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(PRINTERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION)
NO. 4, HARRISON-STREET.

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All Advertisements appear in both.

R. Y. WELLFORD,

NO. 137, MARKET STREET.
Has on hand, an excellent and general assortment of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY & SADLERY.
Which will be sold low for cash or on the usual credit to punctual customers,
sept 7 d4t

RICE.

A few tierces and half tierces,
For Sale by
PRENTISS & CARTER,
No. 13, Bowley's wharf.
sept 7 d6t

Salt, Rice, &c.

100 barrels Lisbon Salt
10 tierces fresh Rice
50 boxes Muscatel Raisins
Old Laguira and St. Domingo Coffee in bbls bags and casks
For Sale by
BROWN & WILSON,
63, Smith's wharf.
sept 7 d4t

MARSHAL'S SALE

AT SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
Will be sold on the 3d October next 92 packages of Dry Goods, landed from and prize to the schooner Harrison, of Baltimore, Herman Perry commander, consisting of the following articles, viz.
Broadcloths and Casimeres, Corduroy, Stripped, figured and other muslins, French linen & Cotton Cambrics, printed Calicoes, Cotton Checks, twilled and figured Shawls, Bourbon and Coloured Check Handkerchiefs, Irish Linen, Shirtings, Ginghams, Britanias, Platillas, Dimities, Jean, and Bed Ticks; Crape, Silk Chambrays, Satin robes, Silk and Cotton Hose; Raven's Duck, Perfumery, Beaver and Willow Hats, Playing Cards and a number of other articles.
sept 7 d12t

Genuine Cyder Vinegar.

The subscribers have on hand for sale at their store near the lower end of Dugan's wf.
A quantity of PICKLING VINEGAR,
Of a superior quality.
ANDREW DEWES & CO.
sept 7 d4t

Taken up Adrift

Near the shore of Whet Stone Point, yesterday morning, a middle sized BATTEAUX painted brown. The owner may have her again by applying to *John Barkman*, Market street, or *John Morton*, Bond street, Fell's Point; or at the wharf of Fort M'Henry, by proving property and paying for this advertisement. sept 7 d4t

Ten Dollars Reward.

Deserted from the Company under my command attached to the 6th regt M. M. on the 5th September JOHN GILMAN. The above reward will be given for apprehending said deserter and delivering him at my quarters.
NICHOLAS BURKE, Capt.
6th regt. M. M.
sept 7 d4t

A Gold Watch Lost.

Stolen from the pocket of a member of the "American Artillerists" at the house of a Mr YOUNG, on the road from Georgetown to Montgomery Court House, on the night of WEDNESDAY 24th ult. being the night following the battle at Bladensburgh, a large English Double Cased GOLD WATCH, plain faced, capped and Jeweled, makers name Richard Bailey, London, number not recollected, with an elegant gold chain, Seal, and Key of flat gold leaf and Steel Pipe with the letters R. R. B. thereon engraved,
A reward of *Forty Dollars* will be given for her return to the printers hereof, or to Mr. *Bigger*, corner of Market & Calvert street, to whom she is well known and no questions asked. Watchmakers in justice to an unfortunate soldier are requested to stop the above watch if offered for sale or repair.
sept 7 d4t

An active young negro Man,

FOR SALE.
The subscriber will sell a young Negro Man accustomed to Farming—he is about 20 years of age, is very athletic and capable of doing most kinds of work required on a plantation. To save trouble, his price is 400 dollars. Apply at the north west corner of Howard and Market streets or to
WM. CLEMM.
About 3½ miles on the Windsor Mill road
june 21 d

Baltimore Female Academy,

No. 22, Washington square,
Will be opened on MONDAY, the 5th of September, for the reception of pupils
S. BROWNE.
sept 3 d6t

30 DOLLARS REWARD.

Ranaway from North Hampton Furnace, near Baltimore, on Monday, the 22d instant, a negro girl named BETTY, about 5 feet high; 16 or 17 years of age; slim made; short round face; was brought up in Mr. Burke's house, in Old Town, where she is well known. She was taken up a few days since near Belle Air, but made her escape, and left all her clothes except those she had on, of osnaburgs, a shawl, and black Bombazette frock, tore in several places. I will give a reward of THIRTY DOLLARS for taking and securing her so that I get her again, and all reasonable expenses paid if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harboring or carrying off the said Betty at their peril.
WILLIAM CAPLES, Manager.
aug 25 d

