Nations of World Allot Year 1939 To New York Fair

World Exposition Already Growing Up; Seeks Active Participation of State

NEW YORK, (Special).—The New York World's Fair, in which every state in the nation must inevitably take small or prominent part, is out of its infancy

Preparatory construction goes on night and day at the Flushing Meadow Site of 1216½ acres at the geographical centre of New York City A steady flow of activities and announcements emanates from the Fair Corporation headquarters on four floors of the Empire State building. Judging from all of these the Fair is a lusty growing institution that will reach full maturity—no question about it—by the scheduled opening day April 30, 1939

The task of grading the site is about half completed. Battalions of men with trucks have already moved over 3,000,000 cubic yards of dry fill in the process of turning the waste marshland of the Flushing River basin into park ground. Other battalions are scooping out "meadow mat" for use as fertile top soil for the made lands, and in so doing excavate the beds for the two large lagoons featured in plans for the Fair

The first of the 300 structures which, according to estimates, will house the 1939 Fair, has been completed and is ready for occupancy This is the headquarters building for the field forces of today and the employment department of the exposition period.

Scheduled for early in the new year is the start of actual construction of the $900,000 Administration building. The designs for this structure, let under architectural contract a few weeks ago, are nearing the day of their approval in the Corporation's offices. Upon completion of this building, late in August, 1937, the Fair headquarters, bag, baggage and sales offices, moves to the exposition site

"The most splendid and significant edifice projected for the 1939 international exposition," the Theme building, as described at Fair headquarters, is also well along in its contractual period. The estimated cost of this great building for the "Thematic Centre" of the exposition is set at $1,200,000. The preliminary designs are to be finished in about eight weeks and the final plans submitted within four weeks thereafter. Construction is scheduled to start immediately the designs are completed.

From this theme centre will radiate all that is to be the 1939 Fair as conceived by its founders and rendered into concrete terminology and model by the Fair's Board of Design

"Our job from now on is to give physical expression to the plan and theme of the Fair as announced and as set down on paper in our headquarters," says Grover Whalen, President of the Fair Corporation.

"Starting next April 1, we plan to complete the design of one major building every ten days for a period of seven months. In all, we expect to design no less than 30 major buildings to house the exhibits from every part of the world. Some 300 structures, in all, are planned for the Flushing Meadow site, within a few minutes' ride from Manhattan."

Without solicitation on the part of the Fair, more than 250 American business house and institutions have begun preliminary conversations regarding their participation and are already planning exhibits. Five of the great nations of the world have already assured the Corporation that they would erect their own buildings, while no less than 32 other nations have informally indicated their desire to participate

And then, on top of all this display of keen interest, comes the announcement that the International Convention Bureau, meeting in Paris, has allocated the year 1939 to the New York Fair. This means that the New York Fair has exclusive ranking as the "one international exposition" of 1939, and assures it of the active support of the 21 nations signing the agreement.

President Roosevelt has just extended official invitation to the nations of the world Governor Herbert H. Lehman, of the host State of New York, has extended invitation to the governors and residents of 47 states. Grover Whalen, likewise, has invited the governors in a letter pointing out that "the commercial consequences of the New York World's Fair are so great and important that they alone would justify the active participation of every state."

Fair Commissioners are already in South America and Europe. Still others are on their way to the Far East and other foreign shores Major Dennis E. Nolan, retired, as head of the Department of Foreign, State and Municipal Participation, will himself make representation to the governors and legislatures of the various states.

Meanwhile, under the direction of Harvey D. Gibson, President of the Manufacturers Trust Company, and Richard Whitney, former president of the New York Stock Exchange, the prominent figures in the financial capital conducted a 28-day campaign to sell $27,829,500 in debenture bonds of the Fair to finance the construction period

Every confidence is being expressed that the Fair not only will "pay its way," but that it will bring a billion dollars more of revenue into Greater New York and stimulate American industry in general to an extent many fold that amount

The total cost of producing New York's Fair, including collateral improvements, is set at $125,000,000 Statisticians estimate that the attendance will total more than 50,000,000 persons.

The City of New York, the State of New York, and the Government of the United States, according to expectations, will account for $35,000,000 of the total expenditures and thus lend an official backing never before achieved

Poultry

SPROUTED OATS GOOD WINTER DIET

Tender Plants Should Be Free From Mold.

By I. C. Taylor, Extension Poultryman, New Jersey College of Agriculture. WNU Service.

Green food for winter feeding of poultry can easily be obtained by sprouting oats. Oats to be sprouted should be good seed oats and free from any must or smut, and a home-made oat sprouter, consisting of trays two feet square and four or five inches deep with fine hardware cloth for the bottom, is satisfactory equipment.

Soak the oats in warm water overnight and then spread them on the trays about an inch thick. Keep the temperature of the room in which the oats are placed between 60 and 70 degrees Fahrenheit and water the oats once a day. When the sprouts are three or four inches long, they are ready to be fed to the birds at the rate of one square inch of oats to each bird daily.

The most serious trouble in sprouting is mold. Great care is needed to avoid its appearance and no oats should be fed which have any trace of mold. Careful washing of trays and tubs used in sprouting oats in a five per cent solution of formalin is a good practice to follow. If this fails to control the mold, use one teaspoon of formalin to every six quarts of water and allow the oats to soak in this solution for 12 hours.

