that of the person by whom such payment or promise of payment is made. Every person who being an employer pays his employes the salary or wages due in "pay envelopes" upon which there is written or printed, or in which there is enclosed any political motto, device or argument containing threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of such employes, or within ninety days of any election or primary puts, or otherwise exhibits, in the establishments or place where his employes are engaged in labor, any hand bill or placard containing any threat notice or information that if any particular ticket or candidate is elected or defeated, work in his place or establishment will cease in whole or in par or his establishment be closed up, or the wages of his employes be reduced other threats expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions or his employes. Every person, who, before, during or after election or primary election, by himself or by any other person, either directly or indirectly, gives or provides or pays, wholly or in part, the expenses of giving or providing provisions to or for any person, for the purpose of influencing that person or any other person, to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election or primary election, or to influence his vote in any other way therein, or on account of his having voted or refrained from voting, or being about to vote or refrain from voting, and every elector who accepts the same, or any of the same, for any or the purposes aforesaid. Every person who shall be guilty of any corrupt practices as aforesaid shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for one year, or both, and shall be ineligible to any public office or public employment for a period of four years from and after the time of the commission of such offense.

CONCEALED WEAPONS ON ELECTION DAY

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January session of 1874 and approved April 6, 1874, is published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk-knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons by any person in Kent, Queen Annes or Montgomery counties on the day of election in said counties:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Annes and Montgomery counties to carry on the day of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof before any justice of the Peace, in either of said counties, shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by Justice of the Peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officers collecting the same to the School Commissioners of the county where offense shall have been commited for school purposes.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That any constable of either of said counties or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of said offense, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before the Circuit Court of the county shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars and forthwith be discharged from office.

J. THOMAS HADAWAY,
Sheriff.

GIVING AWAY LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24th, 1895, is published:

AN ACT

Prohibiting the sale of Spirituous or Fermented Liquors in the counties or the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be is enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquor is sold, or any person or persons, directly or indirectly, of any kind, on the day of election hereinafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where such offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before any judge of any of the Circuit Courts of the State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars for each and every offense; one-half the fine is paid to the informer and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended by the Acts of 1900 and 1901, says:

Whoever, during the hours of registration, or revision of registration, or during the hours of election or canvas of votes or of making returns thereof in any precinct, shall bring, take, order or send into, shall or attempt to bring or take or send into any place of registration or of election any distilled or spiritous liquors, wine ale or beer, or, shall at any such time or place drink or partake of such liquors, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than $100.

J. THOMAS HADAWAY,
Sheriff.

BETTING ON ELECTIONS

The attention of all persons is particularly called to the following sections of 36 Code of Public Laws of Maryland:

Section 45. No person shall make any bet or wager on the result of any election to take plac in this State.

Sec.48. Any person offending against the last preceding section shall be liable to indictment by the Circuit Court. If the offense be committed in any county, or in the Criminal Court of Baltimore, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, to be paid to the State for School Fund.

Sec. 48. Any deposit of money in any part of the State as a wager or bet upon elections in this State or elsewhere shall be forfeited and paid over to the County Commissioners of the county where deposited for the use of the county, and if deposited in the city of Baltimore, to the Mayor and City Council.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

1. To vote. Enter room, step up to guard rail, give name and registered residence to the Judges. Wait until your name is found upon the registers, then get ballot from the judge in charge of the ballots. See that he has written your name and number on the coupon attached to the ballot and his own name or initials on the back of the ballot itself.

2. Upon receiving your ballot retire to one of the booths or compartments and prepare your ballot by marking with an indelible pencil after the name of every person, or persons for whom you wish to vote, in the square provided thereof, a cross-mark, for example (X); and in case of a question submitted to a vote of the people, by marking likewise in the appropriate square a cross-mark (X) after the answer you desire to give. You should be careful to make no mark on the ballot other than the cross-marks within the squares.

3. In marking the ballot you may take with you into the polling place any written or printed memorandum or paper to assist you in preparing your ballot, except a facsimile of the ballot to be voted. You must prepare and deposit your ballot without undue delay. Before coming from behind the curtain in front of your compartment you must fold your ballot in the same way as it was folded when you received it, so that the marks which you have made upon it shall be entirely concealed. You then hand your folded ballot to the judge at the ballot box, give him your name and registered address and wait until he tears off the coupon containing your name and number, and strings it, and deposits your ballot in the ballot box. You must then leave the polling room and can not again go behind the guard rail during the day.

4. A voter must not go in any compartment occupied by another or converse with any other voter while engaged in a compartment, nor can any voter occupy a compartment more than seven minutes if others are waiting.

5. You must not take any ballot outside the guard rail. If you spoil a ballot you must deliver the spoiled ballot to the judge in charge of the ballots and receive another from him. If you spoil three ballots you lose your vote.

