AMERICAN
AND
Commercial Daily Advertiser.

BALTIMORE: *MONDAY, Sept. 26*

In our paper of Friday last was published a communication stating the force which Gen. Winder had in the field on the retreat of the enemy from this place—his pursuit of the enemy—and the reason why that pursuit was discontinued. By a mistake which occurred in the office, Gen. Douglass's brigade was stated to be thirteen thousand and seventy four strong, instead of thirteen hundred and seventy four. The force which Gen. Winder had in the field, was Gen. Douglass's brigade, amounting to thirteen hundred and seventy four—the U. S. light dragoons, eighty in number, and Capt Moale's company of artillery, about seventy-six. With this force he vigorously pursued the enemy, and the pursuit was discontinued on account of information from the most respectable source, that the whole of the enemy's force had left our shore, and gone to their shipping.

☞ We have this day made an exertion to present our numerous readers with an entire paper, in order not only to bring forward a deal of important articles of intelligence, but also to accommodate our advertising friends.

Head Quarters, Baltimore, 25th Sept.
GENERAL ORDERS.

It was scarcely possible for Brigadier Gen. Stricker in his report of the affair of the 12th inst. to recollect all those whose conduct merited praise. In his additional report of the 24th, hereto subjoined, he does justice to the conduct of Lieut. Col. Biays and his Regiment of Cavalry, who were engaged with the advance, and kept him fully informed of the approach of the enemy.

The Commanding General takes this opportunity of acknowledging his obligations to Captain Spence of the Navy, for his great exertions in making the necessary preparations on the water to prevent the enemy's approach and to meet his attack.

By order of Major Gen. S. Smith.
WM. BATES,
As. Adj. Gen. D. M. M.

HEAD QUARTERS, 3d Brigade,
Baltimore, Sept. 24, 1814.

Major General S. Smith.

SIR,

In my report to you of the affair of the 12th instant, I omitted to do that justice to Lieut. Col. Biays and his Regiment of Cavalry, which their constant zeal and willingness for service so fully merited. Lt. Col. Biays joined the advance party with Major Heath, and on that, as well as on every other occasion evinced, by the alacrity with which he executed my orders, that greater opportunities were only wanted to obtain more extensive services from his fine regt. of cavalry.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,
JOHN STRICKER,
Brig. Gen. 3d Brigade, M. M.

COMMUNICATION.

I am authorised to state that our old four delegates for Baltimore county, namely, Tobias E. Stansbury, George Harryman, Beal Randel and George Warner, will serve if elected; therefore wish you to insert the same in your paper. A VOTER.

We are authorised to state, that John Purviance, Esq. declines being voted for as a Delegate to the General Assembly of this State; the nomination having been made without his consent or knowledge,—*Fed Gaz.*

COMMUNICATION.

J. Ellenwood, Wm. Chandler and Samuel Chandler, captured in the brig Leon, of Salem, and Jacob Sanders, John Ayres, Wm. Young, G. Mansfield, A. Stickney, Samuel Stodder, Samuel Teech and Geo. Smith, captured in the brig Levant, are prisoners on board the British frigate Severn, which left Patuxent on the 19th inst. supposed to be bound for Halifax. They were well; and requested the publication of this notice, for the information of their friends.

Appointment by the Governor and Council.

HENRY NELSON, Deputy Quarter-Master General of the drafted militia of the State of Maryland, under the requisition of the President of the U. States.

JAMES LOWRY DONALDSON, Esq. who was killed in the action near North Point, on the 12th inst. was a native of Ireland, but has resided in this country from the time he was eleven years old. He was the third son of Col. Wm. Lowry, of this city, his name having been changed by an act of the Assembly of this State, in compliance with the wishes of a relation. Mr. Donaldson received a liberal education, and was bred to the profession of the laws which he was practising in this city with much reputation and success.—For three successive years he received the highest proof of the confidence of his fellow citizens, by being elected a Delegate to represent them in the General Assembly, of this State, a station, which even his political opponents acknowledge, he filled with eminent ability.

Possessing a liberal and energetic mind and correct classical taste, he distinguished himself at the Bar and in the Senate as an orator, a civilian and a statesman, and his correct and gentlemanly conduct, ensured him the respect and esteem of his associates in both situations, even when differing from him in political sentiments. While his talents, integrity and activity raised him high in public estimation, his social virtues and friendly disposition endeared him to a large circle of acquaintances in private life, whose attachment to him increased with their intimacy, as it afforded them an opportunity of knowing his worth and merit. Among those who long and intimately knew and sincerely esteemed him, was the writer of this article, who although differing from him in political sentiments, never found that difference to affect in the slightest degree that friendship which he believes to have been mutual.

