ATTORNEY GENERAL'S INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

1. To vote. Enter room, step up to guard rail, give registered name and registered residence to the Judges. Wait until your name is found upon the registers, then get ballot from the judge in charge of the ballots. See that he has written your name and number in ink on the coupon attached to the ballot and his own name or initials on the back of the ballot itself.

2. Upon receiving your ballot retire to one of the booths or compartments and prepare your ballot by marking with an indelible pencil after the name of every person, or persons for whom you wish to vote, in the square provided therefor, a cross-mark, for example (X); and in case of a question submitted to a vote of the people, by marking likewise in the appropriate square a cross-mark (X) after the answer you desire to give. You should be careful to make no mark on the ballot other than the cross-marks within the squares.

3. In marking the ballot you may take with you into the polling place any written or printed memorandum or paper to assist you in preparing your ballot, except a facsimile of the ballot to be voted. You must prepare and deposit your ballot without undue delay. Before coming from behind the curtain in front of your compartment you must fold your ballot in the same way as it was folded when you received it, so that the marks which you have made upon it shall be entirely concealed. You then hand your folded ballot to the judge at the ballot box, give him your name and registered address and wait until he tears off the coupon containing your name and number, and strings it, and deposits your ballot in the ballot box. You must then leave the polling room and can not again go behind the guard rail during the day.

4. A voter must not go in any compartment occupied by another or converse with any other voter while engaged in a compartment, nor can any voter occupy a compartment more than seven minutes if others are waiting.

5. You must not take any ballot outside the guard rail. If you spoil a ballot you must deliver the spoiled ballot to the judge in charge of the ballots and receive another from him. If you spoil three ballots you lose your vote.

6. A voter who is physically disabled from marking his or her ballot must make affidavit to that effect, if he or she desires assistance. The two polling clerks, after such affidavit has been made, can accompany him or her into one of the compartments and there mark his or her ballot as he or she instructs them, marking only the names of the candidates whom he or she shall name. The clerks are not allowed to read the ballot to him or her.

7. Any voter who shall allow his or her ballot to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote; or who shall place any distinguishing mark upon his or her ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot, or who shall interfere or attempt to interfere with any voter when inside the enclosed space in the polling room, or when marking his or her ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to show how he or she marks or has marked his or her ballot, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100.00) dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

BETTING ON ELECTIONS

The attention of all persons is particularly called to the following sections of 36 Code of Public Laws of Maryland:

Section 45. No person shall make any bet or wager on the result of any election to take place in this State.

Sec. 48. Any person offending against the last preceding section shall be liable to indictment by the Circuit Court. If the offense be committed in any county, or in the Criminal Court of Baltimore, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, to be paid to the State for School Fund.

Sec. 48. Any deposit of money in any part of the State as a wager or bet upon elections in this State or elsewhere shall be forfeited and paid over to the County Commissioners of the county where deposited for the use of the county, and if deposited in the city of Baltimore, to the Mayor and City Council.

JOHN T. VICKERS, Sheriff.