6. A voter who is physically disabled from marking his or her ballot must make affidavit to that effect, if he or she desires assistance. The two polling clerks, after such affidavit has been made, can accompany him or her into one of the compartments and there mark his or her ballot as he or she instructs them, marking only the names of the candidates whom he or she shall name. The clerks are not allowed to read the ballot to him or her.

7. Any voter who shall allow his or her ballot to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote; or who shall place any distinguishing mark upon his or her ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot, or who shall interfere or attempt to interfere with any voter when inside the enclosed space in the polling room, or when marking his or her ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to show how he or she marks or has marked his or her ballot, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100.00) dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

Proclamation

Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the State, 1930.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1929, two Acts were passed, to wit: Chapter 133 proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Maryland, title "Treasury Department," to authorize deputies in the Treasury Department to sign checks and warrants; and Chapter 348, proposing an amendement to the Constitution of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," regulating the compensation of the members of both Houses of the General Assembly of Maryland; in words and figures as follows:

CHAPTER 133

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Sections 2 and 3 of Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Treasury Department," so as to confer upon the Legislature power to authorize duputies, employed in the Treasury Department, to sign, countersign and grant warrants, and to sign, countersign and issue checks for the withdrawal of funds from the State Treasury under regulations prescribed by the Legislatuse; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the legally qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, (three-fifths of all of the Members of both of the Houses concurring). That an amendment to Section 2 and 3 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Treasury Department," be, and the same is hereby proposed, the said amendment if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become a part of said Constitution, and the said Sections as amended to read as follows:

2. The Comptroller shall have the general superintendence of the fiscal affairs of the State; he shall digest and prepare plans for the improvement and management of the revenue, and for the support of the public credit; prepare and report estimates of the revenue and expenditures of the State; superintend and enforce the prompt collection of all taxes and revenue; adjust and settle, on terms prescribed by law, with delinquent collectors and receivers of taxes and State revenue; preserve all public accounts; and decide on the forms of keeping and stating accounts. He, or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature, shall grant, under regulations prescribed by Law, all warrants for money to be paid out of the Treasury, in pursuance of appropriations by law, and countersign all checks drawn by the Treasurer upon any bank or banks in which the moneys of the State, may, from time to time, be deposited. He shall prescribe the formalities of the transfer of stock, or other evidence of the State debt, and countersign the same, without which such evidence shall not be valid; he shall make to the General Assembly full reports of all his proceedings, and of the State of the Treasury Department of each Session; and perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by law.

3. The Treasurer shall receive the moneys of the State, and, until otherwise prescribed by law, deposit them, as soon as received, to the credit of the State, in such bank or banks as he may, from time to time, with the approval of the Governor, select (the said bank or banks giving security, satisfactory to the Governor, for the safekeeping and forthcoming, when required of said deposits), and he or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature shall disburse the same for the purpose of the State according to law, upon warrants drawn by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, and on checks countersigned by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, and not otherwise. The Treasurer or such of his deputies as may be authorized to do so by the Legislature shall take receipts for all moneys paid from the Treasury Department; and receipts for moneys received by him shall be endorsed upon warrants signed by the Comptroller, or such deputy as may be authorized to do so by law, without which warrants, so signed, no acknowledgment of money received into the Treasury shall be valid; and upon warrants issued by the Comptroller, or his duly authorized deputy, the Treasurer shall make arrangements for the payment of the interest of the public debt, and for the purchase thereof, on account of the singing fund. Every bond, certificate, or other evidence of the debt of the State shall be signed by the Treasurer, and countersigned by the Comptroller; and no new certificate or other evidence intended to replace another shall be issued until the old one shall be delivered to the Treasurer, and authority executed in due form for the transfer of the same filed in his office, and the transfer accordingly made on the books thereof, and the certificate or other evidence cancelled; but the Legislature may make provisions for the loss of certificates, or other evidences of the debt; and may prescribe, by law, the manner in which the Treasurer shall receive and keep the moneys of the State.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing sections, as amended, shall be, at the next General Election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, nineteen hundred and thirty, submitted to the legally qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said General Election the vote on the proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment, under the caption of:

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
AMENDING SECTIONS 2 AND
3 OF ARTICLE VI."

"This amendment confers upon the Legislature power to authorize deputies, employed in the Treasury Department, to sign, countersign and grant warrants and to sign, countersign and issue checks for the withdrawal of funds from the Treasury of the State under regulations prescribed by the Legislature.

Approved: April 2, 1929
prescribed by the Legislature."

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND	Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland. Done at the City of Annapolis this 14th day of July, in the year nineteen hundred and thirty.

ALBERT C. RITCHIE,
By the Governor:
DAVID C. WINEBRENNER, 3rd,
Secretary of State.

