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"A" MILK



1. Purchased from local farmers whose herds and stables are kept in first class sanitary condition.

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3. Bottled by sanitary machines in thoroughly sterlized bottles.

4. Delivered to your home by sanitary truck service.

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SERVED THE PUBLIC FOR 30 YEARS
ALL DINNERS 50 CENTS
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Don't wait until your overwrought nerves have kept you awake half the night and paved the way for another miserable day. Take two teaspoonfuls of Dr. Miles' Nervine and enjoy the relief that follows. Take two more before you go to bed. Sleep—and wake up ready for the day's duties or pleasures.

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Price $1.00



DR. MILES' NERVINE Liquid

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Court St., Chestertown, Md.

SCHOOL DAYS — By DWIG



FURROWS



BY JOSIAH ALLEN WEATHERBY

The battle of Armageddon has been fought and won, and with what honors! Hurrah fe cleanin out the Capitol of the scum of the country! Nobody wants a lot of unemployed war veterans hangin around tryin to git something from the Government. Of course it wuz all right fer these fellers to serve in the Army that fought to make the world safe fer democracy and git one and two dollars a day, while the boys that stayed at home and worked (sic) eight long hours a day got six to fourteen dollars fer their day's pay. And these boys wuz the pick of the country, too. Some volunteered and some wuz drafted, but it didn't make no difference. They all got the same pay. A lot of the boys that wuz turned down by the army doctors wuz among the six to fourteen dollar a day men. Another lot of fellers got excused from army service on one pretext or another and they wuz among the six to fourteen dollar a day men.

And some of these fellers that stayed at home wuz among the boys that bought stocks in the munition factories and the like, and sold supplies to the Government at high prices and made little fortunes while they wuz at it. And a lot of boys got jobs with the Government and didn't have to serve in the army that wuz to make the world safe fer democracy.

Well, the soldier boys got back from the army and found the jobs they had before the war bein held by a lot of folks that didn't join the army. And a lot of these soldier boys wuz crippled up but that didn't make no difference. They couldn't git their old jobs back, and there wuz no new jobs to be had. So the soldiers has had a right hard time gittin along since the war, and when this here latest period of republican prosperity come along most of them that had jobs wuz laid off. So it seems that thereby these soldier boys is become the scum of the country.

Well, it looked to these boys like they might git a little help if they organized and went down to Washington like some of the big business men did. The Government wuz handin out big money to the Farm Board, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and all the rest, so these here army boys decided to try to git in on the handout. Of course it wuz a mistake, but they wuz misguided in the matter and a lot of them hung around and didn't go home when they wuz ordered to, so they wuz turned into scum.

Well, General Hoover felt the necessity of cleaning up he Capitol and so he ordered General Hurley to order General MacArthur to disperse the scum. Well, orders is orders, and they wuz properly dispersed to the credit (sic) of the regular army of these United States of America. Yes sir, the battle of Anacostia wuz a real Armageddon fer the Hoover Administration.

THE FIRST TELEPHONE MESSAGE

FIRST WORDS TRANSMITTED WAS CALL FOR HELP

Secrets will out! Here's a secret of more than a half a century's standing just disclosed by Dr. Thomas A. Watson, Alexander Graham Bell's assistant in the early research and development of the telephone. The now famous words, "Mr. Watson, come here; I want you," spoken March 10, 1876, and the first ever heard by telephone, were really a call for help, Dr. Watson said recently in addressing a telephone convention.

Dr. Bell had been experimenting for months with the telephone, but had not been able to transmit sounds or words. The two instruments, in different rooms, connected by thirty feet of wire, had been adjusted for another series of tests. Dr. Bell was at a table, just about to talk into the telephone, when he moved his arm and upset a wet battery.

The acid was spilled upon his trousers, and Dr. Bell called out the words which have become known as the first telephone message. Dr. Watson heard them over the telephone and came running into the room, exclaiming that he had heard the message and understood it.

In the excitement which followed the announcement, all thoughts of the acid on Dr. Bell's trousers were forgotten and the acid did its work on them effectively. As it was a rather usual thing for acid to be spilled in the workshop, a bucket of water was always handy for washing the acid away. Dr. Bell, in upsetting the battery jar, called to Dr. Watson in order to have him throw the water on his trousers.

Billions of calls have been made by telephone users since Dr. Bell spoke to his assistant, asking for aid. Innumerable of the calls made daily are of an emergency nature, with the result that there is a great saving of lives and property .

KENNEDYVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Roader, of Baltimore, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Webb.

Dr. and Mrs. Urie, of Richardson Park, spent the week end with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ringgold entertained relatives from Baltimore last week.

Service in the M. P. church next Sunday. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 7.30 p. m. led by Miss Louise Ingsley, of Philadelphia

Miss Betty Peacock, of Strattonsburg Pa., is visiting Miss Sara Willis.

Mrs. Hicks, of Washington, D. C., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Pennington.

Miss Louise Jones is visiting Miss Francis Atwell, near town.

Mr. Henry Boggs visited his son, Mr. Paul Boggs and family at Stockton, Md., a part of the week.

Mrs. William Dempsey and Robert are visiting her sister, Mrs. Ward at Seaford, Del.

Mr. Wattie McKnett, Miss Clara Blanch McKnett and Miss Gladys McKnett, of Philadelphia, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. George Johnston.

Miss Marian Hague and Medford Hague, of Pa., are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Harry Hill and Mrs. Clarence Kelley visited Annapolis last week. Mrs. Wilson returned home with them.