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT

CHAPTER 122, ACTS OF 1908

171. The following persons shall be guilty of corrupt practices and shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of this act: Every person, who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by another give or offer or promise to any person any money, gift, advantage, preferment, entertainment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention or session of the General Assembly of Maryland or either House thereof. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly receive, accept, request or solicit from any person, candidate, committee, association, organization or for or against any person, or for or against any measure at any such election, caucus or primary election or political convention. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, pay, give, contribute or promise any money or other valuable thing, to defray, or towards defraying the costs or expense of any campaign or election, to any person, committee, company, club, or ganization, or association other than to a treasurer or political agent; but this sub-section or paragraph shall not apply to dues regularly paid for membership in any incorporated political club if all money expended by such club for or in connection with the costs or expenses of any campaign or as provided in this Act, or to any expenses for postage, telephoning, telegrams, stationery, printing, express sage or traveling and board incurred by any candidate for office or for nomination thereto so far as they are permitted by this Act. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or through another person, make a payment or promise of payment, to a treasurer or political agent in any other name than his own; and every treasurer or political agent, who shall knowingly receive a payment or promise of payment, and enter the same or cause the same to be entered in his accounts in any other name than that of the person by whom such payment or promise of payment is made. Every person who being an employer pays his employes the salary or wages due in "pay envelopes" upon which there is written or printed, or in which there is enclosed any political motto, device or argument containing threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of such employes, or within ninety days of any election or primary puts, or otherwise exhibits, in the establishments or place where his employes are engaged in labor, any hand bill or placard containing any threat notice or information that if any particular ticket or candidate is elected or defeated, work in his place or establishment will cease in whole or in part or his establishment be closed up, or the wages of his employes be reduced other threats expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions or his employes. Every person, who, before, during or after election or primary election, by himself or by any other person, either directly or indirectly, gives or provides or pays, wholly or in part, the expenses of giving or providing provisions to or for any person, for the purpose of influencing that person or any other person, to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election or primary election, or to influence his vote in any other way therein, or on account of his having voted or refrained from voting, or being about to vote or refrain from voting, and every elector who accepts the same, or any of the same, for any or the purposes aforesaid. Every person who shall be guilty of any corrupt practices as aforesaid shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for one year, or both, and shall be ineligible to any public office or public employment for a period of four years from and after the time of the commission of such offense.

JOHN T. VICKERS, Sheriff.

Supervisors' Notice

To The Voters Of Kent County

The Supervisors of Election for Kent County, Md., have appointed the following Door and Rail Keepers for the Election to be held on

TUESDAY, NOV. 6th, 1934

First District, First Precinct — Alinda Smith.
First District, Second Precinct — Fred Boyles.
Second District, First Precinct — D. T. Nickerson.
Second District, Second Precinct--Edgar V. Lipscomb.
Third District, First Precinct — Harry U. Silcox.
Third District, Second Precinct—James A. Brice.
Fourth District, First Precinct — Vernor M. Barnett.
Fourth District, First Precinct N--Walter T. Bennett.
Fourth District, Second Precinct--Richard Groves, Sr.
Fifth District, First Precinct — Nathan Satterfield.
Fifth District, First Precinct N—Melvin Rodney.
Fifth District, Second Precinct—Wm. T. Kendall.
Sixth District—Jas. A. Tolson, Jr.
Seventh District—Frank Gilpin.

By Order of Board.

C. FRANK CROW, Pres.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON.
THOMAS W. TREW,
Supervisors of Elections.

Elmer S. Jarman. Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice

To The Voters Of Kent County

Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in Chapter 741 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1910, notice is hereby given that the Supervisors of Election for Kent County have appointed the following Judges and Clerks of Election for the year 1934:

JUDGES OF ELECTION
FIRST DISTRICT
First Precinct
Alex Powell, Dem.
Fred C. Numbers, Rep.

Second Precinct
John D. Boyd, Dem.
Edward Davis, Rep.

SECOND DISTRICT
First Precinct
E. T. Othoson, Dem.
James A. Nickerson, Rep.

Second Precinct
George W. Webb, Dem.
Oliver W. Atwell, Rep.

THIRD DISTRICT
First Precinct
Robert A. Loud, Dem.
H. T. Cornelius, Rep.

Second Precinct
Wm. E. Myers, Jr., Dem.
Charles T. Willis, Rep.

FOURTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
Leonard Needles, Dem.
M. Elizabeth Falls, Rep.

First Precinct "N"
Ringgold Strong, Dem.
Lottie J. Lambert, Rep.

Second Precinct
E. Cordray Loud, Dem.
Wm. M. Blakeney, Rep.

FIFTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
Melvin Warner, Dem.
Jessie Ashley, Rep.

First Precinct "N"
Charles S. Parsons, Dem.
Cornelia Rodney, Rep.

Second Precinct
Melvin Glenn, Dem.
Samuel D. Kilbourn, Rep.