WATCH LOST

A single cased Gold Watch, supposed to be made in Paris, with a steel hand to tell the day of the month, it had a hair chain and Gold Key. The owner supposes it was stolen from him on Friday last at the Market House in the Western Precincts. Watchmakers and others are requested to stop it if offered for sale. Any information respecting it will be generously rewarded by
WEBSTER & BARE.
sept 7 eo4t

To Sail from New York,

The elegant Ship FINGAL,
Capt. STANTON, having a flag of truce, will sail for Europe on or about the end of this month. The ship is about 400 tons burthen, coppered, and in all respects in complete order. Passengers can be well accommodated, and landed at the most convenient port in the channel, supposed Havre-de-Grace. Letters will be received and forwarded at 50 cents per sheet. For Passage apply to
JOHN JACOB ASTER.
New York, aug 20—23 d

For Sale or Rent,

A BRICK HOUSE & STORE, No. 65, situated in Gay street, near the Bridge, at present occupied by Jacob Walter. The stand is well calculated for a Grocery Store, and the dwelling part is very convenient—To a good tenant the rent will be made moderate.
SAML. SARGENT,
Forrest street, Federal Hill.
aug 8 d

To Reputable Young Men,

will be given a *bounty of FORTY DOLLARS*, and 160 Acres of LAND, for enlisting in the 3d Regiment of Artillery, by applying to
GEORGE ARMESTEAD,
Fort M'Henry. Major 3d Artillery.
aug 23 d

PISTOLS FOR SALE.

A pair of good PISTOLS for sale. They may be seen at this office. Price $20.
sept 8 d4t

LADIES SEMINARY,

33, *Great York street, Old Town.*
MRS. HOWARD respectfully informs her patrons and the public generally, that the duties of her school will recommence on Monday the 12th inst.
Mrs. H, will as usual give instructions in various kinds of fancy and ornamental needle work. Masters of acknowledged abilities will attend to those other studies deemed necessary and comprising a liberal education.
sept 8 d

PINE APPLE CHEESE,

& RYE WHISKEY.
18 boxes (10 in a box) Pine Apple Cheese, suitable for the Camp, or family use, being small.
Five years old Pure Rye Whiskey, high proof. The above articles are equal to any ever offered for sale in this city—apply to
JAMES RAMSAY,
No. 31, Thomas street, F. P.
sept 8 d4t

CAUTION

To Potters and Others.

One *ALEXANDER STAGE*, sometimes calling himself *ALLEN*, a turner Potter by trade, who has abandoned his wife and children in New York, cheated every one he could wherever he has been, and disappeared some time in the begining of the present month, indebted to his Shoemaker, Taylor, Doctor, his boarding, employer and as many others as he could deceive with the most studied lies it is possible to use for the purpose; he was employed at the rate of $2 per day; but fond of public houses, Playing Cards and frolicking of every kind, he had never a cent to pay his board, he was bound to his employer to pay his creditors who requests any person who can give information of his abode, to direct to
JOHN BARON, *Baltimore.*
He is about 25 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a middle sized Wen on the right cheek near the ear, his face looks rather red, especially after drinking some spirits which is often the case with him, his hair light brown, well made, lively countenance, his voice often hoarse.
sept 8 d4t

BALTIMORE JOCKEY CLUB.

Fifteen Hundred Dollar Purse.

These Races will commence on the *Second Tuesday in October next*, over a handsome course in the vicinity of Baltimore, when the four mile heats will be ran for a purse of $1500; and on the two following day, three and two mile heats for handsome Purses, which cannot at present be accurately ascertained, but will be published previous to the Races by the Club, who will be called together for that purpose, and to establish rules for their government on the most liberal and approved principles.
Published per order.
july 27 2aw

