THE CHESTERTOWN TRANSCRIPT

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 14th, 1942

With a number of articles now rationed and the prospect of more people wonder how it is done and why some are favored while others are unable to secure permits to get what they want. When rationing is necessary in America conditions are serious, and with a war going on, the success of which is largely dependant upon the industries of America turning out great quantities of all types of war materials, it is necessary that articles, made scarce by ship sinkings and the loss of supply, be alloted so that they will go only to those who need them to help carry on the war effort. The method of rationing is based upon elegibility through specified classifications. These classifications are based upon the war effort and community welfare. Applications must be filed with the ration board; these applications are then classified and the individual allotment is in accordance with what the classification provides. Although every effort is made to check all applications, honor must play a part and the individual who makes a false statement is subject to a heavy fine and imprisonment under the Federal law. Frequently one hears "I won't mention any names, but," or "some people are getting all of the ——they want," but will not mention who or what. When the people of America realize that any activity, whether it be falsely securing rationed articles or the blowing up of an important bridge is an act against the best interests of their country, then and not until then will be exhibited the true spirit of cooperation with the war effort. It is as much the job of the individual to help see that the various phases of the war effort are not violated as it is that of the F. B. I., Army or Navy Intelligence.

If there ever was a time in the history of America when the civilian population had an opportunity to play a major part in a war, it is right now. With our forces in the Pacific staging their first real offensive and part of the allied forces with their backs to the wall in another part of the world there must be more and more work, cooperation and determination to win regardless of the present trend of affairs. Even if one reads in the headlines the above mentioned startling news and on the same page reads where thousands of workers in a key industry are on strike due to some trifling differences, we shall refuse to become discouraged and instead shall carry on with belief that right shall triumph. The Axis threat that America can be handled fro mwithin is on the verge of a test as materials were never so badly needed. This handling from within can only come through the efforts of a very small organized group which means that every sign of interference should be thoroughly investigated to see that the leaders are not in some way influenced by Axis interests. Regardless of the findings of the investigation these leaders are working with the Axis either knowingly or by unconsciously playing in their hands. Their actions may prove to be a great deal more destructive than that which could have been accomplished by the recently executed Nazi agents. Public opinion is against strikes at this time and as the public is paying the bill there should be something done about it. If there are injustices, they should be righted by the various Federal agencies set up for this purpose but the stoppage of work should be completely outlawed for the duration.

Governor O'Conor

Americans on the Home Front must carry the fight to the peaks of sacrifice and action if we are to win the war for the freedom and happiness of humanity.

The Fighting Front will stand firm and steadfast, if the Home Front also stands firm, loyal and determined that no effort will be too great, no sacrifice too bitter.

The war news has been gloomy and disheartening thus far. We on the Home Front, through unity, sacrifice and action can help immeasureably in changing the headlines.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY
SEPTEMBER 8, 1942

Governor
HERBERT R. O'CONOR

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Sheriff of Kent County
HENRY GSELL

State Central Committee
C. M. MELVIN, JR.
W. SUTTON TARBUTTON
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Delegates to State Convention
ARTHUR CREW
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TURNER GIVES RUBBER DRIVE STATISTICS

A. S. Turner, Jr., Kent County Chairman Petroleum Scrap Rubber Committee gives the totals by counties and Baltimore City for the State of Maryland collection of Scrap Rubber in the recent drive, together with the poundage per capita. While Kent County was not one of the high ones in poundage, the percapita was very high, as Kent County with a per capita of 8.73 stood tenth in the state and was way above the average. The average was 5.4 per capita and Kent County was but a few steps from the top. The standing of the counties, including Baltimore City is as follows:

County	Poundage	Per Capita
City of Baltimore	3,728,113	4.33
Alleghany	777,000	8.93
Anne Arundel	141,300	2.07
Baltimore	570,000	3.66
Calvert	40,000	3.82
Caroline	209,088	11.91
Carroll	408,103	10.45
Cecil	135,000	5.11
Charles	213,721	12.13
Dorchester	133,664	4.77
Frederick	500,000	8.72
Garrett	323,500	14.72
Hartford	341,485	9.74
Howard	181,266	10.55
Kent	**117,528**	**8.73**
Montgomery	240,000	2.86
Prince George	510,000	5.70
Queen Anne's	30,000	2.07
Somerset	52,678	2.51
St. Mary's	254,000	17.37
Talbot	143,000	7.61
Washington	537,043	7.80
Wicomico	325,013	9.41
Worcester	183,579	8.64

The total poundage for the State of Maryland is 10,095,081 pounds, with a per capita of 5.4 pounds.

THIS WEEK OF THE WAR SHOWING PROGRESS OF THE ALL OUT EFFORT

Admiral William D. Leahy, the President's Chief of Staff, in a radio broadcast August 9 marking the first anniversary of the Atlantic Charter, said "This war will probably be long. It will be the toughest, hardest, most merciless war we have every fought. It calls for the united power of every American, in uniform and out of uniform, on the firing line and on the production line. . . I have no doubt of America's decision."

President Roosevelt, in a message read on the broadcast, said "great progress" has been made in the battle of production, but "in terms of what will be required to defeat our enemies we have only just begun to get into our stride." Elmer Davis, Director of the Office of War Information, said America's conversion job has largely been completed; the emphasis now must be transferred from finished goods to the raw materials from which they are made. "We will get them—by full use of existing facilities, and by tapping new, or marginal, or abandoned sources of supply. We will develop new processes, eliminate waste, and work for full salvage by every citizen," Mr. Davis said.

Vice Chairman Batt of the War Production Board, on the same radio program, said the public must see to it that all waste and scrap metal is collected and "sent to the mills—quickly. There is plenty of iron and steel scrap. . .that must get back to the furnaces if the steel needed for the war is to be produced. You and I can help by keeping our eyes open."