SIXTH DISTRICT
Frank Skirven, Dem.
To be filled.

SEVENTH DISTRICT
Robert R. Walbert, Dem.
D. W. Ingersoll, Rep.

CLERKS OF ELECTION
FIRST DISTRICT
First Precinct
R. M. Logan, Dem.
Paul D. Bowman, Rep.

Second Precinct
Mrs. James R. Redding, Dem.
Thomas C. Taylor, Rep.

SECOND DISTRICT
First Precinct
Melvin McHenry, Dem.
Lola Nickerson, Rep.

Second Precinct
Walter A. Hurlock, Dem.
Roland Comely, Rep.

THIRD DISTRICT
First Precinct
O. Frank Fogwell, Dem.
William P. Noblett, Rep.

Second Precinct
Walter Crew, Dem.
Francis D. Owens, Rep.

FOURTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
J. Edward Blackway, Dem.
Don T. Falls, Rep.

First Precinct "N"
Ernest H. Strong.
Elizabeth Willis, Rep.

Second Precinct
Frank Fowler, Dem.
Cornelia Davis, Rep.

FIFTH DISTRICT
First Precinct
Charles S. Porter, Dem.
Olive A. Downey, Rep.

First Precinct "N"
Fred. Williams, Dem.
Florence O'Neal, Rep.

Second Precinct
Evalyn Edwards, Dem.
John B. Bryden, Rep.

SIXTH DISTRICT
George C. Lee, Dem.
T. H. M. Bramble, Jr., Rep.

SEVENTH DISTRICT
Norman S. Lee, Dem.
Mrs. Fletcher Hadaway, Rep.

CONCEALED WEAPONS ON .. ELECTION DAY

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January session of 1874 and approved April 6, 1874, is published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk-knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons by any person in Kent, Queen Annes or Montgomery counties on the day of election in said counties:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Annes and Montgomery counties to carry on the day of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof before any justice of the Peace, in either of said counties, shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by Justice of the Peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officers collecting the same to the School Commissioners of the county where offense shall have been commited for school purposes.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That any constable of either of said counties or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of said offense, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before the Circuit Court of the county shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars and forthwith be discharged from office.

GIVING AWAY LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24th, 1895, is published:

AN ACT

Prohibiting the sale of Spirituous or Fermented Liquors in the counties or the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be is enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquor is sold, or any person or persons, directly or indirectly, of any kind, on the day of election herein after to be held in the several counties of the State.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where such offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before of the State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars for each and every offense; one-half the fine is paid to the informer and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended by the Acts of 1900 and 1901, says:

Whoever, during the hours of registration, or revision of registration, or during the hours of election or canvas of votes or of making returns thereof in any precinct, shall bring, take, order or send into, shall or attempt to bring or take or send into any place of registration or of election any distilled or spiritous liquors, wine ale or beer, or, shall at any such time or place drink or partake of such liquors, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than $100

JOHN T. VICKERS, Sheriff.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County letters of Administration on the personal estate of

AMRON BLACKBURN

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 6th day of April, 1935, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's personal estate.

All persons indebted to this estate must settle at once.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of October, 1934.

STEPHEN R. COLLINS,
Administrator.

FIRST STEPS IN TRAINING



YOUR DOG AND MINE

BY EDWARD C. LOUD, JR.

Anyone wishing an obedient, well-mannered dog must see that the dog receives some training and this training must be done carefully. It takes kindness and patience to train a dog and nervous, impatient people should never undertake to train so high strung a dog as a Boston, or any other dog for that matter.

In training a dog it is essential that this dog go over his work every day irrespective of weather conditions. A dog must learn to be obedient in spite of weather. The most difficult thing in training a dog is to get the dog to understand what you mean. The average dog is only too willing to obey once he gets your meaning. When you think a dog does not understand, do not criticise or punish him. Try some other way to make him understand you Some dogs are naturally more apt at learning than others, just as some people acquire knowledge with more ease than others. Although many dogs have undoubtedly been spoiled by improper training, few have been spoiled except by an amateur who lost his temper.