Mr. Donaldson was about thirty three years of age; he has left a widow and five small children to whom his loss will be irreparable, a numerous family of relatives, and his extensive circle of friends will also severely feel his loss.

The 27th regiment, in which he acted as Adjutant, were warmly attached to him.—A few minutes previous to the commencement of the action in which he was unfortunately slain, he addressed them in a short but extremely appropriate and animating speech, which contributed not a little, as many of them have since stated, to induce that brave and steady resistance of the enemy, so highly honorable to the regiment. While in the active performance of his duty, he received a musket or rifle ball through his head, which put an immediate period to his life.

Fed. Gaz.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE AMERICAN.

Gentlemen,

By inserting the following tribute to the merits of a brave and upright man, you will gratify a zealous friend to the deceased, and at the same time hold up a bright pattern for the imitation of young officers.

A Constant Reader.

THE LATE COLONEL WILCOCKS.

"*There crack'd a noble heart.*"—SHAK.

"To the friends of the brave, it is a sweet and consolatory reflection, that when they fall, in defence of their country, they sink into an honoured grave, and honest Fame rescues their memory from oblivion. Whilst kings are only recorded by number, or made memorable by crimes and desolation; whilst Time breaks their sceptres and shakes their thrones; the names of the just survive the ruins, and history embalms their memory; posterity profit by their example, and their kindred feel a pride in having been related to the deceased. Such is my feeling, even while I discharge the "last sad office" to my departed friend

Lieut. Col. JOSEPH WILCOCKS, who fell at Fort Erie, in Upper Canada, on the 4th inst. was a native of Dublin, where he was educated and lived to the years of manhood. An ardent friend of human rights, he became a member of the Society of *United Irishmen*, and endeavoured to bring about a reform of abuses. The task was beyond the might of that association—Chronic errors in he state, are like the filth of the Augean stable—Herculean powers are necessary to remove them. But, failure in a laudable attempt is infinitely preferable to tameness under wrongs. Besides, men of true honour, never calculate by the arithmetic of expediency—selfishness is pushed aloof—and the justice of the cause alone is weighed, whilst the examples of the great are ever present to prompt congenial minds to parallel actions

"How shall I act is not the case,
"But how would *Brutus* in my place,
"In such a cause would *Cato* bleed,
"And how would *Socrates* proceed?"

To a man governed by honour, and guided by *reason*, in matters of government, a British province must prove an unfit abode. Wilcocks, though adored by the people, who frequently elected him to represent them, was incessantly persecuted by the executive functionaries: and finally, when denied the benefit of the laws by governors *Gore* and *Brock*, he resolved to withdraw his allegiance from a government that had withdrawn its protection. He entered into the service of the United States, to which he took the oath of allegiance. His abilities were noticed and rewarded with a commission—and the hard-fought battles on the Niagara attest the fidelity and courage with which col. Wilcocks and his Canadian Volunteers discharged their trust. Col. W. was a most promising officer. His face, his person, and mein, his manners and deportment commanded respect and engaged affection. Sagacious and enterprising, his sanguine temper always inspired confidence in his companions, the surest presage of victory. As if envious of his laurels, Death cut short his career of glory. But, the worthies in our *second war for Independence*, have ascended the skies to mingle with *the heroes of the first*—Our Pikes, our Covingtons and Wilcockses are united with the shades of Warren, Laurens and Montgomery. May their spirit, like the mantle of the prophet, descend on their admirers! And if spirts above are moved by scenes below, our illustrious friends will be gladdened at the assurance that we swear by their glorious example, never to desert the cause for which they suffered, bled and died! We will pursue their path to partake of their honour.

Those only who dare for their country to fall,
Those only shall sleep with the brave.

AMICUS.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

AN ADDRESS

To the Irish Soldiery, who compose the greatest part of British Army, now invading the United States of America.

FRIENDS and COUNTRYMEN.

After your long services of blood, fire, and devastation in Europe, your rulers have at length brought you to this country, with the avowed determination of carrying fire, sword, plunder and destruction against an innocent and unoffending people, many of whom are your own relations and countrymen, driven by persecution and tyranny from their native land, (your devoted and degraded Country) to seek protection in this land of liberty.