Houdans a French Breed, Takes Name From Village

The Houdan is a French breed, taking its name from the village of Houdan. It is a rather popular breed in France and is kept to a certain extent in the United States for the production of table poultry. It is a bird of good substance with good length and depth of body, making it well adapted for the production of meat. The back is long and of good breadth, sloping slightly toward the tail. In many respects the Houdan somewhat resembles the Dorking, an English breed. The standard weights in pounds are: Cock, 7½; hen, 6½; cockerel, 6½; and pullet, 5½.

A characteristic feature of the Houdan is the presence of a fifth toe, practically all other breeds and varieties of chickens having but four toes. The Houdan also has a well-developed crest and a beard. The comb is V shaped.

The Mottled Houdan has black plumage with about 1 feather in 2 to 1 feather in 10 tipped with positive white, depending on the section of plumage. The fluff is black, tipped with gray. The under-color in all sections of both sexes is dull black. The ear lobes are white. The color of the beak is dark horn; the shanks and toes are pinkish white, mottled with black.

The White Houdan is the counterpart of the mottled in type and has pure white plumage. The ear lobes are red. The beak, shanks, and toes are pinkish white.

Problems of Disease

With the increase in poultry population, and local concentration, have come problems of disease—plenty of them. Some of the experiment stations, notes a writer in the Rural New-Yorker, in states where poultry is a large industry have research laboratories comparable to those of the great hospitals. Germ and parasite infestation, bodily defects, nutritional deficiencies and disorders are studied to find the exact causes, so that prevention, vaccination or medical treatment may be recommended. Easily administered capsules are available for many poultry troubles, such as intestinal parasites. We all realize that disease prevention through sanitary measures is of prime importance, but many poultry disorders do yield to modern treatment so that it is not necessary to chop off a hen's head at the first sign of ailment.

PHANTOMS IN THE MAKING

Phantoms—Telephone linemen transposing wires to provide phantom talking circuits.

Phantoms usually exist only in the minds of imaginative people. With telephone companies they are very material things. In telephone plant phantoms are used very generally for long distance circuits. Phantom lines are the result of transposing two telephone circuits and equipping them in the terminating central offices with repeating coils which in turn are connected to the switchboards. This provides a third talking channel for very little more cost than the construction of two physical telephone circuits.

Cross Talk and Noise Reduced

The first thing that must be done to phantom two long distance circuits is to transpose or change in position at stated intervals in a section of line the two wires forming each circuit. Then in turn the two circuits must be transposed or changed in position at stated intervals along the line. This operation reduces "crosstalk" and "noise" and makes the circuit satisfactory for commercial use.

People driving along highways frequently see telephone lines, which are crossed, re-crossed or bunched like spiders' webs at the crossarms on the poles. This changing in position of the two wires is a transposition and where the two circuits are "bunched" that is a phantom transposition.

Developed in 1884

This method of providing extra long distance circuits without stringing new lines was first discovered in 1884, which was just a few years after the telephone was invented, but it was not put into general use until 1904. Today there are thousands of miles of phantom circuits in use in the United States, which has meant a big saving in service costs to telephone users.

Step on Your Troubles

Jud Tunkins says troubles are like colds. It's unfair to scatter 'em around among innocent bystanders.

Rare Plant Has Two Leaves

The rare Tumbos plant of southwest Africa grows just two leaves, but these may become 10 feet long.

First Railroad in Ohio

The first railroad in Ohio, which ran from Adrian, Mich., to Toledo, was fostered by our northern neighbor, the Wolverine state. At the outset there was little confidence in the success of the enterprise. It was described in the Michigan legislature, which granted the charter, as merely "a fanciful scheme that could do no harm and would greatly please certain citizens of Toledo."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Documents Date Back to 1650

On file in the archives division of the state library in Richmond, Va., are official documents of the colonial government that date back to 1650.

DEPENDABLE DRUGS

The record of a quarter of a century is back of the stock we sell. You can depend on the drugs you

Buy at

VINSON'S

ROCKVILLE

Phone Rockville 16

Furs Remodeled

Suits Made to Order

WILHELM

TAILORING AND CLEANING CO.

6707 Wisconsin Ave., N. W.

Chevy Chase, Md.

W. A. Hohenbein, Prop. — Phone Wisconsin 4306

Medicines

Proprietary Remedies
Toilet Requisites
Candy, Cigars, Stationery
Paints, Oils, Glass

H. O. TROWBRIDGE

DRUGGIST

Town Hall, Kensington

Phone Kensington 31

MAGEE RADIO SERVICE

Facilities for Repairing Any Make of Radio

Authorized Dealer for

Philco, Grunow Stromberg-Carlson Radios
---Grunow Refrigerators---ABC Washers

Ask any business man in Bethesda about Us
Our Reputation is Behind Our Work

6907 Wisconsin Ave.

WISCONSIN 2468

Member Associated Radio Men of Greater Wash.

THE MONTGOMERY PRESS

NEARLY 50 YEARS OLD

A COUNTY PAPER FOR COUNTY PEOPLE

SUBSCRIPTION BLANK

Enclosed is One Dollar in payment of one years subscription to The Montgomery Press.

NAME .....

P. O. ADDRESS .....

341