WOMAN'S COLUMN

A MODERN ADAM AND EVE

Dr. Fredrich Ritter, a German professor and his wife wearied of social life, determined that they would go away from the haunts of men and live a life untrammeled by the conventions of society.

After searching the maps they found that the Galapagos island in the Pacific ocean off the coast of South America, uninhabited as it was the most suitable place for their hermit lives.

So equipped with tools for digging and building, seed and all things that they thought would be necessary they started on their journey. Finally they landed on an uninhabited island of the group and on exploring it they found a crater of a volcano which served them well for a temporary home. Then they began to get their garden ready. How very hard they had to work removing lava rocks and cutting down the tropical growth of vegetation. When at last they did get ready to plant the seed which they had brought with them they were delighted with the rapid growth the plants made, the tomatoes growing four or five feet high and the fruit almost as large as their heads.

But all kinds of enemies began to attack the garden, great wild hogs would break through the fence, and root up their plants and insects unnumerable beset them. It meant al- of these plagues. Then to, the profes- of these plagues. Then too, the Professor was a writer and would send description of their life on the island to the papers at home. There was a great barrel set up on the shore and here they placed all of their mail which was taken up by every passing ship for these ships always stopped bringing them mail and many comforts from home. There were quantities of letters from people wishing to join them in their exile, but the Professor always refused to let them come.

Sometimes these intruders would actually land on the island but were told that they would have to find a place for themselves, and usually they would sail away with the next boat that came to port.

A lieutenant from the states visited them and being asked to tell what he saw the following answers took place.

'We have been told, lieutenant, that a cultivated German doctor has been living a primitive life on one of the Galapagos Islands in an amazingly eccentric manner. Is this true?'

'Absolutely. A German couple are living as man and wife on Floreana in a very primitive fashion, distinguished from that of our early ancestors by the fact that both of them are highly educated and have moved in cultural European circles. They are living on a vegetable diet, shunning the use of meats, and they appear to thrive on it. Their thoughts are free from the prejudices of the civilized world. As for myself, I was surprised at such novelty and self-possession.'

'And how do this Adam and Eve procure their food?'

'From a small garden, hardly sufficient to guarantee their daily bread. Vegetables and fruits of every description form their meals and are prepared in natural dishes. While they eat they carry on a spirited conversation in German as though they were at a banquet. They are always cheerful and in harmony. They have completely forgotten the bitter struggle between man and man which characterizes life in society.'

'Did you notice any weariness or mental depression?'

'Quite the oposite. Rejoicing manifested itself in all their gestures, contentment at the sight of their surrounding wilderness. Neither the woman nor Dr. Ritter was the least bit excited by my visit. They are happy in their natural life, void of prejudice affectation, and sordidness. Faith which cannot be shaken animates them. They seem to possess a supernatural ability to stand the silence—that mighty silence which is disturbed only by living creatures such as birds, reptiles, and other wild things.'

'What else did you notice worthy of comment?'

'Curiosity and a desire to see and speak with this German couple led me into the temporary dwelling where they have been living for several months. Decidedly original in its construction, it is built of granches to give it security and covered with corrugated iron plates. The interior is not at all inviting, being plain and sturdy for the necessities of life. They sleep on the floor like Adam and Eve in their earthly paradise. Dr. Ritter speaks Spanish indifferenty. He told me that he intends to study nature at close range, and that he wishes to close his life in the midst of the primitive forest.'

The Professor adds:

This completes our little history. Perhaps in America people will be astonished to find such mystical religiousness, and so little sensationalism, as the motives for our endeavor. It is hard to believe in natural things naturally. But it ought not to be hard to understand that whether one lives in the temperate zone, the arctic, or the tropics, paradise is not impossible of attainment. It is only a state of the soul within one's self, and it consists of love, patience, and contentment. These are truly the entrance gates of heaven; since we possess all three, we do not ask for anything more.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Mrs. Ethel M. Hunter, Home Economist

JELLIED VEGETABLE RING

1 tbsp. gelatine (plain)
3 tbsp. pure vinegar
1-4 cup cold water
1-2 cup boiling water
1-3 cup sugar
1 tsp. salt
3-4 cup celery cut fine
1 cup cooked peas
1 cup shredded cabbage
2 tbsp. lemon juice

Soak gelatine in cold water, dissolve in the boiling water, add vinegar, lemon juice, sugar, sat, alnd vegetables. Mix thoroughly, pour into a ring mold, which has been dipped in cold water. Chill. Fill center with crisp lettuce. Serve with mayonnase or any dressing desired.