130 Dollars Reward.

Absconded from Georgetown, where he was bound to a Blacksmith, a Negro Man called SAM, about 24 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, slender and very black, oval face, a scar over one eye, stands generally with one foot forward, and seems to drag his feet, having a very slovenly walk, notwithstanding is very active and healthy, apt to get drunk, and very quarrelsome; he is a good Blacksmith, and probably will endeavor to hire as a free man. He is well known to most of the stage drivers, as the man with whom he lived did all the work for Mr. Crawford's tavern.——He went away the 5th July, and was apprehended at M'Coy's, between this and Baltimore, but escaped the same night; he was again seen and taken, at Gunpowder Ferry, between Baltimore and Susquehanna, about the last of October, but escaped again.
I will give one hundred dollars if said Negro is lodged in Baltimore jail, and information given so that I get him again; or one hundred and thirty dollars if put in jail at the City of Washington. JOHN THRELKELD,
Georgetown, Nov. 24.
nov 27 d3tlaw

Baltimore College.

Baltimore College is now open, after vacation for the different classes. The students may return and resume their studies immediately; a few additional pupils can be admitted.
N. B. The Revd. WM. SINCLAIR, V. P. will recommence his course of Lectures for the improvement of the more advanced students as soon as a class of twenty young gentlemen can be completed. Terms $5 per quarter to the youth connected with the institution; and $10 to such as are not.
sept 7 eo4t

FOR SALE,

Fire Wood, Posts and Rails.

APPLY TO
P. LANNAY,
On the York road, near the first gate.
Who wishes to engage a Waggon or Two Carts, for drawing Wood. *Also,*
A few Wood Cutters wanted.
aug 25 eo6t

From the Canandaigua Repository.

CAMPAIGN OF 1814.