The average dog readily learns his master's wishes from the tone of his voice and the expression of his eyes. Dogs innately sense it if you are nervous or excited and it is almost impossible to get a dog to work if you are in this frame of mind.

When working a dog, be strict and accurate; give your commands clearly, always using the same words. Speak in a firm voice but do not shout. If your dog doesn't respond at first, do not lose courage. Keep right on working. Remember a dog must not be overworked. What you want to do is to teach the dog to take pleasure in his training. Once he acquires a taste for it you will find it very easy to get results.

Never try to train a sick dog. When your dog is obedient and understands your commands he should be rewarded and petted. If you feel your dog is wilfully disobedient, correct him at the tim eof his misbehavior, never an hour or so after. A sharp word is often a sufficient correction. Under no circumstances should you ever abuse or beat a dog. After working your dog, do not put him away at once. Spend a few moments romping and playing with him. Remember, if your dog has this play time to look forward to, he is apt to go through his work more willingly.

Training should start just about the time a dog has his second full set of teeth. Always see that your dog is alert and remember that obedience in all things is the foundation of training.

The first training should be heeling on the leash and this lesson should be undertaken when you are around in some quiet spot where there is nothing to detract the dogs attention. A dog that has never been leash broken will be a bit hard to handle at first, but remember patience is the thing. Walk slowly with your dog on the leash and keep him on your left side. Pay no attention if he perks. Stop often to pet and coax him. Do not make the first lesson too long. After you have taught him to lead straight ahead, begin to teach him turns both right and left. The leash should not be too short just long enough to keep him sufficiently close to your knee. After he is throughly trained on the short leash, use a long loose leash, holding it in front of you in your right hand. This leaves your left hand free to occasionally pet the dog and indicate your satisfaction. A dog is taught to lead on the left merely for convenience. This leaves the owner's right hand free to carry parcels and puts the dog between his handler and strangers when passing.

KENNEDYVILLE

A business meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held at the home of Mrs. Lin Redmile on Tuesday afternoon to arrange for the meal on Election Day.

Mr. William Dempsey spent Tuesday in Baltimore.

Service as usual in the M. P. church on Sunday Miss Emma Shafer will lead Christian Endeavor.

Service in Grace Presbyterian church next Sunday evening at 7.30 all welcome.

Miss Maggie Clark, of Betterton, visited her sister, Mrs. Howard Clendaniel this week.

Mrs. Harry Redmile spent a part of the week in Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving, of Wilmington, visited Mr. William Irving on Sunday.

Mr. Carl Price and family, of near Odessa, Del., visited her sisters the Miss Scottens on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lin Redmile visited Wilmington on Monday. Mrs. Harry Redmile returned home with them.

The W. C. T. U. will serve meals on Election Day, all contributions will be gratefully received.

Rev. Haddaway has been quite sick a part of this week.

The Guild of Grace Presbyterian church held a Hallowe'en Social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Author Groves on Thursday evening.

Don't forget the Card Party in the school building next Friday evening benefit of P. T. A.

James Fogwell and friend Miss Lucy Davis visited Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis Weer on Sunday.

David Nickerson has accepted a position in Philadelphia and will move his family in the near future.

Mrs. E. T. Othoson and Mr. Bruce Dukes are on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Pennington entertained Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rutter and Mrs. Hicks and daughter, of Chestertown, at a turkey dinner on Sunday in honor of Mr. Rutters and Mrs. Hicks birthday.

Mrs. Anna Caldwell returned to Mrs. Dempseys on Saturday after a pleasant visit with her son in Felton, Del.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hurlock entertained her mother, Mrs. Myers. Mr. and Mrs. Sam Moffett. Miss Mildred Melvin and Mr. Irving Myers at dinner on Thursday evening in honor of her mother's birthday.