NOW AND THEN

FLOWERS

I will not have the mad Clytie,
Whose head is turned by the sun;
The tulip is a courtly quean,
Whom, therefore, I will shun;
The cowslip is a country wench
The violet is a nun;—
But I will woo the dainty rose,
The queen of every one.

The pea is but a wanton witch,
In too much haste to wed,
And clasps her rings on every hand;
The wolfsbane I should dread;—
Nor will I dreary rosemarye,
That always mourns the dead;—
But I will woo the dainty rose,
With her cheeks of tender red.

The lily is all in white, like a saint,
And so is no mate for me—
And the daisy's cheek is tipped with a blush,
She is of such low degree;
Jasmine is sweet, and has many loves,
And the broom's betrothed to the bee;
But I will plight with the dainty rose,
For fairest of all is she.

Thomas Hood

Yes, of all she is the fairest, the favorite of all. England has chosen her for her national flower, else America would not have hesitated which one she would have chosen for hers.

The rose has always played an important part in history. It played an important part in the War of the Roses a war between the Lancastrian House and the House of York, the former wearing as its badge the red rose while the House of York chose the white. It was as Warwick foresaw when he said 'shall send between the white rose and the red, thousands of souls to death and deadly night.'

It was at this time that the word sub rosa meaning secret was put in the English Language.

In a quaint little town in Pennsylvania, called Manheim there is a celebraton when the oldest lineal descendent of the Baron Steigal is given a red rose.

This celebration occurs on the second Sunday in June. About a hundred and fifty years ago one Baron Steigle gave to the Zion Lutheran Church a plot of ground, on condition that every year in June a red rose should be paid him, and his descendants forever.

A handsome Church now stands on the plot of ground, and the rental was forgotten in the passing of years.

A few years ago an antiquarian looking up old papers found the will and brought it to the trustees of the church. They could find no lineal descendant of the Baron, so they advertised and found one in Virginia.

In consequence they have started the payment again and celebrate it with a big festival at the same time. The scent of the roses is so fragant that its praises are sung everywhere.

But Thomas Moore has excelled all others in his memories of the rose.

'Long, long be my heart with such memories filled,
Like the vase in which roses have once been distilled.
You may break, you may shatter that vase if you will,
But the scent of the roses will hang round it still.

DEVIL ISLAND

That the French Government has resolved to do away the penal settlement at Devils Island will be very good news to every one with any humane feelings, for it has been a sore spot on the face of civilization.

It is not many years ago, that Dreyfus, an honorable French officer, was sent there through the malice of his enemies. He endured all kind of tortures there in that unhealthy tropical climate. Through the efforts of his wife he was at last released and restored to his rank again, but he was a broken man his health gone, and his zest in life destroyed.

MY AMERICAN WIFE

A light, romantic story is deftly and amusingly told on the screen of the New Lyceum on Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 9 and 10, where Paramount's breezy romance, 'My American Wife,' opened yesterday with Francis Lederer and Ann Sothern in starring roles.

'My American Wife' is taken from an original by Elmer Davis and directed by Harold Young. Young has chosen a cast of seasoned character players to back up the stars, headed by Fred Stone and Billie Burke and including among the toppers Ernest Cossart and Grant Mitchell.

Lederer's role is cut out for the star; he is cast as a European nobleman who marries an American girl of wealth, Miss Sothern, and returns with her to her famiy home in Arizona.

Miss Burke, mother of the girl, is determined to capitalize on her daughter's new title of Countess and on the decorative effect of the Count's medals and braid. She begins a systematic scial campaign, wit hhim as ammunton, and gradually draws her daughter to seeng things her way.

Count Ferdinand von and zu Reidenach, however, is irritated. He likes the West, and has determined that he'll settle down on a ranch, learn cowboy ways, an dfolow Miss Sothern's old grand-father, Stone, in wrestling his living from the soil.

Gradually the couple drift apart, and Stone, who at first hated the sight of his new grand-son-in-law, grows to be his best friend. In the end, Stone precents the breaking up of the Lederer-Sothern romnace, which has headed for Reno.