Do you already forget the scenes which many of you have witnessed (but known to you all) the indiscriminate massacre of men, women and children in cold blood; the village burnings, rapes, executions, plunder and free quarters, committed on your countrymen?—Do many of you forget to have seen your father's cabin in flames, himself dragged out, and shot before his own door, your mothers and sisters prostituted to the lust of the brutal British soldiery? I do not hesitate to say there are many among you who are living witnesses of these barbarities. Have you not seen fathers, uncles, relations, dragged from their habitations and families, sent on board prison ships, locked up in goals and dungeons, transported to Botany Bay, or devoted to spend their lives in the British fleet or army? Have not thousands among you through want of employment, occasioned by the distressed and oppressed state of your country, been forced into the British service, to procure the means of existence. Alas! my Countrymen, you are the survivors of those of your brethren, thousands of whose lives have been sacrificed to the support of one Tyrant against another; their blood has deluged the plains of Portugal, Spain, and France, their bones lie scattered over the fields, whitened by the elements; and lastly your rulers, as if determined on your annihilation, have sent you to pay the last tribute of nature on the field of battle, against the only nation on the globe where true liberty is to be found.

Well, some of you may escape and be carried back to your native land to be disbanded. Perhaps wanting a leg, arm, or maimed so as to be unable to earn any support; to be sure, to such the government has been bountiful and generous enough to grant to those who have served seven years or upwards, a pension for life of two shillings per week.

To you, my countrymen, who may escape with life and limb; disbanded, without house or home to retreat to, despised by your tyrannical rulers, and left to spend the residue of your days in wretchedness and misery. My friends, you are now in the blessed land of Liberty, where thousands of you would have been many years ago, had your rulers permitted, or had you been able to pay your passage; avail yourselves of this opportunity, an opportunity which is the last you have to expect, come to your relations, they will rejoice to meet you; if you have not relations, your countrymen, and the American citizen, will take you by the hand, with a hearty welcome, and relieve your wants. If you are a mechanic, you are sure of immediate and constant employ, with more than double wages of what your country can afford; if you understand farming, you are equally sure of immediate employment. Every class among you may with sooriety and industry in a few years save a competency for old age and infirmity. My friends, you have two things set before you: stay with your rulers, fight their battles, and return with them to enjoy the pangs of poverty, want, privation—or, come among a people where you will enjoy religious and civil liberty; choose which you may.

A TRUE BORN IRISHMAN.

OBITUARY.

On Friday was committed to the earth, o'er which a few days since he had walked in the vigor of health and strength, Sailing Master HALL, of the U. States sloop of war *Ontario*, who departed this life on the 22d, after a short illness, occasioned by excessive fatigue and exposure, during the late preparations for the defence of Baltimore. Mr. Hall, a native of New Hampshire, had endured from boyhood in almost every clime, the hardships of a sailor's life. Having been master of a ship from the age of 17, he had embraced a wide field of observation, and had acquired a species of information calculated, in times like the present, to render him valuable. Young and robust, he was blessed with a constitution sufficiently vigorous, it was thought, to sustain him through every exposure. Zealous of being serviceable in every possible way, he undertook with alacrity the various employments assigned him, whether connected with his profession or not, executing the duties imposed with diligence and energy.

On the night of the bombardment, notwithstanding his extreme indisposition, brought on by incessant labor and indifference to the symptoms of approaching illness, he insisted on remaining at the battery formed by himself on Federal Hill, under difficulties requiring exertions peculiarly his own to surmount, in the short period allowed him.

The death of this meritorious officer brings with it no ordinary calamity—a family that looked up to him for sustenance, is now upon the world's wide range, without a stay or support! A distracted wife whom he brought a few years since from Norway, is left in a land of strangers, far, far from her parental roof, with children to aggravate her wretchedness, but no relative, no friend to sooth or alleviate her distress. Destitute and forlorn, the prospect before her is darkened by despair.—Such is the condition of a woman, who a few day since was the happy wife of an affectionate husband; who now is without one consolitary reflection, save that of having lost him by exertions for his country.—*Patriot.*

Killed on the Canada shore, in a sanguinary conflict between the crews of a British barge consisting of 16 men, and of an American barge of 6 men, commanded by Lieutenant Gregory—Midshipman EZEKIEL B. HART, of the U. States Navy; and on the same day he was buried in Kingston, with all the honors of war due to the rank and character of an amiable, brave and meritorious young officer.