Rev. Henry Caldwell and family, of Felton, Del., visited relatives here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Johnston and Mrs. Dr. Urie and Rev. Hadaway, attended the Home Coming Service at Bivalve, Va., on Sunday. Rev. Haddaway was a former pastor and he delivered the evening sermon.

Dr. and Mrs. Urie, of Richardson Park, visited relatives here on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rasin and Jane, of Millington, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Rasin.

Miss Mildred Copper entertained a friend, of Smyrna, Del., over the week end.

Anna Miller spent Tuesday night with her friend, Virginia Primrose.

Mrs. William Fogwell spent Tuesday with Mrs. Nick Walters.

Mrs. William Oliff and daughter returned home on Friday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Chester.

Mrs. Paul Boggs, of Va., is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Boggs.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Boggs moved in their new home in the Hessner house on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Garey moved in the house vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Boggs.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Coleman visited his sister, Mrs. John Atwell and family and other relatives near Still Pond on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Glenn and Mr. and Mrs. Milton Glenn and s on, John, of near Rock Hall, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Glenn.

Mr. and Mrs. George Glenn spent Friday in Wilmington.

Mrs. Susie Shallcross, of Chestertown spent a part of last week with Mrs. Rachiel Hill.

Mrs. Lula Dukes, of Chestertown, visited her son, Mr. Bruce Dukes and wife a part of last week.

Mrs. Clarence Kelley and Miss Mary Hill spent Saturday in Baltimore.

Little Nina Joe Kennedy, of Cecilton, spent the week end with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kennedy.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith and son, Bobby, of Philadelphia, spent the week end with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. William Fogwell and children and Miss Emma Shafer were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lin Redmile.

Why Liquid Laxatives Do You No Harm

The dose of a liquid laxative can be measured. The action can thus be regulated to suit individual need. It forms no habit; you need not take a "double dose" a day or two later. *Nor will a mild liquid laxative irritate the kidneys.*

The right liquid laxative will bring a more natural movement, and with no discomfort at the time, or afterward.

The wrong cathartic may often do more harm than good.

An approved liquid laxative (one which is most widely used for both adults and children) is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, a prescription. It is perfectly *safe*. Its laxative action is based on senna—a *natural* laxative. The bowels will not become dependent on this form of help, as they may do in the case of cathartics containing mineral drugs. Ask your druggist for Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

Massey & Wilmer

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND

Timothy
Red Clover
Red Top
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Use the easy GERESAN Dust Treatment for SMUT in Wheat.

FERTILIZERS

1-9-4
2-8-6
5-8-5
0-12-5

MASSEY & WILMER
Chestertown, Maryland



ONCE IN ALMOST EVERY PERSON'S life there comes the responsibility and privilege of selecting a memorial tribute to one whose treasured memory should be preserved for all posterity. PERPETUATE the MEMORY of that loved one by erecting a suitable memorial. You will be surprised how reasonably this can be done.

Call or write for booklet.

J. W. Kirby
Cross St.
Chestertown, Md.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS!

IF your kidneys are not working right and you suffer backache, dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination, swollen feet and ankles; feel lame, stiff, "all tired out" . . . use *Doan's Pills*.

Thousands rely upon *Doan's*. They are praised the country over. Get *Doan's Pills* today. For sale by all druggists.

DOAN'S PILLS

Subscription to the Transcript $1.50 per annum.

AFTER YOU, MY DEAR CASTON!

A customer sent the following note to his grocer:

'Please send six dozen eggs; if good I will send check.'

The grocer, however, was not doing and business on such risky terms, so he replied:

'Send check; if good, I will send six dozen eggs.'

BEER

Schmidt's on Tap and all kinds in Bottles

DINNERS

Incomparable 7-Course 50-Cent Dinners.

ALA CARTE & SANDWICHES

Private Room For Banquefs

A WELL EQUIPPED RESTAURANT

Open from 6 a. m. to 12 m.

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The Park Row Beauty Shoppe

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