In a general review of the war situation, the Office of War Information said June production of military planes fell slightly behind schedule, despite the fact that the U. S. made more planes than any other country in the world. The same was true of tanks, of most types of artillery, and of Naval vessels, the OWI said. Because of enemy submarine activity, the Office said, it probably will be well into 1943 before we equal merchant shipping as of December 7, 1941.

The WPB announced inauguration of a nationwide inventory of used construction machinery to be made through WPB field offices in an effort to place an estimated 500,000 pieces of vitally needed construction equipment into use. A complete inventory of available equipment will be kept up to date at the regional offices for the information of war agencies and private contractors engaged in war work.

THE WAR FRONT

The Navy announced "United States naval and other forces have attacked enemy installations in the southeast part of the Solomon Islands in force and the attacks are continuing'.' Later the Navy said "Considerable enemy resistance has been encountered and it is still too early to announce results or to estimate either our own or enemy losses." Gen. MacArthur's headquarters in Australia reported August 10 that Allied planes from Australia were maintaining a 24-hour-a-day offensive over the entire invasion zone in support of the attack against the Solomon Islands. The Navy also reported U. S. Naval forces "bombarded enemy ships and shore establishments at Kiska" in the Aleutians, simultaneously with the beginning of the attack on the Solomon Islands.

Maj. Gen. Clark, Commanding General of U. S. Ground Forces in Britain, said the U. S. Army is sending "picked combat divisions" to Britain and "the sooner a second front could be opened the better." He said "obviously we are not here to sit on the defensive." The Pacific coast, from the Canadian to the Mexican borders, was ordered dimmed out beginning August 20 and for the duration by Western Defense Commander DeWitt as a precaution against enemy attack at sea and on the shore. The Navy announced the torpedoing of 14 additional United Nations vessels.

SABOTAGE AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES

The White House announced six of the eight Nazi saboteurs landed in this country by submarine were executed in the District of Columbia jail August 8. The sentences of the other two were commuted by the President to life and to 30 years imprisonment, "because of their assistance to the Government of the United States in the apprehension and conviction of the others." The First Ground Air Support Command in New York City announced the discovery by Army fliers of ingeniously contrived markers, aimed directly at Eastern airfields and airplane factories. The markers, invisible from the ground, were eradicated and the danger to the war bases averted, the announcement said. "Proper action" was taken against the persons who built the markers.

TRANSPORTATION

The WPB approved the proposal of Henry J. Kaiser, shipbuilder, to construct 500 70-ton cargo-carrying planes, patterened after the flying boat "Mars" built for the Navy. The program is contingent, however, "upon our being able to do it without interfering with the present combat plane program," WPB Chairman Nelson said. Army Air Forces Commander Arnold said at present 21 percent of all Army Air Forces multi-engined plane production is being devoted to transport planes, and the program calls for this poroportion to be raised to 30 percent in 1943.

The Office of Defense Transportation said approximately 4,000,000 school children who ride daily in 93,000 school buses will be affected by ODT's order to reorganize all school bus services. The plan calls for staggered bus schedules and denies special bus service for students who have less than two miles to walk to and from school (with certain exceptions) and where areas are serviced by public carrier routes.

RATIONING

President Roosevelt set up a tnreeman committee, headed by Bernard M. Baruch ,to study the entire synthetic rubber program. The President said the committee's findings will "form a basis for future action not only with respect to synthetic rubber, but also such matters as nationwide gas rationing and motor transporation." The OPA said it is planning a universal ration book to be put into the hands of every American, as part of its machinery to handle rationing of many commodities which do not require rationing at present. The Office said traveling salesmen will not be permitted more than a B ration book in addition to their A books.

FARM LABOR SUPPLY

Agricutlure Secretary Wicikard announced the Farm Security Administration and the U. S. Employment Service will recruit additional workers for farmers in areas where there are seasonal shortages of labor. The workers will be recruited only after the farmer and the Employment Servcie have been unable to obtain workers locally. The workers must be paid the prevailing wage, to be determined by the Farm Security Administration, but in no case less than 30 cents an hour. If the workers come from a distance, farmers must pay transportation costs up to 200 miles and the FSA will pay for additional mileage. The workers must be properly housed and work guaranteed for at least three-fourths of the time they are in the area.

The OWI reported an arrangement has been concluded between the U. S. and Mexico making possible temporary migration of Mexican farm workers into this country to help combat the seasonal farm labor shortage, especially in the Southwest.

ARMY

The Army announced formation of two completely airborne divisions, consisting of about 8,000 men each, to be stationed initiallly at Camp Claiborne, La. The War Department said more than 7,000 Volunteer Officer Candidates (men classified as 3-A who volunteer for office training) have been inducted into service. The Department said in a short time it will place orders for large quantities of wool cloth which will call for most of the domestic wool clip now available.

Contra-Indicate Sun-Baths

Certain conditions may definitely contra-indicate sun-baths. They are: tuberculosis, an over-active thyroid, diabetes, nephritis, certain heart conditions. In such cases a doctor's O.K. should first be obtained and sunburn should be carefully avoided.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the estate of William H. Coleman, deceased
In the Orphans' Court for Kent County, Maryland

Ordered this 28th day of July, 1942, by the Orphans' Court for Kent County, that the sale of the real estate mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by John W. Coleman, Executor of the estate of William H. Coleman, late of Kent County, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 3rd day of October, next; provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent County once in each of four successive weeks before the 24th day of August, next.

The report states the amount of sale to be $250.00.

ROLAND R .COREY,
GEORGE R. RASIN,
HARRY M. STAVELY,
Judges of the Orphans' Court for Kent County, Maryland

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X-Ray Laboratory
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