The left division of our army on the Niagara has lately atiracted the eyes of an anxious and admiring public to the threatre of renown. No sooner had this band of gallant spirits crossed the streight and entered the territory of the enemy, than a series of rapid and brilliant operations was commenced. The intelligence, the method and success which attended every step, denoted that the army was no longer destitute of that which it had never before enjoyed, a general and a head. The first achievement, the capture and surprise of F. Erie, discovered the most consummate caution, together with the greatest exactness, in the execution of preconcerted plans. The battle of Chippewa, next in order and magnitude, displayed the most determined bravery on our part, and a coolness not to be shaken by reverses or circumventment by deceptive manoeuvres. The want of the expected and necessary co-operation of the fleet, now gave a cruel check to that splendid career which had opened the country to our arms, and shut up the enemy's principal force in his works of F. George and F. Niagara. The operations of the army about F. George were confined to that class which is usually denominated the "petite guerre," and the same prudence and good conduct which had directed their more important movements, appeared conspicuous in these affairs. The frequent and powerful reinforcements received by the enemy, now rendered it necessary for our army to seek a more secure position, and provide for their retreat, in case that step should become necessary.—They accordingly fell back to Bridgewater, in the immediate vicinity of Niagara Falls. This spot providentially became the scene of one of the most desperate and sanguinary battles. For the numbers engaged, there has been none equally bloody since the days of Leonidas and his Spartan band. "The enemy's batteries were stormed directly in front," and after three repulses, were carried by an irresistible charge. In the heat of the conflict, the British army was reinforced by 3000 fresh troops. The American troops were opposed to twice their number of British veterans, and finally succeeded in driving them from the field, and capturing their artillery, their maj. general and 200 prisoners. At 11 o'clock, P. M. the contest ended; the slaughter on both sides is without a parallel in the annals of modern wars. As though the God of nature had designed to mark and distinguish this spot with the sublimest wonders, and render it memorable to future ages, he has ordained that the noblest prodigies of human valor should be displayed in the same field where one of the grandest wonders of the natural world is exhibited. The proudest efforts of mortal prowess conspire with the scenery of this stupendous cataract, to consecrate this spot to classical immortality. The future poet of Columbia may figure to his prolific imagination, the groans and shrieks of the wounded and dying, and the thunder of hostile musketry and cannon, mingled with the deafening roar of that tremendous cataract, which for ages has been the resort of the curious. The patriot and philantropist will hereafter visit this spot with other emotions than those excited by the novelty and grandeur of the scenery; the fame of the 25th of July, 1814, will attract him to the field where the legions of Albion and Columbia mingled in mortal strife—Where Brown and Scott fought nobly and nobly bled—Where Porter and Ripley sought the post of danger, "the perilous edge of battle"—Where Miller charged with more than mortal prowess on the foe—Where M'Farlane, and many other brave fellows in arms, found a grave of honor—Where sleep in tranquil and honorable death, the heroes of Columbia by the side of their late vaunting and inveterate foes. The names of the renowned dead are bequeathed to their country to embellish its future history. The living are preserved to add other and if possible, more brilliant laurels to their dauntless brows. This victory so glorious to the American arms, produced one consequence of vital importance. It enabled the army to continue its march to Fort Erie without molestation, and gave them time to entrench and strengthen their position at that place. As soon as the British army had recovered a little from the shock of the late defeat, and received further reinforcements, they moved up the Niagara and invested Fort Erie. This Fort was now rendered formidable by the industry and art of our engineers, and still more so by the fortitude and indefatigable valor of the troops composing its garrison. The British General believing this to be a favorable opportunity to retrieve his "waste of honor" ordered a body of troops across the streight to take possession of Buffalo. This place so lately a scene of ruin and devastation, had been partially rebuilt, and was supposed to contain the surplus baggage and valuable stores of the American army. It had been represented as defenceless. The Niagara was crossed at 5 o'clock, A. M. and the British forces to the number of 1000, moved up to Conjockety Creek. The first notice which their troops received of their error was announced from the rifles of three hundred Americans, under Major Morgan, of the 1st Rifle Regiment.—This gallant officer, like the hero of the Cow pens, his namesake had disposed his men in fine order, met the enemy with firmness, defeated and drove him with loss, and obliged him to seek safety on the other side of the Niagara. The public have to regret the loss of the brave Morgan, since killed in a skirmish with the enemy at Fort Erie. So many successive defeats, determined the British General to stake all in one grand attempt to carry Fort Erie by storm. Dispositions were made for the attack, which took place on the 15th day of August, at half past 2 A. M.——Three formidable columns approached the works of the Fort at three different points, and by some boats attempted it by water at the same time. The word was, "*no quarters to the d—d Yankees.*" and perhaps the same number of men never trod with so rapid a step, "the way to dusky death." Every part of the works seemed to vomit destruction and pour ruin on the assailing columns. The opposing ramparts of earth and even the air, were pregnant with death. An explosion, kindled by some unknown hand, devoted to awful and inevitable perdition, those men who in general orders, and already in their bloody imaginations, had consigned the vanquished garrison to the bayonet. Their shattered limbs and examinated corses were hurried through the air or mown down by the destructive fire of our artillery.——The gallant Gaines and Porter were in every place where danger threatened, giving vigor and animation to their troops. M'Donough and Williams, brave even in death, devoted themselves an offering to the safety of their country. Such are the men who now stand between us and the ravages of a brutal enemy. They have fought with a resolution that would do honor to the first troops in the world. They will still fight and prove the shield and safety of their country.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At the town meeting, in Boston on Saturday the Honorable Judge Dawes was chosen moderator, the resolves which follow were proposed, after which the Hon. Mr. Dexter moved to postpone the consideration of them and offered as a substitute, some resolves, which had been prepared, authorizing the raising of a loan and the appointment of a committee of defence. This postponement was opposed by the hon. Messrs. Sargent and Otis, and supported by the Hon Mr. Gray.—It was negatived by a large majority. Benj. Austin, esq. opposed the resolves and likewise offered others of a different purport which were negatived. On taking the question upon the resolves they passed *unanimously.*—The meeting was full, embracing, as was supposed, 3 or 4000 persons.

WHEREAS, in the progress of the present unhappy war. It has become manifest, that the destruction of the public ships and naval arsenals in the various ports of the U. States, is a principal object of the enemy, and therefore, this town, notwithstanding its uniform disapprobation of the measures which have led to this calamity, and its endeavours to avert it, may be exposed to danger from an enterprize against the ships of war which are now lying in our port, without any adequate means of protection and defence furnished by the national government: and