His part in 'My Amercan Wife' is a new type of role for the romantic Francis Lederer; the fact that he appears in some sequences n cowboy outfit indicates how new. While allowing him to do his fne job of portraying a polshed, ttiled foreigner, it at the same time gipes him a chance to prove that he is more than merely an actor who looks good in uniform.

Fred Stone's performance, of course, is superb. As the positive Western old-timer, he is as convincing as he was in a similar role in 'The Trail of the Lonesome Pine.' Cossart, 'gentleman's gentleman' to Lederer in the film, t urns in one of his sterling butler-valet comedy roles.

Hollywood has learned to choose the best of stories and select the best material in them for its pictures.

This will be definitely demonstrated when Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's screen adaptaton of 'Piccadilly Jim' comes to the New Lyceum on Monday, and Tuesday, September 7 and 8. The words of P. G. Wodehouse in the story made the whole reading world rock with laughter. The picture visualizes his comedy perfectly.

A stellar cast is worthy of the inimitable story and the selection of its personnel was itself a stroke of genius. Robert Z. Leonard, the man who directed 'The Great Ziegfield,' followed with this new picture and his technique is evident throughout.

Robert Montgomery, in the title role, performs what last night's audiences considered his finest part, if applause is any indication. Madge Evans, opposite him, was delightful. Frank Morgan, of 'The Great Ziefield' cast, appears with Billie Burke, widow of the famuos Broadway impresario, in her first role under her new M-G-M contract. Eric Bore, Robert Benchley, Ralph Forbes and others give remarkably good performances in their respective roles.

The story of the clever young cartoonist created by Wodehouse is one that has sent uproarious laughter around the reading world. On the screen it is even more hilarious. His romance that is nearly shattered when he caricatures the family of the girl he loves, is restored on a trans-atlantic liner on a high and appropriate note of comedy.

'Piccadilly Jim' definitely established itself on its opening night as one of the most popular screen plays to rach this city in recent years. It is amusement of a high order, with no other purpose, and it succeeds admirably.

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GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS

1936

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1935, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 426 proposing an amendment to Section 21 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Judiciary Department," sub-title "Part III-Circuit Courts" providing for an additional Judge in the Sixth Judicial Circuit of Maryland, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection; and

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1935, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 584 proposing an amendment to Section 13 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," providing for the appointment of persons by the Governor to fill vacancies in the House of Delegates or in the Senate of the General Assembly of Maryland and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection; and

WHEREAS, at the Extraordinary session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1936, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 151 proposing an amendment to Section 39 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," so as to strike out the provision therein to the effect that the General Assembly shall grant no charter for banking purposes, nor renew any banking corporation now in existence, except upon the condition that the stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in such banking institution, for all its debts and liabilities upon note, bill or otherwise; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection; in words and figures as follows:

CHAPTER 426

AN ACT to amend Section 21 of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department," sub-title "Part III-Circuit Courts" of the Constitution of this State, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 21 of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department," sub-title "Part III-Circuit Courts" of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of Section 21 of said Article 4.

21. For each of the said circuits, excepting the eighth and the third and the sixth, there shall be a chief judge and two associate judges, to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected or appointed as herein provided, and for the third circuit and for the sixth circuit, there shall be a chief judge and three associate judges to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected or appointed as herein provided. And no two of said associate judges, for any of the said circuits, except the third and sixth circuits shall, at the time of their election or appointment or during the term for which they may have been elected or appointed, reside in the same county. If two or more persons shall be candidates for associate judge in the same county in any of the circuits, except the third and sixth circuits, that one only in said county shall be declared elected who has the highest number of votes in the circuit. In case any two candidates for associate judge in any of the circuits, except the third and sixth circuits, residing in the same county shall have an equal number of votes greater than any other candidates for associate judge in the circuit, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for one associate judge; but the person residing in any other county of the circuit and who has the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. The said judges shall hold not less than two terms of the Circuit Court in each of the counties composing their respective circuits, at such times as are now or may hereafter be prescribed to which jurors shall be summoned; and in those counties where only two such terms are held, two other and intermediate terms, to which jurors shall not be summoned; they may alter or fix the time for holding any or all terms, until otherwise prescribed, and shall adopt rules to the end that all business not requiring the interposition of the jury shall be, as far as practicable, disposed of at said intermediate terms. One judge in each of the above circuits, including the third and sixth circuits, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business; and the said judges or any of them may hold special terms of their courts, whenever in their discretion, the business of the several counties renders such terms necessary. The additional associate judge for the third circuit herein provided for (shall be elected by the qualified voters of Baltimore and Harford Counties, at the first election that shall be held in said counties subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, and the judge so elected) shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold his office for the same terms of years, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the third circuit.