Mrs. Urie, Mrs. Kirby and Mrs. White spent Tuesday with Dr. and Mrs. Urie at Richardson Park.

Mr. and Mrs. William Clendaniel visited Mr. and Mrs. Howard Clendaniel a part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Redmile entertained friends from Wilmington over the week end. Mr. and Mrs. Lin Redmile spent Sunday with them.

Miss Edith Walls spent a part of this week with her sister, Mrs. Joseph Oliff.

Mr. Quincy Morrow and family, of Baltimore, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. George Rasin.

Mr. Frank Harris and daughter and family, of Baltimore, visited Mrs. Melvin this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown are entertaining their grand-parents, of Philadelphia.

There is a heavy infestation of Japanese Beetles in the vicinity of Elkton and Ricketts' Mill. The beetles are doing serious damage to grapes and to fruit tres. In addition to this the beetles are feeding heavily on wild grapes and other plants along the hedge rows and in the wooden areas along the Elk Creek.

DISCUS TARIFF ON CRAB MEAT

64 PER CENT U. S. CONSUMPTION IMPORTED

A hearing of vital interest to the crabmeat industry throughout he United States and especially on Eastern Shore waters and the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula, will be held by the U. S. Tariff Commission, in Washington, D. C., on Tuesday, October 4th, at 10.00 a. m., for the purpose of considering a requested increase in the tariff rate on foreign crabmeat. This is of great importance to Kent County Watermen.

According to the Del-Mar-Va Eastern Shore Association, this hearing is of decided concern not only to those engaged in the crabmeat business but all interests of the seafood and fishermen throughout the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula. The Commission, under Senate Resolution No. 122, was directed to investigate the cost of production of crabmeat, fresh or frozen, whether or not packed in ice, or prepared or preserved in any manner, including crab paste and crab sauce. This investigation was for the purpose of obtaining definite facts regarding the industry in the United States and foreign countries, upon which acion might be based to increase the tariff rate on foreign crabmeat if found that the American producer is at a disadvantage in competition with the foreign product. The resolution is in accordance with section 336 of the Tariff Act of 1930, known as "The Flexible Provision" of the Act under which Congress empowered the President of the United States to raise or lower tariff rates as much as 50 per cent. on the basis of reports and recommendations of the Tariff Commission after investigation of cost and production in United States and competitive foreign countries.

The tariff rate on crabmeat is now 15 per cent. (ad valorem) and the most the President could raise this would be 7 1-2 per cent. which would limit the increase to 22 1-2 per cent. While lower than the average tariff rates, the fishing industry representatives claim even trat increase would be valuable protection and it would form a basis to have Congress consider further increase when the Tariff Act might come up again for amendment.

From authoritative sources the Del-Mar-Va Eastern Shore Association states that in 1928-1929 total consumption of crabmeat in the United States is reported as approximately 22 million pounds and that 64 per cent or about 12 million pounds was imported from foreign countries with Japan supplying, according to the facts obtainable, about 60 er cent and with Soviet Russia furnishing some.

It is generally admitted that the Japanese are especially well advanced in knowledge of quick freezing and preserving of crabmeat and other seafood and that with babor reported at a cost of approximately 35 cent per day even an increased tariff to 22 1-2 ped cent. would make competition with them difficult until greater progress from scientific and experimental work show the American producer how to can and quick freeze seafood products.

The Del-Mar-Va Eastern Shore Association feels that the importance of the seafood industry on the Peninsula warrants a strong delegation to present all facts and phases of the industry at the meeting of the Commission. In the meantime, any data or information on the subject from auhentic sources will be given consideration by Association officials with the view of having them properly presented.

BIDS ARE ASKED TO HIDE RUINS OF BONUS CAMPS

One of the final chapters of a national incident was written yesterday when the Treasury Department asked for bids for the filling, grading and fencing of the old bonus army camp area on Pennsylvania avenue. They will be opened on August 18.

At the present time a contractor is engaged in demolishing the old buildings on the site between Third and Sixth street south of Pennsylvania avenue. Dirt for the filling work will be taken from the excavation work being done on the foundation of the Department of Agriculure extensible building and the central heating plant.

Dr W. H. Moyer
CHIROPRACTOR
Chestertown Maryland

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Baltimore-Tolchester Ferry



SUMMER SCHEDULE
BALTIMORE-TOLCHESTER FERRY
EFFECTIVE JUNE 10, 1932
(subject to Change Without Notice)
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
Leave Baltimore (Pier 16 Light Street). For Tolchester
STANDARD TIME
Str. Annapolis ..... 6.00 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 8.45 a. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 11.30 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 2.30 p. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 6.00 p. m.
Saturday
Str. Annapolis ..... 6.00 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 8.45 a. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 11.30 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 2.30 p. m.
Sunday
Str. Annapolis ..... 6.00 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 8.45 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 2.30 p. m.
Leave Tolchester For Baltimore
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
Str. Annapolis ..... 8.30 a. m.
Str. Express..... 11.00 a. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 3.00 p. m.
Str. Express ..... 5.15 p. m.
Str. Emma Giles ..... 7.30 p. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 8.30 p. m.
Saturday
Str. Annapolis ..... 8.30 a. m.
Str. Express ..... 11.00 a. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 5.15 p. m.
Str. Express ..... 7.30 p. m.
Sunday
Str. Express ..... 11.00 a. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 3.00 p. m.
Str. Express ..... 7.30 p. m.
Str. Emma Giles ..... 7.30 p. m.
Str. Annapolis ..... 7.30 p. m.
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are thoroughly equipped to do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing.

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SNOODLES By CY HUNGERFORD



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