Thou wert blest, gallant youth, for thy object was fame,
When the day star of life disappeared;
A halo of glory encircles thy name,
To its Country and Freedom endeared.

Friends! mourn not his fate, though your dearest delight,
While you've one consolation like this—
That the blaze which he struck from his sword in the fight,
May have lit him to regions of bliss.

The prisoners taken by the enemy in the late engagement are on board of the Surprize Severn, and Havanna frigates.

On board the Surprize are.—Wm. B. Buchanan, Ezekiel Partlett, Peter Abraham, James Gettings, Edward H. Dorsey, John Lowless, Wm. Balson, John Griffin, Thos. Herring, George Boyle, Richard Polkinhorn, Thomas Norris, Andrew Kaufman, and Geo. T. Hersey.

On board the Severn, John Chesley, John Baxley, Nicholas Wilson, Joseph Chapman, and John Dougherty.

On board of the Havanna—

Thos. Bailey, Andrew Cole, Richard Lawson, Wm. Baltzell, Henry Suter, Thomas G. Prettyman, Wm. Levely, John Huzza, Lewis Baltzell, Francis M. Wills, Peter Stedham, John G. Pogue, George Heidelbach, John Redgrave, Edward Murray, John Kessler, P. B. Powell, Ephraim Nash, Morgan Carson, Andrew Miller, Adam Miller, Frederick Seyler, Henry W. Gray, Talbot Jones, Joseph G. Whitney, Benj. Meredith, John Fordyce, George Collins, Daniel Wells, and John Howard.

The Surprize and Severn left the Patuxent on Monday afternoon for Halifax. The other prisoners are soon to follow. They are all in good health, and are well treated.

A Wilmington paper of yesterday says, "The enemy's vessels, we learn, have left the Delaware."—*C. H. Books.*

AMERICAN MARINE LIST.

Boston, Sept. 19.—Ar. fishing boat Hannah, of Yarmouth, from the Island of Monhegan, cargo dry fish. Left there on Wednesday last, passed Cape Ann on Saturday evening and came out of Marblehead this morning. Saw no cruizers. In the H. have arrived Messrs. Howes and Vincent, of Dennis, Cape Cod, who state, that they were captured on Thursday last, off Cape Naddock, on their return home from a fishing voyage, by the chebacco boat Juno of Newburyport, tender to some English cruizer, whether a privateer or man-of-war, they do not know.—They were in a five handed whale boat, and had in a quantity of oil and one bbl. of salt. The boat and her cargo were taken from them, and a flat-bottomed boat given them to get ashore in. This last boat had been taken the same morning from two boys who were fishing off Kennebunk, and who had a boat given them likewise. The tender had about 20 men on board, armed with muskets, &c.; was nearly a new boat, upwards of 30 tons, with bright sides, and carried a jib. The sloop ——, from Boston, in ballast, was captured by her the same day, but given up, and arrived at Kennebunk. Messrs. Howes and Vincent inform, that the enemy treated them very unhandsomely, and plundered them of all their stores, cooking utensils, &c. &c. They landed at Old York on Thursday, where they were kindly received by capt. George Moulton of that place, who treated them with the greatest generosity. They request us publicly to thank him for his goodness, as they were destitute of every thing when they landed.

The English privateer Lively, capt. Barnaby, anchored in Tarpaulin Cove on Sunday morning last, 12 days from Liverpool, N. S. She was bound into Long Island Sound, to cruize, but the Narcissus frigate boarded her on Saturday, in Block Island Sound, and ordered her off the coast. A prisoner was landed from her, and arrived in town yesterday afternoon. He was captured 29th July last in L. Island Sound, in the sloop Nancy, of N. York, and carried to Liverpool. He informs that the Lively left Liverpool on the 6th inst. and had captured nothing since she had been out, and boarded only one boat.

Newport, Sept. 17.—A frigate from the squadron off New London, came down Sound on Sunday, and stood to the eastward.

A 74, frigate and brig, were in sight from this town on Thursday. At sunset, 74 and brig proceeded for L. I. Sound, and the frigate for the Vineyard Sound. No enemy's vessels were in sight yesterday.

London, July 16.—An Am. privateer of 18 guns, and full of men, was within 2 miles of Scilly, on the 6th inst. and made particular inquiry of a fishing boat what ships were lying there.