Whereas, we entertain a full confidence that the executive government of this commonwealth has been, and still is, occupied in preparing all the means and resources, which are at its disposal, for defending this port and town from invasion, and we moreover believe that the brave and disciplined militia of this and the neighbouring counties, which are ready at the shortest notice, to repair to any point of attack, will present to an invading foe, a superiority in number to any force, known to be on our coast. Yet, as in times of great and imminent danger, extraordinary exertion and alacrity become the duty of the citizen, and it may be acceptable to his excellency the governor to receive the assurance that the citizens of Boston in the "times which try mens' souls" are, as they ever have been, ready to aid, by manual labour and pecuniary contributions, and by all the ways and means in their power, in promoting and making effectual, any measures of defence, which may be devised by the proper authority,

Therefore resolved, that the citizens of this town cherish an undiminished confidence in the disposition of the governor and council, to organize and hold in readiness, for the defence of this town and its vicinity, a competent portion of the force under his command, and are persuaded that such measures have been and will be adopted, to prepare for any great emergency, as will justify the reliance placed by their fellow citizens upon their vigilance and solicitude, for the safety and honor of the commonwealth,

Resolved, That we will heartfully and cordially co-operate with his excellency, in any measures that may be devised for the defence of the Capital, in which our services may be useful; and, that we will, whenever in his opinion the occasion may require, make prompt and effective arrangements for the employment of all classes of our citizens, in the construction of fortifications or other means of defence, and from obtaining patriotic individuals, voluntary loans and contributions of money, to be applied to those objects.

Resolved, That while we deplore the evils and calamities of a war, in the production of which we have in no wise been instrumental, we are not dismayed by the aspect of the force which is employed against us, nor do we despair of our country. "United we stand, divided we fall," and we are strong in the assurance, that the courage, resources, experience and patriotism of our country will yet surmount the evils and the perils which surround us, and transmit to posterity, our union and liberties, strengthened by a recollection of errors and dangers, and a disposition to learn wisdom from misfortune.

Resolved, That the Moderator of this meeting, be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions certified by the Town Clerk, to His Excellency the Governor.

BANKS.

CITY OF ALBANY.

At a large and respectable meeting of citizens of this city, at the Capitol, on Saturday the 2d day of September, 1814.
The Honorable John Lansing, Jun. was appointed Chairman, and Barent Bleecker, Esq. Secretary.

Information having been received that the Banks in the cities of Philadelphia and New York have come to a resolution to suspend for the present all payments of specie—the following resolntions were passed unanimously.

Resolved, as the opinion of this meeting that the present situation of the country fully justifies and warrants this measure; and that it be recommended to the Directors of the Banks in this city to adopt a similar resolution.

Resolved, That we entertain the fullest confidence in the ability of the Banking institutions of the city of Albany ultimately to fulfil all their engagements; and that we do hereby pledge ourselves to support their credit by receiving their notes in the same manner as gold and silver.

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend it to our fellow citizens in the country to distrust all representations that have a tendency to impair their confidence in the stability of the Banks in this place.

Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to deliver a certified copy of the preceding resolutions to the President of the several Banks in the city.

Resolved, That the above resolutisns be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and published.

JOHN LANSING, Jun. Chairman.
BARENT BLEECKER, Secretary.

LONDON, June 25.

Departure of the Allied Sovereigns.

The Emperor and the Grand Duchess his sister did not retire to rest till 3 o'clock on Wednesday, and rose again at eight. They sent for Mr. Escudier, the proprietor of the hotel, and thanked him for the attention he had shewn them, and the accommodation which they had experienced in his house.

The Rev. Mr. Smirnove, the Russian Clergyman of Welbec Street Chapel, waited upon Mrs. Escudier, and by the command of the Emperor, presented her with a very valuable broach, in remembrance of the Emperor.—Count Orloff, Count Woronzow, Baron Nicolai, Col. Funshaw, and a number of Russian gentlemen who remain in England, attended to take their farewell of the Emperor, and they embraced according to the custom of their country. No person was admitted into the Hotel on Wednesday morning as a spectator. The Emperor, the Grand Duchess, the duke of Oldenburgh and the Prince of Wurtemburg, entered an open carriage of the Prince Regent's exactly as the clock struck nine. As they were entering the carriage a woman presented a book to the Emperor, which he handed to a page on the steps. Another female presented him with a fine rose, which the Emperor gave to the Grand Duchess, and she placed it in her bosom.—The carriage then drove off amidst the loud huzzas of the spectators.