Supervisors' Notice

To The Voters Of Kent County

Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in Chapter 741 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1910, notice is hereby given that the Supervisors of Election for Kent County have appointed the following Judges and Clerks of Election for the year 1930:

FIRST DISTRICT
First Precinct
JUDGES--Alexander Powell, Dem.; John C. Turner, Rep.
CLERKS—Robt. Logan, Dem.; Alrich Price, Rep.
Second Precinct
JUDGES—Keith Cochran, Dem.; Walter S. Money, Rep.
CLERKS—W. H. Woodall, Dem.; Mrs. Mary O. Money, Rep.

SECOND DISTRICT
First Precinct
JUDGES—Thomas A. Conner, Dem.; Jas. A. Nickerson, Rep.
CLERKS—Thos. Robinson, Dem. Geo. E. Powell, Rep.
Second Precinct
JUDGES—George R. Webb, Dem.; Oliver W. Atwell, Rep.
CLERKS—Walter Hurlock, Dem.; Merritt Willis, Rep.

THIRD DISTRICT
First Precinct
JUDGES—Robert A. Loud, Dem.; H. T. Cornelius, Rep.
CLERKS—Frank Fogwell, Dem.; W. B. Noblette, Rep.
Second Precinct
JUDGES—Ernest D. Briscoe,Dem., Chas. T. Willis, Rep.
CLERKS—Walter Crew, Dem.; Mrs. Francis Owens, Rep.

FOURTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
JUDGES—Leonard C. Needles, Dem.; Mrs. M. E. Falls, Rep.
CLERKS—Rollison Baxter, Dem., Don T. Falls, Rep.
First N Precinct
JUDGES—Mark A. Perkins, Dem.; John T. Baxter, Rep.
CLERKS—Joseph W. Wheatley, Dem.; W. Howard Pennington, Rep.
Second Precinct
JUDGES—Wm. Belt Townshend, Dem.; R. Clark Davis, Rep.
CLERKS—Mrs. Agnes N. Fowler, Dem., Mrs. Elizabeth Russell, Rep.

FIFTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
JUDGES—Jacob Kendall, Dem.; Mrs. Jessie Ashley, Rep.
CLERKS—Morris Jones, Dem; Mrs. Olive A. Downey, Rep.
First N Precinct
JUDGES—Charles Parsons, Dem.; Mrs. Cornelia Rodney, Rep.
CLERKS—Leo Williams, Dem.; Mrs. Florence O'Neill, Rep.
Second Precinct
JUDGES—Melvin Glenn, Dem.; Samuel V. Kilbourne, Rep.
CLERKS—Mrs. Evelyn Edwards, Dem; A. W. Hudson, Rep.

SIXTH DISTRICT
JUDGES—Frank Skirven, Dem.; H. H. Legg, Rep.
CLERKS—Geo. C. Lee, Dem.; Raymond Jones, Rep.

SEVENTH DISTRICT
JUDGES—Robert R. Walbert, Dem.; Irving Brown, Rep.
CLERKS—Norman S. Lee, Dem. William Jones, Rep.

C. FRANK CROW, Pres.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON,
T. W. TREW,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
W. O. KNIGHT, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice

To The Voters Of Kent County

Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in Chapter 741 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1910, notice is hereby given that the Supervisors of Election for Kent County have appointed the following Door and Rail Keepers of Election for the year 1930:

FIRST DISTRICT
First Precinct
Mrs. Alinda Smith.
Second Precinct
Frank Newnam.

SECOND DISTRICT
First Precinct
D. T. Nickerson.
Second Precinct
Lewin C. Christfield.

THIRD DISTRICT
First Precinct
James French.
Second Precinct
Mrs. Annie L. Brice.

FOURTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
James Sheets.
First Precinct "N"
Geo. W. Carter.
Second Precinct
Herman Blackway.

FIFTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
James W. Rodney.
First Precinct "N"
Nelson Rodney.
Second Precinct
William Kendall.

SIXTH DISTRICT
A. P. Forman.

SEVENTH DISTRICT
Frank Gilpin.

C. FRANK CROW, Pres.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON,
T. W. TREW,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
W. O. KNIGHT, Clerk.

SLEPT LIKE A TOP



He—My mind was in a whirl last night.

She—So you slept like a top, I suppose.

Genuine Cleverness

Some say that cheating is an art,
But history shows us just the same
The men who really then were smart
Could win and play an honest game.

See America First

"Are you going abroad next summer?"

"No," answered Senator Sorghum. "What's the use of traveling around among people who don't speak my language, and who couldn't vote for me even if they did?"—Washington Star.

Same Old Love

"Darling, I've lost all my money. Haven't a penny in the world."

"That won't make any difference to our love, dear. I'll love you just as much—even if I never see you again!"