Philadelphia, Sept. 22.—Letter of marque sch. Argo, Smith, of *Baltimore*, on her passage hence for Havanna, captured 10th inst. off Bermuda, the British brig Mary & Eliza, with lumber from St. Johns, N. B. to the Havanna—off Barnegat was chased by a frigate, which compelled the prize-master, Mr. Stites, to run the prize on shore, she was immediately burnt by the crews of several boats from the frigate.

Brig Aurora, Turley, hence at Havanna.

Brig Regent, ——, of and for New York, with 160 hhds. molasses, &c. was chased into Little Egg Harbor on Monday last, taken in the night by the barges of a frigate, ran on shore and burnt.

A sloop from Chicoteague, for this port, with lumber, was taken in the bay on Monday last by a frigate, and ransomed.

Sch. Hope, Morris, hence at Havana.

Sch. Federalist, Hovenden, hence for Havanna, was captured 3 days out by the British brig Recruit. A letter from capt. Hovenden, dated 19th inst. in the Chesapeake, on board the Surprize frigate, says, "myself and crew are well, and with many others are about sailing for Halifax."

A CARD.

In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, the funeral procession of JAMES LOWRY DONALDSON, Esq. late Adjutant of the 27th regt. M. M. is postponed until Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, when all persons disposed to join are respectfully invited.

By order of Lt. Col. Kennedy Long,
SAMUEL MYERS, Adjt.
sept 26

SALE BY AUCTION.

THIS DAY,
The 26th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the store lately occupied by Kalkbrenner & Schminke, Griffith's Bridge, by order of the trustee.

A Variety of GROCERIES,
CONSISTING OF
Coffee, Gin, Brandy, Wine, &c. &c.
Also
The Stand Casks and Utensils
WM. VANCE & CO. Aucts.

JOHN M. FISSOUR,

No. 8, Light street, opposite Barney's Hotel.
Has on hand and offer for sale:—
A very handsome assortment of *FRENCH FANCY GOODS*; consisting chiefly viz.
Ribbons of every description, Galloons, Double Florence, Florentine, Silk Shawls, Silk and Chemille Cords, Black Crape, &c. &c. &c.
sept 26 d2eo2.

L. W. BISHOP,

OFFERS FOR SALE OR BARTER,
200 ACRES OF LAND,
Under improvement and capable of producing a plentiful supply of Sugar from Maple trees. It is situate in Buncambe county on the Western waters about 25 miles from Jones-borough in Carter County Tennessee.
sept 26 law3t*

Marine Bank of Baltimore,

September 23, 1814
The drawers and endorsers of papers due at this Bank and lying over, will please attend to the same—the Bank having resumed its operations.
JACOB BIER, Cashier.
sept26 d4t

MRS. H. HAYWARD'S

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Will be opened on Monday, the 3d of October for the reception of the Boarders and pupils.
sept 26 eo2w

SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

4 hhds & 2 bbls Muscovado Sugar
2 do Coffee
Keg Tobacco
Philadelphia Snuff
Spirits, Gin, Wine, Whiskey, Cherry Bounce
Also
A quantity of Muskrat Skins
For Sale by
JAS M'CAUSLAND,
No. 1, Spear's wharf.
sept 26 d4t

FOR SALE.

A handsome young HORSE, pleasant gait and goes well in harness.
—ALSO—
A PEW in St. Peter's Church, conveniently situated to the pulpit. Enquire at the office.
sept 26 eo4t*

FOR RENT,

The two story Brick Dwelling House occupied by the subscriber, corner of Paca and Saratoga streets, adjoining the residence of General Wilot. The situation is very pleasant, both for health and convenience. Possession can be had immediately. Enquire on the Premises.
JOSEPH SNOWDEN.
sept 26 d4t*

CARRIAGE HORSES.

A pair of elegant Bay Carriage Horses 16½ hands high, 6 & 7 years old, from Lancaster county Pennsylvania, well matched in every respect, for sale at Cugle and Frost's Livery Stables Market street extended.
sept 26 d4t*

NOTICE.

The persons named in the several Wards for visiting and distributing relief to the poor, are requested to meet at the Mayor's office, this day at 4 o'clock, P. M.
sept 26 1t

Baltimore County, to wit.

I hereby certify that *George Willes*, of said county, brought before the subscriber a justice of the peace for said county; *TWO MARES*, as strays trespassing on his enclosures—one a Bay about 12 or 13 years old; 13½ hands high; has a small star on her forehead; a scar on her back; shod before, and is in good order—trots and canters;—The other is also a bay and appears to be about 12½ hands high, has one old Shoe on before; she is very low in flesh; trots and canters. Given under my hand this 22d day of September, 1814.
JOSHUA MARSH.