The King of Prussia, accompanied by the Princes his sons, left Clarence house at half past nine o'clock. Two of the Prussian Princes return to London.

The Prince Regent set off from Carlton House a few minutes after nine o'clock, accompanied by the Duke of Cambridge and General Bayley, in his travelling carriage, for Portsmouth.

From Portsmouth the Royal Visitors will proceed to Brighton, probably visiting Arundel Castle, the seat of the duke of Norfolk, in their way. At Brighton, it is understood, they will pass a night at the Prince's pavilion, and then continue their journey along the coast to Dover, whore they will embark.

In order that there may be no impediment to their travelling, 140 draft, and 50 saddle horses of the Royal Artillery drivers, have been marched from the depot in Canterbury, to be stationed as relays on the line of coast. Several brigs have arrived in Dover Roads to take on board the carriages belonging to the Illustrious Visitors and their Suites.

The King of Prussia, it is said revisits Paris. The Emperor of Russia will meet his consort at Berlin, and from thence they will proceed to St. Petersburgh, where their arrival will be celebrated by magnificent fetes.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH JUNE 21.

The Kings v. Lord Cochrane and others.

This morning, at ten o'clock, Lord Cochrane, together with Butt, De Berreneger, Holloway, Light, and Sandon, appeared in Court pursuant to the order of their Lordships made yesterday, and the Clerk having called over their several names,

Mr. Justice Le Blanc addressed them—stated the enormity of the crime of which they had been found guilty, and afterwards pronunced the following

JUDGMENT:

"That you Sir Thomas Cochrane, commonly called Lord Cochrhne, and you Richard Gathome Butt, do pay to the King a fine of 1000l. each; and that you John Peter Halloway, do pay to the King a fine of 500l.

"That you Sir Thomas Cochrane, R. G. Butt, John Peter Halloway, Ralph Sandon, Henry Light and C. R. De Berenger, be severally *imprisoned twelve calender months*, in the custody of the Marshal of the Marshalsea; and that you Sir T. Cochrane, R. G. Butt, and J. P. Halloway, be further imprisoned until your respective fines be paid

"And further, that during the period of imprisonment mentioned, that you Sir T. Cochrane, you G. R. Butt, and you C. R. De Berenger, *do stand one hour in and upon the Pillory before the Royal Exchange.*"

The several prisoners were immediately conveyed away by a strong escort of officers of Justice to the prison of King's Bench.

We confess it to be with emotions of the deepest sorrow that we record this sentence of the Court. Just as it is, and proper that no distinction should be made between any offenders convicted of the same crime; we cannot refrain from expressing our sensibility on this afflicting occasion. Much of the public conduct of Lord Cochrane, particularly as a senator, we have been far from admiring; but we now view him as a gallant young officer, an ornament to a profession which is the pride of the country, who has rendered public services of the most brilliant description, sentenced to the most ignominious punishment known to our laws! We are persuaded that his Lordship did not duly appreciate the offence, if it be true, as we must believe it is, that he has committed it. Of its moral turpitude he was not convinced, nor did he consider the serious evils which must result from it. Sincerely do we hope, that the royal prerogative will be exerted to save him from that part of his sentence which will inflict a stain which can never be washed away, and will at the same time cast no little dishonor on the navy.

Cochrane Johnstone and M'Rae, have absconded, and are now in France.

The honorable George Frederic Cavendish, charged with committing forgery, has been tried, and acquitted, in Ireland.

In Boston, England, the Banking Houses of Messrs. Barnard, Sheath, Lew, Steel and Wray, have failed, and caused thereby a great sensation among the people at and near that place.—Messrs. Bellairs and Son, and Messrs. Edwards and Harper, of Stamford, have also failed.

A law for the more strict observance of the Sabbath, is before the French Legislature.

Fall's Turnpike Road Office.

No 46, SOUTH STREET.
Agreeably to Charter an election will be held at this office from 10 to 1 o'clock on *Monday*, the 3d of October next, for a President, six Managers and Treasurer to Manage the affairs of the company for the ensuing year. The transfer Book will be closed from the 20th inst. until after the Election. By order
JAMES NEILSON, Secry.
sept 10 3aw4t

Letter-Press Music

Neatly executed at No. 4, Harrison-Street.