The additional judge for the sixth circuit herein provided for shall be elected by the qualified voters of Frederick and Montgomery Counties at the first election that shall be held in said counties subsequent to the adoption of this amendment and none shall be appointed before that time. The judge so elected shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the sixth circuit. The Chief Judge may be elected from either Frederick or Montgomery Counties, but when the Chief Judge is elected from Frederick County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said County and the two remaining associate judges shall be residents of Montgomery County and when the Chief Judge is elected from Montgomery County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said Montgomery County and the remaining two associate judges residents of Frederick County. In case any candidate or candidates for associate judge at any judicial election held in the sixth judicial circuit shall receive sufficient votes to cause such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, but the election of such candidate or candidates would cause more associate judges than herein permitted to reside in any county of said circuit, then and in that event only that candidate or those candidates, as the case may be, residing in said county in the order of the votes received shall be declared elected whose election would provide the permitted number of associate judges from said county and the candidate or candidates as the case may be, residing in the other county, and not similarly disqualified, who shall have the next highest number of votes in said election shall be declared elected. If, by reason of such a condition or by reason of an equal vote for two or more candidates a sufficient number of associate judges duly qualified as to residence as above set out should not be elected at any election in said sixth judicial circuit, then it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for such unfilled office or offices.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State in the year 1936, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election, the vote on the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election, due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by said Article 14 of the Constitution.

Approved: May 17, 1935.

CHAPTER 584

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 13 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," providing for the appointment of persons by the Governor to fill vacancies in the House of Delegates or in the Senate of the General Assembly of Maryland and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all of the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following amendment is hereby proposed to Section 13 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State as herein provided, to become Section 13 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

Section 13. In case of death, disqualification, resignation, refusal to act, expulsion, or removal from the county or city for which he shall have been elected, of any person who shall have been chosen as a Delegate or Senator, or in case of a tie between two or more such qualified persons, the Governor shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy from a person whose name shall be submitted to him in writing by the State Central Committee of the political party with which the Delegate or Senator, so vacating, had been affiliated in the County or District from which he or she was elected, provided that the appointee shall be of the same political party as the person whose office is to be filled; and it shall be the duty of the Governor to make said appointment within fifteen days after the submission thereof to him. In the event there is no State Central Committee in the County or District from which said vacancy is to be filled, the Governor shall within fifteen days after the occurrence of such vacancy appoint a person who is otherwise properly qualified to hold the office of delegate or senator in such District or County. In every case when any person is so appointed by the Governor, his appointment shall be deemed to be for the unexpired term of the person whose office has become vacant.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said aforegoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be at the next general election for members of the House of Representatives of Congress held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment," and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved: May 17, 1935.

CHAPTER 151

AN ACT to propose an Amendment to Section 39 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," so as to strike out the provision therein to the effect that the General Assembly shall grant no charter for banking purposes, nor renew any banking corporation now in existence, except upon the condition that the stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in such banking institution, for all its debts and liabilities upon note, bill or otherwise; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all of the members of each of the two Houses concurring), that the following amendment is hereby proposed to Section 39 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 39 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

Sec. 39. The books, papers and accounts of all banks shall be open to inspection under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said foregoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-six, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of "Constitutional Amendment" amending Section 39 of Article III, title "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of Maryland.

This amendment provides for striking out the provision that the General Assembly shall grant no charter for banking purposes, nor renew any banking corporation now in existence, except upon the condition that the stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in such banking institution, for all its debts and liabilities upon note, bill or otherwise;

For the Constitutional Amendment	
Against the Constitutional Amendment	

as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Article XIV of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article XIV of the Constitution.

Approved: April 29, 1936.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HARRY W. NICE, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this proclamation containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapters 426 and 584 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1935, and Chapter 151 of the Acts of the Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1936, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday the 3rd day of November, 1936, at which election the said proposed amendments to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. DONE AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS, THIS 20TH DAY OF JULY, IN THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND THRITY-SIX.

THE GREAT SEAL - OF - MARYLAND

HARRY W. NICE
By the Governor:

E. RAY JONES
Secretary of State.

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