The owner or owners of the above described strays is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away from the subscriber's, living near Gen Ridgeley's Furnace.
GEORGE WILLES,
sept 26 2awt*

Farmer's Bank of Maryland,

September 22, 1814.
The President and Directors of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of 4 per cent on the stock of said Bank, for six months, ending the first and payable on or after Monday the third of October next, to Stockholders on the Western shore at the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, and to Stockholders on the Eastern Shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, or on the exhibition of powers of Attorney, or by correct simple orders.
By Order,
JONA. PINKNEY, Cashr.
sept 26 1ew3t

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

Wanted immediately a WET NURSE for a child five months old—None need apply but such as can produce satisfactory recommendations.—Apply to the Printers.
sept 26 d4t*

RUNAWAY.

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself PHIL, and says he belongs to Ferdinand Fairfax, Esq. of Jefferson County, Va. He appears to be about 40 years of age; 5 feet 6 inches high; stout made, and a dark complexion; no perceivable marks or scars on him. He says he received an injury in his right knee last harvest a year. His clothing was one light blue Chambray coat, one dimity and one fancy cord Waistcoat, one pair of cotton and one pair of tow trowsers, one muslin and one old tow shirt, a good hat and old coarse shoes. The owner is requested to release him otherwise he will be sold according to law.
HENRY SWEITZER,
Sheriff of Washington County, Md.
sept 26 law4t

Farmers' Bank of Maryland,

26th August, 1814.
The Board of Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland having ordered the removal of the Bank to Frederick Town, all persons having any business to transact with the said bank will hereafter apply at their Banking house in Frederick Town until further order of the Board.
By order, JONA. PINKNEY, Cash'r.
aug 31 law4t

Fall's Turnpike Road Office.

No. 46, SOUTH STREET.
Agreeably to Charter an election will be held at this office from 10 to 1 o'clock on *Monday*, the 3d of October next, for a President, six Managers and Treasurer to Manage the affairs of the company for the ensuing year. The transfer Book will be closed from the 20th inst. until after the Election. By order
JAMES NEILSON, Sec'ry.
sept 10 law4t

EDUCATION.

The subscriber has this day recommenced the instruction of youth of both sexes, at his school room in Sharp near Market-st. where he teaches with accuracy Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Arithmetic, the various branches of the Mathematics and Geography, with the use of the Globes, &c. &c.

N. B. Night school to commence on Monday evening, September 26th.
WM. KESLEY.
aug 29 law8t

NEW MEDICAL WORK.

JOSEPH CUSHING,
No. 6, North Howard street,
HAS JUST PUBLISHED,
Memoirs of Military Surgery,
And Campaigns of the French Armies
On the Rhine, in Corsica, Catalonia, Egypt, and Syria; at Boulogne, Ulm and Austerlitz; in Saxony, Prussia, Poland, Spain and Austria, in 2 vols. octavo, with plate. Translated from the French of D. J. Larrey, M. D. First Surgeon of the Imperial Guards, Inspector General of the Medical Staff of the French Armies, &c. By Richard W. Hall, M. D. Professor of Midwifery in the University of Maryland; with notes by the translator.

The following extract from the London Medical Review for 1809, will shew in what estimation the first edition of this work was held—

"It is the work of one of the first Military Surgeons of the present day, raised to high rank in his profession at the beginning of a revolution, when merit never fails to be discovered and rewarded. To know that he has been employed in the principal campaigns of the French Armies is sufficient to give an idea of the extent of his experience. We strongly recommend this work to the perusal of all Surgeons, but particularly to army Surgeons. It is to be regretted however that copies of it cannot be readily procured in this country, (England) and that no translation of it has yet been published."

The present translation is from the authors 2d edition, which is enlarged by the addition of several Campaigns, and much important Medical and Surgical matter.
aug 12 law8t

WANTED TO HIRE,

MASONS, DIGGERS, BLOWERS AND QUARRIERS,
To work at the Susquehanna Canal, to whom the highest wages will be given, and good accommodations be provided.

If any individuals or company will undertake to do work by the Job, they may do it on very liberal terms, and receive payment as the work is executed. The undertaking is already began, and persons wishing to be employed must make their applications immediately. Apply to the subscriber at the head of Tide Water, on the Susquehanna River, near to the Susquehanna Canal.
ABIJAH FENN,
may 3 d4 wtf