Always at It

"I hate those impromptu complexions, don't you?"

"What do you mean?"

"Those they make up as they go along."

Getting a Line

"Joe, I have applied to your dad for a job. He asked me if I played golf."

"Well?"

"Is he for it or against it?"

Historic Colonial Mansion

The Wythe house in Williamsburg, Va., was the home of George Wythe, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He was the first professor of law in America, teaching at the College of William and Mary. Among his pupils were John Marshall, Thomas Jefferson and James Monroe. It was in the George Wythe house that George Washington, with Lafayette and Rochambeau, planned the battle of Yorktown.

A Girl Named Jean

By CLARISSA MACKIE

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"SIS, I want you to meet Jack Blake—I don't know whether you remember him or not, he used to come and spend holidays with me when I was at prep school—we used to have bully times!" Silas Meade ran off and left his sister to receive the tall, handsome young man with the grave eyes.

"Sit down, Mr. Blake, and do you care for tea? It is so hot today that I made it iced—sugar?" She gave him the tall frosted glass fragrant with lemon slices and orange pekoe tea. "Do you like these nut cookies? I adore them—" she gave him the plate, took a cookie herself and pushed the tea wagon aside. "Please roar a little, Mr. Blake. Silas says you write the most wonderful stories and books, and will soon be a social lion."

"Help!" he said feebly, and took another cookie. "Same nut cookies, same blue plates, same muffin stand, same shady lawn—I have never forgotten a thing, even to the beds of mignonette and pansies!"

"They are all the same, now and forever!" laughed the girl. Then she added sympathically, "You were somewhat alone, weren't you? We used to love to have you here."

He looked embarrassed, as if he were trying to recollect her—place her in those earlier days. "I was a lonely little beggar. My mother died when I was quite small, and father traveled a lot, and I was reared among all my cousins and aunts and uncles. This was more like a real home to me—I loved it."

Suddenly he added, "There was a girl named 'Jean.' A most enchanting child—I suppose she is married by this time," he added regretfully. "In those days my highest ambition was to be worthy to marry little Jean when I grew up!"

She joined in his laughter but her eyes were like stars. He could not see her face for she sat in shadow.

"Where are your sisters?" he inquired.

"They're both married. You'll meet them tomorrow," she murmured.

He could press her no further, and he dared not question Silas, who was a graceless young man, and would have screamed with mirth at the idea of old Jack losing his heart to one of his sisters.

"I remember your sister Jean, Silas," he did venture to remark, as they went for a walk along the sea wall that bordered the property.

"Jean? Oh, yes—she's a good scout!"

"I have been hoping that she would come home soon," said Jack boldly.

"Home from where?" demanded Silas.

Jack Blake stared. "Home from wherever she is—that is, she's alive, isn't she? Nothing happened to her?"

It was Silas' turn to stare. "Out with it, Jack! You knew my sister Jean when she was a little kid—I used to be jealous of her fondness for you. Remember that time she fell off the fence and scratched the corner near her eye—not the corner of the fence, you idiot! I saw you kissing it to make it well again. You know we went back to prep that night, but the folks told me afterwards that Jean positively refused to allow nurse to wash that particular spot on her face for fear she would wash away your kiss! And then years afterwards, when I had that stunning picture of you in uniform, Jean swiped it, and to this day it is on her dresser!"

"Say, you ought not to be giving your sister away like that!" blurted out Jack, very red in the face. "You see, I've always thought she would grow up."

"Come on down to the beach. Bathing's good, and Jean will be there."

In five minutes they were flashing through the greenish water, bronzed arms lifting with each stroke, while a girl in a bathing suit stood on the distant float and watched them wistfully. She waved a hand and they climbed on the raft. Jack shook himself like a big dog, and then looked eagerly at the girl.

"Here we are, Sir!" panted Silas. But Jack only stared.

"Isn't it glorious today?" asked Jean, blushing under his adoring eyes.

"Why—why—" he stammered. "You were Jean all the while!"

She nodded. "I didn't understand why you did not recognize me." But he did know that she always sat in shadow so that he could not see her blushes or her telltale eyes. Suppose he had forgotten her? She had been such a romantic child, and very impressionable. It was wonderful that he had been her hero so many years.

Silas glanced dispairingly at them, "Oh, mamma!" he grunted flatly, and dived into the next big sea.

"Of course you would not remember the last time I saw you," Jack said wistfully.

"I might," said Jean shyly. "It rained, I think," she hastened to say.

"Rained tears when you fell off the fence. Some day, may I remind you more about that day?" he whispered.

"Some—day," whispered Jean softly.

He Had a Kind Heart

"What's the big idea?" the man demanded as the stranger offered him a dollar bill.

"I'm a pickpocket, mister," the other replied, "and I have just been through yours, and anybody as broke as you are needs a lift."

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